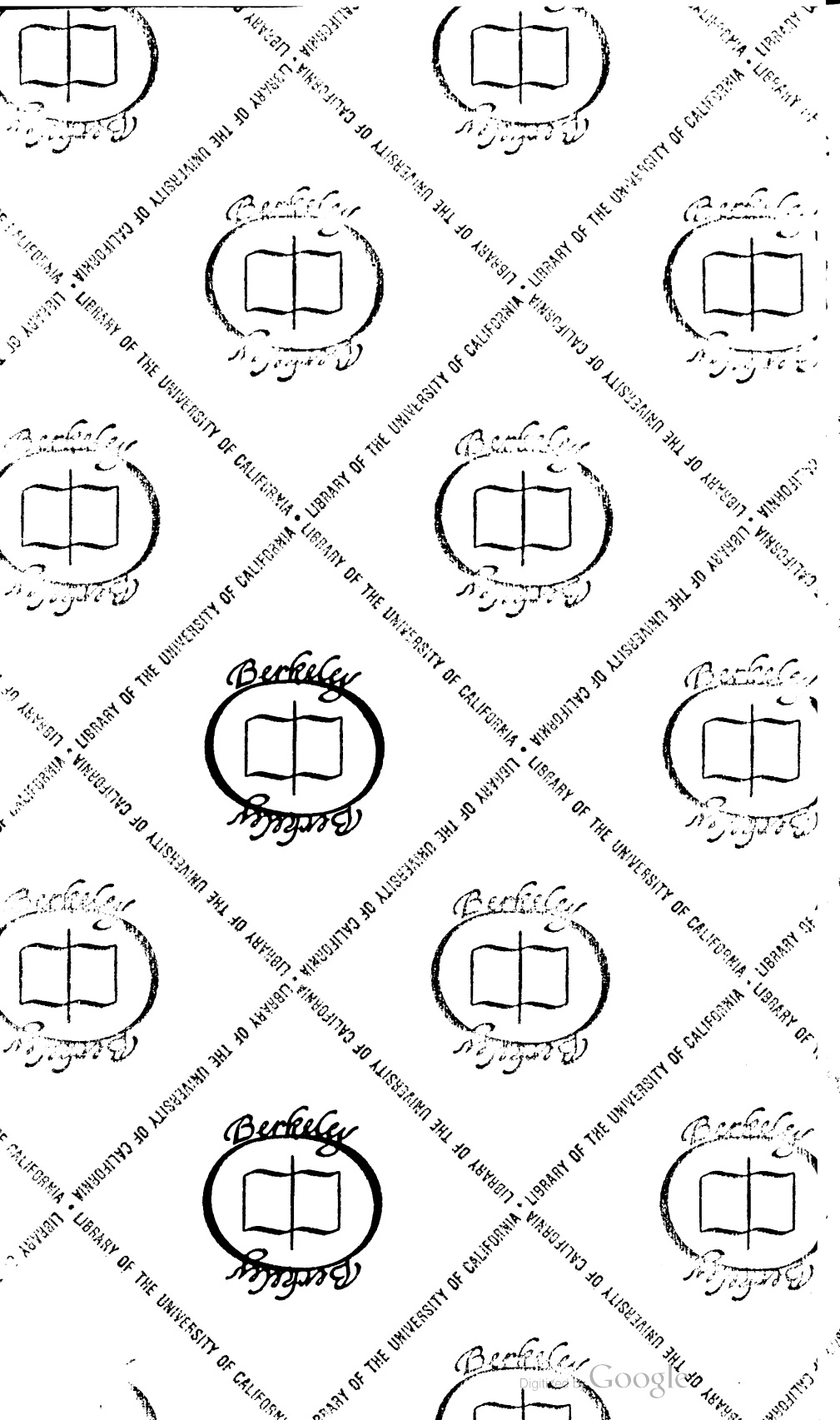
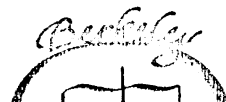
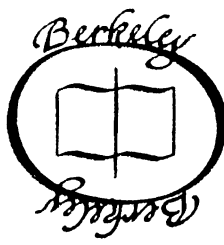
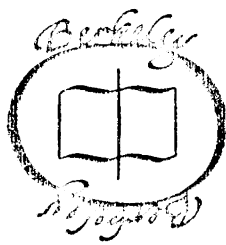
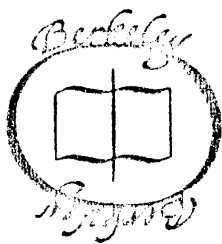
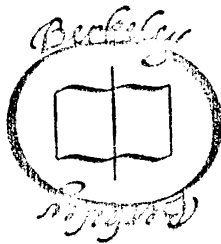
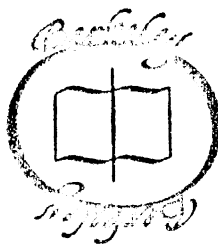
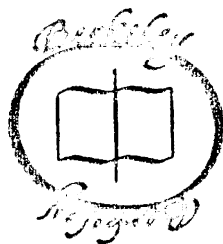
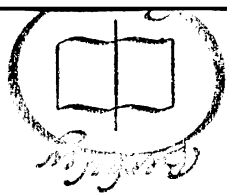
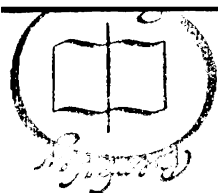

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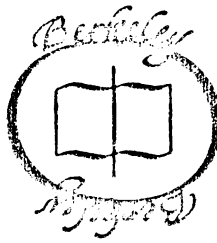
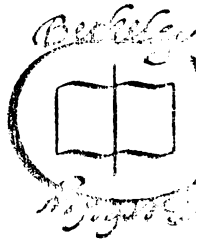
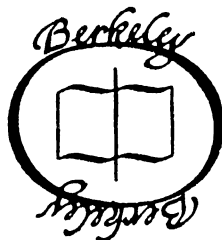
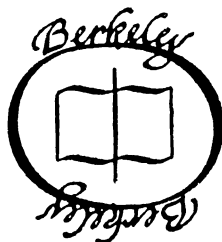
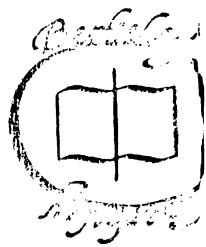
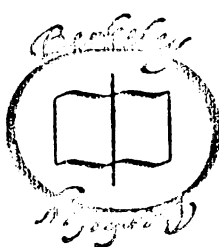
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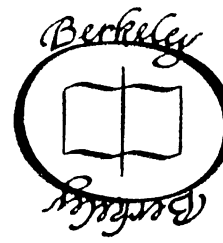
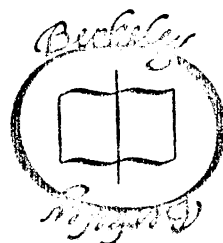
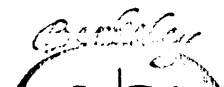
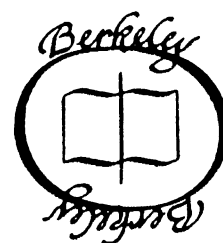
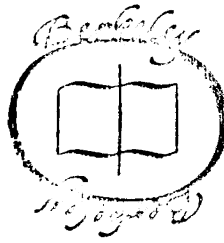
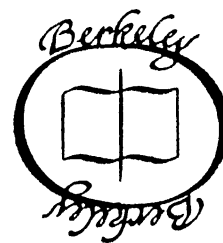
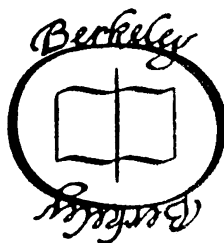
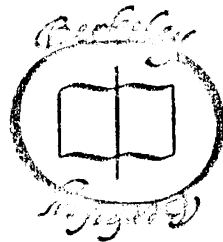
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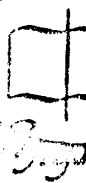
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Madras

THE

MADRAS ALMANAC

AND

COMPENDIUM OF INTELLIGENCE,

FOR

1839.

*Compiled from the most authentic sources, and published for the benefit of the
Military Male Orphan Asylum.*

MADRAS:

Printed by GEORGE CALDER and Published by EDMUND MARSDEN.

ASYLUM PRESS, MOUNT ROAD.

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PREFACE.

In presenting another year's Almanac for public acceptance, the Compiler begs to state that in getting up the work, he has *chiefly* aimed at *usefulness* and *accuracy*. Authentic information on all subjects, adapted to the pages of a compilation such as this, has been anxiously sought. Nor has the search been vain. Most kindly have the Heads of Departments, Secretaries to Public Institutions, and others whose aid has been solicited, come forward to the Compiler's assistance, and it is his grateful duty thus publicly to acknowledge his obligations, and to thank those to whom he is so largely indebted. In passing the work through the Press, the utmost pains have been taken to *preserve it from errors*. After the Printer's final corrections have been made, the revised sheets have undergone the Compiler's *personal examination and correction*, the advantage of which, he ventures to hope, will be apparent to all who may do him the honour to consult the pages of the Almanac.

Whilst, however, the Compiler has *principally* regarded utility in the selection of matter, and accuracy in the execution of the work, embellishment has not been lost sight of. New type, ordered expressly for the Almanac, has been used; two Maps, prepared at considerable expense, have been introduced; and an improved binding has been adopted.

The Almanac is now before the Public:—by them it must be judged. If, after impartial examination of its contents, public approval,—the meed due to honest and pains-taking endeavours to produce an useful and acceptable publication, be awarded to the Compiler; and if, as the result of his labours, an Institution formed in aid of THE SOLDIER'S ORPHAN be benefitted, he will think himself abundantly recompensed.

ASYLUM PRESS, 1st. January 1839.

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CONTENTS.

	Page.
Absentee Regulations	109
Abstract of an Act, precluding the return to their duty of Civil and Military servants after five years' absence	116
Acts of the Legislative Council passed in the year 1838	301
Administrations to Estates	431
Agencies,—Insurance and Miscellaneous	222
Agency and Commission, General rates of	142-2
Agricultural and Horticultural Society, Committee and Rules	241
Annuity Table	132-3
Armenian Church of St. Mary	89
Army and Navy, comparative rank	413
Arrivals and Departures of Ships, & Passengers, from & to England in 1838	179
Artificers, Coolies, &c. rates of hire of	168
Assessment Regulations	421
Births, 1837-38	68
Board of Commissioners for the affairs of India	165
Boards, Public Offices, &c.	254
Bonding Regulations	65
British Colonial Governments	57
British Throne, line of succession to	247
Bullion Regulations	214
Bungalow (Dimhutty) Regulations	181
Bungalow Regulations	181
Chamber of Commerce (Madras)	221
Chapels in Madras, London and Wesleyan Missionary Societies, and Unitarian	132-3
Chaplains, increase of	132
Chaplains' Stations	130
Charitable Institutions, &c.	136
Chronological Table	380
Chronological Table of the Acquisitions of the British in India	85
Church of England	129
Churches and Chapels in Madras	132-2
Church of Rome	132-3
Church of Scotland	132-2
Civil Fund	348
Civil List	91
Civil Servants quitting India	113
Civil Service Regulations	109
Clergy (Licensed) in Madras	131
Club, Madras, Rules and Regulations	379
Collectorate Regulations	125
Commissioners for the affairs of India, Board of	68
Court of, for the recovery of Small Debts	164
Cooly, "Carriage, and Cart hire,—rates of	173
Daily Pay or Allowance, Table of	242
Deaths, 1837-38	423
Deputation Allowance	113
Dimhutty Bungalows	181
Directors of the East India Company	68
East India College	60
" Company's Agents at home and abroad	70
" Company's Depôt and Recruiting Officers	69
" Houses of Agency in London, and Agents for Passengers to and from India, &c.	228
Ecclesiastical Department	129
Edifices,—heights of some	54
English Calendar	1
Ephemeris of Gambart's Comet	45
Europeans, Americans, and East Indians, residing in Madras, not in the Honorable Company's Covenanted Service	183
Europeans not in the Company's Service,—proclamation, &c. respecting	172
Fees upon Commissions	117
First New Calcutta Laudable Society	367
Fixed Stars, Mean right ascension, &c. of some	46
Foreign Indian Governments	73
Foreign Ministers residing in England	63
Fourth Madras Laudable Society	349
Fund and Assurance Department	333
Furlough Regulations	114
Gambart's Comet, Ephemeris of	45
Gardener's Calendar	1

	<i>Page</i>
General Police Office	167
General Staff of the Army, &c.	105
Godown Rent, Rates of	223
Government advances on Merchandize	219
Government Bank	193
" Savings' Bank	193
Governments, British Colonial	65
" Foreign Indian	73
" Indian	71
" Native	78
Great Britain, Present Royal Family of	57
Heights of some Edifices	54
" of the Principal Mountains	53
Her Majesty's Naval Establishment in the East Indies	259
Ice Committee	355
Indian Navy	261
Indian Rivers, lengths of some	51
Judges of the Supreme Courts in India	72
Judicial Department	153
Juries, Extract from the Rules relating to	161
Justices in Sessions and their Officers	163
Kings and Queens of England since the Conquest	56
Latitudes and Longitudes of Ports, &c. on the Coromandel and Malabar Coasts	47
Latitudes, Longitudes, &c. of most of the principal places in the Known World	50
Laudable Society—Fourth Madras	349
" First New Calcutta	367
Legislative Council, Acts of—1838	301
Lengths of some Indian Rivers	54
Light Houses—Fort St. George and Pondicherry	256
Line of succession to the British Throne	57
Literary Society	142
Loans (Government) and Public Agency	196
Lord Clive's Fund	347
Madras Trade List	224
Madras Widows' Fund	368
Mahomedan and Hindoo Calendar	39
Marine Board and Police	215
Marine Department	245
Marine Insurance, Scale of premia of	228
Marriage Licences	191
Marriages, 1837-38	425
Marryatt's Code of Signals, Extract from	257
Masonic Lodges	387
Master Attendant's Office at Madras	245
" " at Out Ports	245
Mean temperature of the air of Calcutta, &c. and London	54
Medical Establishment	148
" " at the Presidency	150
" Fund	349
" Officers,—Scale of Rank and Precedence of	89
" Regulations	150
" School	152
Mercantile Department	193
Merchandize, Government advances on	219
Merchants and Agents in Madras	224
do. do. in Pondicherry	228
Merchant Vessels connected with the East Indies, names and numbers of	257
Merit fostering minute	116
Military Estates	117
Military Fund, Directors and Regulations	333
" " (Queen's) Regulations	343
Military Seminary, Hon. Company's	69
Military Service Regulations	117
Mint (Madras)	241
Mountains—heights of	53
Naval Establishment (Her Majesty's) in the East Indies	259
Naval Yard, Trincomallee	261
Officers in Political and Miscellaneous employ	108.3
" retiring from service—regulations respecting	120
" embarking for Europe	122
" returning to their duty via Bombay	122
Overland Communication, Regulations for Passengers, &c.	264
Palankeen bearers, rates of hire, &c.	173
" " Regulations, &c.	168

CONTENTS.

iii

Page.

Passage—Table shewing the probable length of	263
" Table shewing the average lengths of from different ports to Madras	263
Periodical Publications	225
Police Department, Office, Regulations, &c.	167
Polymetrical Table	55
Pondicherry,—Merchants and Agents at	228
Population of the Madras Provinces—abstract statement of	55
Port Regulations, &c.	246
Postage, Schedule of	293
Post Office Acts	269
Post Office Department	269
Post Office Regulations	275
Precedence in the East Indies	89
Principal Collectors and Collectorates	102
Printing Presses	226
Provincial Courts of Appeal and Courts of Circuit	102
Public Agency	212
Queen and her Ministers	62
Queen's Consuls	64
" Ministers abroad	63
Quit Rent	126
Rates of Bandy Hire, double and single, from Black Town to different places	
in Madras	178
" of hire of Artificers, Coolies, &c.	179
" of Palankeen bearers, Cooly hire, &c.	173
Regal Department	56
Religious Societies	133
Residents at Native Courts, &c.	83
Royal Family of Great Britain	57
Salaries—Civil	369
" Military—Staff	372
" " Military and Medical Officers employed in Civil and	
Political situations	376
Salutes	99
Schools—Proprietors of	226
Sea Custom House	245
Settlers in the Colonies—regulations for	122
Ships from and to England in 1838—Arrivals and Departures of	413
Shopkeepers, Traders, &c.	224
Signals for Ships or Vessels in the offing, and Extracts from Marryat's Code	255-57
Sovereigns of Europe	58
" Tabular view of	56
Stamp Regulations	126
Stranger's Guide to places of general resort in Madras	435
Succession of Governors and Commanders in Chief in Bengal and Fort St.	
George	86, 87, 88
Tables for converting Sicca and Company's Rupees &c.	236
" " Pagodas, Fanams, & Cash into Rupees Annas & Pice	240
" of daily Pay or allowance	242
" Exchange for the settlement of the Madras Customs	232
" " of London and Madras Currency	232
" of money, weights, and measures	229
" of the value of Annuities, &c.	241
Trade List	224
United States of America	61
Universal Assurance Society	374
Waghorn's (Mr.) Agency in Egypt	267
Widow's Fund (Madras)	368
Zillah Courts	102

ALTERATIONS WHILE PRINTING.

RESIDENTS AT NATIVE COURTS, &c.

Lieut. Colonel N. Alves, 10th M. N. I., Political Agent at Bhepaul, granted leave to the Cape, or to Van Diemen's Land.

CIVIL SERVICE DEPARTMENT.

Appointment.

D. Mayne, Esq. to be Asst. to the Principal Collector and Magistrate of Bellary.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Appointment.

Assistant Surgeon C. W. Pickering, to do duty with the 1st Battalion Artillery.

Arrival.

Surgeon John Morton, 47th N. I. from England, 20th December.

Removal.

Assistant Surgeon John Kerbey, from 3d Battalion Artillery to 19th Regt. N. I.

MADRAS TRADE LIST.

Jonas Gregory, Jeweller and Silversmith, removed from Popham's Broadway to St. Thomas's Mount.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Her Majesty's Sloop *Victor*, Captain Crozier, sailed from Trincomallee, for England, on the 9th December.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Cornet G. W. Russell, 2d Lt. Cav., appointed Post Master at Jaulnah, vice Biogg.

GARDENER'S CALENDAR.

January.

MADRAS.

Mean temperature 75.6—Average fall of rain 1.29.

The season is too far advanced to sow the generality of Vegetables with much prospect of success—but turnips, carrots, love apples, vegetable marrow, lettuce, endive, radish, mustard and cress, spinage and Nepaul spinage may be sown during all this month, also successive crops of cabbage and knol khole every fortnight. Turnips succeed best when planted in rows: they should be thinned to a distance of six inches from each other. Carrots rarely succeed well when planted at this season, they should be thinned, but not transplanted, except when required for seed. Love apples, when two or three inches high, should be planted out in beds at five inches apart: afterwards transplant in rows two feet from each other, with a frame work to run upon. Vegetable marrow should be sown in rich light soil: earth up the stems as they increase, and peg down the leading branches at a joint. Lettuce and endive should be planted in boxes, and transplanted at one foot apart from each other; they may also be sown in beds, and thinned to the proper distance; a few days before use they should be blanched. Radish and mustard and cress may be sown every week or ten days: the two last throughout the year. Spinage, to be sown in beds and thinned until the plants are one foot apart. Nepaul spinage should be planted in rows, with trellis work to run over. This vegetable continues to flower and bring forth fresh leaves throughout the year, and requires no care. It is an excellent substitute for winter greens. Cabbage and knol khole should be planted in boxes, and transplanted into beds about three or four inches apart in three weeks or a month. They may be transplanted a second or third time; especially the latter. When transplanted for the last time they should be put in well manured trenches at two two feet from each other. Horse manure and ground bones are strongly recommended for all the cabbage tribe. With a little care cabbage and knol khole may be procured during every month in the year.

In this month the following vegetables and fruits are procurable in the market in small quantities and at high prices—carrots, turnips, cabbage, knol khole, beet root, salad, negro salad, onions, Bombay and country, Surat onions, beans, country beans, double beans, Vellore beans, French beans, white beans, Goa beans, Europe beans, and peas—the last always dear, and seldom good.

Pumplenose, manilla and cama orange, chote orange, country orange, pomegranate, guavas, apples, limes, jack fruit, figs, red plantain, yellow plantain, thurmer-tan fruit, belimbe, and occasionally mangoes.

Also the following native vegetables, greens, roots, and flowers:—culliana pumpkin, cooday pumpkin, Europe pumpkin, water pumpkin, kanara water pumpkin, moodee water pumpkin, long water pumpkin, bitter water pumpkin (which is a smaller kind and is not used for curry) coody pumpkin, rainy pitnupkin, white pumpkin, bitter pumpkin (which is used for medicine and not for curry) black brinjal, white brinjal, green brinjal, brown brinjal, (of longer kind) Bombay brinjal, cunnallay brinjal, (of small kind) long and short podalangah, long pava-kah, catoo pavakah, merry pavakah, pudy pavakah, black, green, and white avaraykah, cottay avaraykah, green chillies, black chillies, golah gondah chillies (of smaller kind) Negro or Caffree chillies, country thumatahgaw, Europe thumatahgaw, vendakah, &c. &c. hyrakeeray, serookeray, choken keeray, kasooovok keery, cootoo vasalay keeray, white and red vasala keeray, white, red, green, and moolay keeray, vully kelengoo, (or sweet potatoe, alvally kelen-goo, (yams,) seroo vully kelengoo, (or sweet potatoe,) alvelly kelengoo, (yams,) seroo vully kelengoo, radish, potatoe.

Yellow, red and white samindae or Christmas flowers, mary gold, Bengal rose, silk rose, China rose, pundiah yuttum, custory puttay, and cunray flowers.

BANGALORE.

Mean of the thermometer 70—quantity of rain measured—none.

In this month most of the culinary vegetables are in great perfection. Grapes, apples, pine apples, and also a few strawberries and peaches are in season. Such apple trees as have finished bearing may be now pruned, although it would be better to delay it till the ensuing month. Sow seeds of such vegetables as peas, radish, spinage, &c. that do not require more than three months to come to perfection. This is a good month for altering or making a garden, laying walks, &c. Open the roots of vine trees.

February.

MADRAS.

Mean temperature 77.7—Average fall of rain 0.04.

The remarks on last month apply generally to this ; but there is less chance of success in rearing vegetables, as they seldom acquire much strength before the hot winds set in. Turnips and carrots rarely succeed ; but radish, mustard and cress, lettuce, endive, spinage, and the cabbage tribe should all be planted in this month and throughout the year.

All the fruits, vegetables, and flowers, mentioned as procurable in the market in January may be had in greater perfection and cheaper during this month.

In the beginning of the month peas are plentiful ; and with care the following may be obtained of good quality—Jerusalem artichokes, asparagus, duffinbeans, French beans, scarlet runners, beet root, brocoli, cabbage, carrots, cauliflowers, celery (in great perfection,) endive, lettuce, knol khole, onions, parsnips, spinage, turnips, and yams. Also the following fruits—custard apple, Brazil gooseberries, guavas, lemons, mangoes, mulberries, pumplenose, raspberries, sapadello, tomatoes, and occasionally apples.

BANGALORE.

Mean temperature 74½—No rain.

In this month pine apples, peaches, grapes and strawberries may be had in great abundance and perfection—a few apples remain. Dahlia seeds should be sown towards the end of the month, in situations protected from the burning winds of the two ensuing months ; the old roots should also be planted in large pots of sand covered with some fermenting vegetable matter to induce them to send out shoots. Very few vegetables can be sown with advantage this month. Graft peaches and apples, and prune apple trees.

March.

MADRAS.

Mean temperature 80.8—Average fall of rain 0.70.

But few vegetables come to any perfection that are sown in this month ; but it is desirable to sow successive crops of cabbage and knol khole which may be planted in beds which are partly from the sun protected, and transplanted into rows as required. With care salad may be grown in this month, and generally throughout the year.

In the market brinjal, carrots and turnips may be procured in considerable quantities and pretty good. Turnips are generally very stringy towards the end of March. Country radish and all kinds of country greens may be had in large quantities ; but no fruits can be obtained in the market, except the red and white plantain, which are always in season.

BANGALORE.

Mean temperature 80—quantity of rain measured 2½ inches.

During this month the roots of apple trees should be opened by those who approve of that system, and very strong manure should be applied. Strawberries, grapes and peaches are in season—the ground should be dug about the roots of vines. The dahlias sown last month will require transplanting ; and the shoots should be separated from the old roots. Plant tuberose roots. Beet root and celery in perfection. As the winds and hot air of this month are very injurious to vegetation, as few seeds as possible should be sown.

April.

MADRAS.

Mean temperature 83.7—Average fall of rain 0.40.

The remarks on March apply equally to this month ; but as the hot season advances the chances of success in rearing most kinds of vegetables diminish. Melons

and cucumbers should be sown during this month. Sow melons in rich light soil, giving the plants plenty of room to run; when they have made four leaves stop them by pinching off the leading bud; they will then produce two lateral shoots, which stop in a similar manner; and so continue to treat each new formed shoot, stopping it at the second or third joint. When the plants begin to show fruit stop the fruiting branches two joints before the fruit; cover the ground with leaves or straw to keep the roots cool, and to prevent the fruit from becoming spotted.

In this month yellow and red plantains, pine apples, grapes, pumplenose, chota and camala orange are procurable in the markets. Carrots, turnips, beans and cabbages are reduced in quantity, and their prices are considerable. Brinjal, radish, water pumpkins, pavakah, peerkengah and greens are to be had plentifully.

BANGALORE.

Mean temperature 80½—quantity of rain measured 3½ inches.

Sow all flower seeds to come to perfection in July and August. They will be refreshed by the early rains called mango showers; and there is generally rain in Mysore during June. Sow every kind of vegetable seed. As the mango will be in flower, if requisite, spread some manure round the roots of the trees, slightly stirring the soil. Shift the dahlias. Sow wheat. Plant potatoes. The flower buds should be dry this month, as the scorching sun will very effectually destroy the weeds.

May.

MADRAS.

Mean temperature 86,8—Average fall of rain 0,77.

Melons, cucumbers, love apples, and Nepaul spinage may be sown during this month; also successive crops of the cabbage tribe and mustard and cress. Mangoes, oranges, pine apples, pumplenoses, red and yellow plantains, and grapes, are supplied abundantly. Brinjals, greens, peekengah, drum stick, or mooroongakaw, and in flowers all sorts of malgay flowers are to be had plentifully in the market.

BANGALORE.

Mean temperature 81—quantity of rain measured 3 inches.

Repeat the sowing of last month, or they may be deferred till this month. Transplant the seeds of vegetables sown last month, and prepare the beds for the final transplanting of knol-khole, cabbage, cauliflower, watering the soil richly. The dahlias should now be turned out of the pots into the open ground in a sandy well-mannured soil. Sow some cotton seed.

June.

MADRAS.

Mean temperature 88—Average fall of rain 1,16.

If the season is at all favourable this is a very desirable time to sow the first crop of celery, beet root, and asparagus in boxes, for transplanting towards the latter end of August, or beginning of September.

If the weather should continue very hot during September, without showers, the plant should be kept in the boxes until the end of September, or beginning of October. As it is desirable to get strong celery plants before the monsoon, fresh seed should be sown every fortnight from the middle of June until the end of October. Beet also should be sown in successive crops and transplanted once or twice. This vegetable is not likely to be injured by the heavy rains of the monsoon. Asparagus seed should be sown in boxes towards the latter end of the month, and transplanted in November, in rows two feet apart, and the plants one foot from each other. The soil should be mixed with a large portion of rotten horse manure—it is scarcely possible to make the ground too rich for asparagus. Fresh asparagus seed should be sown whenever procurable, and especially between the end of June and the beginning of December.

In this month mangoes, oranges, pine apples, pumplenoses, plantains, pomegranates, cucumbers, melons, green melons, and limes, are abundantly supplied at low prices in the market. Carrots, turnips, cabbage, and other European vegetables, are scarce and dear—but pavlakaw, podalongah, greens, and brinjals, are procurable in small quantities.

The following fruits and vegetables are also to be had in this month:—custard apple, sapadella, lemon, mangostan, parsnip, salad, and vegetable marrow.

BANGALORE.

Mean temperature 76—quantity of rain measured 4 inches.

The directions for this month are very similar in many respects to those given for May and April, in order to have the flowers and vegetables later in the season. Mangoes are in great perfection. Stake the dahlias put into the ground last month. The Natives plough their grounds and sow the castnut. The white grub of the cricket is often very numerous this month, and commits dreadful havoc. This is the best month for sowing seeds from England, &c. provided they arrive in the two or three preceding months, but in general it is advisable to sow them as soon as they are unpacked. The fields for hay should be scratched by the native plough and manured. Cuttings and suckers of chrysanthemums if taken off and planted in small pots will flower in September.

July.

MADRAS.

Mean temperature 85.7—Average fall of rain 3.73.

In this month it is desirable to sow celery, beet, knol khole, cabbage, cauliflower, brocoli, asparagus, endive, lettuce, carrots, and turnips.

Celery.—Sow in boxes in this and the two following months—remove to beds when about three inches high, and into trenches as required, after being a month in the beds. The trenches should be 2½ feet deep, filled up with a foot of light soil and stable manure; and afterwards gradually, as the plant grows, with light soil till within about six inches of the top. Water for the first two months with the hand, after which they may be occasionally flooded.

Another way.—Having sown and transplanted as above, remove into trenches four feet apart, and about 18 inches deep, nearly filled with horse manure and rich earth. As the plant grows, bank up into ridges with light soil. By this method the root of the plant, and not the stem, is watered when flooded.

Knol khole, cabbage, cauliflower, and brocoli.—Sow in boxes during this and five following months. Remove in beds when two inches high, and transplant the cabbage and knole khole twice, and cauliflower and brocoli at least three times, allowing the growth of a couple of new leaves between each planting.

Asparagus.—Sow in beds in July, and remove the plants in November, into raised beds of one or two rows: when the berries become red cut the plants two inches above the ground and top dress, when they will be ready to cut in ten days. By dressing the beds in succession asparagus may be produced for the table all the year—stable manure is the best and the plant should invariably be watered by the hand, and never flooded except in the hot wind season. Plants if taken care of will produce for 8 or 10 years. They should however be wintered (roots cleared of the earth and exposed for some days) and the ground dressed every second year.

Lettuce and endive.—Sow in boxes or pots surrounded with water till the plants appear, otherwise the small red ant will destroy them; plant out as required, and tie up a few days before you cut for use. Black Town or St. Thomé manure is the best.

Carrots.—Sow in a light deep sandy soil.

Turnips.—Sow in a rich soil, well manured.

In the market all Europe vegetables are scarce and dear this month. Brinjal, greens, vandakaw, and other native vegetables are supplied in small quantities. Mangoes, and pine apples are getting out of season. Plantains, cucumbers, and melons are plentiful.

BANGALORE.

Mean temperature 75—quantity of rain measured 4 inches.

Mangoes still continue till towards the end of the month—young plants should then be grafted and the trees pruned as soon they have done bearing, as that is the only time when it can be done with impunity. Cuttings of all trees and shrubs should be put in this month, as well as slips of artichokes, which as soon as they have established themselves should be cut down close to the ground. The Natives generally sow the raggy and cholam, and prepare the ground for rice, and plant cuttings of sugar cane. Flower and vegetable seeds may still be sown, and in regular seasons the cabbage tribe of the first and second sowings should be finally transplanted. The first crop of hay is cut this month.

August.

MADRAS.

Mean temperature 84.6—Average fall of rain 4.76.

Successive crops of all the vegetables sown in July should be planted this month, more especially celery and beet, which should be fit to transplant a second time before the monsoon. These two vegetables are less likely to suffer by excessive rain than most others. Artichokes should be sown in beds during this month, three inches between each seed, so as to allow the removal of the plants in November without disturbing the roots. To propagate by suckers, take off the suckers, and prick them out six inches apart; and when they become well rooted, transplant into deep rich soil, setting them two feet apart. If large, suckers may be planted at once where they are intended to remain.

To prevent artichokes running to leaf, and producing small heads, when the plants are from ten to fifteen inches high cut them off close to the ground and cover them over with light dry old manure; when they have advanced a few inches repeat the operation. If the young plants are tied up for a few days before being cut off, they will become blanched and may be eaten as salad.

French beans and scarlet runners may be sown during this month and until February; they should be planted in rows two feet apart North and South; they should be well supported with sticks or with an arched bamboo trellis, which is very ornamental.

Europe vegetables continue scarce and dear; brinjals, greens, and other native vegetables are to be had. Mangoes, pine apples, and oranges, are very scarce. Plantains continue in abundance.

BANGALORE.

Mean temperature 74—quantity of rain measured 5½ inches.

Oranges, loquats, and alligator pears, in season. Insects are excessively numerous and destructive. The orange tribe should be budded and inarched, and propagated by cuttings. Plant beds with early strawberries. Still sow a few vegetable and flower seeds. Continue grafting mangoes. Transplant cotton. Propagate carnations and pinks by layers. Begin collecting seeds of early flowering annuals. Dahlias in perfection.

September.

MADRAS.

Mean temperature 83.7.—Average fall of rain 5.30.

Continue to sow all the vegetables mentioned for August. Transplant cabbage, cauliflower, brocoli, beet, celery, endive, and lettuce. Two or three crops of peas may be sown during this month, if the weather is favourable, but not with much prospect of success. The seed peas that answer best in Madras are those grown at Bangalore.

Peas should be planted in well raised beds in double rows about two feet apart; they should be watered by hand for the first fortnight and afterwards flooded. Peas require no manure, but should be planted in good soil.

Europe vegetables, and all kinds of fruits, except plantains, continue scarce. The following Native vegetables and flowers are abundantly supplied in the Market:—

Brinjals, podalangaw, cotta, avaray kaw, grees, keeray thundoo, sama thundoo, choken keeray or green, vendiah keeray, sohlee keeray, cottamallee keeray, and all sorts of pavelkaw;—in flowers, moor rose, country rose, silk rose, China rose, nundiah vuttum, alaree flowers, and jemookee mallegay flowers, are extensively supplied. Mallegay flowers, codee sambanghee flower, nela sambanghee flower, jadec mallegay flower, mamanda banum flower, are in small quantities.

BANGALORE.

Mean temperature 75—quantity of rain measured 8½ inches.

Alligator pears and loquats still continue. Apples come in. Sow orange seed and alligator pear stones. Young potatoes in season. The American cotton sown early in full fruit. Plant cape bulbs, either in the ground, or in very deep pots well drained. The turnips and cabbages are much infected by a small dark caterpillar which may be destroyed by sprinkling the plants with powdered lime. The rice begins to flower. Put down cuttings of geraniums, roses, violets, heartsease, &c. Flowers in great perfection. As most of the peach trees will have lost their leaves, the roots should be opened and exposed for 14 days, and then strongly manured by those who adopt a system that shortens the lives of the trees, without producing any sufficient compensation. Main crop of hay cut this month.

October.

MADRAS.

Mean temperature 82.0—Average fall of rain 11.12.

The remarks on last month apply equally to this. Continue to sow all kinds of vegetable seeds in boxes; transplant from the boxes into beds; and immediately after the first heavy fall of rain remove into rows and trenches, more particularly celery, beet, cabbage, knol khole, cauliflower, and brocoli. Care should be taken in finally transplanting all the cabbage tribe to provide against heavy falls of rain, by making trenches to carry off the water. Crops of peas should be sown every week or ten days from the beginning of this month until the 10th of December; peas sown after that time seldom pod.

Onions and leeks should be sown during this month in light rich earth, carefully covering the seed: when leeks are a few inches high plant them in drills, eighteen inches apart, and nine inches plant from plant; as they increase in size draw up the earth to their stems in order to blanch them—leeks are much improved by blanching.

Sow parsnips in rich deep soil: trench the ground two feet deep, and sow the seeds in drills one foot apart, and thin the plants so as to leave at least eight inches from each other.

But few fruits, vegetables, or flowers, are to be obtained in the market this month.

BANGALORE.

Mean temperature 74—quantity of rain measured 4 inches.

Apples and vegetables in great perfection. The main beds for strawberries should be planted. Vines will begin to flower early in the month; the borders should be dug, and well manured. Dahlias will begin to fail in this month; as soon as the leaves begin to wither, they should be taken up with the soil that adheres to them and kept in a dry place; as soon as they have been sufficiently dried they should be packed in boxes of sand till the time for planting arrives. The double tuberoses should be similarly treated.

November.

MADRAS.

Mean temperature 78.9—Average fall of rain 14.13.

This is the month for activity in the vegetable gardens, as but few things arrive at much perfection which are not planted before the end of this month. The principal crops of peas should be sown during the first week; and continued every week during the month; also French beans, scarlet runners, broad beans, and

Windsor beans : the two last rarely succeeded in Madras. Sow beet, knol khole, cabbage, brocoli, and cauliflowers, in boxes ; transplant from boxes into beds, and remove from beds into rows. Transplant celery and remove into trenches. Plant out artichokes and asparagus (Brocoli and cauliflower seed planted on the 25th of this month and transplanted on the 20th December, in a sandy soil, with a small quantity of horse dung soil with common manure, produced fine heads on the 18th February. They were watered by hand for the first fortnight, afterwards flooded in the usual way.)

Potatoes should be sown towards the end of this month ; they should be planted in light red soil in which no horse dung is mixed. The potatoe should be cut according to the number of eyes, taking care that each piece is of sufficient size. When planted, not more than one inch, or one and a half inch, of soil should be placed over it ; and it should not be watered oftener than once in four days even during the hottest weather. As it grows up, the soil should be banked up to the stalk. Great care should be taken not to give too much water, and not to put too much soil upon the potatoe when first planted.

It has lately been recommended to plant potatoes whole instead of cutting them as formerly ; it is also said that the produce is much increased by taking off the flowers as they form.

In this month pumkin, brinjal water, pumkin, haverykaw, vendakaw, podalan-gaw, and pavelkaw are scarce, and no fruit except plantains.

BANGALORE.

Mean temperature 72—quantity of rain measured 2½ inches.

Apples still in season. This is the last month in which the generality of vegetables can be sown with advantage. Sow the casuarina and other tree seeds. This is a good month to lay in stock of manure and prepare composts for the next year. The larger kinds of perennial water flowers should be taken up and reduced in size, and replanted.

December.

MADRAS.

Mean temperature 76.4—Average fall of rain 4.61.

In the beginning of the month sow French beans, scarlet runners, broad and Windsor beans. Peas sown in this month rarely pod, although they grow luxuriantly. Plant out celery from boxes to beds, and remove from beds to trenches. Sow cabbages and knol khole ; and transplant as above. Vegetable marrow may be sown in the early part of this month in light rich soil. Earth up the stems of the plants as they increase in growth, and peg the leading branches down at a joint, and they will strike root.

Europe vegetables are scarce during the early part of the month ; but all sorts of pavelkah, pumpkin, water pumpkin, brinjals, podalangaw, sweet potatoe or velley kelengoo, saury kelingoo, yams, alvully kelingo and leno vulty kelingoo, are plentifully supplied in the markets. Fruits are scarce, except plantains, guavas and oranges. The samindee flower and rose are to be had in great abundance.

BANGALORE.

Mean temperature 69—¾ inch of rain measured.

Apples still in. Young trees should be grafted and cuttings put down to graft seedlings on. All vegetables in season. A good month for sowing melon and cucumber seed, as well as peas, radish, and spinage ; but very few other vegetable seeds. Most of the exotic plants will have ceased flowering ; the beds should therefore be dug up and manured with a soil composed of ¾ vegetable and ¼ well decayed animal manure. Turn out and examine the dahlia roots. Prune the roses.

GENERAL REMARKS.

MADRAS.

Winter and dress figs, mulberries and custard apples. Dress pines in September and remove the suckers and dress again with stable manure, red earth, and sand in January. Sprouts of cabbage, cauliflower, brocoli, and knol khole, taken in February, March and April, and even in May, afford a good vegetable during the hot season.

Plantains, pine apples, and figs may be watered in the mornings; but every thing else in the evening only. The seed peas that answer best for Madras are those from Bangalore—the common white pea of Mysore. The best carrot, turnip, and onion seed is from Hyderabad. Knol khole, cabbage, beet, and celery, from the Cape. Other seed from Bangalore, and the Neilgherries.

Good manure for all sorts of flowers is red earth and sheep's dung, in nearly equal quantities.

BANGALORE.

The metereological observation of three years, 1834-5-6—one very hot, and one very rainy season :—this may therefore be regarded as a very fair average when taken together.

PRINCIPAL ARTICLES

OF

THE CALENDAR

FOR THE YEAR

1839.

Golden Number	16	Dominical Letter.....	F
Epact	15	Roman Indiction.....	12
Solar Cycle	28	Julian Period	6552

FIXED AND MOVEABLE FESTIVALS, ANNIVERSARIES, &c. &c.

Epiphany	Jan.	6	Pentecost—Whit-Sunday..	May	19
Septuagesima Sunday....	Jan.	27	Birth of Queen Victoria..	May	24
Martyrdom of K. Chas. I..	Jan.	30	Trinity Sunday	May	26
Quinquagesima—Shrove			Restoration of K. C. II...	May	29
Sunday	Feb.	10	Corpus Christi	May	30
Ash-Wednesday	Feb.	13	Accession of Q. Victoria..	June	20
Quadragesima—1st Sun-			Proclamation do.	June	21
day in Lent.....	Feb.	17	St. John Baptist—Mid-		
St. David.....	Mar.	1	summer Day.....	June	24
St. Patrick.....	Mar.	17	Coronation of Q. Victoria..	June	28
Palm Sunday.....	Mar.	24	Birth of Dowager Q. Ade-		
Annunciation—Lady-Day	Mar.	25	laide	Aug.	13
Good Friday	Mar.	29	St. Michael—Michaelmas		
Easter Sunday.....	Mar.	31	Day.....	Sept.	29
Low Sunday.....	April	7	Gunpowder Plot.....	Nov.	5
St. George.....	April	23	St. Andrew.....	Nov.	30
Rogation Sunday.....	May	5	1st Sunday in Advent....	Dec.	1
Ascension Day——Holy			St. Thomas.....	Dec.	21
Thursday.....	May	9	Christmas Day.....	Dec.	25

The year 5600 of the Jewish Era commences on September 9th 1839—
The year 1255 of the Mahommedan Era commences on March 17th 1839—
Ramadan (Month of Abstinence observed by the Turks) commences on
November 8th 1839.

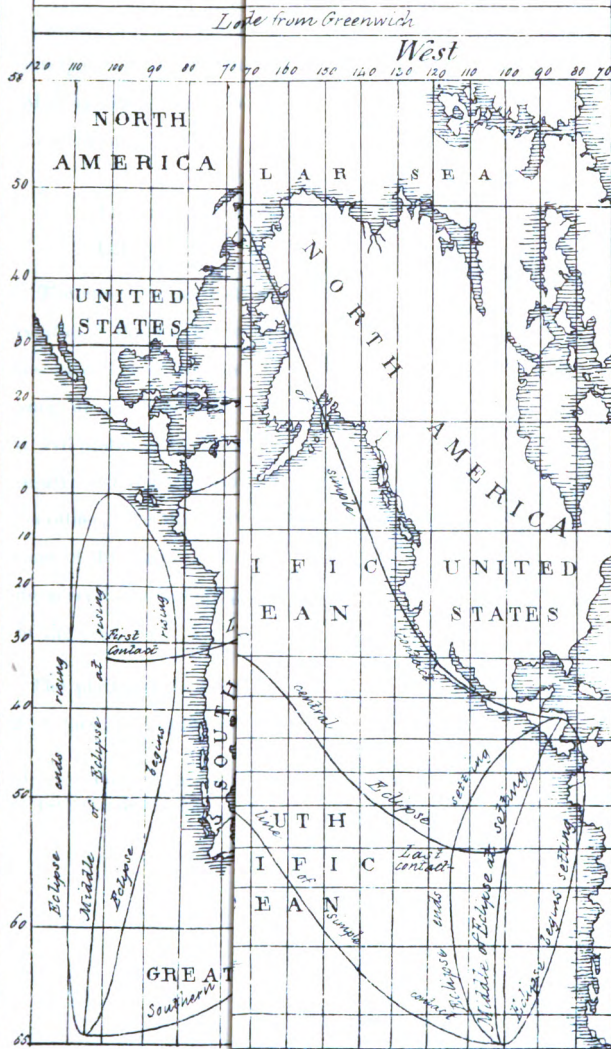
Eclipses of the Sun.

In the year 1839 there will be only two Eclipses, both of the Sun.

I. A total Eclipse of the Sun, March 14—15, 1839, visible to the Western portions of Europe and Africa, and nearly the whole of South America, but *invisible* at *Madras*.

II. An Annular Eclipse of the Sun, September 7, 1839, visible to the North Eastern portions of Asia and that part of the Pacific Ocean situated between it and the Western Coast of America, but *invisible* at *Madras*.

TRACK of the MOON'S PENUMBRA upon the
 upon the *Surface* during the
 TOTAL SOLAR CLIPSE of SEPTEMBER, 7,
 1839.



ADVERTISEMENT.

With reference to the following pages of astronomical matter, it is proper to state ; that they are mostly due to the Nautical Almanac, from which by interpolation, the several values have been adapted to the meridian of the Madras Observatory ; which, from the latest observations, appears to be situated in

	h.	m.	s.	°	'	"
Longitude	5	21	8,8	=	80	17 12 East of Greenwich.
Latitude					13	4 8,5 North.

The elements and ephemeris of *Gambart's* comet are due to Professor *Santini* of Padua, his numbers having been altered only, to adapt them to the meridian of Madras: they are given here, with a view to enable the amateur astronomer to find the comet ; since, from its extreme faintness, it will probably be invisible to the unassisted eye. The Meteorological results and remarks have been derived from forty years uninterrupted observation at the Madras Observatory, and as far as an average of observations of this nature can agree with its constituent values ; so nearly may the several results here given, be relied upon to represent the expectations of the year.

The places of the fixed stars have been deduced from the catalogue of 2881 stars given in the 2d Vol. of the Madras Results.

MADRAS OBSERVATORY, }
18th October 1838. }

T. G. TAYLOR,
H. C.'s Astronomer.

JANUARY XXXI DAYS.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

D. H. M.

- ☾ Last Quarter..... 8 2 26 Morning.
 ● New Moon..... 15 8 14 Evening.
 ☽ First Quarter..... 22 4 39 Evening.
 ○ Full Moon..... 29 9 1 Evening.

Days of the Week.	Days of the Month.	THE SUN'S		EQUATION OF TIME.	Culminates.	THE MOON PASSES NEAR TO
		Right Ascension.	Declina- tion.			
		<i>h. m. s.</i>	<i>d. m. s.</i>	<i>m. s.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	
Tues	1	18 44 33,4	S 23 3 57	+	3 36,9	13 43
Wed	2	48 58,4	22 59 1		4 5,2	14 32
Thurs	3	53 23,0	22 53 37		4 33,2	15 18
Fri	4	57 47,3	22 47 47		5 0,9	15 59
Satur	5	19 2 11,1	22 41 29		5 28,1	16 40
SUN	6	6 34,5	22 34 44		5 54,9	17 19
Mon	7	10 57,5	22 27 32		6 21,3	17 59
Tues	8	15 20,1	22 19 54		6 47,2	18 40
Wed	9	19 42,1	22 11 49		7 12,6	19 23
Thurs	10	24 3,6	22 3 17		7 37,5	20 10
Fri	11	28 24,7	21 54 22		8 1,8	21 1
Satur	12	32 45,2	21 44 59		8 25,7	21 56
SUN	13	37 5,0	21 35 11		8 48,9	22 54
Mon	14	41 24,2	21 24 58		9 11,5	23 53
Tues	15	45 42,7	21 14 21		9 33,4	
Wed	16	50 0,7	21 3 18		9 54,7	0 51
Thurs	17	54 17,8	20 51 51		10 15,2	1 46
Fri	18	58 34,0	20 40 1		10 35,1	2 36
Satur	19	20 2 50,0	20 27 43		10 54,1	3 26
SUN	20	7 5,0	20 15 11		11 12,5	4 14
Mon	21	11 19,1	20 2 12		11 30,1	5 1
Tues	22	15 32,6	19 48 50		11 46,9	5 52
Wed	23	19 45,3	19 35 6		12 2,9	6 41
Thurs	24	23 57,0	19 21 0		12 18,1	7 39
Fri	25	28 8,0	19 6 33		12 32,5	8 38
Satur	26	32 18,2	18 51 45		12 46,1	9 33
SUN	27	36 27,6	18 36 37		12 58,9	10 37
Mon	28	40 36,2	18 21 9		13 10,8	11 32
Tues	29	44 43,8	18 5,21		13 22,0	12 23
Wed	30	48 50,7	17 49 14		13 32,3	13 9
Thurs	31	52 56,8	17 32 48		13 41,8	13 54

☾ Leonis.
Mars.

Jupiter.
α Virginis.

Saturn.

Mercury.

Venus.

Georgian.

♈ Piscium.

♈ Arietis.

♈ Pleiadum.
β Tauri.

♊ Geminor.

JANUARY 1839—ASTRONOMICAL PHENOMENA.

Mercury is situated at his inferior conjunction with the Sun on the 3d, becomes stationary on the 14th, and arrives at his greatest western elongation on the 25th.

Venus being situated at the superior parts of her orbits is invisible at the beginning of the month; but may be seen for a few minutes after Sun set towards the end of the month.

Earth enters the sign *Leo*, or the Sun apparently enters *Aquarius* on the 21st.

Mars is situated throughout the month in the constellation *Virgo*; passes the meridian

	H.	M.
On the 1st at.....	5	3 Morning.
— 3d at.....	3	24 Morning.

Jupiter is in quadrature with the Sun on the 8th, passes the meridian

	H.	M.
On the 1st at.....	6	20 Morning.
— 31st at.....	4	28 Morning.

Saturn is situated in the constellation *Scorpio* at the superior parts of his orbit

	H.	M.
Rises on the 1st at.....	3	45 Morning.
— 31st at.....	1	30 Morning.

Georgian is situated in the constellation *Aquarius*

	H.	M.
Sets on the 1st at.....	9	55 Evening.
— 31st at.....	8	0 Evening.

ECLIPSES OF JUPITER'S SATELLITES VISIBLE AT MADRAS.

Satellites.			Mean Time.			Satellites.			Mean Time.		
			H.	M.	S.				H.	M.	S.
1st Im.	of I		16	18	17	15th Im.	of III		15	19	10
4th Im.	of II		12	12	33	17th Im.	of I		14	33	24
8th Em.	of III		14	8	47	18th Im.	of II		17	18	51
19th Im.	of I		12	40	1	24th Im.	of I		16	26	45
11th Im.	of II		14	45	40						

RESULT OF METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS MADE AT THE MADRAS OBSERVATORY.

			Mean Height of the		Extremes of the Thermo-		Depth to which rain falls.
			Barometer	Thermo-	Maximum.	Minimum.	
			Inches.	meter.			Inches.
1	to	10	30,115	75,3	} 86,0	} 65,0	0,55
10	—	20	30,110	75,5			0,53
20	—	30	30,090	75,9			0,11

During this month the wind blows uniformly and steadily from N. E. with occasionally an inclination towards the East about the middle of the day in the shape of sea breeze. In the mornings for the most part heavy dew is deposited, and occasionally fog, which reaches only to two or three feet above the surface of the ground. The weather is mostly very serene, presenting about twenty days of uninterrupted clearness and five of haze or mist, the remaining days being clouded, with perhaps a single shower of rain. Lightning is almost unknown in this month.

The hottest time of the day is at 1h. 0m. P. M.; the coldest at 4h. 20m. A. M.

JANUARY 1839—REMARKABLE DAYS.

	THE SUN		
	Rises.	Sets.	
	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	
1 Tuesday	6 22	5 38	Union of Ireland with Great Britain 1801. <i>Left Hibernia</i>
2 Wednesday	6 22	5 38	Calcutta retaken 1757. <i>Left Hydrabad</i>
3 Thursday	6 22	5 38	
4 Friday	6 22	5 38	
5 Saturday	6 22	5 38	
6 SUNDAY	6 22	5 38	Epiphany.
7 Monday	6 21	5 39	
8 Tuesday	6 21	5 39	
9 Wednesday	6 21	5 39	
10 Thursday	6 21	5 39	
11 Friday	6 21	5 39	<i>Epiphany</i>
12 Saturday	6 20	5 40	
13 SUNDAY	6 20	5 40	1st Sunday after Epiphany.
14 Monday	6 20	5 40	
15 Tuesday	6 20	5 40	
16 Wednesday	6 20	5 40	Battle of Corunna 1809.
17 Thursday	6 20	5 40	
18 Friday	6 19	5 40	Capture of Bhurtpore 1826.
19 Saturday	6 19	5 41	
20 SUNDAY	6 19	5 41	2d Sunday after Epiphany.—Louis XVI guillotined 1793.
21 Monday	6 19	5 41	
22 Tuesday	6 18	5 41	
23 Wednesday	6 18	5 41	Right Hon. W. Pitt died 1806.
24 Thursday	6 18	5 41	
25 Friday	6 18	5 41	Conversion of St. Paul.
26 Saturday	6 18	5 42	
27 SUNDAY	6 17	5 42	Septuagesima Sunday—DUKE OF SUSSEX BORN 1773.
28 Monday	6 17	5 42	Peter the Great assassinated 1725.
29 Tuesday	6 17	5 42	King Geo. 3d died 1820.
30 Wednesday	6 17	5 43	Martyrdom of King Charles I.
31 Thursday	6 16	5 43	<i>Left the ship "The Boston"</i>

1840-31—Andersch—

FEBRUARY XXVIII DAYS.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

D. H. M.

- ☾ Last Quarter..... 7 0 2 Morning.
- New Moon.....14 8 49 Morning.
- ☽ First Quarter.....21 1 11 Morning.
- Full Moon.....28 1 57 Evening.

Days of the Week.	Days of the Month.	THE SUN'S		EQUATION OF TIME.	Culminates.	THE MOON PASSES NEAR TO
		Right Ascension.	Declina- tion.			
Fri	1	<i>h. m. s.</i> 29 57 1,9	<i>d. m. s.</i> S 17 16 2	<i>m. s.</i> +13 50,5	<i>h. m.</i> 14 36	β Virginis.
Satur	2	21 1 6,3	16 58 59	13 58,3	15 15	Mars.
SUN	3	5 10,0	16 41 37	14 5,4	15 54	Jupiter.
Mon	4	9 12,8	16 23 55	14 11,6	16 34	α Virginis.
Tues	5	13 14,8	16 16 3	14 17,0	17 17	
Wed	6	17 16,0	15 47 50	14 21,7	18 1	
Thurs	7	21 16,4	15 29 22	14 25,5	18 50	α Scorpii.
Fri	8	25 16,1	15 10 37	14 28,6	19 41	Saturn.
Satur	9	29 14,9	14 51 38	14 30,9	20 38	
SUN	10	33 13,0	14 32 23	14 32,4	21 36	γ Sagittarii.
Mon	11	37 10,3	14 12 53	14 33,1	22 31	
Tues	12	41 6,8	13 53 8	14 33,1	23 31	Mercury.
Wed	13	45 2,6	13 33 11	14 32,6	-----	
Thurs	14	48 57,5	13 12 59	14 30,9	0 24	Venus.
Fri	15	52 51,8	12 52 36	14 28,6	1 17	Georgian.
Satur	16	56 45,2	12 31 59	14 25,5	2 6	
SUN	17	22 0 38,0	12 11 11	14 21,7	2 56	ϵ Piscium.
Mon	18	4 30,0	11 50 12	14 17,2	3 47	
Tues	19	8 21,3	11 29 1	14 11,9	4 40	ϵ Arietis.
Wed	20	12 11,9	11 7 40	14 6,0	5 35	ϵ Pleiadum.
Thurs	21	16 1,9	10 46 9	13 59,1	6 36	β Tauri.
Fri	22	19 51,1	10 24 27	13 52,1	7 32	
Satur	23	23 39,7	10 2 36	13 44,1	8 31	ι Geminor.
SUN	24	27 27,7	9 40 35	13 35,6	9 26	
Mon	25	31 15,0	9 18 26	13 26,4	10 18	γ Cancr.
Tues	26	35 1,7	8 56 10	13 16,6	11 6	
Wed	27	38 47,9	8 33 45	13 6,2	11 50	
Thurs	28	42 33,6	8 11 13	12 55,3	12 32	χ Leonis.

FEBRUARY 1839—ASTRONOMICAL PHENOMENA.

Mercury being situated at a considerable angle of elongation from the Sun, (towards the west) is visible at the beginning of the month; but, approaching the Sun—it afterwards becomes invisible.

Venus is visible in the evening towards the west, for an hour after sun-set.

Earth enters the sign *Virgo*, or the Sun apparently enters *Pisces* on the 19th.

Mars is situated throughout the month in the constellation *Virgo*: passes the Meridian

H. M.
On the 1st at 3 28 Morning.
— 28th at 1 16 Morning.

Jupiter is stationary on the 2d: passes the Meridian

H. M.
On the 1st at 4 24 Morning.
— 28th at 2 34 Morning.

Saturn in the constellation *Scorpio*—is in quadrature with the Sun on the 28th

H. M.
Rises on the 1st at 1 30 Morning.
— 28th at 11 36 Evening.

Georgian being situated at the superior parts of his orbit, remains invisible during the month.

ECLIPSES OF JUPITER'S SATELLITES VISIBLE AT MADRAS.

Satellites.				Mean Time.				Satellites.				Mean Time.			
				H.	M.	S.						H.	M.	S.	
2d	Im. of I	..	12	48	25			18th	Im. of I	..	11	3	36		
5th	Im. of II	..	11	42	32			19th	Im. of II	..	16	50	16		
9th	Im. of I	..	14	41	47			20th	Im. of III	..	11	7	17		
12th	Im. of II	..	14	16	17			20th	Em. of III	..	13	49	22		
13th	Em. of III	..	9	52	27			25th	Im. of I	..	12	57	5		
16th	Im. of I	..	16	35	12			27th	Im. of III	..	15	5	18		

RESULT OF METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS MADE AT THE MADRAS OBSERVATORY.

Mean Height of the			Extremes of the Thermometer.		Depth to which rain falls.
Barometer	Thermometer.		Maximum.	Minimum.	
1 to 10	Inches.. 30,085	° 76,8	} 87,6	° 66,0	Inches. 0,03
10 — 20	30,084	77,8			0,00
20 — 30	30,070	78,5			0,01

The N. E. Monsoon continues with occasional exceptions till the middle of the month, after which calms and S. E. winds as frequently prevail; in the early part of the forenoon it is usually calm until 11 A. M. when the sea breeze sets in, and blows till 10 or 12 P. M. During the whole of this month the weather is without exception always beautifully clear and placid, and is generally considered to be the most healthy period of the year; there are no more than one day of haze, and one of clouds. Rain or lightning does not occur once in seven years.

The hottest time of the day is at 0h. 40m. P. M.; the coldest at 5h. 0m. A. M.

FEBRUARY 1839—REMARKABLE DAYS.

	THE SUN		
	Rises.	Sets.	
	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	
1 Friday	6 16	5 43	
2 Saturday	6 16	5 44	Purification of B. V. Mary.—Supreme Court 1st Term commences.
3 SUNDAY	6 16	5 44	<i>Sexagesima Sunday.</i>
4 Monday	6 15	5 44	
5 Tuesday	6 15	5 45	
6 Wednesday	6 15	5 45	Tippoo defeated by Lord Cornwallis 1792. <i>1847 E. India</i>
7 Thursday	6 15	5 45	
8 Friday	6 14	5 46	
9 Saturday	6 14	5 46	
10 SUNDAY	6 14	5 46	<i>Quinquagesima, Shrove Sunday.</i>
11 Monday	6 13	5 47	
12 Tuesday	6 13	5 47	Shrove Tuesday.—Lady Jane Grey beheaded 1555.
13 Wednesday	6 13	5 47	Ash Wednesday.
14 Thursday	6 12	5 48	Valentine.
15 Friday	6 12	5 48	
16 Saturday	6 12	5 48	
17 SUNDAY	6 11	5 49	<i>Quadragesima—1st Sunday in Lent.</i>
18 Monday	6 11	5 49	Luther died 1546.
19 Tuesday	6 11	5 49	
20 Wednesday	6 10	5 50	Voltaire born, 1694.
21 Thursday	6 10	5 50	
22 Friday	6 10	5 50	Supreme Court 1st Term concludes.
23 Saturday	6 9	5 51	
24 SUNDAY	6 9	5 51	<i>2d Sunday in Lent.</i> —St. Matthias.—DUKE OF CAMBRIDGE BORN 1774.
25 Monday	6 8	5 51	
26 Tuesday	6 8	5 52	Buonaparte escaped from Elba, 1815.
27 Wednesday	6 7	5 52	
28 Thursday	6 7	5 52	

MARCH XXXI DAYS.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

D. H. M.

- ◀ Last Quarter..... 8 6 53 Evening.
 ● New Moon.....15 7 34 Evening.
 ▶ First Quarter.....22 10 50 Morning.
 ○ Full Moon.....30 7 40 Morning.

Days of the Week.	Days of the Month.	THE SUN'S		EQUATION OF TIME.	Culminates.	THE MOON PASSES NEAR TO	
		Right Ascension.	Declina- tion.				
Fri	1	<i>h. m. s.</i> 22 46 19,0	<i>d. m. s.</i> S 7 48 35	+	<i>m. s.</i> 12 44,0	<i>h. m.</i> 13 12	Mars.
Satur	2	50 3,6	7 25 50		12 31,9	13 51	
SUN	3	53 47,6	7 2 57		12 19,4	14 31	Jupiter.
Mon	4	57 31,1	6 39 58		12 6,5	15 12	
Tues	5	23 1 14,2	6 16 54		11 53,0	15 55	π Scorpii. { Saturn. α Scorpii.
Wed	6	4 56,9	5 53 45		11 39,2	16 42	
Thurs	7	8 39,1	5 30 30		11 25,0	17 32	
Fri	8	12 21,0	5 7 11		11 10,4	18 25	δ Capricorni. Georgian. Mercury. Venus.
Satur	9	16 2,5	4 43 49		10 55,4	19 21	
SUN	10	19 43,7	4 20 22		10 40,0	20 18	
Mon	11	23 24,6	3 56 52		10 24,4	21 14	ε Pleiadum. β Tauri.
Tues	12	27 5,0	3 33 20		10 8,3	22 8	
Wed	13	30 45,1	3 9 44		9 52,0	23 5	
Thurs	14	34 25,1	2 46 5		9 35,4	23 53	v Geminor.
Fri	15	38 4,7	2 22 26		9 18,4	—	
Satur	16	41 44,0	1 58 45		9 1,4	0 44	
SUN	17	45 23,2	1 35 2		8 44,1	1 36	Mars. β Virginis.
Mon	18	49 2,1	1 11 20		8 26,5	2 30	
Tues	19	52 40,9	0 47 37		8 8,8	3 26	
Wed	20	56 19,5	0 23 55		7 50,9	4 25	α Virginis.
Thurs	21	59 57,9	0 0 13		7 32,8	5 25	
Fri	22	0 3 36,2	N 0 23 27		7 14,5	6 25	
Satur	23	7 14,3	0 47 7		6 56,2	7 22	
SUN	24	10 52,3	1 10 46		6 37,8	8 15	
Mon	25	14 30,3	1 34 22		6 19,2	9 4	
Tues	26	18 8,2	1 57 56		6 0,7	9 49	
Wed	27	21 46,1	2 21 27		5 42,1	10 31	
Thurs	28	25 24,0	2 44 55		5 23,4	11 11	
Fri	29	29 1,9	3 8 20		5 4,8	11 50	
Satur	30	32 39,8	3 31 41		4 46,3	12 29	
SUN	31	35 17,8	3 54 58		4 27,8	13 10	

MARCH 1839—ASTRONOMICAL PHENOMENA.

Mercury arrives at his superior conjunction with the Sun on the 13th, and is invisible throughout the month.

Venus continues an evening star.

	H.	M.
Sets on the 1st at.....	7	19 Evening.
— 31st at.....	7	38 Evening.

Earth enters the sign *Libra* or the Sun apparently enters *Aries* on the 20th.

Mars arrives at his opposition to the Sun on the 11th, and is consequently visible throughout the month.

Jupiter is situated in the constellation *Virgo* : passes the meridian

	H.	M.
On the 1st at.....	2	30 Morning.
— 31st at.....	0	20 Morning.

Saturn in the constellation *Scorpio*, is stationary on the 20th : passes the meridian

	H.	M.
On the 1st at.....	5	57 Morning-
— 31st at.....	4	0 Morning.

Georgian is in conjunction with the Sun on the 3d, and remains invisible throughout the month.

ECLIPSES OF JUPITER'S SATELLITES VISIBLE AT MADRAS.

Satellites				Mean Time.				Satellites.				Mean Time.			
				H.	M.	S.						H.	M.	S.	
2d	Im.	of	II	8	41	27		20th	Im.	of	I	13	6	20	
4th	Im.	of	I	14	50	38		22d	Im.	of	I	7	34	48	
6th	Im.	of	I	9	18	59		23d	Im.	of	II	16	25	51	
9th	Im.	of	II	11	16	0		27th	Im.	of	I	15	0	8	
11th	Im.	of	I	16	44	14		28th	Im.	of	III	6	56	27	
13th	Im.	of	I	11	12	36		29th	Im.	of	I	9	28	37	
16th	Im.	of	II	13	50	47									

RESULT OF METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS MADE AT THE MADRAS OBSERVATORY.

	Mean Height of the		Extremes of the Ther-		Depth to which rain falls.
	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Maximum.	Minimum.	
	Inches.	°			Inches.
1 to 10	30.042	79.8	} 90.3	} 69.7	0.02
10 — 20	30.015	80.7			0.11
20 — 31	29.991	81.8			0.58

Throughout this month the South or alongshore wind with very unequal force prevails : it is accompanied with a profuse dampness and sultriness, which renders its effects highly prejudicial to health and comfort. On this account the sea breeze which sets in at noon and blows till 10 p. m. is less courted than at other seasons : the sky is however beautifully clear for about twenty-seven days ; the remaining four being cloudy : dew less frequently occurs, and is less in quantity than last month ; rain and lightning are little known.

The hottest time of the day is at 0h. 20m. P. M. ; the coldest at 5h. 0m. A. M.

MARCH 1839—REMARKABLE DAYS.

	THE SUN		
	Rises. Sets.		
	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	
1 Friday	6 7	5 53	St. David.
2 Saturday	6 7	5 53	
3 SUNDAY	6 7	5 53	3d Sunday in Lent.—Buonaparte landed from Elba 1815.
4 Monday	6 6	5 54	
5 Tuesday	6 6	5 54	Battle of Barossa 1811.
6 Wednesday	6 6	5 54	Peace of Seringapatam 1792.
7 Thursday	6 6	5 55	
8 Friday	6 6	5 55	
9 Saturday	6 5	5 55	
10 SUNDAY	6 5	5 56	4th Sunday in Lent.—Benj. West died 1820.
11 Monday	6 4	5 56	
12 Tuesday	6 4	5 57	
13 Wednesday	6 3	5 57	<i>Arrived at the Cape</i>
14 Thursday	6 3	5 57	English took possession of Chandernagore 1757.
15 Friday	6 2	5 58	Julius Cæsar assassinated B. C. 44.
16 Saturday	6 2	5 58	Gustavus III shot 1792.
17 SUNDAY	6 2	5 58	5th Sunday in Lent.—St. Patrick.
18 Monday	6 1	5 59	<i>Poncha bo sek -</i>
19 Tuesday	6 1	5 59	
20 Wednesday	6 1	5 59	
21 Thursday	6 0	5 59	Benedict.—Supreme Court 2d Term commences.
22 Friday	6 0	6 0	
23 Saturday	5 59	6 0	
24 SUNDAY	5 59	6 1	<i>Palm Sunday.</i>
25 Monday	5 59	6 1	Annunciation—Lady Day.
26 Tuesday	5 58	6 2	Defeat of Tippoo 1799.—PRINCE GEO. OF CAMBRIDGE BORN 1819.
27 Wednesday	5 58	6 2	Peace of Amiens 1802.
28 Thursday	5 57	6 3	
29 Friday	5 57	6 3	Good Friday.
30 Saturday	5 57	6 4	Capitulation of Paris 1814. <i>Black House</i>
31 SUNDAY	5 56	6 4	<i>Easter Sunday.</i>

APRIL XXX DAYS.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

D. H. M.

☾ Last Quarter..... 7 9 54 Morning.

● New Moon.....14 16 39 Morning.

☽ First Quarter.....20 10 15 Evening.

○ Full Moon.....29 0 46 Morning.

Days of the Week.	Days of the Month.	THE SUN'S		EQUATION OF TIME.	Culminates.	THE MOON PASSES NEAR TO
		Right Ascensi- on.	Declina- tion.			
Mon	1	<i>h. m. s.</i> 0 39 55,9	<i>d. m. s.</i> N 4 18 10,3	<i>m. s.</i> +4 9,3	<i>h. m.</i> 13 52	
Tues	2	43 34,1	4 41 18,9	3 51,0	14 38	2 Scorpii.
Wed	3	47 12,4	5 4 23,4	3 32,7	15 27	α Scorpii.
Thurs	4	50 50,8	5 27 20,7	3 14,6	16 18	
Fri	5	54 29,4	5 50 13,2	2 56,7	17 12	Sagittarii.
Satur	6	58 8,1	6 12 59,8	2 39,0	18 7	γ Sagittarii.
SUN	7	1 1 47,2	6 35 40,0	2 21,5	19 1	
Mon	8	5 26,4	6 58 13,6	2 4,3	19 56	
Tues	9	9 6,0	7 20 40,1	1 47,2	20 47	δ Capricorni.
Wed	10	12 45,7	7 42 59,3	1 30,5	21 39	
Thurs	11	16 25,7	8 5 10,6	1 14,0	22 29	
Fri	12	20 6,0	8 27 14,5	0 57,8	23 20	
Satur	13	23 46,5	8 49 9,9	0 41,8	—	
SUN	14	27 27,4	9 10 56,4	0 26,2	0 13	
Mon	15	31 8,6	9 32 33,8	0 11,0	1 10	ε Pleiadum.
Tues	16	34 50,4	9 54 1,6	— 0 3,8	2 9	
Wed	17	38 32,2	10 15 19,4	0 18,6	3 12	β Tauri.
Thurs	18	42 14,5	10 36 27,0	0 32,8	4 14	γ Aurigæ.
Fri	19	45 57,1	10 57 24,0	0 46,7	5 14	
Satur	20	49 40,1	11 18 10,0	1 0,1	6 10	
SUN	21	53 23,6	11 38 44,6	1 13,2	7 1	
Mon	22	57 7,5	11 59 8,3	1 25,8	7 48	
Tues	23	2 0 51,7	12 19 20,1	1 38,1	8 31	♂ Mars.
Wed	24	4 36,5	12 39 19,6	1 49,9	9 11	β Virginis.
Thurs	25	8 21,6	12 59 6,4	2 1,2	9 50	
Fri	26	12 7,3	13 18 40,4	2 12,1	10 29	α Virginis.
Satur	27	15 53,3	13 38 1,3	2 22,5	11 9	
SUN	28	19 40,0	13 57 8,5	2 34,4	11 51	
Mon	29	23 27,1	14 16 2,1	2 41,8	12 36	
Tues	30	27 14,8	N 14 34 41,7	2 50,7	13 23	α Scorpii.

APRIL 1839—ASTRONOMICAL PHENOMENA.

Mercury arrives at his greatest eastern elongation from the Sun on the 7th, becomes stationary on the 19th, and arrives at his inferior conjunction on the 27th.

Venus continues an evening star.

	H. M.
Sets on the 1st at	7 38 Evening.
— 31st at	8 27 Evening.

Earth enters the sign *Scorpio*, or the Sun apparently enters *Taurus* on the 20th.

Mars is situated in the constellation *Leo* : passes the meridian

	H. M.
On the 1st at	9 27 Evening.
— 30th at	8 22 Evening.

Jupiter in the constellation *Virgo*, arrives at opposition to the Sun on the 3d, and continues visible throughout the month.

Saturn is situated in the constellation *Scorpio* : passes the meridian 33° S. of the zenith

	H. M.
On the 1st at	3 56 Morning.
— 31st at	1 57 Morning.

Georgian is situated in the constellation *Aquarius* :

	H. M.
Rises on the 1st at	4 22 Morning.
— 30th at	2 39 Morning.

ECLIPSES OF JUPITER'S SATELLITES VISIBLE AT MADRAS.

Satellites.				Mean Time.				Satellites.				Mean Time.			
				H.	M.	S.						H.	M.	S.	
3d	Im. of	II	..	8	19	14		14th	Em. of	I	..	9	54	25	
4th	Im. of	III	..	10	56	4		17th	Em. of	II	..	15	55	34	
4th	Em. of	III	..	13	32	34		21st	Em. of	I	..	11	48	26	
5th	Em. of	I	..	13	32	3		28th	Em. of	II	..	7	49	16	
7th	Em. of	I	..	8	0	30		28th	Em. of	I	..	13	42	33	
10th	Em. of	II	..	13	19	45		30th	Em. of	I	..	8	11	8	
12th	Em. of	I	..	15	25	57									

RESULT OF METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS MADE AT THE MADRAS OBSERVATORY.

	Mean Height of the		Extremes of the Thermometer.		Depth to which rain falls.
	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Maximum.	Minimum.	
	Inches..	°			Inches.
1 to 10	29,975	82,7	} 94,7	} 75,4	0,06
10 — 20	29,950	83,7			0,08
20 — 30	29,928	84,7			0,26

The remarks of last month relative to the wind, are equally applicable to this ; the S. wind, varying from S. E. to S. W. still continues ; at times blowing very fresh, but occasionally calms ensue, which are exceedingly oppressive. The weather is clear for about twenty-four days, with four days of flying clouds or haze, and two of clouds, on one of which rain falls. Lightning occurs for two days. Dew is very little in quantity and of unfrequent occurrence.

The hottest time of the day is about noon ; the coldest at 4h. 50m. A. M.

APRIL 1839—REMARKABLE DAYS.

	THE SUN		
	Rises.	Sets.	
	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	
1 Monday	5 56	6 4	
2 Tuesday	5 55	6 5	Battle of Copenhagen 1801.
3 Wednesday	5 55	6 5	
4 Thursday	5 54	6 5	St. Ambrose.
5 Friday	5 54	6 6	<i>H. C. Bay</i>
6 Saturday	5 54	6 6	Battle of Coorg 1834 <i>C. Town</i>
7 SUNDAY	5 54	6 6	Low Sunday.—1st Sunday after Easter.
8 Monday	5 53	6 6	
9 Tuesday	5 53	6 7	<i>C. Town.</i>
10 Wednesday	5 53	6 7	Supreme Court 2d Term concludes.
11 Thursday	5 53	6 7	
12 Friday	5 52	6 7	Rodney's Victory 1786.—The Bengal Army
13 Saturday	5 52	6 8	<i>2d Sunday after Easter</i> embarked for Rangoon 1824.
14 SUNDAY	5 52	6 8	2d Sunday after Easter.
15 Monday	5 51	6 8	
16 Tuesday	5 51	6 8	Battle of Culloden 1746.
17 Wednesday	5 51	6 9	B. Franklin died 1790.
18 Thursday	5 50	6 9	<i>C. Town</i>
19 Friday	5 50	6 9	
20 Saturday	5 50	6 10	Spanish Fleet destroyed by Blake 1657.
21 SUNDAY	5 49	6 10	3d Sunday after Easter.
22 Monday	5 49	6 10	<i>C. Town - Rain</i>
23 Tuesday	5 49	6 11	St. George.
24 Wednesday	5 49	6 11	<i>St. 10 11 1/2</i>
25 Thursday	5 48	6 12	St. Mark—DUCHESS OF GLOUCESTER BORN 1776.
26 Friday	5 48	6 12	<i>C. Town - Rain</i>
27 Saturday	5 48	6 12	
28 SUNDAY	5 47	6 13	4th Sunday after Easter.
29 Monday	5 47	6 13	<i>Town</i>
30 Tuesday	5 47	6 13	

MAY XXXI DAYS.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

D. H. M.

- ☾ Last Quarter..... 6 9 4 Evening.
 ● New Moon..... 13 0 31 Evening.
 ☽ First Quarter..... 20 11 48 Morning.
 ○ Full Moon..... 28 4 7 Evening.

Days of the Week.	Days of the Month.	THE SUN'S		EQUATION OF TIME.	Culminates.	THE MOON PASSES NEAR TO
		Right Ascension.	Declina- tion.			
Wed	1	<i>h. m. s.</i> 2 31 3,0	<i>d. m. s.</i> N 14 53 7	— 2 59,0	<i>h. m.</i> 14 14	
Thurs	2	31 51,7	15 12 18	3 6,8	15 7	♐ Sagittarii.
Fri	3	38 41,1	15 29 14	3 14,1	16 11	♐ Sagittarii.
Satur	4	42 30,9	15 46 53	3 20,8	16 55	
SUN	5	46 21,4	16 4 21	3 26,9	17 48	
Mon	6	50 12,3	16 21 13	3 32,4	18 39	♐ Sagittarii.
Tues	7	54 3,9	16 38 24	3 37,4	19 29	
Wed	8	57 56,1	16 55 0	3 31,8	20 17	♐ Georgian.
Thurs	9	3 1 48,9	17 11 20	3 45,6	21 6	
Fri	10	5 42,3	17 27 23	3 48,7	21 57	♑ Piscium.
Satur	11	9 36,2	17 43 8	3 51,4	22 51	♑ Mercury.
SUN	12	13 30,7	17 58 36	3 53,4	23 49	
Mon	13	17 25,9	18 13 46	3 54,8	—	
Tues	14	21 21,6	18 28 38	3 55,6	0 52	
Wed	15	25 17,8	18 43 10	3 55,9	1 56	♀ Venus.
Thurs	16	29 14,6	18 57 21	3 55,6	2 39	
Fri	17	33 12,0	19 11 19	3 54,8	3 59	♌ Cancr.
Satur	18	37 9,9	19 24 52	3 53,5	4 54	
SUN	19	41 8,4	19 38 9	3 51,5	5 43	
Mon	20	45 7,5	19 51 4	3 49,1	6 29	♌ Leonis.
Tues	21	49 7,0	20 3 38	3 46,1	7 7	♌ Mars.
Wed	22	53 7,1	20 15 53	3 42,6	7 49	
Thurs	23	57 7,7	20 27 46	3 38,5	8 28	♃ Jupiter.
Fri	24	4 1 8,8	20 39 19	3 34,0	9 8	♍ Virginis.
Satur	25	5 10,4	20 50 30	3 28,9	9 49	
SUN	26	9 12,4	21 1 20	3 23,4	10 33	
Mon	27	13 15,1	21 11 48	3 17,4	11 20	♏ Scorpii.
Tues	28	17 18,2	21 21 54	3 10,8	12 10	♏ Saturn.
Wed	29	21 21,7	21 31 38	3 3,9	13 3	♏ Sagittarii.
Thurs	30	25 25,8	21 41 0	2 56,4	13 57	
Fri	31	29 30,2	21 49 59	2 48,5	14 51	

Venus continues an evening star throughout the month.

		H.	M.	
Sets on the 1st at	8	27	Evening.	
— 31st at	9	4	Evening.	

Mars is situated throughout the month in the constellation *Leo*; passes the meridian very near to the zenith

	H.	M.	
On the 1st at.....	8	18	Evening.
— 31st at.....	6	46	Evening.

Jupiter is situated throughout the month in the constellation *Virgo*: passes the meridian

	H.	M.	
On the 1st at.....	10	5	Evening.
— 31st at.....	8	0	Evening.

Saturn in the constellation *Scorpio* arrives at opposition to the Sun on the 28th: passes the meridian 32° S. of the zenith

		H.	M.	
On the 1st at.....	1	32	Morning.	
— 31st at.....	11	46	Evening.	

Georgian is situated in the constellation *Aquarius*

	H.	M.
Rises on the 1st at.....	2	20 Morning.
—— 31st at.....	0	34 Morning.

Satellites.				Mean Time.			Satellites.				Mean Time.		
				H.	M.	S.					H.	M.	S.
5th	Em.	of	II	10	25	39	17th	Im.	of	III	10	46	29
7th	Em.	of	I	10	5	21	17th	Em.	of	III	13	19	6
10th	Im.	of	III	6	47	43	21st	Em.	of	I	13	54	2
10th	Em.	of	III	9	21	5	23th	Em.	of	I	8	22	36
12th	Em.	of	II	13	2	10	30th	Em.	of	II	7	34	49
14th	Em.	of	II	11	59	40	30th	Em.	of	I	10	17	3
16th	Em.	of		6	28	13							

			Mean Height of the		Extremes of the Thermo- meter.		Depth to which rain falls.		
			Barometer	Thermo- meter.	Maximum.	Minimum.			
			Inches.	°			Inches.		
1	to	10	29,506	85,9	}	°	°	0,02	
10	—	20	29,807	86,8		}	99,2	78,5	0,11
20	—	30'	29,843	87,7					0,65

The South wind which is mentioned as peculiar to the two last months, continues till the middle of this month, relieved sometimes by a land wind from the W. or S. W.; in this interval gales of wind of extreme violence have occasionally been experienced, commencing their career generally at the N. W. and veering to every point of the compass. About the 16th, the regular land or hot winds set in, which are moderated in their effect towards the end of the month by occasional showers. The sea breeze sets in about noon and blows till 9 or 10 P. M. There are about nineteen days of clear weather, eight of flying clouds and haze, and four cloudy days, on two or three of which there is rain; the dew is almost imperceptible, and lightning with thunder occur about four times.

The hottest time of the day is at 11h. 20m. A.M. ; the coldest at 4h. 20m. A.M.

* In this statement the rain which fell during three gales of wind has been omitted. On the 2d May 1811 during the gale which then blew there fell 5.5 Inches; on the 8th, 9th and 10th May 1820, 16.54 Inches; and on the 7th, 8th, and 9th May 1827, 23.30 Inches.

MAY 1839—REMARKABLE DAYS.

	THE SUN.		
	Rises.	Sets.	
	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	
1 Wednesday	5 46	6 14	St. Philip and St. James. <i>From</i>
2 Thursday	5 46	6 14	
3 Friday	5 46	6 14	Invention of the Cross.
4 Saturday	5 45	6 15	Tippoo killed 1799. <i>From</i>
5 SUNDAY	5 45	6 15	Rogation Sunday.—Buonaparte died 1821.
6 Monday	5 45	6 15	Battle of Prague 1757. <i>From</i>
7 Tuesday	5 44	6 16	
8 Wednesday	5 44	6 16	
9 Thursday	5 44	6 16	Ascension day—Holy Thursday.—The Black <i>Act 1836.</i>
10 Friday	5 44	6 16	
11 Saturday	5 43	6 17	Earl of Chatham died 1778.
12 SUNDAY	5 43	6 17	Sunday after Ascension.
13 Monday	5 43	6 17	
14 Tuesday	5 43	6 17	
15 Wednesday	5 42	6 17	
16 Thursday	5 42	6 17	Battle of Albuera 1810.
17 Friday	5 42	6 18	
18 Saturday	5 42	6 18	Buonaparte declared Emperor of France 1804.
19 SUNDAY	5 41	6 18	Pentecost—Whit Sunday.
20 Monday	5 41	6 18	
21 Tuesday	5 41	6 18	
22 Wednesday	5 41	6 19	LANDGRAVINE OF HESSE HOMBOURG (PRINCESS ELIZABETH) BORN 1770.—The Madras Army embarked for Rangoon 1824.
23 Thursday	5 41	6 19	Battle of Ramilies 1706.
24 Friday	5 40	6 19	QUEEN VICTORIA BORN 1819.
25 Saturday	5 40	6 20	
26 SUNDAY	5 40	6 20	Trinity Sunday.
27 Monday	5 40	6 20	
28 Tuesday	5 40	6 20	
29 Wednesday	5 39	6 20	Restoration of King Charles II.
30 Thursday	5 39	6 20	Corpus Christi.
31 Friday	5 39	6 21	

JUNE XXX DAYS.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

D. H. M.

☾ Last Quarter..... 5 4 58 Morning.

● New Moon.....11 8 3 Evening.

☽ First Quarter.....19 3 22 Morning.

○ Full Moon.....27 5 21 Morning.

Days of the Week.	Days of the Month.	THE SUN'S		EQUATION OF TIME.	Culminates.	THE MOON. PASSES NEAR TO
		Right Ascensi- on.	Declina- tion.			
Satur	1	<i>h. m. s.</i> 4 33 35,0	<i>d. m. s.</i> N 21 58 35	<i>m. s.</i> — 2 40,2	<i>h. m.</i> 15 45	
SUN	2	37 40,4	22 6 50	2 31,4	16 36	♈ Capricorni.
Mon	3	41 46,3	22 14 41	2 22,2	17 24	♈ Aquarii.
Tues	4	45 52,4	22 22 18	2 12,6	18 12	♈ Georgian.
Wed	5	49 59,0	22 29 13	2 2,6	18 59	
Thurs	6	54 5,9	22 35 53	1 52,2	19 47	♈ Piscium.
Fri	7	58 13,2	22 42 10	1 41,5	20 38	
Satur	8	5 2 20,8	22 48 4	1 30,5	21 33	♈ Arietis.
SUN	9	6 28,6	22 53 33	1 19,2	22 32	♈ Mercury.
Mon	10	10 36,9	22 58 38	1 7,7	23 35	
Tues	11	14 45,3	23 3 19	0 55,8	—	
Wed	12	18 54,1	23 7 36	0 43,7	0 40	
Thurs	13	23 3,0	23 11 28	0 31,4	1 42	♈ Venus.
Fri	14	27 12,0	23 14 55	0 18,9	2 41	
Satur	15	31 21,2	23 17 58	— 0 6,3	3 33	
SUN	16	35 30,6	23 20 36	+ 0 6,4	4 21	
Mon	17	39 40,0	23 22 50	0 19,2	5 5	♈ Leonis.
Tues	18	43 49,5	23 24 39	0 32,1	5 46	♈ Mars.
Wed	19	47 59,0	23 26 3	0 45,1	6 26	♈ Jupiter.
Thurs	20	52 8,6	23 27 1	0 58,0	7 5	♈ Virginis.
Fri	21	56 18,1	23 27 34	1 11,0	7 46	
Satur	22	6 0 27,8	23 27 41	1 23,9	8 29	
SUN	23	4 37,2	23 27 29	1 36,8	9 14	♈ Scorpii.
Mon	24	8 46,7	23 26 50	1 49,7	10 4	♈ Saturn.
Tues	25	12 56,0	23 25 45	2 2,5	10 56	
Wed	26	17 5,2	23 24 16	2 15,1	11 50	♈ Sagittarii.
Thurs	27	21 14,4	23 22 22	2 27,6	12 46	♈ Sagittarii.
Fri	28	25 23,3	23 20 3	2 40,0	13 40	
Satur	29	29 32,2	23 17 20	2 52,2	14 32	♈ Capricorni.
SUN	30	33 40,8	23 14 12	3 4,2	15 22	♈ Capricorni.

JUNE 1839—ASTRONOMICAL PHENOMENA.

Mercury is situated at his superior conjunction with the Sun on the 26th.

Venus continues an evening star throughout the month :

H. M.
Sets on the 1st at 9 4 Evening.
— 30th at 9 20 Evening.

Earth enters the sign *Capricornus*, or the Sun enters *Cancer* on the 21st.

Mars is situated throughout the month in the constellation *Leo* : passes the meridian very near to the zenith,

H. M.
On the 1st at 6 46 Evening.
— 30th at 5 35 Evening.

Jupiter is situated throughout the month in the constellation *Virgo*, passes the meridian

H. M.
- On the 1st at 8 0 Evening.
— 30th at 6 5 Evening.

Saturn is situated in the constellation *Scorpio* : passes the meridian 32° S. of the zenith

H. M.
On the 1st at 11 42 Evening.
— 30th at 9 40 Evening.

Georgian is situated in the constellation *Aquarius* :

H. M.
Rises on the 1st at 0 30 Morning.
— 30th at 10 37 Evening.

ECLIPSES OF JUPITER'S SATELLITES VISIBLE AT MADRAS.

Satellites.		Mean Time.			Satellites.		Mean Time.		
		H.	M.	S.			H.	M.	S.
6th	Em. of II ..	10	11	56	22d	Im. of III ..	6	41	48
6th	Em. of I ..	12	11	33	22d	Em. of III ..	9	10	39
8th	Em. of I ..	6	40	11	22d	Em. of I ..	10	29	17
13th	Im. of II ..	10	26	31	29th	Im. of III ..	10	40	47
13th	Em. of II ..	12	49	8					
15th	Em. of I ..	8	34	43					

RESULT OF METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS MADE AT THE MADRAS OBSERVATORY.

	Mean Height of the		Extremes of the Thermometer.		Depth to which rain falls.
	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Maximum.	Minimum.	
	Inches..	°			Inches.
1 to 10	92,844	88,5	98,2	79,4	0,34
10 — 20	29,860	88,4			0,49
20 — 30	29,870	87,3			0,63

The land wind has arrived at its maximum of effect about the beginning of this month, being afterwards much moderated by clouds and rain. The sea breeze which is extremely uncertain, sets in about 1 P. M. and blows till about 9 or 10 P. M. but sometimes altogether fails. The weather is clear for about 8 days, there being eleven days of flying clouds and haze, and the same number of cloudy days ; of these there are six days in which rain occurs, and three or four of lightning and thunder. Dew is almost imperceptible.

The hottest time of the day is at 2 P. M. ; the coldest at 4h. 20m. A. M.

JUNE 1839—REMARKABLE DAYS.

	THE SUN		
	Rises.	Sets.	
	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	
1 Saturday	5 39	6 21	Howe's victory 1794.
2 SUNDAY	5 39	6 21	1st Sunday after Trinity.
3 Monday	5 39	6 21	1st Sunday after Trinity.
4 Tuesday	5 39	6 21	
5 Wednesday	5 39	6 21	DUKE OF CUMBERLAND (King of Hanover)
6 Thursday	5 38	6 21	1st Sunday after Trinity. BORN 1771.
7 Friday	5 38	6 21	Reform Bill signed 1832.
8 Saturday	5 38	6 22	
9 SUNDAY	5 38	6 22	2d Sunday after Trinity.
10 Monday	5 38	6 22	1st Sunday after Trinity.
11 Tuesday	5 38	6 22	St. Barnabas.
12 Wednesday	5 38	6 22	1st Sunday after Trinity.
13 Thursday	5 38	6 22	
14 Friday	5 38	6 22	His Highness the Nabob of the Carnatic born.
15 Saturday	5 38	6 23	
16 SUNDAY	5 38	6 23	3d Sunday after Trinity. 1st Sunday after Trinity.
17 Monday	5 38	6 23	St. Alban.
18 Tuesday	5 38	6 23	Battle of Waterloo,
19 Wednesday	5 38	6 23	Magna Charta signed 1215.
20 Thursday	5 38	6 23	Accession of QUEEN VICTORIA.
21 Friday	5 38	6 23	Proclamation of QUEEN VICTORIA. 1st Sunday after Trinity.
22 Saturday	5 38	6 23	
23 SUNDAY	5 38	6 23	4th Sunday after Trinity.—Battle of Plassey 1757.
24 Monday	5 38	6 22	St. John Baptist. Midsummer day.
25 Tuesday	5 38	6 22	
26 Wednesday	5 38	6 22	
27 Thursday	5 38	6 22	
28 Friday	5 38	6 22	Coronation of QUEEN VICTORIA.
29 Saturday	5 38	6 22	St. Peter.
30 SUNDAY	5 38	6 22	5th Sunday after Trinity.

JULY XXXI DAYS.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

D. H. M.

C Last Quarter..... 4 10 35 Morning.

● New Moon.....11 4 23 Morning.

D First Quarter.....18 8 23 Evening.

O Full Moon.....26 4 47 Evening.

Days of the Week.	Days of the Month.	THE SUN'S		EQUATION OF TIME.	Culminates.	THE MOON PASSES NEAR TO
		Right Ascension.	Declina- tion.			
Mon	1	<i>h. m. s.</i> 6 37 49,2	<i>d. m. s.</i> N 23 10 41	<i>m. s.</i> + 3 16,1	<i>h. m.</i> 16 10	Georgian. δ Piscium.
Tues	2	41 57,3	23 6 44	3 27,7	16 57	
Wed	3	46 5,4	23 2 24	3 39,1	17 44	
Thurs	4	50 13,0	22 57 39	3 50,3	18 32	
Fri	5	54 20,5	22 52 30	4 1,1	19 24	
Satur	6	58 27,6	22 47 7	4 11,7	20 20	{ τ Arietis. { e Pleiadum.
SUN	7	7 2 34,5	22 41 0	4 21,9	21 20	Mercury.
Mon	8	6 40,9	22 34 40	4 31,8	22 23	
Tues	9	10 47,0	22 27 56	4 41,3	23 25	
Wed	10	14 52,8	22 20 49	4 50,4	—	
Thurs	11	18 58,1	22 13 18	4 59,2	0 25	
Fri	12	23 3,0	22 5 25	5 7,5	1 21	Venus. Mars. Jupiter.
Satur	13	27 7,4	21 57 8	5 15,3	2 12	
SUN	14	31 11,4	21 48 29	5 22,7	2 58	
Mon	15	35 14,9	21 39 28	5 29,7	3 41	
Tues	16	39 18,0	21 30 5	5 36,0	4 19	
Wed	17	43 20,4	21 20 20	5 41,9	5 1	2 Scorpii.
Thurs	18	47 22,3	21 10 13	5 47,3	5 41	
Fri	19	51 27,7	20 59 44	5 52,0	6 23	
Satur	20	55 24,4	20 48 55	5 56,3	7 8	
SUN	21	59 24,7	20 37 44	5 59,9	7 55	Saturn. Sagittarii. 2 Sagittarii. 7 Capricorni.
Mon	22	8 3 24,3	20 26 12	6 3,0	8 46	
Tues	23	7 23,4	20 14 20	6 5,5	9 40	
Wed	24	11 21,9	20 2 7	6 7,4	10 36	
Thurs	25	15 19,8	19 49 35	6 8,8	11 31	
Fri	26	19 17,1	19 36 43	6 9,6	12 25	Georgian.
Satur	27	23 13,9	19 23 32	6 9,6	13 17	
SUN	28	27 10,0	19 20 1	6 9,4	14 6	
Mon	29	31 5,6	18 56 11	6 8,3	14 54	
Tues	30	35 0,6	18 42 3	6 6,8	15 42	
Wed	31	38 55,0	18 27 36	6 4,6	16 30	

JULY 1839—ASTRONOMICAL PHENOMENA.

Mercury is invisible at the beginning of the month, but towards the end may be seen in a westerly direction just after sunset.

Venus continues an evening star throughout the month,

	H.	M.
Sets on the 1st at.....	9	20 Evening.
— 31st at.....	9	0 Evening.

Earth is situated at her greatest distance from the Sun on the 1st;—enters the sign *Aquarius* or the Sun enters *Leo* on the 23d.

Mars is situated in the constellations *Leo* and *Virgo*,

	H.	M.
Sets on the 1st at.....	11	33 Evening.
— 31st at.....	10	28 Evening.

Jupiter is in quadrature with the Sun on the 1st; passes the meridian

	H.	M.
On the 1st at.....	6	1 Evening.
— 31st at.....	4	15 Evening.

Saturn is situated in the constellation *Scorpio*; passes the meridian

	H.	M.
On the 1st at.....	9	36 Evening.
— 31st at.....	7	33 Evening.

Georgian is situated in the constellation *Aquarius*; passes the meridian

	H.	M.
On the 1st at.....	4	32 Morning.
— 31st at.....	2	33 Morning.

ECLIPSES OF JUPITER'S SATELLITES VISIBLE AT MADRAS.

Satellites				Mean Time.				Satellites.				Mean Time.			
				H.	M.	S.						H.	M.	S.	
1st	Em.	of	I	6	52	30		15th	Im.	of	II	10	14	44	
1st	Im.	of	II	7	21	43		15th	Em.	of	I	10	41	42	
8th	Em.	of	I	8	47	7		24th	Em.	of	I	7	4	54	
8th	Im.	of	II	7	37	15		31st	Em.	of	I	8	59	28	
8th	Em.	of	II	9	58	59									

RESULT OF METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS MADE AT THE MADRAS OBSERVATORY.

	Mean Height of the		Extremes of the Ther-		Depth to which rain falls.
	Barome-ter.	Thermo-meter.	Maximum.	Minimum.	
	Inches.	°	°	°	Inches.
1 to 10	29,853	86,2	95,2	73,5	1,00
10 — 20	29,856	85,1			1,21
20 — 31	29,865	84,8			1,52

With this month the rains of the S. W. Monsoon begin—generally in heavy but partial showers. The weather may be reckoned among the most cloudy of the year, there being only six clear days, the remaining days consist of thirteen cloudy, and twelve of flying clouds and haze; of these there are eight days on which rain falls, and about three of thunder and lightning. The sea breeze is very uncertain as to the time it commences or ceases, and not unfrequently fails for several days together.

The hottest time of the day is at 2h. 20m. P. M.; the coldest at 4h. 0m. A. M.

JULY 1839—REMARKABLE DAYS.

	THE SUN.		
	Rises.	Sets.	
	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	
1 Monday	5 38	6 22	Battle of the Boyne 1690.
2 Tuesday	5 38	6 22	
3 Wednesday	5 38	6 22	
4 Thursday	5 38	6 22	Translation of St. Martin.
5 Friday	5 38	6 22	
6 Saturday	5 38	6 22	
7 SUNDAY	5 38	6 22	6th Sunday after Trinity.
8 Monday	5 38	6 22	
9 Tuesday	5 38	6 22	
10 Wednesday	5 39	6 21	
11 Thursday	5 39	6 21	
12 Friday	5 39	6 21	
13 Saturday	5 39	6 21	
14 SUNDAY	5 39	6 21	7th Sunday after Trinity.
15 Monday	5 39	6 21	St. Swithin.
16 Tuesday	5 40	6 20	
17 Wednesday	5 40	6 20	
18 Thursday	5 40	6 20	Supreme Court 3d Term commences.
19 Friday	5 40	6 19	
20 Saturday	5 40	6 19	
21 SUNDAY	5 40	6 19	8th Sunday after Trinity. <i>Bl. P. H. de.</i>
22 Monday	5 41	6 19	Battle of Salamanca 1812.
23 Tuesday	5 41	6 19	
24 Wednesday	5 41	6 18	
25 Thursday	5 41	6 18	St. James. DUCHESS OF CAMBRIDGE BORN 1797.
26 Friday	5 41	6 18	St. Anne.
27 Saturday	5 42	6 18	
28 SUNDAY	5 42	6 18	9th Sunday after Trinity.
29 Monday	5 42	6 18	French Revolution 1830.
30 Tuesday	5 42	6 17	
31 Wednesday	5 42	6 17	

AUGUST XXXI DAYS.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

D. H. M.

☾ Last Quarter.....	2 3 10 Evening.
● New Moon.....	9 2 40 Evening.
☾ First Quarter.....	17 1 59 Evening.
○ Full Moon.....	25 2 59 Morning.
☾ Last Quarter.....	31 8 9 Evening.

Days of the Week.	Days of the Month.	THE SUN'S		EQUATION OF TIME.	Culminates.	THE MOON PASSES NEAR TO
		Right Ascension.	Declina- tion.			
Thurs	1	<i>h. m. s.</i> 8 42 48,9	<i>d. m. s.</i> N 18 12 50	<i>m. s.</i> + 6 1,9	<i>h. m.</i> 17 20	
Fri	2	46 42,2	17 57 46	5 58,5	18 14	^a Arietis.
Satur	3	50 34,7	17 42 25	5 54,6	19 11	^e Pleiadum.
SUN	4	54 26,7	17 26 47	5 50,1	20 12	
Mon	5	58 18,1	17 10 51	5 45,0	21 14	^β Tauri.
Tues	6	2 9,0	16 54 39	5 39,4	22 14	
Wed	7	5 59,2	16 38 9	5 33,1	23 11	
Thurs	8	9 48,9	16 21 21	5 26,3		
Fri	9	13 38,0	16 4 24	5 18,8	0 3	
Satur	10	17 26,6	15 47 7	5 10,8	0 50	
SUN	11	21 14,5	15 29 35	5 2,3	1 35	<i>Mercury.</i>
Mon	12	25 1,9	15 11 48	4 53,1	2 16	<i>Venus.</i>
Tues	13	28 48,8	14 53 47	4 43,4	2 56	<i>Jupiter.</i>
Wed	14	32 35,0	14 35 31	4 33,1	3 37	<i>Mars.</i>
Thurs	15	36 20,6	14 17 2	4 22,3	4 18	
Fri	16	40 5,7	13 58 19	4 10,9	5 1	
Satur	17	43 50,3	13 39 23	3 58,9	5 47	<i>Saturn.</i>
SUN	18	47 34,3	13 20 14	3 46,5	6 37	^a Scorpii.
Mon	19	51 17,9	13 0 52	3 33,5	7 29	Sagittarii.
Tues	20	55 0,9	12 41 18	3 19,9	8 23	^τ Sagittarii.
Wed	21	58 43,5	12 21 31	3 6,0	9 19	
Thurs	22	2 25,5	12 1 34	2 51,5	10 13	^η Capricornii.
Fri	23	6 7,1	11 41 25	2 36,5	11 6	^δ Capricornii.
Satur	24	9 48,2	11 21 4	2 21,1	11 58	
SUN	25	13 28,8	11 0 34	2 5,2	12 47	<i>Georgian.</i>
Mon	26	17 9,1	10 39 52	1 49,0	13 36	
Tues	27	20 49,0	10 19 1	1 32,4	14 25	^δ Piscium.
Wed	28	24 28,5	9 58 0	1 15,3	15 16	
Thurs	29	28 7,6	9 36 49	0 58,0	16 9	^ε Arietis.
Fri	30	31 46,4	9 15 28	0 40,3	17 6	
Satur	31	35 25,0	8 53 58	0 22,2	18 6	

AUGUST 1839—ASTRONOMICAL PHENOMENA.

Mercury is situated at his greatest eastern elongation from the Sun on the 5th, and becomes stationary on the 18th.

Venus continues an evening star throughout the month,

	H.	M.
Sets on the 1st at	9	0 Evening.
— 31st at	8	0 Evening.

Earth enters the sign *Piscis* or the Sun enters *Virgo* on the 23d.

Mars is situated in the constellation *Virgo*,

	H.	M.
Sets on the 1st at	10	28 Evening.
— 31st at	9	35 Evening.

Jupiter is situated in the constellation *Virgo*,

	H.	M.
Sets on the 1st at	10	10 Evening.
— 31st at	8	32 Evening.

Saturn in the constellation *Scorpio* becomes stationary on the 8th : passes the meridian

	H.	M.
On the 1st at	7	29 Evening.
— 31st at	5	33 Evening.

Georgian is situated in the constellation *Aquarius* : passes the meridian

	H.	M.
On the 1st at	2	29 Morning.
— 31st at	0	27 Morning.

ECLIPSES OF JUPITER'S SATELLITES VISIBLE AT MADRAS.

Satellites.		Mean Time.			Satellites.		Mean Time.		
		H.	M.	S.			H.	M.	S.
2d	Em. of II	7	9	34	4th	Em. of III	9	1	13
4th	Im. of III	6	36	40	16th	Em. of I	7	17	10

RESULT OF METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS MADE AT THE MADRAS OBSERVATORY.

		Mean Height of the		Extremes of the Thermo-		Depth to which rain falls.
		Barometer.	Thermometer.	Maximum.	Minimum.	
		Inches.	°	°	°	Inches.
1	to 10	29,878	84,6	93,4	72,9	1,77
10	— 20	29,876	84,6			1,51
20	— 31	29,887	84,6			1,48

The regular westerly winds which terminate about the middle of this month are succeeded by winds of a light and variable nature, mostly from the West and South. Calms, haze, and rain occur in about the same proportions as last month, leaving about eight days of clear weather. Lightning unattended by thunder is very frequent, but thus accompanied, it occurs only once or twice. The sea breeze assumes much the same character as that experienced last month, commencing at 2 or 3 P. M. and continuing till 8 or 10 P. M. Dew is sometimes discovered, but more frequently fails.

The hottest time of the day is at 2h. P. M. ; the coldest at 3h. A. M.

AUGUST 1839—REMARKABLE DAYS.

	THE SUN		
	Rises.	Sets.	
	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	
1 Thursday	5 43	6 17	Lammas day. Battle of the Nile 1798.
2 Friday	5 43	6 17	Battle of Blenheim 1704.
3 Saturday	5 43	6 17	
4 SUNDAY	5 44	6 17	10th Sunday after Trinity.
5 Monday	5 44	6 16	
6 Tuesday	5 44	6 16	Transfiguration.
7 Wednesday	5 44	6 16	Supreme Court 3d Term concludes. <i>Leipsig Bay</i>
8 Thursday	5 45	6 15	
9 Friday	5 45	6 15	
10 Saturday	5 45	6 15	St. Lawrence.
11 SUNDAY	5 46	6 14	11th Sunday after Trinity.
12 Monday	5 46	6 14	
13 Tuesday	5 46	6 14	ADELAIDE, QUEEN DOWAGER, BORN 1792.
14 Wednesday	5 47	6 13	
15 Thursday	5 47	6 13	
16 Friday	5 47	6 13	<i>A. 10 11.33/4 -</i>
17 Saturday	5 48	6 12	DUCHESS OF KENT BORN 1786.
18 SUNDAY	5 48	6 12	12th Sunday after Trinity.
19 Monday	5 48	6 12	
20 Tuesday	5 49	6 11	
21 Wednesday	5 49	6 11	
22 Thursday	5 49	6 11	Battle of Bosworth Field 1485.
23 Friday	5 50	6 10	
24 Saturday	5 50	6 10	St. Bartholomew.
25 SUNDAY	5 50	6 10	13th Sunday after Trinity. <i>Blackburn</i>
26 Monday	5 51	6 9	
27 Tuesday	5 51	6 9	
28 Wednesday	5 51	6 8	St. Augustine.
29 Thursday	5 52	6 8	St. John Baptist beheaded.
30 Friday	5 52	6 8	
31 Saturday	5 52	6 7	<i>Blackburn</i>

SEPTEMBER XXX DAYS.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

D. H. M.

- New Moon..... 8 3 42 Morning.
 ☾ First Quarter..... 16 7 21 Morning.
 ○ Full Moon..... 23 0 31 Evening.
 ☾ Last Quarter..... 30 3 5 Morning.

Days of the Week.	Days of the Month.	THE SUN'S		EQUATION OF TIME.	Culminates.	THE MOON PASSES NEAR TO
		Right Ascensi- on.	Declina- tion.			
SUN	1	<i>h. m. s.</i> 10 39 3,1	<i>d. m. s.</i> N 8 32 20	<i>s. m.</i> + 0 4,4	<i>h. m.</i> 19 7	β Tauri.
Mon	2	42 41,0	8 10 33	0 14,7	20 7	
Tues	3	46 18,6	7 48 39	0 33,6	21 4	
Wed	4	49 55,9	7 26 36	0 52,9	21 57	γ Cancr.
Thurs	5	53 32,9	7 4 27	1 12,3	22 45	
Fri	6	57 9,8	6 42 10	1 31,9	23 30	Mercury.
Satur	7	11 0 46,4	6 19 47	1 51,8	—	
SUN	8	4 22,9	5 57 18	2 11,8	0 12	
Mon	9	7 59,2	5 34 42	2 32,0	0 53	
Tues	10	11 35,2	5 12 0	2 52,4	1 33	{ Venus. Jupiter.
Wed	11	15 11,1	4 49 13	3 13,0	2 14	
Thurs	12	18 46,9	4 26 22	3 33,7	2 56	Mars.
Fri	13	22 22,5	4 3 26	3 54,6	3 41	2 Scorpii.
Satur	14	25 58,1	3 40 26	4 15,4	4 29	
SUN	15	29 33,7	3 17 22	4 36,4	5 19	
Mon	16	33 9,1	2 54 14	4 57,5	6 12	Sagittarii.
Tues	17	36 44,5	2 31 4	5 18,6	7 6	γ Sagittarii.
Wed	18	40 19,8	2 7 51	5 39,8	8 0	
Thurs	19	43 55,2	1 44 34	6 0,9	8 53	η Capricorni.
Fri	20	47 30,6	1 21 16	6 22,0	9 45	
Satur	21	51 6,0	0 57 45	6 43,1	10 35	Georgian.
SUN	22	54 41,4	0 34 33	7 4,1	11 24	
Mon	23	58 17,0	0 11 10	7 25,0	12 14	δ Piscium.
Tues	24	12 1 52,7	S 0 12 14	7 45,9	13 5	
Wed	25	5 28,4	0 35 38	8 6,6	14 0	α Arietis.
Thurs	26	9 4,5	0 59 3	8 27,1	14 57	ε Pleiadum.
Fri	27	12 40,7	1 22 28	8 47,4	15 58	
Satur	28	16 17,0	1 45 53	9 7,5	17 1	β Tauri.
SUN	29	19 53,6	2 9 17	9 27,4	18 2	
Mon	30	23 30,5	2 32 41	9 47,1	19 0	

SEPTEMBER 1839—ASTRONOMICAL PHENOMENA.

Mercury is situated at his inferior conjunction with the Sun on the 2d, becomes stationary on the 10th, and arrives at his greatest elongation from the Sun on the 18th.

Venus continues an evening star, but approaching towards the Sun, is invisible at the end of the month.

Earth enters the sign *Aries* or the Sun enters *Libra* on the 23d.

Mars is situated in the constellation *Libra*,

	H. M.
Sets on the 1st at.....	9 35 Evening.
—— 30th at.....	8 40 Evening.

Jupiter is situated in the constellation *Virgo*,

	H. M.
Sets on the 1st at.....	8 25 Evening.
—— 30th at.....	6 55 Evening.

Saturn is situated in the constellation *Scorpio*,

	H. M.
Sets on the 1st at.....	11 20 Evening.
—— 30th at.....	9 30 Evening.

Georgian in the constellation *Aquarius* arrives at opposition to the Sun on the 7th.

ECLIPSES OF JUPITER'S SATELLITES VISIBLE AT MADRAS.

Satellites.		Mean Time.	Satellites.		Mean Time.
		H. M. S.			H. M. S.
3d	Em. of II	6 54 12	8th	Em. of I	7 29 3

RESULT OF METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS MADE AT THE MADRAS OBSERVATORY.

	Mean Height of the		Extremes of the Ther-		Depth to which rain falls.
	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Maximum.	Minimum.	
	Inches.	°	°	°	Inches.
1 to 10	29,887	84,5	} 92,9	} 72,3	1,40
10 — 20	29,903	83,4			2,25
20 — 30	29,926	83,2			1,65

Throughout the month light and variable winds with occasional calms continue, and with the exception that the weather is not quite so much clouded, the remarks of last month apply with equal propriety to this. Lightning occurs almost every evening, but accompanied by thunder three times only. The sea breeze sets in about 2 or 3 P. M. and blows till 8 or 10 A. M. but occasionally fails for two or three days together. Dew is common, but small in quantity.

The hottest time of the day is at 2h. P. M.; the coldest at 4h. 20m. A. M.

SEPTEMBER 1839—REMARKABLE DAYS.

		THE SUN.			
		Rises.	Sets.		
		<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>		
1 SUNDAY	5 53	6 7	14th Sunday after Trinity. Giles.		
2 Monday	5 53	6 7			
3 Tuesday	5 53	6 7			
4 Wednesday	5 54	6 6			
5 Thursday	5 54	6 6	Malta taken 1800.		
6 Friday	5 54	6 6			
7 Saturday	5 54	6 6			
8 SUNDAY	5 54	6 5	15th Sunday after Trinity. Nativity of V. Mary.		
9 Monday	5 55	6 5			
10 Tuesday	5 55	6 5			
11 Wednesday	5 55	6 5			
12 Thursday	5 56	6 4	Supreme Court, 4th Term commences.		
13 Friday	5 56	6 4	General Wolfe killed 1759.		
14 Saturday	5 56	6 4	Holy Cross. Moscow burnt 1812.		
15 SUNDAY	5 57	6 3	16th Sunday after Trinity. The Indian Press freed 1835.		
16 Monday	5 57	6 3			
17 Tuesday	5 57	6 3	Lambert.		
18 Wednesday	5 58	6 2			
19 Thursday	5 58	6 2	Battle of Poitiers 1356.		
20 Friday	5 58	6 2			
21 Saturday	5 59	6 1	St. Matthew.		
22 SUNDAY	5 59	6 1	17th Sunday after Trinity.		
23 Monday	6 0	6 0	Battle of Assaye 1803.		
24 Tuesday	6 0	6 0			
25 Wednesday	6 1	5 59			
26 Thursday	6 1	5 59	St. Cyprian.		
27 Friday	6 1	5 58			
28 Saturday	6 2	5 58			
29 SUNDAY	6 2	5 58	18th Sunday after Trinity—St. Michael.		
30 Monday	6 2	5 57	St. Jerome.		

OCTOBER XXXI DAYS.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

D. H. M.

- New Moon..... 7 7 35 Evening.
 ☾ First Quarter.....15 11 46 Evening.
 ○ Full Moon.....22 9 52 Evening.
 ☾ Last Quarter.....29 1 21 Evening.

Days of the Week.	Days of the Month.	THE SUN'S		EQUATION OF TIME.	Culminates.	THE MOON PASSES NEAR TO
		Right Ascension.	Declina- tion.			
		<i>h. m. s.</i>	<i>S d. m. s.</i>	<i>m. s.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	
Tues	1	12 27 7,7	2 56 3	— 10 6,4	19 54	γ Cancri.
Wed	2	30 45,1	3 19 23	10 25,5	20 43	
Thurs	3	34 22,9	3 42 41	10 44,3	21 28	
Fri	4	38 0,9	4 5 57	11 2,7	22 8	
Satur	5	41 39,3	4 29 10	11 20,8	22 51	τ Leonis.
SUN	6	45 18,1	4 52 19	11 38,6	23 31	{ Mercury. Venus.
Mon	7	48 57,2	5 15 25	11 55,9	—	
Tues	8	52 36,8	5 38 27	12 12,8	0 11	Jupiter.
Wed	9	56 16,8	6 1 25	12 29,4	0 53	
Thurs	10	59 57,1	6 24 18	12 45,4	1 37	2 Scorpii.
Fri	11	13 3 38,0	6 47 6	13 1,0	2 24	{ Mars. Saturn.
Satur	12	7 19,3	7 9 40	13 16,3	3 13	
SUN	13	11 1,1	7 32 25	13 30,9	4 4	3 Sagittarii.
Mon	14	14 43,4	7 54 55	13 45,1	4 56	τ Sagittarii.
Tues	15	18 26,3	8 17 18	13 58,8	5 49	
Wed	16	22 9,7	8 39 34	14 12,0	6 41	η Capricornii.
Thurs	17	25 53,5	9 1 43	14 24,6	7 32	
Fri	18	29 38,0	9 23 43	14 36,6	8 22	σ Aquarii.
Satur	19	33 23,1	9 45 36	14 48,0	9 10	Georgian.
SUN	20	37 8,8	10 7 20	14 58,9	9 59	
Mon	21	40 55,1	10 28 55	15 9,1	10 47	δ Piscium
Tues	22	44 42,1	10 50 21	15 18,7	11 43	
Wed	23	48 29,8	11 11 37	15 27,6	12 41	c Arietis.
Thurs	24	52 18,0	11 32 43	15 35,8	13 42	e Pleiadum.
Fri	25	56 7,1	11 53 39	15 43,3	14 47	β Tauri.
Satur	26	59 56,8	12 14 23	15 50,1	15 51	
SUN	27	14 3 47,3	12 34 57	15 53,2	16 52	
Mon	28	7 38,5	12 55 14	16 1,5	17 49	γ Cancri.
Tues	29	11 30,5	13 15 29	16 6,1	18 40	
Wed	30	15 23,2	13 35 27	16 9,8	19 27	
Thurs	31	19 16,8	13 55 12	16 12,8	20 10	

OCTOBER 1839—ASTRONOMICAL PHENOMENA.

Mercury arrives at his superior conjunction with the Sun on the 15th, and continues invisible throughout the month.

Venus arrives at her inferior conjunction with the Sun on the 5th, and remains invisible throughout the month.

Earth enters the sign *Taurus* or the Sun enters *Scorpio* on the 23d.

Mars is situated in the constellation *Scorpii*,

H. M.

Sets on the 1st at..... 8 50 Evening.

— 31st at..... 8 28 Evening.

Jupiter in the constellation *Virgo* arrives at the conjunction with the Sun on the 22d, and continues invisible throughout the month.

Saturn is situated in the constellation *Scorpii*,

H. M.

Sets on the 1st at..... 9 25 Evening.

— 31st at..... 7 40 Evening.

Georgian is situated in the constellation *Aquarius*, passes the meridian

H. M.

On the 1st at..... 10 21 Evening.

— 31st at..... 8 20 Evening.

ECLIPSES OF JUPITER'S SATELLITES ARE NOT VISIBLE THIS MONTH.

RESULT OF METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS MADE AT THE MADRAS OBSERVATORY.

	Mean Height of the		Extremes of the Thermo- meter.		Depth to which rain falls.
	Barome- ter.	Thermo- meter.	Maximum.	Minimum.	
	Inches.	°	°	°	Inches.
1 to 10	29,945	83,1	} 91,5	} 70,6	2,65
10 — 20	29,972	82,0			2,43
20 — 31	29,981	81,1			6,04

The clouds now begin to assume a more dense appearance than heretofore : calms, lightning, and rain, are very frequent till the 9th, when the N. E. Monsoon, or rainy season, sets in : from this time till the end of the month, the atmosphere assumes a very disturbed appearance ; extremely heavy rain with storms of wind, thunder and lightning invariably occur, and gales of wind of a similar nature to those which occur in the earlier part of the year* are sometimes experienced. On these occasions a depression of the Barometer of 4 or 5 tenths of an inch is observed. The sea breeze, or rather a slight modification of the N. E. wind, is perceived towards the middle of the day.

The hottest time of the day is at 1 P. M. ; the coldest at 4h. 50m. A. M.

* See remark for month of May.

OCTOBER 1839—REMARKABLE DAYS.

	THE SUN		
	Rises.	Sets.	
	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	
1 Tuesday	6 3	5 57	
2 Wednesday	6 3	5 56	Supreme Court, 4th Term concludes. <i>Arthur Lock</i>
3 Thursday	6 4	5 56	
4 Friday	6 4	5 56	
5 Saturday	6 4	5 56	Marquis Cornwallis died 1803. <i>Wm. Deane</i>
6 SUNDAY	6 5	5 55	19th Sunday after Trinity.
7 Monday	6 5	5 55	
8 Tuesday	6 5	5 54	
9 Wednesday	6 6	5 54	St. Deny's Baptism.
10 Thursday	6 6	5 54	
11 Friday	6 6	5 54	Battle of Camperdown 1797.
12 Saturday	6 6	5 54	
13 SUNDAY	6 7	5 53	20th Sunday after Trinity.
14 Monday	6 7	5 53	Battle of Hastings 1066.
15 Tuesday	6 7	5 53	
16 Wednesday	6 8	5 53	<i>William Lock & Earth River</i>
17 Thursday	6 8	5 52	
18 Friday	6 8	5 52	St. Luke.
19 Saturday	6 9	5 51	
20 SUNDAY	6 9	5 51	21st Sunday after Trinity. Battle of Navarino 1827.
21 Monday	6 9	5 51	Battle of Trafalgar 1805.
22 Tuesday	6 10	5 50	
23 Wednesday	6 10	5 50	
24 Thursday	6 10	5 50	
25 Friday	6 11	5 49	Crispin. Battle of Agincourt 1415.
26 Saturday	6 11	5 49	<i>Hand</i>
27 SUNDAY	6 12	5 49	22d Sunday after Trinity.
28 Monday	6 12	5 48	St. Simon and St. Jude.
29 Tuesday	6 12	5 48	
30 Wednesday	6 13	5 48	
31 Thursday	6 13	5 47	

NOVEMBER XXX DAYS.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

D. H. M.

- New Moon..... 6 1 33 Evening.
 ☽ First Quarter.....14 2 34 Evening.
 ○ Full Moon.....21 7 34 Morning.
 ☾ Last Quarter.....28 3 47 Morning.

Days of the Week.	Days of the Month.	THE SUN'S		EQUATION OF TIME.	Culminates.	THE MOON PASSES NEAR TO
		Right Ascension.	Declina- tion.			
Fri	1	<i>h. m. s.</i> 14 23 11,1	<i>d. m. s.</i> S 14 14 43	<i>m. s.</i> -16 15,0	<i>h. m.</i> 20 51	♄ Leonis.
Satur	2	27 6,2	14 34 2	16 16,3	21 30	Venus.
SUN	3	31 2,2	14 53 5	16 16,9	22 10	
Mon	4	34 59,2	15 11 55	16 16,6	22 52	
Tues	5	38 56,8	15 30 29	16 15,5	23 35	Jupiter.
Wed	6	42 55,4	15 48 48	16 13,6		
Thurs	7	46 54,6	16 6 50	16 10,8	0 21	Mercury.
Fri	8	50 54,7	16 24 38	16 7,2	1 9	Saturn.
Satur	9	54 55,8	16 42 9	16 2,8	2 0	Mars.
SUN	10	58 57,6	16 59 22	15 57,5	2 51	♊ Sagittarii.
Mon	11	3 0,4	17 16 18	15 51,4	3 44	
Tues	12	7 3,9	17 32 56	15 44,5	4 35	
Wed	13	11 8,2	17 49 16	15 36,7	5 25	♋ Capricorni.
Thurs	14	15 13,4	18 5 17	15 28,1	6 13	♌ Aquarii.
Fri	15	19 19,4	18 20 58	15 18,7	7 0	Georgian.
Satur	16	23 26,3	18 36 20	15 8,4	7 47	
SUN	17	27 34,0	18 51 22	14 57,3	8 35	♍ Piscium.
Mon	18	31 42,4	19 6 5	14 45,4	9 26	
Tues	19	35 51,7	19 20 27	14 32,7	10 20	♎ Arietis.
Wed	20	40 1,8	19 34 28	14 19,1	11 20	♏ Pleiadum.
Thurs	21	44 12,9	19 48 8	14 4,8	12 25	
Fri	22	48 24,6	20 1 26	13 49,6	13 31	♐ Tauri.
Satur	23	52 37,2	20 14 22	13 33,6	14 36	
SUN	24	56 50,5	20 26 56	13 16,9	15 37	
Mon	25	1 4,7	20 39 7	12 59,3	16 32	♑ Cancr.
Tues	26	5 19,6	20 50 55	12 41,0	17 22	♒ Leonis.
Wed	27	9 35,3	21 2 19	12 21,9	18 5	
Thurs	28	13 51,7	21 13 21	12 2,1	18 50	♓ Leonis.
Fri	29	18 9,0	21 23 58	11 41,5	19 30	
Satur	30	22 26,8	21 34 11	11 20,3	20 10	

NOVEMBER 1839—ASTRONOMICAL PHENOMENA.

Mercury is situated at his greatest elongation from the Sun on the 30th.

Venus arrives at her greatest state of brilliancy on the 10th, and continues a morning star throughout the month.

Earth enters the sign *Gemini* or the Sun enters *Sagittarius* on the 22d.

Mars is situated in the constellations *Sagittarius* and *Aquarius*,

H. M.

Sets on the 1st at 8 25 Evening.

— 30th at 8 5 Evening.

Jupiter is situated in the constellation *Virgo*,

H. M.

Rises on the 1st at 5 20 Morning.

— 30th at 3 50 Morning.

Saturn is situated in the constellation *Scorpio* :

H. M.

Sets on the 1st at 7 30 Evening.

— 30th at 5 50 Evening.

Georgian is situated in the constellation *Aquarius* : passes the meridian

H. M.

On the 1st at 8 16 Evening.

— 30th at 6 21 Evening.

ECLIPSES OF JUPITER'S SATELLITES ARE NOT VISIBLE THIS MONTH.

RESULT OF METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS MADE AT THE MADRAS OBSERVATORY.

	Mean Height of the		Extremes of the Thermometer.		Depth to which rain falls.
	Barometer	Thermometer.	Maximum.	Minimum.	
	Inches.	°			Inches.
1 to 10	29.997	79.7	} 87.0	67.6	4.49
10 — 20	30.026	78.8			5.09
20 — 30	30.053	78.2			4.55

The N. E. Monsoon continues with unabated force, and the state of the weather generally is much the same as that experienced towards the end of last month, save that an increased dampness of the air and the less frequent occurrence of lightning render a distinction necessary. The number of clear and cloudy days in this as well as last month, is liable to great uncertainty.

The remarks relative to the sea breeze of last month apply equally to this.

The hottest time of the day is at 0h. 20m. P.M. ; the coldest at 5h. 40m. A.M.

NOVEMBER 1835—REMARKABLE DAYS.

	THE SUN		
	Rises.	Sets.	
	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	
1 Friday	6 14	5 46	All Saints
2 Saturday	6 14	5 46	All Souls..
3 SUNDAY	6 14	5 46	23d Sunday after Trinity. PRINCESS SOPHIA BORN 1777.
4 Monday	6 14	5 46	K. W. III landed 1688.
5 Tuesday	6 15	5 45	Gunpowder Plot 1605. <i>Cape Town.</i>
* 6 Wednesday	6 15	5 45	<i>Scotch Whine</i>
7 Thursday	6 15	5 45	Battle of Prague 1660.
8 Friday	6 15	5 45	PRINCESS AUGUSTA SOPHIA BORN 1768.
9 Saturday	6 16	5 44	
10 SUNDAY	6 16	5 44	24th Sunday after Trinity
11 Monday	6 16	5 44	St. Martin. <i>St. Andrew</i>
12 Tuesday	6 16	5 44	
13 Wednesday	6 17	5 43	
14 Thursday	6 17	5 43	
15 Friday	6 17	5 43	
16 Saturday	6 17	5 43	
17 SUNDAY	6 17	5 43	25th Sunday after Trinity.
18 Monday	6 18	5 42	
19 Tuesday	6 18	5 42	
20 Wednesday	6 18	5 42	
21 Thursday	6 18	5 41	Lord Hawke's Victory 1750.
22 Friday	6 19	5 41	Cecilia. Lord Clive died 1774.
23 Saturday	6 19	5 41	
24 SUNDAY	6 19	5 41	26th Sunday after Trinity.
25 Monday	6 19	5 41	
26 Tuesday	6 20	5 40	Nagpore taken.
27 Wednesday	6 20	5 40	
* 28 Thursday	6 20	5 40	Marquis of Hastings died 1826.
29 Friday	6 20	5 40	
* 30 Saturday	6 21	5 39	St. Andrew.

DECEMBER XXXI DAYS.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

D. H. M.

- New Moon..... 6 8 22 Morning.
 ☾ First Quarter..... 14 3 10 Morning.
 ○ Full Moon..... 20 6 6 Evening.
 ☾ Last Quarter..... 27 10 7 Evening.

Days of the Week.	Days of the Month.	THE SUN'S		EQUATION OF TIME.	Culminates.	THE MOON PASSES NEAR TO
		Right Ascension.	Declina- tion.			
SUN	1	<i>h. m. s.</i> 16 26 45,3	<i>d. m. s.</i> S 21 43 59	<i>m. s.</i> - 10 54,3	<i>h. m.</i> 20 50	<i>Venus.</i>
Mon	2	31 4,6	21 53 23	10 35,6	21 33	<i>Jupiter.</i>
Tues	3	35 24,5	22 2 21	10 12,3	22 18	
Wed	4	39 45,1	22 10 53	9 48,4	23 5	<i>Saturn.</i>
Thurs	5	44 6,3	22 18 59	9 23,8	23 55	
Fri	6	48 28,0	22 26 40	8 58,7		<i>Mercury.</i>
Satur	7	52 50,3	22 33 48	8 33,1	0 47	
SUN	8	57 13,1	22 40 41	8 7,0	1 40	<i>♄ Sagittarii.</i>
Mon	9	17 1 36,3	22 47 2	7 40,4	2 32	
Tues	10	6 0,0	22 52 56	7 13,4	3 22	<i>♅ Capricorni.</i>
Wed	11	10 24,1	22 58 23	6 45,9	4 10	<i>Georgian.</i>
Thurs	12	14 48,6	23 3 23	6 18,0	4 56	
Fri	13	19 13,4	23 7 55	5 49,8	5 41	<i>♆ Piscium.</i>
Satur	14	23 38,6	23 11 59	5 21,3	6 27	
SUN	15	28 4,0	23 15 35	4 52,5	7 15	
Mon	16	32 29,7	23 18 44	4 23,5	8 5	
Tues	17	36 55,6	23 21 24	3 54,2	9 0	<i>♁ Arietis.</i>
Wed	18	41 21,6	23 23 37	3 24,8	10 1	<i>♊ Pleiadum.</i>
Thurs	19	45 47,9	23 25 21	2 55,9	11 6	<i>♈ Tauri.</i>
Fri	20	50 14,3	23 26 37	2 25,5	12 13	<i>♉ Geminor.</i>
Satur	21	54 40,8	23 27 23	1 55,7	13 17	
SUN	22	59 7,3	23 27 42	1 25,7	14 17	
Mon	23	18 3 33,9	23 27 35	0 55,8	15 12	<i>♋ Leonis.</i>
Tues	24	8 0,5	23 27 0	0 25,8	16 0	<i>♌ Leonis.</i>
Wed	25	12 27,2	23 25 55	0 4,2	16 44	
Thurs	26	16 53,7	23 24 22	0 34,0	17 26	
Fri	27	21 20,1	23 22 29	1 3,9	18 7	
Satur	28	25 46,5	23 19 60	1 33,5	18 48	<i>♍ Virginis.</i>
SUN	29	30 12,6	23 16 52	2 3,1	19 30	
Mon	30	34 38,7	23 13 26	2 32,4	20 14	<i>Jupiter.</i>
Tues	31	39 4,4	23 9 32	3 1,5	21 0	<i>Venus.</i>

DECEMBER 1839—ASTRONOMICAL PHENOMENA.

Mercury is situated at his inferior conjunction with the Sun on the 18th, and remains invisible during the month.

Venus is situated at her greatest western elongation from the Sun on the 16th, and continues a morning star throughout the month.

Earth enters the sign *Cancer* or the Sun enters *Capricornus* on the 22d.

Mars is situated in the constellations *Sagittarius* and *Capricornus*,

	H.	M.
Sets on the 1st at.....	8	5 Evening.
31st at.....	7	45 Evening.

Jupiter is situated in the constellation *Libra*,

	H.	M.
Rises on the 1st at.....	3	50 Morning.
— 31st at.....	2	20 Morning.

Saturn in the constellation *Scorpii*, arrives at his conjunction with the Sun on the 5th, remains invisible throughout the month.

Georgian in the constellation *Aquarius*, is in quadrature with the Sun on the 4th, passes the meridian,

	H.	M.
On the 1st at.....	6	17 Evening.
— 31st at.....	4	21 Evening.

ECLIPSES OF JUPITER'S SATELLITES VISIBLE AT MADRAS.

Satellites.				Mean Time.				Satellites.				Mean Time.			
				H.	M.	S.						H.	M.	S.	
5th	Im.	of	I	17	6	33		25th	Em.	of	III	16	18	8	
11th	Im.	of	II	16	44	31		28th	Im.	of	I	17	15	52	
21st	Im.	of	I	15	22	18									

RESULT OF METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS MADE AT THE MADRAS OBSERVATORY.

			Mean Height of the		Extremes of the Thermo-		Depth to which rain falls.
			Barome-ter.	Thermo-meter.	Maximum.	Minimum.	
			Inches.	°			Inches.
1	to	10	30,051	77,3	} 84,0	} 65,8	2,23
10	—	20	30,086	76,1			1,80
20	—	31	30,107	75,7			0,58

The heavy rains and violent gusts of wind are much moderated at the beginning of the month, and arrive at their close about the 15th : from this time the sky assumes an appearance of tranquillity and clearness which forms a strong contrast with the disturbed state of the preceding month ; the N. E. wind, however, continues throughout the month without interruption. There are about thirteen clear days, eleven cloudy, and seven days of flying clouds and haze ; of these there are six days in which rain falls. The morning exhibits a copious deposition of dew, and sometimes a ground fog which does not reach more than two or three feet above the surface. The sea breeze sets in at 10 A. M. and blows till 4 P. M.

The hottest time of the day is 0h. 50m. P. M. the coldest at 2h. 20m. A. M.

DECEMBER 1839—REMARKABLE DAYS.

	THE SUN		
	Rises.	Sets.	
	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	
1 SUNDAY	6 21	5 39	1st Sunday in Advent.
2 Monday	6 21	5 39	Battle of Austerlitz 1805.
3 Tuesday	6 21	5 39	
4 Wednesday	6 21	5 39	Suttee abolished 1829.
5 Thursday	6 21	5 39	
6 Friday	6 21	5 39	
7 Saturday	6 22	5 39	Battle of Rangoon 1824.
8 SUNDAY	6 22	5 39	2d Sunday in Advent, Concep. of V. Mary.
9 Monday	6 22	5 39	Mauritius taken 1810.
10 Tuesday	6 22	5 39	
11 Wednesday	6 22	5 38	
12 Thursday	6 22	5 38	
13 Friday	6 22	5 38	Lucy.
14 Saturday	6 22	5 38	
15 SUNDAY	6 22	5 38	3d Sunday in Advent.
16 Monday	6 22	5 38	<i>Hand - 4/24. Early dinner</i>
17 Tuesday	6 23	5 38	
18 Wednesday	6 23	5 38	
19 Thursday	6 23	5 38	
20 Friday	6 23	5 38	
21 Saturday	6 23	5 38	St. Thomas.
22 SUNDAY	6 23	5 38	4th Sunday in Advent.
23 Monday	6 23	5 38	
24 Tuesday	6 23	5 38	
25 Wednesday	6 23	5 38	Christmas Day.
26 Thursday	6 23	5 39	St. Stephen.
27 Friday	6 23	5 38	St. John.
28 Saturday	6 23	5 38	Innocents.
29 SUNDAY	6 23	5 38	1st Sunday after Christmas.
30 Monday	6 23	5 38	
31 Tuesday	6 22	5 38	

A Mahommedan and Hindoo Calendar

FOR THE YEAR 1839 ;

Corresponding with the Hindoo Æra of Wickramajit 1896 and 1897, whereof the Marroo 1897th year will commence on the 16th of March, and the Guzeratt Deccan and Concan 1897th year will commence on the 7th November, and Salwahna 1761-02, whereof the 1762d year will commence on the 16th March, and in the Carnatic, Telinga and the Malabar Column year 1814-15, whereof the 1015th year will commence on the 15th September, in the Malabar Coast, with Parsee Æra of Yezdezerd 1208-9 whereof the Saharsoyee 1209th year, will commence on the 16th September, and the Chureegar 1209th year will commence on the 11th August ; and the Hegiree 1254-55, whereof the 1255th year will commence on the 17th March, and with the Fusly year 1248-49, year will commence on the 15th July, and the year 5600 of the Jewish Æra will commence on the 9-10th September 1839, Ramadan (Month of abstinence observed by the Turks,) will commence on the 8th November 1839, and Bengallee Ballalsan Æra 1245-46 on the 12th April 1246, in the Bengal Provinces.

ENGLISH.	MAHOMMEDAN.	HOLY DAYS, FESTIVALS, &c.
1839		
Feb. 25	Zilhudge 10	Buckreed.—This is held in commemoration of Abraham offering up the ram, instead of his son Isaac.
March 17	Mohorum 1	Mohorum.—This festival of Hussain and Hassain lasts 10 days. This month is also the commencement of the 1245th year of the Hegira.
April 16	Suffer 1 to 29	Teerah Tareek.
May 8	Suffer 23	Archeery Charshumba.
	15 Rubulaval 1st to 12	Barawafat.—The conjectured date of Mahommed's decease.
June 3	Rubulaval 20	
	14 Rubbee-ussanee 1st to 11	Gariwee. Birth-day of His Highness the Nabob of the Carnatic.
July 3	Do. 20	Birth-day of His Highness Prince Azeem Jah Bahadour Naib-i-Mookhtar.
October 6	Rujjub 27	Eed Rujjub.
	23 Shaban 14	Shub-i-burat.
Nov. 8	Ramzan 1st to 30	The solemp season of Fasting begins.
Dec. 8	Shaval 1	Eed Ramzan.—The Mahommedan feast that follows the month's fasting.

ENGLISH.	HINDOO.	HOLY DAYS, FESTIVALS, &C.
1839		
January	9 Margali	27 Jaya Lutchmi Vratum.
	10	28 Trilokia Gouri Vratum.
	11	29 Ryvatamanoovady—Bhoghee feast.
	12 Tye	1 Oottarayana Punniakullum—Pungle feast.
	13	2 Maattoo Pungal.
	14	3 Savitri Gouri Vratum.
	15	4 Tye Aumavasia.
	16	5 Makascetum.
	17	6 Kilasa Gouri Vratum—Radhotsavum at Trivalloor.
	18	7 Kunda Gouri Vratum.
	20	9 Condasawmee feast begins.
	21	10 Vivaswata Munvadi.
	22	11 Radha Suptame, Bishma Austamee.
	26	15 Skundasawmi Radhotsavum.
	29	18 Tye Poosum.
February	12 Mausee	2 Maha Sivaratri Vratum.
	13	3 Dwapara Yoogadi.
	15	5 Phaulgoonasootam.
	19	9 Feast begins at Trivatoor.
	25	15 Radhotsavum at Trivatoor.
	27	17 Kamadhanum, Mallagadisava at Trivatoor.
	28	18 Holy feast.
March	8	26 Setadavee Vratum.
	12 Pungooni	1 Sravana Dwadasee.
	15	4 Aumavasia.
	16	5 Chandrasumvacheerawthly, Oogady feast.
	18	7 Soubhagya Gouri Vratum, Oottana Munivady.
	20	9 Kulpati.
	21	10 Suktana Suptami.
	23	12 Shriama Navami.
	27	16 Madana Triyodase.
	29	18 Pungunivootrum feast begins at Mylapoor.
April	4	24 Mutsya Jayenti—Radhotsavum at Mylapoor.
	11	31 Vishoovat Pooniacalum.
	12 Chittri	1 Hindoo New Years day.
	16	5 Balarama Jayenti, Tratayogadi, Atcha Tritia.
	19	8 Streepermatoor Chattoomoory.
	27	16 Narasimha Jayenti.
	28	17 Chittra Prowsnamy.
	30	19 Garedochavum at Triplicane.
May	4	23 Radhotsavum at Triplicane.
	10	29 Dutta Tria Jayenti.
	13 Viassi	1 Somavara Amavasia Vratum.
	14	2 Adhika Jastum.
	25	13 Feast begins at Conjeverum.
	27	15 Garudostavum at Conjeverum.
	31	19 Radhotsavum at Conjeverum.
June	12	31 Neeja Jasta Sooddhum.
	14 Aunee	2 Kadali Gouri Vratum.
	17	5 Aurania Gouri Vratum.
	21	9 Paupahara Dasami.
	23	11 Narasim hagarudotsavum at Triplicane.
	26	14 Bhouchia Munvadi, Jasta Bheshakum.
	27	15 Narasimha Radhotsavum at Triplicane.
July	7	25 Katikala Yakadasi.
	8	26 Koorma Jayenti.
	11	29 Aushadasootum.

ENGLISH.	HINDOO.	HOLY DAYS, FESTIVALS, &c.
1839		
July	12 Aunee	30 Amrata Lutchmi Vratum.
	14	32 Dutchunayana Poonia Calum.
	15 Audi	1 Samee Gouri Vratum, Fusly 1249.
	21	7 Chashusah Manwadi.
	22	8 Saina Yakadassi.
	24	10 Jaya Parvative Vratum.
	26	12 Vissa Pooruani.
August	2	19 Durmasavarnika Munwadi.
	10	27 Sravana soodhunn.
	11	28 Audipoorum, Shooteekoodoota Nachar Chattoo Moory.
	13	30 Nagachaturth.
	14	31 Garuda Punchami, Audi Pundaga.
	16 Auvani	2 Jaista Gouri Vratum.
	20	6 Auvany Moolum.
	23	9 Rook Oopakurmah, Vera Lutchmi Vratum.
	24	10 Yajur Oopakurmah.
	25	11 Estee kalum.
	31	17 Kristana Austami, Dasaphalah Vratum.
September	1	18 Shrijayenti.
	7	24 Rudrasavarnika Munwadi.
	8	25 Bhadrpada Sooddum.
	9	26 Kalikee Jayenti.
	10	27 Tamasa Munwadi, Hareetala Gourivratum Sawmopakurmah.
	11	28 Ootara Gouri Vratum, Vinaika Chaturth, feast begins at Tripati.
	12	29 Rooshipunchami Vratum.
	13	30 Maha Lutchme Vratum.
	15 Pertasi	1 Aumutta Bharani Suptami.
	16	2 Doorvah Astami, Jastah Astami.
	19	5 Pareevertana Yakadasee.
	20	6 Vamana Jayenti.
	22	8 Anunta Vratum.
	23	9 Oomamahaswara Vratum, Mahaliaputchum begins.
	25	11 Brahata Gouri Vratum.
	26	12 Maha Bharani.
	29	15 Maha Vetapatum.
	30	16 Madhya Austamee.
October	4	20 Yatevishia Petrutidhi.
	5	21 Kaliyoogadi.
	6	22 Sastrahata Pitrutidhi.
	7	23 Mahalia Aumavasia, Somavara Amavasia, Vratum Maha Gajachai.
	8	24 Auswija Sooddum, Navaratri or Dusseera feast begins.
	12	28 Laleta Gouri Vratum.
	14	30 Saraswati feast begins.
	15	31 Vishoovatpooniam Calum.
	16 Aaurpise	1 Saraswatipooja, Swarochisha Munwadi.
	17	2 Veja Dassami.
	18	3 Toolassi Vratum, Vistanava Veja Dassami.
	19	4 Godwadassi.
	22	7 Annabhishakum.
	25	10 Chundrodia Gouri Vratum.
November	4	20 Naraka Chatrudasi, bathing at night.
	5	21 Dipavali feast—Aumavassia.
	6	22 Kadarah Gour. Vratum.
	7	23 Karuka Soodum, Dipavali Vrishabha Vratum.
	9	25 Trilochina Gouri Vratum.
	10	26 Naga Chatturthe.

ENGLISH.	HINDOO.	HOLY DAYS, FESTIVALS, &c.
1839		
November 11	Aurpise	27 Feast begins at Trinamalay.
12		28 Skundasusti.
13		29 Kulpaudi.
14		30 Gostastame.
15	Cartega	1 Kroota Yoogadi.
17		3 Oothana Yakadasee
18		4 Swambhoova Meenwadi, Oothanadwadasi.
20		6 Survalia Dhepum, Aroonachala Dhepum at Trinamalay.
21		7 Vishnoo Dhepum.
December 7		23 Margaserasoodum, feast begins at Shreerungum.
8		24 Tintrene Gouri Vratum.
9		25 Rambha Gouri Vratum.
10		26 Vara Chaturthe.
11		27 Badari Gouri Vratum, feast begins at Chidumbarum.
12		28 Sumpadasusti, Mylaroosusti.
16	Margali	3 Smartah Yakadasi.
17		4 Vistanava Vikoonta Yakadasi.
21		8 Chidumbarum Atroodrotavum.
22		9 Parasoorama Jayenti.

TABLE
shewing the Correspondent Months and Days of the
 ENGLISH, MAHOMMEDAN AND HINDOO CALENDARS
in the Year 1839.

<i>January.</i> <i>Shaval.</i> <i>Margali or Dhoanoot.</i>	<i>February.</i> <i>Zelader.</i> <i>Tye or Makarum.</i>	<i>March.</i> <i>Zeludage.</i> <i>Mausee or Kumbum.</i>	<i>April.</i> <i>Mohorum.</i> <i>Pungooni or Meenum.</i>	<i>May.</i> <i>Suffer.</i> <i>Chittri or Mashum.</i>	<i>June.</i> <i>Robelavel.</i> <i>Vagasee or Vrishalcham.</i>
1 14 19	1 15 21	1 14 19	1 16 21	1 16 20	1 18 20
2 15 20	2 16 22	2 15 20	2 17 22	2 17 21	2 19 21
3 16 21	3 17 23	3 16 21	3 18 23	3 18 22	3 20 22
4 17 22	4 18 24	4 17 22	4 19 24	4 19 23	4 21 23
5 18 23	5 19 25	5 18 23	5 20 25	5 20 24	5 22 24
6 19 24	6 20 26	6 19 24	6 21 26	6 21 25	6 23 25
7 20 25	7 21 27	7 20 25	7 22 27	7 22 26	7 24 26
8 21 26	8 22 28	8 21 26	8 23 28	8 23 27	8 25 27
9 22 27	9 23 29	9 22 27	9 24 29	9 24 28	9 26 28
10 23 28	10 24 30	10 23 28	10 25 30	10 25 29	10 27 29
11 24 29	11 25 1	11 24 29	11 26 31	11 26 30	11 28 30
12 25 1	12 26 2	12 25 1	12 27 1	12 27 31	12 29 31
13 26 2	13 27 3	13 26 2	13 28 2	13 28 1	13 30 1
14 27 3	14 28 4	14 27 3	14 29 3	14 29 2	14 1 2
15 28 4	15 29 5	15 28 4	15 30 4	15 1 3	15 2 3
16 29 5	16 1 6	16 29 5	16 1 5	16 2 4	16 3 4
17 30 6	17 2 7	17 1 6	17 2 6	17 3 5	17 4 5
18 1 7	18 3 8	18 2 7	18 3 7	18 4 6	18 5 6
19 2 8	19 4 9	19 3 8	19 4 8	19 5 7	19 6 7
20 3 9	20 5 10	20 4 9	20 5 9	20 6 8	20 7 8
21 4 10	21 6 11	21 5 10	21 6 10	21 7 9	21 8 9
22 5 11	22 7 12	22 6 11	22 7 11	22 8 10	22 9 10
23 6 12	23 8 13	23 7 12	23 8 12	23 9 11	23 10 11
24 7 13	24 9 14	24 8 13	24 9 13	24 10 12	24 11 12
25 8 14	25 10 15	25 9 14	25 10 14	25 11 13	25 12 13
26 9 15	26 11 16	26 10 15	26 11 15	26 12 14	26 13 14
27 10 16	27 12 17	27 11 16	27 12 16	27 13 15	27 14 15
28 11 17	28 13 18	28 12 17	28 13 17	28 14 16	28 15 16
29 12 18		29 13 18	29 14 18	29 15 17	29 16 17
30 13 19		30 14 19	30 15 19	30 16 18	30 17 18
31 14 20		31 15 20		31 17 19	

Table shewing the Correspondent Months and Days, &c.—

continued.

<i>July, Robesai. Aune or Medhunum.</i>	<i>August. Jammadelavel. Audi or Kurkada.</i>	<i>September. Jamadyasmy. Aurani or Simhuz.</i>	<i>October. Rejhab. Pertasi or Kania.</i>	<i>November. Shaban. Aurpise or Toolan.</i>	<i>December. Ramzan. Cartaga or Vichihum.</i>
1 18 19	1 20 18	1 22 18	1 22 17	1 23 17	1 24 17
2 19 20	2 21 19	2 23 19	2 23 18	2 24 18	2 25 18
3 20 21	3 22 20	3 24 20	3 24 19	3 25 19	3 26 19
4 21 22	4 23 21	4 25 21	4 25 20	4 26 20	4 27 20
5 22 23	5 24 22	5 26 22	5 26 21	5 27 21	5 28 21
6 23 24	6 25 23	6 27 23	6 27 22	6 28 22	6 29 22
7 24 25	7 26 24	7 28 24	7 28 23	7 29 23	7 30 23
8 25 26	8 27 25	8 29 25	8 29 24	8 1 24	8 1 24
9 26 27	9 28 26	9 30 26	9 30 25	9 2 25	9 2 25
10 27 28	10 29 27	10 1 27	10 1 26	10 3 26	10 3 26
11 28 29	11 1 28	11 2 28	11 2 27	11 4 27	11 4 27
12 29 30	12 2 29	12 3 29	12 3 28	12 5 28	12 5 28
13 1 31	13 3 30	13 4 30	13 4 29	13 6 29	13 6 29
14 2 32	14 4 31	14 5 31	14 5 30	14 7 30	14 7 1
15 3 1	15 5 1	15 6 1	15 6 31	15 8 1	15 8 2
16 4 2	16 6 2	16 7 2	16 7 1	16 9 2	16 9 3
17 5 3	17 7 3	17 8 3	17 8 2	17 10 3	17 10 4
18 6 4	18 8 4	18 9 4	18 9 3	18 11 4	18 11 5
19 7 5	19 9 5	19 10 5	19 10 4	19 12 5	19 12 6
20 8 6	20 10 6	20 11 6	20 11 5	20 13 6	20 13 7
21 9 7	21 11 7	21 12 7	21 12 6	21 14 7	21 14 8
22 10 8	22 12 8	22 13 8	22 13 7	22 15 8	22 15 9
23 11 9	23 13 9	23 14 9	23 14 8	23 16 9	23 16 10
24 12 10	24 14 10	24 15 10	24 15 9	24 17 10	24 17 11
25 13 11	25 15 11	25 16 11	25 16 10	25 18 11	25 18 12
26 14 12	26 16 12	26 17 12	26 17 11	26 19 12	26 19 13
27 15 13	27 17 13	27 18 13	27 18 12	27 20 13	27 20 14
28 16 14	28 18 14	28 19 14	28 19 13	28 21 14	28 21 15
29 17 15	29 19 15	29 20 15	29 20 14	29 22 15	29 22 16
30 18 16	30 20 16	30 21 16	30 21 15	30 23 16	30 23 17
31 19 17	31 21 17		31 22 16		31 24 18

EPHEMERIS OF GAMBART'S COMET,

about the time of the Perihelion Passage in the year 1839.

AT MADRAS MEAN MID-NIGHT.

Date.	Apparent Right Ascension.			Apparent Declination.	Logarithm of the Distance from the		Meridian Passages.	
					Earth.	Sun.	m.	s.
1839	<i>h. m. s.</i>			<i>° ' "</i>				
Apr. 29	1 37 56			16 28,3	0,3963	0,1797	23	9,0
May 3	1 49 56			17 17,7	,3883	,1676	23	5,3
7	2 2 28			18 6,1	,3802	,1552	23	2,1
11	2 15 27			18 53,1	,3721	,1424	22	59,6
15	2 29 02			19 38,5	,3639	,1294	22	57,4
19	2 43 12			20 21,5	,3557	,1160	22	56,0
23	2 57 59			21 1,6	,3476	,1024	22	55,2
27	3 13 20			21 38,0	,3396	,0886	22	64,9
31	3 29 22			22 10,1	,3318	,0746	22	55,2
June 4	3 46 03			22 37,1	,3242	,0606	22	56,3
8	4 3 22			22 68,4	,3169	,0465	22	58,0
12	4 21 19			23 12,9	,3099	,0320	23	0,3
16	4 39 52			23 20,0	,3034	,0189	23	3,2
20	4 58 57			23 18,1	,2974	,0057	23	6,5
24	5 18 30			23 7,3	,2918	9,9931	23	10,4
28	5 38 27			22 47,7	,2871	,9815	23	14,7
July 2	5 58 43			22 18,2	,2830	,9708	23	19,3
6	6 19 11			21 38,1	,2796	,9617	23	24,0
10	6 39 47			20 48,0	,2770	,9541	23	28,8
14	7 0 22			19 48,3	,2752	,9484	23	33,6
18	7 20 51			18 39,6	,2743	,9449	23	38,3
22	7 41 09			17 22,5	,2742	,9436	23	42,8
26	8 1 07			15 58,6	,2750	,9445	23	47,0
30	8 20 43			14 28,3	,2765	,9478	23	50,6
Aug. 3	8 39 55			12 53,4	,2788	,9530	23	53,9
7	8 58 37			11 14,6	,2820	,9604	23	56,7
11	9 16 50			9 33,5	,2859	,9694	23	59,1
15	9 34 32			7 51,2	,2904	,9797	0	0,8
19	9 51 43			6 8,7	,2956	,9913	0	2,0
23	10 8 20			4 26,9	,3013	0,0037	0	2,9
27	10 24 27			2 46,5	,3075	,0168	0	3,3
31	10 40 4			1 8,1	,3141	,0305	0	3,2
Sept. 4	10 55 11			0 38,3	,3211	,0444	0	2,5
8	11 9 49			2 10,7	,3283	,0586	0	1,4
12	11 23 59			3 40,0	,3368	,0725	23	59,4
16	11 37 44			5 5,8	,3453	,0865	23	57,3
20	11 51 02			6 27,9	,3510	,1003	23	54,8
24	12 3 56			7 46,6	,3587	,1139	23	51,9
28	12 16 28			9 1,4	,3664	,1273	23	48,7
Oct. 2	12 28 39			10 12,7	,3740	,1404	23	45,0
6	12 40 31			11 20,4	,3815	,1533	23	41,1
10	12 52 3			12 24,7	,3888	,1657	23	36,8
14	13 3 18			13 25,5	,3960	,1779	23	32,2
18	13 14 15			14 23,0	,4030	,1897	23	27,3
22	13 24 55			15 17,3	,4097	,2013	23	22,3
26	13 35 19			16 8,4	,4161	,2125	23	16,9
30	13 45 27			16 56,7	,4223	,2234	23	11,2
Nov. 3	13 55 29			17 42,1	,4281	,2340	23	5,3

MEAN RIGHT ASCENSION AND NORTH POLAR DISTANCE,
OF 46 PRINCIPAL FIXED STARS FOR JANUARY 1, 1839.

Number.	Names.	A. R. in Time.	Annual Varia- tion.	N. P. D.	Annual Varia- tion.
		<i>h. m. s.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d. m. s.</i>	<i>s.</i>
1	γ Pegasi..	0 4 57,22	+ 3,075	75 42 43,2	- 20,04
2	α Cassiopeæ	31 24,52	3,330	34 20 49,7	19,86
3	β Polaris.....	1 1 50,21	15,430	1 32 56,8	19,37
4	α Arietis.....	1 58 6,61	3,342	67 18 5,7	17,46
5	α Ceti.....	2 53 52,22	3,123	86 32 44,4	14,57
6	α Persei..	3 12 51,60	4,221	40 43 7,3	13,40
7	β Aldebaran.....	4 26 41,27	3,423	73 49 10,2	7,98
8	α Capella.....	5 4 48,17	4,402	44 10 23,7	4,84
9	β Rigil.....	5 6 48,21	2,876	98 23 32,5	4,65
10	β Tauri.....	5 16 7,11	3,779	61 32 6,2	3,86
11	α Orionis.....	5 46 27,43	3,241	82 37 43,9	- 1,23
12	β Sirius.....	6 39 3,13	2,643	106 30 1,4	+ 4,42
13	β Castor.....	7 23 59,09	3,856	57 45 53,8	7,16
14	β Procyon.....	7 30 52,29	3,143	84 22 4,6	8,68
15	β Pollux.....	7 35 27,33	3,682	61 35 26,4	8,06
16	α Hydræ.....	9 19 40,65	2,948	97 57 47,9	15,31
17	β Regulus.....	9 59 47,66	3,221	77 14 55,1	17,33
18	α Ursæ Maj....	10 53 44,05	3,811	27 22 52,4	19,20
19	β Leonis.....	11 40 50,66	3,064	74 31 40,1	19,97
20	β Virginis.....	11 42 18,79	3,124	87 19 39,2	19,98
21	γ Ursæ Maj....	11 45 19,86	3,192	35 24 38,7	20,00
22	β Spicæ Virginis.	13 16 43,28	3,147	100 19 10,2	18,94
23	η Ursæ Maj....	13 41 11,06	2,353	39 52 55,4	18,13
24	β Areturus... ..	14 8 19,16	2,731	69 58 39,1	18,96
25	1 } α Libræ.....	14 41 47,63	3,304	105 19 21,0	15,28
26	2 }	14 41 59,10	+ 3,305	105 22 9,5	15,27
27	β Ursæ Min.....	14 51 14,46	- 0,286	15 11 18,7	14,70
28	α Cor. Bor.....	15 27 52,33	+ 2,526	62 44 20,0	12,37
29	α Serpentis.....	15 36 20,50	2,936	83 3 45,3	11,79
30	β Antares.....	16 19 32,87	3,659	116 4 1,7	8,55
31	α Herculis.....	17 7 18,57	2,729	75 25 17,4	4,60
32	α Ophiuchi.....	17 27 27,81	2,770	77 19 0,5	2,87
33	γ Draconis.....	17 52 52,14	1,388	38 29 20,4	+ 0,64
34	α Lyræ.....	18 31 29,20	2,010	51 21 46,7	- 2,72
35	γ }	19 38 36,37	2,849	79 46 30,2	8,33
36	α } Aquilæ.....	19 42 55,70	2,924	81 33 7,5	8,67
37	β }	19 47 24,32	2,943	83 59 23,5	8,48
38	1 } α Capricorni...	20 8 43,25	3,330	102 59 58,4	10,64
39	2 }	20 9 7,03	3,331	103 2 13,5	10,67
40	α Cygni.....	20 35 56,76	2,040	45 17 33,6	12,59
41	α } Cephei.....	21 14 43,57	1,416	28 5 39,4	15,04
42	β }	21 26 33,27	0,811	20 8 46,9	15,71
43	α Aquarii.....	21 57 30,81	3,032	91 5 55,5	17,23
44	β Fornalhaut.....	22 48 44,20	3,311	120 28 25,5	19,07
45	α Pegasi.....	22 56 44,75	2,975	75 39 35,2	19,27
46	α Andromedæ....	0 0 4,66	3,067	61 47 52,9	20,04

**TABLE OF THE
LATITUDES AND LONGITUDES**

of certain remarkable PORTS and PLACES on the COROMANDEL and MALABAR COASTS deduced from the operations of the Grand Trigonometrical Survey of India.

Names of Places,	Latitude North.	Long E. from Greenwich.	Provinces,	REMARKS.
	<i>d. m. s.</i>	<i>d. m. s.</i>		
Adonidroog	... 15 38 53	77 19 9	Ceded Districts	Station on the Droog.
Agoda	... 15 29 31	73 48 53	Goa	Light House.
Alamparva	... 12 16 14	80 3 13	Jaghyr	N. W. turrett of the Fort.
Anjengo	... 8 39 48	76 48 19	Travancore	Flag Staff.
Aroot	... 12 54 16	79 22 31	Arcot	Nabob's House in the Fort.
Bangalore	... 12 57 37	77 36 56	Mysore	Palace.
Baypoor	... 11 10 3	75 50 44	Malabar	Saw Mill.
Beakul	... 12 23 33	75 4 29	N. Malabar	Cavalier.
Beder	... 17 54 57	77 34 21	Nizam's	Mosque.
Bednore	... 13 49 12	75 4 31	Mysore	Flag Staff.
Bejapoor	... 16 49 54	75 46 39	Mahratta	Dome of the Sultan Mahomed's tomb.
Bellary	... 15 8 57	76 57 10	Ceded Districts	Flag Staff.
Bussawarragedroog	14 18 49	74 26 35	N. Kanara	Summit of the Fort on Island.
Buttouldroog	... 13 57 59	74 34 27	do.	Platform.
Calicut	... 11 15 19	75 48 49	Malabar	Flag Staff.
Cannanore	... 11 51 12	75 24 44	N. Malabar	Flag Staff.
Cape Ramus	... 15 5 12	73 57 27	Goa	Tower.
Cauverypatam	... 11 8 4	79 54 10	S. Arcot	Station.
Chapora	... 15 36 20	73 46 36	Goa	Obelisk.
Chendraghirry	... 12 27 55	75 2 44	S. Kanara	Highest Cavalier.
Chittledroog	... 14 13 8	76 26 15	Mysore	Flag Staff.
Chittoor Fort	... 13 15 8	79 8 2	North Arcot	
Chitwa	... 10 32 6	76 4 23	Cochin	Bungalow.
Cochin	... 9 58 7	76 17 0	do.	Flag Staff.
Coimbatore	... 10 59 41	76 59 46	Coimbatore	Palace.
Colar Fort	... 13 8 24	78 10 47	Mysore	Pagoda.
Coomptee	... 14 25 11	74 26 3	N. Kanara	Redoubt.
Covelong	... 12 47 38	80 17 27	Jaghyr	Church (centre of the West face.)
Cranganoor	... 10 11 50	76 15 9	Cochin	Fort.
Cuddalore	... 11 48 24	79 49 0	S. Arcot	Flag Staff.
Cuddapah	... 14 28 49	78 51 47	Ceded Districts	Mosque in the Fort.
Dindigul	... 10 21 39	78 0 17	Madura	Flag Staff.
Durrea Bahaderghur	... 13 20 15	74 43 46	S. Kanara.	
Elgundel	... 18 25 20	79 4 56	Nizam's	
Ennore	... 13 15 1	80 22 3	Jaghyr	Remarkable tree in the village.
Fort St. George...	13 4 47	80 19 43	do.	Steeple of St. Mary's Church.
Gawilghur	... 21 22 25	77 23 0	Nizam's	Mosque.
Ghooty	... 12 15 15	77 53 46	Ceded Districts	Station.

Table of Latitudes, and Longitudes, &c. continued.

Names of Places.	Latitude North.	Long. E. from Greenwich.	Provinces.	REMARKS.
	<i>d. m. s.</i>	<i>d. m. s.</i>		
Goa ...	15 23 10	73 54 39	P. Territory	St. Anne's.
Guntoor ...	16 17 42	80 29 0	Guntoor	Mosque.
Honoor ...	14 16 36	74 29 4	N. Kanara	Bungalow.
Hulliaul ...	15 19 58	74 47 44	Mahratta	Flag Staff.
Hyderabad ...	17 21 41	78 30 54	Nizam's	Mecca Musnud (City)
Jallycoond (Island) ...	13 59 58	74 30 20	N. Kanara	Peak.
Kasragooda ...	12 29 38	75 1 15	S. Kanara	Highest Cavalier in the Fort.
Kistnagherry ...	12 32 19	78 15 27	Baramahl	Flag Staff.
Kodachee Purwud-dam ...	13 51 25	74 54 31	N. Kanara	Pagoda (Barcelore Peak.)
Kolachy ...	8 10 43	77 16 55	Travancore	Church.
Koomlah ...	12 36 7	74 59 53	S. Kanara	Highest Cavalier.
Koondapoor ...	13 38 13	74 43 48	do.	Flag Staff.
Kootapilly ...	8 8 53	77 38 32	Tinnevelly	Church.
Kummaumett ...	17 14 46	80 11 17	Nizam's	
Kurnool ...	15 49 58	78 5 22	Ceded Districts	Laul Battery.
Madura ...	9 55 16	78 9 44	Madura	N. E. Pagoda in the Fort.
Mangalore ...	12 51 40	74 52 36	S. Kanara	Flag Staff.
Masulipatam ...	16 9 8	81 11 38	Masulipatam	Flag Staff.
Mookoor ...	9 7 52	78 31 16	Ramnad	Church.
Moordaishwar ...	14 5 36	74 31 29	N. Kanara	Hill Fort.
Murmagaon ...	15 24 33	73 49 56	Goa	Flag Staff.
Mysore ...	12 18 24	76 41 48	Mysore	Centre Cavalier.
Naggery Nose ...	13 22 53	79 38 13	North Arcot	Summit of the Peak.
Nagore ...	10 49 10	79 52 59	Tanjore	Mosque.
Natraneegooda ...	14 1 3	74 22 1	N. Kanara	Pigeon Island.
Negapatam ...	10 45 37	79 53 28	Tanjore	Flag Staff.
Nellore ...	14 28 1	80 1 40	Nellore	Pagoda.
Nirmul ...	19 5 49	78 24 8	Nizam's	Shamgud.
Nundidroog ...	13 22 17	77 43 38	Mysore	Station.
Ongole ...	15 30 10	80 5 13	Nellore	Pagoda on the Hill.
Oomrawutty ...	20 56 0	77 46 54	Nizam's	Fort Kolahpoor Gate.
Palamcottah ...	8 43 32	77 46 43	Tinnevelly	Flag Staff.
Papiany tree ...	10 46 54	75 57 44	Malabar	
Pondicherry ...	11 55 57	79 52 33	F. Settlement	Flag Staff.
Porto Novo ...	11 29 25	79 48 13	S. Arcot	Flag Staff.
Pulicat ...	13 25 8	80 21 24	Jaghyr	Church.
Quilon ...	8 53 28	76 36 59	Travancore	Flag Staff.
Rajamandroog ...	14 30 22	74 24 4	N. Kanara	Platform.
Ramisseram ...	9 18 7	79 20 56	Ramnad	Great Pagoda.
Ryacottah ...	12 31 20	78 4 44	Baramahl	Flag Staff.
Rydoor head ...	13 52 19	74 38 47	N. Kanara	Platform.
Sadras ...	12 31 35	80 12 22	Jaghyr	Flag Staff.
Salem ...	11 39 10	78 11 47	Salem	S. W. E. of the Fort.
Secunderabad ...	17 26 40	78 32 37	Nizam's	Cenotaph.
Sedashughur ...	14 50 45	74 10 21	N. Kanara	Flag Staff.
Seven Pagodas ...	12 36 57	80 14 1	Jaghyr	Tower of the Pagoda on the hill.

Table of Latitudes, and Longitudes, &c. continued.

Names of Places.	Latitude North.	Long. E. from Greenwich.	Provinces.	REMARKS.
	<i>d. m. s.</i>	<i>d. m. s.</i>		
Shevandram ...	8 9 22	77 30 26	Travancore	Pagoda.
Tanjore ...	10 47 0	79 10 24	Tanjore	Great Pagoda.
Tellicherry ...	11 44 53	75 31 39	N. Malabar	Flag Staff.
Tirchundoor ...	8 29 51	78 10 13	Tinnevelly	Pagoda.
Tondi ...	9 44 48	79 3 30	Ramnad	
Tranquebar ...	11 1 33	79 53 54	Tanjore	Flag Staff.
Trichinopoly ...	10 49 45	78 44 2	Trichinopoly	Pagoda on the Rock.
Trivandrum ...	8 29 3	76 59 9	Travancore	Pagoda.
Tutacorin ...	8 47 17	78 14 19	Tinnevelly	Land Mark.
Vaimbar ...	9 5 0	78 24 16	do.	Church.
Vypar ...	9 0 46	78 18 53	do.	Church.
Warrungul ...	17 57 51	79 39 11	Nizam's	Fort.
Woosdroog or Woosduruga {	12 18 32	75 8 10	N. Malabar	Highest Cavalier in the Fort.

**TABLE OF THE
LATITUDES, LONGITUDES, BEARINGS, DISTANCES, AND
DIFFERENCE OF TIME**

between MADRAS, and most of the PRINCIPAL PLACES in the Known World.

* * The Table shows the direct Distances between Madras and the Places named.

Names of Places.	Sea or Country.	Latitude.	Longitude.	Bearings from Madras.	Distance from Madras.	Difference in time.
Acheen	Sumatra Isle	5 22 ^N	95 26 ^E	N 63 ^E	1006	1 0 20
Adoni	India	15 39	77 20	N 49 ^W	234	0 12 12
Agra	India	26 43	76 44	N 14 ^W	844	0 14 28
Ahmednuggur	India	18 20	74 15	N 48 ^W	473	0 24 24
Aleppo	Turkey	35 45	37 20	N 66 ^W	257 ^N	2 52 4
Alexandria	Egypt	31 11	30 16	N 62 ^W	298 ^N	3 20 20
Amboyna	Molucca Isle	3 44 ^S	128 14	S 70 ^E	3015	3 11 40
Amsterdam	Holland	52 23 ^N	4 45	N 58 ^W	4487	5 2 24
Aracan	India	20 17	93 5	N 59 ^E	850	0 50 56
Athens	Greece	38 5	23 52	N 64 ^W	3406	3 45 56
Aurangabad	India	19 45	76 2 ¹	N 40 ^W	484	0 21 4
Ava	India	21 00	96 26	N 63 ^E	1038	1 4 20
Bagdad	Mesopotamia	33 20	43 46	N 59 ^W	2355	2 26 20
Bangalore	India	13 00	77 42	N 89 ^W	154	0 10 36
Batavia	Java Isle	6 10 ^S	106 51	S 54 ^E	1946	1 46 0
Bednoor	India	13 47 ^N	74 47	N 82 ^W	328	0 22 24
Berhampore	India	21 20 ^N	76 19 ^E	N 25 ^W	546	0 16 4
Berlin	Prussia	52 32	13 26	N 55 ^W	4123	4 27 40
Bisnagur	India	15 18	76 00	N 62 ^W	286	0 17 24
Bokhara	Tartary	39 15	65 50	N 26 ^W	1755	0 58 4
Bombay	India	18 56	72 58	N 50 ^W	553	0 29 36
Borneo	Borneo Isle	4 55	114 55	S 77 ^E	2105	0 26 24
Boston	N. England	42 24	71 3 ^W	N 78 ^W	8227	10 5 36
Botany Bay	N. S. Wales	34 6 ^S	151 22 ^E	S 54 ^E	4822	4 44 12
Broach	India	21 35 ^N	72 57	N 39 ^W	669	0 29 36
Buenos Ayres	Brazil	34 35 ^S	58 24 ^W	S 69 ^W	8132	9 16 20
Bussorah	Arabia	30 31	47 30	S 60 ^W	2109	2 11 24
Calcutta	India	21 2	88 26	N 44 ^E	665	0 32 20
Calicut	India	11 15	75 49	S 68 ^W	287	0 18 8
Candahar	Persia	33 00 ^N	67 35	N 30 ^E	1388	0 51 4
Canton	China	23 7	113 12	N 72 ^E	1969	2 11 24
Cape Comorin	India	8 5	77 44	S 27 ^W	336	0 10 4
Cape of Good Hope	Africa	34 27 ^S	18 31	S 50 ^W	4434	4 7 20
Chandanaghur	India	22 51	88 29 ^E	N 38 ^E	748	0 32 32
Charles Town	America	33 22	79 50 ^W	N 82 ^W	8918	10 40 44
Chicacole	India	18 12	84 00	N 34 ^E	373	0 14 36
Chittledroog	India	13 56	76 22	N 77 ^W	238	0 15 56
Cochin	India	9 58	76 18	S 52 ^W	302	0 16 12
Coimbatore	India	11 3	77 6	S 58 ^W	225	0 13 00
Colombo	Ceylon	6 57	80 00	S 3 ^W	368	0 1 24
Constantinople	Turkey	41 1	28 54	N 59 ^W	3220	3 25 48
Copenhagen	Denmark	55 41 ^N	12 35	N 52 ^W	4232	4 30 4
Cracow	Poland	50 10	19 50	N 54 ^W	3810	4 2 4
Cuttack	India	19 52	86 6	N 39 ^W	525	0 23 0
Delhi	India	28 35	77 9	N 9 ^W	942	0 10 40
Dindigul	India	10 22	78 00	S 40 ^W	212	0 9 24

Table of Latitudes, &c. continued.

Names of Places.	Sea or Country.	Latitude.	Longitude.	Bearings from Madras.	Distance from Madras.	Difference in time.
		d. m.	d. m.	d.	m.	h. m. s.
Dowlutabad	India	18 40	76 55	N 31W	390	0 13 44
Dublin	Ireland	53 21	6 6W	N 61W	4967	5 45 48
Edinburgh	Scotland	55 58	3 12W	N 58W	4865	5 34 12
Ellichpoor	India	21 14	78 14E	N 14W	500	0 8 28
Ganjam	India	19 22	85 10E	N 36E	468	0 19 16
Goa	India	15 29	74 2	N 69W	402	0 25 48
Gurrah	India	23 6	80 20	North.	602	0 0 4
Helena, St.	Atlantic Ocean	15 55s	5 40W	S 71W	5292	5 44 4
Hyderabad	India	17 12N	78 52E	N 18W	261	0 5 40
Indore	India	22 55	76 43	N 19W	624	0 14 12
Islamabad	India	22 20	91 54	N 50E	863	0 46 16
Ispahan	Persia	32 25	52 50	N 53W	1914	1 50 4
Jerusalem	Palestine	31 55	35 20	N 66W	2739	3 0 4
Ladrone Grand	Pacific Ocean	22 2	113 56	N 74E	1994	2 14 20
Lassa	Thibet	20 23	91 40	N 56E	784	0 45 16
Lima	America	12 1s	76 49W	S 81W	9330	0 28 40
Lisbon	Portugal	38 42N	9 10	N 72W	5073	5 58 4
London, St. Paul's	England	51 31	0 6	N 60W	4687	5 21 48
Lucknow	India	26 50	81 2E	N 3E	826	0 2 44
Macassar	Isle W. Point	5 9	119 49	N 78E	2386	2 37 52
Madras	India	13 4	80 21			
Madrid	Spain	14 25	3 26W	N 70W	4779	5 35 8
Madura	India	9 54	79 18E	S 32W	225	0 8 12
Malacca	India	2 12	102 5	S 63E	1448	1 26 56
Malta Isle	Medt. Sea	35 54	14 28	N 69W	3849	4 23 32
Mangalore	India	12 52	74 53	S 88W	319	0 21 52
Manilla	Philippine Isle	14 36	120 51	N 88E	2361	2 42 00
Masulipatam	India	16 9	81 13	N 15E	193	0 3 28
Mauritius	Indian Ocean	20 27s	57 29	S 33W	2402	1 31 28
Mecca	Arabia	21 29N	39 15	N 78W	2409	2 44 24
Mexico	America	19 54	99 42W	N 88W	10366	12 00 12
Mocha	Arabia	13 20	43 20E	West.	2062	2 28 4
Moorshedabad	India	24 11	88 28	N 35E	811	0 32 28
Mosambique	Africa	15 1s	40 47	S 54W	2854	2 38 16
Moscow	Russia	55 45N	37 46	N 39W	3317	2 50 20
Moulton	India	25 52	70 40	N 35W	943	0 38 44
Munuypoor	Burmah	26 40	95 00	N 45E	1161	0 58 36
Nagpore	India	21 8½	79 46	N 3W	484	0 2 0
Nangassachi	Japan	32 32	128 46	N 66E	2921	3 13 40
Naples	Italy	40 51	14 14	N 72W	3720	4 44 28
Negapatam	India	10 46	79 51	S 10W	140	0 1 44
New York	America	40 41	74 11W	N 79W	8432	0 18 8
Otaheite	South Sea	17 29s	149 36	S 76E	7749	8 40 12
Ougein	India	23 26N	70 56E	N 12W	1173	0 17 44
Palamcottah	India	8 43	77 49	S 30W	300	0 10 8
Paris	France	48 50	2 20	N 62W	4551	5 12 4
Patna	India	25 38	85 22	N 21E	805	0 20 4
Pegue	India	18 00	96 52	N 73E	1000	1 6 4

Table of Latitudes, &c. continued.

Names of Places.	Sea or Country.	Latitude.	Longitude.	Bearings from Madras.	Distance from Madras.	Difference in time.
		d. m.	d. m.	d.	m.	
Pekin	China	39 54 N	116 27 E	N 50 E	2520	2 24 24
Peteraburgh	Russia	59 56	30 19	N 41 W	3705	3 20 8
Philadelphia	America	39 57	75 10 W	N 79 W	8569	10 22 28
Pondicherry	India	11 54	79 74 E	S 21 W	75	0 1 48
Poonah	India	18 30	74 12	N 48 W	483	0 24 24
Port Royal	Jamaica	18 00	76 45 W	N 88 W	1087	10 28 24
Pulo Penang	Bay of Bengal	5 27	100 25 E	S 69 E	1273	1 20 16
Rio Janeiro	America	23 00 S	41 40 W	S 73 W	7291	8 8 4
Rome, St. Peter's	Italy	41 54 N	12 29 E	N 64 W	4006	4 31 28
Rutenpour	India	22 16	82 36	S 13 E	569	0 9 4
Senegal	Africa	15 53	16 31 W	S 89 W	7026	6 27 28
Seringapatam	India	12 32	76 52	S 81 W	206	0 13 44
Siam	India	14 18	100 50 E	N 86 E	1195	1 21 56
Sirinaghur	Mogulstan	31 00	78 10	N 6 W	1083	0 8 44
Smyrna	Notolia	33 28	27 20	N 62 W	3244	3 32 4
Stockholm	Sweden	59 21	18 4	N 47 W	4099	4 9 8
Surat	India	21 1	73 8	N 42 W	642	0 31 24
Tabolski	Siberia	58 12	68 13	N 12 W	2772	0 48 32
Tanjore	India	10 46	79 10	S 27 W	154	0 4 44
Tatta	India	24 56	67 41	N 45 W	1012	0 54 40
Tellicherry	India	11 45	75 32	S 74 W	293	0 19 16
Tranquebar	India	11 1	79 55	S 12 W	125	0 1 44
Travancore	India	8 24	77 15	S 33 W	334	0 12 24
Trichinopoly	India	10 50	78 44	S 35 W	164	0 6 28
Trincomallee	Ceylon	8 33	81 24	S 13 E	277	0 4 12
Tripoli	Africa	32 54	13 5	N 72 W	3900	4 29 4
Upsal	Sweden	59 52	17 42	N 47 W	4126	4 10 36
Vellore	India	12 54	79 25	S 80 W	55	0 00 3
Venice	Italy	45 26	12 4	N 67 W	3878	4 33 3
Vienna	Germany	48 13	16 22	N 57 W	3918	4 15 56
Vizagapatam	India	17 42	83 26	N 35 E	387	0 12 20
Warsaw	Poland	15 14	21 0	N 52 W	3810	3 57 24

Heights of the Principal Mountains above the level of the Sea.

EUROPE.

Mount Blanc, <i>Alps</i>	.. 15,662	Adelat, <i>Sweden</i>	... 5,180
Mount Rosa, <i>do.</i>	... 15,530	Hecla, <i>Iceland</i>	... 5,000
Ootler Spitz, <i>Tyrol</i>	... 15,430	Mount. Giant, <i>Bohemia</i>	... 4,990
Corn du Midi, <i>Alps</i>	.. 14,270	Puy-de-Dome, <i>France</i>	... 4,846
Fisterahorn, <i>Switzerland</i>	... 14,000	The Balloon, <i>Vosges</i>	... 4,620
Jung, Frau, <i>do.</i>	... 13,710	Ben Neves, <i>Scotland</i>	... 4,380
Malahasen, <i>Grenada</i>	... 11,700	Ben Lawers, <i>do</i>	... 4,020
Mont Perdu, <i>Pyrenees</i>	... 11,270	Ben More, <i>do</i>	... 3,870
Col-de-Geant, <i>Alps</i>	... 11,140	Mount Parnassus, <i>Spitzbergen</i>	... 3,750
Vignemale, <i>Pyrenees</i>	... 11,010	Snowden, <i>Wales</i>	... 3,570
The Cylindur <i>do</i>	... 10,930	Macgillicuddy's, <i>Ireland</i>	... 3,400
<i>Ætna, Sicily</i>	... 10,616	Schihallien, <i>Scotland</i>	... 3,280
Budislaw, <i>Transylvania</i>	... 9,890	Ben Lomond, <i>do</i>	... 3,240
Surul, <i>do.</i>	... 9,890	Ser Fell, <i>England</i>	... 3,166
Legnone, <i>do.</i>	... 9,200	Helvelling, <i>do</i>	... 3,055
Canigou, <i>Pyrenees</i>	... 9,100	Skiddaw, <i>do</i>	... 3,020
Point Lomnite, <i>Carpath</i>	... 8,860	Bow Fell, <i>do</i>	... 2,911
Monte-Rorondo, <i>Corsica</i>	... 8,700	Cross Fell, <i>do</i>	... 2,901
Monte d'Ora, <i>do</i>	... 8,630	Pillar, <i>do</i>	... 2,893
Liptz, <i>Carpath</i>	... 8,310	Saddleback, <i>do</i>	... 2,787
Sneehattan, <i>Norway</i>	... 8,200	Grassmore Fell <i>do</i>	... 2,756
Olympus, <i>Greece</i>	... 6,520	Cheviott, <i>do</i>	... 2,658
Lacht, <i>do</i>	... 6,520	Nephin, <i>Ireland</i>	... 2,634
Mont-d'-Or, <i>France</i>	... 6,510	Mourne, <i>do</i>	... 2,500
Sierra de-Estre, <i>Portugal</i>	... 5,580	Wherside, <i>England</i>	... 2,384
Puy Mary, <i>France</i>	... 5,440	Ingleborough, <i>do</i>	... 2,361
Husscko, <i>Moravia</i>	... 5,326	Pennigant, <i>do</i>	... 2,270
Schneekoppe, <i>Bohemia</i>	... 5,240	Kilhope Law, <i>do</i>	... 2,196
Kasberg, Summit, <i>Styria</i>	... 5,220		

ASIA.

Himalaya Mountains, <i>Nepal</i>	... 27,700	Mount Ophir, <i>Sumatra</i>	... 13,600
Yumunavatari	... 25,500	Ghassa, <i>Boatan</i>	... 13,080
Dhailun	... 24,740	Ararat, <i>Turkey</i>	... 9,600
In the valley of Nepal	... 24,625	Moorchoorti Bet	... 8,800
Another Peak in <i>do</i>	... 23,050	Ootacamund	{ <i>Neilgherries</i> } 6,416
Petcha, <i>Chinese Tartary</i>	... 15,000	Dimhutti	
Soomoonang, <i>Bootan</i>	... 14,000		

Caspian Sea 306 feet below the Atlantic.

AFRICA.

Peak of Teneriffe,	... 12,220	Gondar Mountains, <i>Abyssinia</i>	... 8,540
Atlas, Highest Peak of	... 11,980	Mont de Tugo, <i>Canaries</i>	... 7,420
Lamalmon, <i>Abyssinia</i>	... 11,200	R. Entre-deux, <i>Isle of Bourbon</i>	... 6,000
Compass Mountain, <i>Cape of Good Hope</i>	{ 10,000	Barnet Pointou, <i>do</i>	... 6,000
Gross Morne, <i>I of Bourbon</i>		Ruino, <i>Madeira</i>	... 5,160

AMERICA.

Chimpborazo, <i>Peru</i>	... 21,441	Gargaviraco, <i>Peru</i>	... 15,680
Cayamba Uta, <i>do</i>	... 19,388	Hauca, <i>Velica</i>	... 13,600
Antisana, <i>do</i>	... 19,149	Cohre de Perote, <i>Mexico</i>	... 13,280
Cotapaxi, <i>do</i>	... 18,820	Mount Elias, <i>North America</i>	... 12,670
Potasi, summit of <i>do</i>	... 18,000	Toluca, <i>Lake of Mexico</i>	... 12,200
Huissa, <i>do</i>	... 17,240	Pico de Tancitaro, <i>New Spain</i>	... 10,500
Catacatche, <i>do</i>	... 16,436	Blue Mountains, <i>Jamaica</i>	... 7,275
Sierra Merida, <i>do</i>	... 16,420	Sulphatara, <i>Guadaloupe</i>	... 5,100

LENGTHS OF SOME INDIAN RIVERS.

	Miles.		Miles.
Indus (to the Sea).....	1,700	Nerbudda.....	700
Bruhmapootra.....	1,650	Mahanuddy.....	550
Ganges.....	1,500	Taptee.....	460
Godavery.....	850	Cauvery.....	470
Kistna.....	700	Sutley (to Indus).....	900
Jumna (to Ganges).....	780	Ihylum do.....	750
Gundak do.....	450		

HEIGHTS OF SOME EDIFICES.

The highest of the Pyramids of Egypt.....	..479	Tower of St. Peter, at Hamburg.....	..386
Tower of Strasburgh, above the pavement.....	..466	Cupola of St. Paul, at London.....	..340
Tower of St. Stephen at Vienna.....	..453	Dome at Milan.....	..340
Cupola of St. Peter, at Rome.....	..433	Tower of Asinella, at Bolougne.....	..334
Tower of St. Michael, at Hamburg.....	..426	Tower of Boston Church.....	..304
		The Monument near London Bridge.....	..202
		Leaning Tower at Pisa.....	..200

Comparative view of the monthly and yearly mean temperature of the air of Calcutta, Madras, Bombay, and the Neilgherry Mountains (Eight thousand feet high) compared with the temperature of the City of London.

	CALCUTTA.		BOMBAY.		MADRAS.		NEILGHERRIES.		LONDON.	
	Mean Max.	Mean Min.	Mean Max.	Mean Min.	Mean Max.	Mean Min.	Monthly Means.		Mean Max.	Mean Min.
							6 A. M.	3 P. M.		
	3 P. M.	6 A. M.	4 P. M.	11 A. M.						
January ..	75.1	63.	78.	76.	82.2	74.1	45.½	57.½	39.6	32.6
February ..	80.	67.	78.	76.	84.5	73.8	45.½	59.½	42.4	33.7
March ..	88.1	68.	81.	80.	87.6	78.7	58.	63.	50.1	33.7
April ..	95.1	79.1	84.	83.	92.	84.1	58.	63.½	57.7	42.2
May ..	97.1	80.1	85.	85.	94.3	85.1	57.	63.½	62.9	45.1
June ..	88.	78.	86.	85.	90.5	84.2	57.½	60.	69.4	48.1
July ..	86.1	78.1	81.	81.	92.6	85.3	52.½	61.½	69.2	52.2
August ..	86.2	79.3	84.	84.	89.9	83.1	57.	60.½	70.1	52.9
September ..	86.	78.	80.	79.	89.7	83.3	54.½	60.½	65.6	50.1
October ..	89.2	76.1	85.	84.	87.8	82.4	50.½	62.	55.7	42.1
November ..	78.	65.2	85.	84.	84.3	80.1	50.½	61.½	47.5	38.8
December ..	75.	59.	81.	80.	80.2	76.	46.½	60.	42.2	35.4
Annual Means. }	85.3	73.4	82.4	81.5	87.9	80.8	52.½	61.	56.1	42.5

Regal Department.

KINGS AND QUEENS OF ENGLAND SINCE THE CONQUEST.

NORMAN LINE.

	A. D.	A. D.	A. D.
William I. (the Conqueror.)	1066	William II. 1087	Stephen 1135
		Henry I. 1100	

HOUSE OF PLANTAGENET.

Henry II. 1154	Edward I. 1272	Henry V. 1413
Richard I. (Cœur de Lion) 1189	Edward II. 1307	Henry VI. 1422
John 1199	Edward III. 1327	Edward IV. 1461
	Richard II. 1377	Edward V. 1483
Henry III. 1216	Henry IV. 1399	Richard III. 1483

HOUSE OF TUDOR.

Henry VII. 1485	Edward VI. 1547	Elizabeth. 1558
Henry VIII. 1509	Mary. 1553	

HOUSE OF STUART.

James I. 1603	Commonwealth. 1649	William III and Mary. 1689
Charles I. 1625	Charles II. 1660	Anne. 1702
	James II. 1685	

HOUSE OF BRUNSWICK.

George I. 1714	George III. 1760	William IV. 1830
George II. 1727	George IV. 1820	Victoria I. 1837

TABULAR VIEW OF THE REIGNING SOVEREIGNS OF EUROPE.

Kingdoms, &c.	To whom subject.	When born.	Began to reign.
Great Britain, &c.	Victoria I.	May 24, 1819	June 20, 1837
France.	Louis Philippe.	Oct. 6, 1773	Aug. 8, 1830
Spain.	Isabella II.	Oct. 10, 1830	Sept. 29, 1833
Portugal.	Maria de Gloria.	April 14, 1819	May 2, 1826
Russia.	Nicholas.	July 6, 1796	
Austria.	Ferdinand I.	April 19, 1793	Mar. 2, 1835
Prussia.	Frederic Wm. III.	Aug. 3, 1770	Nov. 16, 1797
Sweden and Norway.	Charles XIV.	Jan. 26, 1764	Feb. 5, 1818
Denmark.	Frederick VI.	Jan. 28, 1768	Mar. 13, 1808
Netherlands.	William.	Aug. 24, 1772	May 15, 1815
Belgium.	Leopold I.	Dec. 16, 1790	July 20, 1831
Turkey.	Mahmoud II.	July 20, 1785	July 28, 1808
Greece.	Otho.	June 1, 1815	Oct. 6, 1832
Ionian Islands.	Antonio Comuto.		1804
ITALY.			
Sardinia.	Charles Albert.	Oct. 2, 1798	May — 1831
Naples and Sicily.	Ferdinand II.	Jan. 12, 1810	Nov. 8, 1830
Rome.	Gregory XVI.	Sept. 18, 1765	Feb. 2, 1831
Tuscany.	Leopold II.	Oct. 3, 1797	
Parma.	Maria Louisa.	Dec. 12, 1791	
Modena.	Francis IV.	Oct. 6, 1779	
Lucca.	Charles Louis.	Dec. 23, 1799	
GERMANY.			
Hanover.	Ernest II.	June 5, 1771	June 20, 1837
Saxony.	Frederick.	May 18, 1797	
Bavaria.	Louis Charles.	Aug. 25, 1786	
Wirttemberg.	William.	Sept. 27, 1781	
Baden.	Charles Leopold.	Aug. 29, 1790	Mar. 30, 1830
Hesse Cassel.	William II.	July 25, 1770	
Hesse Darmstadt.	Louis II.	Dec. 26, 1777	April — 1830
Brunswick.	William.	April 25, 1806	Sept. — 1830
Mecklenburgh.	George V.	Aug. 12, 1779	
Nassau.	William George.	June 14, 1792	
Saxe Weimar.	Charles Fred.	Feb. 2, 1783	

PRESENT ROYAL FAMILY OF GREAT BRITAIN.

(ALEXANDRINA) VICTORIA I: Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, born May 24th, 1819, succeeded her Uncle, William IV., June 20th, 1837, Proclaimed June 21st, and Crowned June 28th, 1838.

THE QUEEN DOWAGER.

Adelaide, sister of the Duke of Saxe Meiningen, born August 13th, 1792, married July 11, 1813, to his late Majesty King William IV., who died June 20th, 1837.

MOTHER OF THE QUEEN.

Victoria Maria Louisa, sister of the Duke of Saxe Coburg Gotha, born August 17, 1786, married May 29, 1818, to the late Edward, Duke of Kent, and had issue, Alexandrina Victoria, her present Majesty. The Duke died January 23, 1820.

UNCLES AND AUNTS OF THE QUEEN.

Augusta Sophia, November 8, 1768.

Elizabeth, May 22, 1770, married April 7, 1818, to Frederick Joseph Lewis, Landgrave of Hesse Hombourg, born July 30, 1769, who died April 2, 1829.

Ernest Augustus, King of Hanover (Duke of Cumberland,) June 5, 1771, married May 29, 1815, Frederica Sophia Carolina, sister of the Duke of Mecklenburgh Strelitz, and widow of Frederick William, Prince of Sohns-Braunfels, born March 2, 1778, issue: George Frederick, May 27, 1819.

Augustus Frederick, Duke of Sussex, January 27, 1773.

Adolphus Frederick, Duke of Cambridge, February 24, 1774, married May 7, 1818, to Augusta Wilhelmina Louisa, niece of the Landgrave of Hesse, born July 25, 1797, issue: George William, March 26, 1819, Augusta Caroline, July 19, 1822, Mary Adelaide, Nov. 27, 1833.

Mary, April 25, 1776, married July 22, 1816, to her cousin William Frederick, Duke of Gloucester, who died November 30, 1834.

Sophia, November 3, 1777.

COUSIN OF THE QUEEN (*Sister of the late Duke of Gloucester.*)

Sophia Matilda, born May 23, 1773.

LINE OF SUCCESSION TO THE BRITISH THRONE.

Descendants of King George III.

1. Ernest Augustus, King of Hanover.
2. George, his Son.
3. Augustus Frederick, Duke of Sussex.
4. Adolphus Frederick, Duke of Cambridge.
5. George, his son.
6. Augusta Caroline of Cambridge.
7. Princess Augusta.
8. Elizabeth, Princess of Hesse Hombourg.
9. Mary, Duchess of Gloucester.
10. Princess Sophia.

Descendant of Duke of Gloucester, brother of King George III.

11. Princess Sophia of Gloucester.

Descendants of the Duchess of Brunswick, Sister of King George III.

12. Charles, Ex-Duke of Brunswick, born Oct. 30, 1804.
13. William, Duke of Brunswick, born April 25, 1806.
14. Frederick William, King of Wirttemberg, born September 27, 1781.
15. Charles, Prince Royal of Wirttemberg, born March 6, 1823.

16. Mary Frederica, Princess of Wirttemberg, born October 30, 1816.

17. Sophia Frederica, Princess of do. born June 17, 1818.

18. Catherine, Princess of do. born August 24, 1821.

19. Paul, brother of the King of do. born January 19, 1785.

20. Frederick Charles, his son, born February 21, 1808.

21. Frederick Augustus, do. born January 21, 1813.

22. Charlotte, daughter of Prince Paul of Wirttemberg (married Grand Duke Michael of Russia), born January 9, 1807.

23. Grand Duchess Maria, daughter of Grand Duke Michael, born March 9, 1825.

24. Grand Duchess Elizabeth, born May 26, 1826.

25. Another daughter of Grand Duke Michael, born

26. do. do.

27. Pauline, daughter of Prince Paul, of Wirttemberg, born February 25, 1810.

28. Catharine, married to Jerome Buonaparte, born February 21, 1782.

29. Their Son, born Aug. 24, 1814.

Descendants of Caroline, Queen of Denmark, Sister to King George III.

30. Frederick VI. King of Denmark, born January 28, 1768.

31. Caroline, Princess Royal of Denmark, born October 28, 1793.

32. Wilhelmina, her sister, born Jan. 17, 1808.

33. Louisa, Dowager Duchess of Holstein d'Augustenbourg, sister of the King of Denmark, born July 19, 1798.

34. Christian, Duke of Holstein d'Augustenbourg, born July 19, 1798.

35. Frederica Maria, his daughter, born August 27, 1824.

36. Caroline Amelia, do. born Jan. 15, 1826.

37. Frederick, brother of the Duke of Holstein d'Augustenbourg, born August 23, 1800.

38. Caroline Amelia, his sister (married to Prince Christian of Denmark,) born June 28, 1796.

SOVEREIGNS OF EUROPE.

GREAT BRITAIN, *vide page 57.*

AUSTRIA.

Ferdinand I, Emperor of Austria, King of Hungary, Bohemia, Lombardy and Venice, born April 19, 1793, succeeded his father Francis, March 2, 1835, married Feb. 27, 1831, Maria Anne Caroline, (daughter of Victor Emanuel, late King of Sardinia) born September 19, 1833.

Brothers and Sisters of the Emperor.

Maria Louisa, Grand Duchess of Parma, born December 12, 1791.

Maria Carolina, (Princess of Salerno,) born March 1, 1798.

Francis Charles Joseph, born December 7, 1802, married November 4, 1824, Princess Sophia, daughter of Maximilian, late King of Bavaria.

Mary Ann Frances, born June 8, 1804.

Mother-in-law of the Emperor.

Charlotte Augusta, daughter of Maximilian, late King of Bavaria.

Princes of the Blood.

Archduke Charles, Palatine and Viceroy of Bohemia, born Sept. 5, 1771.

Archduke Joseph, Palatine and Lieut. of Hungary, born March 9, 1776.

Archduke John, born Jan. 10, 1782.

Archduke Renier, Viceroy of Lombardy and Venice, born Sept. 30, 1783.

Archduke Louis, born Dec. 13, 1784.

GERMANY.

CONFEDERATED INDEPENDENT STATES.

* * *The number denotes the votes each State has in the Diet.*

AUSTRIA 4.

Ferdinand I. Emperor.

PRUSSIA 4.

Frederick William III, King.

BAVARIA 4.

Louis Charles, King of Bavaria, born Aug. 25, 1786, married Oct. 12, 1810, Theresa, daughter of Frederick late Duke of Saxe Altenburgh, issue,

Maximilian, November 28, 1811.

Matilda, August, 30, 1813.

Otho, June 1, 1815, (King of Greece.)

Leopold, March 14, 1821.

Adeline, March 19, 1823.

Hildegard, June 10, 1825.

Alexandrina, August 23, 1826.

Albert, July 19, 1828.

SAXONY, 4.

Frederick, King of Saxony, born May 18, 1797, married to the Archduchess Caroline of Austria, who died 15th May 1832. II. Maria, daughter of Maximilian, late King of Bavaria.

HANOVER, 4.

Ernest 2d, King of Hanover, (Duke of Cumberland.)

WIRTEMBERG, 4.

✱ William, King of Wirtemberg, K. G. born Sept. 27, 1781, married I. Jan. 24, 1816, Catherine, Sister of the Emperor of Russia, and Widow of the Duke of Oldenburgh, born May 21, 1788; died Jan. 9, 1819, issue:

Maria Charlotte, October 30, 1816.

Sophia, June 17, 1818.

II. April 15, 1820, Paulina, daughter of his uncle, Duke Louis, born September 11, 1800, issue:

Catherine, August 24, 1821.

Charles, *Prince Royal*, March 6, 1823.

Augusta, October 14, 1826.

BADEN, 3.

Charles Leopold, Grand Duke of Baden, born Aug. 29, 1790, succeeded his brother, Louis William, March 30, 1830; married July 25, 1819, to Sophia, daughter of Gustavus IV., ex-King of Sweden, issue:

Alexandrina, born December 6, 1820.

Louis, August 15, 1824.

Frederick, September 9, 1826.

William, December 18, 1829.

Charles, March 9, 1832.

Maria, November 20, 1834.

HESSE CASSEL, 3.

William II. Elector of Hesse, born July 23, 1777; married Feb. 13, 1797, Augusta, daughter of William II. King of Prussia, issue:

Caroline, born July 29, 1799.

Frederick, Aug. 20, 1802.

Maria, (Duchess of Saxe Meiningen) Sept. 6, 1804.

HESSE DARMSTADT, 3.

Louis II. Grand Duke of Hesse Darmstadt, born Dec. 2, 1777, succeeded his father, Louis X., April 1830; married June 19, 1834, Wilhelmina Louisa, sister of the Grand Duke of Baden, born Sept. 10, 1788, died Jan. 27, 1836, issue:

Louis, born June 19, 1806, married Dec. 26, 1833, Matilda, daughter of Louis Charles King of Bavaria.
Charles April 23, 1809.
Alexander, July 15, 1823.
Maria, August 8, 1824.

HOLSTEIN, 3.

Frederick VI. Grand Duke of Holstein, (King of Denmark.)

LUXEMBURG, 3.

William Frederick, Grand Duke of Luxemburg, (King of the Netherlands.)

BRUNSWICK, 3.

William, Duke of Brunswick, and Lunenburg, born April 25, 1806, succeeded on the expulsion of his brother, Duke Charles, Sept. 1830.

MECKLENBURGH, 1.

George, V. Duke of Mecklenburgh, Strelitz, born August 12, 1779; married Aug. 12, 1817, Mary Wilhelmina, niece of the Elector of Hesse Castle, issue:
Louisa, May 21, 1818.
George, Oct. 17, 1819.
Caroline Charlotte, Jan. 10, 1821.
Ernest Adolphus, Jan. 11, 1824.

NASSAU, 2.

William George, Duke of Nassau, born, June 14, 1792; married I, June 24, 1813, Charlotte Louisa, daughter of the Duke of Saxe Hildbourghausen (who died March 1825), issue:

Teresa, August 17, 1815.
Adolphus, *Hereditary Prince*, July 24, 1817.

Maurice, Nov. 21, 1820.

Mary, Jan. 29, 1825.

II. April 23, 1829, Pauline, niece of the King of Wirtemberg, born 25th Feb. 1810, issue:

Henrietta, Aug. 13, 1831.
Nicholas, Sept. 20, 1832.

SAXE WEIMAR, 1.

Charles Frederick, Grand Duke of Saxe Weimar, born Feb. 2, 1783; married August 3, 1804, to Maria, sister of the Emperor of Russia, issue:

Maria, February 3, 1808.
Augusta, September 30, 1811.
Charles, June 24, 1818.

* * There are 19 other smaller independent principalities, which including the 4 free towns and their territories, amount in all to 38 States, of which the confederation consists.

RUSSIA.

Nicholas, Emperor of all the Russias, and King of Poland, born July 6, 1796; married July 13, 1817, Alexandra, formerly Charlotte, daughter of the King of Prussia, born July 13, 1798, issue:
Alexander, April 29, 1818.

Mary, August 18, 1819.

Olga, September 11, 1822.

Alexandra, June 24, 1825.

Constantine, September 21, 1827.

Nicholas, August 8, 1831.

Michael, October 25, 1832.

Princes of the Blood.

Maria, Princess of Saxe Weimar, Feb. 16, 1786.

Ann, Princess of Orange, Jan. 18, 1795.
Michael, Feb. 9, 1798; married Feb. 20, 1824, Paulina, niece of the King of Wirtemberg, born January 9, 1807.

PRUSSIA.

Frederick William III. King of Prussia, Margrave of Brandenburg, and Sovereign Duke of Silesia, K. G. born Aug. 3, 1770; married I. Dec. 14, 1793, Louisa Augusta, Princess of Mecklenburgh Strelitz, who died July 13, 1810. II. Nov. 9, 1824, Augusta, daughter of Frederick, Count de Harrach, born Aug. 30, 1800.

Issue by the first marriage:
Frederick William, *Prince Royal*, Oct. 15, 1795; married Nov. 29, 1823, Louisa, sister of the King of Bavaria.

William Louis, March 22, 1797, married June 11, 1829, Augusta, 2d daughter of Charles Frederick, Grand Duke of Saxe Weimar.

Charlotte (Empress of Russia), July 13, 1798.

Charles, June 29, 1801, married May 26, 1827, daughter of Charles Frederick, Grand Duke of Saxe Weimar.

Alexandrina, Feb. 23, 1803, married Sept. 24, 1820, to Paul Frederick, Grand Duke of Mecklenburgh Schwerin.

Louisa, Feb. 1, 1808, wife of Prince Frederick of Orange.

Albert, Oct. 4, 1809, married Sept. 14, 1830, Marianne, daughter of the King of the Netherlands.

FRANCE.

Louis Phillipe, King of the French, born Oct. 6, 1773, elected King on the deposition of Charles X. August 7, 1830, married Nov. 25, 1809, Maria Amelia, sister of the King of Sicily, born April 26, 1782, issue:

Ferdinand, Duc d'Orleans, September 3, 1810; married May 30, 1837, to Princess Helena of Mecklenburgh Schwerin; issue: Louis Phillipe Albert, Count of Paris, 24th August 1838.

Louisa, Queen of the Belgians, April 3, 1812.

Mary, Duchess of Wirtemberg, April 12, 1813.

Louis Charles, October 25, 1814.

Clementina, June 3, 1817.

Francis, August 14, 1818.

Henry, June 16, 18

Anthony, July 31, 1821.

SPAIN.

Isabella II, Queen of Spain and the Indies, born Oct. 10, 1830, succeeded to

the Throne on the death of her father Ferdinand VII., 29th Sept. 1833.

Regent; Christina, the Queen's mother, sister of the King of Sicily.

Maria Louisa, the Queen's sister, born Jan. 30, 1832.

Princes of the Blood.

Don Charles Isidor, Infant of Spain, born March 29, 1788; married Sept. 29, 1816, to Maria Frances, Infant of Portugal, who died Sept. 4, 1831, issue:

Charles Louis, Jan. 31, 1818.

John Charles, May 15, 1822.

Ferdinand, Oct. 13, 1824.

Don Francis de Paula, Infant, born March 10, 1794; married June 12, 1819, Louisa Charlotte, eldest sister of the King of Naples; issue:

Isabella, May 18, 1821; Francis, May 13, 1822, Henry, April 17, 1823; Louisa, June 12, 1824; Josephine, May 25, 1827; Ferdinand, April 11, 1832; Christiana, June 5, 1833, Amelia, Oct. 12, 1834.

PORTUGAL.

Maria de Gloria, Queen of the United Kingdom of Portugal and Algarve, born April 14, 1819, attained the Throne by the abdication of her father, Pedro 2^d Alcantara, (Ex-Emperor of Brazil), son of the late King, May 2, 1826, married I. Nov. 1834, Augustus Charles Eugene Napoleon, Duke of Leuchtenburg, born Dec. 9, 1810, died March 28, 1835.

II. January 1836, Prince Ferdinand, of Saxe Coburg, born Oct. 29, 1816, Nephew of the Duchess of Kent, issue:

Pedro Ferdinand, Duke of Oporto, born Sept. 16, 1837.

SWEDEN.

Charles XIV (formerly Marshal Bernadotte), King of Sweden and Norway, born Jan. 26, 1764, elected Crown Prince of Sweden, Aug. 21, 1810, succeeded to the Throne on the death of Charles XIII, Feb. 5, 1818, married Aug. 16, 1798, Eugénie Bernadine de Clary, born Nov. 8, 1781, issue:

Joseph Francis Oscar, *Crown Prince*, born July 4, 1799; married June 3, 1823, to Princess Josephine of Leuchtenberg, born March 14, 1807; issue: Charles Duke of Scania, May 3, 1826; Gustavus, Duke of Upland, June 18, 1827; Oscar, Duke of Ostrogothia, January 21, 1829, Charlotte, April 24, 1830; Augustus, Duke of Dalecarlia, Aug. 24, 1831.

DENMARK.

Frederick VI. King of Denmark, K.G. born Jan. 28, 1768; married July 31, 1790; Sophia Frederica, niece of the Elector of Hesse Cassel, born Oct. 28, 1767, issue: Caroline, Oct. 28, 1793.

Wilhelmina, Jan. 17, 1808.

Crown Prince, Prince Christian Frederick his cousin, born Sept. 18, 1756; married I, Feb. 18, 1806, Charlotte Frederica, Princess of Mecklenburgh, issue

Frederick, Oct. 6, 1808.

II. May 22, 1815, Caroline Amelia, daughter of the Duke of Holstein Augustenburgh, born June 28, 1796.

NETHERLANDS.

William, King of the Netherlands, Prince of Orange-Nassau, and Grand Duke of Luxemburg, K. G. born August 24, 1772; married October 1, 1791, Wilhelmina, sister of the King of Prussia, born Nov. 18, 1774; died Oct. 11, 1837; issue:

* William, *Prince Royal* (a General in the British Service) Dec. 6, 1792, married Feb. 21, 1816, Ann, sister of the Emperor of Russia; issue, William, Feb. 19, 1817; Alexander, Aug. 2, 1818; Frederick, June 13, 1830; and Sophia, April 8, 1824.

Frederick, Feb. 28, 1797; married May 21, 1825, Louisa, third daughter of the King of Prussia.

Marianne, May 19, 1809, married Sept. 14, 1830, to Prince Albert of Prussia.

BELGIUM.

Leopold I. King of the Belgians, son of Francis, late Duke of Saxe-Cobourg-Saalfeld. Elected in 1831. Inaugurated July 20, 1831. Born Dec. 16, 1790; married I, May 2, 1816, to the Princess Charlotte of Wales, only child of George IV. of Great Britain, who died without issue, Nov. 6, 1817. II, Aug. 9, 1832, Louisa, eldest daughter of Louis Philippe, King of the French, born April 3, 1812, issue, Leopold, born April 10, 1835, and a son born March 24, 1836.

SWITZERLAND.

Confederation of Twenty-two Independent Cantons.

His Excellency Charles de Tavel, President of the Diet.

SARDINIA.

Charles Albert, King of Sardinia, Duke of Savoy, Piedmont, and Genoa, born Oct. 2, 1789, succeeded his uncle Charles Felix, May 1831; married Sept. 30, 1817, Theresa, sister of the Grand Duke of Tuscany, issue:

Victor Emmanuel, March 14, 1820.

Ferdinand, November 15, 1822.

NAPLES AND SICILY.

Ferdinand, II, King of Naples and the Sicilies, born Jan. 12, 1810, succeeded his father Francis, Nov. 8, 1830, married Nov. 21, 1832, Christiana, daughter of Victor Emanuel, late King of Sardinia, who died Jan. 1836, issue, Francis, born January 1836.

ROME.

Gregory XVI. (Maurice Cappellari) Sovereign Pontiff, born Sept. 18, 1765, elected Cardinal, March 25, 1825; elected Pope Feb. 2, 1831.

TUSCANY.

Leopold II, Grand Duke of Tuscany (Cousin of the Emperor of Austria) born Oct. 3, 1797; married I, Nov. 16, 1817, Maria Anne, niece of the King of Saxony, born Nov. 15, 1799; died March 22, 1832, issue:—Caroline, November 19, 1822; Augusta, April 1, 1825,—II, June 7, 1833, Antoinette, sister of the King of Naples, born Dec. 19, 1814, issue, Isabella, born May 21, 1834, Ferdinand, born June 10, 1835, Maria Theresa, born June 29, 1836.

PARMA.

Maria Louisa, Grand Duchess of Parma, Piacenza, and Guastella, (sister of the Emperor of Austria) born Dec. 12, 1791, married April 2, 1810, to Napoleon Bonaparte, issue:

Francis Joseph Charles Napoleon, Duke of Reichstadt, born March 20, 1811, died July 22, 1832.

MODENA.

Francis IV, Duke of Modena, Massa, Regio and Mirandolo (Cousin of the Emperor of Austria) born October 6, 1779, married June 20, 1812, Maria Beatrice, daughter of Victor Emanuel, late King of Sardinia, issue:

Theresa, July 14, 1817.

Francis, June 1, 1819.

Ferdinand, July 21, 1821.

Maria Beatrice, February 13, 1824.

LUCCA.

Charles Louis, Duke of Lucca, born Dec. 23, 1799; married June 16, 1819, Maria Theresa, Princess of Sardinia, issue:

Ferdinand, January 14, 1823.

TURKEY.

Mahmoud II, Grand Signor and Sultan of the Ottoman Empire, born July 20, 1785, called to the Throne on the deposition of his uncle Selim III, July 28, 1808, issue:

Abdul Medschid, April 20, 1823.

Abdul Aziz, Feb. 8, 1830, and several daughters.

GREECE.

Otho, second son of the King of Bavaria, born June 1, 1815, elected King by the Provincial Government of the Grecian States, October 5th, 1832; ascended the Throne, Jan. 1833, married Nov. 20, 1836, Amelia, daughter of the Duke of Oldenbourg, born Dec. 21, 1818.

IONIAN ISLES.

Prince Antonio Comuto, President of the Ionian Republic, succeeded in 1804, on the death of Prince Theoric.

Lord Commissioner, Lieut. General Sir Howard Douglas, Bart.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.**President.**

MARTIN VAN BUREN, inaugurated for 4 years, March 4, 1837.

Vice President.

RICHARD JOHNSON.

Secy. of State, John Forsyth.

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 Dagoreau, Lieutenant, (on duty at Chandernagore.)
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 Morel, Sous-Lieutenant.

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	Henry Merkus de Koek.....	<i>Deputy do. and Com- mander in Chief.</i>
	J. Bansquet.....	} <i>Councillors.</i>
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	J. Van Schar.....	
		<i>Chief Secretary.</i>
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	J. W. Boers.....	<i>Secretary.</i>
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BANKA.....	H. DuBuy.....	<i>Commissary.</i>
	— Rynberg.....	<i>Secretary.</i>
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JAPAN.....	J. W. Van Citters.....	<i>Chief (Europe.)</i>
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	P. Van Outeren.....	<i>Scribe and Book-keeper.</i>

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B R A Z I L S.

Colonel Pedro Jose D'Costa Pacheco, Consul Genl. in British Asia.

NATIVE INDIAN GOVERNMENTS.

The Native States may be classified under the three following heads.

- I.—*Foreign*—viz. Persia, Kabul, Senna, the Arab Tribes, Siam, Acheen.
 II.—*External on the Frontier* : viz. Ava, Nepal, Lahore, Sinde.
 III.—*Internal*, all of which have relinquished Political Relations with one another and with all other States. They are, according to the nature of their relations or treaties with the English, divided into six classes.

First Class.

Treaties offensive and defensive ; right on their part to claim protection, external and internal, from the British Government ; right on its part to interfere in their internal affairs.

	By Weighment	By Hamilton	
	Sq. Miles.	Sq. Miles.	
1 Oude	23923	20000	Mahomedan.
2 Mysore	27999	27000	Hindoo.
3 Berar or Nagpore	56723	70000	Mahratta.
4 Travancore	4574	6000	Hindoo.
5 Cochin	1988	2000	Hindoo.

Second Class.

Treaties offensive and defensive ; right on their part to claim protection, external and internal, from the British Government, and to the aid of its troops to realize their just claims from their own subjects : no right on its part to interfere in their internal affairs.

	By Weighment	By Hamilton	
	Sq. Miles.	Sq. Miles.	
6 Hyderabad	88884	96000	Mahomedan.
7 Baroda	24950	12000	Mahratta.

Third Class.

Treaties offensive and defensive, States mostly tributary, acknowledging the supremacy of, and promising subordinate co-operation to, the British Government ; but supreme Rulers in their own dominions.

	By Weighment	By Hamilton	
	Sq. Miles.	Sq. Miles.	
8 Indore	4245	0	Mahratta.
9 Oodeepore	11784	7300	
10 Jeypore	13427	0	
11 Joudipoor	34132	0	
12 Kotah	4389	6500	
13 Boondee	2291	2500	
14 Alwar	3235	0	
15 Bikhaniir	18060	0	
16 Jeysulmeer	9779	0	
17 Kishnuegurh	724	0	
18 Banswara	1440	0	
19 Pertabgurh	1457	0	
20 Dungarpoor	2005	0	
21 Kerolee	1878	0	
22 Serowee	3024	0	
23 Bhurtpore	1946	5000	Hindoo.
24 Bhopal	6772	5000	Mahomedan.
25 Kutch with the Runn	7396	13300	Mahomedan.
26 Dhar and Dewas	1466	0	Hindoo.
27 Dholpoor	1626	0	Rajpoot.
28 Rewa	10810		
29 { Dhatteen			
{ Jhandi	16173		
{ Terhi			
30 Sawantwaree	935	0	

Rajpootana States.

Rajpoot.

Hindoo.

Fourth Class.

Guarantee and protection, subordinate co-operation, but supremacy in their own territory.

31	{ Touk Sevonj Nimbahara }	{ Ameer Khan }	{ 1103 261 269 }	1633	{ Mahomedan.
32	{ Patiala, Naba and Jeend }	{ Keytal, Jeend }	16602		

Fifth Class.

Amity and friendship.

33	Gwalior	-	-	32944	Mahratta:
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Sixth Class.

Protection with right on the part of the British Government to control internal affairs.

By Weighment.

			Sq. Miles.	
34	Sattara	-	-	7943 Mahratta.
35	Kolapoor	-	-	3184 Do.

Of the above States four are Mahomedan, and contain an area as follows.

		Square Miles.	Total Square Miles.
1	Hyderabad	-	88884
2	Oude	-	23923
3	Bhopal	-	6772
4	Touk	-	1633
			121212

There are Eight Mahratta States.

5	Sattara	-	7943
6	Gwalior	-	32944
7	Nagpoor	-	56723
8	Indore	-	4245
9	Banda	-	24950
10	Kolapoor	-	3184
11	Dhar and Dewas	-	1466
			131455

There are Nineteen Rajpoot States.

12	Oodeepore	-	11784
13	Jeypoor	-	13427
14	Joudpoor	-	34132
15	Boondee	-	2291
16	Kotah	-	4389
17	Kutch	-	7396
18	Alwar	-	3235
19	Bhikaneer	-	18060
20	Jeysulmeer	-	9779
21	Kishnegur	-	724
22	Bauswara	-	1440
23	Pertabgurh	-	1457
24	Denegapoor	-	2005
25	Kerolee	-	1878
26	Serowee	-	3024
27	Rewa	-	10310
28	Dhatteea		
29	Jhansee	-	16173
30	Terhi		
			141504

There are Six other Hindoo States of different Tribes.

31	Mysore	-	27999
32	Bhurltpore	-	1946
33	Travancore	-	4574
34	Sawantwaree	-	935
35	Cochin	-	1988
36	Dholpoor	-	1626
			39068

Besides these Allied States there are the following inferior Rajahships and Jageerdars, viz.

1 Chota Nagpoor	10 Murich
2 Sergoojira	11 Tausgavau
3 Sumbhulpoor	12 Nepance
4 Singbhum	13 Akulkot
5 Oodeepore	14 Sagar States
6 Maueepore	15 Nerbudda Country
7 Tanjore	16 Sikkim and the States of the Northern Hills.
8 Bareich family	
9 Ferozpoor	

KING OF DELHI.

His Majesty Abool Mozzuffer Surajooddeen Mahomed Behadour.

KING OF THE SEIKHS.

His Highness, Maha Rajah Runjeet Singh, King of the Seikhs.

His dominions comprise Lahore, Cabul, the Punjab, Cashmere, Peshawour, Moulan, part of Sind, &c. ; he is the son of Maha Singh and about fifty-two years of age ; has three sons, viz. Kherga Singh, Shair Singh, and Tara Singh ; but the two latter are not recognized by him as such.

The Government of the Seikhs had been formerly divided among a number of petty independent chieftains under the *Khalsa* or Commonwealth, "to the established rules and laws of which, as fixed by Guru Govind, it was their moral and religious duty to conform." The ancestors of Runjit Singh had been in possession of but a few villages, until his father, by feudatory depredations, and the conquest of Lahore, laid the foundation of the present considerable power of his son, who has now subdued almost all the petty Seikh chiefs.

KING OF OUDE.

His Highness Nawab Noosseer Ood Dowlah.

The family of the princes of Oude are descended from Meer Mahammed Ameen, of a noble family in Persia, who came to India in the reign of Behadour Shah, and was received into the Imperial service, under the name of Saadut Khan. He was appointed to the Government of Oude in 1719 on the accession of Mehamed Shah to the throne of Delhi. He had no son, and was therefore succeeded by his nephew and son-in-law. On the death of Asoph-ud-dowla without any male issue, his spurious son Vizier Ally, assumed the reins of government, but his illegitimacy being discovered, he was, after a reign of four months deposed, and Saadet Ally, the brother of Asoph-ud-dowla, ascended the *musnud* on the 21st of January, 1798. He died 9th October 1827 and was succeeded by his son Ghazi-ud-dien Hyder, who died 1837, and was succeeded by his uncle, the present sovereign. In 1819, Ghaziaddin relinquished the title of Nawab, and assumed that of King.

KING OF AVA.

The revolution which occurred at Ava, in 1837 ended in the Prince of Tharawadi's usurping the throne after removing his brother and placing him under *surveillance*, and seizing his ministers and officers, putting several of them to death, and confining others, as well as the Queen's brother, the Men-thagyih, in irons, and working them on the roads as common felons. He assumed the sovereignty on the 9th of April with the titles of Yatana-Thaing, Koun-baung men, and Shue-Bo Bhuren, King of *Yatana-Thaing*, *Kounbaung* and Sovereign of *Shue-Bo*.

This Prince was born of the same mother as the late King, on the 6th September 1786. By his principal Queen he has a grown-up son and daughter, the former styled Taung-dweng-gyaung men, and the latter said to be highly skilled in astrology. By inferior Queens he has numerous other children, the principal of whom are, Thait-teng-gyih, now Prince of Prome and President of the Lhwottau, and Thait-teng-byu, now Prince of Pak-han-gyih, and a General. His Uncle, the Prince of Mekkhara, has also been placed in the *Lhwottau*, or Council of State, but he is too timid to interfere much. The name of the present King is Maung Kheng.

KING OF SIAM.

His usual titles are, The God Buddh who dwells over every head, the Lord of life, and Master of the palace. His dominions consist of Siam Proper, of the Shan States of Ch'hiung Mai, Lamp-hun, Lak-hou, Meuang Nan, Meuang Fang, Lan-ch'hank, Luang P'hubang, Ch'hiung Sen, Ch'hiung Rai, and others, of part of the old kingdom of Cambodia, and of the Malayan States of Queda and Patani.

The present King is the same person whom Mr. Crawford saw as Prince Krom Chiat at Bangkok in the year 1822. He was the eldest son by an inferior wife of the late King, whom he succeeded on the 21st July 1824, with the general consent of the country, and he is now about 50 years of age. His successor, it is supposed, will be his brother *Chao Fa*, Lord of Heaven, the eldest son of the late King by his principal Queen. The other members of the Royal Family of Siam are said to amount to nearly three thousand persons.

KING OF NEPAUL.

Maharaja Raj Rajendra Vikram Sah, King of Nepaul, succeeded his father at the early age of two years; is now twenty-three years old; has two infant sons; is the son of Girivan Juddha Vikram Sah, the son of Prithwi Pal Sah, the successor of Run Bahadur the son of Sing Pertaup, the son of Purthi Narrain, the Goorkhali conqueror of Nepaul, who subdued it in 1768.

The death of the present Rajah's father is one of those, which Princes whose caprice is the law, have met with. Girivan Juddha Vikram Sah having caused a pagoda, like that of Juggernath, to be erected, ordered similar obedience to be paid to it. This excited dissatisfaction amongst his people; and one of his brothers took advantage of this opportunity of revenging the death of another brother, who had been put to death by the eradication of his eyes, by order of the Rajah. He accordingly went to the Court, and pretending to remonstrate with him on the injustice of his late order, struck him with his sabre. He was, however, immediately killed by the Causy Bhimsen, who was present, and the infant prince was placed on the *musnud*. On the night of the same day, three hundred persons, on whom any suspicion fell, were, it is supposed, put to death by the Causy's order. Nepaul is tributary to China from the year 1792.

NEWAUB OF THE CARNATIC.

His Highness Mahomed Ghous Khan Behadour.

His Highness Prince Azeem Jah Behadour Naib-i-Mookhtar—*Regent*.

NIZAM OF HYDRABAD.

His Highness Nawab Asoph Jah Moozuffier-ul-Momalik Meer Furkondeh Ali Khan Bahadour Futeh Jung, Nizam of Hyderabad, ascended the *musnud* on the 24th of May, 1829; is the son and successor of Secunde Jah, the eldest of the eight sons of Nizam Ali Khan, the younger brother of Salabut Jung, the uncle and successor of Moozuffier Jung, the nephew and successor of Nazir Jung, the second son of Nizam-ul-moolk, who obtained the Soubadary of the Deccan in 1717, in the reign of Ruffee-ul-Dirjet.

Before the formation of a treaty of perpetual alliance with the English, on the 12th Oct., 1800, the Soubadary of the Deccan had suffered continual disturbance. When Asoph Jah Nizam-ul-moolk returned from Delhi, in 1740, he fought in 1741, his son Nazir Jung who had rebelled against him. Nizam-ul-moolk died in 1748, from which time, to the year 1763, a period of 15 years, three princes had ascended the *musnud*, and were successively assassinated. Muzuffier Jung was grandson to Nizam-ul-moolk by his younger daughter's side. Nizam-ali removed his capital from Aurungabad to Hyderabad.

RAJAH OF GWALIOR.

His Highness, Maharajah Janko Rao Scindia, Rajah of Gwalior, succeeded to the Scindia Government on the 18th June, 1827, is now eighteen years of age; was elected by Baiza Bai, the widow of Dowlet Rao, Scindia; the nephew of Madhaje Scindia, the son of Ranojee Scindia.

The family of Scindia are Sudras, of the tribe of Kumbhee, or cultivators. Ranojee was employed by Peishwa Bajerow, as the bearer of his slippers, from which situation he rose to eminence; and when Bajerow having succeeded his father, Biswanath Row, in the office of Peishwa, in May, 1720; came into Malwa in 1731; Ranojee was a Mahratta chieftain of high rank. So that the Sovereign authority of the Scindia family cannot have existed more than between a hundred and one hundred and ten years. Baiza Bai was expelled in 1833 by the present Rajah.

RAJAH OF BHURTPORE.

His Highness, Maharajah Balwont Singh, Rajah of Bhurtpore, succeeded his father in August, 1824; was displaced by one of his cousins, Durjun Sal, in March, 1825, but reinstated by the British Government, on the 19th of January, 1826; is yet a minor in age; the son of Buldeb Singh, the second brother of Itanadhar Singh, the eldest of the four sons of Rowjeet Singh, the son of Kairy Singh, the brother of Ruttun Singh, the brother of Jowahar Singh, the son of Sooraj mull, the founder of the principality, killed in 1763.

The settlement of the Jauts (of which tribe the Rajah of Bhurtpore is,) in the Doab of the Ganges and Jumna, is dated in 1700, when they migrated from the banks of the Indus. During Aurengzebe's last march towards the Deccan, Churamun, the Jant, pillaged the baggage of the Army, and with part of the spoil erected the fortress of Bhurtpore. The present prince, like many of his predecessors is,

not legitimately descended, being the son of a female slave of the name of Sahab Komar. When a Rajah has no son, he purchases females, and the boy begotten on any of them, is adopted by the Rajah and the Paut Kamee.

RAJAH OF KOTAH.

His Highness, Maharajah Bishen Singh, Rajah of Kotah. The son of Kishour Rao, the son of Maha Rao Omid Singh.

RAJAH OF INDOOR.

His Highness Maharaja Hurry Rao Holkar, the cousin and successor of Moulhar Rao, the third and adopted son and successor of Jeswont Rao Holkar, the brother of Casi Rao, the eldest of the four sons of Tukajee Holkar, a chief who was elected to the government of the Holkar State by Ahillya Bai, on the death of her son Mallee Row.

The Holkar family are of the Dhoongur or shepherd tribe. The derivation of the name Holkar, or, more properly, Hulkur, is from Hull a village, and Kur, an inhabitant. Moulhar Rao, I. was the first prince of the Holkar family; and the time when he obtained any local authority was in 1728; the district of Indore was assigned to him in 1733. He had only one son, Kundi Row, who died in 1754, many years previous to his father's death, and left one only son Mallee Row. He also died after a reign of nine months after the death of Moulhar Row. The original family being thus extinct, Ahillya Bai elected Tukajee Holkar to the principality. He had four sons, Casi Row and Moulhar Row by his wife, and Jeswunt Row and Etojee by his mistress.

RAJAH OF JOYNAGAR OR JYPEER.

His Highness, the infant son of Maharaja Sewai Singh, Rajah of Joynagar, or Jypeer, who is the son of Jagat Singh, the son of Pratap Singh, the son of Madho Singh, the son of Ram Singh, the son of Sewai Jysinh, who lived in the time of Mehamed Shah. The young prince is about three years of age and Rawul Bairi Saul is the Regent during his minority, appointed by the British government.

RAJAH OF JOUDHPUR OR MARWAR.

His Highness Maharaja Maun Singh, Rajah of Joudhpur or Marwar is a distant relation of Bhim Singh.

The earliest Rajah of this country on record was Maharaja Jeswont Singh, who having died near Cabul, in 1581, Aurungzebe, one of whose best generals the Maharaja was, gave orders forcibly to convert his children. The family were thus compelled to take refuge in the hills and woods, and on the death of Aurungzebe, regained their former possession, Ajit Singh, the grandson of Jeswont Singh, having rebelled. The Rajah of Joudhpur is of the tribe of Rhattore Rajpoots.

RAJAH OF BOGHELKUND.

His Highness Maharaja Biswanath Singh, Rajah of Boghelkund. The principality of Boghelkund is perhaps the most ancient Hindu dynasty now existing in India.

RAJAH OF BHOONDEE.

His Highness Rao Rajah Ram Singh, Rajah of Bhoondée. The Bhoondée Rajah is of the Hara tribe. "During the retreat of Colonel Monson, in 1804, the Bhoondée Rajah greatly assisted him in his distress; and his conduct has been uniformly friendly to the English; yet, at the peace of 1805, he was abandoned by the Government to the vengeance of the Mahrattas."

RAJAH OF OUDEYPORE.

His Highness, Raj Rana Jawan Singh, the son of Rana Bhim Singh, Rajah of Oudeypore.

The family of the Princes of Oudeypore, belong to the Sesodya tribe or Rajpoots, which is considered the most noble of all the Rajpoot tribes. The family is also regarded highly by the Mahomedans, in consequence of a tradition, that he is descended, in the female line, from the celebrated Noushirvan, who was King of Persia at the birth of Mahomed, and thus to have in that line a common origin with the descendants of Hossein, the son of Ali.

RAJAH OF BIKANERE.

His Highness, Maharaj Ratten Singh, Rajah of Bikanere, the son of Surat Singh. The country of Bikanere is governed by the Rhattore Rajpoots, but the cultivators are mostly Jauts.

RAJAH OF TANJORE.

His Highness Sreemunt Rajastree Seevajee Maharajah Chuttraputty Sahib.

RAJAH OF MYSORE.

His Highness Maharaja Kishen Raj Woodyaveroo Behadour.

RAJAH OF TRAVANCORE.

His Highness Stree Padumnaab Doss Wunjee, Ball Ram Wurma, Koola Shegura Keerect Puttee, Munees Sultan, Maha Raaj Raja Ram Raj Behadour, Shumshere Jung.

RAJAH OF COCHIN.

His Highness Raja Rama Wurmah.

RESIDENTS AT NATIVE COURTS, &c.

ASSAM.

Major Adam White, 59th B. N. I. ... Political Agent.

AVA.

Cofonel Richard Benson, (Bengal Establishment) ... Resident.
 Captain W. M'Leod, 30th M. N. I. ... Assistant.
 G. T. Bayfield, Esq. ... In charge at Rangoon.

BARODA.

J. Sutherland, Esq. (Bombay Establishment) ... Resident.
 A. Malet, Esq. (ditto) ... Assistant.

BHOPAUL.

Lieutenant Colonel Nathaniel Alves, 10th M. N. I. ... Political Agent.
 Captain J. S. Wynfield, 47th B. N. I. ... Commanding Bhopaul Contingent.
 J. Inglis, Esq. M. D. (Bengal Establishment) ... Assistant Surgeon.

BUSHEER.

Resident and Political Agent in the Persian Gulf.
 Captain S. Hennell, 12th Bombay N. I. ... Assistant to ditto.
 T. Mackenzie, Esq (Bombay Establishment) ... Surgeon.

BUSSORAH.

Lieutenant Colonel R. Taylor, 5th Bombay N. I. ... Political Agent.
 J. Ross, Esq. (Bombay Establishment) ... Surgeon.

COORG.

Major John Day Stokes, 4th M. N. I. ... Commissioner.
 Captain C. F. Le Hardy, 14th M. N. I. ... Assistant, in charge.

CUTCH.

Colonel Henry Pottinger, 24th Bombay N. I. ... Resident.
 Captain Sir A. Burnes, Kt. 21st do. ... Assistant.
 Captain P. M. Melvill, 7th do. ... ditto.

DEYRAH DHOON.

Lieutenant Colonel F. Young, 7th Bombay N. I. ... Political Agent.

GWALIOR.

Major J. Sutherland, 3d By. L. C. ... Resident.
 Captain D. Ross, 51st B. N. I. ... Assistant.
 Major Orlando Stubbs, 44th B. N. I. ... Scindiah's Contingent.
 Lieut. J. R. Smyth, Bengal Artillery ... Doing duty.
 J. Hope, Esq. (Ben. Est.) ... Surgeon.

HERAT.

Lieutenant Eldred Pottinger, Bombay Artillery ... Political Agent.

HYDERABAD.

Lieutenant Colonel Josiah Stewart, c. B. 13th M. N. I. Resident—(Cape S. C.)
 Major General J. S. Fraser, 36th M. N. I. ... Acting ditto.
 Walter Laurie, Esq. M. D. (Madras Establishment) ... Surgeon.

INDORE.

John Bax, Esq. (By. E.) ... Resident.
 Major T. Robinson, 64th B. N. I. ... 1st Assistant.
 Captain J. W. Douglas ... 2d ditto.
 Lieut. W. F. Eden, 1st M. N. I. ... 3d ditto.
 James Bruce, Esq. (Bengal Establishment) ... Assistant Surgeon.

PERTAUSGHUR AND MAHIDPORE.

Major W. Borthwick, 22d M. N. I. ... Political Agent.
 Captain MacMahon, ... Assistant.
 T. C. Elliot, Esq. (Bengal Establishment) ... Assistant Surgeon.

BHOPAWUR, BANSWARRAH AND CHECUIDA.

Captain E. Pettingall, 39th B. N. I. Commanding Local Horse, and in charge of Political duties.

NIMAUR.

Major F. H. Sandys, 36th B. N. I. .. Assistant in charge.
A. W. Stuart, Esq. (Bengal Establishment) ... Assistant Surgeon.

JYEPOOR.

... Political Agent.

KATMANDHOO.

B. H. Hodgson, Esq. ... Resident—(on leave)
A. R. Bell, Esq. ... Assistant—(do.)
Captain G. Gordon ... Comd. Escort.
A. Campbell, Esq. (Bengal Establishment) Asst. Surg. and Officiating Resident.

KATTYWAR.

James Erskine, Esq. (By E.) ... Political Agent.
Captain W. Lang, 21st By. N. I. ... 1st Assistant.
Captain G. Le Jacob, 2d By. N. I. ... 2d ditto.
Lieut. H. Bury, 3d By. L. C. ... Guicowar's Contingent.
Assistant Surgeon W. B. Graham, M. D. (By. Est.) ... Surgeon.

KOTAH AND BOONDEE.

Major R. Ross, 18th B. N. I. ... Political Agent.
Roger Foley, Esq. M. D. (Bengal Establishment) ... Assistant Surgeon.

LOODIANAH.

Captain C. M. Wade, 45th B. N. I. ... Political Agent.

LUCKNOW.

Lieutenant Colonel J. Low, C. B. 19th M. N. I. ... Resident, (Cape S. C.)
Captain J. Paton, Bengal Artillery ... Assistant.
Captain McGregor ... ditto.
Lieutenant J. D. Shakespear, (Bengal Establishment) ... Extra Assistant.
 ... Assistant Surgeon.

MYSORE.

Colonel M. Cubbon, 41st M. N. I. ... Commissioner.
Major J. D. Stokes, 4th M. N. I. ... Resident and Comr. for Coorg affairs.
Capt. F. S. C. Chalmers, 22d M. N. I. ... Supt. of Div. under the Comr. (Sea S. C.)
Lieutenant R. S. Dobbs, 9th M. N. I. ... do do
Captain A. McLeod, 5th M. L. C. ... Officiating do do
Lieut. H. Montgomery, Madras Artillery ... do do
Captain A. Clarke, 37th M. N. I. ... 1st Assistant to Commissioner.
Lieutenant W. A. Halsted, 11th M. N. I. ... 2d ditto.
Captain J. Briggs 13th M. N. I. ... 3d ditto.
Hon. H. B. Devereux, (Bengal Establishment) ... Assistant.
Major R. Budd, 32d M. N. I. ... ditto.
Lieutenant R. Cannon, 40th M. N. I. ... ditto.
Lieutenant J. Maitland, Artillery ... ditto.
A. N. Magrath, Esq. (Madras Establishment) ... Surgeon.
C. I. Smith, Esq. (Madras Establishment) ... Assistant Surgeon.

NAGPORE.

Hon. R. Cavendish, (Bengal Establishment) ... Resident.
Captain G. J. Fraser, 1st B. L. C. ... Assistant.
Captain T. A. Duke, M. E. R. ... Commanding Escort.
H. C. Ludlow, Esq. M. D. (Madras Establishment) ... Assistant Surgeon.

PERSIA.

J. McNeill, Esq. ... Envoy.
Lieut. Colonel J. Sheil, 35th B. N. I. ... Secretary to Envoy.
Lieut. Colonel B. B. Shee, 47th M. N. I. ... Commanding Detachment.
Lieutenant E. D. Todd, (Bengal Artillery) ... Doing duty with ditto.
Lieutenant J. Laughton, Ben. Engs. ... ditto ditto.
Lieut. Colonel G. P. Cameron, 40th M. N. I. ... ditto ditto.
Lieut. Colonel G. Woodfall, 45th M. N. I. ... ditto ditto.
S. M. Griffith, Esq. (Ben. Est.) ... Assistant Surgeon.

SABATHOO.

Colonel Horatio Thomas Tapp, 64th B. N. I. ... Political Agent.

SATTARAH.

Lieut. Colonel C. Ovens, 26th B. N. I. ... Resident

TANJORE.

Lieutenant Colonel Thomas Maclean, 9th M. N. I. ... Resident.
 Samuel Brooking, Esq. (Madras Establishment) ... Surgeon—(sick certificate.)
 Thomas Grigg, Esq. (do) ... Acting do

TRAVANCORE.

Major Genl. James Stuart Fraser, 36th M. N. I. ... Resident (on other duty.)
 Captain A. Douglas, 49th M. N. I. ... Acting do
 James Dalmahoy, Esq. (Madras Establishment) ... Surgeon.
 J. Eaton, Esq. M. D. (do) ... Physician to H. H. the Rajah.

UMBALAH.

C. R. Clerk, Esq. ... Political Agent.
 M. P. Edgeworth, Esq. ... Assistant.
 R. Money, Esq. ... Ditto.
 R. Loughton, Esq. ... Surgeon.

CHRONOLOGICAL TABLE OF THE ACQUISITIONS OF THE BRITISH IN INDIA.

DATE OF TREATY.	DISTRICTS.	Square Miles.	FROM WHOM ACQUIRED.
1757 Dec. 20	Twenty-four Pergunnahs, &c.....	4,882	Nabob of Bengal
59 May 14	Masulipatam, &c.....	5,000	The Nizam
60 Sept. 27	Burdwan, Midnapoor and Chittagong.....	13,240	Nabob of Bengal
65 Aug. 12	Bengal, Bahar, &c.....	116,850	The Mogul
65 Aug. 30	Company's Jaghire in the Vicinity of Madras (Chingleput)...	3,000	Nabob of Arcot
66 Nov. 12	Northern Circars.....	27,750	The Nizam
75 May 21	Zemindary of Benares.....	12,000	Vizier of Oude
76 May 22	Island of Salsette.....	.....	Mahrattas
78 June 17	Nagore.....	.....	Rajah of Tanjore
78 Sept. 18	Guntoor Circar.....	4,900	The Nizam
86	Pulo Penang, &c.....	160	King of Queda
92 Mar. 17	Malabar, Dindigul, Salem, Baranah, &c.....	24,000	Tippoo Sultaun of Mysore
99 July 13	Coimbatore, Canara, Wynaad &c.	20,000	Conquered from Tippoo Sultaun, and ceded to the British by the partition Treaty of Mysore.
99 Oct. 25	Tanjore.....	4,030	Rajah of Tanjore
1800 Oct. 12	Districts acquired by the Nizam from Tippoo Sultaun in 1792&1799	25,950	The Nizam
01 July 31	Carnatic.....	17,250	Nabob of the Carnatic
01 Nov. 10	Goruckpoor, Lower Dooab, Bareilly, &c.....	32,000	The Vizier of Oude
02 Dec. 31	Districts in Bundelcund.....	4,685	Peishwah
03 Dec. 17	Cuttack and Balasore.....	10,000	Rajah of Berar
03 Dec. 30	Upper part of the Dooab, Delhi Territory, &c.....	22,000	Dowlut Rao Scindia
05 April 21	Districts in Guzerat.....	6,000	Guicowar
15 Dec. 2	Kumaon and part of the Terraie.....	10,000	Nepaul
17 June 13	Saugur and Huttah, Darwar, &c.	10,000	Peishwah
17 Nov. 6	Ahmedabad Farm.....	4,600	Guicowar
18 Jan. 6	Candeish, &c.....	12,430	Holcar
18	Ajmere.....	City	Dowlat Rao Scindia
18	Poonah, Konkun, Southern Mahratta Country.....	20,000	Conquered from the Peishwah
18	Districts in the Nerbudda, Sumbulpoor, Patna, &c.....	85,700	Rajah of Berar
20 Dec. 17	Lands in Southern Konkan.....	6,700	Rajah of Suwuntwarree
22 Dec. 12	Districts in Beejapoor and Ahmednuggur.....	5,000	The Nizam
24 Aug. 2	Singapore.....	337	Rajah of Johore
25 April 9	Malacca.....	800	Dutch
26 Feb. 24	Assam, Arracan, Tavoy, Ye, Tenasserim, &c.....	77,000	King of Ava
34	Coorg.....	.....	Rajah of Coorg

SUCCESSION OF GOVERNORS AND GOVERNORS GENERAL IN BENGAL

Mr. Freke	...1733	Marquis Cornwallis, K. G.	...1805
—Cruttenden	...1738	Sir George Hilario Barlow, Bt.	
—Braddyll	...1739	Vice President and Deputy Governor, <i>Aug.</i>	...1805
—Forster	...1746	Mr. Udny, do. do.	...1805
—Dawson	...1747	Sir George Hilario Barlow, Bt.	
—Fytch	...1748	K. B. Governor General	...1805
—Barwell	...1750	The Right Hon. Gilbert Lord Minto, <i>July</i>	...1807
—Drake	...1756	Mr. J. Lumsden, (<i>officiating</i>) Vice President and Deputy Governor, <i>Aug.</i>	...1809
Colonel Clive	...1759	Lieutenant General Hewitt, Vice President and Deputy Governor, <i>October</i>	...1809
Mr. Holwell	...1760	Mr. J. Lumsden, Vice President and Deputy Governor, <i>March</i>	...1810
—Vansittart	...1761	The Marquis of Hastings, G. C. B., <i>October</i>	...1813
—Spencer	...1765	Mr. John Adam, <i>January</i>	...1823
Lord Clive	...1765	The Right Hon. Earl Amherst, <i>August</i>	...1823
Mr. Verelst	...1767	Mr. W. B. Bayley	...1828
—Cartier	...1769	The Right Hon. Lord William Cavendish Bentinck, K. C. B. and G. C. H.	...1828
—Hastings	...1772	The Hon. Sir C. T. Metcalfe, Bt. and G. C. B., <i>Acting March 20,</i>	...1835
—Wheeler, (<i>acting</i>)	...1781		
—McPherson	...1785		
Earl Cornwallis, K. G.	...1786		
Mr. Speke, (<i>officiating.</i>)	...1793		
Sir John Shore, Baronet	...1793		
Mr. Speke, Vice President and Deputy Governor	...1797		
Sir Alured Clarke, Provisionally, <i>March</i>	...1798		
Earl Mornington (<i>Most Noble Marquis Wellesley.</i>) <i>May</i>	...1798		
Sir Alured Clarke, Vice President and Deputy Governor, <i>Dec</i>	...1798		
Sir George Hilario Barlow, Bt. do. do. <i>October</i>	...1801		

The Right Honorable George Lord Auckland, G. C. B. Governor General, March 4, 1836.

SUCCESSION OF COMMANDERS-IN-CHIEF IN BENGAL.

Brigadier General Carnac, resigned	...	...	...1767
Colonel Richard Smith, Commanding the Forces	...	...	...1767
Brigadier General Sir Robert Baker	...	...	...1769
Colonel Charles Chapman	...	...	...1773
Colonel Alexander Champion	...	...	...1774
Lieutenant General John Clavering	...	...	...1774
Brigadier General Giles Stibbert, Provisional Commander of the Forces	...	...	...1777
Lieutenant General Sir Eyre Coote, K. B.	...	...	...1779
Lieutenant General Giles Stibbert, (a second time)	...	...	...1780
Lieutenant General Sir Robert Sloper, K. B.	...	...	...1785
Right Honorable Earl Cornwallis, K. G.	...	...	...1786
Colonel Sir Alexander Mackenzie, (temporary)	...	...	...1790
Colonel Arthur Ahmuty, (temporary)	...	...	...1793
Major General Sir Robert Abercromby, K. B.	...	...	...1793
Major General Charles Morgan, (temporary)	...	...	...1797
Major General Sir A. Clarke, K. B.	...	...	...1797
Major General Sir James Craig, K. B. to the Provincial Command	...	...	...1800
Lieutenant General Gerard Lake, (Lord Lake)	...	...	...1801
The Most Noble Charles Marquis Cornwallis, K. G. (2d time)	...	...	...1805
Major General W. Dowdeswell, Provincial Commander in Chief	...	...	...1807
Major General Sir Ewen Baillie, Kt. Provincial Commander in Chief	...	...	...1807

Lieutenant General George Hewett	...1807
Major General William St. Leger, (temporary)	...1810
Lieutenant General Sir George Nugent, Bt. K. B.	...1812
General, the Most Noble the Marquis of Hastings,	13th Sept...1813
General, the Honorable Sir Edward Paget, G. C. B.	13th Jan...1823
General, the Right Hon. Viscount Combermere, G. C. B., G. C. H., and G. C. T. S.	7th Oct...1825
General, the Right Honorable George, Earl of Dalhousie, G. C. B.	
1st Jan.	...1830
General, the Honorable Sir Edward Barnes, G. C. B.	10th Jan...1832
General, the Right Hon. Lord William Cavendish Bentinck, G. C. B.	
16th October	...1833
General, Sir H. Fane, G. C. B.	5th Sept...1835

SUCCESSION OF GOVERNORS OF FORT ST. GEORGE.

NAMES.	Administration when commenced.
Sir William Langhorne, prior to	... 1672
Streyneham Master, Esq.	... 6th February 1678
William Gifford, Esq.	... 13th July 1681
Elihu Yale, Esq.	... 4th August 1687
Nathaniel Higginson, Esq.	... 13th October 1692
Sir J. Goldsborough, Kt. Commissary General and First Member of Council at the different Settlements in India.	... 5th December 1692
Nathaniel Higginson, Esq. afterwards styled Lieute- nant General of India	... 10th August 1693
Thomas Pitt, Esq.	... 12th July 1698
Gulstone Addison, Esq.	... 3d September 1709
Edmond Montague, Esq. Provisional Governor	... 28th October 1709
William Fraser, Esq.	... 14th November 1709
Edward Harrison, Esq.	... 22d July 1711
Joseph Collett, Esq.	... 19th January 1717
Francis Hastings, Esq.	... 29th January 1720
Nathaniel Elwick, Esq.	... 26th October 1721
James Macrae, Esq.	... 28th January 1725
George Martin Pitt, Esq.	... 25th May 1730
Richard Benyon, Esq.	... 3d February 1735
Nicholas Morse, Esq.	... 28th January 1744
Major Stringer Lawrence, in charge of the Garrison	24th November 1749
Richard Prince, Esq. Deputy Governor Presidency of Fort St. David's.	... 12th December 1749
Richard Starke, Esq. Deputy Governor.	... 6th March 1752
Thomas Saunders, Esq. Governor.	... 17th April 1752
George Pigot, Esq.	... 14th January 1755
Robert Palke, Esq.	... 14th November 1763
Charles Bouchier, Esq.	... 25th January 1767
Josias Du Pre, Esq.	... 8th February 1770
Alexander Wynch, Esq.	... 2d February 1773
Right Honorable Lord Pigot	... 10th December 1775
George Stratton, Esq.	... 24th August 1776
John Whitehill, Esq.	... 31st August 1777
Thomas Rumbold, Esq.	... 8th February 1778
John Whitehill, Esq.	... 6th April 1780
Charles Smith, Esq.	... 8th November 1780
Right Honorable Lord Macartney	... 22d June 1781
Alexander Davidson, Esq.	... 18th June 1785

SUCCESSION OF GOVERNORS, &c.

NAMES.	Administration when commenced.
Sir Archibald Campbell, K. B.	... 6th April 1786
John Holland, Esq.	... 7th February 1789
Edward John Holland, Esq.	... 12th February 1789
Major General William Meadows	... 19th February 1790
Sir Charles Oakley, Bart.	... 1st August 1792
Right Honorable Lord Hobart	... 7th September 1794
Lieutenant General George Harris	... 21st February 1798
Right Honorable Lord Clive	... 21st August 1798
Right Honorable Lord William Cavendish Bentinck	... 30th August 1803
William Petrie, Esq.	... 11th September 1807
Sir G. H. Barlow, Bart. K. B.	... 24th December 1807
Lieutenant General The Hon. J. Abercromby	... 21st May 1813
Right Honorable Hugh Elliot	... 16th September 1814
Major General Sir Thomas Munro Bt. K. C. B.	... 10th June 1820
H. S. Græme, Esq.	... 7th July 1827
Right Honorable S. R. Lushington	... 18th October 1827
Lieutenant General Sir Frederick Adam, K. C. B.	... 25th October 1832
G. E. Russell, Esq.	... 4th March 1837
Right Honorable John Lord Elphinstone, G. C. H.	... 6th March 1837

* * * *Note*—The Administration of each Governor ended when that of the succeeding one commenced.

SUCCESSION OF COMMANDERS-IN-CHIEF, FORT ST GEORGE.

NAMES.	FROM	TO
Brigadier General Joseph Smith	... 13th Jan. 1773	14th Oct. 1775
Brigadier Sir Robert Fletcher	... 14th Oct. 1775	25th Aug. 1776
Colonel James Stuart	... 25th Aug. 1776	8th Feb. 1778
Major General Hector Munro	... 8th Feb. 1778	28th Sept. 1782
Major General James Stuart	... 28th Sept. 1782	17th Sept. 1783
Lieutenant General Ross Lang	... 17th Sept. 1783	29th May 1785
Lieutenant General Sir John Dalling	... 29th May 1785	6th April 1786
Maj. Gen. Sir A. Campbell, Governor	... 7th April 1786	8th Feb. 1789
Brigadier General Horne, (Senior Officer Company's Troops.)	... 8th Feb. 1789	20th Feb. 1790
Colonel Floyd, (Senior Officer H. M.'s Troops)	... 8th Feb. 1789	20th Feb. 1790
Major General Meadows, (Governor)	... 20th Feb. 1790	1st Aug. 1792
Colonel John Brathwaite	... 1st Aug. 1792	15th Jan. 1796
Major General Alured Clarke	... 15th Jan. 1796	3d Mar. 1797
Lieutenant General George Harris	... 7th Mar. 1797	27th Jan. 1800
Major General John Brathwaite	... 27th Jan. 1800	27th July 1801
Lieutenant General Stuart	... 28th July 1801	21st Oct. 1804
Major General Dugald Campbell	... 22d Oct. 1804	13th Feb. 1805
Lieutenant General Sir J. F. Cradock	... 13th Feb. 1805	17th Sept. 1807
Lieutenant General H. Macdowall	... 17th Sept. 1807	25th Jan. 1809
Major General Gowdie	... 31st Jan. 1809	10th April 1810
Lieutenant General George Hewitt	... 10th Apr. 1810	27th Sept. 1810
Lieut. General Sir Samuel Auchmuty	... 27th Sept. 1810	6th Mar. 1813
Lieutenant General The Honorable John Abercrombie	... 6th Mar. 1813	25th May 1814
Lieut. General Sir Thomas Hislop, Bart.	... 25th May 1814	1st June 1821
Lieutenant General Thomas Bowser	... 1st June 1821	15th June 1821

SUCCESSION OF COMMANDERS-IN-CHIEF, FORT ST. GEORGE.

NAMES.	FROM	TO
General Sir Alexander Campbell, Bart. K.C.B.	15th June 1821	11th Dec. 1824
Lieutenant General Thomas Bowser.....	11th Dec. 1824	18th Jan. 1826
Major General Sir John Doveton, K. C. B.....	18th Jan. 1826	3d March 1826
Lieutenant General Sir G. T. Walker, G. C. B. and K. C. T. and s.....	3d March 1826	11th May 1831
Lieutenant General The Honorable Sir R. W. O'Callaghan, K. C. B.....	11th May 1831	11th Oct. 1836
Lieutenant General Sir Peregrine Maitland, K. C. B.....	11th Oct. 1836	21st Dec. 1838
Lieutenant General Sir Jasper Nicolls, K.C.B.	21st Dec. 1838	

PRECEDENCE IN THE EAST INDIES.

The Governor General.

The Vice-President, or Governor General for the time being.

The Governor of Madras for the time being.

The Governor of Bombay for the time being.

The Governor of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore and Malacca.

The Chief Justices of Bengal, Madras and Bombay.

The Bishops of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay.

Members of Council according to their situations in the Council of their respective Presidencies.

The Puisne Judge of the Supreme Court of Judicature.

The Recorder of Prince of Wales' Island, &c.

The Commander in Chief of Her Majesty's Naval Forces, and the Commander in Chief of the Army at the several Presidencies, according to relative Ranks in their respective services.

Military and Naval Officers above the Rank of Major General.

All other persons to take place according to general usage.

The Archdeacon to be considered as next in rank to the Senior Merchants.

All Ladies to take place according to the rank assigned to their respective Husbands, with the exception of Ladies having precedence in England, who are to take place according to their several ranks, with reference to such precedence, after the Wives of the Members of Council at the Presidencies in India.

COMPARATIVE RANK OF OFFICERS IN THE ARMY AND NAVY.

Admiral of the Fleet.....	with Field Marshal.
Admirals.....	with Generals.
Vice Admirals.....	with Lieutenant Generals.
Rear Admirals.....	with Major Generals.
Commodores and 1st Captains to Commanders in Chief	with Brigadier Generals.
Captains of 3 years post	with Colonels.
Other Post Captains.....	with Lieutenant Colonels.
Commanders.....	with Majors.
Lieutenants.....	with Captains.

SCALE OF RANK AND PRECEDENCE ASSIGNED TO MEDICAL OFFICERS.

Members of the Medical Board as Colonels.

Superintending Surgeons as Lieutenant Colonels.

Surgeons as Captains.

Assistant Surgeons as Lieutenants.

Veterinary Surgeons after 20 years service as Captains.

Do. 10 do. as Lieutenants,

Do. during first ten years as Cornets.

SALUTES.

ARTICLE I.—On the Queen's Birth-day, at Sun-rise, as many Guns as Her Majesty is years of age.	
II.—The Queen's Birth-day.....	12 o'clock { 21
III.—The Queen's Coronation day....	at noon. { 21
IV.—His Highness the Nuwab.....	21
V.—Her Highness the Nuwab Begum.....	19
VI.—Her Highnesses eldest Son.....	19
VII.—The Governor General.....	19
VIII.—The Governor.....	17
IX.—The Commander in Chief in India.....	17
X.—The Chief Justice.....	15
XI.—The Puisne Judges.....	13
XII.—An Ambassador.....	15
XIII.—An Envoy.....	13
XIV.—The Bishops of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay.....	15
XV.—An Admiral coming on shore or going on Board.....	17
XVI.—A Vice Admiral being Commander in Chief.....	15
XVII.—Otherwise.....	13
XXVIII.—A Rear Admiral being Commander in Chief.....	13
XIX.—Otherwise.....	11
XX.—A Commodore with a broad Pendant being Commander in Chief..	11
XXI.—Otherwise.....	9
XXII.—The same number of Guns to be fired on arrival, or departure of Her Majesty's Ships bearing the Flags of the above Officers.	
XXIII.—Any Ship saluting the Fort to have the compliment returned by an equal number of Guns.	
XXIV.—Members of Council, on their arrival, departure, or being sworn into Council.....	13
XXV.—A General.....	15
XXVI.—A Lieutenant General being Commander in Chief.....	15
XXVII.—Otherwise.....	13
XXVIII.—A Major General being Commander in Chief.....	13
XXIX.—Otherwise.....	11
XXX.—A Brigadier General being Commander in Chief.....	11
XXXI.—Otherwise.....	
XXXII.—No person is to be saluted, but when he comes into, or leaves the Presidency, upon Public Service.	

Civil Service Department.

LIST OF THE EAST INDIA COMPANY'S COVENANTED CIVIL SERVANTS ON THE MADRAS ESTABLISHMENT.

Corrected to the 27th of December 1838.

Number.	NAMES.	Season of Appl.	Commence-ment of Ser-vice.	Date of Arrival.	Actual Re-sidence on service up to 1st Dec.	Date of pro-motion to pre-sent grade.	EMPLOYMENTS.
	<i>The Right Hon. JOHN, LORD ELPHINSTONE, G. C. H. ....</i>	....	6 Mar. 1837	6 Mar. 1837	Y. M. D. 1 9 26	.....	<i>Governor and President in Council, 6th March 1837.</i>
	<i>His Excellency Lieut. General SIR JASPER NICOLLS, K.C.B. ....</i>	....	21 Dec. 1838	20 Dec. 1838	0 0 11	.....	<i>Commander in Chief, and Second in Council, 21st Dec. 1838.</i>
1	J. Sullivan, Esq. w. f.	1801	28 Sept. 1803	1 Dec. 1804	26 5 5	28 Sept. 1814	<i>Third in Council, 1st March 1836, and President of the Re-venue, Marine, and College Boards.</i>
	C. M. Lushington, Esq. w. f.	1800	10 Mar. 1802	1 Sep. 1802	26 4 0	10 Mar. 1813	<i>Fourth in Council, and Chief Judge of the Court of Sudr and Foudaree Udalat, 23d January 1838.</i>
SENIOR MERCHANTS.							
	Arthur Brooke, N. S.	1793	11 June 1794	14 Sept. 1794	35 9 12	11 June 1805	<i>Superintendent of the Government Lotteries, 19th April 1836.</i>
	John Bird, w. f.	1801	2 Feb. 1804	18 July 1804	34 5 14	2 Feb. 1815	<i>1st Puisne Judge of the Court of Sudder and Foudaree Udalat, 23d January 1838. Appointed Provisional Member of Council.</i>
5	Thomas A. Oakes, w. f. ....	....	2 June 1802	2 June 1802	32 1 11	2 June 1813	<i>1st Judge in the Provincial Court in the Centre Division, 20th April 1830—and acting 2d Judge of the Court of Sud-der and Foudaree Udalat, 30th January 1838.</i>
	J. G. Turnbull, w. f.	1804	23 Oct. 1805	13 Nov. 1805	32 1 18	23 Oct. 1816	<i>Accountant General, 22d October 1822.</i>
	J. B. G. P. Paske, w. f.	1805	16 Jan. 1807	3 July 1807	29 0 12	16 Jan. 1818	<i>1st Judge of the Provincial Court in the Northern Division, 11th September 1832.</i>
	Henry Dickinson, w. f. ....	....	11 do. 1807	5 do. 1807	27 4 13	11 do 1820	<i>1st Judge of the Provincial Court in the Southern Division, 14th August 1838.</i>
	M. D. Cockburn, w. f.	1806	26 Feb. 1808	22 Aug. 1808	30 4 10	26 Feb. 1819	<i>Judge and Criminal Judge of Malabar, 1st Nov. 1836.</i>

COVENANTED SERVANTS.

Number.	NAMES.	Season of App.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Actual re- sidence on service up to 31st Dec.	Date of pro- motion to present grade.	EMPLOYMENTS.
10	E. R. MacDonald, <i>w f</i> A. D. Campbell, <i>w f</i> W. Hudleston, <i>w f</i> James Haig John Vaughan, <i>w f</i>	1808 1807	3 Sept. 1 Dec. 28 Feb. 11 Jan. 13 Mar.	17 Feb. 30 Sept. 1311 12 do 1809 15 do 1811 12 do	1808 1811 21 1809 26 4 1811 27 3 19 13 Mar.	3 Sept. 1 Dec. 1822 1820 1822	Proceeded to England, 8th Feb. 1838—(<i>accepted annuity</i> .) Member of the College Board, and 3d Judge of the Sudder and Foujdary Adawlat, 23d January 1838. 2d Judge of the Court of Sudder and Foujdary Adawlat, 23d January 1838.—(<i>Cape S. C.</i>) 2d Judge of the Provincial Court in the Northern Division, 20th January 1836. 1st Judge of the Provincial Court in the Western Division, 21st August 1838.
15	George J. Waters, <i>w f</i> E. B. Wrey J. M. P. Macleod, <i>w f</i> J. Dent, <i>w f</i> Ambrose Crawley H. Montgomerie, <i>w f</i>	..... 1808 1809	1 do 22 Jan. 10 April 7 Jan. 11 do 5 do	10 do 11 June 1811 11 do 1813 7 July 1814 4 do 1813 7 do	24 3 22 1812 23 3 6 22 Jan. 25 3 25 1814 1813 22 6 10 5 do	1 do 22 Jan. 10 April 7 Jan. 11 do 5 do	Without employ, 13th December 1837. Removed, 4th July 1837, (<i>accepted annuity</i> .) Proceeded to England, 8th March 1838. 1st Member of the Board of Revenue, 20th January 1838. Proceeded to England, 6th Feb. 1837. 3d Judge of the Provincial Court, Northern Division, 21st August 1838.
20	H. Chanier, <i>w f</i> G. D. Drury, <i>w f</i>	..... .....	1810 13 do 25 do	7 do 6 Sept.	25 5 23 13 do 25 3 25 25 do	13 do 25 do	Chief Secretary to Government, 12th August 1831. Principal Collector and Magistrate of Colmbatore, 20th September 1832.—(<i>Cape S. C.</i>)
25	J. D. Gleig, <i>w f</i> James Thomas, <i>w f</i> G. M. Oglvie, <i>w f</i>	..... ..... .....	16 Feb. 16 do 25 Jan.	1814 6 do 16 do 1813 9 Aug.	1814 20 7 18 16 Feb. 16 4 10 16 do 1813 21 10 15 25 Jan.	1825 1824 1824	Principal Collector and Magistrate of Salem, 16th Jan. 1838, Judge and Criminal Judge of Rajahmundry, 5th July 1837. Principal Collector and Magistrate of the Northern Division of Arcot, 20th January 1837.
30	G. J. Casamajor, <i>w f</i> W. R. Taylor, <i>w f</i> N. W. Kindersley, <i>w f</i> W. B. Anderson, <i>w f</i> J. Orr, <i>w f</i> C. R. Cotton, <i>w f</i>	..... ..... ..... ..... ..... .....	13 do 9 April 16 Mar. 20 Jan. 1 Feb. 31 Jan.	1811 1 April 1813 14 Sept. 1813 16 do. 1815 11 July 20 do 24 do	1812 23 6 17 13 do 1813 16 9 4 9 April 1814 21 2 9 16 Mar. 1815 20 8 22 20 Jan. 19 6 22 1 Feb. 20 0 15 31 Jan.	1822 1824 1825 1826 1 Feb. 31 Jan.	2d Judge of the Provincial Court, Centre Division, 10th January 1834, and acting 1st Judge, 9th February 1838. 2d Judge of the Provincial Court for the Southern Division, 14th August 1838. Principal Col. and Magistrate of Tanjore, 22d January 1838. 2d Judge of the Provincial Court, Western Division, 21st August 1838. Civil Auditor and Supt. of Stamps, 10th April 1838. Temporary Member of the Board of Revenue, 23th March 1836, and acting 2d Member, 30th March 1838.

Malcolm Lewin, w. f.	....	1 Feb.	24 do	19 10 23	1 Feb.	Principal Col. and Magistrate of Canara, 25th March 1836, and acting 2d Judge of the Provincial Court Centre Division, 9th February 1838.
William Harrington, w f	....	28 Jan.	11 do	20 6 25	28 January	3d Judge Provincial Court, Southern Div., 20th Jan. 1837.
W. D. Davis, w f	....	1 Feb.	6 Aug.	23 4 26	1 February	3d Judge Provincial Court, Centre Division, 11th do. 1833.
John Paternoster,	....	1 do	22 July	20 0 13	1 do	Judge and Criminal Judge of Bellary, 28th May 1833.
A. E. Angelo, n. s. w f	....	7 March	21 do	18 10 5	7 March	Removed, 8th August 1837.
T. E. J. Boileau	....	1 February	22 do	19 5 10	1 February	3d Judge Provincial Court, Western Division, 21st August 1838.
J. Blackburn, w f	....	1 do	26 Aug.	19 5 26	1 do	Principal Col. and Magistrate of Madura, 14th March 1834.
F. Lascelles N. s. w f	....	1 do	24 July	20 4 11	1 do	Judge and Criminal Judge of Chittoor, 15th May 1835.
P. H. Stronhom, w f	....	16 do	1814 12 Sept.	1816 22 3	19 16 do	Judge and Criminal Judge of Cuddapah, 21st August 1836.
J. F. Thomas, N. s.	....	16 do	1816 17 July	18 0 5	16 do	Member of the College Board, 5th August 1834.—Additional Govt. Commissioner for Small Claims withdrawn from the Carnatic Fund, 22d September 1835.—Sole Commissioner for the final adjustment of Small Claims, 24th Aug. 1835.
R. Nelson	....	26 Jan.	17 do.	.....	26 Jan.	Proceeded to England, 31st December 1836.
T. V. Stonhouse	....	30 Dec.	1815 30 June	20 7 17	30 Dec.	Principal Col. and Magistrate of Nellore, 17th March 1835.
E. Baunerman, w f	....	16 Feb.	1816 27 July	22 5 5	16 Feb.	Judge and Criminal Judge of Salem, 30th January 1837.
W. Ashton, N s w f	....	16 do	27 do	17 4 2	16 do	Principal Col. and Magistrate of the Southern Division of Arcot, 16th April 1838.
Robert Clerk, w f	....	16 do	27 do	19 10 5	16 do	Secretary to Govt. in the Civil Department, 28th July 1835.
Joseph Chuluv, N s	....	17 Jan.	7 Aug.	.....	17 Jan.	On furlough, 27th July 1834.
C. P. Brown,	....	29 Mar.	1817 5 do	1817 18 5	5 29 Mar.	Persian Translator to Govt. 29d Jan. 1838 and Member of the College Board, 25th September 1838.
P. Grant, w f	....	8 April	4 do	17 10 23	8 April	Collector and Magistrate of Masulipatam, 23d Jan. 1838.
T. R. Whalley, N s	....	29 Jan.	3 do	.....	29 Jan.	Mahratta Translator to Govt., 2d Jan. 1833, 2d Member of the Board of Rev., 14th Nov. 1837, and Member of the College Board, 3d Apr. 1832. (appt. to the Indian Loan Commission.)
D. Elliott, w f	....	20 do	3 do	21 4 29	20 do	Tamil Translator to Government, 14th April 1826, Collector of Madras, 11th January 1833, and Member of the College Board, 24th December 1830.
A. Robertson, w f	....	22 do	26 June	17 5 23	22 do	Judge and Criminal Judge of Madura, 11th Jan. 1833 and acting 3d Judge Prov. Court Southern Div. 8th Sept. 1838.
G. S. Hooper, w f	....	29 do	3 July	17 9 17	29 do	Deputy Collector of Madras, 15th April 1828, and Superintendent of Stationery, 18th March 1831.
J. A. Hadleston, w f	....	7 do	26 June	21 5 25	7 do	Judge and Criminal Judge of Nellore, 28th October 1834.
R. Grant, w f	....	3 do	10 Aug.	18 1 1	3 do	Principal Col. and Magistrate of Malabar, 17th August 1832, (Cape S C.)
F. F. Clementson, w f	....	9 do	26 June	21 6 5	9 do	

COVENANTED SERVANTS.

Number.	NAMES.	Season of Appt.	Commence-ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Actual re-sidence on Service up to 31st Dec.	Date of pro-motion to pre-sent grade.	EMPLOYMENTS.
60	A. Maclean, <i>w f</i>	1815	3 July 1817	5 June 1818	Y. M. D. 20 6:26	3 July 1828	Col. and Magistrate of Chingleput, 11th Jan. 1833, Malay-alum Translator to Government, 16th Dec. 1836, and Acting 3d Member of the Board of Revenue, 1st October 1838.
	A. F. Bruce, <i>w f</i>	.....	3 do	16 April	18 0 12	3 do.	Post Master General, 14th August 1838.
	J. Horsley, <i>w f</i>	.....	3 do	6 do	18 2 22	3 do	Judge and Criminal Judge of Chingleput, 17th August 1832.
	J. C. Wroughton, <i>w f</i>	.....	3 do	14 June	19 17 0 12	3 do	Collector of Sea Customs at Madras, 23d January 1838.
	J. C. Morris, <i>w f</i>	.....	1817-23 Jan.	1818 10 Aug.	1818 17 9 23	23 Jan.	Member of the College Board, 7th November 1831, Telooogo Translator to Government, 3d January 1832, Superintendent and Treasurer of the Government Bank and Sub-Treasurer, 31st July 1835, and acting Temporary Member of the Board of Revenue, 1st October 1838.
	H. M. Blair, <i>w f</i>	.....	4 March	1 Sept.	17 8 1	4 March	Col. and Magistrate of Trichinopoly, 19th March 1832, and acting Prin. Col. & Magistrate of Canara, 12th June 1835.
	F. M. Lewin, <i>w f</i>	.....	6 August	20 Jan.	16 4 12	6 August	Judge and Criminal Judge of Combaconum, 17th Nov. 1835.
	R. Eden, <i>n. s. w f</i>	.....	6 Jan.	1819 14 June	17 1 25	6 Jan.	Col. and Mag. of Tinnevely, 17th Feb. 1832. — (<i>Cape S. C.</i>)
65	J. Goldingham, <i>w f</i>	.....	26 do	1820 21 do	15 3 12	26 do	Collector and Magistrate of Guntoor, 10th April 1838.
	George A. Smith	.....	7 do	21 do	14 11 24	7 do	Collector and Magistrate of Rajahmundry, 23d Jan. 1838.
	George Bird, <i>w f</i>	.....	25 July	8 Jan.	1822 13 3 28	25 July	Judge and Criminal Judge of Canara, 12th May 1835.
	Walter Elliot, <i>n. s. w f</i>	.....	1820 15 Feb.	1821 14 June	13 2 25	15 Feb.	Private Secy. to the Right Hon. the Governor, 7th March 1837, Canarese Translator, 15th March 1837, and 3d Member of the College Board, 30th March 1837, and 3d Member of the Board of Revenue, 14th November 1837. — (<i>Egypt on leave.</i>)
70	Arthur Freese, <i>w f</i>	.....	30 Jan.	20 do	15 2 25	30 Jan.	Judge and Criminal Judge of Chicacole, 6th March 1838, and acting Collector of Chingleput, 14th August 1838.
	William Lavie, <i>w f</i>	.....	13 September	5 March	.....	13 September	Proceeded to England, 6th March 1836.
	W. H. Babington, <i>w f</i>	.....	20 June	5 do	1822 13 6 15	20 June	Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate of Cuddapah, 19th Jan. 1836, and acting Principal Col. and Magistrate of Comba- tore, 15th May 1838.
	William A Neave	.....	24 October	5 May	.....	24 October	On Furlough, 7th January 1836.
	R. A. Baumerman	.....	20 June	9 do	12 10 19	20 June	Col. and Magistrate of Ganjam, and Commissioner in Goom-sur and Sooradab, under the provisions of Act No. 28 of 1836, -2d January 1838.

75	T. B. Glass, N. S. w f	1821	10 May	1822	15 Sept.	11	4	23	70	10 May	1833	Asst. Judge and Joint Criminal Judge of Guntoor, 27th June 1837, and acting Judge and Criminal Judge of Chicacole, 14th August 1838.
	John C. Scott, N. S.	.....	14 do	.....	15 do	12	7	12	14	do		Without employ, 10th January 1837.—(Leave to England.)
	A. P. Onslow, N. S. w f	.....	26 Aug.	.....	4 May	1823	15	7	23	26 Aug.		Sec. to the Board of Rev. 17th Mar. 1835.—(N. S. W. less C.)
	E. P. Thompson, N. S. w f	.....	26 June	.....	17 Dec.	1822	16	0	15	26 June		Assistant Judge and Joint Criminal Judge of Salem, 24th Dec. 1830, and acting Collector and Magistrate of Tinnevely, 10th October 1837.
	John Walker	.....	5 Feb.	1822	25 Sept.	1823	12	0	23	5 Feb.	1834	Police Magistrate, 18th Aug. 1837, acting Deputy Collector of Madras, and Superintendent of Stationery, and acting Canarse Translator to Government, 2d October 1838.
80	Henry Morris, w f	.....	10 Sept.	.....	9 Mar.	1824	.....	.....	10	10 Sept.		Proceeded to England, 25th February 1837.
	W. E. Underwood, w f	.....	2 June	.....	2 Oct.	1823	15	2	30	2 June		Deputy Collector of Sea Customs at Madras, 21st Sept. 1832, and acting Deputy Secretary to Government in the Department under the Chief Secretary, 5th March 1838.
	A. I. Cherry, w f	.....	17 Mar.	1824	3 Sept.	1824	10	5	12	17 March	1835	Cashier, Government Bank, and Assistant Sub-Treasurer, 3d March 1837, and acting Sub-Treasurer and Supt. and Treasurer of the Government Bank, 17th March 1838.
	H. F. Dumergue, w f	.....	2 Jan.	.....	2 July	.....	12	7	20	2 Jan.		Assistant Judge of the Adaulat of the Zillah of Canara, 29th May 1835.
	S. Crawford	.....	11 Feb.	.....	2 do	.....	14	5	30	11 Feb.		Deputy Accountant General, 11th September 1832.
	R. Gardner	.....	14 May	1823	3 Sept.	.....	.....	.....	14	May		On Furlough, 4th January 1835.
85	T. J. W. Thomas, N. S. w f	.....	24 Dec.	.....	7 June	1825	5	8	26	24 Dec.		Assistant Judge and Joint Criminal Judge of Rajahmundry, 30th March 1838.
	William Douglas, w f	.....	6 Oct.	.....	28 March	.....	10	9	0	6 Oct.		Register to the Court of Sudr and Foujdarry Adaulat, 22d September 1835.
	H. V. Conolly, N. S.	.....	19 May	.....	13 Sept.	1824	.....	.....	19	May		Proceeded to England, 25th February 1837.
	A. Mellor	.....	30 June	.....	26 Dec.	.....	10	2	1	30 June		Without employ, 8th November 1838.
	E. B. Thomas, w f	.....	9 Feb.	1825	11 Aug.	1825	.....	.....	9	Feb.	1836	Proceeded to England, 21st January 1837.
90	Sir H. C. Montgomery, Bt. w f	.....	18 do	.....	3 Nov.	.....	10	9	8	18 do		Without employ, 13th December 1838.
	W. A. Morehead, w f	.....	27 April	.....	16 Oct.	.....	.....	.....	27	April		Proceeded to England, 25th February 1837.
	R. T. Porter	.....	20 June	.....	24 Nov.	.....	.....	.....	29	June		Proceeded to England, 25th do.
	F. Anderson, w f	.....	30 Sept.	.....	19 June	1826	.....	.....	30	Sept.		Proceeded to England, 25th do.
	W. C. Ogilvie, N. S. w f	.....	26 May	.....	3 Nov.	.....	13	1	26	26 May		Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate of Salem, 6th Sept. 1833, and acting Collector and Magistrate of Trichinopoly, 27th April 1838.
95	W. U. Arbuthnot, w f	.....	21 Dec.	1825	12 June	1826	12	6	19	21 Dec.		Collector and Magistrate of Vizagapatam, 6th March 1838.
	T. L. Blane	.....	12 April	1826	3 Mar.	1827	11	9	29	12 April	1837	Collector and Magistrate of Cuddapah, 14th August 1838.
	J. G. S. Bruere, N. S. w f	.....	21 March	.....	23 Aug.	1826	.....	.....	21	March		Proceeded to England, 25th February 1837.
	W. E. Lockhart	.....	1 do	.....	12 Sept.	.....	.....	.....	1	do		Proceeded to England, 8th do. 1838.

COVENANTED SERVANTS.

Number.	NAMES.	Reason of Appt.	Commence- ment of Ser- vice.	Date of Arri- val.	Actual resi- dence on Service up to 31st Dec.	Y. M. D.	Date of pro- motion to pro- sent grade.	EMPLOYMENTS.
100	P. B. Smollett, n s	1825	30 Sept.	1825 14 June	1826 12 6 17	30 Sept.	1826	Sub Secretary and Officiating Secretary to the Board of Re- venue, 20th March 1828.
	T. L. Strange, w f	....	6 do	1826 20 do	1827 11 6 11	6 do.	1827	Assistant Judge and Joint Criminal Judge of Malabar, 24th June 1831. — (<i>Leave to England.</i>)
	T. Prendergast, w f	....	23 June	22 Oct.	1826	23 June	1826	Proceeded to Europe, 24th November 1837.
	W. A. Forsyth, w f	....	10 Aug.	9 Jan.	1827	10 Aug.	1827	Proceeded to Europe, 26th January 1838.
	H. Stokes	....	23 do	9 do	....	25 do	....	Proceeded to Europe, 21st May do.
105	W. A. D. Inglis, w. f.	....	21 Feb.	1827 20 June	....	21 Feb.	1828	Proceeded to Europe, 20th July 1838.
	W. Dowdeswell, n. s. w. f.	....	9 do	23 do	8 7 25	9 do	....	Asst. Judge and Joint Criminal Judge of Chicacole, 16th Feb. 1838.
	G. L. Prendergast, w f	....	11 April	18 Oct.	....	11 April	....	Proceeded to England, 22d January 1838.
110	E. C. Lovell,	....	25 do	12 Sept.	....	25 do	....	Do do 25th February 1838.
	E. Smith, w. f.	....	13 June	13 Oct.	11 2 14	13 June	....	Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate of Malabar, 17th Aug. 1832.
	J. F. Bishop, n. s. w. f.	....	20 July	1 Dec.	....	20 July	....	Proceeded to England, 22d January 1838.
	R. Davidson	....	16 June	15 Jan.	1828 10 11 17	16 June	....	Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate of Madura, 6th Feb. 1833.

JUNIOR MERCHANTS.

115	George Sparkes	1827	1 Jan.	1828 22 June	1836	1 Jan.	1836	Proceeded to England, 25th January 1837.
	S. J. Popham	....	30 do.	23 do	....	1 Jan.	....	Without Employ, 13th August 1834.
	C. H. Hallett, n. s. w. f.	....	6 Feb.	14 July	10 6 9	30 do	....	Proceeded to England, 3d Sept. 1837.
	Thomas A. Anstruther	....	21 May	23 Sept.	....	6 Feb.	....	Proceeded to Europe, (via Bombay.)
	Charles R. Baynes, w. f.	....	19 Nov.	21 May	1829	21 May	....	Asst. Judge and Joint Criminal Judge of Chingleput, 16th April 1838. — (<i>Cape, S. C.</i>)
115	R. D. Parker, w. f.	1828	6 Jan.	1829 16 do	....	6 Jan.	1837	Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate of Nellore, 24th January 1837, and Actg. Sub Secy. to the Board of Revenue 20th March 1838.

120	D. White, <i>w f</i>	.....	1 do	9 Sept.	9 3 22	1 do	Head Asst. to the Principal Col. and Magistrate of Malabar, 8th March 1836, and Actg. Asst. Judge and Joint Criminal Judge of Malabar, 11th Dec. 1837.
	F. Malby, <i>w f</i>	.....	28 do	9 do	9 3 22	28 do	Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of Canara, 12th Sept. 1837.
	E. Newbery, <i>w f</i>	.....	21 do	9 do	9 3 22	21 do	Register to the Zillah Court of Chicacole, 23d Jan. 1833, and acting Asst. Judge and Joint Criminal Judge of Guntoor, 27th January 1837.
	S. Scott, <i>w f</i>	.....	16 do	9 do	9 3 22	16 do	Sub-Collr. and Joint Magistrate of Tanjore, 15th July 1836.
	T. Pyroft, <i>w f</i>	.....	28 April	11 Aug.	9 4 21	28 April	Sub-Collector and Joint Mag. of S. D. Arcot, 14th Feb. 1837.
	G. S. Greenway, <i>w f</i>	.....	1 do	11 do	9 4 21	1 do	Asst. Judge and Joint Criml. Judge of Cochin, 31st Oct. 1837.
	J. D. Bourdillon	.....	28 Jan.	11 do	9 4 21	28 Jan.	Sub-Col. and Joint Mag. of the N. D. of Arcot, 6th Feb. 1838.
	William Elliot	.....	22 July	25 January	8 11 7	22 July	Head Asst. to the Prin. Col. and Mag. of Salem, 6th Aug. 1834, and actg. Judge and Crim. Judge of Madurn, 25th September 1837.
125	J. H. Cochrane, <i>w f</i>	.....	22 do	25 do	8 11 7	22 do	Head Assistant to the Principal Collector and Magistrate of North Arcot, 29th May 1832, and acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of Cuddapah, 18th February 1837.
	R. H. Williamson, <i>w f</i>	.....	22 do	25 do	.....	22 do	Proceeded to England, 18th March 1836.
	G. H. Skelton, <i>w f</i>	.....	11 Nov.	23 April	5 2 1	11 Nov.	Register, Zillah Court of Nellore, 24th January 1837, and acting Assistant Judge and Joint Criminal Judge of Cochin, 11th December 1838.
	J. H. Bell, <i>w f</i>	.....	14 Oct.	28 June	5 7 3	14 Oct.	Head Asst. to the Collector and Magistrate of Rajahmundry, 26th Sept. 1836, and acting Deputy Collector of Sea Customs at Madras, 30th March 1838.
130	W. H. Tracey	.....	11 Nov.	20 May	.....	11 Nov.	Proceeded to England, 15th December 1837.
	T. B. Roupell, <i>w f</i>	.....	13 Jan.	3 July	.....	13 Jan.	On Furlough, 12th March 1835.
	W. Wilson	.....	13 do	3 do	.....	13 do	Assistant Judge and Joint Criminal Judge of Madura, 23d January 1838, and acting Deputy Register to the Court of Sudr and Foujdary Udalt, 21st August 1838.
	H. D. Phillips, <i>w f</i>	.....	22 April	17th Sept.	8 3 14	22 April	Sub Col. and Joint Magistrate of Tinnevely, 23d Jan. 1838.
	C. J. Bird, <i>w f</i>	.....	7 July	10 Feb.	7 10 19	7 July	Head Assistant to the Principal Collector and Magistrate of Coimbatore, 25th March 1836, and acting Assistant Judge of Salem, 24th July 1838.
	H. Frère, <i>w f</i>	.....	7 do	19 Dec.	4 10 14	7 do	On Furlough, 11th November 1837.
135	F. B. Elton, <i>w f</i>	.....	7 do	19 do	.....	7 do	Head Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Guntoor, 16th July 1833, and acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of Nellore, 24th July 1838.
	A. S. Mathison, <i>w f</i>	.....	7 do	19 do	8 0 13	7 do	

COVENANTED SERVANTS.

Number.	NAMES.	Season of Appt.	Commence-ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Actual re-licence on Dec.	Date of pro-motion to pre-sent grade.	EMPLOYMENTS.
	John Bird, <i>w f</i>	1829	7 July 1830	10 Feb. 1831	Y. M. D. 7 10 19	7 July 1838	Sub Collector of Coimbatore, 18th November 1838.
	John Rohde	....	7 do	10 do	7 10 19	7 do	Register to the Zillah Court of Rajahmundry, 27th January 1837 and Offg. Asst. Judge and Joint Criminal Judge of Rajahmundry, 11th May 1838.
	E. Story, <i>w f</i>	....	27 Oct.	1 May	7 7 21	27 Oct.	2d Assistant to the Principal Collector and Magistrate of Cuddapah, 27th May 1831, and Acting Register to the Zillah Court of Chicacole, 5th April 1836.

FACTORS.

140	F. N. Malby, <i>w f</i>	....	1830	12 Jan.	1831	29 Aug.	7 4	3 12 Jan.	1836	Additional Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of Canara, 24th October 1837.
	Charles Turton Kaye	....	....	12 do	25 July	7 5	7 12 do	1st Assistant to the Accountant General, 10th April 1838 and Acting Assistant Judge and Joint Criminal Judge of Chingleput, 31st August 1838.		
	T. H. Davidson	....	....	12 do	22 Aug.	7 4	10 12 do	Senior Deputy Register to the Court of Sudder and Foudjary Adalut, 23d January 1838.—(<i>Cape S. C.</i>)		
	Thomas W. Goodwyn	....	....	12 do	24 May	7 7	8 12 do	Head Assistant to the Principal Collector and Magistrate of Madura, 27th January 1837 and acting Sub Collector of Malabar, 9th October 1838.		
	James C. Taylor, <i>w f</i>	....	....	12 do	11 do	7 7	21 12 do	Head Assistant to the Principal Collector and Magistrate of Nellore, 26th May 1837, and acting Sub Collector of Salem, 9th October 1838.		
145	George A. Harris, <i>w f</i>	....	....	12 do	25 July	7 5	7 12 do	Head Assistant to the Principal Collector and Magistrate of Bellary, 19th September 1838.		
	G. T. Beauchamp, <i>w f</i>	....	....	12 do	25 do	7 5	7 12 do	Register to the Provincial Court of Appeal and Circuit in the Northern Division, 16th June 1836, and Acting Head Assistant to the Accountant General, 25th September 1838.		
	Henry Forbes, <i>w f</i>	....	....	12 do	30 Nov.	7 1	1 12 do	Head Assistant to the Principal Collector of Tanjore, 15th July 1836.		
	Thomas I. P. Harris	....	....	22 April	5 do	7 1	26 22 April	Register to the Principal Collector for the Southern Division, 7th August 1838.		

150	Thomas D. Lushington	.....	6 July	10 March 1833	6 9 22	6 July	Head Assistant to the Principal Collector and Magistrate of Canara, 24th Jan. 1837.
	Charles Pelly, <i>wf</i>	.....	6 do	14 Jan.	6 11 18	6 do	Sub Col. and Joint Magistrate of Bellary, 14th Aug. 1838.
	Mackenzie Murray, <i>wf</i>	.....	6 do	28 April	6 8 3	6 do	Register to the Zillah Court of Cuddapah, 11th October 1836 and Acting Head Assistant to the Principal Collector and Magistrate of Nellore, 9th October 1838.
	Frederick Mole, <i>wf</i>	.....	15 June	14 Jan.	6 11 18	15 June	Register to the Zillah Court of Salem, 13th December 1834.
	David R. Limond, <i>wf</i>	.....	6 July	18 Dec.	7 0 14	6 July	Register to the Zillah Court of Madura, 9th August 1836, and Officiating Assistant Judge and Joint Criminal Judge of Madura, 13th March 1838.
155	C. Whittingham, <i>wf</i>	.....	9 Nov.	6 July 1832	6 5 26	9 Nov.	Head Assistant to the Principal Collector and Magistrate Southern Division of Arcot, 4th February 1837.
	Sylvester D. Birch, <i>wf</i>	.....	9 do	26 May	6 7 6	9 do	Assistant to the Principal Collector of Tanjore, 27th January 1835 and Acting Cashier to the Government Bank, and Assistant to the Sub Treasurer, 20th March 1838.
	S. N. Ward	.....	18 Jan. 1832	7 June	6 5 24	18 Jan.	Assistant to the Zillah Court of Canara, 31st October 1837.
	F. H. Crozier, <i>wf</i>	.....	18 do	24 Aug.	.....	18 do	Proceeded to England, 10th May 1838.
	Harry A. Brett, <i>wf</i>	.....	4 do	5 July	6 5 27	4 do	Register Provincial Court of Appeal and Circuit for the Centre Division, 3d March 1837.
	Joseph J. Cotton, <i>wf</i>	.....	18 do	27 Aug	6 4 5	18 do	Register to the Zillah Court of Combaconum, 1st Aug. 1837.
	William M. Molle	.....	18 do	2 June	6 6 29	18 do	Head Assistant to the Collector of Tinnevely, 23d Jan. 1838.
160	Francis Copleston, <i>wf</i>	.....	18 do	24 Sept.	6 3 7	18 do	Head Assistant to the Principal Collector and Magistrate of Cuddapah, 12th Sep. 1837, and acting Head Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Guntoor, 6th Nov. 1838.
	Thomas Onslow, <i>wf</i>	.....	18 do	24 Aug.	6 4 8	18 do	Register to the Zillah Court of Chittoor, 14th July 1835.
	Murray P. Daniell	.....	16 Dec.	11 July	6 5 21	16 Dec.	Assistant to the Principal Collector of Coimbatore, 17th Oct. 1834, and acting Head Assistant to do. 21st Aug. 1838.
	Arthur M. Owen	.....	18 Jan. 1832	24 Aug.	6 4 8	18 Jan.	Assistant to the Prin. Collector of Malabar, 19th Feb. 1834. (<i>See S. C.</i>)
165	Thomas B. A. Conway	.....	6 July	18 Dec.	7 0 14	6 July	Head Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Ganjam, 3d February 1837.
	Wm B. Hawkins, <i>wf</i>	.....	9 May	5 Jan. 1832	5 11 27	9 May	Register, Zillah Court of Bellary, 5th December 1837.
	Charles H. Woodgate	.....	9 do	10 Oct. 1832	6 2 22	9 do	Head Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Trichinopoly, 6th February 1838.
	G. P. Dumergue, <i>wf</i>	.....	13 June	24 do	6 2 8	13 June	2d Assistant to the Accountant General, 10th April 1838. — (<i>Cape N. C.</i>)
	Wm. H. Bayley, <i>wf</i>	.....	10 July	28 Dec.	6 0 4	10 July	Assistant to the Principal Collector and Magistrate of South Arcot, 27th May 1834, and acting Head Assistant to the Principal Collector and Magistrate of Salem, 6th Mar. 1838.
170	Robert B. Sewell,	.....	18 do	10 Feb. 1833	.....	18 do	Proceeded to England, 1st July 1838.

COVENANTED SERVANTS.

Number.	NAMES.	Season of Appl.	Commence-ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Actual residence on Service up to 31st Dec.	Date of promotion to present grade.	EMPLOYMENTS.
174	Arthur Hall, w f	1831	18 July 1832	5 Jan. 1833	5 11 27 18	July 1837	Assistant to the Principal Collector and Magistrate of Northern Division of Arcot, 19th August 1836, and acting Head Assistant to do. do. 28th February 1837.
175	Wm. Edward Jellicoe	.....	18. do	16 do	5 11 16 18	do	Assistant to the Principal Collector of Nellore, 6th March 1838, and acting Register to the Principal Collector Northern Division, 16th October 1838.
176	Arthur Purvis, w f	.....	18. do	7 Mar.	5 9 25 18	do	Head Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Masulipatam, 6th February 1838.
177	C. J. Shubrick, w f	.....	18 do	11 May	..... 18	do	Proceeded to England, 1st February 1838.
178	R. W. Chatfield, w f	.....	18 do	16 Feb.	5 10 13 18	do	Register to the Zillah Court of Malabar, 14th Nov. 1837.
179	Wheeler H. G. Mason	.....	1832	18 Dec.	5 6 20 18	Dec.	Head Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Vizagapatam, 20th March 1838.
180	Patrick Irvine	.....	16 Jan. 1833	4 Sept.	5 3 27 16	Jan.	Assistant to the Principal Collector and Magistrate of Salem, 17th January 1837, and acting Head Assistant to the Principal Collector and Magistrate of Madura, 16th Oct. 1838.
181	James Silver, w f	.....	16 do	4 do	5 3 27 16	do	Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Tinnevely, 16th September 1836, and acting Head Assistant to the Principal Collector and Magistrate of Malabar, 27th Nov. 1838.
182	Henry Wood	.....	16 do	31 Aug.	5 4 1 16	do	Assistant to the Principal Collector and Magistrate of South Arcot, 30th March 1837, and acting 2d Assistant to the Accountant General, 5th June 1838.
183	Geo. M. Swinton, w f	.....	16 Dec.	11 July 1834	4 5 21 16	Dec.	Head Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Chingleput, 13th November 1838.

WRITERS.

Thomas Clarke, w f	.....	15 Jan. 1834	8 Sep.	4 3 23 15	Jan.	1834	Head Assistant to the Register to the Court of Sudr and Foujdare Udairat, 1st June 1838.
Stuart J. Young	.....	15 do	26 June	4 6 5 15	do	do	Assistant to the Collector of Canara, 24th November 1837, and Acting Head Assistant to the Collector of Tinnevely, 21st December 1838.

185	B. Cunliffe, w f	.....15 do	5 Oct.	4 2 27/15 do	Assistant to the Collector of Cuntoor, 26th January 1836, and Acting Assistant to the Principal Collector and Magistrate of the Southern Division of Arcot, 9th February 1836.
	John F. Bury	.....1834 25 June	14 Jan. 1835	3 11 18 25 June	Assistant to the Principal Collector and Magistrate of North Arcot, 12th November 1836.—(Cape S. C.)
	Robert B. M. Binning	.....25 do	7 April	3 8 24 25 do	Assistant to the Collector of Masulipatam, 9th October 1835, and acting Head Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Rajahmundry, 4th July 1837.
	Edward E. Ward, w f	.....1835 28 Jan.	1835 2 July	3 5 30 28 Jan.	Assistant to the Principal Collector and Magistrate of Coimbatore, 9th January 1838.—(Cape S. C.)
	William Knox, w f	.....28 do	16 Sept.	3 3 15 28 do	Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Rajahmundry 24th January 1837, and acting Head Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Cuddapah, 6th November 1838.
	Henry D. Cook, w f	.....28 do	28 Dec.	3 0 4 28 do	Assistant to the Principal Collector and Magistrate of Malabar, 12th November 1836.
	L. D. Daviell, w f	.....1836 28 do	19 Feb. 1836	2 10 11 28 do	Assistant to the Principal Collector and Magistrate of Nellore, 9th January 1838.—(Cape S. C.)
190	C. W. Reade, w f	.....28 do	26 May	2 7 6 28 do	Assistant to the Principal Collector of Canara, 9th Jan. 1838.
	J. R. Pringle, w f	.....28 do	20 Sept.	2 3 11 28 do	Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Tinnevely, 9th January 1838.
	A. P. Forbes, w f	.....28 do	27 Jan. 1837	1 11 5 28 do	Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Rajahmundry, 9th January 1838.—(Cape S. C.)
	Edward Peters, w f	.....28 do	22 Feb.	1 10 7 28 do	Assistant to the Principal Collector and Magistrate of Tanjore, 9th January 1838.
	William Fisher, w f	.....28 do	11 April	1 8 20 28 do	Assistant to the Principal Collector and Magistrate of Northern Division of Arcot, 25th September 1838.
195	A. Whittingham, w f	.....28 do	13 June	1 6 18 28 do	Student at the College.
	R. R. Cotton, w f	.....1837 28 do	14 July	1 5 18 28 do	Ditto
	G. P. Monckton, w f	.....28 do	30 do	1 5 2 28 do	Ditto
	Dawson Mayne, w f	.....28 do	13 Sept.	1 3 18 do	Ditto
	W. C. Oswell, w f	.....28 do	13 do	1 3 18 do	Ditto
200	A. Sutherland, w f	.....28 do	29 do	1 3 2 do	Ditto
	C. T. Arbuthnot, w f	.....28 do	14 Dec.	1 0 18 do	Assistant to the Principal Collector and Magistrate of Nellore, 17th July 1838.
	E. C. Heywood, w f	.....1838	25 Aug.	0 4 7 do	Student at the College.
	W. E. Cochrane, w f	.....25 do	25 do	0 4 7 do	Ditto
	R. J. Sullivan, w f	.....2 do	2 do	0 4 30 do	Ditto
205	F. Lushington, w f	.....11 Nov.	11 Nov.	0 1 20 do	Ditto
	Gordon S. Forbes, w f	.....13 Dec.	13 Dec.	0 0 19 do	Ditto
	Robert Hichens	.....20 do	20 do	0 0 12 do	Ditto

PROVINCIAL COURTS OF APPEAL AND COURTS OF CIRCUIT.

Centre Division at Chittoor.

T. A. Oakes, first judge
G. J. Casamajor, second do and actg. first
M. Lewin, acting second judge
W. D. Davis, third judge
H. A. Brett, Register

Northern Division at Masulipatam.

J. B. G. P. Paske, first judge
J. Haig, second judge
H. Montgomerie, third judge
G. T. Beauchamp, register
W. E. Jellicoe, acting register

Southern Division at Trichinopoly.

H. Dickinson, first judge
W. R. Taylor, second judge
W. Harrington, third judge
G. S. Hooper, acting third judge
T. I. P. Harris, register

Western Division at Tellicherry.

John Vaughan, first judge
W. B. Anderson, second judge
T. E. J. Boileau, third judge
Register

ZILLAH COURTS.

Bellary.

J. Paternoster, judge
W. B. Hawkins, register

Canara.

G. Bird, judge
H. F. Dumergue, assistant judge
S. N. Ward, register

Chingleput.

J. Horsley, judge
C. R. Baynes, assistant judge
C. T. Kaye, acting judge

Chittoor.

F. Lascelles, judge
T. Ouslow, register

Combaconum.

F. M. Lewin, judge
J. J. Cotton, register

Cuddapah.

P. H. Strombom, judge
Mackenzie Murray, register

Chicacole.

A. Freese, judge
E. B. Glass, acting judge
W. Dowdeswell, assistant judge
E. Newberry, register
E. Story, acting register

Cochin.

G. S. Greenway, assistant judge
G. H. Skelton, acting assistant judge

Guntoor.

E. B. Glass, assistant judge
E. Newbery, acting do

Madura.

G. S. Hooper, judge
William Elliot, acting do
H. D. Phillips, assistant judge
D. R. Limoud, register and officiating do

Malabar.

M. D. Cockburn, judge
T. L. Strange, asst. do
D. White, acting do
R. W. Chatfield, register

Nellore.

R. Grant, judge
G. H. Skelton, register

Rajahmundry.

J. Thomas, judge
T. J. W. Thomas, assistant do
John Rhode, register and acting judge

Salem.

F. Bannerman, judge
E. P. Thompson, assistant do
H. Frere, acting assistant do
F. Mole, register

PRINCIPAL COLLECTORS AND COLLECTORATES.

Southern Division of Arcot.

W. Ashton, principal col. and magistrate
T. Pycroft, sub-collector
C. Whittingham, head assistant
W. H. Bayley, assistant
B. Conliffe, acting assistant
H. Wood, assistant

Northern Division of Arcot.

G. M. Ogilvie, principal col. and mag's.
J. D. Bourdillon, sub-collector
J. H. Cochrane, head assistant
A. Hall, assistant and acting do
J. F. Bury, assistant
W. Fisher, do

Bellary.

_____, principal collector and
magistrate
C. Pelly, sub-collector
G. A. Harris, Head Assistant

Canara.

M. Lewin, principal collector and ma-
gistrate
H. M. Blair, acting do
E. Maltby, sub-collector
F. N. Maltby, additional do
T. D. Lushington, head assistant
S. J. Young, assistant
C. W. Reade, do

Chingleput.

A. Maclean, collector and magistrate
A. Freese, acting do
G. M. Swinton, head assistant

Coimbatore.

G. D. Drury, principal collector and
magistrate
W. H. Babington, acting do
J. Bird, sub-collector
H. Frere, head assistant
M. P. Daniell, assistant and acting do
E. E. Ward, assistant

Cuddapah.

T. L. Blane, collector and magistrate
W. H. Babington, sub-collector
J. H. Cochrane, acting do
F. Copleston, head assistant
W. Knox, acting do
E. Story, second assistant

Ganjam.

R. A. Bannerman, collector and magis-
trate
_____. sub collector
T. B. A. Conway, head assistant
Captain John Campbell, assistant

Guntoor.

J. Goldingham, collector and magistrate
A. S. Mathison, head assistant
F. Copleston, acting do
B. Cunliffe, assistant

Madras.

A. Robertson, collector
J. A. Hudleston, deputy do
J. Walker, acting do

Madras—Sea Customs.

J. C. Wroughton, collector
W. E. Underwood, deputy do
J. H. Bell, acting do

Madura.

J. Blackburn, principal collector and
magistrate
R. Davidson, sub-collector
T. W. Goodwyn, head assistant
P. Irvine, acting do

Malabar.

F. F. Clementson, principal collector and
magistrate
E. Smith, sub-collector
T. W. Goodwyn, acting do
D. White, head assistant
J. Silver, acting do
A. M. Owen, assistant
H. D. Cook, do

Masulipatam.

P. Grant, collector and magistrate
A. Purvis, head assistant
R. B. M. Binning, assistant

Nellore.

T. V. Stonhouse, principal collector and
magistrate
R. D. Parker, sub-collector
A. S. Mathison, acting do
J. C. Taylor, head assistant
M. Murray, acting do
W. E. Jellicoe, assistant do
A. M. Sutherland, do

Rajahmundry.

G. A. Smith, collector and magistrate
J. H. Bell, head assistant
R. B. M. Binning, acting do
W. Knox, assistant

Salem.

J. D. Gleig, principal collector and ma-
gistrate
W. C. Ogilvie, sub-collector
J. C. Taylor, acting do
William Elliott, head assistant
W. H. Bayley, acting do
P. Irvine, assistant

Tanjore.

N. W. Kindersley, principal collector
and magistrate
S. Scott, sub-collector
H. Forbes, head assistant
S. D. Birch, assistant
E. Peters, do

Tinnevely.

R. Eden, collector and magistrate
E. P. Thompson, acting do
C. J. Bird, sub-collector
W. M. Molle, head assistant
S. J. Young, acting do
J. Silver, assistant
J. R. Pringle, do

Trichinopoly.

H. M. Blair, collector and magistrate
W. C. Ogilvie, acting do
C. H. Woodgate, head assistant
_____, assistant

Vizagapatam.

W. U. Arbuthnot, collector and magis-
trate
W. H. G. Mason, head assistant.

Civil Servants without Employ.

J. C. Scott,
G. J. Waters,

S. J. Popham,
A. Mellor,

Sir H. C. Montgomery, Bt.

Civil Servants suspended.

A. E. Angelo, | E. B. Wrey.

Civil Servants permitted to proceed to England.

1 J. Clulow,
R. Gardner,
W. Wilson,
T. R. Wheatley,
5 W. Lavie,
W. A. Neave,
R. H. Williamson,
T. B. Roupell,
A. Crawley,
10 R. Nelson,
E. B. Thomas,
W. A. Morehead,

R. T. Porter,
F. Anderson,
15 G. Sparkes,
F. B. Elton,
W. E. Lockhart,
H. Stokes,
J. G. S. Bruere,
20 H. V. Conolly,
H. Morris,
C. H. Hallett,
T. Prendergast,
W. A. Forsyth,

25 J. F. Bishop,
G. L. Prendergast
W. H. Tracy,
E. C. Lovell,
Æ. R. MacDonell,
30 J. M. P. Macleod,
C. J. Shubrick,
R. B. Sewell,
F. H. Crozier,
W. A. D. Inglis,
35 T. A. Anstruther.

Civil Servants who have retired on Annuities.

1 C. N. White,
Thomas Cockburn,
Charles Baker,
B. Torin,
5 A. Mackenzie,
B. Branfil,
John Wallace,
A. Falconar,
S. R. Lushington,
10 Thompson Hankey,
S. Harris,
W. Taswell,
John Turing
James Strange,
15 Walter Balfour,
John Read,
T. Anstey,
George Coleman,
George Buchan,
20 Charles Wetherell,
James Balfour,
A. Read,
J. G. Ravenshaw,
G. Parish,
25 M. Forbes,
A. H. Hamilton,
Terrick Hamilton,
H. G. Keene,
Sir R. Abercrombie,
Bt.
30 Sir R. B. J. Honyman,
Bt.

E. W. Cunliffe,
H. Combe,
Robert Alexander,
S. Skinner,
35 Robert Sherson,
John Hodgson,
George Stratton,
F. Richardson,
W. E. Wright,
40 G. F. Travers,
George Strachey,
J. S. Savory,
J. D. Alexander,
Charles Woodcock,
45 J. H. Peile,
James Hepburn,
W. Dodwell,
E. P. Blake,
William Cooke
50 William Wayte,
Sir John Forbes, Bt.
Richard Clarke,
R. Rogers,
W. G. Monk,
55 J. M. Heath,
W. T. Blair
Henry Lacon,
H. Gardner,
George Gowan,
60 A. Wilson,
W. Chaplin,
P. R. Cazalet,

E. Powney,
Hon. A. H. Cole,
65 John Cotton,
G. J. Hadow,
J. H. D. Ogilvie,
Charles Hyde,
J. O. Tod,
70 F. A. Grant,
William Sheffield,
David Hill,
John Gwatkin,
James Taylor,
75 Thomas Newnham,
John Babington,
Robert Bayard,
Wm. Montgomerie,
Henry Vibart,
80 E. H. Woodcock,
Charles Harris,
John Stokes,
B. Cunliffe,
William Oliver,
85 S. Nicholls,
E. Smalley,
H. S. Grame,
T. Daniel,
J. A. Casamajor
90 G. E. Russell,
C. Roberts,
H. Viveash,
J. A. Dalzell,
94 J. T. Anstey,

Casualties in the year 1838.

H. T. Bushby,
N. Webb,
G. Garrow,

W. O. Shakespear,
F. W. Robertson.

Boards, Public Offices, &c.*not inserted in other parts of this work.***COUNCIL OF FORT ST. GEORGE.****GOVERNOR.****His Excellency The Right Honorable JOHN, LORD ELPHINSTONE, G. C. H.****MEMBERS OF COUNCIL.****His Excellency Lieutenant General the Hon. Sir JASPER NICOLLS, K. C. B.**
Commander in Chief, 2d in Council.**The Honorable J. Sullivan, Esq. 3d in Council.****The Honorable C. M. Lushington, Esq. 4th in Council.****John Bird, Esq. *Provisional Member of Council.****Council days, Tuesday and Friday.***SECRETARIAT.****SECRET, POLITICAL, FOREIGN, & C. DEPARTMENTS.****H. Chamier, Esq. Chief Secretary.****—————, Esq. Deputy Secretary.****W. E. Underwood, Esq. *Acting do.*****REVENUE AND JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.****R. Clerk, Esq. Secretary.****MILITARY DEPARTMENT.****Lieutenant Colonel S. W. Steel, C. B. 35th Regiment N. I. Secretary.****Major G. Fryer, 10th Regiment N. I. Deputy Secretary, (*Cape S. C.*)****Captain J. H. Cramer, 4th do. *Acting do.*****ACCOUNTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE.—Charles and James Street. Fort.****J. G. Turnbull, Esq. Accountant General.****S. Crawford Esq. Deputy Accountant General.****C. T. Kuye, Esq. Head Assistant (*on other duty.*)****G. T. Beauchamp, Esq. *Acting* Head Assistant.****G. P. Dumergue, Esq. 2d Assistant, (*Cape S. C.*)****H. Wood, Esq. *Acting* 2d do.****Hours of Attendance from half-past 10 A. M. to 5 P. M.****Bills for acceptance received until 12 A. M.****ADDITIONAL GOVERNMENT COMMISSIONER FOR CLAIMS WITHDRAWN FROM THE CAR-NATIC FUND, AND SOLE COMMISSIONER FOR THE FINAL ADJUSTMENT OF SMALL CLAIMS,
OFFICE—Ammenjeecary, Poonamallee Road.****J. F. Thomas, Esq.****BOARD OF REVENUE.—OFFICE—Old Exchange, Fort.****The Hon. J. Sullivan, Esq. President.****J. Dent, Esq. Senior Member.****D. Elliott, Esq. 2d Member (*on duty at Calcutta.*)****C. R. Cotton, *Acting* 2d do.****W. Elliot, Esq. 3d do (*Egypt on leave*)****A. Maclean, Esq. *Acting* 3d do.****C. R. Cotton, Esq. (Temporary)****J. C. Morris, Esq. *Acting* do.****A. P. Onslow, Esq. Secretary (Sea S. C.)****P. B. Smollett, Esq. *Acting* Secretary****R. D. Parker, Esq. *Acting* Sub Secretary.**} **Members.****BOARD DAYS—Monday and Thursday.**

CIVIL AUDITOR'S OFFICE, St Thome Street, Fort.**John Orr, Esq. Civil Auditor.****COURT OF SUDDR AND FOUJDARRY ADAULUT—Royapettah.**

The Honorable C. M. Lushington, Esq. Chief Judge.
 John Bird, Esq. 1st Puisne Judge.
 William Hudleston, Esq. 2d do do (Cape S. C.)
 Tho. Alex. Oakes, Esq. Actg. 2d do do
 A. Duncan Campbell, Esq. 3d do do
 William Douglas, Esq. Register.
 T. H. Davidson Esq. Senior Deputy do (Cape S. C.)
 H. D. Phillips, Esq. Acting do do
 T. Clarke, Esq. Head Assistant to the do
 Court sits de die in diem.

LOTTERY OFFICE, Arsenal Street, Fort.**A. Brooke, Esq. Superintendent.****STATIONERY OFFICE, Gun Carriage Manufactory, Vepery.**

J. A. Hudleston, Esq. Superintendent of Stationery.
 John Walker, Esq. Acting do.

SUB TREASURER'S OFFICE, Portuguese Square, Fort.

J. C. Morris, Esq. Sub Treasurer, (on other duty.)
 A. J. Cherry, Esq. Assistant to the do. and Acting do.
 S. D. Birch, Esq. Acting Assistant to the Sub Treasurer.

TRANSLATORS TO GOVERNMENT.

J. C. Morris, Esq. Telugu Translator.
 C. P. Brown, Esq. Persian do
 D. Elliott, Esq. Mahratta do
 A. Robertson, Esq. Tamil do
 A. Maclean, Esq. Malialum do
 Walter Elliot, Esq. Canarese do (Egypt on leave.)
 John Walker Esq. Acting do

GENERAL STAFF OF THE ARMY**SERVING UNDER THE PRESIDENCY OF FORT ST. GEORGE.**

His Excellency LIEUT. GENERAL Sir JASPER NICOLLS, K. C. B.
COMMANDER IN CHIEF OF THE FORCES.

Major General Sir Hugh Gough, K. C. B. Mysore Division.
 Major General Sir R. H. Dick, K. C. B. and K. C. H. Southern Division.
 Major General James Welsh. Northern Division.
 Major General Sir John Doveton, K. C. B. Centre Division.
 Major General Francis Whish Wilson, C. B. Ceded Districts.

Lieutenant Colonel Benjamin Robertson Hitchens, 51st N. I. Adjutant General of the Army.—(Cape S. C.)

Major James Russell Haig, 34th L. I. Acting Adjutant General of the Army.

Captain Charles Alfred Browne, 15th N. I. Acting Deputy Adj. Genl. of the Army.

Lieutenant Robert Gordon, 37th N. I. Acting Assist. Adj. General of the Army.

Captain Samuel Auchinleck Grant, 16th N. I. Acting Deputy Assistant Adjutant General of the Army.

Lieutenant Colonel James Hanson, 27th N. I. Quarter Master General of the Army.
 —(Cape S. C.)

Lieutenant Colonel William Strahan, 26th N. I. *Acting* Qr. Mr. Genl. of the Army.
 Major William John Butterworth, C. B. 38th N. I. *Acting* Deputy Quarter Master General of the Army.
 Captain Frederick Lewis Nicolay, 29th N. I. *Acting* Assistant Quarter Master General of the Army.
 Lieutenant Charles Gordon, 13th N. I. Deputy Assistant Quarter Master General of the Army.
 Major Robert Alexander, 48th N. I. Judge Advocate General of the Army.
 Captain Michael John Rowlandson, 32d N. I. Persian Interpreter to Head Quarters.
 Lieutenant Colonel John Luard, Her Majesty's Service, Military Secretary to His Excellency the Commander in Chief.
 Lieutenant G. W. Nicolls, Her Majesty's 67th Foot, Aid-de-Camp to do
 Lieutenant E. G. Taynton, 8th N. I. do do do

HER MAJESTY'S FORCES.

Major General Robert Brice Fearon, C. B., H. M. 6th Foot, Deputy Adjutant Genl.
 Major General William Henry Sewell, C. B., H. M. 31st Foot, Deputy Quarter Master General.
 Major John Kitson, H. M. 44th Foot, Brigade Major.
 John Murray, Esq. M. D. Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals.

THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR'S STAFF.

Walter Elliot, Esq. Private Secretary.—(*On leave to Egypt.*)
 Major William Havelock, K. H., H. M.'s 4th Drs. Mily. Secy. and *Acting* Private Secretary.
 Lieutenant the Hon. G. A. F. Clarence Graves, H. M. 31st Foot, Aid-de-Camp.
 Lieutenant G. J. Russell, 5th Light Cavalry, do do do
 Lieutenant W. A. Orr, Artillery, *Extra* do do do
 Lieutenant Colonel F. L. Doyeton, 4th L. C. Town Major.
 Captain James Alexander, 8th L. C. Fort Adjutant.
 R. Wight, Esq. M. D. Garrison Surgeon—(*On other duty.*)
 John Richmond, Esq. *Acting* Garrison Surgeon.
 Do do Garrison Assistant Surgeon.
 S. Rogers, Esq. *Acting* do do

BARRACK MASTERS' OFFICE,—Near the Eastern Ramparts, Fort.

Captain C. B. Lindsay, 3d Light Cavalry, Barrack Master (*Cape S. C.*)
 Lieutenant J. S. Freshfield, 1st Light Cavalry, *Acting* do.

CIVIL ENGINEERS' DEPARTMENT.

Captain G. A. Underwood .. Secretary to the Board of Revenue in the Department of Public Works.

FIRST DIVISION.

Ganjam—Rajahmundry—Vizagapatam.

Lieutenant A. DeBotts *Acting* Civil Engineer,
 Lieutenant T. Smythe 1st Assistant do.

SECOND DIVISION.

Masulipatam—Guntoor—Nellore.

Lieutenant E. Buckle Civil Engineer.
 Lieutenant C. A. Orr 1st Asst. Civil Engineer.

THIRD DIVISION.

Bellary—Cuddapah.

Lieutenant E. Lawford Civil Engineer.
 Lieutenant H. Congreve (Artillery) *Actg.* 2d Asst. do.

FOURTH DIVISION.

North Arcot—Chingleput—South Arcot.

Lieutenant S. Vardon Civil Engineer.
 Lieutenant W. J. Birdwood Asst. do.

FIFTH DIVISION.

	<i>Tanjore—Trichinopoly.</i>	
Lieutenant J. H. Bell	....	..Acting Civil Engineer,
Lieutenant F. Ditmas	....	..Asst do.
Lieutenant C. C. Johnston	....	..2d Asst. do.

SIXTH DIVISION.

	<i>Salem—Coimbatore.</i>	
Lieutenant A. Douglas	....	..Assistant Civil Engineer : in charge of the Division,

SEVENTH DIVISION.

	<i>Malabar and Kanara.</i>	
Major A. Laws	....	..Civil Engineer,

EIGHTH DIVISION.

	<i>Madura—Tinnevely.</i>	
Captain C. E. Faber	....	..Civil Engineer.
Lieutenant P. M. Francis	....	..Assistant Civil Engineer.

CLOTHING BOARD OFFICE, *Arsenal Street, Fort.**Members.*

Major General Sir J. Doveton, K. C. B. Comg. Centre Division of the Army.
 Major General G. Waugh, Military Auditor General.
 Major General E. M. G. Showers, Commandant of Artillery.
 Lieutenant Colonel B. R. Hitchens, Adjutant General of the Army, (*Cape S. C*)
 Major J. R. Haig, *Acting* Adjutant General of the Army.
 All Colonels of Regiments.
 Major D. Montgomerie, 7th Regiment Light Cavalry, Secretary.

COMMISSARIAT DEPARTMENT.

COMMISSARY GENERAL'S OFFICE: *Black Town, back of the Sea Custom House.*

COMMISSARY GENERAL.

Colonel William Cullen.

DEPUTY COMMISSARY GENERAL.

Lieutenant Colonel Alexander Tulloch, C. B.

ASSISTANTS COMMISSARY GENERAL.

Major Westrop Watkins	{	Captain Arthur McCally,
Major William Prescott		„ J. E. Butcher,
Captain Edward Armstrong		

DEPUTY ASSISTANTS COMMISSARY GENERAL.

Captain John Johnstone,	{	Lieutenant Charles Arthur Moore,
„ John Hill		„ W. C. Gordon,
„ Thomas James Taylor,		Captain J. Robertson,
„ John Dea Awdry,		„ W. Bremner.

SUB-ASSISTANTS COMMISSARY GENERAL.

Captain Arthur Trotter,	{	Captain H. C. Gosling,
Lieutenant William Alex. Mackenzie,		„ G. Broadfoot,
Captain Alexander Shirrefs,		„ D. Babington,
„ John Bower, (<i>Cape S. C.</i>)		„ J. Fitzgerald,
„ William Henry Budd,		Lieutenant H. J. Nicholls.

ACTING SUB ASSISTANTS COMMISSARY GENERAL.

Lieutenant E. E. Miller,	{	Lieutenant J. Campbell,
„ C. A. Butler,		„ R. A. Bruere.

HEAD OVERSEER.

Frederick Augustus Francke.

OVERSEERS

Alexander McNair,	George Stevens,
William Chapman,	James Hughes,
John Milne,	John Greateorex,
William R. Gordon,	John Harton.

SUB OVERSEERS.

Walter Norris,	Robert James,
William Johnstone,	Hugh Montgomery,
James Nugent,	David Simpson,
Robert Mulligan,	Thomas Keely.

ATTACHED TO THE ESTABLISHMENT NEILGHERRY HILLS.

SUB OVERSEER.

R. Burns.

CONTRACTOR FOR ARMY CLOTHING.

Mr. Hugh Meredith.

FAMILY PAYMENT OFFICE—Near the Eastern Ramparts, Fort.

Captain Robert Thorpe, 27th Regiment, Superintendent of Family Payments and

Pensions—(on other duty.)

Captain W. P. Deas, 6th Light Cavalry, Acting do.

GENERAL PRIZE COMMITTEE.

OFFICE—Charles and James Street, Fort.

Major General Sir J. Doveton, K. C. B. President	} Members:
Lieutenant Colonel J. Hanson, (Cape S. C.)	
Lieutenant Colonel H. Walpole,	
Lieutenant Colonel S. W. Steel, C. B.	
Major J. R. Haig, Acting.	
Major W. J. Butterworth, C. B. Secretary.	

MEDICAL BOARD.

OFFICE—St. George's Street, Fort.

Kenneth Macaulay, Esq.	First Member.
John Underwood, Esq.	Second do.
James Cuddy, Esq.	Third do.

George Pearse Esq. M. D. Secretary.

MILITARY AUDITOR GENERAL'S OFFICE—Adjoining St Mary's Church, Fort.

Major General Gilbert Waugh, Military Auditor General,		
Lieut. Colonel Peter Whannell, Deputy	do.	do.
Captain George Greig Mackenzie, Asst.	do.	do.
Lieutenant J. J. Losh, Second Asst	do.	do.
Mr Edward Mahony, Accountant.		

MILITARY BOARD.

OFFICE—Near the St. Thome Gate, Fort.

PRESIDENT.

Lieutenant General Sir Jasper Nicolls, K. C. B. Commander in Chief.

MEMBERS.

Major General G. Waugh, Military Auditor General.

Major General F. M. G. Showers, Commandant of Artillery.

Colonel W. Monteith, K. L. S. Chief Engineer.

Lieutenant Colonel W. Strahan, Acting Quarter Master General of the Army.

Major J. R. Haig, Acting Adjutant General of the Army.

Major H. Moberly, Secretary.

Captain T. Lovie, Deputy Secretary.

Captain E. W. Snow, Assistant Secretary.

DAYS OF MEETING.—Tuesday and Friday, at 11 A. M.

OFFICERS IN POLITICAL AND MISCELLANEOUS EMPLOY.

2	Car.	Captain H. Inglis	.... Under the orders of the Resident at Hyderabad.
		Captain R. Garstin	.... do do do
		Captain W. T. Boddam	.... Assistant to the Officer Comg. Neilgherries, and Deputy Post Master, Ootacamund.
		Lieutenant W. R. Strange	.... Under the orders of the Resident at Hyderabad.
		Cornet G. W. Russell	.... Post Master, Jaulnah.
4		Lieutenant B. S. Sullivan	.... Under the Orders of the Resident at Hyderabad.
5		Captain A. McLeod	.... Under the orders of the Commissioner in Mysore.
6		Lieut. H. R. C. King	.... Post Master, Secunderabad.
7	Arty.	Lieut. T. J. Taylor	.... Under the orders of the Govt. of India.
		Colonel W. Morison, C. B.	.... Member of the Supreme Council of India.
		Captain R. S. Yolland	.... Under the orders of the Resident at Hyderabad.
		Captain A. E. Byam	.... do do do
		Captain G. W. Onslow	.... do do do
		Lieutenant J. Maitland	.... Assistant to the Commissioner in Mysore.
		Lieutenant W. Ward	.... Under the orders of the Resident at Hyderabad.
		Lieutenant H. Montgomery	.... Officiating 4th Assistant to the Commissioner in Mysore.
		Lieutenant W. K. Lloyd	.... Under the orders of the Resident at Hyderabad.
		Lieutenant W. K. Worster	.... Superintending the Western Roads.
		Lieutenant H. Congreve	.... Acting Assistant Civil Engineer 3d Division.
		2d Lieut. J. G. Balmain	.... Placed temporarily at the disposal of the Honble the President of the Council of India.
Engrs.		Captain G. A. Underwood	.... Secy to Revenue Board, in the Department of Public Works.
		2d Lieutenant W. H. Horsley	.... Under the orders of the Travancore Government.
Infy.		Left Wing M. E. R. Captain T. A. Duke	.... Comg. Escort Nagpore Residency, and Superintendent of Bazaars.
		1 Lieutenant W. F. Eden	.... 3d Assistant to the Resident at Indore.
		2 Capt. J. H. B. Congdon	.... Superintendent of Roads in Canara.
		3 Captain F. J. Clerk	.... Actg. Police Magistrate Presidency.
		4 Major J. D. Stokes	.... Resident in Mysore.
		Captain R. N. Campbell	.... Under the orders of the Resident at Travancore.
7		Lieut. Col. H. Walpole	.... Government Agent, Chepauk, and Paymaster Carnatic Stipends.
9		Lieut. Col. T. Maclean	.... Resident at Tanjore.
		Lieut. R. S. Dobbs	.... Superintendent of the Nuggur Division in Mysore.
10		Lieut. Col. N. Alves	.... Political Agent at Bhopaul, (on leave to the Cape.)
11		Capt. G. Jackson	.... Under the orders of the Resident at Hyderabad.

	Lieut. W. A. Halstead	....	Second Assistant to the Commissioner in Mysore.
13	Lieut. Col. J. Stewart, C. B.	...	Resident at Hyderabad, (<i>Cape S. C.</i>)
	Capt. J. Briggs	....	Third Assistant to the Commissioner in Mysore.
14	Capt. C. F. Le Hardy	....	Assistant to the Resident in Mysore, and Superintendent of Coorg.
18	Lieut. A. Lysaght	....	Under the orders of the Resident at Hyderabad.
19	Lieut. Col. John Low, C. B.	...	Resident at Lucknow, (<i>Cape S. C.</i>)
	Capt. G. W. Whistler	....	Police Magistrate, Presidency.
22	Major W. Borthwick	....	Political Agent at Mahidpore.
	Capt. F. S. C. Chalmers	....	Superintendent of Division under the Commissioner of Mysore, (<i>See S. C.</i>)
25	Captain W. B. Jackson	....	Under the orders of the Resident at Hyderabad.
30	Captain W. C. McLeod	....	Assistant to the Resident at Ava.
31	Lieut. S. C. Briggs	....	Under the orders of the Supreme Government.
32	Major R. Budd	....	Under the orders of the Commissioner in Mysore.
36	Major General J. S. Fraser	...	Acting Resident at Hyderabad.
	Captain G. P. Vallancey	....	Under the orders of the Supreme Government.
37	Captain A. Clarke	....	First Assistant to the Commissioner in Mysore.
38	Captain P. A. Reynolds	....	Under the orders of the Supreme Government.
40	Captain G. P. Cameron	....	Doing duty with the British Detachment in Persia.
	Lieutenant R. Cannan	....	Assistant to the Commissioner in Mysore.
41	Colonel M. Cubbon	....	Commissioner in Mysore.
	Captain J. Campbell	....	Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Ganjam.
	Lieutenant W. B. McCally	....	Under the orders of the resident at Hyderabad.
44	Captain A. Adam	....	do do do
	Lieutenant W. M. Wahab	....	do do do
45	Captain G. Woodfall	....	Doing duty with the British Detachment in Persia.
46	Captain J. Low	....	Assistant to the Resident at Penang.
47	Captain B. B. Shee	....	Commanding British Detachment in Persia.
48	Captain T. D. Carpenter	....	Superintendent of the Ex-Rajah of Coorg, and Joint Magistrate and Dep. Collector of Benares.
49	Captain A. Douglas	....	Acting Resident Travancore and Cochin.
	Captain R. Hall	....	Acting Superintendent of Roads, Presidency.
Med. Est.	Surgeon D. S. Young	....	Under the orders of the Resident at Hyderabad (<i>Egypt S. C.</i>)
	do G. Bucke	....	Surgeon North West District, Male Asylum, House of Industry and the Police.
	do N. A. Woods	....	Under the orders of the Resident at Hyderabad.
	do R. Wight, M. D.	....	On Special duty.
	do W. Bannister	....	Assay Master.
	do J. Dalmahoy	....	Residency Travancore.
	do T. M. Lane,	....	Oculist and Superintendent of the Eye Infirmary.
	do A. N. Magrath	....	Residency of Mysore.
	do J. Lawder	....	In charge of Black town Jails, Native Infirmary, and Chintadrepettah Dispensary.
	do D. Richardson	....	Superintending Assistant to the Commissioner in the Tenasserim Provinces.
	do T. Key	....	Under the orders of the Resident at Hyderabad.
	do D. Vertue	....	Under the orders of the Nizam's Govt.
	do C. Jameson	....	Under the orders of the Resident at Hyderabad.
Asst. Surg.	T. Grigg	....	Acting Residency Surgeon, Tanjore.
	do H. C. Ludlow	....	Residency Nagpore.

Asst. Surg. S. Brooking	.... Residency Tanjore (<i>absent S. C.</i>)
do S. A. G. Young.	.... Under the orders of the Resident at Hyderabad.
do J. Eaton, M. D.	.... Physician to his Highness the Rajah of Travancore.
do G. T. Bayfield	.... Under the orders of the Resdt at Ava.
do C. J. Smith	.... In Med. Charge Mysore Commission.
do W. Griffith	.... Employed in Assam under the orders of the Supreme Government.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

PRINCIPAL COMMISSARY AND SUPERINTENDENT OF GUN CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY.

Lieutenant Colonel J. H. Frith, c. B., Fort St. George.

DEPUTY TO THE PRINCIPAL COMMISSARY OF ORDNANCE AND SUPERINTENDENT GUN CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY.

Captain C. Taylor, Fort St. George.

COMMISSARIES.

Captain G. O. Connell, Fort St. George.	Major C. Hosmer, Trichinopoly.
Major F. Blundell, Bellary. (<i>on other</i>)	Captain H. S. Foord, Masulipatam.
Captain A. G. Hyslop, Nagpore. [<i>duty</i>]	Major J. Chisholm, Bangalore.
„ P. Hamond, Hyderabad.	Lieut. C. W. Rolland, Bellary, <i>Acting</i> .

DEPUTY COMMISSARIES.

Captain S. S. Trevor, Moulmein.	Captain W. H. Miller, Cannanore.
Lieut. J. Braddock, Fort St. George.	George Gibson, Vellore.

ASSISTANT COMMISSARY.

Samuel Clarke, Camp Equipage Depôt.

DEPUTY ASSISTANT COMMISSARIES.

Lieut. James Denton, Vizagapatam.	Lieut. W. Brooks, Fort St. George.
„ John O'Brien, Secunderabad.	William Doyle, Nagpore.

MILITARY PAYMASTER'S OFFICE:

Near the Eastern Ramparts, Fort.

Captain T. B. Forster, Paymaster, (*Cape, sick certificate.*)
 Captain R. Thorpe, *Acting* do.

PAYMASTERS AT OUT-STATIONS.

Captain A. S. Logan, Vellore.
 Captain D. Duff, Masulipatam.
 Captain Frederick Welland, Secunderabad.
 Captain A. Douglas, Trichinopoly (*on other duty.*)
 Captain C. M. Maclean, *Acting*.
 Captain I. C. Coffin, Bangalore.
 Major F. H. M. Wheeler, Kamptee.
 Captain T. Stockwell, Bellary.
 Captain W. P. Macdonald, Belgaum.

DEPUTY PAYMASTERS.

Captain W. B. Bernard, Poonamallee.
 Captain G. H. Harper, Cannanore.
 Captain P. Steinson, Vizagapatam.

Civil Service Regulations.

ABSENTEE ALLOWANCES, TO CIVIL SERVANTS WHEN IN EUROPE.

*Extract from a Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors,
dated 31st December 1824.*

19. "That after an actual residence in India in the Civil Service of ten years or upwards a Covenanted Civil Servant of the Company, upon either of the Establishments of Bengal, Madras or Bombay, shall be entitled, whether on account of ill health, or from any other cause, and without reference to his private fortune, to come once to Europe on leave for three years, and to receive for that period from the Company's Cash an allowance of £500 per annum, provided that in no case shall a greater number of servants come home under this Regulation annually than seventeen from Bengal, nine from Madras, and six from Bombay, nor shall a larger number of Servants who may have come home under this Regulation be absent in the whole at one time than fifty-one from Bengal, twenty-seven from Madras, and eighteen from Bombay, and that the preference shall be given first to Servants, producing Medical Certificates upon oath that a visit to Europe is indispensably necessary for the restoration of health, and then to Servants in their order of seniority according to the rank assigned to them by the Court of Directors in the Gradation List of the Service.

20. "That in cases of Civil Servants compelled by illness, certified upon oath, to come to Europe previous to their completion of an actual residence in the Civil Service of ten years, such Covenanted Servant shall each be presented with the sum of 2,000 Sicca Rupees as Passage Money, and shall be entitled for a period not exceeding three years to an Allowance from the Company's Cash of £250 per annum : but that Servants having received this indulgence shall not in the event of their again coming to Europe after having completed a residence of ten years or upwards be entitled to any Allowance under the first Regulation except their return be again occasioned by illness to be in like manner certified upon oath, and then only to the difference between what they have before drawn, in the shape of Absentee Allowance exclusive of Passage money and that of £500 per annum for three years.

21. "That Servants coming in the first instance to the Cape of Good Hope for the benefit of their health, and being compelled from the same cause to come from thence to Europe without previously returning to India, shall be considered as entitled to the benefit of the foregoing Regulations.

22. "That in all cases, as well in those of Servants coming in the first instance to the Cape, as well as those coming direct from India, the said Allowances be considered as commencing from the date of leaving India, and terminating at the expiration of three years from that date, or at the time of arrival in India, whichever may first happen.

23. "That the same be paid quarterly in Europe.

24. "That on no account or plea whatsoever the allowances in question be extended beyond the period of three years : and

25. "That any Servant being in the receipt of Absentee Allowances from a Civil Fund shall not be entitled to receive during the same period of absence the Allowances prescribed by these Regulations beyond such amount as may bring the total of his annual receipts from both sources to the sum hereby limited."

Orders of Government, dated 8th July 1825 and 26th August 1828.

In pursuance of the Honorable Court's instructions, the Governor in Council is prepared to grant the benefit of these Regulations to such Civil Servants as may produce the prescribed Medical Certificate as the cases may arise ; every Civil Servant so applying, must obtain a Certificate in duplicate from the Trustees to the Civil Fund notifying either that he will receive no allowance from the Fund during his absence from Europe, or, if he is to receive any, the nature and extent of such relief ; one copy of which Certificate must be submitted with his application to Government ; the other upon his arrival in London, must be produced before the Auditor of East India Accounts.

Civil Servants desirous to avail themselves of these Regulations, and not producing the prescribed Medical Certificate, are hereby required to make known their desire to Government on or before the 1st December of each year, when the indulgence will be granted in order of rank to such extent as the foregoing Regulations and circumstances shall permit.

Every Civil Servant proceeding to Europe under these Regulations whether on sick certificate or otherwise, before receiving his Passage order must have applied for and received from the Secretary to Government in the Public Department a certificate specifying the grant of the permission, and whether granted upon sick certificate or on account of private affairs; also specifying as nearly as possible the date of embarkation for Europe, which Certificate upon his arrival in London, must be produced before the Auditor of India Accounts.

Order of Government, dated 4th November 1825.

The Governor in Council has been pleased to resolve, that in lieu of the medical certificate upon oath prescribed in Paragraphs 19 and 20 of the Regulations of the Honorable Court of Directors for the grant of Absentee Allowance circulated to the Civil Service under date the 8th July last, one of the following forms of medical certificate shall hereafter be adopted, according to the nature of the case: the same to be always signed by the medical officer who has last regularly attended the Invalid, and countersigned by the Superintending Surgeon of the District, or other superior Medical authority.

FORMS No. 1.

I do hereby certify that A. B. is in a bad state of health, and that I think it highly advisable for him to return to Europe.

Station and Date.

(Signed) C. D.
Surgeon or Assistant Surgeon.
 (Signed) E. F.
Superintending Surgeon.

No. 2.

I do hereby certify that A. B. is in a very bad state of health, and that I think an immediate return to Europe is necessary for his recovery.

Signed and Countersigned as above.

No. 3.

I do hereby certify that A. B. is in an extremely bad state of health, and that I think an immediate return to Europe is absolutely necessary for his recovery.

Signed and Countersigned as above.

Extract from a Letter from the Honorable Court of Directors in the Public Department, dated 26th April 1826.

3. In your Despatch in this Department dated the 6th of September 1825, Para. 6 and 7, you have brought to our notice two questions raised in respect of the Regulations framed by us for granting Absentee Allowance to Civil Servants when in Europe.

4. The first of these questions is,—

“Whether it is competent for a Civil Servant who may have completed a residence of ten years to proceed to England and there await his turn to the indulgence of the Honorable Court, having previously notified to Government his desire to avail himself of the liberality of the Honorable Court upon the first occasion on which it should be open to him.

5. This question we answer in the negative. In framing the Regulations, it was our object, that whilst each Civil Servant, might be enabled once in the course of his service to have the benefit of the Absentee Allowance, the number annually returning to England with that view should be limited, an object which would be defeated if Civil Servants were allowed to come home and wait their turn in England.

6. The other question is “Whether the ten years actual residence in India is to be considered to embrace the period passed at Hertford College,” to which we reply that such is not the intention. We mean the regulation to be construed in the sense which it expresses, “actual residence in India.”

Extract from a General Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors in the Public Department, dated the 25th July 1827.

Para. 3. “Previous to the enactment, 53d Geo. 3, Cap. 155, it was our practice to forward to you Lists of the relative rank of Writers appointed from time to time to your Establishment. Under the authority of that enactment, Regulations were framed for the government of our College of Haileybury, one of which provided that the relative rank of Writers should be fixed by the College Council, and specified in the College Certificate, subject however to loss of such rank in the event of the Writers failing to proceed to India within a specified time. Lists of the ranks of Writers under this Regulation are now periodically forwarded to you.

4. The offers of the Absentee Allowance are to be made in the order in which Civil Servants have been, or may be, classed under the Rules to which we have adverted, to such of the Servants as shall have actually resided in India in the Civil

Service of your Establishment during a period of not less than ten years, commencing from the date of arrival at Madras.

6. On reference to our Letter dated the 26th of April 1826, Para. 5, you will perceive that it is not competent for a Civil Servant, having completed a residence of ten years, to come to England, and there wait his turn for the Absentee Allowance. That Allowance is to be granted in each case by the local Government under the Regulations which we have prescribed, and no Civil Servant will be permitted to draw Absentee Allowance in England who shall not, previously to his quitting India, have been admitted to that benefit by the Government of the Presidency to which he may belong.

7. So soon as the aggregate number of Civil Servants absent, and who shall have come home upon the Absentee Allowance of £500 per annum, shall amount to twenty-seven, the same indulgence is only to be granted as Servants included in that number may either return, or quit the Service: so that the total number of Absentees having left Madras upon the allowances of £500 per annum is never to exceed the limit of twenty-seven fixed by our orders dated the 30th December 1824.

Extracts from a Letter from the Honorable Court of Directors in the Public Department, dated 6th December 1827.

Letter from ——— dated
16th October 1826.

Paras. 2 and 6, submit question, whether the Regulation which precludes a Civil Servant from simultaneously receiving Absentee Allowance from the Company and from the Civil Fund is to be constituted as barring the receipt of any sum from the Civil Fund in aid of the expense of Passage to Europe.

Letter from ——— dated
30th March 1827.

Paras. 71 and 72, Court requested to reconsider their decision upon the question of permitting a Civil Servant to come to Europe in anticipation of being admitted to the Absentee Regulations.

2. The receipt of Absentee Allowance from the Company must bar the receipt of any Allowance in any shape from the Civil Fund.

4. We shall not object to the advance to a Servant coming home under the Absentee Regulations, and not entitled to passage Money, of six months allowance in cases in which you may be satisfied that that indulgence is required to enable the party to provide a passage.

7. We adhere to the determination communicated to you in our despatch dated the 26th April 1826, Para. 5. No servant will hereafter receive the Absentee Allowance who shall not have been admitted by the local Government to the benefit of the Regulations previously to leaving India, excepting only such servants as may have been compelled by ill health to quit India on a voyage to some place within the limits of the Company's Charter, or to the Cape of Good Hope, and as may have been subsequently compelled by the same cause to come to Europe. In such cases where the Servant has resided more than ten years in India the benefit will of course be withheld whenever the number of Absentees limited by the Regulations is complete.

Order of Government, dated 18th November 1828.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to resolve that all persons who may be permitted to proceed to Europe, with the benefit of the Absentee Allowance, shall vacate their situations, and avail themselves of the indulgence, within three months from the date on which it may be granted.

Extract from a letter from the Honorable Court of Directors in the Public Department, dated 6th May 1829.

Civil Servants who decline to subscribe to the New Annuity Fund are not admissible to the benefit of the Absentee Regulations.

ABSENTEE RULES FOR CIVIL SERVANTS PROCEEDING TO THE CAPE, &c.

Fort St. George, February 27, 1838.

1. Civil Servants proceeding to the Cape of Good Hope, Mauritius, or the Island of St. Helena, or to any place within the limits of the East India Company's Charter, with leave granted by the Governments to which they are respectively attached, under Medical Certificates countersigned by a Member of the Medical Board at the Presidency, shall from the date of embarkation to the date of their return, provided the period of absence do not exceed two years, draw the allowances of their respective offices subject to the following deductions.

If the salary exceeds 2,000 rupees per mensem, one sixth for one year and for the second year one fourth.

If the salary do not exceed 2,000 rupees per mensem, one eighth for one year and one sixth for the second year.

If the salary of office be not more than 500 rupees per mensem, no deduction shall be made for the first year, and if it be only so much more, that the prescribed deduction at the rate of one eighth would reduce the allowance drawn to less than 500 rupees per mensem, only so much shall be deducted as will reduce the salary drawn to 500 rupees per mensem. After the first year, a deduction of one eighth shall be made from the salary of the officers referred to in this Rule.

2. After the close of the second year when the salary of office ceases, Civil Servants who may obtain an extension of leave will draw the subsistence allowance of their rank only, but no such Servant, absent on leave on account of sickness, shall draw a less allowance as a Civil Servant out of employ, than that of a Junior Merchant, viz. Sa. Rs. 224 per mensem.

3. The maximum period for which any Civil Servant shall be allowed to draw the salary of office or any part thereof is, two years from the date of embarkation; and the offices of Servants who may not return within that period, will be vacant, and liable to be filled by fresh appointments. Civil Servants who may so overstay the period of two years, provided they obtain an extension of leave, or account to the satisfaction of the Government to which they are attached for the delay of their return, shall as above provided receive the subsistence allowance of a Servant of their rank, subject to the exception above specified in favor of Junior Servants, but if they continue absent in disobedience of an order to return, or without sufficient cause shown, that allowance also will be forfeited.

4. Civil Servants absent on leave on account of sickness duly certified, if they proceed to England without returning to their Presidency, may as heretofore apply to be admitted to furlough by the Honorable the Court of Directors, and the furlough will in such cases take effect from the date of leaving their Presidency, consequently the allowances of office that may have been drawn by themselves or by their Agents after their departure, must in that case be re-adjusted and the difference refunded.

5. Civil Servants desiring to avail themselves of the benefit of Act 1 Victoria, Cap 47, and to draw their allowances while absent on account of sickness under the above Rules, will be required to give security in such amount as may be required by the Government for the refund of any excess that may be drawn, either by Agents at the Presidency, or by themselves, in case of their proceeding to Europe on furlough, or otherwise coming under retrenchment.

6. No second leave will be granted to any Civil Servant who has been absent beyond Sea for two years, until three years after the date of return from Sea, but if a Civil Servant is compelled by sickness to proceed to Sea again within this period, after having been absent less than two years, he will be allowed to complete that period, drawing the proportion of salary allowed for the remaining time as if the leave had been continuous.

7. Civil Servants absent from their stations or offices on leave, whether on account of private affairs or from sickness, shall not be subject to any deduction from their authorized allowances for a period not exceeding one month in the year (i. e. after the expiration of 12 months from the date of the termination of their last leave of absence.) If, however, the absence of a Civil Servant shall exceed the term of one month in the year, a deduction of one-third shall be made from his allowances, except in cases of certified ill health, which are provided for by the foregoing clauses, and in the cases specified in clause 9th of these Rules.

8. The official allowances of a Civil Servant quitting his station without leave will entirely cease from the date of his quitting his station to that of his return, or to the date of the leave which may eventually be granted to him; the same rule will apply to the absence of every Public Officer from his station, beyond the period for which leave of absence may have been granted to him.

9. Civil Servants not availing themselves of the leave allowed of one month free from stoppage, in each year, will be permitted to take it accumulatively, after a lapse of three years without leave, i. e. for each year passed without leave of absence, one month will be allowed free from deduction, but this indulgence shall not be allowed to extend to a period beyond six months in all; after which the absentee, if his leave exceed six months, will be subject to the rules in force respecting stoppages.

10. In returning from beyond the limits of the Presidency, or beyond Sea, if within the period of leave, the usual time will be granted to the absentee for rejoining his station.

11. Civil Officers applying for leave to proceed to Europe shall be exempted from all stoppages for the period limited according to existing rules for their journey from their stations to the place of their embarkation, and for the further period of 4 weeks at the latter place, to enable them to arrange for their passage and settle their public accounts.

CIVIL SERVANTS QUITTING INDIA.

Chief Secretary's Office : Fort St George, January 3, 1832.

In order to prevent embarrassment at the time of sailing, Gentlemen of the Civil Service quitting India are requested to observe that applications for permission to be received on board must be accompanied by a Certificate from the Office of the Accountant General that there are no demands against the applicant on the Books of this Presidency. Commanders of Vessels removing persons from India without permission are liable to heavy penalty.

DEPUTATION ALLOWANCE.

Fort St George, February 27, 1838.

1. Civil Servants holding permanent appointments when deputed to officiate temporarily in offices other than those to which they stand permanently appointed, shall receive deputation allowances conformably to the accompanying scale, with the exceptions and subject to the restrictions expressed in the subjoined rules.

Scale of Deputation allowance to be granted to individuals when in charge of offices distinct from those to which they are permanently appointed.

When acting in offices, the average monthly emoluments of which may be as follows :	If the office be at the same station, after 3 months, per mensem.	If at a different station, per mensem.
	Rupees	Rupees
Not exceeding per mensem Rs. 1,500.....	150	300
More than Rs. 1,500, but not exceeding 2,800 per mensem.....	250	400
Exceeding 2,800 Rs. per mensem.....	350	500

2. When the established allowance of an office in which a Civil Servant holding another permanent appointment is deputed to officiate temporarily, does not exceed his own permanent emoluments, he shall not receive any deputation allowance while so officiating.

3. When the deputation allowance according to the above scale added to his permanent emoluments would exceed the established allowance of the office, the excess shall not be drawn.

4. A principal Officer appointed to act for another principal Officer at the Presidency, or at the same station, or in the same district, shall not be entitled to deputation allowance, except by a special order of Government, when it shall appear to the Governor in Council that the temporary incumbent has a particular claim on account of the duties with which he is charged being much more arduous or responsible than those of his permanent office ; in such a case the deputation allowance shall not be drawn until a period of 3 months has elapsed from the date on which he commenced acting, and then not in arrears.

5. An Officer of one grade appointed to act for another of the same grade in another district, shall not be entitled to any deputation allowance.

6. The deputation allowances to be granted hereafter to covenanted servants out of permanent employ while officiating in situations, are in future to be regulated according to the following scale.

Scale of allowances to be granted to Civil Servants out of employment, nominated to act in the temporary charge of offices either at the Presidency or elsewhere.

When acting in offices, the average monthly emoluments of which may be as follows :	Rate of officiating allowance per mensem.	Add subsistence allowance according to their grade.	Total.		
			Rs.	A.	P.
Not exceeding 1,500 Rupees per mensem.....	400	Writer or Factor	580	13	4
More than 1,580, but not exceeding 2,800 Rupees per mensem.....	700	Junior Merchant	653	12	0
Exceeding 2,800 Rupees per mensem.....	1500	Senior Merchant	953	12	0
		Senior Merchant	1026	10	8
		Senior Merchant	1826	10	8

In situations of higher emoluments a special allowance will be fixed by Government.

7. Covenanted Civil Servants out of employ deputed to act for a permanent incumbent absent on private affairs or on sick certificate, and Officers acting for others but restricted under the rules to the allowances of their own office, are to be allowed travelling allowance to join their station at the rate of 52½ Rupees per hundred miles, payable in the case of absence on private affairs, by the absentee; and in that of absence on sick certificate, by the State—in either case to be drawn through the Office of Audit.

8. No deputation allowance shall be received by a subordinate Officer acting for his principal, or in a superior grade of the same office or department by a special appointment or otherwise, for a period less than 3 months, and not in arrears after 3 months. This rule is not to apply to an Assistant Judge of an Auxiliary Court appointed to act for the Zillah Judge, as the deputation obliges him to move to a different district.

9. No deputation allowance shall be drawn by a Sub Collector acting for an Assistant Judge, whether in his own or another district, or by an Assistant acting for an Head Assistant or a Register of a Zillah or Provincial Court, in the same district.

10. When an Officer holding more than one permanent appointment is relieved from the duties of the principal one, or of both, and appointed to discharge the duties of another office, he shall not draw deputation allowance unless the fixed salary of the office in which he is appointed to act temporarily, shall exceed the emoluments of his permanent appointments, and in that case the deputation allowance shall be limited to the difference.

11. The Governor in Council will determine the amount of the extra deputation allowances to be granted to persons officiating as Secretaries to Government, Residents at Foreign Courts, or Commissioners, as circumstances may, in each instance, render advisable.

FURLOUGH REGULATIONS.

FORT ST. GEORGE, October 8, 1836.

First. A furlough granted to a Civil Servant, whether under a Sick Certificate, or otherwise, in conformity with the Rules of the Hon. Court's despatch dated 31st December 1824, and communicated to the Service on the 8th July 1825, shall be considered to have lapsed on the occurrence of any of the following events:—

1st. On the death of the party in the course of three years from the date of his leaving the Presidency.

2d. On his retirement from the Service by acceptance of an annuity granted under the rules of the Madras Annuity Fund.

3d. On return to India before the expiration of three years.

4th. On the expiration of three years from the date when the ship sailed in which the party proceeded to Europe.

Second. Civil Servants will be entitled to proceed to Europe on furlough on sick certificate at any time of the year, provided there shall not be at the period of their applying for the certificate, 27 individuals in the enjoyment of the furlough.

Third. On the 1st December next ensuing, and on every subsequent 1st December, the number of furloughs to be tendered to Civil Servants of 10 years standing, and not claiming the indulgence on the ground of ill health, shall be calculated as follows:

Complement of 27 furloughs as on the 1st December 1835.	
Complement.....	27
Already taken.....	18
	<hr/>
Total available on the 1st December 1835.....	9
Deduct taken within the year up to this day:	
On sick certificate.....	2
Without certificate.....	3
	<hr/>
Total taken in the year.....	5
	<hr/>
Remain available for 1st December 1836.....	4
Add lapses since last 1st December:	
Retired on Pension.....	1
Absent more than 3 years.....	2
Deaths.....	1
Returned to India.....	3
	<hr/>
	7
	<hr/>

Total available to meet present applications.... 11

Fourth. If the applications received by Government before the 1st December of any year should not equal in number the available furloughs, calculated as above, the same may lie over to be taken by Servants, either on sick certificate or otherwise, at any time of the year following, until the number shall be complete—when it may be so, further certificates on account of lapsing furloughs shall not be granted, except on the applications being accompanied by sick certificates, the lapses in the course of the year being reserved to meet the demand of the Service according to the principle laid down by the Honorable Court of Directors, that is, with the due preference to cases of sickness, and to seniority.

FORT ST. GEORGE, August 29, 1837.

The Governor in Council has resolved, with a view of assimilating the Rules of this Presidency with those of Bengal, and of enabling Civil Servants who may be desirous to return to England by way of Suez to make the passage of the Red Sea at the most favorable season of the year, to alter the period fixed for the grant of the Furlough allowance to Civil Servants of ten years standing, not claiming the indulgence on the ground of ill health, from the 1st December to the 1st November of every year.

The following is a Statement of the Furloughs which will be available on the 1st November next.

Complement allowed by the Honorable Court.....	27
Already taken.....	17
Total available 1st December 1836.....	10
Deduct	
Taken within the year up to this day.....	10
Lapses since the 1st December last, available on the 1st November 1837	8

OFFICERS NEWLY APPOINTED.

Rules respecting their allowances and the period for joining.

FORT ST. GEORGE, 27th February 1838.

1. No Civil Servant shall draw the allowances of a situation to which he may be newly appointed until he commences the duties of that situation, unless by express order of Government he be prevented from entering upon the same, in which case he will draw the emoluments appertaining to the new appointment.

2. Every Officer appointed to a new situation will draw salary equivalent to the pay and allowances of the one he last held, unless the pay of the employment he last held shall exceed in amount that to which he has been transferred; it being understood, however, that if an Officer so transferred shall be left in temporary charge of his late office, Government will use its discretion in granting the higher allowances to him for such period or not, as the case may be, to be provided for at the time.

3. Officers appointed to new situations shall join their stations in a limited number of days after notice of their appointment reaching them; the time to vary with the distance of the station to which they may be nominated; and the number of days allowed with reference to the distance, to be computed at the rate of 12 miles a day; provided always, that one week shall be allowed in addition, to prepare for the journey, over and above the specified number of days.

4. The number of days allowable under the foregoing rule to be calculated by the Civil Auditor from Returns of Distances which he will procure from the office of the Quarter Master General.

5. Officers who may not arrive at their stations within the prescribed period shall forfeit all allowances, except those payable to a servant out of employ, unless Government may, for good and sufficient reason assigned for such delay, specially exempt them from the forfeit.

THE MERIT FOSTERING MINUTE.

Fort St. George, February 22, 1834.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the annexed Order of the Supreme Government, dated 28th January 1834, with requisite alterations in reference to the different denominations of Officers at this Presidency, be declared applicable to Covenanted Servants of this Government in the Judicial and Revenue Departments.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to determine that no Officer, whatever his standing in relation to a vacant situation, will be appointed to succeed to it, unless he be considered by Government properly qualified to do justice to the trust about to be confided to him; and that, in the event of any deficiency in the requisite qualifications, he, as well as all others in the same predicament will be passed over in favour of any junior on the gradation list competent to discharge the functions of the office with real efficiency.

With a view to afford to Government the necessary information in regard to the official character and merits of every Officer employed, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that every Officer, Court or Board to whom Covenanted Officers are placed in subordination, shall publicly report half-yearly, on the 1st January and the 1st July, upon their official qualifications and conduct. The reports of the Civil and Criminal Judges and Magistrates upon the Officers subordinate to them respectively, shall be forwarded to the Provincial Courts, and by them with their own comments thereon, and a corresponding statement with respect to all the Civil and Criminal Judges, Assistant Judges, and Joint Criminal Judges, and Magistrates under their jurisdiction, to the Sudr and Foudary Adawlut. The reports of the Collectors upon their subordinates shall be forwarded to the Board of Revenue. The Sudr and Foudary Adawlut and the Board of Revenue respectively, shall review the whole of these returns, and submit them to Government with a declaration of their own opinions in confirmation of, or dissent from those expressed by the Provincial Courts, Civil and Criminal Judges, Magistrates, and Collectors respectively. The Sudr and Foudary Adawlut shall likewise report upon the qualifications and conduct of the Judges of the Provincial Courts of Appeal and Circuit for the information of Government.

These reports should present in regard to each individual, a statement of his general qualifications for the public service, with distinct reference to his temper, discretion, patience, habits of application to public business, and attendance at office, his knowledge of the native languages, and pre-eminently his disposition and behaviour towards the people, high and low, with whom he is brought into official contact.

The controlling Officers will of course be held responsible for the effects of the misconduct of the Covenanted Subordinate Officers which they may fail to report; and it must be remembered by the controlling Officers, that if it shall sometimes be their ungrateful duty to allege incapacity or misconduct on the part of an inferior, they thereby perform a most acceptable service to the people, over whom such an incompetent or unworthy functionary is placed; and that they will also enjoy the opportunity of recording the meritorious qualities of those who are really worthy of such commendation, and of thus supplying the Government with data for the just and beneficial allotment of official rewards.

ABSTRACT OF ACT 33, GEORGE 3, CAP 52, SEC. 70.

precluding the return to their duty of Civil and Military Servants, after an absence of Five Years.

And be it further enacted, that no person who shall have held any Civil or Military Station whatever, in India, in the Service of the said United Company, being under the rank or degree of a Member of Council, or Commander in Chief of the Forces, and who, having departed from India by leave of the Governor General in Council, or Governor in Council, shall not return to India within the space of five years next after such departure, shall be entitled to any rank or restoration of office, or be capable of again serving in India, either in the European or Native Corps of Troops, or in the Civil line of the Company's service; unless in the case of any Civil Servant of the Company, it shall be proved, to the satisfaction of the Court of Directors, that such absence was occasioned by sickness, or infirmity, or unless such person be permitted to return with his rank to India, by a vote or resolution passed by way of ballot, by three parts in four of the Proprietors assembled in General Court, specially convened for that purpose, whereof eight days previous notice of the time and purpose of such meeting shall be given in the London Gazette, or unless in the case of any Military Officer, it shall be proved to the satisfaction of the said Court of Directors, and the Board of Commissioners for the affairs of India, that such absence was occasioned by sickness or infirmity, or some inevitable accident.

Military Service Regulations.

FEES UPON COMMISSIONS.

Fort William ; 24th April 1834.

The Honorable the Vice President in Council is pleased to direct that the following Paras. (3 to 5) of a Military Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors No. 97, dated the 6th November 1833, the provisions of which are applicable to the three Presidencies, be published in General Orders :

Para. 3. " We direct that Fees upon Commissions granted by His Majesty to the Company's Officers, shall be hereafter collected by and credited to Government, in the same manner as the Fees on Company's Commissions are now collected and credited, and that the Salary to be hereafter granted to the Military Secretary of the Commander in Chief, be Two Thousand Two Hundred and Fifty Rupees, (Rupees 2,250) per month in lieu of Fees and all other Emoluments.

4. We observe a great discrepancy in the rates of Fees levied from Officers of the same rank at our several Presidencies, and that those rates in most instances materially exceed the rates paid by Officers of corresponding rank in His Majesty's Service.

5. We therefore direct, that the Fees on Commissions to be hereafter paid by the Company's Officers shall at all the Presidencies, be the same as those charged to His Majesty's Officers of corresponding rank ; and that one moiety of those Fees be charged for the Company's and the other moiety for the King's Commissions."

General Order by the Right Honorable the Governor General of India in Council.

OOTACAMUND, 30th July 1834.

In conformity with instructions from the Honorable the Court of Directors, communicated in their Military Letter No. 97, dated the 6th November 1833, and published in General Orders " Fort William, 24th April 1834," the Right Honorable the Governor General of India in Council directs, that the following Scale of Fees be collected by, and credited to the Government, on Commissions issued to the Company's Officers at all the Presidencies ; one moiety of which to be charged for Company's, and the other moiety, for the King's Commissions.

Revised Table of Fees chargeable on Commissions bearing date subsequent to the 24th April 1834.

RANK.	In Corps of Light Cavalry.			In Corps of Artillery, Engineers & Infantry.		
	Amount in Sonat, Madras, or Bombay Rupees.			Amount in Sonat, Madras, or Bombay Rupees.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Colonel	99	0	0	90	0	2
Lieutenant Colonel	85	6	4	79	6	4
Major	82	3	2	77	12	9
Captain	78	3	2	73	12	9
Lieutenant	65	0	0	53	8	6
Cornet, 2d Lieutenant and Ensign	48	3	2	36	11	8
Surgeon	42	13	10	42	13	10
Assistant Surgeon	39	12	9	39	12	9
Veterinary Surgeon	40	3	2	—	—	—

MILITARY ESTATES.

Fort St George, 15th February 1833.

The special attention of Commanding and other Officers is required to the provisions of the VI. Geo. IV. Cap. LXI, regarding the Estates of European Officers of Soldiers of the Company's Service, and to the following explanatory regulations on the subject.

1. Upon the death of any European Officer or Soldier, whether intestate or otherwise, his effects then in Camp or Garrison are to be secured under the authority of the Commanding Officer of the Regiment or Station to which the deceased belonged, as directed in Section XVI. of the Articles of War ; the Committee invariably assembling within four and twenty hours from the time of the casualty.

2. Should there not be Officers present with the Regiment of the description specified in Art. I, Section XVI. of the Articles of War, then the Committee may be composed of such as may be available, the seniors being selected.

3. The Committee are to take a correct inventory of the whole of the effects and account of the credits of the deceased, mentioning especially and in all cases whether any and what amount of cash was found in the deceased's possession, and whether any and what amount of Pay and Allowances was due to the deceased, as also an account of his regimental debts, and the same are to be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose to be entitled "Registers of Estates," which book shall form a regimental record, and a copy of such inventory and account shall be forthwith forwarded to the Secretary to Government in the Military Department, such copy to be attested "a true copy from the entry of the Register."

4. It will be the duty of the Committee in preparing such account of credits and debts, carefully to investigate the latter, and to record their opinions as to the correctness of each claim.

5. Claims coming decidedly within the description of regimental debts, to wit, Regimental Mess Accounts, charges or expences relating to the illness or funeral of deceased Officers and Soldiers, charges for house rent, servants' wages and house expences for periods not exceeding one month and the portion of the month in which the casualty may occur, may be discharged by the Commanding Officer without previous reference to the Secretary to Government in the Military Department.

6. All other claims preferred at Regimental Head Quarters, such as accounts with Station Shopkeepers, loans, &c. must be left for adjustment by the person who may eventually administer to the Estate.

7. It will be the duty of the Commanding Officer to draw without delay whatever arrears of pay and allowances may be due to the deceased.

8. In cases of an intestacy it is ordered that within one fortnight after the taking of the inventory a sale of the effects shall take place by public auction to the highest bidder, due notice thereof having been given, and within one fortnight after such sale, the account sale shall be entered in the "Register of Estates" and a copy of such account sale shall be forthwith forwarded to the Secretary to Government in the Military Department, such copy to be attested as directed in para. 3.

9. The Officer Commanding will be accountable for the recovery of the amount of all purchases, and for the correctness of all payments from the proceeds of Estates. It being his province to nominate the auctioneer, and when he may see fit to prohibit the delivery of goods until their value has been received; credit may be given to military persons, but not beyond the second issue of pay after the sale.

10. It is ordered that within one fortnight after such second issue of pay the Officer Commanding shall cause to be entered in the said Register an Account in the form annexed, debiting himself with all the Credits of the Estate and crediting himself with all payments of Regimental Debts, and showing that the balance has been lodged in the Pay Office and a transfer receipt obtained, and a copy of the same, attested as in para. 3, together with all vouchers for all payments, and the Sub-Treasurer's Receipt for the balance is to be forwarded to the Secretary to the Government Military Department as soon as the Sub-Treasurer's Receipt for the balance shall have been received.

11. The Auctioneer shall in no case receive a greater percentage or remuneration than five per cent. which shall be paid by the Commanding Officer on the day on which the accounts of the Estate are finally closed, if his accounts are correct, and the amount of purchases recovered, but not otherwise.

12. If there be any house, or article of great value, which may seem to the Officer Commanding to justify the postponement of the sale, or the extension of credit, beyond the time by this order limited, he may, if he sees fit, postpone the sale, or on his own responsibility, make a special agreement for the payment of the price of such house or article of great value, such postponement of the sale, and such special agreement being immediately brought to the notice of the Secretary to the Government in the Military Department, together with the special circumstances which have seemed to such Officer Commanding to justify a departure from the course prescribed in the 8th para. of this order.

13. When any military person indebted to an Estate shall, before the full payment of the account of his purchase, apply for leave of absence on sick certificate or otherwise, it will be the duty of the Officer in charge of the Estate from which such purchases have been made to recover the payment of the debt prior to the departure of the individual from his Station, or to report the default to the Accountant General and to the Secretary to Government in the Military Department.

14. In the case of a will, and no executor named being at the time of the death within the Presidency of Madras, the Officer Commanding shall, together with the copy of the inventory and account of credits and debts mentioned in para. 2, for-

ward to the Secretary to Government in the Military Department a copy of the will. In all other respects the Officer Commanding will proceed as in the case of an intestacy.

15. In the case of a will, in which an executor is named, who at the time of the death of the deceased is within the Presidency of Madras, the Officer Commanding shall, together with the copy of the inventory and account of credits and debts, mentioned in para. 3, forward to the Secretary to Government in the Military Department, a copy of the will.

16. It will in this case be the duty of the Officer Commanding not to direct the sale of any article except live stock, or such as are of a perishable nature, until he shall receive instructions, in writing, from the executor.

17. The Officer Commanding shall forward to such executor a copy of the will, also a copy of the inventory, and account of credits and debts mentioned in para. 3, noticing at the foot of such copy of the inventory the live stock and perishable articles which have been sold, and the prices which were given for the same respectively.

18. The Officer Commanding must, in the first place, take care that all Regimental debts, &c. are paid, and in the next place, he will attend, as to the disposal of the property of the deceased, as nearly as he can, to the wishes of the executor expressed in writing.

19. When an Officer, whether intestate or otherwise, dies at a Station to which he does not properly belong, it will be the duty of the Officer Commanding to take all necessary steps, in conformity with the preceding instructions: and the Commanding Officer of the Corps or Station to which the individual was attached, will likewise on receiving intimation of the Officer's decease, take similar measures with regard to the property which may there be forthcoming.

20. An Officer Commanding, quitting, or being relieved from the charge of a regiment shall render to the Officer succeeding to such charge the account of every estate, whether of an intestate or otherwise, the accounts and balances of which shall not have been then already rendered to the Secretary to Government in the Military Department, or executor, as the case may be; and such succeeding Officer will be responsible for the correctness of the account, unless at the time of receiving charge of the Regiment, he objects to the account, and brings such objection to the notice of the Secretary to Government in the Military Department.

21. In case of any Officer Commanding dying, or being by sickness incapacitated from rendering any account, the next Senior Officer shall direct the assembly of a Committee consisting of three of the Senior Officers of the Station or Regiment, for the purpose of taking an account of all Estates, whether of intestates or otherwise, the accounts and balances of which shall not have been then already rendered to the Military Secretary or Executor, as the case may be; and the Committee so assembled shall render the accounts taken to the Officer succeeding to the command, in case of such death or sickness.

22. Officers Commanding will be held responsible for the strict fulfillment of the several provisions of this order, and any loss which may arise by a deviation therefrom, will be recovered from their pay and allowances under the authority of Government.

23. They will likewise on making over an estate to the Secretary to Government in the Military Department, to the executor, or to the Registrar of the Supreme Court, as the case may be, submit a notification of their having done so for publication in the Fort St. George Gazette.

Dr. _____ Commanding _____ Regiment _____ Cr.
In Account Current with the Estate of the late _____ of _____ Regiment _____ deceased.

1833		1833	
	<p>To Cash found among the effects To Pay and Allowances as follows, To gross amount of Account Sale,</p>		<p>By Cash paid Funeral Expenses Voucher No By do do Servants Wages do No By do for House Expense per do No By do for House Rent per do No By do for Mess per do No By do for Military Fund per do No By do to Band Fund per do No By cash paid Auctioneer being his commission on amount of Account Sale at 5 per cent. Total Cash paid Rs. By Balance paid into Pay Office as per Cash Receipt of this date and on this day forwarded to the Sub Treasurer for his Receipt.</p>
	0 0 0		0 0 0

OFFICERS RETIRING FROM SERVICE.

Regulations respecting Military and other Officers retiring from the Company's Service.

Officers who have served less than three years in India, and have lost their health there, are entitled to an allowance from Lord Clive's Fund, if the Court of Directors shall adjudge them to be proper objects of that bounty, to the extent of

If a 2d Lieutenant, Cornet, or Ensign, two shillings a-day, or £36 10s. a-year; if a Lieutenant, two shillings and sixpence a-day, or £45. 12s. 6d. a-year; provided they are not possessed of, or entitled to, real or personal property, to the extent of, if an Ensign £750, if a Lieutenant, £1,000.

Officers who are compelled to quit the service by wounds received in action, or by ill health contracted on duty after three years service in India, are permitted to retire on the half-pay of their rank, viz.

If a second Lieutenant, Cornet, or Ensign, three shillings a-day, or £54 15s. per annum; if a Lieutenant, four shillings a-day or £78 per annum.

A Subaltern Officer, or Assistant Surgeon, having served six years in India, is permitted to retire on the half-pay of Ensign, if his constitution should be so impaired as to prevent the possibility of his continuing in India.

A Lieutenant having served thirteen, or a 2d Lieutenant, Cornet, or Ensign, nine years in India, (including three years for a furlough), may retire on the half-pay of his rank, in case his health shall not permit him to serve in India.

Regimental Captains, Majors, and Lieutenant Colonels, who have not served sufficiently long in India to entitle them to retire on full pay, and whose ill state of health renders it impossible for them to continue to serve in India, are allowed to retire from the service on the half-pay of their respective ranks, viz.

Captains, seven shillings a-day, or £127 15s. per annum, Major nine shillings and sixpence a-day, or £173 7s. 6d. per annum; Lieut.-Colonel, eleven shillings a-day or £260 15s. per annum.

All Officers who have actually served twenty-two years in India, or twenty-five years, including three years for a furlough, are allowed to retire on the full pay of their respective ranks.

Officers are also allowed to retire on the following pensions without reference to the rank they may have attained, if they have served for the undermentioned periods, viz.

After twenty-three years service in India, including three years for a furlough, on the full pay of Captain, viz. £191 12s. 6d. per annum; after twenty-seven years' service in India, including three years for a furlough, on the full pay of Major, £292 per annum; after thirty-one years' service in India, including three years for a furlough, on the full pay of Lieut.-Colonel £365 per annum; after thirty-five years' service in India, including three years for a furlough, on the full pay of Colonel; £456 5s. per annum.

Members of the Medical Board, who have been in that station not less than two years, and not less than twenty years in India, including three years for one furlough, are permitted to retire from the service, and allowed £300 per annum, or in the event of ill health, they may retire on that pension after any period of service as Member of the Medical Board. If they have served five years, or are obliged after three years' service in that Station to retire from ill health, they are allowed £700 per annum.

Superintending Surgeons, who have been in that Station not less than two years, and whose period of service has been not less than twenty years, including three years for one furlough, are permitted to retire from the service, and allowed £300 per annum, or in the event of ill health, they may retire on that pension after any period of service as Superintending Surgeon. If they have served five years, or are obliged after three years' service in that Station to retire from ill health, they are allowed £365 per annum.

All other Surgeons, and Assistant Surgeons attached to the Military, are permitted to retire from the service on the pay of their rank, after having served in India not less than twenty years, including three years for one furlough.

When Officers on furlough retire upon the pay or half-pay of their rank, they are only entitled to claim the benefit of the rank held by them at the expiration of one year from the date of their landing in the United Kingdom.

A Veterinary Surgeon is allowed to retire on seven shillings a day after twenty years' service, including three years for one furlough; five shillings and six pence a-day after thirteen years' service, including three years for one furlough; and three shillings a-day after six years' service, in the two last cases provided his health shall not permit him to continue to serve in India.

A Chaplain (appointed previously to the 1st September 1836), after eighteen years' service in India, including three years for one furlough, is allowed to retire on the pay of Lieutenant Colonel, £365 per annum; after ten years (if compelled by ill health to quit the service), on the half-pay of Lieutenant-Colonel, £200, 15s. per annum; after seven years, on the half-pay of Major, £173, 7s. 6d. per annum.

If appointed subsequently to that date, according to the following scale, viz. after eighteen years' service, including three years for one furlough, the pay of Major, viz. £292, per annum; after ten years' service, (if compelled by ill health to quit the service) on the half-pay of Major, viz., £173, 7s. 6. per annum; after seven years' the half-pay of Captain, viz. £127 15s. per annum.

A Commissary or Deputy Commissary of Ordnance, not being a Commissioned Officer, is allowed to retire on full pay if he has served twenty-seven years in India, of which twelve must have been in the Ordnance Department; twenty-five years, fourteen of which in that Department; or twenty-two years seventeen years of which in the Ordnance Department.

A Conductor of Stores is allowed to retire on £60 per annum after twenty-five years' actual service in India.

Officers retiring from the service, will be considered to have retired from the date of their application for leave to retire: or from the expiration of two years and a half from their quitting India, whichever shall happen first.

FURLOUGH.

Officers (of whatever rank) must be ten years in India, before they can be entitled (except in case of certified sickness, and as hereafter specified) to their rotation to be absent on furlough, and the same rule is applicable to Assistant Surgeons, and Veterinary Surgeons. The furlough to be granted by the Commander in Chief at each Presidency, with the approbation of the respective Governments.

Officers who have not served ten years in India, but whose presence in England is required by urgent private affairs, may be allowed a furlough for one year without pay.

A Chaplain (appointed previously to the 1st September 1836), after seven years' residence in India, is allowed to come home on furlough and receive the pay of Major, £292 per annum. Should he come home from sickness prior to this period of service, he is allowed the pay of Captain only, viz. £191, 12s. 0d. per annum.

If appointed subsequently to that date, after seven years' residence in India, the pay of Captain, viz. £191 12s. per annum; and if compelled by ill-health to come home prior to this period of service, the half-pay of Captain, or £127 15s. per annum.

A Conductor of Stores is allowed furlough pay only in case of coming home from sickness.

Officers coming to England on furlough, are required immediately to report their arrival by letter to the Secretary, stating the name of the ship in which they came, and their address, forwarding at the same time the certificates they received in India.

The period of furlough is three years, reckoning from its date to the day of the return of the officer to his Presidency.

Officers are required to join the Establishment to which they belong at the expiration of the three years' furlough, unless they shall have obtained an extension of leave from the Court, six months before the expiration of that period. No furlough will be extended, except in cases of sickness, certified in the manner hereafter mentioned, or in cases, in which it shall be proved to the Court that a further residence in Europe is indispensably necessary.

All Officers finding it necessary to solicit a further leave of absence on account of sickness, must, if resident in London or its vicinity, appear before the Company's Examining Physician, Dr. J. R. Hume, 9 Curzon-street, who will report to the Court of Directors his opinion on the state of such Officer's health. And if resident in the country, in any part of the United Kingdom, they must transmit with their letter of application for such leave, a certificate according to the following form, signed by at least two gentlemen, eminent in the medical profession, viz.

I do hereby certify, that I have carefully examined (state the nature of the case, as well as the name of the party,) and I declare, upon my honour, that according to the best of my judgment and belief, _____ is at present unfit for military duty, and that it is absolutely necessary for the recovery of his health, that he should remain at least _____ longer in this country.

Also previously to such extension of furlough being granted, such further proof shall be adduced by personal examination, or by such other evidence as shall be deemed satisfactory.

Officers abroad in any part of Europe, applying to remain a further time from their duty on account of sickness, are to furnish a certificate of two eminent physicians in the above form, with the attestation of a magistrate, that the persons who signed the certificate are physicians.

Officers having obtained an extension of furlough to a given period, must at its expiration apply for permission, either to return to their duty, or to reside a further time in England.

No Officer who has failed to obtain an extension of furlough, will be considered eligible to return to the service after five years' absence under the Act of 33, Geo. III, Cap. 52, Sec. 70.

Every Officer upon leaving India, will receive a printed copy of the General Order on this subject, published agreeably to the Court's instruction, and the plea.

of ignorance of the regulations will not be admitted as any justification of the breach of them : Officers therefore, who shall come home on furlough, and who shall not in due time apply, so as to effect their return to the Presidency to which they belong, within the period of three years from the commencement of their furlough, will subject themselves to the loss of the service, unless they shall be permitted by the Court to remain a further time in Europe.

No Officer on furlough can receive pay for more than two years and a half from the period of his quitting India until he returns, excepting Colonels of Regiments, and those of the rank of Lieutenant Colonel regimentally, when promoted to that of Major General ; the latter are then allowed to draw the pay of their Brevet rank beyond the above period.

OFFICERS RETURNING TO INDIA.

REGULATIONS AS TO THE CHARGE OF RECRUITS.

Whenever a detachment of Company's Recruits to the extent of thirty men shall be embarked on any one ship, they be placed in charge of the senior Company's Officer, not exceeding the rank of a Field Officer, who shall have obtained permission to return to his duty on the ship, within at least seven days of the period fixed for embarkation ; that the Officer proceed with the men from the depot ;—that as a remuneration for this service, he be granted the passage money of his rank ; payable to the Commander of the ship.

OFFICERS RETURNING TO THEIR DUTY VIA BOMBAY.

Extract from a letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors, dated 18th Oct. 1837.

“ Referring to our Military Letter of the 16th Aug. last, we have now to apprise you that Officers returning to their duty on the Bengal or Madras Establishments via Bombay, will be granted the same advantages as Officers coming to England by the same route, viz. that when their Regiments shall be stationed at Posts nearer to Bombay than to the Capitals of their respective Presidencies; their Indian allowances shall commence from the date of their landing at Bombay, provided that no avoidable delay take place, in their joining their Regiments.”*

Fort St George, 27th March 1838.

With reference to G. O. G. 23d January 1838, No. 15, the Right Honorable the Governor in Council deems it necessary for the guidance of the Pay Department to specify a limit beyond which Indian allowances shall not be passed to Officers of this Establishment returning to their duty via Bombay. It is therefore declared that, except in cases of certified sickness, one month, in addition to the regulated period according to distance, be the utmost extent allowed.

OFFICERS EMBARKING FOR EUROPE.

Fort St. George, 27th March 1838.

Officers who may be permitted to proceed to another Presidency for the purpose of embarking thence for Europe on furlough, or medical certificate, or of retiring from the service, provided the port of departure for Europe shall not be more distant from the place which they shall have quitted in their own Presidency than any port of embarkation within such Presidency, shall be permitted to draw, in like manner as above, their pay and allowances up to the date of despatch of the vessel on which they embark, provided it take place prior to the expiration of 3 months from the date of publication of their leave in General Orders, beyond which period they will be entitled to pay only, unless sanctioned by Government on application explaining the cause of detention.

SETTLERS IN THE COLONIES.

Fort William, 5th October 1836.

No. 195 of 1836.—The following paras. of a Military Letter, No. 4, from the Honorable the Court of Directors, dated 1st June 1836, addressed to the Governor General of India in Council, together with a copy of the papers from the Colonial Office, specifying the advantages which are given to Naval and Military Officers, settling in the Colonies of New South Wales, Van Dieman's Land, and the new Settlement of Western Australia, are published in General Orders.

“ Para. 1. We have been apprized that His Majesty's Government are willing to extend to the retired Officers of our Army the advantages which are enjoyed by His Majesty's Officers on their settlement in the Colonies of Western Australia, New South Wales and Van Dieman's Land.

* Officers of the Madras Army whose Corps may be stationed to the North of the Kistnah are to be granted the benefits of the arrangement :—Court's letter of the 25th July 1838.

2. "We have gladly availed ourselves of this offered advantage, and we desire that you will take the necessary measures for making it known to those Officers of the Army on your Establishment, who may from time to time retire from the Army under the Regulations of the Service.

3. "A copy of the papers from the Colonial Office, specifying the advantages which are given to Naval and Military Officers, is herewith forwarded."

"Information for the use of the Military and Naval Officers proposing to settle in the British Colonies."

Colonial Office, 15th August 1834.

1. Annexed is a statement of the Regulations according to which, with such modifications as local circumstances may render necessary, lands belonging to the Crown are disposed of in the several British Colonies in North America, as well as a Statement of the Regulations in force in the Australian Colonies.

2. Under these Regulations, Military and Naval Officers cannot receive free grants of land; but in buying land they are allowed a remission of the purchase money according to the undermentioned scale:

Field Officers of 25 years' service and upwards in the whole.....	£ 380
Ditto 20 ditto ditto	" 250
Ditto 15 ditto ditto	" 200
Captains of 20 ditto ditto	" 500
Ditto 15 ditto ditto	" 150
Subalterns of 20 ditto ditto	" 150
Ditto 7 ditto ditto	" 100

Regimental Staff Officers and Medical Officers of the Army and Navy will be deemed to come within the benefit of this rule.

3. Officers of the Army and Navy, who propose to proceed to the Colonies in order to take advantage of this indulgence should provide themselves with certificates from the office of the General Commanding in Chief, or of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, shewing that their emigration has been sanctioned, and stating exactly their rank and length of service. No document from the Office of the Secretary of State is necessary.

4. Officers on half pay residing in the colony where they propose to settle may be admitted to the privileges of Military and Naval settlers, without referring to this country for testimonials, provided they can satisfy the Governor that there is no objection to their being allowed the indulgence, and that their return of their rank and length of service is accurate, and provided, if they belong to the Navy, that they produce their letter of leave of absence from the Admiralty.

5. Military Chaplains, Commissariat Officers, and Officers of any of the Civil Departments connected with the Army cannot be allowed any privileges on the subject of land; Pursers, Chaplains, Midshipmen, Warrant Officers of every description, and Officers of any of the Civil Departments connected with the Navy, must also be considered as not qualified for these privileges. Although members of these classes may have been admitted formerly and under a different state of circumstances, they must now be excluded.

6. Gentlemen, who have ceased to belong to His Majesty's Service cannot be allowed the advantages to which they were entitled while in the Army or Navy. It is not, however, proposed to effect by this rule Officers who desire to quit the service for the express purpose of settling in the colonies, it is only required that when they resign their Commissions they should apply for a certificate from the General Commanding in Chief or from the Lords commissioners of the Admiralty that they do so, with the view of emigrating; and such certificate if produced to the Governor of any colony within one year from its date, but not otherwise, will be sufficient warrant for allowing the bearer the same advantages as Officers still in His Majesty's service.

Officers who have sold out within the last twelve months preceding the date of this memorandum will be allowed the usual privileges, notwithstanding their want of the Certificate required by these Regulations, if they present themselves to the Governor of the colony within a year from the present date. And all Officers who have already been recommended by the General Commanding in Chief will be entitled to their privileges without regard to any obstruction which might otherwise be offered by the Regulations now established.

7. Officers cannot be allowed advantages in the acquisition of land in any colony unless it be their intention to fix their residence in that colony. In order to ensure the observance of this rule, it has been determined that the titles to lands obtained by Officers who take advantage of the peculiar regulations existing in their favour shall be withheld for a period sufficient to prove that they have not repaired to the colony for the mere purpose of gaining possession of a portion of land and then departing. Two years is the period for which it has been decided that the titles shall be kept back: this delay will be sufficient for the salutary object in view, and will not constitute any serious inconvenience to the bona fide settler.

8. By the annexed Regulations for the disposal of crown lands, it will be observed that the general sales will take place periodically. But in order to prevent inconvenience to Officers who may arrive in the intervals between those sales and be desirous at once to obtain an allotment, the Governors of the colonies are

authorized to allow Officers to acquire at any time on payment of the upset price, lands which have previously been offered for sale at some general sale and not been bought.

Officers will thus be relieved from delay at the time of establishing themselves in the colony. They will also be enabled by this arrangement, which will permit them to obtain their land at a fixed price, to choose such a quantity as shall be exactly equivalent to the amount of the remission to which they are entitled, instead of being liable to be called upon to pay a balance, which must be the case if they bid for lands at a sale by auction.

Terms upon which the Crown Lands will be disposed of in New South Wales, Van Dieman's Land and the New Settlements of Western Australia.

It has been determined by His Majesty's Government that no land shall in future be disposed of in New South Wales or Van Dieman's Land otherwise than by public sale, and it has therefore been deemed expedient to prepare for the information of settlers the following summary of the rules which it has been thought fit to lay down for regulating the sales of land in those colonies.

1.—A division of the whole territory into counties, hundreds and parishes is in progress. When that division shall be completed, each parish will comprise an area of about twenty-five square miles.

2.—All the lands in the colony, not hitherto granted, and not appropriated for public purposes, will be put up to sale. The price will of course depend upon the quality of the land and its local situation, but no land will be sold below the rate of 5s. per acre.

3.—All persons proposing to purchase lands not advertised for sale, must transmit a written application to the Governor, in a certain prescribed form, which will be delivered at the Surveyor General's Office to all persons applying on payment of the requisite fee of 2s 6d.

4.—Those persons who are desirous of purchasing will be allowed to select within certain defined limits such portions of land as they may wish to acquire in that manner. These portions of land will be advertised for sale for three calendar months, and will then be sold to the highest bidder, provided that such bidding shall at least amount to the price fixed by article 2.

5.—A deposit of £10 per cent. upon the whole value of the purchase must be paid down at the time of sale, and the remainder must be paid within one calendar month from the day of sale, previous to which the purchaser will not be put in possession of the land, and in case of payment not being made within the prescribed period, the sale will be considered void and the deposit forfeited.

6.—On payment of the money a grant will be made in fee-simple, to the purchaser at the nominal quit rent of a pepper corn. Previous to the delivery of such grant, a fee of forty shillings will be payable to the Colonial Secretary for preparing the grant, and another fee of five shillings to the Registrar of the Supreme Court for enrolling it.

7.—The land will generally be put up to sale in lots of one square mile, or 640 acres: but smaller lots than 640 acres may, under particular circumstances be purchased on making application to the Governor, in writing, with full explanations of the reasons for which the parties wish to purchase a smaller quantity.

8.—The Crown reserves to itself the right of making and constructing such roads, and bridges as may be necessary for public purposes in all lands purchased as above, and also to such indigenous timber, stone, and other materials, the produce of the land, as may be required for making and keeping the said roads and bridges in repair, and for any other public works. The Crown further reserves to itself all mines of precious metals.

With reference to the foregoing Regulations, the Right Honorable the Governor General of India in Council is pleased to notify for general information, that Officers who, on retiring from the Military Service of the East India Company, may wish to avail themselves of the advantages now extended to them by their Gracious Sovereign, will on signifying their intention to proceed as settlers to any of His Majesty's Australian Colonies, be furnished by the Military Secretary to Government at the Presidency to which they belong, with a Certificate of the following form and tenor:

I do hereby certify, that A. B. late a _____ in the Military Service of the East India Company, on the _____ Establishment, obtained on the _____ of _____, the permission of the Governor _____ in Council, to retire from the service, for the purpose of proceeding as a settler, to His Majesty's Colony of _____; and that the length of service, of the said A. B., at the period of his retirement was _____ years.

Given under my hand, at _____ in _____, this _____ day of _____,

(Signed) _____

Secy to the Govt of _____

Military Department.

(Signed) WM. CASEMENT, Colonel,

Secy. to Govt. of India, Military Department.

Collectorate Regulations.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE:—*Pantheon Road.*

A. Robertson, Esq.....Collector.
J. A. Hudleston, Esq.....Deputy Collector,
J. Walker, Esq.....Actg. do.

REGISTRY OF SALES AND MORTGAGES OF LAND.

Extract from an Advertisement, dated 13th December 1803.

“With a view of affording additional security to the Proprietors of Lands and Houses in Madras, and as a means of preventing clandestine transfers and mortgages of property; His Lordship in Council has been pleased to direct a register to be opened at the Cutcherry of the Collector of Madras, where all persons who purchase property or lend money on mortgages of property may register their purchase or mortgage deeds.”

“And it is hereby further notified, that the public register for entering transfers and mortgages of Lands and Houses in Madras, is now opened at the said Cutcherry.”

Pursuant to the former of these Advertisements, the Government quit-rent and arrears if any out-standing, is to be paid by the Proprietors in actual possession of the Lands or Houses on which it is due; all persons, therefore, purchasing or taking mortgages of Lands or Houses should be careful to have their deeds regularly registered, and all arrears of quit-rent discharged by the former holders up to the day of the transfer, as otherwise they will be held answerable for the amount.

F. W. ELLIS,
Collector of Madras.

MADRAS CUTCERRY, 20th March 1810.

COLLECTOR'S CUTCERRY: MADRAS, 3d June 1834.

The attention of residents at the Presidency and travellers proceeding thither, is requested to the subjoined copy of Section XIV Regulation X, A. D. 1803.

“All Trunks, Chests and other Packages coming by land into Madras shall be carried to the Land Custom House, and shall remain there until properly discharged by the Collector of Customs, and no baggage shall be passed for the future, unless the owner shall personally declare or certify in writing, either to the Collector or his Deputy, that the Packages do not contain, either on his own, or on the account of any other person, any articles for sale, or pieces of cloth not made up for use: should the Packages contain any articles for sale, or manufactures for private use, such as long cloth, muslin, cambric, &c. in the piece, a list shall be delivered at the Custom House, by the person in charge, and on payment of the duty, the goods shall be stamped and passed.”

(Signed) A. ROBERTSON,
Collector.

N. B.—All articles liable to duty are, on their entrance within the Sayer limits of the Madras Collectorate, equally subject to the payment of the Government dues thereon, whether imported as articles of trade, or by persons intending them for their private use.

MADRAS CUTCERRY, 24th February 1836.

Notice is hereby given, that whenever it shall be discovered that Goods passed under a Rowannah obtained from the Collector of Land Customs at Madras, do not correspond with the description entered in the application for the Rowannah, no further application from the person to whom the Rowannah shall have been given will be complied with, without a previous examination of the goods at the Custom House.

It is also notified that Goods passed under such Rowannah, if they do not correspond with the description therein, are liable to seizure and confiscation, and persons convicted of defrauding the Customs by passing Goods under a false description are liable to be fined, and, in default of payment of the fine awarded against them, to imprisonment.

By order of the Board of Revenue.

(Signed) J. A. HUDLESTON,
Acting Collector.

COLLECTOR'S CUTCERRY: MADRAS, 21st October 1837.

It being impracticable to identify Gruff Goods which have once passed this Office as being the precise Goods imported under particular Rowannahs or Certificates

of growth, Notice is hereby given that a certificate purporting to identify any description of Gruff Goods as the Goods imported under a particular Kowannah or Certificate of growth; will not be furnished to parties purposing to export such Goods from Madras, unless the Seal of the Collector has been affixed at the time of import, and the Packages are in such a state as to afford reasonable conviction that they have not been broken since the date of their import.

By order of the Board of Revenue.

(Signed) A. ROBERTSON,
Collector.

QUIT RENT.

COLLECTOR'S CUTCHERRY : MADRAS, 30th August 1833.

Instances having occurred of misapprehension as to the period at which Quit Rent is payable on Lands situated within the limits of the Madras Collectorate, and the due realization of the Revenue being thereby retarded, it is hereby notified that Quit Rent is payable on the 12th July of each year for the Fusly immediately preceding.

The subjoined notification is republished for general information.

" This is to give notice that, on and after the 1st of July next, on a Quit Rent Bill being presented for payment, and the demand not being discharged, the Collector of Madras will, five days afterwards, issue his warrant of Distrain, and sequester property to the amount which may be due to Government."

By order of the Board of Revenue,

(Signed) L. G. K. MURRAY,
Collector.

MADRAS CUTCHERRY, 3d June 1826.

(Signed) A. ROBERTSON,
Collector.

Stamp Regulations.

STAMP OFFICE—*St. Thome Street—Fort,*

SUPERINTENDENT OF STAMPS.

John Orr, Esq.

AN ABSTRACT of the most generally important provisions of Regulation XIII. of 1816, and of Regulation II, of 1817, enacted for consolidating the fees on the institution of civil suits, on the admission of exhibits and on summonses for witnesses, with the duty on stamps; and for modifying the rules regarding the stamp duties on all descriptions of deeds executed within the provinces subject to the Presidency of Fort St. George,

Amended agreeably to subsequent Regulations.

REGULATION XIII OF 1816.

OF THE MARKS WHICH STAMPT MATERIALS MUST SEVERALLY BEAR.

SECTION.

III. IV. X. All stampt materials must bear two stamps; the treasury stamp, and the duty stamp:—Moreover, to all stampt paper there must be the signature of the Collector, Assistant, or other authorized European Officer, and to all stampt cadjans there must be the signature of the authorized Native Stamp Register—without these they are not valid.

OF THE MATERIALS WHICH WILL BE PROVIDED AT THE SEVERAL STAMP CUTCHERRIES, FOR PREPARING DEEDS, &c.

V. (*Second*) In all cutcherries where the sale of stampt paper is authorized, there will be to be procured the materials, of the prescribed size of preparing all deeds, that is to say Europe and country paper and cadjans for bonds or other deeds and instruments,—and English paper for copies or decrees passed in the Sudder Ameen, Zillah, Provincial, and Sudder Adawlut Courts.

OF BONDS AND OTHER DEEDS.

SECTION.

XI. The Stamp duty on paper, cadjan or other material on which the different descriptions of deeds abovementioned shall be executed, is as follows :—

If the deed be for an amount above	64 and not exceeding	125	- Annas	4
Do.	125 and	Do.	-	250
Do.	250 and	Do.	-	500
Do.	500 and	Do.	-	1,000
Do.	1,000 and	Do.	-	2,000
Do.	2,000 and	Do.	-	5,000
Do.	5,000 and	Do.	-	10,000
Do.	10,000 and	Do.	-	20,000
Do.	20,000 and	Do.	-	50,000
Do.	50,000 and	Do.	-	100,000
If above	100,000	-	-	150

OF POTTAHS AND SECURITY BONDS, &c.

XII. Relative to Lackeraj lands.—All pottahs and caboolyets or other engagements between Landlord and Tenant, and all receipts for rent for an amount exceeding 16 Rupees, shall be written on stamps—but the like deeds concerning Malgoojari lands need not be written on stamps.

All authenticated copies of the documents specified above, whether relating to Lackeraj or to Malgoojari land prepared as legal vouchers by a Cazec or other authorized person, shall be written on stamps.

All hazaar zaminees security bonds, security bonds for the costs of suits, or for any other purpose, all deeds of contract, partnership, or agreement of whatever nature not relating to a specific value, are required to be written on stamps of the value of 1 Rupee.

OF THE STAMP DUTY ON PLAINTS, SUBSTITUTED FOR THE INSTITUTION FEE.

XIII. The fees hitherto paid to Government on the institution of civil suits, on summonses and exhibits, shall be discontinued; and the following stamp duties shall be levied in lieu thereof.

All petitions of plaint shall be written on stamp paper of the value undermentioned, according to the amount of the suits to which they relate.

The plaint, reply, or other pleadings on the part of the pauper, as well as applications on his part for summary exhibits, &c. may be written on unstamped paper.

If the amount be not above.....	16 Rupees	-	-	-	Rupees	1
If above	16 and not exceeding	32	-	-	-	2
Do.	32 and	Do.	64	-	-	4
Do.	64 and	Do.	150	-	-	8
Do.	150 and	Do.	300	-	-	16
Do.	300 and	Do.	800	-	-	32
Do.	800 and	Do.	1,600	-	-	50
Do.	1,600 and	Do.	3,000	-	-	100
Do.	3,000 and	Do.	5,000	-	-	150
Do.	5,000 and	Do.	10,000	-	-	250
Do.	10,000 and	Do.	15,000	-	-	350
Do.	15,000 and	Do.	25,000	-	-	500
Do.	25,000 and	Do.	50,000	-	-	750
Do.	50,000 and	Do.	100,000	-	-	1,000
If above	100,000	-	-	-	-	2,000

ADMISSION OF EXHIBITS AND ISSUE OF SUMMONSES.

XVI. XVII. All applications to any Court of Judicature for the admission of exhibits or for summonses to witnesses, shall be on stamp paper as follows :—

In the Court of Sudder Ameen	.....	Annas	4
Before the Register of the Zillah Court	.....	"	8
Before the Judge of the Zillah Court	.....	Rupees	1
In Provincial Courts and in the Court of Sudder	.....	"	2

EXHIBITS ADMISSIBLE WITHOUT A STAMP APPLICATION.

Vakalutnamahs, mooktarnamas, arbitration bonds, security bonds, for appearance, for the payment of costs, or for staying or enforcing the execution of a decree shall not be liable to the stamp duty on exhibits,

OF APPLICATIONS FOR THE ADMISSION OF SEVERAL EXHIBITS.

SECTION.

XVIII. If it be required to apply for the admission of several exhibits, the applications need not be made on separate sheets of stamp paper, but may be written on one or more sheets, the duty on which is equal to the aggregate amount of the duty if separate applications had been made.

PLEADINGS.

XIX. Stamp duty on every answer, reply, rejoinder, supplement and *razaneimah*, is as follows:

In the Court of Sudder Ameen	-	-	-	-	Annas 4
Before the Register	-	-	-	-	" 8
In the Zillah Courts	-	-	-	-	-Rupees 1
In the Provincial Courts and in the Court of Sudder Udawlut	-	-	-	-	" 4

SUMMARY PLEADINGS, MISCELLANEOUS PETITIONS, POWERS OF ATTORNEY, &c.

XX. All pleadings in original or appealed summary suits, presented to the Courts, or Board of Revenue, all *mooktarnamahs* and *vakalutnamahs*, shall be written on stamp paper as follows:—

Before the Sudder Ameen	-	-	-	-	Annas 4
Before the Zillah Judge or Register	-	-	-	-	" 8
In the Provincial Court	-	-	-	-	Rupees 1
In the Court of Sudr or Foujdary Adawlut	-	-	-	-	" 2

COPIES OF DECREES.

XXII. Stamp duty on copies of papers, authenticated by public Officers and admitted as evidence in the Courts of Judicature.

Copies of Sudr. Ameen's decree	-	-	-	-	Annas 8
Do. of decrees passed by the Zillah Judge or Register	-	-	-	-	Rupees 1
Do. Do. by the Provincial Courts	-	-	-	-	" 2
Do. Do. by the Court of Sudr. Adawlut	-	-	-	-	" 4
Copies of Revenue and Judicial proceedings of account statements.	-	-	-	-	Annas 8

OF MORE SHEETS THAN ONE BEING REQUIRED FOR PLAINTS.

XXIII. When it shall be found impracticable to write on one sheet of stamp paper any petition of complaint or appeal in a fair legible manner, and as such papers have hitherto been written, then as many additional sheets as are required shall be of the description of paper mentioned in Section XIX.—Any party or *vakeel* preparing papers not conformably to these provisions, may be fined by the Court in a sum not exceeding three times the duty on the stamps which should have been used.

WHAT AUTHORITIES THESE REGULATIONS DO OR DO NOT CONCERN.

XXXI. The provisions of this regulation are not intended to affect suits instituted before the Village Moonsifs, District Moonsifs, Village *Punchayets* or District *Punchayets* or before Collectors, under Regulation XII. of 1816.—But they are applicable to appeals to the Courts from the decision of the District Moonsifs, and to all other appeals.

REGULATION II OF 1817.

ROWANNAHS.

V. Clause 1st. Stamp duty on Rowannahs permitting the transportation of any goods, with the exception of salt and rice is as follows:

If the value of the goods shall not exceed	10 Rupees	-	-	-	Annas 1
If above	10 and not above	50 Do.	-	-	" 4
Do.	50 and Do.	150 Do.	-	-	" 8
Do.	150 and Do.	300 Do.	-	-	Rupees 1
Do.	300 and Do.	1,000 Do.	-	-	" 2
Do.	1,000 and Do.	5,000 Do.	-	-	" 4
Do.	5,000 and Do.	10,000 Do.	-	-	" 10
Do.	10,000	-	-	-	" 20

Stamps shall not be required for exchange Rowannahs and for Rowannahs for goods belonging to the Company.

TOBACCO LICENSE.

VII. Stamp duty on Licenses for the sale of tobacco in Malabar, Canara and Coimbatore.

Two Annas, if the annual average sales do not amount to three maunds.

Four Annas, if they amount to three, but not to nine maunds.

Eight Annas, if they amount to nine, but not to fifteen maunds.

One Rupee if they amount to fifteen maunds.

OF USELESS BLANK STAMP PAPER.

VIII. All persons who on the 12th July 1817 shall have in their possession blank stamp paper, on returning the same to the Collector, shall be entitled to receive back the duty paid thereon.

Note.—The numbers in the margin of this abstract refer to the Sections of the before mentioned regulations, in which the provisions will be found at length.

Ecclesiastical Department.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

The Right Reverend George Trevor Spencer, D.D. Lord Bishop of Madras.

The Venerable Henry Harper, A. M., Archdeacon of Madras and Special Commissary.

The Rev. John Challice Street, A. B. Domestic Chaplain to the Lord Bishop.
Frederick Orme, Esq., Registrar of the Diocese and Archdeaconry of Madras,
and Secretary to the Lord Bishop.

PRESIDENCY CHAPLAINS.	Admitted to holy orders.	Appointed to the Ser. vice.	Arrived in India.	STATIONED AT
The Reverend				
H. Harper, A. M. <i>Senior.</i>	2 Aug. 1812	25 Nov. 1814	9 Sep. 1816	} St. George's Cathedral.
F. Spring, A. M. <i>Junior.</i>	20 June 13	29 May 16	Do.	
CHAPLAINS.				
C. Jeaffreson, A. M.	15 Dec. 16	10 Apr. 21	15 Dec. 21	Jaulnah.
R. A. Denton, A. B.	15 Apr. 21	18 Apr. 23	23 do. 23	Garrison Fort St. George.
J. Hallewell, A. M.	6 July 19	10 Sept. 23	2 July 24	Cuddalore.
E. Page Lewis, A. M.	13 June 24	12 Jan. 25	3 Sept. 25	Trichinopoly, (<i>acting.</i>)
G. K. Græme, A. M.	12 July 08	23 Aug. 26	6 Feb. 27	(On furlough.)
W. T. Blenkinsop, A. B.	19 do. 25	24 Jan. 27	12 June	(On sick cert.)
H. W. Stuart, A. B.	11 Apr. 30	10 Aug. 31	10 May 32	Ootacamund.
J. C. Street, A. B.	27 Mar. 31	28 Sept. 31	11 June 32	Dom. Chap.
G. J. Cubitt, A. M. ....	.....	2 May 32	24 Sept.	(On sick cert.)
Vincent Shortland.	17 June 32	12 Aug. 32	5 Jan. 33	Vizagapatam.
G. W. Mahon, A. M.	18 Dec. 31	22 Jan. 34	5 Oct. 34	Black Town.
J. McEvoy, A. M.	19 Sept. 13	12 May 34	1 do. 35	Secunderabad.
H. Deane, A. M.	June 30	7 May 34	5 do. 35	(On sick cert.)
W. Tomes, A. B.	13 June 13	1 May 35	29 Sept. 35	St. Thomas's Mount, (<i>acting.</i>)
H. Cotterill, A. M.	26 Apr. 35	3 Feb. 36	26 July 36	Vepery.
G. Trevor.	20 Dec. 35	4 May 36	27 June 37	Bangalore.
E. R. Otter, A. M.	19 Feb. 26	17 Aug. 36	9 May	Bellary.
ASSISTANT CHAPLAINS.				
F. G. Lugard, A. B.	18 Dec. 31	3 July 37	2 Sept. 37	Cannanore.
A. Fennell, A. B.	20 Dec. 35		14 May 38	Arnee, (<i>acting.</i>)
J. Morant, A. M.		20 Dec.	
G. Knox.				Not arrived.
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.....				
.....				
.....				
.....				

CHAPLAINS' STATIONS.

Trav. Dist. from Madras.	PRINCIPAL.	SUBORDINATE, (With travelling distance from principal stations.)	Chaplains present.
	<i>Presidency</i> ..	Chingleput (36) Pulicat (30) Nellore (111) Walajahbad (40) Poonamallee (12½) Tripassore (30½) }	Rev. H. Harper. " F. Spring.
	<i>Fort St. George</i> .. ..	..	" R. A. Denton.
	<i>Black Town</i> .. ..	..	" G. W. Mahon
	<i>Vepery</i> .. ..	..	" H. Cotterill.
	<i>St. Thome</i> .. ..	..	none.
	<i>8 St. Thomas's Mount</i> ..	Palaveram (3½) ..	" W. Tomes.
12½	<i>Poonumallee</i> ..	Tripassore (18½) ..	none.
322	<i>Masulipatam</i> ..	Guntoor (66½) Ellore (49½) } Rajahmundry (105½) Samulcottah (115) .. }	none.
501	<i>Vizagapatam</i> ..	Vizianagrum (40) Chicacole (57½) Berhampore (159½) Ganjam (178) Russell Kondah (215) .. }	" V. Shortland.
722½	<i>Kamptee</i> ..	Nagpore (9) Ellichapoor (126) ..	none
664	<i>Jaulnah</i> ..	Aurungabad (44½) Hingolee (95) .. }	none
398½	<i>Secunderabad</i> ..	Residency (5) Bolarum (7) ..	" J. McEvoy.
316½	<i>Bellary</i> ..	Ghooty (54) Cuddapah (150) } Hurryhur (113) .. }	" E. R. Otter.
205½	<i>Bangalore</i> ..	Mysore (84½) French Rocks (82) Ossoor (26½) Hoonsoor (113) Royacottah (48) }	" G. Trevor.
72	<i>Arcot</i> ..	Arnee (19) Vellore (14½) } Chittoor (28½) .. }	" A. Fennell.
110½	<i>Cuddalore</i> ..	Pondicherry (12½) Porto Novo (18½) .. }	" J. Hallewell.
210½	<i>Trichinopoly</i> ..	Dindigul (61½) Madura (82) Tanjore* (37½) Negapatam (91) Combaconum (60½) Salem (85½) }	" E. P. Lewis.
390½	<i>Palamcottah</i> ..	Tinnevely (3½) Ramnad (91½) ..	none
475	<i>Quilon</i> ..	Trivandrum (42) Allepie (55½) Cochin (89) .. }	none
332	<i>Ootacamund</i> ..	Kotagherry (15) Coimbatore (41) Palghatcherry (75) .. }	" H. Stuart.
413	<i>Cannanore</i> ..	Tellicherry (16½) Calicut (59) Mangalore (89) Mercara (68) Manantoddy (50) Hoonavar (199) Sirce (281) Sedashegur (250) }	" F. G. Lugard.

* An acting Chaplain resident.

OTHER LICENSED CLERGY OF THE ARCHDEACONRY OF MADRAS.

	Admitted to holy orders.	* STATIONED AT
Rev. Thomas Norton.....	19 Dec. 1813	Allepie.
„ John Tucker, B. D.....	17 May 18	Black Town.
„ Samuel Ridsdale.....	21 Dec. 23	Cochin.
„ Charles Blackman.....	21 Dec. 29	Satankoolum.
„ Adam Compton Thomson.....	19 Dec. 30	St. Thomé.
„ Edward Dent.....	7 Nov. 30	Dohnavoor.
„ John Devasagayam.....	do. 30	Palamcottah. ✓
„ George Pettitt.....	18 Dec. 31	Do.
„ Edward Jarrett Jones.....	2 June 33	Cuddalore.
„ Charles Calthrop, A. B.....	22 Dec. 33	Tanjore.
„ Valentine Daniel Coombes.....	25 May 34	Combacorum.
„ Henry Harley.....	21 Dec. 34	Palamcottah.
„ John Lewis Irion.....	31 Jan. 35	(On sick certificate.)
„ John Thomas.....	14 June 35	Palamcottah.
„ Augustus Frederick Cammerer....	16 Nov. 35	Tinnevely.
„ Charles Hubbard.....	20 Dec. 35	Madura.
„ John Thomson.....	do. 35	Negapatam.
„ Thomas Brotherton, A. B.....	5 June 36	Tanjore.
„ William Taylor.....	8 Jan. 37	Black Town.
„ Edward Kohl.....	do. 37	Vellore.
„ William Hickey.....	do. 37	Dindigul.
„ John Frederick Goldstein.....	24 June 37	
„ Joseph Henry Gray, A. B.....	21 May 37	Madras.
„ — Barclay.....		
„ E. Whitehead, A. M.....		Vepery.
„ — Kohlhoff.....		
„ G. Y. Heyne.....		

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

The following clergymen have been empowered to grant marriage licenses under the episcopal seal in the Archdeaconry of Madras.

The Venerable the Archdeacon.

The Rev. F. Spring, A. M.
J. C. Street, A. B.
G. J. Cubitt, A. M.
G. W. Mahon, A. M.
W. Tones, A. B.
H. Cotterill, A. M.

The Rev. V. Shortland,
E. P. Lewis, A. M.
E. R. Otter, A. M.
F. G. Lugard, A. M.
J. F. Goldstein,
A. Fennell, A. M.

PENSIONS FROM LORD CLIVE'S FUND.

Extract from a Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors, dated 9th Oct. 1833.

‘Letter dated 22d Jan. 1833,’ (No. 13.)

1 to 9.—State that, from the nature of the Orders received from time to time, some doubt exists as to the scale of Pensions which the Court are disposed to recognize as claimable from Lord Clive's Fund by Chaplains retiring from ill health before the full period of the Service and by the Widows of Chaplains, and request to be furnished with fresh and explicit instructions on the subject.

12. As by the Regulations announced in that Letter, Chaplains may retire on the full pay of Lieutenant Colonel after 18 years Service (including 3 years for a furlough) we have considered the Widows of those who die in the Service after completing that period to be eligible to the benefits of Lord Clive's Fund, in the rank of Lieutenant Colonel.

13. The Widows of Chaplains who have completed 7 years actual service in India are admissible in the rank of Major; and those of Chaplains of less Service, in the rank of Captain, being the ranks the pay of which is receivable by those classes of Chaplains respectively when on furlough.

14. You will communicate a copy of these Paragraphs to the Governments of Madras and Bombay.

Extract from a Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors, dated 14th March 1838.

Para. 25. “We have to acquaint you that the claims of the Chaplains appointed under the new arrangement, and of their widows, to the benefits of Lord Clive's Fund, will be adjusted upon the principles laid down in our letter to the Government of Bengal, dated 9th October 1833 (No. 93) paras. 12 and 13.

26. Chaplains who have not served seven years in India will therefore be entitled, if admitted to the benefits of Lord Clive's Fund, to a pension of £63 17 6 per annum, and their widows to one moiety of that sum.

27. The widows of Chaplains who have completed seven years actual service in India, if admitted to the benefits of Lord Clive's Fund, are entitled to pensions as the widows of Captains.

28. The widows of Chaplains who have completed fifteen years actual service in India, if admitted to the benefits of Lord Clive's Fund, are entitled to Pensions as the widows of Majors.

29. We are of opinion that Chaplains appointed under the new arrangement should rank as Subscribers to the Military Fund as Captains until they have served fifteen years in India, and subsequently as Majors.

ABSENTEE REGULATIONS.

Extract from the Regulations of the Supreme Government of the 3d January 1838.

11. Chaplains proceeding to any place beyond Sea for the benefit of their health under the Rules prescribed for officers of the Ecclesiastical Department, shall in respect to the proportion of allowances to be drawn during the period of absence, as also in respect to the conditions and period for which such allowances are to be drawn, and likewise in respect to the allowances to be drawn in case of their not returning within two years, be subject to the same precise rules as Civil Servants proceeding to any place beyond Sea on sick leave.

Ecclesiastical Department.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council authorizes the benefit of para. 9* of the absentee Rules, published—, to be extended to the Chaplains on this Establishment.

Fort St. George;

2d October 1838.

(Signed) ROBERT CLERK,

Secretary to Government.

INCREASE OF CHAPLAINS.

Extracts from Letters from the Honorable the Court of Directors.

Ecclesiastical Department, August 31, 1836.

Para. 1. Our attention has been drawn by the Government of India, on the suggestion of the Lord Bishop of Calcutta, to the necessity of increasing the number of Chaplains, for the purpose of extending the benefit of religious offices, more widely than the present Establishment will admit.

2. While we were fully sensible of the importance of the desired object, and very anxious to promote its success, we felt that we should not be justified in making such an addition to the amount of Ecclesiastical charges, as would result from the appointment of an increased number of Chaplains upon the existing scale of remuneration. We determine therefore to make such new arrangements, with regard to the Chaplains on the Bengal Establishment as should enable us to add to their number, and thus provide more adequately for the spiritual benefit of the European residents, without any serious increase of expense. We have resolved to extend the principle of those arrangements to your Presidency, with the view of accomplishing the same beneficial purpose.

3. We intend that the number of Chaplains under your Government shall be increased from 23 to 29. The salaries are to be apportioned as follows: The two Chaplains at the

* Civil Servants not availing themselves of the leave allowed of one month free from stoppage, in each year, will be permitted to take it accumulatively, after a lapse of three years without leave, i. e. for each year passed without leave of absence, one month will be allowed free from deduction, but this indulgence shall not be allowed to extend to a period six months in all; after which the absentee, if his leave exceed six months, will be subject to the rules in force respecting stoppages.

Presidency will receive the same amount as at present; nine will receive Company's Rs. 700 per mensem, and the remaining 18 Comp.'s Rs. 500 per mensem. These salaries will constitute their entire emoluments from the Company. The Payments heretofore made under the name of palanquin money will cease and we shall on no account sanction any extra allowances, whatever may be the grounds upon which they may be claimed.

4. The Chaplains receiving the lower amount of 500 Rupees per mensem, will be termed Assistant Chaplains, and in future all appointments will be made to this class. The Assistant Chaplains will succeed to the higher rank, and the higher rate of salary, according to seniority, as vacancies occur in the superior class, after it shall have been reduced by casualties to the prescribed number of nine.

5. As vacancies arise they will be supplied in the following manner: on the occurrence of the first vacancy two Assistant Chaplains will be appointed—on the second only one, and on all succeeding vacancies, the same principle will be acted upon, viz that of an alternate appointment of two and one until the establishment attains the full extent of 29 to which we have restricted it, after which each vacancy will give rise only to a single appointment.

6. The principle which we have adopted throughout these arrangements requires that the furlough and retiring allowances should be modified so as to meet the intended changes. These allowances will in future be on the following scale.

Furlough Allowances.

After 7 years residence ..£191 12 6 per annum..(full pay of Captain)

If compelled by sickness to retire to Europe before completing 7 years residence ..£127 15 per annum..(half pay of Captain)

Retiring Allowances.

After 18 years service (including 3 years furlough) ..£202 per annum..(full pay of Major)

After 10 years actual service (if compelled by ill health to quit the service) ..£173 7 6 per annum..(half pay of Major)

After 7 years actual service ..£127 15 per annum..(half pay of Captain)

The present Chaplains will be entitled to the existing scales of allowances, as well for services as on furlough and retirement; these regulations being wholly prospective, and only affecting an appointment made after the date of this despatch.

7. The location of the Chaplains under the new arrangements, will be best regulated by reference to the opinion of the Lord Bishop.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND CHURCHES AND CHAPELS IN MADRAS.

ST. GEORGE'S CATHEDRAL—*Mount Road. (Opened April 30, 1815.)*

Trustees.

Rev. H. Harper, A. M. Senior Presy. Chaplain. Major J. J. Underwood, Engineers.

Rev. F. Spring, A. M. Junior Presy. Chaplain. Colonel Monteith,

Robert Clerk, Esq.

John C. Morris, Esq.

F. Lawrance, Clerk to the Trustees.

Official days at the Cathedral.

By a Regulation of Bishop Corrie's, the Bishop of Madras preaches at the Cathedral on the morning of the days following:—

First Sunday in Advent,

Feast of the Nativity,

Feast of Circumcision,

Septuagesima Sunday,

Midlent Sunday,

Easter-Day, and Whit-Sunday.

The Archdeacon of Madras by the same regulation is appointed to preach at the Cathedral on the mornings of:—

The second Sunday in Advent.

The first Sunday after Epiphany,

The first Sunday in Lent,

Good Friday, Ascension Day,

Trinity Sunday, and

The seventh Sunday after Trinity.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH, Fort—(opened 1680.)

Reverend R. A. Denton, A. M. Chaplain.

Thomas Zscherpel, Organist,

Henry Fox, Clerk.

CHURCH MISSION CHAPEL—*Popham's Broadway—(opened 1825)*

Reverend John Tucker, B. D. Minister,

Henry W. Zscherpel, Organist,

John W. Page, Clerk.

VEPERY CHURCH—(opened 1827.)

Reverend H. Cotterill, A. M. Chaplain,

Adrian Zscherpel, Organist,

G. Taylor, Clerk.

TRINITY CHAPEL—*John Perciras—(opened 1831.)*

_____, Minister,

C. Jean, Master of the Choir.

R. Ritchie, Clerk.

BLACK TOWN DISTRICT CHURCH—*Popham's Broadway—(opened)*

Reverend G. W. Mahon, A. M. Chaplain,

J. W. Rollo, Clerk.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH—*Poonamallee Road—(opened 1821.)*

The Reverend G. J. Lawrie, B. D., Senior Minister, (Europe S. C.)

The Reverend M. Bowie, A. M. Officiating Senior Minister.

Kirk Session.

Reverend M. Bowie, A. M. Moderator.

D. Montgomerie, Esq. } Elders. { J. Law, Esq.
J. Y. Fullerton, Esq. } { Rev. J. Anderson.

ARMENIAN CHURCH OF ST. MARY,

Armenian-street—(opened 1712.)

Reverend Joachim Abraham, Diocesan Minister.

P. Melitus, Esq.	} Wardens.
B. M. Satoor, Esq.	
A. J. Johannes, Esq.	

CHURCH OF ROME.

ST. THOMAS.

The Right Rev. Don Antonio Tristram Teixeira, Kt. of Conception and L. D. Bishop Elect.

The Rev. M. F. Lobo, Prior of the Cathedral and acting Vicar of Descanso and Pulicat.

" F. Das. Dore, Vicar of Luz.

" I. S. De Souza, Acting Vicar of Madre de Deos, St. Domingo and St. Lazaro.

" D. I. A. Pereira, Vicar of St. John.

" M. S. D. Jesus, Vicar of Parochy.

" A. R. Cardozo, Vicar and Chaplain at St. Thomas's Mount.

" M. C. J. Barboza, Acting Vicar of St. Rita and Little Mount.

Out-stations.

Ayampettah	....	The Rev. M. A. M. de Silva,	Vicar,
Aur	....	" S. J. Rodrigues,	"
Bellary	....	" F. Perozy,	"
Combacoam	....	" C. Paes,	"
Condocoopan and Munjecoopum,	....	" V. de Sa,	"
Covelong	....	" A. F. De Archanjos,	"
Do	....	" M. L. Ribeiro,	"
Dindigul	....	" J. Nicolao, Vicar and Superior of the Mission, of	
Hyderabad	....	" J. J. de Rozario, Vicar.	[Trichinopoly & Madura.
Madura	....	" C. Jacob,	Vicar,
Masulipatam	....	" C. G. de Santa Maria,	"
Mallialpettah	....	" C. Paulo,	"
Negapatam	....	" J. M. Aleman,	"
Poonamallee	....	" A. J. Peres,	" and Chaplain.
Protageody	....	" C. Joam,	"
Tanjore	....	" L. Braganza, Superior of the Mission.	
Tanquebar	....	" J. de Patrocinio,	Vicar,
Trichinopoly	....	" Maria,	"
Do	....	" J. C. Barretto,	"
Velangany	....	" Freddas Dore,	"
Vizagapatam	....	" J. X. de Ataide,	"

ARMENIAN STREET.

The Right Rev. Daniel O'Connor, D. D. Bishop of Salditan, Vicar Apostolic of the united Jurisdiction of Madras and Meliapore.

Very Rev. P. E. Moriarty, V. G. Chaplain to the General Hospital and Garrison of Fort St. George, (England.)

Very Rev. Giovanni Battista, Ex. Prefect of the late Capuchin Mission.

Reverend T. Macauliffe, Lector.

Vepery - - - - Revd. Emmanuel Appasawmy, Vicar.

Royapooram - - - - " Lewis Pontatombly,

St. Thomas's Mount - - Very Rev. P. E. Moriarty, V. G. Acting Chaplain, (proceeded to England.)

Bellary - - - - Revd. William Dinon, Chaplain.

Cuddalore - - - - " Michael Stevens, "

Intelligence has been received of the appointment of the Right Revd. Dr. Carew, as Coadjutor Bishop, and that he embarked for Madras on the *Lady Flora*, in October last, with 11 Roman Catholic Missionaries.

LONDON MISSIONARY SOCIETY'S CHAPELS,

*Davidson's Street, Black Town—(opened 1812.)*Rev. John Smith..... Minister. (*absent, sick.*)

Rev. Robert Caldwell, A. B. officiating do.

Pursewankum—(opened 1824.)

Rev. W. H. Drew, Minister.

WESLEYAN MISSIONARY SOCIETY'S CHAPELS,

Popham's Broadway—(opened 1821.)

Rev. Jonathan Crowther, Minister,

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Rev. Thomas Haswell, Minister.

UNITARIAN CHAPEL,

Pursewankum—(opened 1810.)

Mr. Joseph Roberts, Preacher.

Religious Societies.

SOCIETY FOR PROMOTING CHRISTIAN KNOWLEDGE, INSTITUTED A. D. 1699.

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The Venerable Archdeacon Harper, M. A.	" H. W. Stuart, B. A.
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" J. C. Kohlhoff. Tanjore.	" V. D. Coombes. Combaconum.
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" D. Rosen. Tinnevely.	" E. Kohl. Vellore.
" D. Schreyvogel. Trichinopoly.	" J. Thomson. Negapatam.
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The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Madras,—*President*.

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The Reverend G. W. Mahon, A. M. *Secretary*.
Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co. *Treasurers*.

INCORPORATED SOCIETY FOR THE PROPAGATION OF THE GOS- PEL IN FOREIGN PARTS, CHARTERED A. D. 1701.

Extended its operations to Madras in 1826.

MADRAS DIOCESAN COMMITTEE.

The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Madras, *President*.

The Venerable the Archdeacon, *Vice President*.

All Subscribers of Rupees 15 per Annum.

Reverend A. C. Thomson, *Secretary*.

SELECT COMMITTEE.

The Right Reverend the *President*.

The Venerable the *Vice President*.

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and

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P. Cator, Esq.	Captain M. J. Rowlandson	

Rev. A. C. Thomson, *Secretary*. Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co. *Treasurers*.

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" D. Rosen, (<i>on sick leave</i>)	" A. F. Cammerer,	" J. F. Goldstein,
" D. Schreyvogel,	" J. Thomson,	" C. S. Kohlhoff,
" J. L. Irion, (<i>on sick leave</i>)	" C. Hubbard,	" G. Y. Heyne,
" A. C. Thomson,	" T. Brotherton, A. B.	" S. A. Godfrey.
" E. J. Jones,	" E. Kohl,	
" V. D. Coombes,	" W. Taylor,	

CHURCH MISSIONARY SOCIETY, INSTITUTED, A. D. 1800.

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T. M. Lane, Esq.

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The Lady Sarah Maitland.

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" Bowie,	" Lane,	Miss Tucker,	" Underwood,
G. Arbuthnot, Esq. <i>Treasurer</i> .	Mrs. Winckler,	} <i>Superintendents of Schools.</i>	
W. Bannister, Esq. <i>Secretary</i> .	Mrs. Schnarré.		

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C. M. S. INSTITUTION.
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MADRAS.

MAYAVARAM.

TINNEVELLY.
Palamcottah Station.
Rev. P. P. Schaffter,

Rev. G. Pettitt,
" H. Harley,
" J. Devasagayam,
" E. Dent,
Salankollam Station.
Rev. C. Blackman,
Meiganapuram Station.
Rev. J. Thomas,
MALAYALIN MISSION.
Cottayam College.
Rev. W. T. Humphrey,

Cottayam Village District.
Rev. B. Bailey,
Cottayam District.
Rev. H. Baker,
Mavelicere District.
Rev. J. Peet,
Cochin District.
Rev. S. Ridsdale,
Alleppe District.
Rev. T. Norton.

WESLEYAN MISSIONARY SOCIETY.

MISSIONARIES STATIONED IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY.

MADRAS.
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*Genl. Superintendent of
the Society's Missions in
India and North Ceylon.*
Rev. Thomas Haswell,
Mr. John Guest, Assistant
Missionary.
BANGALORE.
Rev. Thomas Cryer,
" Matthew T. Male,

MANARGOODY.
Rev. James K. Best,
MELNATTAM.
Rev. Robert Carver,
" William S. Fox,
MYSORE, *Goobce.*
Rev. Thomas Hodson,
" John Jenkins,
Mr. Charles Franklin and
Mr. Philip Webber, As-
sistant Missionaries.

NEGAPATAM.
Rev. Samuel Hardey,
" Richard D. Griffith,
Mr. Abraham Ambrose, As-
sistant Missionary.

LONDON MISSIONARY SOCIETY, INSTITUTED 1796.

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Rev. R. Caldwell, A. B.
Mr. P. Carstairs,

Rev. W. H. Drew,
Mr. G. E. Johnston,
Mr. B. Lacey,
Mr. E. Marsden,

Mr. R. Mitchell,
Mr. T. Ross,
Rev. J. Smith,
Mr. G. Vansomeren.

Mr. B. Lacey, *Acting Secretary*.—Mr. E. Mahony, *Treasurer*.

MISSIONARIES CONNECTED WITH THE LONDON MISSIONARY SOCIETY IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY.

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" J. Smith, (*absent, sick*.)
" W. H. Drew,
" R. Caldwell, A. B.
Pulicat.
Mr. J. A. Regel, Assistant
Missionary.
BANGALORE.
Rev. John Hands
" W. Campbell, (*Eur.*)
" C. Campbell, A. B.
" B. Rice,
" G. Turnbull, (N.S.W.)
" J. Sewell,
BEGLAUM.
Rev. J. Taylor,
" W. Beynon.
BELLARY.
Rev. J. Reid, A. M.

Rev. W. Thompson,
Mr. B. H. Paine, Assistant
Missionary and Printer.
Mr. J. Shrieves, Assistant
Missionary.
Rev. S. W. Flavel, Native
Missionary.
CHITTOOR & WALLAJHPET-
TAH.
Rev. J. Bildebeck.
COMBATORE.
Rev. W. B. Addis,
COMBACONUM.
Rev. J. E. Nimmo.
CUDDAPAH.
Rev. W. Howell.
NAGRECOIL.
Rev. C. Mault,
" J. Russell, A. B.

A. Ramsay, Esq. Medical
Missionary.
NEVVOOR.
Rev. C. Mead,
" C. Miller,
" J. Abbs.
QUILON.
Rev. J. C. Thompson,
" J. T. Pattison.
SALEM.
Rev. G. Walton,
" Isaac David, Native
Missionary.
TREVANDRUM.
Rev. J. Cox.
VIZAGAPATAM.
Rev. James W. Gordon,
" E. Porter.

The Rev. John Lumb, appointed to this Mission, has recently arrived in Madras.

INDIAN MISSIONARY SOCIETY, ESTABLISHED 1836.

COMMITTEE FOR 1838-39.

All Ministers of the Gospel who are Members of the Society.

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Aroolapuen Pillay, C.	Dick, Mr. R.	Mitchell, Mr. R.
Barrie, Mr. A.	Dunhill, Mr. C. R.	Orme, Esq. F. Secretary;
Brett, Maj. W. T. Treasurer.	Jeremiah, Mr. G. G.	Ross, Mr. T.
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Carstairs, Mr. P.	Jones, Mr. W.	Thomas, Esq. J. F.
Daniel Pillay	Marsden, Mr. E.	Wilson, Mr. J. M.

Mr. James Mills, Assistant Missionary, *Thimmetry, South Arcot.*

MISSIONARIES OF THE AMERICAN BOARD OF MISSIONS,

STATIONED IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY.

Mission Established, 1834.

MADRAS.	MADURA.	TIRUVENGALUM.
Rev. M. Winslow,	Rev. D. Poor,	Rev. W. Tracy.
" J. Scudder, M. D.	" W. Todd,	" C. F. Muzzy.
DINDIGUL.	" F. D. W. Ward,	
Rev. R. O. Dwight.	" H. Cherry.	TIRUPUVANUM.
" J. J. Lawrence,	SHIVAGUNGA.	Rev. N. M. Crane.
Doctor J. Steele.	Rev. E. Cope.	

About 70 Native Free Schools are connected with the different stations. There is a Free Boarding School for Native children at Dindigul, and an English Grammar School for Native boys at Madura. The latter is composed principally of the sons of Brahmins, and other respectable Natives. The Madras Government liberally aided the Madura Schools the last year by a grant of 3,000 Rupees. The other Schools are supported in part by local contributions.

This Society has now the *Printing Establishment* at the Presidency formerly owned by the Church Mission.

AMERICAN BAPTIST MISSION.

STATION—MADRAS.

MISSIONARY—Reverend S. S. Day.

This Mission established in 1836 by the American Baptist Board of Foreign Missions is intended for the present, to be chiefly conducted among the people speaking the Telooogo (or Telinga) language, inhabiting the Northern Circars, composing a population variously estimated from 3 to 6 millions.

During the past year an English church, under the pastoral charge of Mr. Day, has been organized, consisting of 24 members.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN BIBLE SOCIETY, INSTITUTED A. D. 1801.

Depository, *Popham's Broadway.*

MADRAS AUXILIARY SOCIETY COMMITTEE.

_____, President.
The Hon. J. Sullivan, Esq. Vice President.

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Lieutenant J. Braddock,	T. M. Lane, Esq.	And all Ministers of the Gospel who aid the Society.
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A. F. Bruce, Esq.	Seth Sam, Esq.	

J. Bainbridge, Esq., *Treasurer.*

Revd. F. Spring, Captain Rowlandson, and Revd. J. Smith, *Secretaries.*

MADRAS RELIGIOUS TRACT SOCIETY, INSTITUTED IN 1819.

Depository—*Near the Market, Popham's Broadway.*

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Rev. J. Anderson,	Rev. Robert Caldwell, A. B.	" T. Haswell,
W. Bannister, Esq.	" Jonathan Crowther,	Captain M. J. Rowlandson,
Lieutenant J. Braddock,	" S. S. Day,	Rev. John Scudder, M. D.
Captain C. A. Browne,	" W. H. Drew,	J. F. Thomas, Esq.

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Reverend M. Winslow, *Secretary.*
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INDOO CHRISTIANS' RELIGIOUS BOOK SOCIETY.

For the Dissemination of Christian Knowledge.

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" G. J. Cubitt, A. M.	" V. Shortland.

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J. Malaya Pillay,	R. Joseph Pillay,
J. Abraham Pillay,	M. Jaganada Pillay,
C. Iyah Pillay, (Catechist)	S. Sava-manotoo Naick,
D. Daniel Pillay,	J. Sawmūlāsa Pillay,
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Charitable Institutions, &c.

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The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop,
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- * The Accountant General,
- * The Venerable the Archdeacon,
- * The Chief Secretary to Government,
- * The Secretary to Govt. Military Dept.
- * The Secretary to Govt. Judicial Dept.
- * The Military Auditor General,
- * The Adjutant General of the Army,
- * The Quarter Master General of the Army,
- * The Commissary General,
- * The Chief Engineer,
- * The Town Major,
- * The Superintending Surgeon,
- * The Superintendent of Police,
- * The Deputy Adjutant General, Queen's Troops.
- * The Deputy Quarter Master General, Queen's Troops.
- * The Senior Chaplain,
- * The Junior Chaplain,
- * The Deputy Inspector of Hospitals.
- * Lieut. Col. T. Maclean, Honorary Director.

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G. Bucke, Esq. *Surgeon.*

Mr. E. Marsden, Superintendent of the Asylum Press.

Messrs. W. C. Gibson and Co. Agents to do. Ceylon.

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INSTITUTED A. D. 1787.

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The Honorable Sir Robert Comyn,
The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop,
His Excellency Lieut. General Sir P. Maitland, K. C. B. } Vice Presidents.
The Honorable John Sullivan, Esq.
The Honorable Sir E. J. Gambier.

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Lieutenant Colonel Strahan.....*Secretary.*
Captain E. W. Snow.....*Acting Secretary.*
T. O'Neill, Esq.....*Surgeon.*
Reverend F. Spring, A. M.....*Chaplain.*

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Lady Gambier.....*Vice Patroness.*

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" Lane,	" Thomas,	" Maclean,
" Lawder,	" Cotterill,	
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.....*Assist. Governess.*

THE VEPERY MISSION INSTITUTIONS,

The Vepery Mission commenced in 1723, and belonged to the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge until 1826, when it was transferred to the Incorporated Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts.

INSTITUTIONS.

I. VEPERY MISSION CHURCH.

II. BISHOP HEEER'S SEMINARY,

in which are :

Thirteen Foundation Scholarships.

This Theological Institution is for the training of youths for Missionary work.

III. THE VEPERY MISSION GRAMMAR SCHOOL,

(Reverend E. Whitehead, Head Master.)

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Nineteen Scholarships and Forty-five free admissions.

THE ESTABLISHMENT CONSISTS OF

Head Master.	Tamil Moonshee.
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Writing Master.	Assistants in each Department.

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1. Religious Instruction.
2. Arithmetic and Book-keeping.
3. Algebra and Mathematics, with their application generally.
4. English, Latin, Greek, Tamil and Teloogoo.
5. History and Geography—Ancient and Modern.
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One for Boys. | One for Girls.

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8 Boys' Schools. | 7 Girls' Schools.

VI. VEPERY MISSION PRESS.

AND

VII. BOOK DEPOSITORY OF THE SOCIETY FOR PROMOTING CHRISTIAN KNOWLEDGE.

The profits of both of which are dedicated to the promotion of Native Education.

PROTESTANT CHARITY SCHOOL—Fort St. George. Opened 1749.

For 50 Boys, Superintended by the Reverend R. A. Denton, A. B.

THE MADRAS MALE AND FEMALE ORPHAN ASYLUMS AND FREE DAY SCHOOL FOR BOYS—Popham's Broadway. ESTABLISHED IN 1807.

UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF THE CHAPLAIN OF THE BLACK TOWN CHAPEL.

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The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Madras.

The Venerable the Archdeacon, and the Chaplains of the Presidency.

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„ Charles Kennet, Secretary.	„ Peter Carstairs, Treasurer.

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„ G. Cortnell,	„ Just Gantz,	„ R. Spears,
„ J. DeVaz,	„ G. G. Jeremiah,	„ R. Strange,
„ W. Faulkner,	„ T. Jones,	„ J. M. Wilson.

THE VEPERY FREE SCHOOL.

ESTABLISHED 1ST SEPTEMBER 1816.

The Reverend H. Cotterill, A. M. Patron.

DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR 1838—39.

Mr. J. M. Wilson, President.

Mr. T. Adamson, Secretary.	Mr. T. Hill, Superintendent.
„ A. Boswell,	„ J. B. Pharoah,
„ H. Chamier,	„ J. Ross.
„ J. M. Good, Treasurer.	
Mr. T. B. Peppin, Master.	

CHURCH ENDOWMENT AND BUILDING SOCIETY.

(Founded December 18, 1837.)

COMMITTEE.

The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Madras. } *Ex-Officio.*
 The Venerable the Archdeacon of Madras. }

Rev. W. T. Elenkinson,	G. Arbuthnot, Esq. (<i>Treasurer.</i>)
" H. Cotterill, (<i>Secretary.</i>)	P. Cator, Esq.
" F. Spring,	T. M. Lane, Esq.
" W. Taylor,	J. Minchin, Esq.
" A. C. Thomson,	Captain Rowlandson,
" J. Tucker,	J. F. Thomas, Esq.

The object of this Society is to promote the endowment and building of Churches and Chapels in connexion with the Church of England in the Archdeaconry of Madras.

The Society consists of all persons subscribing two Rupees *per mensem*, or making a donation of Rupees (250) two hundred and fifty, either to the General Fund or any local object in connexion with the Society.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY'S ST. ANDREW'S SCHOOL—*Erabauloo Chetty-street.*

This School was instituted in June 1835, and is now superintended by the Rev. J. Anderson, first Missionary of the Church of Scotland to Madras. Its object is to raise up Native Teachers and Preachers for the spread of the Gospel in India. It is attended by upwards of 200 pupils. The Rev. Mr. Johnston lately appointed by the General Assembly to the same field is on his way to join Mr. Anderson. The following Gentlemen form a Board for the secular affairs of the Mission.

The Honorable J. Sullivan, Esq. President.

Anderson, Rev. J.	Law, Esq. J.
Elliott, Esq. D.	Mortimer, Esq. M. D. W.
Fullerton, Esq. J. Y.	Rowlandson, Captain.
Lane, Esq. T. M.	Rev. M. Bowie, A. M. Secretary.

THE MADRAS ARMENIAN ORPHANS' FUND, INSTITUTED A. D. 1783.

P. Melitus Esq.
 B. M. Satoor, Esq. } *Governors.*
 A. J. Johannes Esq. }

MADRAS ARMENIAN SCHOOL.

P. Melitus, Esq.
 B. M. Satoor, Esq. } *Directors.*
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ST. GEORGE'S DISTRICT INFANTS' AND OTHER SCHOOLS FOR THE INSTRUCTION OF ALL CLASSES.

INSTITUTED SEPTEMBER 1834.

General Committee of Management.

The Venerable the Archdeacon.
 The Reverend the Chaplains.
 The Lay Trustees of St George's Cathedral.
 W. Douglas, Esq.

Ladies Committee for the Infants' and Girls' Schools.

Mrs. W. Douglas,	Mrs. Spring,
Mrs. Moberly,	Mrs. Tulloch,
Mrs. Monteith,	Mrs. Walker,

LONDON MISSIONARY SOCIETY'S FREE SCHOOLS,

Davidson's Street, Black Town.

These Schools were instituted in 1815 by the Rev. W. C. Loveless, and from that period to the present time have been in efficient operation. They are chiefly designed for the poorer classes of the East Indian Community, and are supported by voluntary contribution. The average attendance of the boys' school is 95 and of the girls' 50.

Mr. Robert Johnson, Master of the Boys' School.
 Mrs. Taylor, Mistress of the Girls' School.

NATIVE EDUCATION SOCIETY, INSTITUTED A. D. 1834.

SCHOOL—*Popham's Broadway.*

COMMITTEE.

W. Bannister, Esq.	Rev J. Smith.
Rev. M. Bowie, A. M.	J. F. Thomas, Esq.
Rev. H. Cotterill A. M.	Rev. J. Tucker, A. D.
T. M. Lane, Esq.	J. Walker, Esq.
J. Minchin, Esq.	Rev. M. Winslow.
Captain Rowlandson,	
Captain T. Lavie— <i>Treasurer.</i>	
A. F. Bruce, Esq.	} <i>Secretaries.</i>
A. J. Maclean, Esq.	

GARRISON GIRLS' DAY SCHOOL—*Near Barrack Master's Office, Fort.*OPENED *October 1837.***DIRECTORS.**The Town Major.
The Garrison Chaplain.Mrs. Fox, Schoolmistress.
Mr. H. Fox, Secretary and Treasurer.**BISHOP CORRIE'S GRAMMAR SCHOOL**—*Senboodloss street.*

This Institution was opened on the 1st of July, 1836, under the title of the Madras Grammar School; it received its present designation on the death of the late Bishop Corrie, who had been mainly instrumental in its establishment, and took a peculiar interest in its welfare.

COMMITTEE.The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Madras—*President.*

The Ven. the Archdeacon, G. Arbuthnot, Esq. Capt. C. A. Browne, Mr. Cole,	Rev. H. Cotterill, A. M. J. Defries, Esq. Rev. A. Fennell, A. B. Captain O'Connell, <i>Secretary</i> —Mr. E. Cullin. <i>Treasurer</i> —Mr. J. M. Wilson.	Rev. F. Spring, A. M. Rev. J. Tucker, E. D. J. F. Thomas, Esq. W. E. Underwood, Esq.
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ESTABLISHMENT.

Head Master.....	Mr. James Kerr, A. M.
Second Master.....	Mr. Robert Daniel,
Acting Third Master.....	Mr. Jeremiah,
Acting Fourth Master.....	Mr. John Webb.
First Tamil Moonshee.....	Appajee Syer.
Second Tamil Moonshee.....	E. Ponnosawmy Moodelliar,
Third Tamil Moonshee.....	E. M. Narasimma Chariar,
Teloogoo Moonshee.....	Hayagreeva Shastri.

The number of Boarders is limited to..... 21
And that of Day Scholars, and Day Boarders to..... 129

The Total number of Pupils is thus limited to.... 150

COURSE OF INSTRUCTION.

- I.—*Religious Instruction*—according to the principles of the Church of England.
- II.—*Languages*—(including Grammar, Writing, Composition,) English, Latin, Greek, and Tamil, or Teloogoo; it being required of each boy, that he shall learn one of these native languages.
- III.—*History*—Ancient and Modern, with special reference to India.
- IV.—*Geography, and Elements of Astronomy.*
- V.—*Mathematics*, Euclid's Elements, Algebra, Elements of Natural Philosophy.
- VI.—*Arithmetic*, Book-keeping, Mensuration, &c.

TERMS.

Boarders 35 Rupees per mensem: when two or more sons of the same parent are admitted, 30 Rupees each.

Day Boarders, Rupees 12 per mensem.

Day Scholars, Rupees 4 per mensem.

When two or more sons of the same parent are admitted, the charge is for the second boy 3 Rupees, and for each succeeding boy 2 Rs. a month, with a small additional charge for stationery, which is regulated by the Committee of Management.

Hours of attendance, from $\frac{1}{2}$ past 8, till 12 A. M., and from $\frac{1}{2}$ past 1, till $\frac{1}{2}$ past 4 P. M.

Application to be made to Mr. James Kerr, at the School.

EXTRACTS FROM THE FUNDAMENTAL LAWS.

1st. That it is the purpose of Bishop Corrie's Grammar School to give a sound general education; the religious instruction being in accordance with the principles of the Church of England; and that it be a fixed rule that the School be daily opened and closed with prayer.

2d. That the School be open to all classes, provided that every boy placed at the School conform in every respect to the Regulations of the Institution.

4th. That pupils be admitted by the Head Master, pro tempore, subject to the confirmation of the Committee at their next monthly meeting.

5th. That all the books used in the School be selected by the Committee.

6th. That the Institution shall be under the direction of a Committee, consisting of 15 Members, being all Members of the Church of England, of whom one shall be appointed Secretary and one Treasurer; and if thought expedient one may be elected President, the Madras Corresponding Committee of the Church Missionary Society being entitled to nominate 5 Members from their own body.

9th. That a public examination of the boys shall take place half yearly.

UNION FREE SCHOOL, — *John Pereira*.

ESTABLISHED 1ST JUNE 1836.

PATRON.

VICE PATRONS.

The Reverend F. Spring, A. M.
The Reverend W. Taylor.

PRESIDENT.

The Reverend F. Spring, A. M.

VICE PRESIDENT.

The Reverend W. Taylor.

COMMITTEE OF DIRECTORS.

Mr. J. L. Thorpe, *Vice President*." J. Jans, *Secretary*." C. Jean, *Treasurer*.

Mr. W. Faulkner,	Mr. E. Jervis,	Mr. R. Ritchie,
" W. Gomes,	" J. Moore,	" T. Ritchie,
" J. S. Harvey,	" G. Morton,	" T. Wilmot,

ROMAN CATHOLIC SEMINARIES IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY.

ST. THOME.

<i>Rector and 1st Lecturer</i> ,	The Rev. M. F. Lobo.
<i>2d Lecturer</i>	" M. C. J. Barboza.
<i>Students' Seminarists</i> {	" C. F. D'Silva.
	" C. P. Martins.
	" M. T. Rodrigues.

COVELONG.

<i>Rector and 1st Lecturer</i> ,	The Rev. A. T. Dor Archanjos.
<i>2d Lecturer</i>	" M. L. Ribeiro.
<i>Students' Seminarists</i> {	" J. M. Gracias.
	" R. S. Amante.
	" M. Tellis.

LADIES' INSTITUTION FOR THE EDUCATION OF THE DAUGHTERS
OF EUROPEANS AND THEIR DESCENDANTS IN THE
PRESIDENCY OF MADRAS—*Vepery*.

GENTLEMEN'S COMMITTEE.

The members of Bishop Corrie's Grammar School Committee.

LADIES' COMMITTEE.

Mrs. Browne,	Mrs. Gordon,	Miss O'Connell,
Mrs. Cotterill,	Miss King,	Mrs. Pharoah,
Mrs. Defries,	Mrs. Minchin,	Miss Tucker.
Mrs. Fennell,		

Secretary and Treasurer to the Institution—W. E. Underwood, Esq.

The immediate object contemplated in the formation of this Establishment is to secure the means for bestowing a good solid Christian Education, in accordance with the principles of the Church of England, upon the daughters of Europeans and their descendants, more especially those who reside in the vicinity of Black Town.

The following is a general outline of the Course of Instruction.

1. Religious Instruction.
2. Languages (including Grammar and Composition).— English and the Native Languages.
3. History, Ancient and Modern, with special reference to India.
4. Geography and Exercises on the Globes.
5. Writing and Arithmetic.
6. Needle Work.

T E R M S.

BOARDERS.

Papees 30 per mensem. This sum is to include, Board, Education, Medical Attendance, Washing, Bed and Table Linen, and Palankeen Hire. Knives and Forks, &c. will be furnished by the Institution.

DAY BOARDERS.

Rapees 12 per mensem, who will be entitled to two meals.

Instruction on the Piano Forte, in Singing, Drawing, and French, will be taught, if required, on the following terms ;

	Rs.
Piano Forte and Singing per mensem.....	12
Drawing.....	7
French.....	5

MADRAS SCHOOL BOOK SOCIETY.

INSTITUTED A. D. 1820.

COMMITTEE.

A. D. Campbell, Esq.
J. F. Thomas, Esq.

Rev. R. A. Denton, B. A.
J. C. Morris, Esq.
Captain M. J. Rowlandson, *Secretary*.

Lieut. Col. Strahan,
H. S. Fleming, Esq. M.D.

MADRAS PHILANTHROPIC ASSOCIATION.

ESTABLISHED IN 1829.—REVIVED IN 1837.

Francis Kelly, Esq. *President*.
Mr. W. Faulkner, *Treasurer*.
Mr. W. Taylor, *Secretary*.

COMMITTEE.

Mr. T. A. Chamier,
" F. D'Monte,
" C. R. Dunhill,
" J. S. Harvey,

Mr. W. Johnson,
" T. Lionel,
" A. J. McKertich,
" R. Spears,

Mr. J. L. Thorpe,
" J. M. Wilson,
" J. T. H. Wylie,
" T. Wilnot.

THE MONEGAR CHOULTRY—near North Elephant Gate, Gaol Road.

European Directors.

Lieut. J. Braddock, *Treasurer*.
The Town Major of Fort St. George.
The Superintendent of Police,
The Superintending Surgeon, P. D.
The Ven. Arch. H. Harper, M. A.

Lieutenant Colonel A. Tulloch, C. B.
K. Macaulay, Esq.
J. Linc, Esq.
W. McTaggart, Esq.
George Arbuthnot, Esq.

Native Directors.

C. Armogum Moodelliar,
P. Augatheeswera Moodelliar,
D. Permaul Naidoo,
N. Basharcarlo Naick,

Vencatasawmy Naidoo.
C. Ragavah Chetty,
E. Annasawmy Moodelliar.
C. Namasevoy Chetty.

J. Lawder, Esq. Surgeon.
Mr. W. Taylor, Superintendent.

MADRAS FRIEND IN NEED SOCIETY.

FORMED A. D. 1807—RE-INSTITUTED A. D. 1813.

The Rev. F. Spring, M. A. *President*.

COMMITTEE.

Rev. M. Bowie, A. M.
Rev. J. Crowther,
Mr. J. DeFries,
Mr. John Hodges,

Mr. J. A. King,
Mr. E. Mahony,
Captain G. O'Connell,
Mr. Robt. Stephenson,

Rev. W. Taylor,
Mr. J. L. Thorpe,
Mr. R. W. Thorpe,
Mr. G. Vansomerren.

Mr. P. Carstairs, *Treasurer*.

Lieutenant J. Braddock, *Secretary*.
Mr. W. Taylor, *Assistant do.*

LADIES COMMITTEE.

President.

Mrs. Bowie,
Mrs. Browne,
Mrs. Cotterill,
Mrs. Gordon,

Mrs. Lane,
Mrs. Maclean,
Mrs. Monteith,
Mrs. Spring,

Mrs. Tulloch,
Mrs. Underwood,
Mrs. Walker.

Mrs. Spring, *Acting Treasurer and Secretary*.

Mr. J. L. Thorpe, Honorary Superintendent of the Men's Workshop.
Mrs. Anderson, Superintendent of the Women's Workshop.

MADRAS TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.

INSTITUTED 13TH JULY 1836—RE-FORMED 11TH APRIL 1838.

Patron.

The Right Revd. The Lord Bishop of Madras.

General Committee.

Major R. Alexander,
Captain A. C. Anderson,
" C. A. Browne,

Captain John Cameron,
Revd. S. S. Day,

Revd. W. Taylor,
" M. Winslow.

Major W. T. Brett, *Secretary and Treasurer*.

Executive Committee.

Mr. B. Beaumont,
" W. Burrows,
" J. King,

Mr. J. McIntosh,
" J. Moore,
" T. Murray,

J. E. Price,
G. Winter.

Mr. J. McLaren, *Treasurer*.
" G. Marchant, } *Secretaries*.
" G. Stevens, ... }
" H. Murray, *Librarian*.

The following pledge is required from persons desirous of joining the Society, a departure from the terms of which excludes from the privileges of membership. No person can be considered as having withdrawn from the Society, until he has intimated his intention to do so, to the Secretary.

PLEDGE.

We do hereby agree, God helping us, to abstain from ardent and distilled spirits, except for medicinal purposes, and to discountenance the causes and practice of intemperance.

MADRAS HOME AND TEMPERANCE ROOMS—*Esplanade.*

(*In connexion with the Madras Temperance Society.*)

ESTABLISHED 1ST MAY 1838.

Superintendent.....Mr. A. McCombe,

Assist. do., Maidman.

The object of the Home is to afford a comfortable temporary place of abode for Seamen and Soldiers, and to preserve them from the temptations common to Sea Ports and large Cities.

The Home is open to all Sailors and Soldiers who may be willing to avail themselves of it on Temperance Principles.

Charges per Diem.

Board and Lodging, Upper Rooms....Rupees 1 2
do do , Lower do.... do 0 12

It is in contemplation to reduce these charges when the funds will admit of it.

Destitute Seamen are admitted and provided with Board and Lodging, free of all charges on their producing a Certificate from the Master Attendant certifying that they are fit objects of charity.

Lists of Seamen residing at the Home, wanting berths, &c. are kept, one at the Home, the other in the Master Attendant's Office.

The Temperance Rooms, which include a Library and Reading Room afford a comfortable place of resort, for the Members of the Society, and others.

Refreshment may be obtained at very moderate rates, and free access enjoyed to the Reading Room and Library, subject to the rules of the Institution.

The ordinary current monthly expenses of the Institution amount to Rupees 151.

The profit realised on the sale of refreshments in the Rooms amount to upwards of 100 Rs. per mensem. The balance with the expenses incurred for dieting destitute Seamen, and other contingencies, has hitherto been covered by Donations and Subscriptions.

SOUTH INDIA TEMPERANCE UNION.

ESTABLISHED 13TH SEPTEMBER 1838.

Office,—2 *Stringer Street.*

Rev'd. J. Scudder, M.D. President.

Mr. James McIntosh, Treasurer.

Mr. Robert Johnson, Secretary.

The Society's Motto is,—“Total abstinence from all that intoxicates,” and its

Pledge ;

“We the undersigned do agree, with Divine aid, that we will not use fermented or other intoxicating liquors, as a beverage, nor traffic in them, and that we will not provide them as an article of entertainment, or for persons in our employment.”

The Society publishes a monthly journal in aid of the cause it seeks to promote.

Literary Society.

MADRAS LITERARY SOCIETY AND AUXILIARY OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

PATRONS.

The Right Honorable JOHN, LORD ELPHINSTONE, G. C. H.

His Highness the Rajah of Mysore.

His Highness the Rajah of Tanjore.

His Highness the Rajah of Travancore.

His Excellency the Rajah Tondiman Bahader,

His Highness the Naib-i-Mookhtar, the Nabob of the Carnatic.

His Highness the Nabob of Kurnool.

PRESIDENT.

The Honorable Sir Robert B. Comyn, *Kt.*

VICE PRESIDENTS.

The Lord Bishop of Madras.

Lieut. Gen. Sir P. Maitland, *K. C. B.*

The Honorable J. Sullivan, *Esq.*

The Honorable Sir E. J. Gambier, *Kt.*

MANAGING COMMITTEE.

Ven. Archdeacon H. Harper, *A. M.*

J. C. Morris, *Esq.*

Rev. F. Spring, *A. M.*

Walter Elliot, *Esq.*

R. Cole, *Esq.*

C. T. Kaye, *Esq.*

J. Ouchterlony, *Esq.*

Major J. J. Underwood,

James Minchin, *Esq. Secretary.*

COMMITTEE OF PAPERS OF THE ASIATIC DEPARTMENT.

A. D. Campbell, *Esq. President.*

Col. W. Cullen,

H. S. Fleming, *Esq. M. D.*

Captain M. J. Rowlandson.

Walter Elliot, *Esq.*

J. C. Morris, *Esq.*

J. F. Thomas, *Esq.*

Robert Cole, *Esq. Secretary.*

The Madras Agricultural and Horticultural Society,

ESTABLISHED ON THE 15TH JULY 1835.

PATRON.

The Right Honorable Lord Elphinstone.

VICE PATRONS.

His Highness the Nabob | Sir R. B. Comyn, *Kt.*

PRESIDENT.

The Honorable J. Sullivan, Esq.

VICE PRESIDENTS.

His Excellency Lt. Genl. Sir Peregrine | The Hon. Sir F. J. Gambier, *Kt.*
Maitland, K. C. B. | Lieut. Genl. Sir J. Doveton, K. C. B.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT.

Major Genl. Waugh, Colonel Strahan, Major Moberly Captain Lavie,	Doctor Wight, Mr. J. Minchin, „ W. E. Underwood, „ F. Orme,	Chocopah Chitty, Celenda Moodelly, Ragavah Charry,
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Mr. W. E. Underwood, *Secretary.*

GARDEN COMMITTEE.

Mr. J. Minchin, Major Moberly,	Captain Lavie, Mr. F. Orme,	Mr. W. E. Underwood.
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Entrance Money.....10 Rupees.
Quarterly Subscription..... 7 do.

RULES OF THE SOCIETY.

1. That the Management of the affairs of this Society be vested in the Patron, Vice Patrons, Presidents, and a Committee.
2. That the Vice Presidents and Committee, shall be chosen annually at a Meeting of the Society.
3. That the Committee shall have the power of selecting persons from the Members of the General Committee, to form the Garden Committee, and that the whole management and superintendence of the Garden shall be vested in them.
4. That the Patron, Vice Patrons, Presidents, Vice Presidents, and Secretary shall ex officio, be Members of all Committees.
5. That the General Committee shall have the power of adding to their numbers, by the election at a Meeting of the Committee, of any Member of the Society, to be Members of the Committee.
6. That the Garden Committee shall have the power of adding to their numbers any persons who may be Members of the General Committee.
7. That at the request of the Garden Committee, the Secretary be authorized to order the purchase of plants and seeds of the description and quantity required by the said Committee for the purposes of the Garden, either from England, the Cape of Good Hope, or other places, as specified by the Committee in their resolution, to be forwarded by the Secretary for that purpose.
8. That the days for the distribution of Prizes shall be fixed by the General Committee.
9. That a General Meeting of the Committee be held once in each month.
10. At such Meeting the Secretary shall read all communications received since the last Meeting, and such as shall be deemed important, to be ordered for entry on the proceedings of the Society and published therewith. He shall exhibit also the accounts made up to the end of the preceding month for the approval of the Committee.

11. The Secretary shall cause notices to be circulated in the English and Native languages of the Prizes offered, and the days on which they are to be contended for.

12. A day shall be fixed at the requisition of any two Members of the Committee, and approved by a majority, for determining special claims to rewards.

13. A book shall be kept in which all candidates for Prizes, whether successful or not, shall register their names, and places of abode and any successful candidate, shall be bound to afford every information regarding his method of cultivation, which may be required for the Society.

14. The Society's publications shall be sent to all members free of all charges, save that of postage.

15. The Secretary shall endeavour to enter into correspondence with some individuals interested in horticulture, at each of the principal stations civil and military, and such individuals shall be named "corresponding members of the Madras Horticultural Society at -----" and that their assistance shall be requested in collecting and remitting the subscriptions of members in their vicinity, in communicating any information they may have it in their power to acquire, in delivering seeds (which may be sent to them for the purpose) to the individuals for whom they are intended, and in bringing to the notice of the Society any natives they may think likely to cultivate seeds if given them.

16. Any member of the Society residing in the Provinces shall be requested to transmit an accurate report of any vegetable, fruit, or flower, produced by any Native in his vicinity.

17. A majority of the Committee shall have the power of abrogating or modifying any of the above rules.

18. All rules framed by the Committee shall be submitted to the next General meeting of the Society for their consideration and sanction.

Medical Department.

LIST OF THE HONORABLE COMPANY'S MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT UNDER THE PRESIDENCY OF FORT ST. GEORGE AS IT STOOD ON THE 20th DECEMBER 1838.

No.	NAMES.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Rank.	Corps.	STATIONS, &c.
SURGEONS.					
1	Kenneth Macaulay	27th Sept.	18/2 July	1814	First Member Medical Board.
	John Lockwood	23d July	04 17th March	15	Second Member Medical Board.
	James Cuddy	14th Feb.	05 22d do	16	Third Member Medical Board.
	Lacey Gray Ford	18th April	06 21st July	49th Regiment N. I.	Superintending Surgeon Presidency Division.
5	George Adams	28th June	1st Sept.	18 35th do	Europe on sick certificate, 12th January 1838.
	Ramsay Sladen	29th December	11th April	19 Mad. Eur. Rt. L. W.	Superintending Surgeon Malabar and Canara.
	John Macleod	13th March	3d July	38th Regiment N. I.	Ditto
	Claud Currie	6th July	26th June	20 51st do	Southern Division.
	John Trebeck Conran	12th February	09 9th August	22 10th do	Ditto
	John White	31st August	10 17th Sept.	23 4th Bat. Artillery	Europe on sick certificate, 25th August 1837.
10	David Boyd	13th do	13 10th Nov.	24 43d Regiment N. I.	Superintending Surgeon Mysore Division.
	James Stevenson	6th September	24th May	25 59th do	Ditto
	John White	6th do	1st July	7th do	Nagpore Subsidiary Force.
	James Richardson	5th December	21st August	30th do	Centre Division.
	Cornelius Desormeaux	4th July	21st Feb.	26 12th do	Ceded Districts.
15	Robert Davidson	4th do	22d November	3d do	Ditto
	Donald Smith Young	7th September	6th May	27 34th do	Hyderabad Sub. Force.
	George Bucke	4th do	1st October	28 5th do	Garrison Surgeon Bangalore.
	Benjamin Williams	13th April	16th December	14th do	Under the orders of the Resd. at Hyderabad (Egypt S. C.)
	George Knox	8th January	17th May	29 4th do	Surgeon of the North West District, Male Asylum, House of Industry and Police.
20	James Smith	7th October	14th August	29th do	Garrison Surgeon Trichinopoly.
	William Anthony Hughes	4th July	9th November	21st do	Garrison Surgeon Bellary.
	John Simm	28th August	2d April	30 4th do	Ditto Masulipatam.
	John Morton	18th do	15th do	47th do	Europe on sick certificate, 24th January 1837.
25	Nicholas Augustine Woods	18th June	19 27th September	45th do	Under the orders of the Resident at Hyderabad.
	George Bean Macdonell	16th September	3d Feb.	31 8th do	Garrison Surgeon Fort St. George : (on special duty.)
	Robert Wight, M. D.	16th do	22d do	48th do	Assay Master.
	William Bannister	23d December	28th September	46th do	

Thomas Key	.....	1st February	127th Regiment N. I.	Under the orders of the Resident at Hyderabad.
George V. Cumming, M. D.	17th April	24	15th do	
Duncan Vertue	14th May	1st March	.....	Under the orders of the Nizam's Government.
George Pearse, M. D.	6th July	25th do	31st Regiment N. I.	Secretary Medical Board.
George Beeton	19th do	29th April	Car. Eur. Vet. Bat.	
De Burgh Birch, M. D.	2d do	3d July	25th Regiment N. I.	Superintending Medical Officer on the Neilgherry Hills.
Charles Jameson	.....	13th January	38 32d do	Under the orders of the Resident at Hyderabad.
George W. Scheniman	4th July	25 18th do	1st do	Europe on furlough, 30th September 1837.
Thomas Taplin	6th May	15th March	42d do	Europe on sick certificate, 4th October 1837.
Duncan Munro	8th do	20th do	36th do	
Quintin Jameson	2d September	16th May	3d Battalion Arty.	
John T. Maule	2d do	12th October	.....
ASSISTANT SURGEONS.				
William G. Maxwell, M. D.	11th June	25 28th Dec.	25 41st Regiment N. I.	Depnly Medical Storekeeper Belgaum, and, in medical charge
William Poole	12th July	15th Feb.	26 do	of Staff and Details.
William Butler	20th August	2d March	3d do	Europe on furlough, 10th August 1838.
Mathew B. Pollock	24th June	8th do	.....
John Ladd	31st August	15th May	.....
Henry S. Brice	10th Jan.	9th September	30th Regiment N. I.	
Septimus Chippindall	4th March	16th do	10th do	Civil Establishment Negapatam.
Thomas Grigg	23d do	14th Nov.	.....	Zillah of Masulipatam.
Joseph Lawrance	2d May	19th do	34th Regiment N. I.	In charge of sick officers at St. Thome, and South East
George Thomson	.....	15th December	.....	District.
Robert Cole	19th September	8th May	27 do	Residency of Nagpore.
Henry C. Ludlow, M. D.	23d August	13th do	.....	Europe on sick certificate, 3d March 1837.
Joseph Wilkinson	31st October	22d do	.....	Zillah of Salem.
Henry G. Graham	30th September	3d June	.....	Garrison Assistant Surgeon of Fort St. George, Actg. Garrison
John Richmond	17th October	14th do	.....	Surgeon of Fort St. George.
Thomas O'Neill	17th October	14th do	.....	In charge of the Female Asylum.
George Harding	10th Feb.	2d August	.....	Permanent Assistant to the Medical Officer in charge of the General Hospital.

MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT.

No.	NAMES.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Rank.	Corps.	STATIONS, &c.
ASSISTANT SURGEONS.					
	Thomas L. Mathews	30th Nov.	27 4th August	52d Regt. N. I.	Zillah of Nellore.
	Frederick Cooper	10th do	4th do	....	Europe on furlough, 2d February 1833.
20	William Burrell	11th Jan.	28 4th do	....	Residency Surgeon at Hyderabad.
	Walter Laurie, M. D.	14th March	13th October	....	Residency of Tanjore.
	Samuel Brooking	19th Feb.	31st do.	....	Europe on sick certificate, 8th January 1833.
	John S. Owen	27th do.	4th November	....	Port & Marine Surg.: Acq. (Car. Asst. Surg. of Fort St. George.
	Samuel Rogers	3d June	12th December	....	Under the orders of the Resident at Hyderabad.
25	Simon A. G. Young	27th May	10th Jan.	28	Physician to His Highness the Rajah of Travancore.
	James Eaton, M. D.	18th August	16th April	....	In Medical charge of Details at Malacca.
	William Sheddin	19th September	2d May	....	Europe on sick certificate, 23d June 1837.
	Edmund W. Eyre	10th do	10th do	....	Zillah of Mangalore.
	Octavius Palmer	22d do	20th do	....	Europe on sick certificate, 20th January 1837.
30	John McKenna	22d do	20th do	....	ditto
	Frederick & Baxter Stapp	23d November	13th June	....	Under the orders of the Resident at Ava.
	Jonathan Flockton	14th December	27th do	32d Regt. N. I.	....
	George T. Bayfield	14th Feb.	20th September	....	....
	Claud. H. Auchinleck, M. D.	1st do	25th do	38th Regt. N. I.	....
35	James Innes, A. M.	16th June	29 27th do	do	....
	Cornelius C. Linton	1st July	9th March	5th Light Cavalry	Superintendent of the Government Dispensary.
	William G. Davidson	18th August	1st April	Horse Artillery	D Troop.
	Abraham Goodall	29th do	21st do	....	Zillah of Madura.
	James Kellie	27th do	11th May	....	....
40	Charles J. Cowie	27th do	27th May	16th Regiment N. I.	....
	John J. Purvis	15th September	30th do	5th do	....
	George E. Edgcombe	15th do	30th do	....	Europe on sick certificate, 8th January 1836.
	David Sturrock, M. D.	20th December	27th August	....	ditto
	John Lovell	25th January 30	30th do	....	Civil Surgeon, Chicacole.
45	Alexander Shewan	25th do	30th do	45th Regiment N. I.	Civil Surgeon, Tinnevely.
	John Gill	25th do	30th do	....	Cochin.
	Alexander Allardice	6th May	2d October	....	In medical charge 2d N. V. B. and Details at Wallajahbad.
	Robert Plunbe	11th March	10th do	....	....
	John W. Maillardet	6th May	23th November	36th Regiment N. I.	....
50	Agnew Mackintosh, M. D.	20th do.	12th January 30	....	....
	William Gilchrist	24th do.	17th do	....	Farm in Mysore.

Thomas H. Cannan	18th June	27th February	43d Regiment N. I.	Civil Surgeon, Guntoor.
Edward Smith	3d July	5th March	....	Zillah of Coimbatore.
William Middlemass	17th do	8th do	....
53 Thomas D. Harrison	5th September	28th do	7th Regiment N. I.	
John Hichens	29th August	1st May	do	In medical charge of Details, &c. at Tavoy.
Henry Goodall	19th December	24th August	13th do	
John Forbes	19th do	24th do	48th do	
Hugh Cheape	20th February 31	15th October	....	Europe on sick certificate, 7th June 1836.
60 Alexander Wright	4th June	10th December	....	Zillah of Rajahmundry.
Thomas White	30th June	22d January 31	3d Regiment N. I.	
Alexander J. Will	11th May	22d do	9th do	Civil and Judicial Establishments at Chittoor.
Andrew Simpson, M. D.	28th July	9th April	....	In medical charge of the Details at Mergui.
61 Michie F. Anderson	9th October	15th May	....	In medical charge of the Mysore Commission.
Charles J. Smith	9th do	15th do	....	Europe on sick certificate, 18th December 1835.
James Hamlyn	30th November	7th June	....	A. Troop.
John Dreyer	22d September	12th do	Horse Artillery	
Robert H. Manley	22d do	12th do	47th Regiment N. I.	
William Evans	18th December	24th August	....	Neilgherry Hills.
70 Colin Paterson, M. D.	21st Feb.	24th October	....	Zillah of Cuddapah.
John C. Campbell	28th April	15th November	....	B. Troop.
John C. Fuller	24th May	27th Jan.	....
James Dordard	6th July	12th February	39th Regiment N. I.	Under the orders of the Supreme Government.
William B. Thompson	24th September	27th May	4th Battalion Art.	Europe on sick certificate, 24th January 1837.
73 William Griffith	24th do	27th do	....	Zillah of Combaconum.
Pasqual M. Benza, M. D.	24th October	27th June	....	C. Troop.
Stewart T. Lyell	31st December	12th August	Horse Artillery	F. Troop.
James E. Porteous	31st Jan.	31st do	....
Samuel Cox	29th Dec.	32 21st do	....
80 William Beauchamp	7th March	33 24th October	51st Regiment N. I.	
Charles Kevin	22d April	24th November	35th do	Zillah of Chingleput.
Bartholomew J. Everitt	19th do	2d December	....	Civil Surgeon Malabar.
Robert H. Buchanan	12th May	12th Jan.	....
James Cornfoot	24 June	27th do	49th Regiment N. I.	
85 Thomas T. Smith	13th August	26th March	14th do	
John E. Mayer	12th do	26th do	20th do	
David Trail	25th do	15th April	31st do	
Robert Hicks	20th October	19th June	44th do	
Essex G. Bedwell	8th Jan.	7th July	50th do	
William Mackintosh	29th March	4th November	....	Europe on sick certificate, 27th May 1836.
Patrick A. Andrew, M. D.	23th June	23d do	....

MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT.

No.	NAMES.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Rank.	Corps.	STATIONS, &c.
ASSISTANT SURGEONS.					
95	William Preston Mollie	16th May	34 28th Nov.	34 26th Regiment N. I.	In medical charge of the Governor's Body Guard.
	George S. Scott	31st July	35 6th April	.....	Europe on sick certificate, 29th January 1836.
	James Shaw	.....	19th May	.....	E. Troop.
	James Supple	17th May	35 21st December	6th Regiment L. C.	In medical charge of the Detachment of Artillery at Moulmein.
	William Rose	17th do	21st do	17th Regiment N. I.	In medical charge of Detachment 12th N. I. and Detachment of Artillery at Moulmein.
100	Robert H. Renwick	13th do	21st do	.....
	William Mackenzie, A. M.	13th do	14th Jan.	35 21st do	
	George Morregh, M. D.	13th do	14th do	Horse Artillery	
	John Kerbey	17th do	21st do	3d Battalion Art.	
	Charles Ferrier	17th do	21st do	4th Regiment L. C.	
105	Charles Don	25th July	9th February	7th do	
	Robert Roe, M. D.	2d do	24th do	29th do	
	John Macdonnell	29th September	1 June	.....
	John Cadenhead	4th October	21st do	32d Regiment N. I.	
	John W. G. Macdonnell	16th Feb.	8th September	1st do	
110	Thomas C. Jerdon	21st do	11th do	2d do	
	James Anderson, M. D.	11th May	18th December	3d Bat. Artillery	
	Joseph Adams, M. D.	29th do	16th Jan. 1836	30th Regiment N. I.	
	John Grant, M. D.	29th do	16th do	42d do	
	Henry O. Snowden	11th do	17th do	25th do	
115	Alexander Lorimer, M. D.	6th June	6th February	34th do	
	John Mathison, M. D.	26th May	9th do	12th do	
	John Arthur, M. D.	5th June	14th do	11th do	
	Thomas W. Stewart, M. D.	16th July	8th March	.....
	James Dodd	.....	16th April	.....
120	Duncan Macpherson, M. D.	30th Sept.	18th May	8th Regiment L. C.	
	Edward G. Balfour	21st do	2d June	.....
	Robert Maginniss	21st do	2d do	.....
	Thomas G. Johnston, M. D.	3d October	8th do	.....
	W. L. O. Moore, M. E.	27th Nov.	30th July	Mad. Eur. Rt. L. W.	
	James Robson, M. D.	24th Dec.	9th August	.....
	J. D. V. Packman	29th do	26th do	.....

Richardson Colthurst	27th Jan.	37 16th September	.....	Europe on sick certificate, 25th September 1838.
129 James Sanderson	3d May	27th October	.....	In med. charge of the Convicts employed on the Western road.
Joshua Williams	27th do	17th December	Sappers and Miners.	
David Henry Orr	26th do	22d Feb. 1837	.....
John A. Reynolds	27th do	24th do	.....	Doing duty with H. M. 41st Regiment.
180 Samuel K. Parson,	24th June	28th do	.....	In medical charge Wing 43d N. I. at Chicacole.
William G. Prichard, M. D.	29th do	4th April	.....	Doing duty with H. M. 53th Regiment.
Joseph M. Jackson	13th Sept.	4th do	.....	ditto Madras European Regiment.
William A. Carlaw	7th Feb.	2d June	.....	In medical charge of the Artillery at Penang.
Charles G. E. Ford	27th Dec.	8th August	.....	Doing duty with the Artillery at Moulmein.
135 George D. Gordon, M. D.	17th April	37 29th do	.....	ditto do 55th do.
Donald Macfarlane, M. D.	19th May	38 Not settled	.....	ditto do 39th do.
Henry William Porteous	4th July	ditto	.....	ditto do 55th do.
Andrew C. B. Neill, M. D.	13th June	ditto	.....	2d Battalion Artillery.
Charles Woodford	13th do	ditto	.....	H. M. 54th Regiment.
140 John Coleridge	13th do	ditto	.....	do 63d do.
John Kennedy, M. D.	6th July	ditto	.....	do 4th do.
David Thomas Morton	6th do	ditto	.....	at the General Hospital.
William Maclean, M. D.	15th August	ditto	.....	do.
John Borlase Stevens	15th do	ditto	.....	with the 2d Battalion Artillery.
George F. H. Primrose, R. A.	11th Nov.	ditto	.....	at the General Hospital.
146 Charles William Pickering	18th Dec.	ditto	.....

MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT AT THE PRESIDENCY.

MEDICAL BOARD.

Kenneth Macaulay, Esq. 1st Member.
 John Underwood, Esq. 2d do.
 James Cuddy, Esq. 3d do.
 George Pearce, Esq. M. D. *Secretary.*

George Bucke, Esq. North West District, Male Asylum, House of Industry and Police.

Robert Cole, Esq. In charge of sick officers at St. Thome, and South East District.

W. G. Davidson, Esq. Supt. of the Dispensary.

Hope Stewart Fleming, Esq. M. D. Medical Storekeeper, and in charge of the Lunatic Asylum.

Lacey Gray Ford, Esq. Superintending Surgeon.

George Harding, Esq. Permanent Assistant to the Medical Officer in charge of General Hospital.

Thomas Moore Lane, Esq. Supt. of the Eye Infirmary.

James Lawder, Esq. Black Town, Jails, and Native Infirmary.

William Mortimer, Esq. M. D. General Hospital.

Thomas O'Neill, Esq. Female Asylum.

John Richmond, Esq. Garrison Assistant Surgeon ; Acting Garrison Surgeon.

Samuel Rogers, Esq. Port and Marine Surgeon, and Acting Garrison Assistant Surgeon.

James Shaw, Esq. Governor's Body Guard.

R. Wight, Esq. M. D. Garrison Surgeon. (*On special duty.*)

John Kennedy, Esq. M. D. Doing duty with H. M. 4th Regt.

William Maclean, Esq. M. D. do. at the General Hospital.

David Thomas Morton, Esq. do. do. do.

George F. H. Primrose, Esq. B.A. do. do. do.

MEDICAL REGULATIONS.

ELIGIBILITY FOR THE SITUATION OF SUPERINTENDING SURGEON.

Fort St. George, 14th January 1831.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the following Regulation of the Supreme Government, and to declare its provisions applicable to this Presidency.

"Every Medical Officer on his promotion to the rank of Surgeon, shall be required to serve for two years as Surgeon with a Regiment of the line, or a Battalion or Brigade of Artillery, before he can be eligible for any other situation in any department, Civil or Military, and after the performance of such service, he shall be eligible in the due course for the situation of Superintending Surgeon, whatever may have been the nature of his employment, subsequent to the performance of such service."

"Medical Officers who have already attained the rank of Surgeon will be deemed eligible for the situation of Superintending Surgeon, provided they shall have served in their present grade for two years, as Surgeon of a Regt. of the Line, or of a Battalion, or Brigade of Artillery, or as a Garrison Surgeon, or Surgeon to the General Hospital at the Presidency.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council.

ROBERT CLERK,
Secy. to Govt.

DISTRICT SURGEONS AT THE PRESIDENCY.

Duties of the District Surgeon.

Difficulties having occasionally been experienced by Europeans residing at the Presidency who may not have the means of providing medical aid for themselves and families, the following local distribution of the duties of Medical Officers at Madras is published for general information.

North West District.

The Officer appointed to the Medical charge of Vepery, and its vicinity, shall be considered also in charge of the sick to the Northward of the Mount Road, and extending to Pursewakum.

South East District.

The Medical Officer, appointed to attend the Sick Officers at St Thomé, shall extend his assistance to all Europeans, of the description already mentioned, who may reside at St. Thomé, Royapettah, and South of the Mount Road.

Black Town District.

The Surgeon of the Black Town will be prepared to extend his aid to the Black Town and Royapooram, and the European Inhabitants in that vicinity.

The duty of affording medical aid to Officers on sick certificate at the Presidency, will be performed by the several Officers above mentioned within their respective ranges, and by the Garrison Surgeon, who will also co-operate in the treatment of such cases with any of the District Surgeons when required.

NEWLY ARRIVED ASSISTANT SURGEONS.

Assistant Surgeons on arriving from Europe, will be placed, in the first instance, with such of the Company's European Corps, Garrisons, or other fixed Hospitals as may be recommended by the Medical Board, with a view of undergoing a probationary course of Hospital attendance and practice to qualify them for independent charges; and they will invariably continue thus under probation, until they are permitted with the sanction of Government to enter on the general duties of the Army, having been previously reported as duly qualified by the Medical Board.

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, &c.

Every Surgeon and Assistant Surgeon, whether in the Military or Civil Department, will be supplied from the Public Stores with Surgical Instruments, and a copy of the Code of Regulations for the Medical Department, and will be held responsible for their proper preservation: their Instruments, &c. are to be considered as attached to the Officer, and not to the charge he holds, and consequently on his removal, he will carry them with him.

Every Medical Officer proceeding on leave beyond the limits of the Presidency of Fort St. George will deliver over his Instruments, &c. to the Medical Storekeeper at the Presidency, if he takes his final departure from thence, or if otherwise, to the Deputy Medical Storekeeper of the Division in which he may be serving; and when a Medical Officer dies, it will be the duty of the Superintending Surgeon, immediately to take measures to secure the Instruments which were in the possession of the deceased Officer.

MEDICAL SCHOOL.

Near the General Hospital.

WILLIAM MORTIMER, Esq. M. D. . . . *Superintendent.*

GEORGE HARDING, Esq. *Asst. Superintendent.*

This Institution, which is attached to the Presidency General Hospital, was established by the Right Honorable Sir Frederick Adam, K. C. B., by a General Order of Government dated 13th February 1835, for the instruction in "Medicine and Surgery" of East Indians, and Natives, entering the Medical branch of the Service.

The course of education consists of *Materia Medica*, and *Pharmaceutical Chemistry*, *Anatomy* and *Physiology*, *Surgery*, and practice of *Physic*.

From the want of available accommodation for the number of pupils, it was resolved by Government to erect a building to be appropriated solely to the objects of the Institution, and the foundation of that, now occupied by the School, was laid in December 1836. The building consists of a Theatre, or Lecture Room, a Library, a Museum, and a Laboratory.

Considerable progress has been made in forming the Museum, which in addition to morbid specimens, already possesses most of the *Anatomical* preparations more immediately required for illustrating the course of instruction in that branch of study.

A Chemical apparatus, sufficient for the purposes of the Institution, has arrived from England, together with a selection of works on the several branches of study; not only to form a Library of reference, but also for the purpose of supplying the pupils with such books as may be required for private study.

Admission to the School was at first confined to students posted to the subordinate grades of the public medical department, but the institution has now been opened to the community at large under the following regulations prescribed by Government.

The pupils belonging to the public Service consist of two classes, namely Europeans, or East Indians, and Natives; the former being in the grade of "*Medical Apprentice*," and the latter of "*Native Medical Pupil*," and both are in the pay of Government. They are promoted to the grades of "*Assistant Apothecary*" and "*Second Dresser*," as they are required for the public service, after examination, and strictly according to merit.

The present number of pupils is upwards of one hundred and twenty, including five not in the service.

REGULATIONS.

Medical Board Office, 25th August 1838.

The following Regulations, for the admission of Private Students, or persons not in the Public Service, to the benefits of the course of instruction given at the Medical School, having been approved of by the Right Honorable the Governor in Council, are published for general information.

1. Applicants for admission not to be under 15, nor above 20 years of age.
2. To possess a sufficient knowledge of the English language, and of the other branches of an ordinary education, to qualify them for the study; an elementary knowledge of Latin being desirable, but not indispensable.
3. Their qualifications to be ascertained by examination by the Medical Board, after which, if found eligible, their admission will be sanctioned.
4. On being enrolled as Students, they are to be subject, exactly in the same manner as those of the public Service, to all the present rules for the internal conduct of the Institution, and to such others as necessity may suggest, for the class of Pupils to which they belong, for the purpose of securing attention, regular attendance, &c.
5. Private Students to have access in common with the others, to works of reference belonging to the School, but to provide their own stationery, and books required for private study; all other benefits to be gratuitous.
6. Objectionable conduct to be brought to the notice of the Medical Board, and to subject the Students to expulsion, or such other penalty, as may be considered necessary, for the preservation of the discipline of the Institution.

N. B.—As Students cannot be admitted to a class after a course of instruction has commenced, it is necessary, that all applicants, should be prepared to enter on their duties with the next Public Class formed subsequent to their admission, of which due intimation will, from time to time, be published in the Fort St. George Gazette.

By order.

(Signed) G. PEARSE, M. D.
Secretary Medical Board.

Judicial Department.

HER MAJESTY'S SUPREME COURT OF JUDICATURE.

Established 4th September 1801.

COURT HOUSE, North Beach.

JUDGES.

The Hon. Sir Robert Buckley Comyn, Knight, M. A. Oxford—Chief Justice 1836.

The Hon. Sir Edw. John Gambier, Knight, M. A. Cambridge—Puisne Judge 1837.

HONORABLE COMPANY'S LAW OFFICERS.

Advocate General.....George Norton, Esq.

Solicitor.....N. B. Acworth, Esq.

OFFICERS OF THE COURT.

Accountant General.....	J. G. Turnbull, Esq.
Master in Equity.....	John Savage, Esq.
Clerk of the Crown.....	James Minchin, Esq.
Deputy Clerk of the Crown.....	Frederick Orme, Esq.
Registrar and Prothonotary.....	Peter Cator, Esq.
Examiner.....	F. Orme, Esq.
Council for Paupers.....	C. M. Teed, Esq.
Attorney do. do.....	Leonard Cooper, Esq.
Sealer.....	Mr. John Hodges.
Interpreter in Persian and Hindoostanee.....	Mahomed Karree Moolah Khan
do. in Gentoo and Malabar.....	R. Dasikacharloo Braminy.
Deputy do. in Canarese, Gentoo and Malabar	C. Shunmoogum Moodelly.
do in Armenian.....	Mr. Thomas Paul.
do in Dutch.....	Mr. B. Regel.
do in French.....	Mr. C. Gaudoin.
do in Portuguese.....	Mr. W. R. Flory.
do in Malialum and Mappale.....	Meenachee Braminy.
do in Malay.....	Mr. A. W. Constancio.
do to the Grand Jury.....	
Clerk to the Chief Justice.....	Mr. John Hodges.
Do. to Sir Edward John Gambier.....	W. A. Serle, Esq.
Tipstaff to the Chief Justice.....	Mr. William Todd.
Do. to Sir Edward John Gambier.....	Mr. J. P. Stacker.
Crier and Court Keeper.....	Mr. J. W. Burden.

ADVOCATES.

According to Seniority at the English Bar, with dates of admission to the Supreme Court.

James Minchin, Esq.....	M. A. Cambridge	1820
George Norton, Esq.....	M. A. Oxford	1828
Michael Ffrench, Esq. (at home).....		1823
Peter Cator, Esq.....	M. A. Cambridge	1825
John Savage, Esq.....	M. A. Cambridge	1822
Charles M. Teed, Esq....		1828
John Younge Fullerton, Esq.....		1832
Thomas Sydney Smyth, Esq.....	M. A. Dublin....	1837
Charles W. Blunt, Esq.....	B. A. Cambridge	1837
John Francis Parker, Esq.....		1838

ATTORNIES. SOLICITORS AND NOTARIES.

Messrs. Leonard Cooper,
J. H. Wilkins,
John Innes,
James Thoy Baillie,
Henry Morgan Rowlandson,
Frederick Orme,
Thomas Jarrett,
Wm. Henry Rose,

Messrs. T. Joshua Crampton,
J. W. Branson,
M. O. Cooper, (at home)
N. B. Acworth,
S. G. L. Jenkins,
J. B. Jauncey,
G. G. Jeremiah, and
T. R. Baldwin.

PROCTORS.

Admitted.		Admitted.	
Messrs. F. Orme	1829	Messrs. T. J. Crampton.....	1834
L. Cooper.....	1824	J. W. Branson.....	1834
J. H. Wilkins.....	1826	M. O. Cooper (at home) ..	1834
J. Innes.....	1830	N. B. Acworth.....	1835
J. T. Baillie.....	1832	J. B. Jauncey.....	1835
H. M. Rowlandson	1833	S. G. L. Jenkins.....	1836
T. Jarrett.....	1834	G. G. Jeremiah.....	1837
W. H. Rose.....	1834	T. R. Baldwin.....	1837

TERM DAYS.

Term commences.	Ends.	
First..... 2d February...	22d February.	} If the last day of Term falls on a Sunday, the following Mon- day to be considered the last day of Term.
Second..... 21st March.....	10th April.	
Third..... 18th July.....	7th August.	
Fourth..... 12th September...	2d October.	

Sheriff of Madras....J. Y. Fullerton, Esq.
Deputy Sheriff. . . .J. T. Baillie, Esq.
Coroner.....Ashmead W. Pruen, Esq.

Henry Gibbs.....Jailor.
R. Morgan.....Deputy Jailor.
William Boyd.....
James Job.....} Sheriff's Officers.
Peter Buckley.....}

INSOLVENT COURT.

C. W. Blunt, Esq. Common Assignee.
C. M. Teed, Esq. Chief Clerk.
Jas. T. Baillie, Esq. Examiner.

VICE ADMIRALTY COURT.

The Honorable Sir R. B. COYMN, Knight.

OFFICERS OF THE COURT.

Receiver of the Droits of Admiralty.....J. B. Key, Esq.
Registrar.....Mr. J. Hodges.
MarshalJ. B. Key, Esq.
Interpreters and Advocates the same as in the Supreme Court.

TABLE OF FEES FOR THE SUPREME COURT OF JUDICATURE
AT MADRAS.

Printed and published at the request of the Honorable the Chief Justice Sir EDMUND STANLEY, for the guidance of the Court and the Officers thereof, and the information of the Public, the 1st of February 1822.

Extract of a letter from the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Judicature, to the Right Honorable Lord CLIVE, Governor of Fort St. George, &c. &c. dated 2d September 1802,

“ I have the honor of forwarding your Lordship Copies of the Rules and Table of Fees which have been prepared by the Judges for the Supreme Court of Judicature. The latter by the provision of the Charter, requires your Lordship's allowance in Council, before it can be established.

F E E S.

ATTORNIES AND SOLICITORS.

	R.	F.
For Warrant to sue or defend	2	4
For Letters of demand	3	6
For every other necessary letter	2	4
For every necessary attendance except at the public offices ..	3	6
For every attendance on the Officers of the Court, Sheriff or his officers, or at Judge's Chambers on matters of course	1	2
For attendance before a Judge or the Master on special business	3	6
For drawing per folio plaint, plea bill, answer or other pleadings, petitions, interrogatories, exceptions, and affidavits, (except affidavits of debt and of the service of process or notice) for the first folio	2	4
For every other folio	1	0
For copying do. per folio	1	0
For every affidavit of Jurisdiction where proceedings is by summons of debt, of service or process of notice, including attendances ..	3	6
For short notices including copy and service	2	4
For short instructions to advocate to move	1	2
For perusing papers preparatory to trial and examining witnesses, &c. as instructions for brief, subject to be increased in extraordinary cases ..	3	6
For drawing briefs, each brief sheet	5	0
For fair copy of do.	3	6
For close copies of pleading and other papers per folio ..	0	5
For attending the Court on common motions	3	6
" " on special motions	7	0
" " on trial of causes	10	6
Accommodation fee in causes before set down for trial	14	0
After set down	7	0
Term fee	3	6
Attending Master to tax costs	2	0

PROCTORS.

For all necessary services in obtaining probates or wills or letters of administration (exclusive of office fees) where the property does not exceed Pags. 2,500	35	0
From Pagodas 2,500 upwards	52	6
For advertisements	3	6
In case of a suit the same fees as allowed for correspondent services on the equity side.		

NOTARIES.

Noting a Bill of Exchange	8	0
Protesting do.	18	0
Certified copy of do. per folio	1	0
Protest per folio	1	0
Engrossing do. do.	1	0
Duplicate copies of protest	1	0
Notarial copies of papers per folio	1	0
Sealing effects or otherwise where the notarial seal is required ..	16	0
Notarial attendance	3	0

REGISTER IN EQUITY.

Upon swearing in any Chief Justice	14	0
Upon swearing in any Judge	10	0
Upon swearing in any officer on the equity side of the court ..	5	0
For filing every bill of complaint, answer, replication, rejoinder, or exceptions ..	3	6
For every subpoena		
Appearance of every defendant		
Filing every writ, petition, deposition, affidavit or report ..	2	0
Oath administered or affidavit taken in Court, capias, or commitment by the Court		
For minuting every motion whether granted or not		
For every Caveat entered		
Certificate under his hand	2	0
Search in his office		
For preparing and issuing every attachment or other process to enforce the subpoena every ne exeat	4	0
Regno habeas corpus, injunction, or execution		
For every commission	5	0
For entering all pleas, demurrers, and exceptions to be argued, each side ..	1	2

	R.	F.
For every petition for rehearing or bill of review	1	2
For every rule or order of Court	3	6
For drawing all orders not exceeding one sheet	1	2
For every other sheet	0	9
For entering causes, for hearing and calling it on	2	4
For every bill dismissed, decree pronounced, and decree enrolled	5	0
For registering all proceedings per folio	1	0
For copies of all paper per folio	1	0
For all deposits above 20 Rupees per cent	5	0
For filing and entering petition of appeal and every security on appeal	3	0
For minuting allowance of petition of appeal	7	0

ON THE ECCLESIASTICAL SIDE.

For every citation	2	6
For every probate or letters of administration where the estate exceeds four hundred rupees other than administration by virtue of 39 and 43 G. 3. c. 20 ..	7	0
For do. where under 400 Rupees ..	3	6
For filing every will ..	2	0
For other unspecified services arising on this side, the correspondent fees on the equity side.		

ON THE ADMIRALTY SIDE.

The same fees as those allowed for correspondent services on the equity side.

PROTHONOTARY.

On swearing in every Officer on the plea side of this Court ..	6	0
On swearing in every advocate ..	6	0
Do. every attorney ..	5	0
For filing, docketing and signing every plaint, and for preparing and issuing every capias thereon ..	3	6
For every capias after summons, writ of sequestration, writ to sell goods sequestered, writ of execution or possession, habeas corpus, mandamus certiorari, sciri facias, attachment for contempt, special commission or judgment pronounced ..	5	9
For preparing and issuing every summons	1	2
Every appearance entered		
Subpoena to each witness		
Every witness sworn or affidavit taken in Court		
Every bail taken in Court		
Every writ, petition, deposition, bail piece or affidavit filed		
Every justification of bail		
Surrender or discharge of bail		
Every motion minuted ..		
Every non pros or non suit ..		
Committimus ..		
Supersedeas ..		
Every rule or order of Court entered on the minutes ..	3	6
Every certificate granted ..		
Search in his office ..		
For preparing and entering every rule to plead, and filing docketing every special plea, or other special plea or other special pleading, and for setting down each cause for trial or argument ..	2	0
For filing plea of general issue and for every issue joined ..	2	4
For calling on every cause ..	1	2
For reading every charter, record or act of parliament ..	0	9
For reading and marking every other exhibit ..	3	0
For reducing into writing and filing deposition of witness for each deposition ..	1	0
For entering the judgment ..	1	0
For copies of all papers per folio ..	5	0
For custody of money paid in upon leave above 20 rupees per cent ..	3	6
For filing and entering petition of appeal and every security in appeal ..	7	0
For minuting allowance of petition of appeal ..		

SEALER.

For the seal of the Court to every writ, process, rule, order or other paper requiring the same and not otherwise provided for ..	1	6
For do. of every commission ..	2	6
For do. to probates or letters of administration ..	2	6
For do. to appeals to Her Majesty in Council, and to the return to mandamuses or other commissions from England ..	21	0
For do. to all certificates and other papers to be sent to England ..	10	6

JUDGES' CLERKS.

	R.	P.
For every Judge's summons, warrant or order made at Chambers	
Affidavit sworn or oath administered	
Bail piece, new bail added, justification at Chambers	
Carrying every affidavit, bail piece, or other paper to be filed	
Every acceptance of, exception to, or surrender in discharge of bail	1 2
Every necessary attendance on the business of the suitors, either in Court or at any public office not otherwise provided for	
Every recognizance or security at Chambers	
For reducing into writing any depositions, dibenesse, or otherwise at Chambers per folio	0 9
For every copy of do. per folio	0 9

INTERPRETER.

For interpreting affidavits other than affidavits of jurisdiction of debt or of service of process or notice per folio	.....	0 8
For do. ordinary affidavits as above specified	.....	1 2
Do. answers and depositions do.	.....	0 8
For translation of papers per folio	.....	0 22

SHERIFF.

For executing every writ, (except summons and subpoena) and drawing and taking bail bond	.....	2 2
For executing every summons or subpoena	.....
Every commitment charging a defendant in custody or execution, or discharging him out of custody	.....	1 2
Endorsing the bail bond	.....
Return of every writ	.....
For every bill of sale of goods on execution or sequestration with the inventories annexed	.....	5 0
For every search in his office	.....	0 9
For necessary translation of any process, notice or order	.....	0 9
For poundage of every debt levied, not exceeding Rupees 1,000, 5 per cent.; on every sum exceeding Rupees 1,000, 2½ per cent.	.....
Upon every writ of possession executed for every ten Rupees of the yearly value of the premises of which possession is given	.....	0 8
For execution of all process or other matters belonging to his office beyond the limits of Madras, a reasonable compensation.	.....
Attending in charge of goods per day, and the same per night	.....	2 0
For Bailiffs on return of cty corpus upon capias to be paid by plaintiffs	.....	2 0
For every summons	.....	2 2
For every attendance.	.....	3 6
For every other oath administered, affidavit sworn, or deposition taken	.....	2 0
For signing and certifying every exhibit, receipt for books, deeds, or other papers, and allowing and signing every account or other matter requiring his hand	.....	1 3
Each bidding on sales of estates.	.....
All copies from his office per sheet	.....	1 0
For every report or certificate upon matters referred to him in any cause not exceeding ten sheets	.....	12 0
For every sheet exceeding ten	.....	1 2
For every report or certificate in matters of Lunatics and Infants or other matter referred to him where no cause is pending	.....	16 0
For perusing, settling and signing deeds, conveyances or other writings by order of Court	.....	16 0
For allowing and signing every necessary advertisement	.....	3 6
For allowing every security in appeal or on writ of ne exeat regno	.....	7 0
For every other recognizance	.....	5 0
For taxing every bill of costs	.....	5 0
For attending out of his office to administer oaths or transact other business incidental to his office, a reasonable compensation.	.....

EXAMINER.

For every subpoena to a witness	.....	2 0
For notice to opposite party of production of every witness for examination	.....	1 0
For every oath administered	.....	1 2
For copy of every deposition per folio	.....	1 2
For attesting every exhibit	.....	1 0
For every certificate	.....	1 0
For attending out of office, a reasonable compensation.	.....

CLERK OF THE CROWN.

	R.	F.
For copies of all papers at the instance of parties, subject to its being remitted by the Court	1	0
For every search in his office	1	0
For every attendance before a judge at the instance of party	2	0
For swearing in any judicial or ministerial officer at sessions unless specially remitted by the Court	5	0

(Signed) { T. A. STRANGE,
H. GWILLIM,
BENJAMIN SULIVAN.

Extract of a letter to the CHIEF JUSTICE of the Supreme Court of Judicature, dated 25th September 1802.

Para. 2.—“ We approve and confirm the Rules and Tables of Fees, which the Honorable the Judges of the Supreme Court of Judicature have been pleased to submit to our inspection.

(True Extract and Copy.)

(Signed) D. HILL, *Secretary to Government.*

I do hereby certify, that I have compared this Table of Fees with that deposited in my office, and I do find it to be a true copy. I further certify, that by a letter from the Honorable Sir Thomas Strange, Chief Justice, addressed to Walter Grant, Esq. Master in Equity, and bearing date the Twenty-seventh day of November, One Thousand Eight Hundred and One, a fee of Rupees five is allowed to the Master for certifying debt and costs, and a fee of fanams six per folio, for keeping books in the Master's office and therein registering all bills of costs, and that by another letter from the said Chief Justice addressed to Dr. Jebb, Master in Equity, and dated the 10th day of November, One Thousand Eight hundred and Thirteen, a new Table of Fees for the Armenian Interpreter, is notified as having been approved on the 13th of August 1813, as follows :

TABLE OF FEES FOR THE ARMENIAN INTERPRETER IN THE SUPREME COURT.

For interpreting affidavits of jurisdiction of debt, of service or process R. F. C.	
of notice, per folio	1 0 0
For do. all other affidavits per do.	1 2 0
For do. answers and depositions, per do.	1 0 0
For translation of papers, per do.	3 6 30

To be allowed also for every attendance to interpret under a Commission, or upon any other extraordinary occasion, not in Court or at any of its offices, a reasonable fee to be taken by the Master.

13th August 1813.

(Signed) T. A. S.

I do hereby certify, that by the aforesaid Tables and by virtue of the authority herein before stated, I am regulated and governed in the taxation of bills of cost—dated Master's Office, Supreme Court; this Twenty-sixth day of January, One thousand Eight hundred and Twenty-two.

HENRY BYRNE, *Master.*

ORDO CURIE, the 25th day of November 1817.

WHEREAS it is of the utmost concern and importance to the suitors of the Court that their money securities and effects shall be preserved and secured for their benefit in the most careful and effectual manner :—and whereas the same will be most safely deposited and kept in the hands of the Governor or President and Council of Fort St. George in the Public Treasury with the cash and effects belonging to the said Company, subject to such orders as the Court shall make from time to time for the benefit of the Suitors :—and whereas the good and salutary rules heretofore made with a view to attain these desirable objects may in some respects have been misunderstood and may require further explanation :—it is therefore ordered by the Court that whenever any order or decree shall be made by the Supreme Court of Judicature at Madras, for the payment or delivering into Court or to the Governor or President and Council at Fort St. George or into the Honorable Company's Treasury of any money effects or securities of any of the suitors of the Court or parties interested therein, the order of the Court with the seal of the Court affixed thereto signed by the Registrar and countersigned by one of the Judges of the Court shall be taken out of the proper office by the suitor or suitors or party or parties who shall be ordered to make such payments or deposits or his or their Attornies or Agents lawfully authorised, and shall be brought by him or them to the Accountant General of the Court, and that the said Accountant General shall make an entry thereof in his book to be by him kept cause-wise of all suitors money

securities and deposits in each cause, which book is to be kept in his office and at all times within office hours to be open to the suitors of the Court or other parties interested for inspection, and he shall mark intratur or enter at the foot of the said order and subscribe his name thereto, and the Accountant General shall certify in his proper hand writing and with his name thereto subscribe at the foot of the said order to the Sub-Treasurer or other officer acting for the Treasurer that he is to receive from the party mentioned in the said order the sum of money effects or securities mentioned in the said order, specifying the amount and particulars thereof, and to place the same to the account of the cause in which the same is ordered to be deposited in the book of suitors money, and deposits kept by the Sub-Treasurer or other officer acting for the Treasurer in the Honorable Company's Treasury, and that the Accountant General shall deliver the said sealed order with the certificate thereon to the party who is to make the payment or deposit into the Honorable Company's Treasury, who shall deliver the same together with the sum of money effects or securities mentioned in the said order and certificate to be by him paid into the Honorable Company's Treasury to the Sub-Treasurer or other Officer acting for the Treasurer in the Honorable Company's Treasury, who shall receive the same and enter the said order and Certificate in his book, and the said Sub-Treasurer or other officer acting for the Treasurer shall thereupon give the party a receipt or certificate for the said money effects or securities so deposited in the Honorable Company's Treasury on account of the Governor or President and Council of Fort St. George or of the Honorable Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and the party who shall make such deposit or his agent or attorney lawfully authorized shall within two days after payment of the said money effects or securities into the Honorable Company's Treasury bring the said receipt or certificate to the Accountant General of the Court, who shall enter the same in his book and file the same in his office of Record, and the said Accountant General shall thereupon give the party a certificate or make a report in writing that pursuant to the order in that particular cause, specifying the date thereof, the party has paid into the Honorable Company's Treasury the sum of money effects or securities mentioned therein, and shall annex thereunto an examined copy of the receipt of the Sub-Treasurer or other officer acting for the Treasurer, which certificate or report and a copy of such receipt the party or his agent or attorney lawfully authorized shall within three days after payment or deposit into the Treasury file in the Registrar's office, and the Registrar shall make an entry thereof in his book to be by him kept cause-wise of all suitors money effects and securities which shall be ordered to be paid into or out of the Honorable Company's Treasury, and the Registrar shall file the said certificate or report of the Accountant General of record to which all suitors or parties interested may have recourse and inspect the same at office hours, and that all sums of money that shall be so paid into the Honorable Company's Treasury shall bear interest for the benefit of the suitors and other parties interested from the time of the respective payments into the Treasury and from the date of the Sub-Treasurer's receipt for the same.

And it is further ordered that when any money effects or securities of the suitors of the Court or parties interested shall be ordered to be paid or delivered out of the Honorable Company's Treasury the sealed orders signed by the Registrar and countersigned by one of the Judges of the Court shall be brought by the suitors or party interested or his agent or attorney lawfully authorized to the Accountant General of the Court, who shall enter the same in his book and mark the same intratur or entered on the said order and the Accountant General shall give a certificate at the foot of the said order directed to the Sub-Treasurer or other officer acting for the Treasurer, stating that pursuant to the said order the Sub-Treasurer or other officer acting for the Treasurer is to pay or deliver out of the Honorable Company's Treasury to the party interested or entitled thereto or to his agent or attorney lawfully authorized the money effects or securities mentioned in the said order, specifying the particulars of which he shall make an entry in his book, and the Accountant General shall deliver the said order and certificate to the party entitled, who shall give a receipt for the said order and certificate to the Accountant General, and the party or his agent or attorney lawfully authorized shall bring the said sealed order and certificate to the Honorable Company's Treasury, and the Sub-Treasurer shall pursuant to the said order and certificate of the Accountant General of the Court pay out or deliver to the said party or his agent or attorney lawfully authorized the money effects and securities mentioned in such order and certificate, and the party or his agent or attorney lawfully authorized shall thereupon give a receipt for the same to the Sub-Treasurer or other officer acting for the Treasurer, which order certificate and receipt he shall file on record, and that the said order certificate and receipt shall be a sufficient voucher for and acquittance to the said Company or their officers for any sum of money effects or securities so paid over to the party entitled or to his attorney lawfully authorized to receive the same under such order and certificate, and that the Registrar upon the issuing of any order of the Court for the payment or delivering into or out of the Honorable Company's Treasury of any money effects or securities of the suitors shall

make an entry of such order in his book to be by him kept of suitors money and deposits, and shall enter intratur at the foot of such order subscribed with his name and proper hand writing thereto before the delivery of the same to the party his agent or attorney.

And it is further ordered that the Accountant General of the Court and Registrar shall each keep a book cause-wise of all money effects and securities of the suitors of the Court or parties interested which shall be ordered to be paid or delivered into or out of the Honorable Company's Treasury under the orders of the Court, to which all parties interested may have recourse and inspect the same at office hours, and they shall once in every month diligently compare the same with each other and also compare the same with the book to be kept by the Sub-Treasurer or other officer acting for the Treasurer at the Honorable Company's Treasury of suitors money effects or securities ordered to be deposited in the said Treasury, and that the said Accountant General of the Court shall duly keep and settle his accounts of all suitors money effects and securities ordered to be deposited in the Honorable Company's Treasury and of all receipts and payments on account thereof with the several persons and in the manner specified and directed by the clause relating thereto in the Charters of Justice of Madras, and that a duplicate of such account duly signed or authenticated shall be delivered in open Court and filed on record in the Registrar's office on the first day of the second and fourth Term in each year, to which all persons interested may have recourse and inspect the same at office hours. And it is further ordered by the Court that the Accountant General of the Court shall not meddle with the actual receipt of any of the money or effects of the suitors but shall only do all things necessary to carry into execution the orders of the said Supreme Court relative to the payment or delivery of the suitors money effects or securities to the Governor or President in Council of the said United Company of Fort St. George and taking the same out again and keeping the accounts thereof with the said Governor and President and Council and the Registrar of the Court and other matters relating thereto pursuant to the directions for the purpose in the said Charters of Justice, and that neither the Registrar of the Court nor any officer of the Court shall in any way intermeddle with the actual receipt of any money effects or securities which shall be ordered by any order or decree of the Court to be deposited into or paid or delivered out of the Honorable Company's Treasury by or to the suitors or other persons.

And it is further ordered that the above rules be henceforward observed and kept subject to such future rules methods and directions as shall from time to time hereafter be made and given relative thereto and as circumstances may require or render necessary.

J. H. NEWBOLT,

E. STANLEY.

(A true Copy.)

JOHN SHAW, Registrar.

* By statute 39th and 40th Geo. the III Chap. 79 Sec. 21, the Registrar is directed to collect the assets of all deceased British subjects to which he shall administer, and to bring them for safe custody into Court—that is into the Treasury of the Honorable Company where all money belonging to the Court or its suitors is to be deposited—and no part of the assets of deceased persons so deposited can be paid out of the Treasury without an order of Court and in the mode directed by the above general order relative to deposits in the Treasury of the 25th November 1817.

ABSTRACT OF THE ORDERS, RULES AND REGULATIONS,

made by the Supreme Court of Judicature at Madras, since the deaths of GILBERT RICKETTS and JOHN SHAW, Esquires, the late Registrars thereof touching deposits and payments of Monies and Effects, &c. into and out of the Honorable Company's Treasury of Fort St. George, belonging to Suitors of the said Court and also to deceased persons to whose Estates the Registrar has administered and shall administer which are as follow.

THIRD TERM, 22D JULY 1818.

Ordered that henceforth in every case where any person or persons shall apply for letters ad colligenda or of administration to any estate, it be referred to the Master to approve of and take two or more sufficient securities from such person or persons for his or their due administration of such estate and upon filing with the Registrar the certificate or report of the Master of security having been taken, together with the administration bond, letters ad colligenda, or of administration of such estate, do issue forth to such person or persons and not otherwise.

THIRD TERM, 28TH JULY 1819.

Ordered that John Shaw, Esq. the present Registrar do forthwith deposit in the Company's Treasury with the privy of the Accountant General, the sum of 173,578 Star Pagodas, 31 Fanams 89 and $\frac{3}{4}$ Cash, being the amount of the several sums of

money, bonds and other securities stated by him to be in his hands, belonging to the estates of several deceased persons to which he has administered as Registrar or which have come to his hands since his appointment. That the Treasurer do receive the same into the Treasury for safe custody for the benefit of the parties entitled, and do place the same and the interest to the credit of each estate, subject to the future orders of the Court. That schedules be delivered into Court and published, and copies thereof be delivered to the Chief Secretary of Government pursuant to the Act of 55 Geo. III. Chap. 84, Sec. 5. That the present and all future Registrars is and are to deliver in open Court as by said Act is directed—a Schedule of the Estates of deceased persons remaining in his charge and to pay the balance of each estate into the Treasury pursuant to the Act 39th and 40th of Geo. III. Chap. 73, Sec. 21, and the Act 55 Geo. III. Chap. 84. That the Accountant General, is at all times, to be at liberty to inspect the books and administration accounts of the Registrar, and to see the state of the administration funds; and he is to be at liberty to report the same to the Court monthly, or as frequently as circumstances may require.

VACATION AFTER FOURTH TERM, 16TH NOVEMBER 1819.

Ordered that previous to the Registrar delivering to the Court the Schedules of the estates of deceased persons as in the Acts for that purpose is mentioned, he do lay them before the Master for his examination, who is directed to compare the several vouchers with the accounts relating to those estates as therein is described, and grant his certificate or make his report to the Court thereon. That all parties interested are to be at liberty to attend the investigation of the Schedules as well before the Master as afterwards before the Court, when the Schedules and such certificates shall be exhibited as in the Acts specified. That the Registrar is to pass his accounts with each estate regularly before the Master as in the 68th rule of Court is directed. That the Registrar upon taking out any letters of administration, or letters ad colligenda do give notice of the same to the Master and Accountant General of all monies, securities for money and proceeds of the estates of deceased persons as shall be realised, shall from time to time, be deposited by the Registrar in the Honorable Company's Treasury, pursuant to the Act 39th and 40th, George III Chap. 73, Sec. 21, and the order of the 28th July 1819, and the same is to remain there at interest until paid out to those entitled under an order of the Court—And that that part of the 68th rule whereby the Registrar had an option of investing the same in the securities therein mentioned and holding the same with interest in his own hands shall be and is hereby rescinded.

VACATION AFTER FOURTH TERM, 9TH NOVEMBER 1819.

Ordered that Patrick Cleghorn, Esq. be appointed Registrar of the Supreme Court, upon his entering into a Bond with two or more sufficient securities in the sum of One Lac of Pagodas conditioned for his duly and faithfully accounting for all sums of money, and all estates of deceased persons which shall be committed to his care or to which he shall administer as Registrar under the statute of 39th and 40th of Geo. III. Chap. 73, Section 21, and that it be referred to the Master, to approve of such security.

VACATION AFTER FOURTH TERM, 28TH JANUARY, 1820.

Ordered that the interest now due upon the securities of the Honorable Company deposited in the Treasury to the credit of the suitors and estates of deceased persons, is to be received and invested in new securities of the Company at interest with the privy of the Accountant General, and when the new securities are obtained the same are to be deposited in the Treasury to the credit of the respective estates. That the Accountant General do make his report thereupon so soon as the same can be completed; that the interest which shall accrue due on such respective securities of the suitors and estates of deceased persons shall be from time to time invested in new securities at interest for the benefit of those entitled; and that such securities be deposited in the Treasury, and the Accountant General is to make his report thereon from time to time to the Court.

SECOND TERM, 27TH MARCH 1820.

Ordered, that in future no application for an order nisi or any other order for payment of money out of the Treasury, shall be made before any Judge in Chambers or otherwise than in open Court, during the sitting of the Court.

EXTRACT FROM THE RULES RELATING TO JURIES IN THE SUPREME COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS.

Qualification of Jurors. **RULE 1.** All men who on any former occasion have served on Juries in the Supreme Court and all who are resident Householders within the limits of Madras, and occupy any House or Tenament of the monthly value of Thirty Rupees, or the annual value of Three Hundred Rupees, or whose property or interests in Lands, tenaments or goods would be worth the sum of Three Thousand Rupees after the payment of

their just debts, are qualified and liable to serve on Juries in the Supreme Court, except such persons as are hereinafter excepted.

Disqualification of Jurors. II. Those persons are incapable of serving on Juries in the Supreme Court who hold any Office in or under the said Court or receive any pay or emolument for any employment in

or under any Officer thereof, or for executing any duties of Police within the limits of Madras, or who are the subjects of any foreign state, or who are under the age of twenty-one years, or who are attainted of treason or felony, or who have been convicted of any fraudulent or infamous offence without having obtained a free pardon, or who are under outlawry or excommunication, or who are lunatics or idiots, or who are unable to understand the English language; and inasmuch as there are parts of the proceedings upon trials in the Supreme Court which have not usually been translated by the Interpreters, and which could not be translated without great difficulty and inconvenience, the Sheriff and Clerk of the Crown are forbidden to insert in the list hereinafter mentioned the names of any Natives of whose competence to understand the English language they have not experience or sure knowledge.

Exempted Persons. III. These persons are exempted from the liability to serve on Juries, namely, the Governor and all Peers, the Members of Council, the Chief Secretary and other Secretaries to Government, the Judges of the Court of Sudder Adawlut, the Accountant General and the Sub Treasurer for the time being, all Officers of the Army, Navy or Marine of Her Majesty or the Honorable Company, all Persons employed in the Pilot Service of the Honorable Company, all Clergymen and all such Dissenting Ministers as are actually attached to or employed in any public place of religious worship and who follow no other secular employment, but that of teaching; all Bramins, Mullahs, and other Hindus and Mahomedans, actually officiating as Priests in their respective religions; all Barristers at Law, Physicians, Surgeons, and Apothecaries, actually practising as such, all Domestic Servants and all persons above sixty years of age, or who are afflicted with any great infirmity of body or mind.

Qualification of Grand and Special Jurors. IV. All Covenanted Servants of the Honorable Company's Civil Service, all persons who according to the usage of England or of this Presidency, are entitled to the style and addition of Esquire, or of any higher degree, all persons whose claims to the title of Rajah, or to have about them any insignia of equivalent rank have been acknowledged by the Government, or whose rank or superiority of caste according to the usage of their tribe or religion would prevent them from sitting on Common Juries, shall be exempted from serving on any other than Special or Grand Juries.

List of Jurors to be prepared by the Sheriff and how. V. The Sheriff shall by all lawful means make enquiry throughout the limits of Madras, and shall prepare to the best of his ability, knowledge, information and belief a full and accurate list in alphabetical order of all persons who are qualified and liable as aforesaid to serve on Juries, and such list according to the form of the Schedule annexed to these Rules shall contain in separate columns opposite to each person's name his proper style, addition or calling, his place of residence, the country of his birth, his religious profession and his qualification to serve on Juries, and the ground of his privilege, if any, to serve on Grand or Special Juries only, provided always that in stating the religious profession of any person it shall be sufficient to say Christian, Mahomedan or Hindu or the like, without specifying the particular church or sect of the party.

Sheriff's List how and when to be delivered in, corrected and published. VI. The Sheriff shall on or before the first day of April in each year deliver to the Clerk of the Crown such list so made as aforesaid signed by himself, and the Clerk of the Crown shall thereupon if need be make further inquiry and make any necessary additions, corrections or alterations thereto which he shall think fit, and shall on or before the fifteenth day of the same month of April together with the Sheriff attend the sitting Judge in Chambers with such list, and after inspection and any necessary alteration of the said list, by such Judge, shall make out one fresh list in alphabetical order signed and attested by his hand and seal as a true and perfect list of all persons qualified to serve as Jurors in the Supreme Court, and shall cause the same to be published once in the Government Gazette before the first day of May then next and copies thereof to be affixed to some conspicuous part of the Court House and in such other place or places as he shall think best adapted for the purposes of notoriety.

Appeal of Jurors when and where to be heard. VII. The Clerk of the Crown on every day in the month of May on which any Judge shall sit in Chambers* shall attend at the Court House with the last mentioned list, and every person whose name is improperly inserted or omitted or who is wrongly

* A Judge sits in Chambers at the Supreme Court every Friday at 2 o'clock.

or defectively described, may apply to the sitting Judge who either on the oath of the party himself, or on examination of witnesses may order the list to be corrected by the Clerk of the Crown, and if any Hindu or Mahomedan included in the said list shall be desirous of being excused from serving upon Juries he may in like manner appear in the said month of May at the Court House and state to the sitting Judge such his objection, and his name shall thereupon be struck out of such list, and in case of any alteration being made in the said list, the same shall be recopied and finally perfected and attested by the Clerk of the Crown and once more published in the Government Gazette before the tenth day of June then next.

List to be kept of record and the persons named therein to be summoned as Jurors and no other—Justices and others to aid and assist the Sheriff and Clerk of the Crown to perfect the lists.

IX. The Clerk of the Crown shall place the said last mentioned list among the records of the Supreme Court and shall cause the same to be fairly and truly copied in the same form in a book, and on or before the tenth day of June shall deliver the said book to the Sheriff, who on quitting his office shall deliver it to the succeeding Sheriff, and excepting such alterations, as at any time upon motion in open Court may be directed by the Court to be made in it, the said book so prepared in each year as aforesaid shall from the said tenth day of June for twelve months next ensuing be deemed and taken to be a true list of all persons qualified and liable to serve on Juries in the Supreme Court, and the same persons shall be summoned to serve as Jurors and no other: and the Supreme Court by virtue of its authority hereby requires of all Justices of the peace and Constables and other Officers employed in the conservation of the peace and of all persons having in their keeping or possession any Public Books of Assessment or Registry that for the purpose of enabling the Sheriff and Clerk of the Crown to form and perfect the aforementioned lists they be aiding and assisting unto them:

XVI. All those who shall be lawfully summoned to serve on Juries and shall wilfully neglect to attend shall be punished as for a contempt; unless upon motion made it shall be shown to the satisfaction of the Court that the name of the person ought to be erased from the Sheriff's book; or that such a material alteration shall be made in the entry thereof in the said book as would have excused the party from attending in obedience to the summons.

ADDITIONAL RULE PUBLISHED ON THE 2D FEBRUARY 1833.

Natives may serve on Grand Juries.

Whereas by an Act of Parliament passed in the Third year of the Reign of His present Majesty King William the Fourth, entitled "An Act to amend the Law relating to the appointment of Justices of the Peace and of Juries in the East Indies"—it is among other things enacted, that from and after the First day of July One thousand Eight hundred and Thirty-two, so much of an Act passed in the Seventh year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, entitled "An Act to regulate the appointment of Juries in the East Indies" as provides and enacts that the Grand Juries in all cases and all Juries for the trial of Persons professing the Christian religion, shall consist wholly of persons professing the Christian religion, should be and the same is hereby repealed. It is hereby ordered that the 3d of the Rules relating to Juries of this Court be no longer in force, and that the Sheriff and Clerk of the Crown respectively in making out the annual list of Jurors, do insert in the list of the Grand Jurors any native inhabitants of Madras, whose rank or superiority of caste may be such as is referred to in the 5th of the said Rules, having previously ascertained that such persons are willing to serve as Grand Jurors and are sufficiently conversant with the English language.

COURT OF COMMISSIONERS FOR THE RECOVERY OF SMALL DEBTS.

Edward Francis Elliot, Esq...1st Commissioner,

John Savage, Esq.....2d do.

John Younge Fullerton, Esq....3d do.

C. Ramyah.....Registrar.

T. Chquireemootoo Moodelly....Interpreter, and Translator in
Tamil and Telooogo.

M. Soobaroy Moodelly.....Asst. Inter. and Translator in
Tamil and Telooogo.

M. G. Hoossain Khan,.....Interpreter, and Translator in
Persian and Hindoostanee,

F. Shapton and H. P. Keene...Serjeants.

R. Morgan.....Keeper of the Jail.

The Proclamation of Government dated 29th December 1801, directs that, from and after the first day of January 1832, the Court of Requests for the Recovery of Small Debts shall be composed of Three Commissioners, and the Jurisdiction shall extend to sums of 400 Rupees, or one hundred and twenty Pagodas. It empowers the Court to order and direct debts to be paid by instalments and to fix time and day of payment, and in like manner on due proof being made to the satisfaction of the Court that any Defendant is from sickness, poverty or otherwise rendered incapable of paying the debt for which any cause shall have been instituted, it shall be lawful for the Court to suspend or supersede the proceedings in such case, until it shall be made appear to the Court that the Defendant is able to pay such debt in whole or by separate instalments. The Commissioners are empowered to award and direct execution against the body or goods of parties against whom any payment, decree or order shall have been made, and to convey them to Jail, there to remain until they shall perform such order or decree, so as no person shall remain in confinement on any such execution for any longer time than the following periods according to the amount or sum for the payment of which such execution has been issued—that is to say

	DAYS.
For any sum not exceeding 5 Pagodas.....	30
For any sum above 5 Pagodas and not exceeding 10.....	60
For any sum above 10 and not exceeding 15.....	75
For any sum above 15 and not exceeding 20.....	100
For any sum above 20 and not exceeding 25.....	120

and for any sum above 25 Pagodas such time as the Court shall think reasonable on consideration of the circumstances of the case, not exceeding in the whole two years; and such imprisonment shall be deemed to be a full discharge and extinguishment of the debt and costs. And in regard to the execution against the goods of the party which the Court is empowered to issue, the Serjeants, Bailiffs and Peons of the Court, are directed to levy the amount, by seizure and distress of the goods and effects of such party, and to keep the same in safe custody until the return of such execution, when they shall report to the Court what they have done, and the Court are empowered to cause the goods and effects so seized to be sold for the purpose of satisfying the sum or sums of money and costs for which such execution has been made. The Registrar is directed to endorse on every execution which shall be issued from the Court the exact amount including the costs and the fee allowed to the Bailiff, Officer, or Peon, who has the execution of the process—and on tender or payment of that amount to the Registrar of the Court before the body of any party shall be actually taken in custody or before the distrained goods shall have been sold, such execution shall be immediately superseded. Whenever any person shall be committed to prison, the person at whose suit such execution or process shall issue, shall pay to the person committed an allowance not exceeding two fanams per day for an European, and one fanam for a Native; the same to be paid to the Gaoler or left in the house for the use of the person so committed, on Monday in every week, and in case default be made in payment of such allowance, and the person at whose suit such person shall be committed shall not within three days after notice pay or cause to be paid such allowance, it shall be lawful for the Court to discharge the prisoners. The said Commissioners or any of them, on being insulted in Court, are empowered to apprehend and bring such person or persons

before them on the next Court day and on the offence being proved, to impose any fine not exceeding Twenty Pagodas on the person so offending, and if the person who shall have committed such offence shall not pay such fine it shall be lawful for the said Court to commit such offender to Gaol, there to remain for any time not exceeding one Calendar month, or until he shall have paid such fine.

RULES OF PROCEEDINGS.

1st.—That on application being made to the Registrar of the Court, he shall enter in the Cause Book to be provided for that purpose, the name of the parties and the sum demanded and the account of consideration on which the same is due or demanded, that thereupon he shall fill up a summons directed to the Defendant containing these particulars, and commanding him to appear in the said Court at a time and place to be therein expressed, which summons shall, if against a Native be delivered to a Peon of the said Court, or if against an European to a Serjeant or Bailiff of the said Court to be forthwith served on the Debtor or Defendant, either personally, or by leaving the same at the dwelling house, shop or boutique of the Defendant or Debtor three full days before the day of appearance, exclusive of the day of service and for appearance.

2d.—That if the Defendant shall not appear at the return of the first summons, a second summons shall be served in the like manner as the first, and if on the return thereof he shall still make default, then on due proof being made by the summoning Officer of the service of the said 1st and 2d summons, an attachment shall be granted against the Defendant, and on the return of such attachment and affidavit made of the personal service thereof, or of either of the summons, if the Defendant shall still neglect to attend and no good cause be affixed in excuse of such neglect the Registrar shall within four days after such returns enter an appearance for him, and thereupon the Court shall proceed to hear the cause *ex parte* and shall give judgment thereon with stay of execution for ten days, within which time the Defendant shall be at liberty on payment of the costs of the said 1st and 2d summons and of the said attachment, and not otherwise, to pray that the said judgment may be set aside and that he may be heard in his defence against the Plaintiff's demand.

3d.—That no Lands, Gardens, or Houses shall on any pretence be seized or sold under any execution from this Court to satisfy any judgment or decree obtained thereon.

4th.—That if at the return of any summons at any Court day or adjournment the Creditor or Plaintiff shall not appear, or appearing shall not make proof of his, her or their debt, or demand to the satisfaction of the Court, a nonsuit shall be entered against such Creditor or Plaintiff, and the Court shall award such costs against him, her, or them, as the cause may seem to require, so as they be not inconsistent with the table of fees established for the Court.

5th.—That in any case wherein the Commissioners shall give judgment for any debt or sum of money or costs, they shall be at liberty on the request of the Defendant or Debtor for his ease and convenience, on then being satisfied of his inability to make immediate payment of the whole, to order and direct at what particular day and times, and by what instalments, such debt, sum of money or costs shall be paid and satisfied, and that upon the first default or failure of any of the instalments the Court may on the application of the Creditor or Plaintiff, and on proof of the default, award execution for the whole debt or such part thereof as shall remain unpaid, together with such further costs as to the Court shall seem reasonable to be recovered by the same process, and in like manner as is directed for the recovery of the debt and costs first decreed.

6th.—That it shall be in the discretion of the Court by which of the parties the costs are to be paid, or to apportion the same between the parties.

7th.—That in case where the debt shall not exceed Twenty-five Pagodas the names of the parties, the amount sued for, and the decision of the Court thereon, shall be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, in a manner similar to that in which the record of the proceedings in the present Court of Requests is kept, and that in cases where the amount of the debt or demand does exceed that sum, a record of the complaint of the plaintiff, the nature of the defence of the defendant, the names of the witnesses examined, and the judgment of the Court thereon shall be entered agreeably to the form approved by the Governor in Council for the purpose.

TABLE OF FEES ESTABLISHED FOR THE COURT OF COMMISSIONERS FOR THE RECOVERY OF SMALL DEBTS.

1ST JANUARY 1802.

SUM SUED FOR				Entering Com- plaints & granting Summons.	Every Witness Examined and Execution fees.	Every Subpoena issued.	Hearing of the Cause and final Decree at ten per cent.
R.	A.	Inclusive Rs.		R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
		to	17 8	0 10 0	0 5 0	0 2 6	1 12 0
17	8	do	35 0	1 4 0	0 10 0	0 5 0	3 8 0
35	0	..	52 8	1 14 0	0 15 0	0 7 6	5 4 0
52	8	..	70 0	2 8 0	1 4 0	0 10 0	7 0 0
70	0	..	87 8	3 2 0	1 9 0	0 12 6	8 12 0
87	8	..	105 0	3 12 0	1 14 0	0 15 0	10 8 0
105	0	..	122 8	4 6 0	2 3 0	1 1 6	12 4 0
122	8	..	140 0	5 0 0	2 8 0	1 4 0	14 0 0
140	0	..	157 8	5 10 0	2 13 0	1 6 6	15 12 0
157	8	..	175 0	6 4 0	3 2 0	1 9 0	17 8 0
175	0	..	192 8	6 14 0	3 7 0	1 11 6	19 4 0
192	8	..	210 0	7 8 0	3 12 0	1 14 0	21 0 0
210	0	..	227 8	8 2 0	4 1 0	2 0 6	22 12 0
227	8	..	245 0	8 12 0	4 6 0	2 3 0	24 8 0
245	0	..	262 8	9 6 0	4 11 0	2 5 6	26 4 0
262	8	..	280 0	10 0 0	5 0 0	2 8 0	28 0 0
280	0	..	297 8	10 10 0	5 5 0	2 10 6	29 12 0
297	8	..	315 0	11 4 0	5 10 0	2 13 0	31 8 0
315	0	..	332 8	11 14 0	5 15 0	2 15 6	33 4 0
332	8	..	350 0	12 8 0	6 4 0	3 2 0	35 0 0
350	0	..	367 8	13 2 0	6 9 0	3 4 6	36 12 0
367	8	..	385 0	13 12 0	6 14 9	3 7 0	38 8 0
385	0	..	402 8	14 6 0	7 3 0	3 9 6	40 4 0
402	8	..	420 0	15 0 0	7 8 0	3 12 0	42 0 0

A Second Summons to be the same as the first.

An Attachment, Annas two and Pice six more than the first.

An Execution the half of a Summons.

To the Bailiffs, Peons, &c. for executing every Writ or Process of the Court, Annas two and Pice six.

To the Registrar for every examination or deposition reduced into writing and for filing the same, Twenty-five fanams.

Police Department.

GENERAL POLICE OFFICE, Pantheon Road.

EDWARD FRANCIS ELLIOT, Esq. Chief Magistrate and Superintendent of Police,
Captain G. W. Whistler, Police Magistrate.
John Walker, Esq. do. (*on other duty.*)
Captain F. J. Clerk, Acting do.
Francis Kelly, Esq. } Police Magistrates and Deputy Superintendents of
V. Raugavah Chateur, } Police.
J. Flower, Esq. Clerk to the Justices.
M. Soomasoondara Moodelly, Interpreter.
P. Mariasoosay Moodelly, Deputy do.
John McLaren, Keeper of the Justices' Jail.

CONSTABLES.

Stations.

John McLaren.....Market.
Joseph Marshall.....Parcherry, Black Town.
John Spencer.....Opposite the Police Office, Pantheon Road.
William Boyd.....New Town, Paracmittoo.
James Wakefield.....St. Thomé.

The Police is divided into Six Divisions, with a Jemadar at the head of each, viz.

- 1st Division**—Black Town,—Jemadar Mahomed Hoossain.
- 2d Division**—Triplicane, Royapett, Meersapett, Nagathel Covil, Narsingapooram, Wallajahpettah, Chepauk—Jemadar Mohdeen Khan.
- 3d Division**—St. Thomé, Tanampett, Alverpett, Quibble Island—Jemadar Narraingsingh.
- 4th Division**—Chindadrepett, Egmore, Comilesveran Covil, Poodoopett, Nungambaukum, Chetput, Curcathacovil.—Jemadar Choodamanev.
- 5th Division**—Pariamittoo, Vepery, Choolay, Pursewaukum, Perambore, Vasara-paudy—Jemadar Mahomed Sillaman.
- 6th Division**—Washerman's pettah, Tandearpett, Sungceveeroyempett, Royapoo-ram, Cochrane's Canal—Jemadar Chunderabaun.

The Constables, Jemadars, Duffadars, Peons, and other Police Officers, are under the immediate orders of the Superintendent of Police and the Deputies.

POLICE REGULATIONS.

For complaints of assaults and misdemeanors, summonses are issued at the office from 3 p. m. every day, except Sundays and festival days.

Police Office is open from 9½ A. M. to 5 p. m. or until business is finished.

The Chief Magistrate is on the Bench from 9½ to 11 o'clock A. M. to hear the night cases and reports from the several Divisions. At 11 A. M. the sitting Magistrates for the week take the Bench and dispose of all such as are summoned. At 4 p. m. The Chief Magistrate resumes his seat on the Bench for the purpose of hearing petitioners, &c.

The Chief Magistrate from 11 A. M. to 4 p. m. is always accessible to all parties in his own office, administers oaths, investigates cases for committal, &c.

The Rotation Magistrates for the week (one European and one Native) sit together from 11 A. M. till 4 p. m. each day, or until the cases are disposed of; hear and adjudicate cases requiring the presence of two Justices. The Chief Magistrate occasionally presides in deciding caste, religious and family disputes, and charges preferred against Police officers. The other (Native) Magistrate is occupied in investigating cases sent to him by the Superintendent of Police, and in committing for trial at the Sessions.

The Lock-up House, Justices' Jail, House of Correction, and House of Industry, are under the special orders of the Chief Magistrate.

The Chief Magistrate, and Police and Beach Magistrates, visit the Jails monthly in rotation.

All religious and other processions are under the directions of the Chief Magistrate.

Correspondence on general points affecting the Police or its Establishment passes through the office of the Chief Magistrate.

Complaints against Police officers to be preferred to the Chief Magistrate.

The Superintendent and his Deputies investigate charges preferred against individuals violating the Rules of the Revenue within the Collectorate of Madras.

Police Magistrates attend the Beach Police weekly in rotation.

JUSTICES IN SESSIONS AND THEIR OFFICERS.

Edward Francis Elliot, Esq.—*Chairman.*

Andrew Robertson, Esq.	Seth Sam, Senior, Esq.
Francis Kelly, Esq.	John Arathoon, Esq.
V. Rangava Chaurur,	Joseph Pugh, Esq.
Godfrey Webster Whistler, Esq.	James H. Bell, Esq.
John Walker, Esq.	Frederick Joseph Clerk, Esq.
John Dent, Esq.	Hyder Jung Bahadoor,
John Chardin Wroughton, Esq.	Aunundaroy Moodeliar,
James Ouchterlony, Esq.	C. Streenevassa Pillay,
Archibald F. Arbuthnot, Esq.	C. Chocapa Chittyar, and
William Scott Binny, Esq.	C. Rangava Chittyar.

James Flower, Esq.....	Clerk of the Peace.
John Crookshank, Esq.....	Collector of Assessment.
Captain John Thomas Smith....	Assessor and Civil Engineer.
M. Somasoondra Moodeliar.....	Interpreter to the Justices in Sessions.
Mr. William Todd.....	Distraining Officer.
Mr. John William Vexon.....	Crier of the Court.

ASSESSMENT REGULATIONS.

The Assessment is collected in advance and is levied for the sole purpose of "watching, cleansing, and repairing the streets." The Assessment is levied at 5 per cent. on the annual value of all houses, buildings, and grounds.

Proceedings of 2d September 1818.

"The Court resolve, that after bills for Assessment have been presented, and the demand duly made three times at an interval of ten days, a warrant of distress shall be issued against the goods and chattels of the Owners or Occupiers refusing or neglecting to pay the amount due on the said bills.

Proceedings of 17th January 1821.

"Resolved that, if houses are occupied for 6 months, to pay a year's Assessment, if for a less period than 6 months, to pay for the half year.

Proceedings of 16th November 1830.

"Resolved that in all cases, where applications are made on account of excess of Assessment, that the bill for that year only be reduced according to the Assessor's report, but, without reference to any former bills that may be outstanding."

Proceedings of 22d March 1837.

"Resolved that when houses are unoccupied, notice be given to the Collector of Assessment, in writing, within three months from the date of their becoming vacant, or that the Assessment be paid by the Proprietor or subsequent Occupiers of them.

It is to be understood, that no exemption will be permitted, on the plea of vacancy, unless this rule is strictly complied with.

Proceedings of 10th January 1838.

Resolved that in future, all claims for remission, on account of excess of Assessment, be attended to till the 31st October in each year, and that, from and after that date, no petitions be received.

REGULATIONS FOR PALANKEEN BEARERS.

Palankeen boys employed at Madras or travelling within the Frontier.

1. Palankeen bearers of all descriptions 9 in a set, to be paid at the rate of 3½ Annas each per day, or Rupees 6 and three quarters per month.
2. Bearers are entitled to the daily hire of 3½ annas although their services may be only required for a portion of the day; it will, however, be optional with the Bearers to engage themselves per trip or for half hire.
3. A set of Bearers, required to go beyond the precincts of Madras or St. Thomas's Mount, Palaveram, Poonamallee, Red Hills or Ennore, shall consist of 10; but if required for a greater distance, of 12.
4. Bearers hired to go beyond the precincts of Madras, to be paid accord-

ing to the distance, calculating the rate of hire at $3\frac{1}{2}$ Annas each for every 10 English miles.

5. A set of Bearers when travelling shall receive $3\frac{1}{2}$ annas each for every 10 English miles.

6. If a person going beyond the precincts of Madras, or in the course of a journey remains at a place, he must, for the first day pay each bearer 1 anna batta. If he remains more than one day, he must pay each bearer $3\frac{1}{2}$ annas per day.

7. All calculations for hire will be made agreeably to the Table of distances and routes in the Madras Almanac.

8. Palankeens for hire being numbered and stationed in different places, all persons hiring palankeens will in future be enabled to ascertain the particular palankeen and bearers they may employ, and in the event of any loss of property or misconduct in the bearers, the number of the palankeen should be immediately reported with the matter of complaint, to the Superintendent of Police.

From No. 1 to 94 at Popham's Broadway.

No. 95 to 101 at Baker Street, Black Town.

No. 102 to 109 at Rattanman Street, do.

No. 110 to 120 at Moor Street, do.

No. 121 to 145 at Errabaula Chitty Street, do.

No. 146 to 154 at Munundy Street, do.

No. 155 to 161 at John Pereira's Garden.

No. 162 to 165 at Royapooram.

No. 166 to 173 at Narrainpolliam.

No. 174 to 187 at Pursewaukum.

No. 188 to 192 at W. Balfour's Garden.

No. 193 to 197 at Egmore.

No. 198 to 200 at Rosspettah.

No. 201 to 215 at Pariamettoo.

No. 216 to 228 at Podoopaukum.

No. 229 to 235 at Royapettah.

No. 236 to 244 at Mount Road.

No. 245 to 248 at St. Thomé.

REGULATIONS FOR BEARERS ON FIELD SERVICE,

9. A set of bearers on Field Service are to receive each rupees 7 a month and the head bearer 8 rupees.

10. Bearers on field hire are not to receive batta.

REGULATIONS FOR POSTED BEARERS.

11. A set of posted bearers shall consist of 12 bearers, one massauljee, and one cowry cooly ; the charge for which shall be 5 annas per set, for every mile they carry a loaded palankeen, and the charge shall be the same whether a cowry cooly be employed or not.

12. Sets of bearers posted shall receive half hire, or $2\frac{1}{2}$ annas for every mile they travel to their post, and full hire or 5 annas for every mile they carry a loaded palankeen, except where bearers return loaded *along the same road on which they have travelled to their post*—in such cases they shall not receive the half hire for travelling to their post, in addition to full hire for the distance they travel with their load, but full hire only : unless they have carried out an empty palankeen, in which case they shall be entitled to the additional half hire.

13. If bearers are detained on the road, they are to receive 1 anna for the first day, and $3\frac{1}{2}$ annas for each succeeding day.

14. If after having been posted they are recalled, they are to receive for the whole time they have been absent at the rate of $3\frac{1}{2}$ annas per day for each bearer.

15. In case of a set of bearers who are posted for any gentleman having received their hire to such post, and being required for any other traveller, such person shall pay the set the established rate of 5 annas for every mile they carry him, in like manner as though they had been posted for him ; and if the set be detained for him, he will be liable to the charges for detention specified in paragraph 13.

16. In order to facilitate the keeping the accounts, all fractional portions of a mile will be discarded. If the fractional part exceed the half, the bearers will enjoy the benefit of a full mile—if less than the half, they will not be entitled to any hire for the same.

17. All charges shall be made agreeably to the Table of distances and routes in the Madras Almanac.

18. The load for a cowry cooly shall not exceed 50lbs. weight divided into two equal portions of 25lbs. each.

GOVERNMENT BEARERS.

Western Road— Madras to Vencatagerry on route to Bangalore.	Southern Road— Madras to Shencottai on route to Trichinopoly.	Road from Trichinopoly to the Nilgerry Hills.
<p>M.F. Alappankun to Cummurpet 20 1 Coriatum... 24 7 Nalkenaiy 19 6</p>	<p>M.F. Alamparva to Rungquillah Chutrum 10 5 1 Cuddalore... 13 1 1 Ramalinga Chitty Choultry..... 15 2</p>	<p>Paramatty Kongay Avalay Chikadarem Polladam Ootacamund</p>

19. Government bearers are established on the great Western and Southern Roads at the several stations enumerated in the margin ;—on the former, as far as Naickanairy, where they join those established by His Highness the Rajah of Mysore—on the latter, as far as Ramalinga Chitty's Choultry on route to Trichinopoly. Government bearers are also established on the road from Trichinopoly to Ootacamund.

20. Two* sets are established at each station, each set consisting of 12 bearers, one massauljee, and one cowry cooly. These sets must not, on any account whatever, be taken off the main road.

21. Applications for these bearers, at the Presidency, are to be preferred to the Post Master General. At Out stations such applications are to be preferred to the Collector, or Assistant Collector, or the nearest Police Officer. It is desirable that, whenever practicable, at least two day's notice should be given ; but when travellers propose to avail themselves of the services of the public bearers stationed in North Arcot, four full days' notice will be required.

22. The charge for Government bearers is five annas per mile. This sum includes all charges, except 6 annas for torch and oil for any stages travelled between sun set and sun rise, and a gratuity of half a rupee per set, which it is expected will not be withheld, except in cases of misconduct on the part of the bearers, to be noted on the certificate.

23. Applications for Government bearers must be accompanied by payment in advance for the entire distance, at five annas per mile, otherwise they will not be attended to.

24. Travellers, whether proceeding from the Presidency, or from Out-stations, are provided with an order for the bearers, bearing the official signature of the authority to whom application has been made. To this order is attached a blank certificate, vide Form A. in which they are requested particularly to enter the date of departure and arrival, and also to note any cause of dissatisfaction they may meet with on their journey, and the places where they may meet with obstructions or irregularities on the part of the bearers, or subordinate public servants. On the termination of the dawk, this form is to be delivered, if at the Presidency, to the Post Master General ; if at an Out-station, to the Collector of the district, by whom it will be countersigned and forwarded for registration in the Presidency Office, accompanied by any observations he may have to offer.

25. When a dawk has been ordered circumstances may render it expedient for the traveller to postpone his journey, or to abandon it altogether ; he will, in the event of the bearers having been refused on his account to another applicant, be liable to the whole charge of five annas per mile, in like manner as though he had employed them. But in the event of no other

* Save at Caroor, where one set is only stationed.

application having been preferred for these bearers, he will not be liable to any forfeit.

26. The Government bearers are available for the service of Europeans or Natives, without reference to rank or caste, and shall be supplied solely with reference to priority of application, (of which a register shall be duly kept at the General Post Office at the Presidency, and at the Collector's Cutcherry at Out-stations,) save and except when a Public Officer may be directed to proceed dawk at the public expence; in such cases Government reserves to itself a right to the service of the bearers in preference to private individuals.

27. It must be understood that, although every pains will be taken by the Government servants to prevent disappointment to travellers, yet Government will not be responsible in the event of such occurrences. Every traveller therefore travels at his risk, and Government cannot be considered liable to make good any losses whatever a traveller may suffer, either from delay or accident.

28. When irregularities and consequent inconvenience occur to travellers, the Superintendent of Police at Madras, on being applied to, will immediately investigate the complaint brought to his notice.

29. In cases of surcharge alone, or charges which to the parties complaining might appear unjust, because arising out of some positive neglect or error on the part of the person who lays the dawk, it would be the duty of the Superintendent of Police at Madras to investigate the matter, with a view to afford pecuniary redress.

30. Any decision pronounced by the Superintendent of Police at Madras in all references relative to dawk bearers, to be considered final.

31. All persons requiring a dawk, where no Government bearers are available, may apply, if at the Presidency to the Post Master General—if at Out-stations, to the nearest Collector or his Assistant, by giving ten days notice. This application should be made agreeably to Form B. affording full information as to time and place. It will then be the duty of such Post Master General, Collector, or Assistant Collector, to communicate with the necessary authorities along the line of route. When the dawk is ready, the authority will notify the same to the traveller, and will furnish him with a certificate, agreeably to Form C., bearing his signature, and containing a list of stages where the bearers are posted and within his own district, and the sums, not of course including any accidental demurrage, to be paid to each set. On arriving at other districts in succession, he will receive at the first stage in like manner fresh certificates from their respective Collectors.

32. At the conclusion of the dawk the traveller will countersign each of those certificates, in attestation of having paid the sums set opposite the several stages, and then return the same to their respective Collectors for record in the Office. It is expected that any irregularities or misconduct on the part of the bearers will be notified in the column of remarks, in order that due enquiry may be instituted and correction administered.

33. All demurrage will be charged as explained in paragraph 13.

34. All letters on the subject of posting bearers shall be superscribed "bearers service," in order that no delay may occur in their being opened by the proper authority.

35. It is to be understood that nothing in the foregoing rules is to interfere with travellers applying to private individuals to post their bearers, should they prefer doing so.

FORM A.

CERTIFICATE to be furnished to Travellers proceeding with Government Bearers—to be by them filled up and signed, and forwarded at the termination of the dawk to the Post Master General, Madras.

The bearer of this Certificate (*here insert name and designation of the traveller*), is entitled to the services of one set of the Government Bearers, consisting of 12 Bearers, one Massauljee, and one Cowry cooly, (*name of place*) to (*name of place*) on (*date of week*) and (*date of week*) the (*date of month*) and (*date of month*) instant. He will quit (*place*) at (*hour*) o'clock and will

remain () hours at (place) and (place) and will reach (station) at (here insert day and hour) on (Signed) A. B. Collector.

It is requested that any delays, irregularities, or misconduct, on the part of the bearers may be notified in the column of remarks for investigation on the return of this document, for registry in the Office at Madras at the termination of the dawk.

Names of Stations.	No. of Miles.	Date and hour of arrival.	Date and hour of departure.	Remarks.

(Signed) C. D. Traveller.

FORM B.

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR BEARERS.

To the Post Master General,

SIR,

I have the honor to request that a dawk may be laid for me from Madras to Masulipatam. I propose to start on Saturday evening the 7th of February, at 4 P. M. I shall remain 6 hours at Nellore, 4 hours at Ongole and 4 hours at Guntoor. I shall require a Massauljee and Cowry Cooly.

Your obedient servant,

Madras, January 31, 1835.

A. B. Zillah Judge,

FORM C.

FORM OF CERTIFICATE to be granted by the Post Master General at Madras, or Collectors up Country, to Travellers proceeding dawk through their respective districts, to be by him returned, at termination of the dawk, to the Office whence received.

Date on which Dawk is ordered.	Date on which Dawk is supplied.	Names of Stages.	Distance between stages.	Amount payable to each set not including demurrage.	Date of Arrival in District.	Date of departure from do.	No. of hours of halt.	Amount paid on account of demurrage.	REMARKS.

Station and Date.

(Signed) C. D. Traveller.

(Signed) A. B., Collector.

PROCLAMATION &c. RESPECTING EUROPEANS NOT IN THE COMPANY'S SERVICE.

Fort St. George, October 20, 1835.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council, with reference to Act 3d and 4th of William the IV., Cap. LXXXV, Clause LXXXI, is pleased to appoint the Superintendent of Police and Chief Magistrate, as the Officer to whom all natural born subjects of His Majesty, not in the King's or Company's Service and not being Natives of India, must report themselves on their arrival at Madras, from any Port or Place, not within the Company's Territories. At Out-Stations the report is to be made to the nearest Justice of the Peace.

Fort St. George, July 25, 1837.

It is hereby notified that natural born British subjects proceeding into the Provinces subject to this Presidency, are not required to be furnished with Passports, provided they shall have made known in writing, their names, places of destination, and objects of pursuit in India, as required by Act 3d and William 4th, Cap. 85, Section 81.

Published by order of the Governor in Council.

(Signed) ROBERT CLERK,

Secretary to Government.

Table of Distances of Different Stations, and the Rates of Palankeen Bearers, Cooly, Carriage Bullock, and Cart Hire.

Names of Places.	Distance from Madras.		Palankeen Bearers and Cooly hire at 3 single Madras Fanams each for every 10 English Miles.		The hire of a Carriage Bullock with a Driver at 4 and a half single Madras Fanams for every 10 English Miles.		The hire of a Cart with a Driver and 2 Bullocks at 13 single Madras Fanams and 60 cash for every 10 English Miles.				
	M.	F.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
Ackola	677	0	15	12	8	23	11	1	72	6	5
Adoni	310	7	7	4	0	10	15	0	33	3	6
Ahmednugger	731	2	17	1	4	25	9	6	78	3	3
Anantapoor	308	4	7	3	1	10	12	8	33	0	0
Angrypaur	403	0	9	6	5	14	1	7	43	1	7
Anjengo	476	2 ³ ₄	11	1	9	16	10	8	50	15	0
Aravercouchy	277	9	6	7	4	9	11	1	29	11	2
Arcot	73	3	1	11	4	2	9	0	7	13	6
Arnee	81	3	1	14	4	2	13	6	8	11	2
Arungabad	689	0	16	1	2	24	1	10	73	11	0
Aska	706	1	16	7	6	24	11	3	75	8	2
Asseerghur	829	0	19	5	5	29	0	2	88	10	6
Baitmungalum	146	7	3	6	10	5	2	3	15	12	5
Bangalore	207	5	4	13	5	7	4	2	22	3	3
Bedur	470	0	10	15	5	16	7	1	50	4	2
Beekul	440	0	10	4	3	15	6	4	47	0	10
Belgaum	515	0	12	0	3	18	0	4	55	1	2
Bellary <i>via</i> Cuddapah	317	2	7	6	5	11	1	8	33	14	9
Do. <i>via</i> Nundidroog	352	2	8	3	6	12	5	3	37	10	5
Berhampoor	675	0	15	12	0	23	8	0	72	3	0
Bidenoor	468	0	10	14	8	16	6	0	50	0	10
Bombay	774	0	18	0	11	27	1	5	82	12	5
Burhampoor	681	0	15	14	3	23	13	4	72	13	3
Calcutta	1104	1	25	12	1	38	10	3	18	1	2
Calicut	425	2	9	13	11	14	12	10	45	4	2
Cannanore	418	4	9	12	3	14	10	5	44	12	1
Canote	394	7	9	3	5	13	13	1	42	3	7
Caroor	255	4	5	15	4	8	15	0	27	5	2
Chandernagherry	91	0	2	2	0	3	3	0	9	11	8
Chicacole	566	2	13	3	4	19	13	1	66	8	11
Chingleput	36	1	0	13	5	1	4	2	3	13	9
Cherpulcherry	394	0	9	3	1	13	12	8	42	2	2
Chittledroog	345	3	8	0	11	12	1	4	36	11	11
Chittoor	99	4	2	5	1	3	7	8	10	10	2
Chomaday	354	0	8	4	1	12	6	3	37	13	9
Cochin	473	6	11	0	10	16	9	3	50	10	7
Coimbaconum <i>via</i> Sadras	180	7	4	3	6	6	5	3	19	5	5
Do. <i>via</i> Chingleput	191	2	4	7	4	6	11	0	20	7	2
Coimbatoor	332	0	7	11	11	11	9	11	35	8	1
Condapilly	278	2	6	7	10	9	11	9	29	12	1
Conjeveram	45	0	1	0	10	1	9	3	4	13	0
Coongul	263	0	6	2	1	9	3	1	28	2	0

Names of Places.	Distance from Madras.		Palankeen Bearers and Cooly hire at 3 single Madras Fanams each, for every 10 English Miles.			The hire of a Carriage Bullock with a Driver at 4 and half single Madras Fanams, for every 10 Eng. Miles.			The hire of a Cart with a Driver and 2 Bullocks at 18 single Madras Fanams and 60 Cash, for every 10 English Miles.		
	M.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
Corally	406	4	9	7	8	14	3	6	43	7	6
Coringa	366	0	8	8	7	12	10	0	39	2	3
Cotapuramba	402	7	9	6	5	14	1	7	43	1	3
Cotiaddy	387	3	9	0	7	13	8	11	41	6	10
Covelong	23	0	0	8	7	0	12	10	2	7	2
Cottacottah	188	0	4	6	2	6	9	3	20	1	8
Cuddalore	104	4	2	7	0	3	10	6	11	2	10
Cuddapah	165	7	3	13	11	5	12	10	17	12	0
Cumnum	228	0	5	5	1	7	15	7	24	6	1
Cundapoor	458	2	10	11	0	16	0	6	48	15	8
Cunnatoor	84	2	1	15	5	2	15	1	9	0	1
Cuttack	812	0	18	15	1	28	6	8	86	13	5
Daraloor	370	0	8	10	1	12	15	2	39	9	1
Darumpooram	313	0	7	4	10	10	15	1	33	7	7
Darampoory	184	4	4	4	10	6	7	3	19	11	8
Darwar	494	0	11	8	4	17	4	6	52	13	3
Dindigul	271	4	6	5	4	9	8	0	29	0	7
Eddittacottah	348	3	8	2	1	12	3	12	37	4	1
Ellichpoor	751	0	17	8	4	26	4	9	78	5	1
Ellore	314	2	7	5	3	11	0	0	33	9	8
Ennore	10	0	0	3	8	0	5	6	1	1	1
Ercoor	408	4	9	8	6	14	4	8	43	11	0
Errode	261	0	6	0	2	9	0	3	27	14	7
Ganjam	697	1	16	4	3	24	6	5	74	8	10
Goa	589	3	13	12	0	20	10	0	63	0	5
Ghooty	264	2	6	2	7	9	3	10	28	4	1
Gunnappuddywatum	356	5	8	5	1	12	7	7	38	2	2
Gundicottah	229	7	5	5	9	8	0	9	24	9	4
Guntoor	254	5	5	15	0	8	14	6	27	3	7
Gurramcondah	148	6	3	7	7	5	3	3	15	14	6
Hingooly	621	0	14	7	9	22	3	7	66	6	7
Hooliaul	486	3	11	5	7	17	0	4	52	0	3
Hurryhur	399	6	9	5	3	13	15	10	42	12	0
Hyderabad	388	2	9	1	0	13	9	5	41	8	2
Inhacondah	237	0	5	8	5	8	4	8	25	5	6
Itchapoor	662	6	15	7	4	23	3	0	70	14	0
Jaulnah	668	0	15	11	10	23	9	9	71	7	0
Jemaulabad	399	0	9	5	0	13	15	6	42	10	9
Jufferbad	697	0	16	4	2	24	6	3	74	8	8
Kakuncottah	342	7	8	0	0	12	0	0	36	10	8
Kulladgee	453	3	10	9	3	15	13	10	48	7	9
Kistnagherry	165	7	3	13	11	5	12	10	17	11	9
Koniotecottah	370	0	8	10	1	12	15	2	39	9	1
Kulputty	381	0 $\frac{1}{2}$	8	14	2	13	5	3	40	11	11
Kurnool	291	3	6	12	9	10	3	1	31	2	8

Names of Places.	Distance from Madras.		Palankeen Bearers and Cooly hire at 3 single Madras Fanams each, for every 10 English Miles.			The hire of a Carriage Bullock with a Driver at 4 and half single Madras Fanams for every 10 English Miles.			The hire of a Cart with a Driver and 2 Bullocks at 13 single Madras Fanams and 60 Cash for every 10 English Miles.		
	M.	F.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
Kure	390	0	9	1	7	13	10	4	41	11	3
Kackrycottah	392	3	9	2	6	13	11	9	41	15	5
Madura	289	7	6	12	2	10	2	3	30	15	1
Malgaum	803	0	18	11	9	28	1	8	85	14	0
Manantoddy	863	4	8	7	8	12	11	6	38	13	11
Mangalore	446	7	10	6	10	15	10	3	47	12	8
Masulipatam	265	0	6	3	0	9	4	6	28	5	5
Matalet	376	4	8	12	6	13	2	9	40	4	3
Margasee	264	0	6	2	6	9	3	9	28	3	8
Moutana	384	0	8	15	4	13	7	0	41	1	0
Mount	8	0	0	3	0	0	4	6	0	13	8
Mudgherry	261	0	6	1	5	9	2	1	27	14	6
Mulkapoor	767	0	17	14	3	26	13	4	82	0	5
Mysore	294	0	6	13	8	10	4	7	31	7	0
Neilgherry, the bottom of the Ghaut	362	0	8	7	0	12	10	6	38	11	5
Nagore	174	0	4	1	0	6	1	6	18	9	8
Nagpore	704	0	16	6	9	24	10	2	75	4	7
Namcul	251	2	5	13	9	8	12	7	26	13	11
Neddy Bringaul	384	4	8	15	6	13	7	3	41	1	11
Negapatam	178	4	4	2	8	6	4	0	19	1	5
Nadaila	429	3	10	0	2	15	0	3	45	14	8
Nellore	111	5	2	9	8	3	14	6	11	14	11
Nundidroog	199	5	4	10	6	6	15	9	21	5	6
Nussom	219	0	5	1	6	7	10	8	23	7	0
Ongole	190	1	4	7	0	6	10	6	20	5	3
Onore	512	0	11	15	1	17	14	8	54	12	1
Oojein	1024	0	23	14	3	35	13	4	109	8	2
Osoor	205	0	4	12	6	7	2	9	21	14	9
Ootacamund	392	0	9	9	8	14	6	6	41	14	5
Padapaulum	27	0	0	10	0	0	15	0	2	14	2
Palamcottah	388	3	9	1	0	13	9	6	41	8	6
Palaveram	12	5	0	4	8	0	7	0	1	5	5
Penoortacottah	373	4	8	11	0	13	1	0	39	15	1
Paratacoonah	401	6	9	6	0	14	1	0	42	15	4
Paulghautcherry	364	0	8	8	0	12	12	0	38	14	10
Paughur	283	0	6	9	7	9	14	6	30	4	3
Perrvweel	389	4	9	1	4	13	10	0	41	10	5
Pondicherry	88	5	2	1	1	3	1	8	9	7	6
Poolenjaul	371	2	8	10	7	12	15	11	39	11	2
Pooliary	383	0	8	14	11	13	6	4	40	15	1
Poolulchiroo	212	0	4	15	1	7	6	8	22	10	9
Poona	672	6	15	11	1	23	8	10	71	15	1
Poonamallee	13	0	0	4	9	0	7	2	1	6	2

Names of Places.		Distance from Madras.	Palankeen Bearers and Cooly hire at 3 single Madras Fanams each, for every 10 English Miles.			The hire of a Carriage Bullock with a Driver at 4 and half single Madras Fanams for every 10 English Miles.			The hire of a Cart with a Driver and 2 Bullocks at 13 single Madras Fanams and 60 Cash for every 10 English Miles.		
		M. F.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
Porto Novo	...	124 0	2	14	3	4	5	4	13	3	6
Pullicarney	...	15 0	0	5	7	0	8	5	1	9	8
Pulicat	...	28 0	0	10	4	0	15	6	3	0	0
Pychee	...	387 0	9	0	6	13	8	8	41	6	2
Quilon	...	448 23 ³ / ₄	10	7	4	15	11	0	47	15	2
Rachore	...	349 5	8	2	3	12	3	4	37	5	3
Rachouty	...	158 2	3	11	3	5	8	11	16	15	4
Rajamundry	...	370 0	8	10	2	12	15	3	39	9	8
Ramasweram	...	356 0	8	4	10	12	7	3	38	1	1
Ramnad	...	321 0	7	7	10	11	3	9	34	5	3
Red Hills	...	10 0	0	3	8	0	5	6	1	1	1
Royacottah	...	183 1	4	4	4	6	6	6	19	9	3
Salem	...	219 0	5	1	8	7	0	6	23	6	8
Samulcottah	...	402 1	9	6	1	14	1	3	43	0	0
Sanagaloo	...	352 1	8	3	5	12	5	3	37	10	5
Sankernacoil	...	359 0	8	6	0	12	9	0	38	6	4
Sankerrydroog	...	345 0	5	11	6	8	9	3	26	3	2
Secunderabad	...	394 0	9	3	1	13	12	7	42	2	2
Serah	...	292 6	6	13	3	10	3	10	31	4	11
Seringapatam	...	284 4	6	10	2	9	15	3	30	6	9
Sidashager	...	576 0	13	7	0	20	2	6	61	9	7
Sidout	...	176 5	4	1	10	6	2	9	18	14	1
Sholapoor	...	577 3	13	7	6	20	3	3	61	11	10
Tambercherry	...	394 7	9	3	5	13	13	1	2	3	5
Tanjore	...	206 3	4	13	0	7	3	6	22	1	1
Tellicherry	...	405 4	9	7	4	14	3	0	43	5	10
Terroputty	...	100 0	2	5	4	3	8	0	10	11	1
Tiagar	...	148 0	3	7	3	5	2	10	15	13	3
Timricottah	...	291 0	6	12	7	10	2	10	31	1	11
Tranquebar	...	160 3	3	11	10	5	9	9	17	2	5
Travancore	...	515 0	12	0	3	18	0	4	55	1	2
Trichinopoly	...	207 4	4	13	4	7	4	0	22	3	0
Do. via Pondicherry	...	229 7	5	5	9	8	0	9	24	9	4
Do. via Chingleput	...	207 4	4	13	4	7	4	0	22	3	0
Tripasore	...	31 1	0	11	7	1	1	4	3	5	3
Triputty	...	100 0	2	5	4	3	4	0	10	11	1
Tutacoreen	...	421 4	9	13	4	14	12	0	45	1	3
Vellaud	...	372 5	8	11	1	13	0	7	39	13	6
Vellore	...	87 5	2	0	8	3	1	0	9	9	7
Vizagapatam	...	498 4	11	10	1	17	7	2	53	5	0
Wallajahbad	...	40 0	0	14	11	1	6	4	4	4	5

RATE OF CART AND COOLY HIRE.

From the Fort to the New Custom House,

	A. P.
A Bandy drawn by 4 Bullocks.....	9 11
Ditto 2 Ditto	4 11
A Cooly Load.....	1 2

A Cooly Load is to consist of 18 quart bottles of wine or any other liquor, or 72lb. weight of any other article.

A Carriage Bullock Load is three dozen of quart bottles, or 144lbs. weight, of any other article.

A Cart Load is to consist of 12 dozen quart bottles of wine or any other liquor, and 125lb. weight of any other article, or altogether 720lb. weight of any article.

One Driver is to attend each Cart, and one driver is to attend from one to three Carriage Bullocks, and so on in proportion to an increase in the number.

BATTÀ.

If a person in the course of a journey remains at a place, he must for the first three days pay each Cooly one Anna and three Pice Batta—each Carriage Bullock one Anna and ten Pice for the first five days, and a Cart three Annas and nine Pice for the first five days; if he remains more than the days before specified, he shall pay each Cooly three Annas and nine Pice, each Carriage Bullock, three Annas and three Pice, each Cart seven Annas a day. If a person hire a Cooly Carriage Bullock or Cart, and afterwards not employ either, he shall pay the Cooly and Carriage Bullock, at the rate of three Annas and nine Pice, and the Cart fourteen Annas each day for the time he may have detained either. Half the Hire to Coolies and Carriage Bullocks, and three quarters to a Cart to be paid in advance, and the remainder when arrived at the place of destination.

FIELD PAY.

A Cooly seven Rupees, a Carriage Bullock with a Driver five Rupees and four Annas, and a Cart with two Bullocks and a Driver twenty-six Rupees and four Annas, per month, no Batta. A day's journey for a Cooly and Carriage Bullock is twenty English miles—a Cart fifteen miles. The hire of a double Cart is one half more than the hire of a single one.

RATES OF

DOUBLE BANDY, SINGLE BANDY AND COOLY HIRE,

from the Black Town to the different places in the vicinity of Madras.

NAMES OF PLACES.	Double Bandy.			Single Bandy.			Cooly.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
From the Sea Custom House to the Govt. Grainery on the Beach.....	0	3	9	0	2	6	0	0	6
From do. to Popham's Broadway.....	0	5	7	0	3	9	0	0	8
From any part of the Black Town to Fort St George.....	0	5	7	0	3	9	0	0	8
From do. do. do. to Vepery.....	0	11	2	0	7	5	0	1	10
From do. do. do. to Pursewaukum....	0	13	1	0	7	8	0	1	10
From do. do. do. to Kilpauk and Chetput..	0	14	11	0	9	11	0	2	2
From do. do. do. to Land Custom House...	0	11	2	0	7	5	0	1	3
From do. do. do. to Chintadrapettah.....	0	11	2	0	7	5	0	1	10
From do. do. do. to Triplicane.....	0	14	11	0	9	11	0	2	2
From do. do. do. to Royapet.....	0	14	11	0	9	11	0	2	2
From do. do. do. to St. Thomé.....	1	2	8	0	12	5	0	2	6
From do. do. do. to Brodie Castle.....	1	4	6	0	13	8	0	3	1
From do. do. do. to Marmalong.....	1	4	6	0	13	8	0	3	1
From do. do. do. to The Race Stand... ..	1	6	4	0	14	11	0	3	5
From do. do. do. to St. Thomas' Mount...	1	7	7	0	14	11	0	3	9
From do. do. do. to the Government Garden or Narsingapore.....	0	11	2	0	7	5	0	1	10
From do. do. do. to Mackay's Gardens on the Mount Road.....	0	15	0	0	9	11	0	2	2
From do. do. do. to Tanampet... ..	1	2	8	0	12	5	0	2	6
From do. do. do. to Poonamallee... ..	1	1	7	0	9	4	0	6	2
From do. do. do. to Red Hills.....	1	13	6	1	2	8	0	3	9
From do. do. do. to Ennore... ..	1	13	6	1	2	8	0	3	9
From do. do. do. to Royapoeram... ..	0	12	2	0	7	5	0	1	10
One bag containing from 7 to 10 marcals of Rice or Grain, &c. &c. from the Beach to Motalpet.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11
One do. do. do. from do. to do. of do. to Peddoo Naick's Pet... ..	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	6

RATES OF HIRE OF ARTIFICERS, COOLIES, &c.

	Monthly Pay.			Daily Pay.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
<i>Bricklayers.</i>						
Maistry.....	17	8	0	0	9	4
Good Workman.....	14	0	0	0	7	6
Medium.....	12	4	0	0	6	6
Common.....	10	8	0	0	5	7
<i>Carpenters.</i>						
Maistry.....	17	8	0	0	9	4
Good Workman.....	14	0	0	0	7	6
Medium.....	12	13	4	0	6	10
Common.....	10	8	0	0	5	7
Hand Sawyer, Common.....	11	10	8	0	6	3
Great do. exclusive of Tools.....	11	10	8	0	6	3
<i>Smiths.</i>						
Maistry.....	17	8	0	0	9	4
Good Workman.....	14	0	0	0	7	6
Medium.....	12	13	4	0	6	10
Common.....	10	8	0	0	5	7
Hammerman.....	8	12	0	0	4	8
Bellows Boys.....	3	8	0	0	1	10
<i>Braziers.</i>						
Maistry.....	17	8	0	0	9	4
Good Workman.....	14	0	0	0	7	6
Medium.....	12	4	0	0	6	10
Common.....	10	8	0	0	5	7
Hammerman, &c.....	8	2	8	0	4	4
<i>Painters.</i>						
Maistry.....	14	0	0	0	7	6
Good Workman.....	12	4	0	0	6	6
Medium.....	10	8	0	0	5	7
Common.....	9	5	4	0	5	0
<i>Stone Cutters.</i>						
Maistry.....	17	8	0	0	9	4
Good Workman exclusive of Tools.....	14	0	0	0	7	6
Medium.....	12	4	0	0	6	6
Common.....	10	8	0	0	5	7

Rates of Hire of Artificers, Coolies, &c.

	Monthly Pay.	Daily Pay.
<i>Tank Diggers.</i>	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
Maistry.....	9 5 4	0 5 1
Cooly Man.....	7 0 0	0 3 3
Do. Woman.....	4 1 4	0 2 3
<i>Coolies.</i>		
Maistry.....	9 5 4	0 5 0
Man.....	7 0 0	0 3 1
Woman.....	4 1 4	0 2 2
Boy and Girl.....	3 8 0	0 1 10
<i>Chucklers.</i>		
Good Workman.....	11 10 8	0 6 3
Medium.....	9 5 0	0 5 1
Common.....	7 0 0	0 3 9
<i>China Carpenters.</i>		
Good Workman.....	44 15 7	1 7 9
Medium.....	29 15 9	0 15 11
<i>Tailors.</i>		
Good Workman, Tent Workman.....	14 0 0	0 7 6
Medium.....	10 8 0	0 5 7
Common.....	7 0 0	0 3 9

For Shoeing a Horse, 14 Annas and 11 Pice.

Artificers to go to work in the Black Town and Fort St. George, at 7 o'clock in the morning, rest from 12 to 2 o'clock in the middle of the day, and then leave off work at 6 o'clock in the evening. Working at the Gardens, they will commence at half past seven o'clock, rest until half past two in the middle of the day, and leave off work at 6 o'clock in the evening.

The Wages of Maistries and Superior Workmen who may be entitled to higher rates than the above, will be settled by the Superintendent of Police on application.

MADRAS POLICE OFFICE, }
November 18, 1817. }

J. M'KERRELL,
Superintendent of Police.

BUNGALOW REGULATIONS.

Fort St. George, *September 30, 1836.*

The following revised Rules for the preservation of Travellers' Bungalows in the Provinces, are published for general information.

1st. Bungalows are placed under the charge of Collectors.—it is expected that all rules which may be established by them for the preservation and cleanliness of the buildings, shall be implicitly observed and conformed to by travellers.

2d. No person is to remain in any bungalow more than 2 days ; unless compelled to do so by sickness, and then he is not to exceed ten days unless he cannot be removed without danger.

3d. The first comer is entitled to the choice of rooms, but no individual is permitted to appropriate to himself more than one room when the others are in demand.

4th. European Soldiers and Sepoys are prohibited from occupying the bungalows, and will use the sheds erected for their accommodation, in the vicinity of the bungalows.

5th. The practice of defacing the walls by drawing or writing is strictly prohibited, and travellers are held responsible that their servants do not in any manner dirty or damage the buildings and furniture.

6th. No horses or other cattle are on any account to be picketted within the walls or hedge surrounding the bungalow.

7th. The person in charge at each bungalow is instructed to assist Traveller's servants in procuring supplies, &c. for ready money.

8th. A book is kept at each bungalow in which each traveller is requested to write his name with remarks if necessary on the conduct of the person in charge. The maltreatment of the Invalid Sepoys or Peons attached to the public bungalows is expressly prohibited.

9th. The person in charge is ordered on pain of dismissal to report for eventual representation to Government deviations from these rules, either on the part of travellers, or their domestics and followers, and the master is held responsible for any infringement of them.

 DIMHUTTY BUNGALOWS.

Fort St. George, *February 14, 1834.*

Certain bungalows at Dimhatty on the Neilgherries having been appropriated by the Right Honorable Stephen Rumbold Lushington to the use of all classes of persons to whatsoever Presidencies belonging, who may be compelled to resort to the Hills for the recovery of their health ; the following Rules on the subject are published for general information.

1. These bungalows, six in number, are placed under the care of the Officer commanding on the Neilgherry Hills, and of the Principal Collector of the District, as Trustees ; and it is expected that all Rules which may be established by them for the preservation and order of the Buildings will be implicitly observed and conformed to.

2. With a view to preserve the buildings from decay, and to provide funds necessary to keep them in good repair, the moderate sum of (7) seven Rupees per mensem, and no more, will be charged to each occupant of the bungalows at Dimhatty. The accommodation to be derived from these buildings will be available to all persons on their first arrival on the Hills, and the payment of this rate of rent will be received only for the period of three months—during which time it is presumed that occupants will be able to provide themselves with suitable accommodation on the Hills.

3. In order to secure in succession and for a reasonable period to the classes of persons concerned, the benefit of the accommodation of these bungalows, no persons will be permitted to occupy the buildings beyond the period of three months without the permission of the Officer Commanding on the Neilgherry Hills, to whom all applications to take advantage of the benevolent intentions of Mr. Lushington must be invariably addressed.

4. Any person occupying a bungalow at Dimhatty beyond the period of three months will be required to pay half the amount of house rent allowed to him by Government according to his rank. The proceeds of the rents will be disbursed in providing against the inconvenience experienced from the want of fireplaces, cook rooms, out houses, and stabling, and in making other provision for the improvement and preservation of the premises : the payment of rent to be paid monthly to the Paymaster, or other person nominated by the Trustees, according to circumstances.

5. The person who may have been the occupant for the longest period shall be the first to vacate the bungalows after the period of three months, on application being made for admittance by another party.

6. Defacing the walls by writing or drawing, or in any other way, is strictly prohibited, and occupants will be held responsible that their servants do not in any manner damage the buildings, which are to be given over in the same order as when entered.

7. The maltreatment of any persons attached to the bungalows is expressly prohibited. Occupants may bring any misconduct on their part to the notice of the Officer Commanding on the Neilgherry Hills, or to the Principal Collector of Coimbatore.

8. The garden, (a valuable one.) it is proposed to place at the disposal of some competent European Pensioner, or other person willing to undertake its cultivation for the profit to be derived from the sale of its produce to the occupants of the bungalows, or others generally, at Kotagherry.

Published by order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council.

HENRY CHAMIER, *Chief Secretary.*

**Europeans, Americans, and East Indians, residing
in Madras, not in the Honorable Company's
Covenanted Service.**

NAMES.	PROFESSION.	PLACE OF RESIDENCE.
Abraham, Joachim	Minister of the Armenian Church	Armenian Street.
Abrew, Emanuel	Auditor, Military Auditor Genl's Office	Beach.
Abrew, George	Jeweller	Parcherry.
Adamson, Thomas	Clerk at Messrs. Franck and Co.'s	Vepery.
Alms, Thomas	Employed at the Athæneum Press	Poonamallee Road
Allsop, Thomas	Merchant	do.
Alvaris, John	Clerk at the Government Office	Royapettah.
Amalric, Jules	Partner in the Firm of Amalric and Co.	Armenian Street.
Anderson, John	Missionary, Church of Scotland	Erabauloo Chitty Street.
Anderson, John	Livery Stable Keeper	Chintadrapettah.
Andrew, Jerome	Clerk at the Government Office	Royapettah.
Arathoon, John	Merchant	Mount Road.
Arathoon, Sator Peter	do.	do.
Arbuthnot, A. F.	Partner in the Firm of Arbuthnot & Co.	do.
Arbuthnot, George	do do do	do.
Aubry, Andrew	Coach Maker	do.
Aviragnet, Felix,	Tailor	do.
Baillie, James Thoy	Attorney	Kilpauk.
Bainbridge, Joseph	Partner in the Firm of Hall, Bainbridge and Co.	Beach.
Balfour, Benjamin	None	Kilpauk.
Bantleman, Andrew K.	Merchant	Black Town.
Bantleman, F. M.	Schoolmaster	do.
Bantleman, James P.	Librarian at the College	do.
Barrie, Andrew,	Partner in the Firm of Bruce and Co.	Vepery.
Barrow, Joseph	Partner in the Firm of Barrow and Co.	Kurkatah Covil,
Bast, J.	Examiner, Accountant General's Office	Black Town.
Berry, John	Auditor, Military Auditor Genl's Office	Vepery.
Bilderbeck, Emanuel	None	Pantheon Road.
Binny, Charles	Clerk at Messrs. Binny and Co.'s	Black Town.
Binny, William Scott	Partner in the Firm of Binny and Co.	Nungumbaukum.
Birley, Charles	Auditor, Military Auditor Genl's Office	Egmore.
Blacker, Henry	None	Narsingapooram.
Blunt, Charles William	Barrister	Mount Road.
Bonjour, B.	Watch Maker	do.
Boswell, A. B.	Wine Merchant and Agent	Beach.
Boyton, William C.	Clerk at Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co.'s	Black Town.
Branson, H. W.	Employed at Messrs. Griffiths and Co.	Vepery.
Branson, J. W.	Attorney	Kilpauk.
Briethaupt, Thomas	Employed at Messrs. Franck and Co.'s	Pursewaukum.
Burghall, Joseph	Stable Keeper	Mount Road.
Burn, Thomas Henry	None	Vepery.

NAMES.	PROFESSION.	PLACE OF RESIDENCE.
Calder, George	Head Printer, Male Asylum Press	Mount Road.
Caldwell, R. A. B.	Missionary, London Mission Society	Vepery.
Cardozo, Benjamin	Partner in the firm of J. Barrow, & Co.	St. Thomé.
Carr, Robert	Clerk at Messrs. Hall, Bainbridge & Co.'s	Black Town.
Carriapeet, M.	Examiner at the Military Board Office	Parcherry.
Carstairs, Peter	Partner in the Firm of Stephenson & Co	Royapooram.
Cassim, Peter James	Trader	Black Town.
Cassim, Peter Cosmo	Manager in the Medical Board Office	Semboodoss street
Chamier, T. A.	Partner in the Firm of McDowell & Co.	Vepery.
Childs, John Edwin	None	Black Town.
Clamp, H.	Auditor, Military Auditor Genl's. Office	Vepery.
Clarke, Edward P.	Employed in the Inspector Genl's do.	Black Town.
Clarke, Stephen	Merchant	do.
Clarke, Thomas G.	Manager in the Government Office	do.
Cole, R. C.	Merchant	24 Line Beach.
Colker, Gerard Henry	Clerk at the Accountant General's Office	Black Town.
Connor, Jeremiah	Clerk at Mr. Pharoah's Library	Vepery.
Coombes, G. C.	Auditor, Military Auditor Genl's Office	Black Town.
Cooper, Leonard	Attorney	Beach
Corner, Chas. Sedgely	Clerk at the Government Bank	Vepery.
Corner, William S.	Clerk at the Accountant General's do.	Vepery.
Cortnell, George	do Messrs. Binny and Co.'s	Black Town.
Certnell, James	do do do	John Pereira's.
Cox, James	Silversmith	Pursewaukum.
Crampton, William	Assistant in the Government Office	Vepery.
Crampton, J. T.	Attorney	do
Crookshank, John	Collector of Assessment	Kilpauk.
Cropley, J. P.	Proprietor of the Union Press	Armenian street.
Crowe, Thomas	Shoe Maker	Poonamallee Road.
Crowther, Jonathan	Wesleyan Minister	Vepery.
Cruikshanks, W.	Schoolmaster	Popham's Bd. way.
Cuffley, Henry	Clerk at the Accountant Genl's Office	Black Town.
Cullin, Edward	Assistant in the Government Office	Royapooram.
Dalgairns, Robert P.	Clerk at Messrs. Binny and Co.'s	Anderson's street.
Dance, James Henry	None	Black Town.
Daniel, R.	Schoolmaster, Grammar School	Semboodoss street.
Dashwood, Thomas	Clerk, Town Major's Office	Black Town.
Davis, James	do at the Commissary Genl's Office	do
Dawson, A.	do Military Board Office	do
Day, S. S.	American Missionary	Royapooram.
DeArachy, E.	Manager at the Sudder Adaulut Court	Black Town.
DeCastellas, Alexander	Saddler and Harness Maker	Royapettah.
DeCastellas, George	do do do	do
DeCastellas, Peter	Cabinet Maker	Mount Road.
DeCeles, Peter	Tanner	New Town.
DeCruz, John	None	Black Town.
DeFries, John	do	Royapooram.
DeFries, Lewis	do	Luz.
DeMonte, John	Clerk at Messrs. Binny and Co.'s	Black Town.
Dent, T.	Examiner in the Mil. Audr. Gen.'s Office	Vepery.
DeRoza, Thomas V. C.	Manager Bill Dept. Acct. Genl. Office	Parcherry.
DeSenna, Edward	Undertaker	Black Town.
DeSenna, John	do	do
DeSilva, Anthony	Accountant, Military Board Office	Royapettah.
DeSilva, Charles	Clerk at the Qr. Mr. General's Office	St. Thomé.

NAMES.	PROFESSION.	PLACE OF RESIDENCE.
DeSilva, Thomas	- Accountant in the Acct. General's Office	- St. Thomé.
D'Vaz, Ignatio	- Manager in the Stationery Office	- Black Town.
D'Vaz, John	- do Collector's Office	- do
Dighton James Lacy	- Coach Maker	- Mount Road.
Don Antonio, Tristam Texeira,	- Roman Catholic Bishop	- St. Thome.
Drew, W. H.	- Missionary, London Missionary Society	- Vepery.
Duncan, John	- Hotel Keeper	- 2d Line Beach.
Dunhill, Charles	- Writer in the Military Audr. Gen. Office	- Kilpauk.
Dunhill, Colin	- do in the do Fund do	- do
Dunhill, Mark	- Shopkeeper	- do
Dunhill, Matthew	- do	- do
Dunkin, Thomas	- Merchant	- 2d Line Beach.
Durnford, B. C.	- Shopkeeper	- Mount Road.
Elliott, William	- None	- Mount Road.
Ewing, Henry Alex.	- Schoolmaster	- Black Town.
Ewing, Robert	- do	- do
Faulkner, William	- Manager, Military Male Asylum	- Egmore.
Festing, Henry	- Foreman at the Circulator Office	- Black Town.
Fitzgerald, James	- Manager in the Supg. Engineer's Office	- Egmore.
Fitzsimons, Charles	- Clerk in the Adjutant General's Office	- Black Town.
Fletcher, George	- do at Messrs. G. Gordon & Co.'s	- do
Fletcher, John	- do Government Bank	- Vepery.
Flory, R. W.	- Interpreter	- Popham's Bd. way.
Fonceca, George	- None	- Black Town.
Fonceca, John	- Asst. Secy. Church Missionary Society	- do.
Fonceca, Simon	- Portrait Painter	- do.
Fonceca, Thomas	- Examiner at the Government Office	- do.
Forbes, John	- Coach Maker	- Poonamallee road.
Forbes, Stewart	- do.	- do.
Fox, Henry	- Clerk at the Town Major's Office	- Fort.
Franck, Robert	- Partner in the Firm of Franck & Co.	- Chetput.
Francke, Henry	-	-
St. Julien	- Clerk at Messrs. G. Gordon & Co.'s	- Madras.
French, Henry	- Manager Civil Auditor's Office	- Black Town.
Frost Joseph	- Clerk at the Commissary Genls. Office	- do.
Garty, John	- Tailor	- Royapettah.
Gantz, John	- None.	- Vepery. [way.
Gantz, Just	- Employed in the Collector's Office	- Popham's Broad-
Genot, Peter Victor	- Clerk at Messrs. Binny & Co.'s	- Black Town.

NAMES.	PROFESSION.	PLACE OF RESIDENCE.
Gilles Augustus	- Engraver at Messrs. Gordon & Co.'s	- Black Town.
Gilles, Clement	- Clerk at the Sea Custom House	- do.
Gilles, Edward	- None	- Poonamallee road.
Gomes, Daniel	- Manager, Military Board Office	- Royapettah.
Gomes, William	- Clerk in the Adj. General's Office	- John Pereira's.
Gompertz, G.	- Examiner in the Maramut Department Revenue Board Office	- Black Town.
Good, John Mills	- Audr. in the Mily. Audt. Genl's Office	- Vepery.
Good, William T.	- do. do. do.	- do.
Goodall, Charles	- None	- Black Town.
Goodsir, Joseph	- None	- Poodooper road.
Gordon, Ebenezer	- Printer	- Black Town
Gordon, John	- Partner in the Firm of G. Gordon & Co	- Popham's Bd. way
Gordon, William	- Examiner in the Acct. General's Office	- Choolay.
Gouge, Thomas	- Clerk at the Master Attendant's Office	- Vepery.
Grant, Cyrus	- Cabinet Maker	- Perembore.
Grant, William	- Hotel Keeper	- 2d Line Beach.
Gray, Joseph Hen. A. B.	- Missionary C. M. S.	- Esplanade.
Green, Jas. Godfrey	- Merchant	- Black Town.
Green, John	- Auditor in the Mily. Audr. Gls. Office.	- do.
Groney, W.	- None.	- Popham's Rd. way
Groves, John	- Dentist	- Poonamallee road.
Guichard Charles	- None	- Kilpauk.
Hall, James	- Agent	- Black Town.
Hall, John	- Undertaker	- Esplanade.
Harley, Edward	- School Master	- Vepery.
Harper, George	- Clerk at the Military Board Office	- Black Town.
Harris, J.	- Draftsman, Qr. Mr. General's Office	- Pursewaukum.
Hart, R. C.	- Accountant, Accountant Genl's Office	- Black Town.
Hart, Wm. Hamilton	- Partner in the firm of Binny and Co.	- Nungumbaukum.
Hartley, J.	- Depy. Manager, Military Board Office	- Black Town.
Harvey, Edward	- Cabinet Maker	- Mount Road.
Harvey, Jas. Samuel	- Draftsman, Qr. Mr. General's Office	- John Pereiras.
Haswell, Thomas	- Wesleyan Missionary	- Royapettah.
Helderman, F. M.	- Manager at Messrs. Ashton & Co.'s	- Royapooram.
Heyman, John	- None	- Black Town.
Hill, Thomas	- Surveyor	- Pursewaukum.
Hobbs, John	- In charge of Mr. Grant's Stables	- Mount Road.
Hodges, John	- Clerk to the Chief Justice	- Mowbray Road.
Hogg, Charles Wm.	- None	- Black Town.
Hogg, James Richd.	- Bookseller	- Vepery.
Hogg, Wm. Arthur	- Bookseller	- do.
Hogg, Wm. Thomas	- Clerk, Fort Adjutant's Office	- New Town.
Home, Alex. Joseph	- Clerk, Accountant General's Office	- Black Town.
Home, John	- Partner in the Firm of Griffiths & Co.	- Royapettah.
Hopff, C. B.	- Clerk, Commissary Generals Office	- Black Town.
Howard, Cosmo R.	- Partner in the Firm of Parry, Dare and Co.	- Poonamallee road.
Howlison, Robert	- Manager in the Adj. General's Office	- Vepery
Hudson, Thomas	- Examiner, Sudr. and Foujdary Adawlut Court	- St. Thomé.

NAMES.	PROFESSION.	PLACE OF RESIDENCE.
Ignatio, C.	- Head Draftsman in the Surveyor Genl.'s Department	- New Town.
Innes, John	- Attorney	- Curkatacovil.
Irvine, Wm. Robert	- Editor of the Conservative	- Vepery.
Ivatts, John William	- Clerk at Messrs. Parry, Dare and Co.'s	- Black Town.
Ives, R. P.	- Manager, Record Department, Military Board Office	- Do.
Jacob, Thomas	- Book-keeper at Mr. Waddell's Office	- Black Town.
James, Montine	- Examiner at the Military Board Office	- Near the Police Office.
James, William	- Clerk at Messrs. Binny and Co.'s	- Black Town.
Jarrett, Thomas	- Attorney	- Near Old College.
Jauncey, F. B.	- Do.	- Royapettah.
Jean, Christian	- Head Writer, Male Asylum Press	- John Pereiras.
Jennings, S. G. L.	- Attorney	- Vepery.
Jeremiah, G. G.	- Do.	- Persewaukum.
Jervis, Edward	- Draftsman, Chief Engr.'s Department	- John Pereiras.
Jervis, William	- Engraver	- Do.
Johannes, A. J.	- Merchant	- Pantheon Road.
Johnson, Benjamin	- None	- Vepery.
Johnson, Bernard	- None	- Black Town.
Johnson, Robert	- Schoolmaster	- 2, Stringer Street.
Johnson, T.	- Clerk in the Mily. Andr. Genl.'s Office	- Black Town.
Johnson, William	- Examiner at the Sudr. Adawlut Court	- Vepery.
Johnston, Charles	- Employed at the Government Bank	- Vepery.
Johnston, George E.	- Do. Messrs Arbuthnot and Co.'s	- Oilmonger Street.
Jones, R.	- Asst. Manager Military Board Office	- Black Town.
Jones, Thomas	- Head Clerk, at the Commissary Genl.'s Office	- Do.
Jones, William	- Schoolmaster	- Royapooram.
Jordan, John,	- Cabinet Maker	- Egnore.
Kelly, Peter Luke	- Merchant	- Pursewaukum.
Kelly, William	- Writer at Messrs. Griffiths and Co.'s	- Do.
Kennet, Charles	- Clerk at the Sub Treasurer's Office	- Black Town.
Kennet, H.	- Partner in the Firm of Bruce and Co.	- Vepery.
Kerr, James	- Head Master at Bishop Corrie's Gram- mar School	- Black Town.
Key, John Binny	- Partner in the firm of Binny and Co.	- Nungumbaukum.
Kickwick, J.	- Stablekeeper	- Royapett.
King, James A.	- Schoolmaster	- Vepery.
Kint, Henry	- Writer at the General Post Office	- Black Town.
Lacey, Benjamin	- Schoolmaster	- Vepery.
Lafond, Benjamin	- Clerk in the General Prize Committee Office	- Chintadrappettah.
Lafond, G. J.	- Clerk at the Police Office	- Vepery.
Laird, Gilbert Douglas	- None	- Black Town.
Lambert, John	- Examiner, Revenue Board Office	- Do.
Langley, E. A.	- Proprietor of the United Service Gazette	- Mowbray Road.

NAMES.	PROFESSION.	PLACE OF RESIDENCE.
Law, John	- Partner in the firm of G. Gordon and Co.	Popham's Broadway.
Lawrance, Francis	- Supt. of the Fort St. George Gaz. Press	Pantheon Road.
Lawrance, Josiah R.	- Clerk at Messrs. Richardson and Co.'s	Do.
Lawrance, William	- Do. at the Civil Auditor's Office	St. Thome.
Lazaro, Andrew	- Do. at the Government Office	Black Town.
Lazaro, Eugene	- Do. Accountant General's Office	Parchyerry.
Lazaro, Martin	- Do. Messrs. Binny and Co.'s	Black Town.
Ledsham, T. Edward	- Clerk at Messrs. Line and Co.'s	Do.
Le Fleur, T.	- Auditor in the Military Auditor General's Office	Narsingapooram.
Letang, John	- Examiner at the Government Office	Parchyerry.
Liddell, William	- Surgeon	Poonamallee road.
Line, John	- Partner in the Firm of Line and Co.	Kilpauk.
Lionel, Thomas,	- Examiner, Accountant General's Office	Chintadrepettah.
Lobo, M. F.	- Roman Catholic Priest	St. Thome.
Loverly, T.	- Stationery Keeper, Mil. Board Office	Royapettah.
Luxa, Adolphus	- Interpreter at the Sudr. Adawlut Court	Vepery.
Luxa, Manuel	- None.	Pursewaulkum.
Macartoon, G. S.	- Clerk at the Commissary Genl.'s Office.	Armenian Street.
Macaulay, Zachary	- Partner in the Firm of Hall, Bainbridge and Co.	Beach.
Macauliffe, T.	- Roman Catholic Priest.	Black Town.
Mackenzie, A.	- Partner in the Firm of Arbuthnot & Co.	Brodie Castle.
Maddox, John	- Coach Maker.	Vepery.
Maddox, William	- Employed at the Arsenal.	do.
Mahony, Edward	- Accountant in the Military Auditor General's Office.	Royapooram.
Marrett, George	- Assistant Revenue Surveyor in the Maramut Department.	Black Town.
Marsden, Edmund	- Superintendent of the Asylum Press.	Church St. Vepery
Marshall, James	- Clerk at the Adj. General's Office.	Royapooram.
Marshall, William	- Tailor.	Black Town.
Marshall, William	- Record Keeper, Government Office	Royapooram.
Martin, C. R.	- None	Vepery.
Martin, N. T.	- Clerk at the Qr. Mr. Genl.'s Office	Parchyerry.
Mayers, George R.	- None	Vepery.
Mayers, John	- Clerk at Messrs. Griffiths and Co.'s	Black Town.
McCarthy, M. J.	- None	Popham's Broadway.
McDowell, M.	- Partner in the Firm of McDowell and Co.	Royapooram.
McGuire, J.	- Book-keeper, Military Board Office	Black Town.
McIntosh, W. H.	- Examiner in the Acct. Genl.'s Office	Tondiarpet.
McKertich, A. J.	- Clerk at Messrs. Binny and Co.'s	Black Town.
McTaggart, William	- Partner in the Firm of Arbuthnot & Co.	Mount Road.
McTaggart, W. G.	- Supt. of the Vepery Mission Depository	Vepery.
Melitus, P.	- Partner in the Firm of Sam and Co	Luz.
Meppen, John P.	- Agent	Armenian Street.
Meppen, R. W.	- Superintendent of Cochrane's Canal	Black Town.
Meredith, Hugh	- Tailor	Royapooram.
Miller, L.	- Shopkeeper	Esplanade.
Miller, W.	- do.	do.
Millett, C. W.	- Cabinet Maker	Narsingapooram.

NAMES.	PROFESSION.	PLACE OF RESIDENCE.
Minchin, James	- Barrister	- Mount Road.
Mitchell, James	- Clerk, Athenæum Library	- Royapooram.
Mitchell, Richard	- Schoolmaster	- do.
Mitchell, Richard Jun.	- Clerk in the Mil. Audr. Genl.'s Office	- do.
Mitchell, Thomas	- Employed in the Maramut Department	- John Pereira's.
Moraes, A. J.	- Clerk at Mr. Cole's	- Black Town.
Moraes, John	- Clerk at the Comdr. in Chief's Office	- do.
Murray, Thomas	- Supt. Agency Dept. Accountant General's Office	- do.
Murray, William	- Clerk at the Commissary Genl's Office	- do.
Neale, F.	- Clerk at the General Post Office	- Black Town.
Newbigging, R.	- Examiner in the Revenue Board Office	- do.
Nolan, George J.	- Auditor in the Mil. Audr. Genl's Office	- Vepery.
Norfor, R. W.	- Partner in the Firm of Griffiths & Co.	- Royapettah.
Nowlan, George	- Cabinet Maker	- Mount Road.
Oakes, T. A.	- Asst. in the Government Office	- Vepery.
O'Connor, Daniel D.D.	- Roman Catholic Bishop	- Armenian Street.
Oliver, Thomas	- Clerk in the Circulator Office	- Black Town.
Oliver, William	- Do. in the Adjutant General's Office	- Luz.
Orton, George	- Livery Stable Keeper	- Mount Road.
Ostheider, Henry	- Sculptor	- Pursewaulkum.
Ouchterlony, James	- Partner in the Firm of Ouchterlony and Co.	- Mount Road.
Papell, E. G.	- Jeweller	- Mount Road.
Parker, J. F.	- Barrister	- Vepery.
Paul, Thomas	- Interpreter	- Black Town.
Pereira, F. X.	- Merchant	- do.
Pereira, J. M.	- None	- do.
Pereira, R. L.	- Superintendent of the Black Town Schools	- Popham's Broadway.
Perriman, D. R.	- Examiner in the Government Office	- Royapooram.
Perriman, F.	- Watch Maker	- do.
Pharoah, J. B.	- Bookseller	- Kilpauk.
Piellow, John	- Manager, Advocate Generals Office	- Black Town.
Plumbe, M. G.	- Assistant in the Revenue Board Office	- Vepery.
Price, Edward	- Clerk in the Assay Master's Office	- Black Town.
Price, J. E.	- Do. Medical Board Office	- do.
Providence, J. G.	- None	- do.
Pugh, David	- Partner in the Firm of Parry, Dare & Co.	- Adyar.
Pugh, Joseph	- do. do. do.	- do.

NAMES.	PROFESSION.	PLACE OF RESIDENCE.
Rafter, W.	Auctioneer	Esplanade.
Ramsbottom, J.	Clerk, Town Major's Office	Port.
Rawlin, William	Clerk in the Adjutant General's Office	Black Town.
Ray, William	Manager, Town Major's Office	do.
Rebeiro, John	Clerk, Mily. Auditor General's Office	do.
Rebello, Joseph	Clerk at Messrs. Binny and Co.'s	do.
Regel, G. P. A.	Lithographer	Anderson-street,
Rencontre, Francis	Assistant in the Board of Revenue	Black Town.
Rencontre, T.	Clerk in the Stationery Office	do.
Richardson, Geo. G. K.	Partner in the Firm of Ashton and Co.	Vepery.
Richardson, Herbert	Partner in the Firm of Richardson & Co.	do.
Richardson, John	Register of Passports, Govt. Office	do.
Richardson, John Junr.	Examiner in the Government Office	do.
Ritchie, Thomas	Examiner, Revenue Board Office	John Pereiras.
Robertson, P. Q.	Clerk at the Government Bank	Black Town.
Robinson, George	Employed at Messrs. G. Gordon & Co.'s	do.
Rodrigues, Anthony	Clerk at the Mily. Auditor Gl.'s Office	New Town.
Rodriguez, John	Clerk at the Adj. General's Office	Royapooram.
Rollo, John William	Examiner, Government Office	Vepery.
Rose, William H.	Attorney	Royapettah.
Rosa, David	Draftsman, Qr. Master General's Office	Vepery.
Ross, Francis,	Clerk at the Chief Engineers Office	Parchy.
Ross, Hugh	Clerk at the Adjutant General's Office	Vepery.
Ross, John	do. do.	do.
Ross, Thomas	Surgeon	Visharavelly.
Rowlandson, Henry Morgan	Attorney	St. Thome.
Sam, Andrew Seth	Partner in the Firm of Sam and Co.	Luz.
Sam, Eleazer Seth	do do	do.
Sam, Seth	None	St. Thome.
Sam, V. Seth	Partner in the Firm of Sam and Co.	Egmore.
Sample, C.	Supt. of the American Mission Press	Black Town.
Satoor, B. M.	Merchant	Black Town.
Sayer, G. B.	Employed in the Chief Engineer's Office	Mount Road.
Scaife, Wm. Barker	None	Black Town.
Scawen, E.	Clerk at the Comy. General's Office	Royapooram.
Scudder, J. M. D.	American Missionary	Chintadrapettah.
Serle, William A.	Clerk to Sir Edward Gambier, Kt.	Mowbray Road.
Shaw, Edward F.	Harness Maker	Mount Road.
Shaw, George B.	Cabinet Maker	Pantheon Road.
Shaw, H. J.	None	Mount Road
Shaw, W. P.	None	do.
Simpson, J.	Clerk in the Mily. Audr. Genl's. Office	Black Town.
Slaney, Philip	Cabinet Maker	Mount Road.
Smith, John	Missionary, London Missionary Society	(<i>Neilgherries, sick</i>)
Smith, R. P.	Manager in the Sea Custom House	Vepery.
Smyth, Thos. Sydney	Barrister	Mount Road.
Smairh, Henry	Assistant in the Government Office	Armenian Street.
Spears, R.	None	Black Town.
Spencer, Alfred John	Clerk at the Mily. Audr. Genl's. Office	John Pereiras.
Stanhope, Henry	None	Royapooram.
Starkenburgh, W. T.	Clerk at the Adjutant General's Office	Pursewaukum.
Stephenson, Robert	Partner in the Firm of Stephenson & Co.	Perambore.
Stephenson, John	None	Vepery.
Stewart, James	Merchant	do.

NAMES.	PROFESSION.	PLACE OF RESIDENCE.
Story, G. M. A.	- Clerk at Messrs. Line and Co.'s	- Black Town.
Stracey, David	- Clerk at Messrs. G. Gordon and Co.'s	- Parcherry.
Strange, Robert	- Assistant in the Government Office	- Black Town.
Stubbs, T. N.	- Clerk in the Adjt. General's Office	- do.
Sykes, John Joseph	- None	- do.
Tatham, John	- Partner in the Firm of Ashton and Co.	- Mount Road.
Taylor, George	- Clerk, Vepery Church	- Egmore.
Taylor, Joseph	- Tanner	- St. Thome.
Taylor, Richard	- Stable Keeper	- Mount Road.
Taylor, Robert	- Clerk in the Acct. General's Office	- Vep-ry.
Taylor, William	- Missionary S. P. G.	- Pursewaukum.
Taylor, William	- Supt. of the Monegar Choultry	- Monegar Choultry.
Teed, Charles M.	- Barrister	- Perambore.
Temasfield, John	- Clerk in the Comy. Genl's Office	- Black Town.
Thompson, Jacob	- Clerk in the Family Payment Office	- do.
Thomson, Adam C.	- Missionary S. P. G.	- Church St. Vepery
Thomson, James	- Partner in the Firm of Line and Co.	- Kilpauk.
Thomson, R.	- Schoolmaster, Military Male Asylum	- Egmore.
Thorpe, James	- Draftsman in the Qr. Mr. Genl.'s Office	- Black Town.
Thorpe, John L.	- None	- John Pereiras.
Thorpe, R. W.	- Superintendent Vepery Mission Press	- Vepery.
Tboy, Robert	- Writer at the Grammar School	- Black Town.
Todd, William	- Distraining Officer	- do.
Townsend, Henry	- Hotel Keeper	- 2d Line Beach.
Traveller, C.	- Schoolmaster	- Royapooram.
Tucker, John B. D.	- Minister of Black Town Church Mission Chapel	- Church Mission House, Popham's Broad-way.
Turing, F.	- Clerk at the Acct. General's Office	- Parcherry.
Turton, Richard	- None	- Egmore.
Twigg, Arthur J.	- Clerk in the Comy. General's Office	- Popham's Broad-way.
Twigg, Robert W.	- Do. Civil Auditor's Office	- do.
Twigg, Thomas	- None	- do.
Usunian, George J.	- Merchant	- Tondiarpet.
Vandriel, George	- Clerk at Messrs. Binny and Co.'s	- Black Town.
Vansomeran, Godlieb	- Book-keeper at Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co.'s	- Royapooram.
Vardon, H. John	- None	- St. Thome.
Vincent, Edmund	- Watch Maker, at Messrs. G. Gordon and Co.'s	- Popham's Bd. way
Vint, John	- None	- Narsingapooram.

NAMES.	PROFESSION.	PLACE OF RESIDENCE.
Waddell, Thomas	- None	- Pantheon Road.
Waddell, William	- Merchant	- do.
Waller, Peter	- Clerk at the Government Office	- New Town.
Waller, T. P.	- Stable Keeper	- Mount Road.
Walter, Henry T.	- Clerk at the Sub Treasurer's Office	- Vepery
Watkins, Charles	- Book-keeper at Messrs. Hall, Bainbridge and Co.'s	- Parcherry.
Watkins, George E.	- Clerk at the Acct. General's Office	- do.
Watkins, Thomas	- None	- Perambore.
Wellington, George	- Partner in the Firm of Messrs. Griffiths and Co.	- Kilpauk.
Wheeler, John	- None	- Black Town.
Wheeler, R. P.	- Wine Merchant	- Vepery.
Wheeler, W.	- Do.	- do.
Whitehead, E.	- Master of the Vepery Grammar School	- do.
Wight, Andrew	- Clerk at the Family Payment Office	- Vepery.
Wilder, John	- Painter	- New Town.
Wiley, J. H.	- Surveyor	- Black do.
Wilkins, J. H.	- Attorney	- Royapettah.
Wilkins, Basil	- Employed at the Sudr. Foujdarry Adawlut Court	- St. Thomé.
Wilkins, Thos. W.	- Employed at the Sudr. Foujdarry Adawlut Court	- do.
Willick, John	- Hotel Keeper.	- Esplanade.
Wilmot, Thomas	- Printer, Male Asylum Press	- John Pereiras.
Wilson, J. A.	- Employed in the Government Office	- Vepery.
Wilson, James M.	- Book-keeper at Messrs. Griffiths & Co.'s	- do.
Wilson, R. G.	- Employed at Messrs. McDowell & Co.'s	- Black Town.
Wiltshire, Joseph	- None	- do.
Winslow, M.	- American Missionary	- Royapooram.
Winter, George	- Tailor	- Black Town.
Young, J. W.	- Book-keeper at Messrs. Stephenson and Co.'s	- Parcherry.
Zscherpel, Adrian	- Organist	- Pursawaukum.
Zscherpel, Frederick	- Do.	- do.
Zscherpel, Henry	- Do.	- do.
Zscherpel, Thomas	- Do.	- do.

Mercantile Department.

GOVERNMENT BANK, *Near the North Gate, Fort.*

J. C. Morris, Esq..... Supt. and Treasurer. (*on other duty.*)
 A. J. Cherry, Esq..... Cashier, and Actg. Supt. and Treasurer.
 S. D. Birch, Esq..... Acting Cashier.
 Lieutenant Braddock.... Actuary and Accountant.

Rates of Discount and of Interest on Loans at Government Bank.

Rates of Discount.....5 per Cent.

(No Bill discounted of a longer term than 3 months.)

Loans on mortgage of Government Paper.....5 per Cent.

On Deposits of Government Paper for Cash account—accounts
 made up quarterly—on all payments.....6 per Cent.

Allowed on all repayments.....5 per Cent.

N. B.—No cheques paid, nor monies carried to account after $\frac{1}{2}$ past 2.

No cheque paid under 35 Rupees, nor cash received under 100 Rs. No account can be opened with the Bank under the sum of 550 Rupees.

GOVERNMENT SAVINGS' BANK, *Near the North Gate, Fort.*

DIRECTORS.

The Accountant General.

The Sub Treasurer.

Town Major. .

Lt. Col. Hitchins, (*Cape S. C.*)

Lieutenant Braddock, Actuary.

Financial Department, Fort St. George, April 4, 1834.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council directs that the following Rules of a Savings' Bank, established in Madras under the guarantee and responsibility of Government, be published for general information.

1st. The Bank to be denominated "The Government Savings' Bank."

2d. All classes, British and Native, may invest their savings in the "Government Savings' Bank."

3d. The return of the exact sum deposited, together with the interest due thereon at the undermentioned rate, is secured to the Depositor under guarantee of the Government.

4th. The general direction and controul of the Bank shall be vested in a Committee of Management to be nominated by the Governor in Council. The Committee shall meet at such stated periods as may be necessary for the due and efficient controul of the proceedings of the Bank.

5th. The Government Agents are charged with the immediate superintendence and execution of all details connected with the Bank. They will be also ex-officio Members of the Committee of Management. The Sub-

Treasurer, as one of the Government Agents, will be ex-officio Secretary to the Bank.

6th. A Register of Deposits will be kept and generally such other accounts as may be determined on and approved of by the Managing Committee.

7th. Any sum not less than one Rupee will be received in deposit.

8th. Whenever any sum deposited by one individual shall amount to 500 *Company's* Rupees, the same will be transferred from the Bank deposit in the General Treasury and subscribed on account of the Depositor to the 4 per cent. Bengal Government Loan until further notice, unless an intimation of its withdrawal, or the withdrawal of a portion of it, be given by the Depositor within one month after it has reached that amount; and all Government Securities shall be handed over to the Government Agency at the expiration of 3 months (subject to all the Rules which obtain in that Department) unless counter instructions be immediately received from the Proprietors.

9th. Interest at 4 per cent. per annum will be allowed on deposits until further notice.

10th. The interest will be calculated on a deposit from the 1st day of the month succeeding that in which it shall be received, and up to the last day of the month preceding that in which it shall be withdrawn. No interest will be allowed for broken periods of a month, nor calculated on fractional parts of a rupee.

11th. The Government reserves to itself the power of lowering or raising the rate of interest, such alteration not to affect deposits above 500 *Company's* Rupees previously invested in Public Securities, and due notice to be given in the Fort St. George Gazette of the intention of Government six months before the alteration shall take effect.

12th. All deposits will be regularly entered in a book at the time they are made, and the Depositor of the deposit made at the Presidency will be furnished with a small book having a duplicate of the entry. This book is to be brought to the Bank whenever any sum is deposited or withdrawn. The account thus kept will be closed on the 30th April of every year, and the balance of interest due at that period will be paid to the Depositor, or carried to account, thenceforward to accumulate at compound yearly interest, until it shall amount to 500 *Company's* Rupees when the same will be transferred from the account of the Bank, and subscribed on account of the Depositor to the Bengal Government 4 per cent. Loan as per Rule VIII, unless notice of withdrawal be given within one month as above, or unless the rate of interest be altered as provided for in Rule II.

13th. No person or persons to deposit money in trust for any other person or persons, provided, however, that this Rule shall not be construed to prohibit individuals resident out of Madras, who cannot attend personally from making their deposits by any other responsible person; or parents from making deposits on behalf and on account of their children, or females, who according to the manners and customs of the country do not usually make their appearance in public, from making such deposits by the hands of other persons.

14th. No sum deposited to be transferable except on the personal application of the depositor, supported by written sanction. When peculiar circumstances render a deviation from this Rule necessary, the case shall be submitted to the Committee of Management for their sanction.

15th. No person will be allowed to deposit any money without making known his or her name, together with his or her profession, business, occupation, calling, and residence. A duplicate of this description will be enter-

ed in each Depositor's book, to be produced whenever any sum is afterwards deposited or withdrawn.

16th. Depositors will be at liberty at any time to withdraw any sums or portions of sums deposited by them, receiving interest calculated up to the end of the month preceding that in which the withdrawal is made.

17th. As a General Rule, deposits, with the interest due thereon, will be repaid to the Depositor personally in all practicable cases. In the case of individuals unable to attend in person the Secretary will exercise his discretion in regard to re-payments of deposits to responsible persons duly authorized by such absentees to receive the same.

18th. Military Officers and Soldiers, European and Native, will be allowed to invest their savings, in the Government Savings' Bank through the Paymasters of Corps or Divisions ; and Officers and Servants of the Civil Establishments, European and Native, through the Residents, Collectors, and other Officers in charge of Public Treasuries, or who are competent to sign Pay Abstracts of Civil Establishments ; and Residents, Collectors, Paymasters, and other Officers in charge of Public Treasuries, are hereby authorized to receive Subscription to the Bank, or to deduct monthly from their Abstracts such sums as the parties within the circle of payment may be desirous of depositing, not being less than one Rupee, nor more than 500 *Company's* Rupees.

19th. The deposits referred to in the preceding Rule are to be brought to the credit of Subscribers on the last day of the month, in which the payment or deduction is made ; and Rule 16 or 17 respecting the withdrawal of deposits by parties subscribing through Residents, Collectors, Paymasters, and other Officers in charge of Public Treasuries will be carried into effect under instructions which will be furnished to them by the Accountant General.

20th. In case of a death of a Depositor, the sum at his credit, will be paid to his or her Executor or Assigns ; or in case of no will, according to the law on this head, or the Regulations of the Service, if the deceased be Military.

21st. In case of a difference between the Secretary of the Bank and any Depositor, it shall be referred for the decision of the Committee of Management.

22d. A General Statement of the Funds of the Bank shall be annually made out to the 30th April after the 1st May. The same to be submitted for the information of Government, and published in the Fort St. George Gazette.

23d. The Bank to be open on Tuesdays and Fridays, and all balances above 500 Rupees to be paid over at the close of each day's proceedings by the Secretary into the General Treasury, where an account with the Bank will be opened and kept.

The Government Savings' Bank will commence business on the 1st Proximo.

Published by order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council.

HENRY CHAMIER, *Chief Secretary.*

* * * The alterations noted in Italics have been made since the publication of this Advertisement under an order of Government dated 10th Nov. 1865.

LOANS AND PUBLIC AGENCY.

LOANS.

BENGAL REMITTABLE (SIX PER CENT) LOAN OF 1822-23.

Opened on the 18th February, 1822, and Promissory notes issued bearing date 30th June following: the half-yearly interest payable on the 30th of June, and 31st of December in each year, in cash only, if the proprietors of notes be resident in India, at the time such interest is payable—and if the proprietors be resident in Europe, the interest shall be payable at their option, in cash, or bills, to be drawn on the Honorable the Court of Directors, at the rate of 2 shillings and one penny the Calcutta Sicca Rupee, payable at 12 months after date, with a further option, in either case, to the holders at Fort St. George or Bombay, to receive the interest by a draft at sight, on the Sub-Treasurer of Fort William. The principal of this loan is payable in Europe at 2-6 per Sicca Rupee. Order in the Financial Department, dated 9th May 1834, No. 1 to 887 inclusive of the Promissory Notes of the Bengal Remittable Loan of 1822 will be discharged on the 10th August 1835, after which date interest on these Notes will cease. Payment to be made either in Cash, or by Bills of Exchange on East India House London at the exchange of 2s. 6d. per Sicca Rupee at 12 months date, with liberty to Court of Directors to postpone payment of these Bills for 1, 2 or 3 years paying interest at 5 per cent. for the period of such postponement. Order in the Financial Department dated 13th October 1834 directs payment of all Notes of the Bengal Remittable Loan of 30th June 1822 from No. 888 to the last No. on the Register on 15th January 1836, after which date no interest will be demandable, but transfer to the following Loan is invited.

NEW 5 PER CENT. TRANSFER REMITTABLE LOAN.

NOT PAYABLE BEFORE 22D APRIL 1854 OPENED 13TH OCTOBER 1834 NOTES TO BE DATED 31ST DECEMBER 1834.

Government Arrangements regarding 6 per Cent. Remittable Paper.

Fort William, Financial Department, 13th October 1834.

1. Notice is hereby given that the Sub-Treasurers of Fort William, Fort St. George, and Bombay, are severally authorized to receive from and after the 15th of this month, any of the Six per Cent. Promissory notes of this Government bearing date the 30th June 1822, that may be tendered for transfer into a new Loan to be opened under the conditions hereinafter stated; and to grant in exchange thereof Certificates or acknowledgements, entitling the Proprietors or their Representatives to receive Promissory Notes of the Supreme Government in the form and manner specified below.

2. A Bonus or Premium of 5 per Cent. will be granted on all transfers made under this Advertisement; that is to say, for every note surrendered for transfer, a new Note will be issued for a principal sum exceeding the principal sum of the Note surrendered in the proportion of 105 for every 100 Sicca Rupees; and the Note so issued in Exchange, will bear interest at the rate of 5 per Cent. per annum from the 31st December next ensuing, which will be its date. The interest will be paid half yearly, on the 30th of June and 31st of December of each year, in the manner herein under provided.

3. Transfers into this Loan will be received until the 15th of February next, and not after that date: and the Proprietors of Notes that may be surrendered for transfer, shall receive interest thereon up to the 31st December next, at the rate of 6 per cent. in the same manner as if the Notes had not been surrendered, and with a like privilege to Proprietors resident in Europe to receive the said interest in cash or by Bills at one year's date, and at the exchange of 2s. 1d. for the Sicca Rupee. From and after the said 31st December next interest will be paid as may be stipulated in the new Notes to be given in exchange, and all demand on account of the note surrendered shall cease.

4. The Notes of the 6 per Cent. Loan of the 30th June 1822, that were advertised for payment on the 9th May last, viz. No. 1 to 887, will be received for transfer in like manner with those now or hereafter advertised, and whether tendered before or after the 31st December next, the calculation and adjustment of Interest shall be the same; that is to say, at the rate of six per Cent. on the principal sum of the Note to the 31st December next, and from that date at Five per Cent. on the principal sum of the new Note given in exchange, as will be stipulated therein.

5. Promissory Notes of the new Five per Cent. Transfer Loan opened by this Advertisement, will be registered and numbered in the order of the applications made for Promissory Notes in exchange for the Sub-Treasurer's Certificates; that is to say, in the order in which the Notice thereof may be received in the Office of the Accountant General at Calcutta. The accounts of this Loan will be closed on the 15th February next; and whenever it shall be paid off as provided below, if the whole Loan be not at once advertised for payment, but only part thereof, the numbers selected for first payment shall be those last on the register.

6. For the convenience of Proprietors of Notes of the 5 per Cent. Transfer Loan who may be resident in Europe, the Honorable the Court of Directors have made arrangements, whereof they have given public notice in England, to provide that Notes of this Loan shall, at the option of such Proprietors, be registered in the Auditor's Office at the East India House in London, so as to allow of their being sold in England without previous reference, and the employment of Agents to effect the transfer in India. When Notes may be so registered at the India House, the Interest payable thereon will be issued in England only at the periods when the Bills for the same would become due, supposing the Interest payable in India by the terms of the Notes to have been taken in Bills.

7. It is hereby declared and stipulated, that no part of the Transfer 5 per Cent. Loan opened by this Advertisement, shall be paid off before the 22d April 1854; and whenever it shall be redeemed, a previous notice of fifteen months shall be given by public Advertisement, the period of which shall expire on some date subsequent to that above stated, and not prior thereto. When payment shall be made of the whole or of any part of the Notes of this Loan; it shall be at the option of Proprietors to receive the principal sums due on their notes respectively, either in Cash at the General Treasury at Calcutta, or in Bills to be drawn in India on the Honorable the Court of Directors of the East India Company, payable at 12 months date, and at an exchange of 2s. 1d. for the Sicca Rupee, the Court of Directors having the option, when the Bills shall fall due, of postponing payment thereof for one, two or three years, paying interest at the rate of five per Cent. per annum for the period of such postponement. The notice of payment duly advertised as above, and published in the Government Gazette of Calcutta, shall be considered as equivalent to a tender of payment on the date advertised for discharge, and all interest will cease from that date.

8. The Interest of the Promissory Notes of the 5 per Cent. Transfer Loan will be paid in Cash to Proprietors resident in India. But Proprietors resident in Europe may take the Interest at their option in Cash, or in Bills of one year's date to be drawn on the Honorable Court of Directors at the exchange of 2s. 1d. (Two Shillings and one Penny) for the Sicca Rupee.

9. Proprietors residing within the Presidencies of Fort St. George and Bombay, shall be entitled to receive Interest at the exchange of One Hundred and Six and a half Madras or Bombay Rupees, for One Hundred Calcutta Sicca Rupees, from the General Treasuries of those Presidencies respectively; but before the Interest of any Note shall become payable at either of those Presidencies, Notice shall be given to the Accountant General of the Bengal Presidency, and the Notes shall be brought or transmitted to that Officer, that the order for such payment may be inscribed on the face of the Note, after which the Interest shall be payable only at the Treasury menti-

oned in the order ; but if it be desired to change the Treasury of payment, application may be made to the Accountant General of the Presidency where it may be payable, and the order may by him be cancelled.

10. The Accountant General of Bengal may, on the application of Proprietors, and for their convenience, make the Interest on Notes of this Loan payable at any other Treasuries, or issue under this Presidency by a similar order ; but Proprietors shall not be entitled to claim this accommodation if the Accountant General should think proper to refuse it.

11. Notes of this Loan may be consolidated and divided in the usual manner ; but if consolidated, they shall be so on the highest number.

12. The Certificates to be granted by the Sub Treasurers of Bengal, Madras, and Bombay, upon surrender of Notes of the 6 per Cent. Loan of the 30th June 1822, for transfer into the 5 per Cent. Transfer Loan, shall be in the following form :

CERTIFICATE OF TRANSFER.

I do hereby acknowledge that A. B. has this day by transfer of Note, No. of the 6 per Cent. Remittable Loan of 30th June 1822, for the principal sum of paid into the East India Company's Treasury the sum of * being 5 per Cent. in excess of the said principal sum, and the same will be accounted for to him as follows : For the principal sum of the Promissory Note surrendered as above, he will receive Interest at the rate of 6 per Cent. per annum to the 31st December 1834, according to the terms and conditions thereof, and in exchange for this acknowledgment he will receive from the Accountant General of the Bengal Presidency a Promissory Note for the sum of dated 31st December 1834, and bearing Interest at 5 per Cent. per annum, payable half yearly, according to the conditions of the Advertisement issued by Government on the 13th of October last past.

Date.

C. D. Sub-Treasurer.

13. The Promissory Notes to be granted in exchange for the above Certificates shall be issued under the signature of the Secretary to the Governor General of India in Council in the Financial Department, and shall be in the following form :

Fort William, 31st December 1834.

*Five per Cent. Transfer Loan Promissory Note for Calcutta
Sicca Rupees.*

The Governor General of India in Council does hereby acknowledge to have received the sum of Calcutta Sicca Rupees as a loan to the East India Company, and does hereby engage that the said Loan shall not be paid off before the 22d April 1854, nor without notice of 15 months to that effect to be inserted in the Government Gazette of Calcutta ; when payable, this Note shall be discharged by paying the said sum of Calcutta Sicca Rupees to the said, or to his Executors or Administrators, or to his or their order, on demand at the General Treasury at Calcutta, and not elsewhere, either in Cash or by bills of Exchange, at the option of the Proprietors, to be drawn on the Honorable the Court of Directors of the East India Company at the exchange of 2s. 1d. for the Sicca Rupee, payable 12 months after date, with liberty for the said Court to postpone the payment of the said Bills of Exchange for the further period of one, two, or three years, paying Interest at 5 per Cent. for such protracted time. And the Governor General of India in Council does promise to pay the Interest accruing from the said sum of at the rate of 5 per Cent per annum, by half yearly payments in cash only if the Proprietor be resident in India, on the 30th June and 31st December in each year ; and if the Interest be taken at Madras or Bombay, to pay it at the exchange of 106½ of the Rupees of those Presidencies for 100 Calcutta Sicca Rupees. If the Proprietor of this Note be resident in Europe, the Interest shall be pay-

able at his option in Cash, or by bills on the Honorable the Court of Directors at the rate of two Shillings and one Penny for the Calcutta Sicca Rupee, payable twelve months after date.

By order of the Governor General of India in Council.

E. F. Secretary.

14. The Promissory Notes will be delivered to the holders of certificates in exchange for the same by the Accountants General at Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay respectively, free of all expense whatsoever to the proprietors; and the holders thereof shall, at the time of delivering in their certificates, receive in full the interest that may be due thereon to the 31st of December 1834, if any shall remain due or be unadjusted at the time of delivery.

Published by order of the Honorable the Vice President in Council.

(Signed) H. T. PRINSEP,
Secretary to Government.

By an order in the Financial Department of 17th June 1835 an option is given to holders of 6 per cent. Paper and of 5 per cent. Transfer Notes, to transfer on the same conditions as the above into a Book Debt Loan—the following is the order.

Fort William, Financial Department, the 17th June, 1835.

Notice is hereby given, that the Honorable the Court of Directors having, in an Advertisement dated East India House, the 17th of September, 1834, notified to Proprietors of Bengal six per cent. Remittable paper, resident in Europe, who had made known, or might make known, before the 1st of December following, at the Auditor's office in the India House, their wish to transfer their notes of that loan into the new five per cent. transfer loan, under the conditions specified in the Courts Advertisement of the 14th May, 1834, that the property in the new loan would be held in the form of stock instead of promissory notes; that stock receipts would be granted in Bengal to the respective proprietors or their Agents, in exchange for the promissory Notes transferred; and that the new stock would be transferable at the place of registry, in books to be kept for that purpose in London and in India;—in pursuance of that notification and the orders of the Honorable Court, the Sub-Treasurer at Fort William is authorized to receive any of the six per cent. promissory notes of this Government, bearing date the 30th June 1822, that may be tendered for transfer into the new five per cent loan, in fulfilment of the intention of the proprietors signified at the India House, under the advertisement of the 17th of September last, and to grant stock receipts to the respective Proprietors, or their Agents, in exchange for the promissory notes transferred.

2. A Bonus or premium of 5 per cent. will be granted on all transfers made under this advertisement; that is to say, for every note surrendered for transfer, a stock receipt will be granted for a principal sum exceeding the principal sum of the note surrendered, in the proportion of 105 for every 100 Sicca Rupees; and the stock receipt will bear interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, payable, if the Proprietors are resident in India, in cash at the place of Registry, and if resident in Europe, at their option, either in cash in India or by bills on the Court at 12th months' date at 2s. 1d. the Sicca Rupee.

3. The transfers under this advertisement will take effect only at the period when the notes be transferred shall fall to be discharged, according to the Notices published from the Financial Department under the dates respectively of the 9th May and 13th October 1834.

4. The property of the New Loan here advertised is to be transferable only in books to be kept in Bengal, at Madras, at Bombay, and in London, and not by endorsement of Stock Receipts, on the face of which it is to be declared that they are not transferable. Proprietors of stock Receipts will be entitled to the option, of transferring from the books of Bengal to those

of either Madras, Bombay or London. Having availed themselves of that option, the property cannot again be registered in Bengal, or at either of the other places, unless upon transfer effected, at the place at which they may have chosen to register it.

5. After transfer has been made to London, the interest payable on the Stock so transferred will be issued in England at the same periods as when the Bills would have become due, had the remittance of interest been previously received by Bills under the option allowed in the Second Article of the present Notice.

6. It is hereby declared and stipulated, that no part of the Transfer Five per Cent Loan opened by this Advertisement shall be paid off before the 22d April 1854, and whenever it shall be redeemed, a previous Notice of fifteen months shall be given by public Advertisement, which notice may be issued at any time after the 21st of January 1853. Payment shall then be made at the option of the Creditors, either in Cash in India, or by Bills upon the Court at twelve months' date, and at 2s. 1d. the Sicca Rupee; with power to the Court to postpone payment of those bills for one, two, or three years, upon allowing interest at Five per Cent, per annum for the period of the postponement. The Notice of payment duly advertised as above, and published in the *Government Gazette* of Calcutta, shall be considered as equivalent to a tender of payment on the date advertised for discharge, and all interest will cease from that day.

7. Proprietors who shall transfer to the Books of Madras and Bombay, will be entitled to receive interest at the exchange of One Hundred and Six and a Half Madras or Bombay Rupees, for One Hundred Calcutta Sicca Rupees, from the General Treasuries of those Presidencies respectively.

8. The Accountant General of the Supreme Government may, on the application of Proprietors of Stock registered in the Books of Bengal, and for their convenience, make the Interest of such Stock payable at any other Treasuries of Issue under the Bengal or Agra Presidencies; but Proprietors shall not be entitled to claim this accommodation if the Accountant General should think proper to refuse it.

9. Stock of the Five per Cent. Transfer Loan opened by this Advertisement, may be consolidated and divided at the pleasure of the Proprietors in the Books in which it is registered.

10. Proprietors of Six per Cent. Remittable Paper who may transfer into the Five per Cent. Loan now advertised, shall not be subjected on this operation to the Fees prescribed in the Regulations for the Government Agency.

11. Proprietors of the Five per Cent. Transfer Notes issued under the Advertisement of this Department, bearing date the 13th of October last, or their authorised Agents, will be permitted to transfer their property into the Book Debt Loan. For this purpose a period of Four Months will be allowed to the Holders of Five per Cent. Promissory Notes or their Agents, and it is hereby notified, that during the same period fresh Transfers will be allowed to the Book Debt by holders of Six per Cent. Remittable Paper.

12. Forms of Stock Receipts will be published in a future notice.

Published by order of the Honorable the Governor General of India in Council.

G. A. BUSHBY, Sec. to Govt.

Fort William, Financial Department, the 17th June 1835.

Notice is hereby given, that Proprietors, resident in Europe, of Six per Cent. Remittable Paper, or of Five per Cent. Transfer Notes, authorised in the Advertisement of the present date to be received in transfer to the Book Debt Loan, whose instructions to their Agents make no provision for that event, will be allowed a Conditional Transfer into the Book Debt Loan. In respect to Six per Cent. Notes, it will be optional with the Proprietors to confirm the transfer, or to receive payment according to the Notices published from this Department bearing date respectively the 9th of May and the 13th of October 1834; provided, however, that no notice disallowing a trans-

fer will be accepted as valid after fifteen months from this date. The same period is granted to absentee Proprietors of Five per Cent. Transfer Notes for disallowing the act of their Agents in transferring such Notes to the Book Debt Loan.

Published by order of the Honorable the Governor General of India in Council.

G. A. BUSHBY, *Secy. to Govt.*

FORT WILLIAM, Financial Department, the 1st July 1835.

Notice is hereby given, that Promissory Notes of the 5 per Cent. Transfer Loan, dated the 31st December 1834, which may be tendered for transfer into the Book Debt, will be designated the Book Debt of 31st December 1834, and Promissory Notes of the 6 per Cent. Remittable Debt, from Nos. 1 to 887 inclusive, that may be transferred to the Book Debt, will be designated the Book Debt of 10th of August 1835, and Promissory Notes from Nos. 888 to 3478 inclusive, will bear the designation of the Book Debt of the 15th January 1836.

Interest on the Book Debt will be paid half yearly.

Parties who may transfer Promissory Notes to any of the above Book Debts will receive a Stock Receipt according to the following Form.

FORM.

F O R T W I L L I A M.

STOCK RECEIPT.

Registered as No. — of 31st December, 1834-35.

“ “ or of 10th August, 1835-36.

“ “ or of 15th January, 1835-36.

Accountant General's Office,

*Not Transfer-
able.*
The Governor General in Council does hereby acknowledge to have received from _____ the sum of Sicca Rupees _____ as a Loan to the East India Company, bearing Interest at 5 per Cent. per Annum, payable half-yearly (from 31st December 1834, or 10th August 1835, or 15th January 1836, as the case may be.)
Examined

Signed by order of the
Governor General in Council,

Acct. Genl.

Secretary.

Published by order of the Honorable the Governor General of India in Council.

G. A. BUSHBY, *Secy. to the Govt.*

Fort St. George, September 4, 1835.

The following Advertisement of the Government of India, is re-published for general information.

Fort William, Financial Department, the 19th August 1835.

Notice is hereby given, that the Sub-Treasurers of Fort St. George and Bombay respectively are authorised to receive applications for Transfer to the Five per Cent. Book Debt Loan, advertised on the 17th June last, when duly made under the terms and conditions of that Advertisement. If the application be for the Transfer of Notes of the Five per Cent. Transfer Loan bearing date 31st December 1834, or for the Transfer of Notes of the Six per cent. Remittable Loan of the 30th June 1822, the advertised date for the payment of which shall have passed at the time of application, the Sub-Treasurer shall receive the Notes so tendered endorsed for cancelment, and shall grant in lieu thereof certificates entitling the holders to receive Stock Receipts from the Governments of India of such amounts, and bearing such dates respectively, as the Proprietors may be entitled to under the terms and conditions of the Advertisement dated 1st July last, and the

balance of Interest that may be due on the Notes of the Six per cent Loan so tendered will be paid up to the date when Interest ceased. If the Notes tendered for Transfer be Notes of the Six per Cent. Remittable Loan of which the date of discharge has not passed, the Sub-Treasurers of Fort St. George and Bombay respectively, shall certify by enfacement thereon that they have been duly tendered within the period fixed, causing the Proprietors to inscribe and sign the tender thereon, and when the date of discharge shall arrive, the holders thereof will be entitled on delivering them up for cancellation to receive certificates from the said Sub-Treasurers in lieu of such Stock Receipts of the Government of India bearing the prescribed date, as will be granted as provided in the above Advertisement.

If the holders of these Notes shall prefer to make immediate surrender thereof for transfer to take effect on the date of advertised discharge, they may on delivering them up duly endorsed for cancellation obtain in lieu thereof certificates entitling the holder to receive Interest according to the terms of the Notes up to the date of discharge, and then to receive Stock Receipts according to the conditions of the Advertisement of the 17th June last.

The Sub-Treasurer at Fort William will observe the same rules in respect to tenders of Transfer to the Book Debt Loan that may be made in Calcutta.

Published by order of the Honorable the Governor General of India in Council.

(Signed) G. A. BUSHBY, *Secy. to the Govt. of India.*

Fort St. George, October 25, 1836.

The following Notification of the Government of India, is re-published for general information.

Fort William, Financial Department, the 5th October 1836.

Notice is hereby given that under instructions from the Hon'ble the Court of Directors dated 1st June last, Proprietors of Notes of the 6 per Cent. Remittable Loan who transferred their Stock into the Government Transfer Loan opened by Advertisement in this Department under date the 13th Oct. 1834, and subsequently on the Book Debt Loan being opened under orders from the Honorable Court re-transferred their Stock into that Loan, will be entitled to have effect given to the second transfer as if the Notes had not previously been subscribed to the Government Transfer Loan, that is, from the date advertised for the discharge of the original six per cent., Promissory Notes. Such persons also as gave notice in England of their intention to accept the terms tendered in the notices published by the Honorable Court of Directors under dates the 14th May and 17th September 1834, but whose stock had been transferred by Agents or Trustees in India to the Government Loan of 13th October 1834, and still remains in that Loan, shall, on now transferring the same to the Book Debt Loan, be entitled to have the Interest on their Stock adjusted as follows: Up to the date when the 6 per cent. Promissory Notes were to be discharged under notice duly published, at 6 per cent. on the amount Principal of such Promissory Notes; and from that date at 5 per cent. on the said Principal amount increased by the Bonus of 5 per cent. thereon according to the conditions of the Loan.

Published by order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council.

(Signed) H. T. PRINSEP, *Secy. to the Govt. of India.*

Re-published by order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council.

HY. CHAMIER, *Chief Secretary.*

Fort St. George, February 14, 1837.

The following Advertisement of the Government of India, is re-published for general information.

Fort William, Financial Department, 25th January 1837.

Notice is hereby given, that under the conditions of the Advertisement

of this Department, dated 5th October 1836, and in conformity with further Orders recently received from the Honorable Court of Directors, adjustments of Interest will be made upon all Stock Certificates of the Book Debt Loan, bearing date 31st December 1834, by allowing Interest at the rate of 6 per Cent. on the amount of the cancelled Promissory Note of the Remittable Loan, represented by such Stock to the date of its advertised discharge, and from that date at 5 per cent. on the augmented principal of the transferred Stock.

The difference of Interest that may be claimable under this notice will, in case the Stock has been held consecutively by the same party or parties, be paid to the holder of the Certificate on application and production thereof in the Office of the Accountant General of the Presidency, in which the Stock may be registered for payment of Interest, but in case of transfer intermediate between the 31st December 1834 and that of application for adjustment of Interest under this notice, the circumstances of each case and all particulars of the transfers must be submitted to the Governor General of India in Council, in order that His Lordship in Council may decide to whom the difference of Interest thus granted is payable.

Whenever Interest shall have been adjusted on any Stock Certificates the same shall be delivered up to be exchanged for other Certificates of the date of advertised discharge of the original 6 per cent. Stock thereof, viz. 10th August 1834 or 15th January 1836 respectively, according to the number of the Promissory Notes as the case may be; and the holders of the resigned Certificates shall further receive broken Interest to the new date of half yearly payment to which the Stock will thus be changed—the payment in both cases to be receipted on the back of the exchanged Certificate in the usual manner.

The holders of *Promissory Notes* of the Government *Transfer Loan* bearing date the 31st December 1834, shall be entitled, until further orders, to transfer the same to the Book Debt Registers of date 10th August 1834 or 15th January 1836, according to the date of discharge of the original 6 per Cent. Stock of such Notes respectively, and to receive on the occasion of every such transfer the difference of Interest and the broken Interest that may be payable on a similar adjustment, and renewal to be made thereon with that above prescribed for Stock Certificates of the same date.

The Accountants General of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay will make the adjustments of Interest and Transfers above authorized in respect to the Notes and Certificates registered for payment of Interest at those Presidencies respectively, without demanding any fee for the same, and it will be necessary that the fact of adjustment having been made be noted on the new Certificates to be granted. The holders of Notes and Certificates transferred to the London Registers, will, on application to the Honorable Court of Directors, learn the determination of the Honorable Court as to the manner in which these adjustments and transfers will be made in respect to their Stock.

Published by order of the Right Honorable the Governor General of India in Council.

(Signed) H. T. PRINSEP, *Secy to the Govt. of India.*

Re-published by order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council.

ROBERT CLERK, *Sec. to Govt.*

FIVE PER CENT. LOAN OF 1822-23.

Opened on the 14th February 1823, and Promissory Notes issued, bearing date the 31st March 1823. The half yearly interest is payable on the 30th September and 31st March, in each year, and the principal after sixty days' notice. Proprietors resident in Europe, entitled to Bills for Interest on the H. C. of Directors, at 1, 11, payable 12 months after date, vide Orders of

Government in the Financial Department, dated 1st November, 1832. This indulgence to be continued only until the pleasure of the Court is known.

Promissory Notes of this Loan have been discharged under several classes in inverse order ; the last or first class was paid off on the 10th Aug. 1837.

Fort St. George, June 20, 1837.

The following Advertisement of the Government of India, is republished for general information.

Fort William, Financial Department, June 7, 1837.

Notice is hereby given, that the First Class, being the entire remainder of the Promissory Notes of the Governor General in Council, bearing date the 31st March 1823, and standing on the General Register of the Registered Debt of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal as Nos. 1 to 320 inclusive, will be discharged on the 10th August next, on which day the Interest thereon will cease.

The holders of Notes advertised for discharge may, as heretofore, transfer the Stock represented by such Notes into the Four per Cent. Loan now open receiving or paying at their option, the fractional difference between the amount of Stock represented in Sicca Rupees, and the sum in Company's Rupees in even hundreds, that they may desire to hold in Notes of the said Four per Cent. Loan.

Proprietors, (resident in Europe,) of the Notes above advertised for discharge, whose instructions to their Agents in India make no provision for such an event, will be allowed the benefits of the Orders published in the notice of this Department, dated the 26th April 1833.

Prompt payment will be made at any date prior to the 10th August next, at the option of the Holders of Notes advertised for discharge, of the Principal with Interest to the date of payment.

Published by order of the Governor General of India in Council.

H. T. PRINSEP, *Secy. to Govt. of India.*

Re-published by order of the Governor in Council.

ROBERT CLERK, *Secy. to Govt.*

Fort St. George, September 15, 1837.

The following Notification of the Government of India, is re-published for general information.

Fort William, Financial Department, 23d August 1837.

Notice is hereby given, that the Accountants General of the Presidencies of Fort St. George and Bombay are authorized to receive Notes of the 5 per Cent. Loan of the 31st March 1823, ordered for payment on the 10th Instant, in transfer to the 4 per Cent Loan now open, receiving or paying the fractional difference between the amount of Stock represented in Sicca Rupees, and the sum of Company's Rupees in even hundreds, at the exchange of 15 Sicca for 16 Company's Rupees.

Published by order of the Right Honorable the Governor General of India in Council.

H. T. PRINSEP, *Secy to the Govt. of India.*

Re-published by order of the Governor in Council.

ROBERT CLERK, *Secy. to Govt.*

Fort William, Financial Department, the 26th April 1833.

Notice is hereby given, that under orders from the Honorable the Court of Directors, Proprietors (resident in Europe) of the Notes of the Loan dated 31st of March 1823, numbered from 2241 to 2720 inclusive, and also of the Notes from 1 to 250 inclusive, of the Loan of 1825-26, advertised under date the 27th of March 1832, for payment, whose instructions to their

Agents make no provision for such an event; will be allowed the privilege of receiving Treasury Notes bearing interest at 5 per Cent. for one year from the date on which according to the above Advertisement their 5 per Cent. Notes were payable, the said interest to be payable half yearly by Bills on the Honorable Court at 1s. 11d. per Sicca Rupee, and twelve months after date.

Published by order of the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council.

(Signed) G. A. BUSHEY, *Offg. Secy. to Govt.*

FOUR PER CENT. LOAN OF 1824-25.

Fort William; Territorial Department, 13th September 1824.

1. Notice is hereby given, that the Sub-Treasurers at Fort William, Fort St. George, and Bombay, the several Residents at Native Courts, and several Collectors of Land Revenue, under those Presidencies, have been authorized to receive, until further orders, any sums of money, in even Hundreds of Calcutta Sicca Rupees, which may be tendered on Loan to the Honorable Company at an Interest of 4 per Cent. per annum, subject to the Provisions hereinafter specified.

2. Audited Bills for arrears of Salary, whether the same shall have been advertised for payment or not, will be received in lieu of Cash Subscription without any deduction. Bills of Exchange on the Public Treasuries will also be received in Subscription to this Loan, with a deduction at the rate of 4 per Cent. per Annum, for the period they may have to run. Treasury Notes and all authorized Public Demands will be received as Cash at par.

3. The several Paymasters of the Army under the Presidencies of Fort William, Fort St. George, and Bombay, are also authorized to transfer any demands, which may be payable by them respectively to this Loan, and to grant Drafts at the Presidencies of Fort William and Fort St. George for the amount, in the usual manner, on the Accountant General, and at the Presidency of Bombay, on the Military Paymaster General, which Drafts shall be received by the several Officers above mentioned, in payment of Subscriptions on being tendered to them for that purpose.

4. Furruckabad and Lucknow Rupees will be received, where respectively current, at the rate of 104½, and Madras and Bombay Rupees at the rate of 106½ per 100 Calcutta Sicca Rupees; and all Subscriptions in those Currencies must be made in such sums as shall be convertible at the said Rates into sums of even Hundreds of Calcutta Sicca Rupees, in which last mentioned Currency all Acknowledgments for the receipt of money into this Loan shall be expressed.

5. The several Public Officers authorized to receive Subscriptions into this Loan, will grant Acknowledgments in the following form for all sums received by them respectively.

" I hereby acknowledge that A. B. has this day paid into the Honorable Company's Treasury the sum of Calcutta Sicca Rupees
 " for which he is entitled to receive a Promissory Note, bearing interest
 " from this date of the tenor and subject to the conditions specified in the
 " Advertisement published in the Government Gazette of the 13th September 1824."

6. The Deputy Accountant General at Fort William, will, on the said Acknowledgments being delivered to him, forthwith cause to be prepared, and issued to the parties entitled thereto Promissory Notes under the signature of the Secretary to the Government at Fort William in the following form:—

" FORT WILLIAM, the 1824.

" Promissory Note at 4 per Cent. for Calcutta Sicca Rupees

" The Governor General in Council does hereby acknowledge to have received from A. B. the sum of Calcutta Sicca Rupees as a

" Loan to the Hon'ble the United Company of Merchants of England trad-

"ing to the East Indies ; and does hereby promise for and on behalf of the
 "said United Company, to repay the said Loan, by paying the said sum of
 "Sicca Rupees to the said A. B. his Executors, or Administra-
 "tors, or his or their order, on demand, at the General Treasury at Fort
 "William, after the expiration of three months notice of payment, to be
 "given by the Governor General in Council in the Government Gazette,
 "and to pay the interest accruing on the said sum of Sicca Rupees
 "at the rate of four per Cent. per annum, by quarterly payments, at the
 "General Treasury of Fort William, to the said A. B. his Executors, or
 "Administrators, or his or their order, on the of the
 "of the of and the
 "of in each year ; until the expiration of three months after
 "such notice of payment as aforesaid, when the amount of interest due will
 "be payable with the principal, and [such notice being considered as equi-
 "valent to a tender of payment at the period appointed for the discharge of
 "the Note] all further Interest shall cease."

" Signed by the authority of the Governor General in Council."

Accountant General's Office,
Registered as No. of 1824-25. }

Secretary to the Govt.

7. The Accountants General at Fort St. George and Bombay, will, on application from the holders of Acknowledgments, transmit them to the Accountant General in Bengal, to be exchanged for Promissory Notes, free of every expense whatever.

8. The Notes of this Loan shall not be paid off before the 30th April 1830, nor after that date, without a previous notice of three months.

9. Proprietors of Notes who may require the interest to be paid at the General Treasury of Fort St. George shall be entitled to receive it accordingly ; provided they previously notify their wish to the Accountant General at Fort William, and present the notes to him to have an order for the payment of interest at the said Treasury written on the face of them under the signature of the said Officer, or that of the Deputy Accountant General. And after such order shall on the application of the Proprietor be inscribed on any Note, the interest shall be payable only from the said Treasury, unless the Proprietor shall present the Note with an application for the purpose of re-transferring the payment to Bengal, to the Accountant General of Fort St. George, who, on such application being so made, will cancel the said order by a writing inscribed as aforesaid under the signature of himself or his Deputy. A similar course will be followed *mutatis mutandis* in the case of Proprietors of Notes who may desire to have the interest thereof paid at the General Treasury of Bombay.

10. Interest payable at Fort St. George or Bombay will be discharged at the exchange of 106½ Madras and 106½ Bombay Rupees per 100 Calcutta Sicca Rupees.

11. The Proprietors of Acknowledgments who may desire to have the Interest of the Promissory Notes, to be issued in exchange thereof, to be made immediately payable at Madras or Bombay must express their desire to that effect on the face of the Acknowledgments before transmitting them to the Accountant General at Fort William, who will make the interest payable accordingly, in the manner and subject to the conditions above stated.

12. The Promissory Notes of this Loan shall not be renewed, consolidated or subdivided, except by the Accountant General at Fort William ; but the Accountants General at Fort St. George and Bombay will on application of the Proprietors of such Notes, and the payment of the established fees, transmit them to the Accountant General in Bengal for the purpose of being renewed, consolidated, or subdivided, free of all further expense. In other respects the practice and rules heretofore in use in regard to the renewal, consolidation, and subdivision of Promissory Notes will be adhered to.

13. The Promissory Notes issued under the Government Advertisement of the 30th ultimo, in liquidation of demands on the General Treasury, shall be considered to form part of this Loan, and the Proprietors thereof shall be entitled to all the privileges and advantages which belong to the holders of Promissory Notes issued under this notification, subject to the like conditions, on intimating to the Accountant General of the Presidency their assent to the arrangement.

Published by order of the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council.

HOLT MACKENZIE, *Sec. to Govt.*

Fort St. George, 28th September 1824.

Published by order of the Honorable the Governor in Council,

J. M. MACLEOD, *Sec. to Govt.*

FORT WILLIAM, Territorial Department, the 13th September 1824.

The public are hereby informed that until orders from the Honorable the Court of Directors to the contrary are received, and notified in the Government Gazette of this Presidency, the Proprietors of Promissory Notes, issued under the Loan Advertisement of this date, as well as the Proprietors of the Notes, issued under the Notification of the 30th ultimo, shall receive payment of the Interest on those Securities at their option in Cash, or (excepting as hereinafter excepted) in Bills on the Honorable Court at the exchange of 2 Shillings the Calcutta Sicca Rupee and payable 12 months after date. Provided, however, that no bill shall be demandable for a less sum than 250 Calcutta Sicca Rupees, or Twenty-five Pounds Sterling.

Published by order of the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council.

HOLT MACKENZIE, *Sec to Govt.*

Fort St. George 28th September 1824.

Published by order of the Honorable the Governor in Council.

J. M. MACLEOD, *Sec. to Govt.*

GOVERNMENT ADVERTISEMENT,

FORT ST. GEORGE, Financial Department, the 28th September 1824.

All Public Officers under this Presidency, who are authorized to receive Subscriptions to the Four per Cent. Loan opened on the 13th Instant, are hereby required to transmit to the Accountant General a Weekly Register of Acknowledgments granted by them respectively, made out agreeably to the following form.

Number of Certificate.	Date	In whose favor granted.	Amount paid in to the Collector's Treasury (or as the case may be.)	Amount for which the Promissory Note is to be issued. Sicca Rupees.

Published by order of the Honorable the Governor in Council.

J. M. MACLEOD, *Sec. to Govt.*

SECOND FIVE PER CENT LOAN of 1825-26.

The interest is payable quarterly, in cash, by bills on the Honorable the Court of Directors, at the exchange of two Shillings the Calcutta Sicca Rupee, payable 12 months after date, until orders from the Court to the contrary. No bill on the Court of Directors shall be demanded for a less sum than 250 Calcutta Sicca Rupees, or 25 Pounds sterling.

No further subscriptions are received to this Loan. From No. 1 to 250 paid off 2d July 1832; from 251 to 720 paid off 28th November 1833, 721 to 1150 paid off 20th March 1834.

Financial Department, Fort St. George, January 4, 1833.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to re-publish for general information, the following Advertisement, published by the Supreme Government on the 1st November last.

Fort William, Financial Department, the 1st November 1832.

The Public is hereby informed, that under orders from the Honorable Court of Directors just received, Bills will be granted on the Honorable Court at the rate of 1s. 11d. for the Sicca Rupee to Proprietors being bona fide resident in Europe, at their option, for the Interest that may fall due, or that may have fallen due on or since the 30th September last, on Promissory Notes, of the Government five per Cent. Loan, bearing date 31st March 1823, and of the Loan of the years 1824 and 1825.

This arrangement is to continue during the pleasure of the Honorable Court.

By order of the Honorable the Vice President in Council.

(Signed) H. T. PRINSEP, *Secy. to the Govt.*

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council.

H. CHAMIER, *Chief Secretary.*

SECOND FOUR PER CENT LOAN OF 1823-29.

Opened on the 3d of July, 1828. The conditions of this loan are the same as those of the 18th August, 1825, save in respect to the rate of interest. Provided also, that the interest shall be paid in cash only, and not in bills on the Honorable the Court of Directors; no further subscriptions are received to this loan.

THIRD FIVE PER CENT LOAN OF 1829-30.

Opened on the 15th January 1830. The conditions of this loan are the same as those of the 5 per cent. Loan of the 18th August 1825; but the interest will be paid in cash only, and not in bills on the Honorable the Court of Directors.

THIRD FOUR PER CENT LOAN OF 1831-32—PROMISSORY

NOTES, DATED 1st MAY 1838.

Opened on the 7th June 1831 and closed by order in the Financial Department dated the 16th September 1835—Interest payable half-yearly and in India only. At the Fort St. George and Bombay Treasuries at the exchange of 106½ per 100 Sicca Rupees. No greater amount than 1½ Crore of Rupees to be advertised for payment in one year. And to be discharged in the inverse order of the place of the notes on the general registers. By a subsequent Advertisement dated Fort William 3d June 1833, Interest is payable on Promissory notes of this Loan from 1st November 1833, at the option of Proprietors bona fide resident in Europe, by Bills on the Honorable Court at 1s. 11d. per Sicca Rupee, at 12 months after date, to continue during the pleasure of the Honorable Court.

FOUR PER CENT LOAN OF 1835—STILL OPEN.

This loan was opened by an order in the Financial Department on the 16th September, and is consequent on the assimilation of the currency over India—its subscriptions are all received in their equivalent to Company's Rupees as fixed by the currency act. The following are the Government Orders.

Fort William, Financial Department, the 16th September, 1835.

Notice is hereby given, that the Sub-Treasurers at Fort William, Fort St. George, and Bombay, the several Residents at Native Courts, and several Collectors of Land Revenue under those Presidencies, as well as the Collectors under the Agra Government, have been authorized to receive, until further orders, any sums of money, in even hundreds, of not less than 500, of Company's Rupees, which may be tendered on loan to the East India Company, at an interest of 4 per cent. per annum, subject to the Provisions hereinafter specified.

2. Audited Bills for arrears of Salary, whether the same shall have been advertised for payment or not, will be received in lieu of Cash Subscription without any deduction. Bills of Exchange on the Public Treasuries will also be received in Subscription to this Loan, with a deduction at the rate of 4 per cent per annum, for the period they may have to run. Treasury Notes and all authorized Public Demands will be received as cash at par.

3. The Paymasters of the Army under the several Presidencies are also authorized to transfer any demands, which may be payable by them respectively to this Loan, and to grant Drafts at the Presidencies of Fort William, Fort St. George, and Agra, for the amount, in the usual manner, on the Accountant General; and at the Presidency of Bombay on the Military Pay Master General; which Draft shall be received by the several Officers above mentioned, in payment of subscriptions, on being tendered to them for that purpose.

4. Furruckabad, Lucknow, Madras and Bombay Rupees will be received where respectively current at par with Company's Rupees, in which last mentioned currency all Acknowledgments for the receipt of money into this Loan shall be expressed, and Calcutta Sicca Rupees, where these Rupees are current, will be received at the rate of 15 Sicca Rupees for 16 Company's Rupees. Interest when paid in these Rupees will be issued at the rates antecedently specified.

5. The several Public Officers authorized to receive Subscriptions into this Loan will grant Acknowledgments in the following form, for all sums received by them respectively:

"I hereby acknowledge that A. B. has this day paid into the East India Company's Treasury the sum of Company's Rupees
"for which he is entitled to receive a Promissory Note, bearing interest
"from the (31st March or 30th September next ensuing of the year in
"which the Subscriptions may be received, as the case may be) of the
"tenor and subject to the conditions specified in the Advertisement published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 3d of October 1835, and immediately the same interest from the date of this Acknowledgment to the
"31st March or 30th September of the year of Subscription as above.)"

6. The Deputy Accountant General at Fort William will, on the said Acknowledgments being delivered to him, forthwith cause to be prepared and issued to the parties entitled thereto Promissory Notes under the signature of the Secretary to the Government of India in the following form:

Fort William, the 31st March 1836.

"Promissory Note at 4 per cent, for Company's Rupees—"

"The Governor General of India in Council does hereby acknowledge
"to have received from A. B. the sum of Company's Rupees
"as a Loan to the East India Company, and does hereby promise for and on
"behalf of the said Company, to repay the said Loan by paying the said
"sum of Company's Rupees

" to the said A. B., his Executors or Administrators or his or their order, on demand, at the General Treasury of Fort William, after the expiration of three months' notice of payment to be given by the Governor General of India in Council in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and to pay the Interest accruing on the said sum of Company's Rupees at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, by half yearly payments at the General Treasury of Fort William, to the said A. B., his Executors or Administrators, until the expiration of three months after such notice of payment as aforesaid, when the amount of interest due will be payable with the principal, and (such notice being considered as equivalent to a tender of payment at the period appointed for the discharge of the Note,) all further interest shall cease.

" Signed by the authority of the Governor General of India in Council.

" Accountant General's Office, }
Registered as No of " }

" Secy. to the Government."

7. The several Officers authorized to receive subscriptions, will on application from the holders of Acknowledgments, transmit them (free of every expense whatever) to the Accountant General in Bengal, to be exchanged for Promissory Notes bearing Interest from the 31st March or 30th September next ensuing after the date of subscription. The Interest accruing on the broken period of the half year, that may intervene between the date of subscription and the 31st March or 30th September next ensuing, as the case may be, will be paid up at the time of granting the acknowledgment.

8. Proprietors of Notes who may require the Interest to be paid at the General Treasury of Fort St. George, shall be entitled to receive it accordingly, provided they previously notify their wish to the Accountant-General at Fort William, and present the Notes to him to have an Order for the payment of Interest at the said Treasury, written on the face of them, under the signature of the said Officer, or that of the Deputy Accountant General. And after such Order shall, on the application of the Proprietor, be inscribed on any note, the Interest shall be payable only from the said Treasury, unless the Proprietor shall present the Note with an application for the purpose of transferring the payment to Bengal, to the Accountant General at Fort St. George, who, on such application being so made, will cancel the said Order by a writing inscribed as aforesaid, under the signature of himself or his Deputy. A similar course will be followed, *mutatis mutandis*, in the case of Proprietors of Notes who may desire to have the Interest thereof paid at the General Treasury of Bombay.

9. The Proprietors of Acknowledgments who may desire to have the Interest of the Promissory Notes to be issued in exchange thereof, to be made immediately payable at Madras or Bombay, must express their desire to that effect on the face of the Acknowledgments, before transmitting them to the Accountant General at Fort William, who will make the Interest payable accordingly in the manner and subject to the conditions above stated.

10. The Promissory Notes of this Loan shall not be renewed or subdivided except by the Accountant General. But the Accountants General at Fort St. George and Bombay will, on application of the Proprietors of such Notes, and the payment of the established fees, transmit them to the Accountant General in Bengal for the purpose of being renewed or subdivided free of all further expense. In other respects the practice and rules heretofore in use in regard to the renewal and subdivision of Promissory Notes will be adhered to.

11. The said Notes shall be advertised for payment in the inverse order in which they shall have been placed upon the General Register—that is to say, the Notes last brought on the Register shall be first liable to be discharged. But all Notes advertised at the same time for payment shall become payable on demand, without regard to priority, at the expiration of the notice. Government shall also be at liberty to advertise other Notes for

payment without waiting for the expiration of pending notices, and to discharge the Notes so subsequently advertised at the expiration of the notice relating to them, notwithstanding the Holders of the Notes comprized in prior advertisements may have omitted by themselves, or their Attornies duly authorized, to apply for payment.

Published by order of the Honorable the Governor General of India in Council.

G. A. BUSHEY, *Secy. to the Govt of India.*

Fort William, Financial Department, the 16th September 1835.

Notice is hereby given, that Proprietors of Promissory Notes of the 4 per Cent Loan, opened on this date, who may be bona fide resident in Europe, will be allowed the option of receiving payment of the interest of their Notes of the above Loan by Bills on the Honorable Court, to be drawn at 12 months date, and at 1s. 10d. for the Company's Rupee.

This arrangement is to take effect from the 1st October 1837, that is to say, it is to be made applicable to the interest falling due then and thenceforth, and to continue during the pleasure of the Honorable Court of Directors.

Published by order of the Hon. the Governor General of India in Council.

G. A. BUSHEY, *Secy. to the Govt of India.*

Fort William, Financial Department, the 16th September 1835.

All Public Officers who are authorized to receive Subscriptions to the Four per Cent. Loan this day opened, are hereby required to transmit to the Accountant General a Weekly Register of Acknowledgments granted by them respectively, made out agreeably to the following form :

Number of Certificate.	Date.	In whose favour granted.	Amount paid in to the Collector's Treasury (or as the case may be.)	Amount for which the Promissory Note is to be issued in Company's Rupees.

Published by order of the Honorable the Governor General of India in Council.

G. A. BUSHEY, *Secy. to the Govt. of India.*

TRANSMISSION OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES BY PUBLIC DAWK.

Fort William, Financial Department, the 4th October 1837.

Notice is hereby given, that, in order to obviate inconvenience and losses which have been found to attend the transmission of Promissory Notes and other Government Securities by the public Dawk, the Accountant General of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, has been authorized on the application of parties to grant renewed notes with the signatures and numbers in duplicate, so as to admit of their being cut in half for transmission by separate Dawks, the second half after receipt of intelligence of the arrival of the first. The renewed double signed Notes will be in the names of the parties to whom they may be duly transferred at the time of renewal, and upon evidence being given as to the loss of either half during transmission by the Public Dawk, a duplicate note will be immediately issued under a general guarantee to hold Government harmless on production of the other half, provided it shall be apparent that there has been no endorsement or other assignment made upon the Note before it was cut in half.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor General of India in Council.

H. T. PRINSEP, *Secy. to the Govt. of India.*

PUBLIC AGENCY.

**** The Public Agency Regulations, dated Fort William December 31, 1810, having from time to time undergone alteration, it has been judged inexpedient to print them again in their original form. The following are therefore substituted, being the Regulations now in force.*

2d. The Governor General in Council has been pleased to authorise the Accountant General and the Sub-Treasurer, for the time being, to act under the responsibility of the Honourable Company, as Agents (for the purposes hereinafter mentioned) of the public creditors of this Government, whether residing in Europe or elsewhere.

3d. The Officers abovementioned are authorized to receive charge of and to grant receipts in duplicate, for any obligations or Loan Acknowledgments of this Government, which the Proprietor may wish to deposit with them. No Note is to be received in deposit, which shall not appear to be made out in the name of, or be regularly indorsed to, the persons depositing it. Persons desiring to deposit their Government Securities shall make their application to the Accountant General and Sub-Treasurer in the form hereunto subjoined, No. 1; and the receipt of those Officers will be given in the form No. 2.

4th. The Officers abovementioned will receive the Interest on any Government Paper which may be deposited with them, and will according to the instructions of the Proprietor, remit the amount, either to England in Bills to be drawn on the Honourable the Court of Directors, if the same shall be payable in such Bills by the terms of the Loan, or to the Presidencies of Fort St. George or Bombay, by Drafts on the Public Treasuries of those Presidencies, or to any of the stations subordinate to this Presidency, by Drafts on the Collectors or on the Residents at Delhi or Lucknow, according to the rates of exchange at which Government may draw at the time, or they will pay the amount at the Residency to any person nominated by the Proprietor to receive such payment. The instructions as to the manner in which the Interest is to be paid, must be made out according to the forms hereunto subjoined, Nos. 3, 4, and 5, which are adapted to the several cases above specified.—The Proprietor will be at liberty to substitute one of these modes of receiving the Interest for the other, as often he shall think fit; provided that the fresh instructions be delivered at the Treasury one month before the day on which the Interest falls due. Persons having more notes than one in deposit may give separate instructions regarding the Interest on each Note, but the whole of the Interest on each Note must be received in the same manner and at the same time.

5th. When the Principal of any Government Paper so deposited shall become payable, the abovementioned Officers will, according to the instructions of the Proprietor, either pay the amount, with the Interest due upon it, to such person as shall be appointed to receive the payment; or they will reinvest it in any other Loan, to which it may be subscribable at the time, or in the purchase of other Obligations or Loan Acknowledgements of this Government in the market, at the current price of the day.

The instructions for these purposes must be made out according to the forms hereunto subjoined, Nos. 6, 7, and 8, which are adapted to the three several cases above specified. The Proprietor may at any time substitute one of these modes of disposing of the principal for the other, provided that the fresh instructions be delivered at the Treasury one month before the day on which the principal falls due—Persons having more Notes than one in deposit may give separate instructions regarding each Note, but the whole amount of each Note must be disposed of in the same manner and at the same time.

6th. If any Loan be opened by the Government of Fort William, into which the Paper deposited may be receivable, the Officers abovementioned are authorized to subscribe the paper so deposited to such Loans, upon re-

ceiving the instructions of Proprietors, for that purpose; although the Notes may not be in course of payment. Instructions for this purpose must be made out according to the form No. 9.

7th. The Officers abovementioned are authorized to receive remittances, from individuals desiring to purchase the public securities for deposits with them, and to invest the amount, according to the instructions of the Proprietor in the Government Securities, either by subscribing the amount to any Loan which may be open for the receipt of cash, or by purchase in the market at the current price of the day; instructions for this purpose shall be made out according to the forms hereunto subjoined Nos. 10 and 11.

8th. The Officers abovementioned are further authorized to invest the amount of Interest due on Paper deposited with them in the Government Securities, in either of the modes mentioned in the last Clause, upon receiving the Proprietor's instructions for that purpose; such instructions must be made out in the form hereunto subjoined, No. 12.

9th. The same Officers are further authorized at any time, on receiving proper authority and instructions from the Proprietor for that purpose, to indorse any one or more Notes deposited with them, as Attornies of the owner, to such person as he shall direct, or to sell the same on the owner's account at the current price of the day, and to pay over the proceeds in Cash at the Treasury to such person as the Proprietor may appoint to receive the same, provided that the whole amount of each Note sold, shall be payable in one sum, and to the same person. Any fees, which may have become due according to the rates hereinafter prescribed upon the Paper required to be indorsed, are to be paid before the indorsement is made; or in the case of the sale of the Paper, the fee shall be deducted from the amount proceeds before it is paid over. The power of Attorney to indorse, or to sell, must be made out according to the form No. 13; the direction to indorse according to the form No. 14; and the direction to sell, and the order to pay according to the form No. 15.

10th. If Government should at any future period grant a remittance of the principal of any Paper deposited under the terms of this Advertisement, the Officers abovementioned will remit the Principal upon receiving instructions from the Proprietor to that effect, such instructions must be made out according to the form No. 16. The Proprietor may at any time withdraw the Government Securities deposited, or any part of them, from the charge of the abovementioned Officers, and such Securities will be delivered up to the Proprietor himself, or to any other person whom he may authorize to receive them, upon payment of such fees as may have become due to the Accountant General and Sub-Treasurer, according to the rates hereafter specified upon the Paper so required to be delivered up. The authority to receive deposited Paper, must be made out according to the form No. 17.

12th. In each of the cases on which the Officers abovementioned are authorized to invest money in the public securities, it is to be understood, that they will invest as nearly as possible the whole amount, but that they are in no case, and upon no account, to exceed it. Such fractional sum as may remain in their hands above the amount invested, will be payable on demand at the Treasury to the order of the Proprietor; such order is to be made out according to the form No. 18.

13th. The full postage must be paid on all letters directed to the Officers abovementioned, and the full postage on all letters from them will be charged to the persons to whom they are addressed. All letters addressed to them are to be superscribed in the following manner:

" To the Accountant General, and Sub-Treasurer.

Fort St. George."

14th. The responsibility of the Honorable Company is strictly confined to the cases above specified, and to such transactions as shall be conducted according to the prescribed forms. These forms will be printed and furnished in blank at the different Presidencies, and at the India House, to persons

desirous of availing themselves of the agency of the public servants, and no other than the forms so furnished, will be received or acted upon by those Officers.

15th. Commission shall be payable to the Accountant General and Sub-Treasurer on the several transactions above specified, according to the subjoined rates.

On Cash receipts.....	As. 4 per cent.
On buying and selling Company's Paper Brokerage ..	2 ditto
On Deposit a fee of one per thousand up to ten thousand Rupees—above ten thousand an additional one Rupee per every ten thousand, not to exceed 20 Rupees on any sum	
On returning Company's Paper on the Principal... ..	4 ditto
On Transfer from one Loan to another.....	Rs. 1 per mille.
On remitting the Principal of Notes.....	As. 4 ditto

16th. Such fees or commission as may have become due on any of the abovementioned transactions, from any person depositing Paper, will be deducted by the Accountant General and Sub-Treasurer, from the 1st interest received by them, from any Paper in deposit belonging to such person, but if these Officers shall in any instance omit to deduct their fees or commission from the interest coming first into their hands, they shall not be at liberty to make the deduction at any future period.

17th. Government reserves to itself the liberty of withdrawing the authority hereby granted to the Accountant General and Sub-Treasurer, upon giving two years notice of their intention so to do in the Calcutta Gazette; and at the expiration of such notice, those Officers will cease to act in the concern of individuals; but any Government Paper which may have been deposited with them, will remain for safe custody at the Treasury until claimed by the Proprietor.

No. 1.

Form of application to be allowed to deposit Public Securities, with the Accountant General and Sub-Treasurer.

[Insert the year and the day of the month on which the application is made, and the place at which is signed]

Gentlemen, .

Please to receive the Public Securities hereunder mentioned, into your charge, according to the terms of the Advertisement published in the Calcutta Gazette, of the 31st December 1810.

No.	of	for Sa. Rs.	dated
No.	of	for Sa. Rs.	dated

To the Accountant General
and Sub-Treasurer.

I am, Gentlemen, &c. &c. &c.

A. B.

Fort St. George.

No. 2.

Form of the Accountant General and Sub-Treasurer's Receipt for Paper deposited.

FORT ST. GEORGE, GENERAL TREASURY.

Received of _____ 18____ the undermentioned Public Securities to be kept under our charge, upon the terms of the Advertisement published in the Calcutta Gazette, of the 31st December, 1810.

No.	of	for Sa. Rs.	dated
No.	of	for Sa. Rs.	dated

C. D. Accountant General.

E. F. Sub-Treasurer.

No. 3.

Form of the Instruction for Receipt of Interest.

Where to be remitted by Bills on the Court of Directors.

(Insert date of time and place of filling up the instruction.)

Gentlemen,

Please to receive the interest accruing from time to time on the under-mentioned Public Securities deposited with you, in Bills on the Honorable Court of Directors, according to the conditions of Loans, to which those Securities belong.

The Bills to be made payable to A. B. or order, and to be inclosed to the address of C. D.

Insert the name of the person	No.	of	for	Sa. Rs.
and place to which the Bills	No.	of	for	Sa. Rs.
are to be directed,				

To the Accountant General
and Sub-Treasurer.

I am, Gentlemen, &c. &c. &c.

Fort St. George.

No. 4.

Where to be remitted by Bills on the Collectors or Residents.

[Date of time and place.]

Gentlemen,

Please to remit the Interest accruing from time to time on the undermen-
tioned Securities deposited with you by draft on

The Collector of

The Resident of

Payable to A. B. and to inclose the said draft to C. D. at E.

Insert the name of the person	No.	of	for	Sa. Rs.
and place to which the Bills	No.	of	for	Sa. Rs.
are to be directed,				

To the Accountant General
and Sub-Treasurer.

I am, Gentlemen, &c. &c. &c.

Fort St. George.

No 5.

Where to be paid at the Treasury.

[Date of time and place.]

Gentlemen,

Please to pay the amount of the Interest accruing from time to time on the undermentioned Securities deposited with you, to A. B. or C. or his order on my account, upon demand, at the Treasury of Fort St. George.

No.	of	for	Sa. Rs.
No.	of	for	Sa. Rs.

To the Accountant-General
and Sub-Treasurer.

I am, Gentlemen, &c. &c. &c.

Fort St. George.

No. 6.

Form of Instructions for the disposal of the Principal and Interest of Pa-
per deposited when it comes in course of payment.

Where to be subscribed to any Loan which may be opened at the time.

[Date of time and place.]

Gentlemen,

Please to subscribe the undermentioned securities deposited with you

when they shall come in course of payment, to such Loan of the Bengal Government as may be then open.

No.	of	for Sa. Rs.
No.	of	for Sa. Rs.

To the Accountant General and Sub-Treasurer, I am, Gentlemen, &c. &c. &c.
Fort St. George.

No. 7.

Where to be invested in other public Securities.

[Date of time and place.]

Gentlemen,

Please to invest the amount due on the undermentioned Public Securities deposited with you, when they shall be paid off, in other Loan Acknowledgments or Promissory Notes of the Bengal Government, and retain the same (when purchased) in deposit on my account, upon the terms of the Advertisement published in the Calcutta Gazette of the 31st December 1810.

No.	of	for Sa. Rs.
No.	of	for Sa. Rs.

To the Accountant General and Sub-Treasurer. I am, Gentlemen, &c. &c. &c.
Fort St. George.

No. 8.

Where to be paid to the owner's order.

[Date of time and place.]

Gentlemen,

Please to pay the amount due on the undermentioned Public Securities, deposited with you, when the same shall come into course of payment to A. B., or order, on my account, upon demand thereof, at the Treasury at Fort St. George.

No.	of	for Sa. Rs.
No.	of	for Sa. Rs.

To the Accountant General and Sub-Treasurer. I am, Gentlemen, &c. &c. &c.
Fort St. George.

No. 9.

Form of Instruction to subscribe deposited Paper not in course of payment to a New Loan.

[Date of time and place.]

Gentlemen,

Please to subscribe the undermentioned Public Securities deposited with you, to the Loan now open on my account.

No.	of	for Sa. Rs.
No.	of	for Sa. Rs.

To the Accountant General and Sub-Treasurer. I am, Gentlemen, &c. &c. &c.
Fort St. George.

No. 10.

Form of Instruction to invest the amount of Government Bills.

Where to be subscribed to a Loan.

[Date of time and place.]

Gentlemen,

Please to subscribe the amount of the undermentioned Bills transmitted herewith to the Loan now open on my account, and to retain the Securities received for such Subscription in deposit for me, under the terms of the Advertisement published in the Calcutta Gazette of the 31st December 1810.

One Bill drawn by	on the	for Rs.
One Bill drawn by	on the	for Rs.
To the Accountant General		I am, Gentlemen, &c. &c. &c.
and Sub-Treasurer.		
Fort St. George.		

No. 11.

Where to be Invested in Paper purchased.

[Date of time and place.]

Gentlemen,

Please to invest the amount of the undermentioned Bills when the same shall become payable at the Treasury, in Loan Acknowledgments or Promissory Notes of the Bengal Government in my name, and on my account, and to retain the same when purchased in deposit, under the terms of the Advertisement published in the Calcutta Gazette of the 31st December 1810.

One Bill drawn by	on the	for Rs.
One Bill drawn by	on the	for Rs.
To the Accountant General		I am, Gentlemen, &c. &c. &c.
and Sub-Treasurer.		
Fort St. George.		

No. 12.

Form of Instruction to Invest the amount of Interest accruing on Paper deposited in the purchase of other Paper.

[Date of time and place.]

Gentlemen,

Please to invest the amount of Interest accruing from time to time on the undermentioned Securities deposited with you in the purchase of other Loan Acknowledgments or Promissory Notes of the Bengal Government in my name, and on my account, and to retain the same, (when purchased) in deposit, under the terms of the Advertisement published in the Calcutta Gazette of the 31st December 1810.

No.	of	for Sa. Rs.
No.	of	for Sa. Rs.
To the Accountant General		I am, Gentlemen, &c. &c. &c.
and Sub-Treasurer.		
Fort St. George.		

No. 13.

Form of Power of Attorney to the Accountant General and Sub-Treasurer to Sell or Indorse Paper deposited.

KNOW ALL MEN by these Presents, that I

do make, constitute, and appoint the Persons at present exercising the Offices of Accountant General and Sub-Treasurer of the East India Company at Fort St. George, to be my joint Attornies (and from time to time, as any other Persons shall be appointed to exercise either of the said Offices, I do substitute the Persons so appointed, so that this Power shall always be executed jointly by the Persons exercising the said Offices) in my name and on my behalf to endorse, sell, and assign, all or any Securities of the said Company, deposited, or which may hereafter be deposited, by or for me, with the said Accountant-General and Sub-Treasurer, under the Terms of an Advertisement published in the Calcutta Gazette of the 31st December 1810, and to receive the consideration money, and to give a Receipt or Receipts for the same, and to do all lawful acts requisite for effecting the premises, hereby ratifying and confirming all that the said Accountant General and Sub-Treasurer, for the time being shall do therein, by virtue hereof. And in case of my death, this Letter of Attorney, as to all matters and things which after my decease shall be done by my said Attornies, by virtue of, or under colour, or in pursuance thereof, shall, so far as the said East India Company are interested or con-

cerned, be as binding upon my Executors and Administrators, as the same would have been upon me if living, unless Notice in writing of my death shall have been previously given to the said Accountant-General and Sub-Treasurer, by my Executors, or Administrators, or by some person or persons interested in the property to which this Letter of Attorney refers. And unless such Notice be given, I hereby promise and engage and bind myself, my Executors, and Administrators, to and with the said East India Company, that they my said Executors or Administrators shall and do allow, ratify and confirm, as good, valid, and effectual, against them and against my Estate, whatsoever shall or may be done by my said Attornies after my decease so far as the said East India Company shall or may be in any way or manner interested therein : in witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal at this day of in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty

Signed, sealed and delivered by }
the said in the }
presence of us,

No. 14.

Form of the Instruction to indorse over Paper deposited.

[Date of time and place.]

Gentlemen,
By virtue of my Power of Attorney to you dated please to indorse the undermentioned Securities deposited with you to A. B. and to deliver the same to the Indorsee or his Order.

No. of for Sicca Rupees.
No. of for Sicca Rupees.

To the Accountant General I am, Gentlemen, &c. &c. &c.
and Sub-Treasurer.
Fort St. George.

No. 15.

Form of direction to sell Paper deposited.

[Date of time and place.]

Gentlemen,
By virtue of my Power of Attorney to you dated please to sell on my account the undermentioned Securities deposited with you on my account, and to pay the proceeds to A. B. or his order, on my account upon demand, at the Treasury at Fort St. George.

No. of for Sicca Rupees.
No. of for Sicca Rupees.

To the Accountant General I am, Gentlemen, &c. &c. &c.
and Sub-Treasurer.
Fort St. George.

No. 16.

Form of Instruction to remit the Principal of Government Securities.

[Date of time and place.]

Gentlemen,
Please to remit the Principal and Interest of the undermentioned Securities deposited with you, in Bills of the Governor General in Council on the Honorable the Court of Directors, if any such remittance for the Principal shall have been, on the receipt of these instructions, or shall at any time (until further orders from me,) be granted by the Bengal Government.

No. of for Sicca Rupees.
No. of for Sicca Rupees.

To the Accountant General, I am, Gentlemen, &c. &c. &c.
and Sub-Treasurer.
Fort St. George.

No. 17.

Form of direction to deliver up deposited Paper.

[Date of time and place.]

Gentlemen,

Please to deliver the undermentioned Securities deposited with you to A. B. on my account.

No.	of	for Sicca Rupees.
No.	of	for Sicca Rupees.
To the Accountant General, and Sub-Treasurer.		I am, Gentlemen, &c. &c. &c.
Fort St. George.		

No. 18.

Form of Draft for Cash Balance.

[Date of time and place.]

Gentlemen,

Please to pay the Balance of Cash at my Credit with you to A. B. or order.

To the Accountant General, and Sub-Treasurer.	I am Gentlemen, &c. &c. &c.
Fort St. George.	

GOVERNMENT ADVANCES ON MERCHANDIZE.

Fort St. George, December 4, 1838.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the following terms and conditions prescribed by the Honorable the Court of Directors for making advances upon the Goods and Merchandize of individuals intended for Consignment to England, repayable to the Honorable Court, and to notify that they have been substituted for those contained in the Notification, dated 2d August 1836.

Terms and Conditions for making Advances in India and China, upon the Goods and Merchandize of Individuals intended for Consignment to England, repayable to the Court of Directors of the East India Company.

1st.—The parties to whom advances may be made shall agree that the respective Consignments be delivered into such Warehouses as the Court of Directors may approve, and that they be subject to the control of the Court of Directors until the lien of the Company upon the consignment shall have been satisfied.

2d.—Upon each Consignment, the value of which is to be ascertained by the Officers of the Indian Governments, or authorized Agents of the East India Company, an Advance *not exceeding three-fifths* of such ascertained value will be made.

The rate of Exchange to be determined from time to time at the place where the Advance is made under the Court's orders.

3d.—For re-payment of the Advance, Bills of Exchange to be drawn in triplicate, at six months sight at the rate of

s. d.

Per Company's Rupee for advances made at.....	Bengal.
Ditto... ..	Ditto... .. Madras.
Ditto... ..	Ditto... .. Bombay.
Per Spanish Dollar	Ditto..... China.

4th.—The parties will be required to place in the hands of the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium,* Bills of Lading of the Consignment, and Policies of Insurance effected thereon, both in triplicate. The Bills of

* Of such public Officers or authorised Agents of

the East India Company as may be specified. Lading must be drawn deliverable to the East India Company, or endorsed to the order of the East India Company. The Policies of Insurance

must be effected in the name and on behalf of the East India Company, as the parties interested, or endorsed to their order; but persons desirous of effecting the necessary Insurance in this country, and of depositing the Policies in the Company's Treasury, will be allowed to do so.

5th.—In case of default being made either in acceptance or payment of the Bills, the Court of Directors to be authorized, in such manner, and at such times as they may see fit, to sell the goods, for the purpose of repaying the Company the amount of the Advances made thereon, including freight and any other charges or expenses which the Company may have incurred on account of the Consignment, together with interest, should any have accrued; the Company, on the other hand, allowing discount, where any part of the proceeds shall be realized before the Bills fall due, and the settlement of either surplus or deficiency shall be made with the Consignor; and if in India or China, by the Government or Agents from whom he received the advance, at the rate of exchange at which the Company may at the time be drawing Bills upon such Government or Agents.

6th.—An Agent in England shall be appointed for each consignment, to whom the Court of Directors shall be empowered to make over the Goods, subject to all the conditions agreed upon with the Company, on payment of the Bills; and with whom they shall be authorized to transact generally all business relating to such Goods. The consignor shall be at liberty to make provision, in case of the party upon whom the Bill is drawn, (being also the Agent) having failed to accept the Bill, for the substitution of another Agent.

7th.—After the arrival of the Goods in England and when they shall have been placed in such deposit as may have been agreed upon, the Agent may be put into possession of them before the Bills become due, upon the amount of such Bills (less discount) being paid, together with the freight and any other charges and expenses which the Company have paid, or may be subject to on account of the Goods.

8th.—The rate of discount to be allowed by the Company shall be the same as that charged by the Bank of England; and in cases where interest shall have accrued, such interest shall be computed at the rate or rates per cent. at which the Company have allowed discount during the period for which such interest is chargeable.

9th.—Parties or their Agents will be required to insure the Goods from fire, and deposit the policies with the East India Company; such Insurance to take effect from the date of the termination of the Sea risk. Should however the parties or their Agents fail to effect such Insurance, the East India Company shall be at liberty to insure the Goods, the expense of which shall be reimbursed to them previously to their making over the Goods to those parties or their Agents.

10th.—Parties receiving Advances, to address in each instance a Letter in quadruplicate to the Court of Directors, according to a form which will be furnished by the Officers of Government (or authorized Agents of the East India Company), signifying their assent to all the foregoing conditions, but more particularly for the purpose of expressly authorizing the sale of the Goods by the Company (without either notice or concurrence of any person whomsoever) at any period after default shall be made either in acceptance or payment of the Bills; also authorising, in such cases, the repaying to the Company the Advances made, either principal or interest, together with any other charges or expenses which the Company may have incurred in respect of the Goods, and appointing the Agent in England for each transaction.

Published by order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council

ROBERT CLERK, *Secy. to Govt.*

MADRAS CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

Waddell's House, Popham's Broad-way.

COMMITTEE.

Joseph Pugh, Esq. *Chairman.*

A. F. Arbuthnot, Esq.

W. H. Hart, Esq.

J. B. Key, Esq.

A. Mackenzie, Esq.

D. Pugh, Esq.

J. Thomson, Esq.

Arthur J. Macleane, Esq. *Secretary.*Messrs. Binny and Co. *Treasurers.*

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

1st.—That the Madras Chamber of Commerce is formed with a view to watch over and protect the interests of trade ; to receive and collect information on all matters of mercantile interest, bearing upon the removal of grievances and promotion of the common good ; to communicate with authorities and with individual parties thereupon ; to receive references on matters of custom or usage in doubt or dispute, deciding on the same, and recording the decision made for future reference ; and to form by that and other means a code of practice whereby the transactions of business by all engaged in it, may be simplified and facilitated.

2d.—That all Merchants and other persons engaged in the general trade of Madras be eligible as Members.

3d.—That after the first General Meeting all Members be elected by ballot at the Quarterly General Meetings, having been first proposed by one Member and seconded by another ; previous notice to be given by entry in a ballot book to be kept for the purpose, a majority of two-thirds requisite for election.

4th.—That voting by proxy be not allowed, nor by parties whose Subscription shall be in arrears.

5th.—That the power of expulsion be reserved to the Chamber, to be decided by ballot by a majority at a General Meeting.

6th.—That the affairs of the Chamber be conducted by a Committee consisting of a Chairman and six Members, of whom three to form a quorum for the despatch of business.

7th.—That the Chairman and Members be chosen by ballot ; the Chairman and one half of the Committee being the three Senior Members, to go out in rotation, at the end of every year, but to be eligible for re-election at the expiration of twelve months.

8th.—That casual vacancies be filled by ballot at the Quarterly General Meetings.

9th.—That the Chairman have a casting vote on all occasions.

10th.—That in the event of the Chair becoming vacant in the course of the year, the Member filling it temporarily, shall be eligible to re-election at the end of the year.

11th.—That the Committee shall meet for the despatch of business on the first Monday of every month, and at such other times as occasion may require when summoned by the Secretary, who shall intimate in his notice the business to be brought before the Committee.

12th.—That every Member on election shall pay an entrance fee of 150 Rupees.

13th.—That the Subscription payable quarterly in advance for each Member be 10 Rupees per month, subject to increase or reduction as a General Meeting may at any time decide.

14th.—That Resident partners shall subscribe individually.

15th.—That not more than two partners from one House of business shall be eligible to sit on the same Committee.

16th.—That the Funds be paid as realized into the Government Bank, and that when exceeding One thousand Rupees they be invested in Government paper.

17th.—That the expenditure be at the discretion and under the controul of the Committee, subject to revision at the annual General Meeting held in October.

18th.—That Quarterly General Meetings of the Subscribers be held on the second Monday of January, April, July, and October of each year to ballot for Candidates, and that at such Meetings the correspondence of the Committee shall be laid on table.

19th.—That at the meeting in October the Treasurers' accounts be submitted, and that a majority of the said Meeting be competent to amend, alter, revoke, or introduce Rules for the regulation of the Chamber; such majority to consist however of not less than one half of the Members at the time resident at Madras.

20th.—That special General Meetings may be convened on the requisition of any eight Members of the Chamber, at which such business may be transacted, as may come within the authority of the Annual General Meetings: one month's previous notice however to be given of the matter to be proposed.

21st.—That it shall be left to the Committee to fix the fees payable on references and arbitrations.

22d.—That the Committee be authorized, when they may deem it necessary, to provide a convenient place for the Meetings of the Chamber.

23d.—That all parties subscribing to the Chamber shall affix their signatures to the Rules in a book to be kept for the purpose.

General Rates of Agency and Commission as revised by the CHAMBER OF COMMERCE and recommended for general approval and adoption.

- No. 1.—On the total sum of a Debit or Credit side of an Account at the option of the Agent, excepting Per Cent. items on which a Commission of 5 per Cent is chargeable ... 1—One.
- 2.—On effecting Remittances, or purchasing, selling, or negotiating Bills of Exchange ... 1—One.
- 3.—On Subscriptions to Government Loans, purchasing, selling, transferring, or exchanging Public Securities ... $\frac{1}{2}$ —Half.
- 4.—On delivering up Public Securities, or lodging them in any of the Public Offices ... $\frac{1}{2}$ —Half.
- 5.—On receiving and delivering private Commissions of Wines, Cattle, and Merchandize ... $2\frac{1}{2}$ —Two & a half.
- 6.—On Collecting Rents ... $2\frac{1}{2}$ —Two & a half.
- 7.—On purchase of Lottery Tickets and amount of Prizes ... 1—One.
- 8.—On the sale of Lottery Tickets from other Settlements ... $2\frac{1}{2}$ —Two & a half.
- 9.—On letters of Credit granted ... $2\frac{1}{2}$ —Two & a half.
- 10.—On Executorship or Administration to Estates of deceased persons ... 5—Five.
- 11.—On the management of Estates for Executors or Administrators ... $2\frac{1}{2}$ —Two & a half.
- 12.—On becoming security for Administrators ... $2\frac{1}{2}$ —Two & a half.
- 13.—On debts when a process of law or arbitration is necessary ... $2\frac{1}{2}$ —Two & a half.
And if recovered by such means ... 5—Five.
- 14.—On Bills of Exchange, Notes, &c. dishonored ... 1—One.
- 15.—On over due Debts collected for Absentees ... $2\frac{1}{2}$ —Two & a half.

- 16.—On becoming security for individuals to Government or others ... 2½—Two & a half.
- 17.—On all Sales or Purchases of Goods ... 5—Five.
With the following exceptions.
- | | | |
|---|-----|--------------------|
| On Houses, Lands and Ships | ... | 2½—Two & a half. |
| On Diamonds, Pearls and Jewellery | ... | 2½—Two & a half. |
| On Treasure and Bullion | ... | 1—One. |
| On all Goods and Merchandize withdrawn, shipped, or delivered to order | ... | } Half Commission. |
| On all other descriptions of property for Sale, if withdrawn or otherwise disposed of by the Owners | ... | |
| On Goods transferred to Auction or Commission Salesmen | ... | |
| | | |
- 18.—On guaranteeing Sales, Bills, Bonds, Contracts for Goods or other engagements ... 2½—Two & a Half.
- 19.—On Ships Disbursements ... 2½—Two & a Half.
- 20.—On Chartering Ships or engaging Tonnage ... 2½—Two & a Half.
- 21.—On Advertising as the Agents of Owners or Commanders of Ships for Freight or Passengers—On the Amount of Freight or Passage Money whether the same shall pass through the Agents hands or not 5—Five.
- 22.—On effecting Insurance or writing orders for Insurance, whether on Lives or Property ... ½—Half.
- 23.—On settling Losses partial or general and returns of Premium 1—One.
- 24.—On procuring money on Respondentia wherever payable 2—Two.
- 25.—On making up or purchasing Goods to order where the Funds are not provided ... 7½—Seven & a Half.
- 26.—On giving Orders for the Provision of Goods where a Commission is not chargeable on Sale or Shipment ... 2½—Two & a Half.
- 27.—On attending the delivery of Contract Goods ... 2—Two.

J. A. ARBUTHNOT,
Chairman.

MADRAS, 10th. October 1836.

RATES OF GODOWN RENT* PER MONTH.

	R. A. P.
Bales of Punjum Cloth of 30 pieces, per Bale.	0 8 0
Screwed do. of Cotton of 300lb do.	0 4 0
Loose bundles of do. of 200lb do.	0 4 0
Bales of Taffities and Raw Silk.....do.	1 0 0
Chests of Opium per chest	0 8 0
Ditto of Indigo .. do	0 8 0
Ditto of Wine of 12 dozens .. do	0 8 0
Pipes of Wine Puncheons and Butts each	1 0 0
Bags of Rice and Sugar.....per Bag	0 1 0
Do. of Saltpetre do	0 1 0
Metals per Ton	0 4 0

Other Articles in proportion to the above.

MERCHANTS AND AGENTS IN MADRAS.

FIRMS.	PARTNERS.	OFFICES.
AMALRIC AND Co.....	Jules Amalric, and Eugene Amalric	} <i>Armenian street.</i>
ARBUTHNOT AND Co.....	John Alves Arbuthnot (<i>Europe</i>) Archibald Francis Arbuthnot, George Arbuthnot, Wm. McTaggart and Alexander Mackenzie.	
BALAKISTNAH AND TEROOCAMWY	C. Teroocawmy Naick.	} <i>Bentinck's Buildings, North Beach.</i>
BARROW J. AND Co.....	Joseph Barrow and Benjamin Cardozo.	
BINNY AND Co.	William Scott Binny, James Scott, (<i>Europe</i>) John Binny Key and William Hamilton Hart.	} <i>Armenian-street.</i>
CLARK STEPHEN AND Co.	Stephen Clark.	
GRIFFITHS AND Co.	John Home, George Wellington, Geo. Alexander Reynolds, and Robert Wright Norfor, junior.	} <i>Armenian street.</i>
HALL, BAINBRIDGE AND Co....	Joseph Bainbridge and Zachary Macaulay.	
LINE AND Co.	John Line & Jas. Thomson.	} <i>Bentinck's Buildings, North Beach.</i>
OUCHTERLONY AND Co.	James Ouchterlony.	
PARRY, DARE AND Co.	Joseph Pugh, David Pugh, and Cosmo R. Howard.	} <i>Erabauloo Chetty-street.</i>
SAM AND Co.	E. Seth Sam, A. Seth Sam, V. Seth Sam, and Paul Melitus.	
SIDLOO CHETTY G. AND Co.	G. Sidloo Chetty, C. Venkatakindnamah Naidoo, G. Lutchmenaraoosoo Chetty, and C. Narrainsawmy Naidoo.	} <i>Maclean-street.</i>
		} <i>North Beach.</i>
		} <i>Armenian-street.</i>
		} <i>Armenian-street.</i>

MADRAS TRADE LIST, &c.

Architects and Sculptors.
 Ostheider and Co. - Mount Road
Auctioneers and Commission Salesmen.
 Ashton and Co. - Mount Road
 Dunhill and Co. - Vepery
 Durnford and Co. - Mount Road
 Franck and Co. - Mount Road
 Miller and Son - Esplanade
 Rafter, W. - Esplanade
 Richardson and Co. - Mount Road
 Stephenson and Co. - Beach

Baker.
 Duncan, John - Near the Market

Booksellers and Stationers.
 Hogg and Son - Mount Road
 Pharoah, J. B. - Mount Road

Boot and Shoe Makers.
 De Rozario & Co. No. 22, Stringer-street
 (vide Tanners.)

Butcher.
 Siquera, J., Chintadrepettah, and Market

Cabinet Makers.
 Brisson, Thomas - Popham's Broadway
 De Castellias, P. - Mount Road
 Forbes and Co. - Poonamallee Road
 Grant, C. - Beach
 Mascurine, J. - Anderson street
 Millett and Co. - Mount Road
 Nowlan, G. (and Camp and Billiard Table Manufacturer) - Mount Road
 Shaw, G. B. - Mount Road
 Slauey, P. - Mount Road

Chemists and Druggists.
 Bruce and Co. - Vepery
 Herft and Co. - Popham's Broadway
 Lee, E. - Esplanade
 Scott and Co. - Popham's Broadway

China Shop Keepers.
 Dinsaw Limjee Pouday - 2d Line Beach
 Ebramjee Pathally and Co. 2d Line Beach

Coach Makers.
 Aubry, A. - Mount Road
 Brisson, Thomas - Popham's Broadway

D'Castellas, P. - Mount Road
 Dighton, J. L. - Mount Road
 Forbes and Co. - Vepery, Poonamallee Road
 Maddox, J. Vepery, near the Barracks
 Rozario, L. - Chintadrepettah
 Syed Hamed - Mount Road
Dancing Master.
 Perine, Lewis - 11, Vurdapen street, Royapettah
Dentist.
 Groves, John - Poonamallee Road
Engravers.
 Jervis, W. - Mount Road
 Stracey, G. E. - Mount Road
Hotel Keepers.
 Duncan and Townsend (Royal Victoria Hotel) 2d Line Beach
 Grant, W. (Madras Hotel) - Beach
 Willick, J. (Clarendon) - Esplanade
Jewellers and Silversmiths.
 Cachart, J. Philip's street, Black Town
 Cox, J. - Esplanade
 Gregory, J. - Popham's Broadway
 Johannes, P. A. - Armenian Street
 Papell, E. G. - Mount Road
 Peters, Lewis - Mount Road
Jewellers and Silversmiths, Watch and Clock Makers.
 Gordon, G. & Co. Popham's Broadway
Livery Stable Keepers.
 Burghall, J. - Mount Road
 Kickwick, J. and Co. - Royapettah
 Orton and Anderson - Mount Road
 Pearman and Co. - Mount Road
 Taylor, R. - Mount Road
 Waller, T. P. - Mount Road
Milliners and Dress Makers.
 Brooming & Lynch, Misses - Mount Road
 Sayer, Mrs. - Mount Road
Musical Instrument Repairers.
 Freedom, J. F. Broadway
 Zscherpel, F. and Son - 2d Line Popham's
 Zscherpel, T. - Mount Road
Saddlers and Harness Makers.
 Crowe, T. - Poonamallee Road

D'Castellas, G. and A. - Mount Road
 Shaw, E. F. - Mount Road
Stone Cutters and Sculptors.
 Hall, J. (Sculptor) - Esplanade
 Law, Charlotte S. - Mount Road
Surveyor.
 Inglis, Joseph - 50, Semboos Doss-street
Tailors and Habit Makers.
 Aviragnet, F. - Mount Road
 Bartley, J. & Co. - Popham's Broadway
 Garty, J. - Mount Road
 Marshall, W. - Popham's Broadway
 Winter, G. - Popham's Broadway
 Xavier, J. - Popham's Broadway
Tanners, and Boot and Shoe Makers.
 Colecroft, J. - Maclean-street
 Crowe, T. - Poonamallee Road
 Mackenzie, R. - Mount Road
 Madras Army Tannery (P. De Celes, Agent) Mount Road
 Rippon and Co. Popham's Broadway
 Taylor and Co. Popham's Broadway and Mount Road
Undertakers.
 Clemendez Burton and Co. - Broadway
 De Sena, E. - Popham's do.
 De Sena, J. Soonkaramah street
 Hall, J. (and Sculptor) Esplanade
Veterinary Surgeons.
 Pearman and Co. - Mount Road
 Seymour, H. Hunter-street, Vepery
Watch and Clock Makers.
 Bonjour, B. - Mount Road
 Dalton, T. - Popham's Broadway
 Perriman, T. - Francis Joze's street
 Taylor, F. and Co. Popham's Broadway
 Thoy, Robert - Jones' street
 Xavier, J. - Mount Road
Wine Merchants, and General Commission Agents.
 Boswell and Co. - 2d Line Beach
 Cole, R. C. (and Vender of Provisions to H. M. Navy) Beach
 Dunkin, Thomas & Son 2d Line Beach
 McDowell and Co. 2d Line Beach
 Wheeler, R. and Co. 2d Line Beach

PERIODICAL PUBLICATIONS.

NEWSPAPERS.

	<i>Times of issue.</i>	<i>Publishers.</i>
The Fort St. George Gazette (official)	Twice a week, Tuesday and Friday Evening.	F. Lawrance.
The Madras Herald	Twice a week, Wednesday and Saturday Morning.	E. Marsden.
The Madras Courier	Twice a week, Monday and Thursday Morning.	J. V. Pereira.
The Madras Circulator	Twice a week, Monday, Wednesday and Friday Morning.	J. Fanderlinden.
The Conservative	Twice a week, Tuesday and Friday Evening.	W. Groncy.
The Examiner	Twice a week, Monday and Thursday Morning.	J. P. Cropley.
The Spectator	Twice a week, Wednesday and Saturday Morning.	C. Sooboo Moodelly.
The United Service Gazette	Twice a week, Tuesday and Friday Morning.	J. B. Pharoah.
The Advertiser	Every Morning, except Sunday.	W. Groncy.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bi-monthly.

Thursday Budget	-	-	-	-	G. Williams.
Madras Satirist and Critical Observer	-	-	-	-	G. P. A. Regel.
do. Observer	-	-	-	-	J. B. Pharoah.

Monthly.

Madras Roman Catholic Expositor	-	-	-	-	W. L. Johnston.
do. Church Missionary Record	-	-	-	-	C. Sample.
Illustrations of Indian Botany	-	-	-	-	J. B. Pharoah.
South India Temperance Union Journal	-	-	-	-	R. Johnson.

Each alternate month.

Christian Knowledge Review	-	-	-	-	G. Williams.
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Quarterly.

Army List (published by authority, and for the benefit of the Male Asylum)	-	-	-	-	E. Marsden.
Army List	-	-	-	-	J. B. Pharoah.
Madras Journal of Literature and Science	-	-	-	-	do.
Medical Journal	-	-	-	-	do.
South India Christian Repository	-	-	-	-	C. Sample.

Annually.

Madras Almanac and Compendium of Intelligence (for the benefit of the Male Asylum)	-	-	-	-	E. Marsden.
Pocket Calendar (for the benefit of the Male Asylum)	-	-	-	-	do.
Sheet do. do.	-	-	-	-	do.
Madras New Almanac	-	-	-	-	J. B. Pharoah.
Pocket Calendar	-	-	-	-	do.
Sheet do.	-	-	-	-	do.

PRIVATE PRINTING PRESSES.

Advertiser	-	-	-	-	Popham House, near the Market
Albion	-	-	-	-	Mount Road
American Mission	-	-	-	-	Popham's Broadway
Athenæum	-	-	-	-	Mount Road
Circulator	-	-	-	-	No. 24, Stringer Street
Courier	-	-	-	-	No. 13, Semboodoss Street
Culvi Vellaka Vichee Codum	-	-	-	-	Wotary, Cospettah
Gantz's Lithographic	-	-	-	-	No. 12, Popham's Broadway
Madras Lithographic	-	-	-	-	No. 54, Anderson's Street
Male Asylum	-	-	-	-	Mount Road
Salem	-	-	-	-	Jones' Street
Siruwattee Codum	-	-	-	-	Egmore
Spectator	-	-	-	-	Maclean Street
Union	-	-	-	-	No. 22, Armenian Street
Vepery Mission S. P. C. K.	-	-	-	-	Church Street, Vepery
Vrittantee	-	-	-	-	

PROPRIETORS OF SCHOOLS.

Harley, Mr. E.	-	-	-	-	Vepery
Jones, Mr. and Mrs. W.	-	-	-	-	Royapooram
King, Mr. J. A. (The High School)	-	-	-	-	Vepery
Lacey, Mr. B.	-	-	-	-	do.
Liddell, Mrs.	-	-	-	-	Poonamallee Road
Mitchell, Mr. R.	-	-	-	-	Royapooram
Theobalds, Mrs.	-	-	-	-	Vepery
Townsend, Mrs.	-	-	-	-	Egmore

AGENCIES IN MADRAS.

INDIA INSURANCE SOCIETY.

MEMBERS OF COMMITTEE.

Seth Sam,	|	S. P. Arathoon, and
Paul Melitus,	|	N. Barambeg.

Messrs. Chalmers, Guthrie and Co. *Agents, Idol Lane, Tower Street, London.*

MARINE INSURANCE SOCIETIES' AGENCIES.

The Hindoostan Insurance Company (of Calcutta)	}	<i>Arbutnot and Co.</i>
The Atlas Insurance Company ditto		
The Calcutta Insurance Society,	}	<i>Binny and Co.</i>
The Bengal Insurance Society,		
The Indemnity Insurance Office,		
The Bombay Insurance Society, (of Bombay)		
The Phoenix Assurance Company, (of Calcutta)	}	<i>Griffiths and Co.</i>
The Alliance Insurance Company,		
The Amicable Insurance Office,	}	<i>Hall, Bainbridge, & Co.</i>
The Universal Marine Insurance Company,		
The Equitable Insurance Society, (of Calcutta)	}	<i>Line and Co.</i>
The Commercial Insurance Company, ditto		
The Sun Insurance Office, (of Calcutta)	}	<i>Parry, Dare and Co.</i>
The Calcutta Insurance Company, ditto		
The Ocean Marine Insurance Office ditto		

FOURTH MADRAS LAUDABLE SOCIETY.

DIRECTORS.

Mr. A. F. Arbutnot,	|	Mr. John Home,
Mr. W. S. Binny,	|	Mr. J. Pugh,
Mr. John Gordon,	|	Mr. J. Thomson.

Secretaries and Treasurers, Messrs. Arbutnot and Co.

LIFE INSURANCE SOCIETIES' AGENCIES.

Laudable Society, (of Calcutta)	.....	<i>Binny and Co.</i>
Universal Life Assurance Society (of London and Calcutta)		<i>Hall, Bainbridge & Co.</i>

FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY.

The Alliance Insurance Company of London ... *Binny and Co.*

MISCELLANEOUS AGENCIES.

For the Island of Ceylon	...	}	<i>Arbutnot and Co.</i>
For the French and Danish Settlements on the Coast of Coromandel	...		
For Victualling Her Majesty's Navy	...		
For the Government of Travancore	...		
To the Royal Asiatic Society of Great Britain and Ireland	...	}	<i>Binny and Co.</i>
Deputies to the Commissioners of Greenwich Hospital	...		
Deputies to the Treasurer of the Navy	...	}	<i>E. A. Langley.</i>
For the Derwent Bank Bank at Hobart Town	...		
For the Bank of Australasia	...	}	<i>Line and Co.</i>
For Mr. Waghorn in Egypt	...		
For Stocqueler and Co.'s Indian Army and General Agency	...	}	<i>Parry Dare and Co.</i>
Agents to the Subscribers at Lloyd's	...		
Navy Agents	...		
For H. M. Dockyard Trincomallee	...		

SCALE OF PREMIA OF MARINE INSURANCE.

From the Port of Madras to

Masulipatam... ..	1	to	1½	per Cent.
Coringa... ..	1	to	1½	per Cent.
Vizagapatam... ..	1	to	1½	per Cent.
Calcutta... ..	1½	to	2	per Cent.
Amherst... ..	2			per Cent.
Penang... ..	1½			per Cent.

From the Port of Madras to

Malacca or Singapore	2	per Cent.
China.....	3	per Cent.
Colombo.....	1½	per Cent.
Malabar Coast	1½ to 2	per Cent.
Bombay.....	2	per Cent.
London.....	2½ to 3	per Cent.

PONDICHERRY,

MERCHANTS AND AGENTS.

Amalric and Co.	DeFries and Co.	Pernon, Fallofield and Co.
Buirette and Co.	Delbrück and Co.	Poulain and Co.
De Colous and Co.	Guidamour and Co.	Vinay and Co.

EAST INDIA HOUSES OF AGENCY IN LONDON.

Blanshard, Henry, No. 1. Old Broad Street.
 Briggs and Co. No. 5, Crosby Square.
 Burnie, William and John, 124, Bishopsgate Street.
 Campbell, John, No. 1, White Lion Court, Cornhill.
 Chalmers and Guthrie, No. 9, Idol Lane, Tower Street.
 Cockburn, J. and Co. No. 11, New Broad Street.
 Cockerell and Co., No. 8, Austin Friars.
 Crawford, Colvin, and Co. No. 71, Broad Street.
 Fairlie, Clark, Innes, and Co. No. 9, Broad-Street Buildings,
 Fletcher, Alexander and Co., No. 10, King's Arms Yard, Coleman Street.
 Forbes, Forbes, and Co., King William Street.
 Gardner and Urquhart, No. 11, St. Helen's Place.
 Gregson, Melvill and Co., 14, Austin Friars.
 Groves, John, 80, Abchurch Lane.
 Haviside, Thos. and Co., 69, Cornhill.
 Hunter and Co., No. 59, Old Broad Street.
 Lubbock, Sir J. W. and Co., No. 2, St. Mildred's Court, Poultry.
 Lyall, Wyllie, and Co. No. 65, St. Helen's Passage.
 Macdonald, John, No. 11, Bury Court, St. Mary Axe.
 Mangles, F. and C. E. No. 27, Austin Friars.
 Marjoribanks and Co. 18, King's Arms yard.
 Masson, John, No. 5, Lime Street Square.
 Palmer, Mackillop, and Co., 11 King's Arms yard, Coleman Street.
 Rickards, Mackintosh and Co. No. 15, Bishopsgate-street within.
 Rundall, Jas. 9, New City Chambers, Bishopsgate Street.
 Saunders, Thomas, jun., 27, Austin Friars.
 Scott Robert, Fairlie, and Co., No. 37, Great Winchester Street.
 Small, Colquhoun, and Co., No. 8, Old Jewry.
 Taylor, R. and Co., 6, Freeman's Court, Cornhill.
 Thacker and Price, 4, Leadenhall-street.
 Watts and Heath, No. 134, Fenchurch Street.
 Weeding, Thomas, No. 6, Great Winchester Street.
 Wigram and Co., No. 3, Crosby Square.
 LEITH.—Corsar, Gordon, and Henderson.
 MANCHESTER.—Richard Kay.

EAST-INDIA ARMY AGENTS AND AGENTS FOR PASSENGERS TO AND FROM INDIA, &c.

Dodwell and Miles, 69, Cornhill.
 Captain Grindlay, 16, Cornhill, and EAST-INDIA ROOMS, 8, St. Martin's Place, Charing Cross.

AGENTS FOR PASSENGERS TO AND FROM INDIA.

Ashley and Son, Army Agents and Bankers, 135, Regent Street.
 Barber, Captain J. 64, Cornhill.
 Maynard and Co., 27, Poultry.
 Rundall, Mr. James, 9, New City Chambers, Bishopsgate-street.

TABLES OF MONEY WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

Accounts were kept in Madras in Star Pagodas, Fanams and Cash, viz.
80 Cash to 1 Fanam.

42, 44 or 45 Fanams, 1 Star Pagoda.

Government, the Banks, and all the Houses of Agency kept their Accounts at 42 Fanams the Star Pagoda. The Shops and Bazars at 44 or 45.

The Star Pagoda exchanged in the Bazar for about 45 Fanams, but it fluctuated according to circumstances.

The coins in circulation were the Star Pagoda, the Arcot Rupee $3\frac{1}{2}$ = 1 Star Pagoda ; it exchanged in the Bazar for 12 Fanams 60 Cash ; the double and Single Fanam, and the Doodie, 8 of which = 1 Fanam.

There was also a copper coin sent out from Europe of 20, 10, 5 and 1 Cash value, the latter being worth 8.75ths or about the 9th part of a farthing.

This Currency was altered in January 1818 by a Proclamation, which constituted the Silver Rupee the standard coin. To this the public accounts were all converted at an exchange of 350 Rupees per 100 Pagodas : and the new Silver coinage was made to consist of Rupees, Half, and Quarter Rupees, Double and Single Annas : the Rupee containing 165 grains of pure Silver and 15 grains of alloy, and weighing 180 grains, and the other Coins bearing the due proportion to the same.

12 pice. = 1 anna,

16 annas, = 1 rupee,

$3\frac{1}{2}$ Rupees exchange in account for 1 Pagoda.

A lac of Rupees is 100,000, a crore of Rups. 100 lacs, or 10 millions.

The Act of the Legislative Council of India (passed in 1835) assimilating the currency over the Country, changes the design, but leaves the new coinage of a precisely similar value to that of Madras according to the above Regulation. The following is the Proclamation on the subject.

PROCLAMATION.

The Honorable the Governor General in Council has resolved, that the device of the New Rupee, Double Rupee, Half Rupee and Quarter Rupee, to be issued from the Mints of India, from and after the 1st September 1835, in conformity with Act XVII of the same year, shall be as follows ;

On the Obverse, the Head of his Majesty William the Fourth with the words,

WILLIAM III., KING.

On the Reverse the denomination of the Coin in English and Persian in the centre, encircled by a laurel wreath ; and around the margin the words,

EAST INDIA COMPANY. 1835.

The new coin shall be milled on the edge, with a serrated or upright milling.

The RUPEE shall measure in diameter one inch and two-tenths of an inch, or *one tenth of a foot*. The diameter of the Double Rupee shall be one inch and a half ; that of the Half Rupee, or *Eight Anna Piece*, shall be ninety-five hundredths of an inch ; and that of the Quarter Rupee, or *Four Anna Piece* shall be three quarters of an inch. These measures being severally the relative proportions to the Rupee provided in the Act aforesaid.

The Weight, Standard fineness and value of the New (or Company's) Rupee as defined in the Act, are here repeated for general information.

Weight, 180 grains Troy, or *one tola*.

Standard quality, eleven-twelfths Silver, one twelfth Alloy.

Value, equal to the Madras, Bombay, Furukhabad, and Sonat Rupee : and to fifteen sixteenths of the Calcutta Sicca Rupee.

The weights of the other Silver Coins, viz. the Double, Half, and Quarter Rupees to bear a due proportion thereto.

WEIGHTS.

10 pag. weight	<i>make</i>	1 pollam,
40 pollams,	"	1 vis,
8 vis,	"	1 maund, wt. 25lb. avoird.
20 maunds,	"	1 candy, 500lb. avoird.

MEASURES.

GRAIN OR DRY MEASURE.

8 ollucks,	<i>make</i>	1 measure, or puddy,
8 measures,	„	1 marcal,
400 marcals,	„	1 garce, wt. 9256½lbs.

Each Parah is to be 2 feet square and 6½ inches deep.

A parah of chunam is 5 marcals.---Milk, Oil, Ghee, &c. are sold by the grain measure containing 8 ollucks, 20 ollucks are equal to 1 English gallon.

LAND MEASURE.

Land is usually measured with Gunter's chain of 100 Links, or with a rod of 10 feet, and reduced to Cawnies, Grounds and Square feet agreeably to the following Table.

60 feet long and 40 feet broad, make one ground or Maunie, containing 2,400 square feet.

24 Grounds or Maunies ; make one Cawnie equal to 57,600 square feet.

The Indian Cawnie is in proportion to the English Acre as 1 to 1.3223 or as 121 is to 160.

To reduce Indian Cawnies to English acres multiply the given number of Cawnies by 160, and divide the product by 121, the quotient will give the number of Acres, and the remainder be the fractional part of an acre,---or multiply the Cawnies by 1.3223, and the product, (cutting off 4 places to the right hand) will be the same, and the figures so cut off are the decimal part of an Acre.

The Covid in Cloth Measure is 18 Inches, but the English yard of 26 Inches is generally used.

INDIAN WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

Summary of the exact quantities of the principal Weights and Measures of Bengal, Madras, Bombay and Ceylon---extracted from Captain T. B. Jarvis' Essay on the Primitive Standard.

*Linear Measures.**Inches English.*

The Guz of Bangalore, Seringapatam, and Aunghunder... 39.09785

The Cubit or Kat, throughout India, invariably 14 Tussoos, or of 24 Ungoolus or fingers .. 19.54893

The Guz of 42 fingers, used throughout the Upper, or Ceded, and Conquered Provinces of Bengal, the Rajpoot States and Telingana. It is also used to this day in Ahmedabad City, and was once introduced in that Viceroyalty generally by Shah Jehan 84.2106

The Guz of 24 Tussoos, used throughout the Mahratta Empire and States, the Concan, the Carnatic Doab, Tanjore, Cuttack, Orissa, Bengal, Benares, Boohar, and Malwa, in which last Province it was introduced by the Emperor Akbar, and called the Ilahee Guz 33.5125

The Tutcha Kol, or Artificers rule of Ceylon, Travancore, Tinnevely, and Madura of 24 Tussoos, is precisely the same as the foregoing .. 33 5125

The Moolla Kol, or Cultivator's rule, of Malabar, Ceylon, Travancore, Tinnevely, and Madura contains, 20 Tussoos, but is divided frequently into 24 Veruls .. 27.9271

The Kul Kol, or Mason's Rule, used in Malabar, Draveed, (Tinnevely Madura,) Ceylon, Sawunt, Warree, Angria's districts Veejeedroog and Bombay of 15 Tussoos .. 20.9453

The Adeo of Malabar, Ceylon, Tinnevely, and Madura, is half the Kul Kol .. 10.4726

The Guz of Calicut, Tellicherry, Goa, Sawunt Warree, Bombay Island, Surat, Broach, Cambay, Kaira, Kattywar, Cutch and Malwa, contains 20 Tussoos, but is occasionally divided into 24 parts, or Veruls .. 27.9271

Land Measures.

The Ilahee Guz as above .. 33 5125

The Guntha of Goojrat, the Kottah of Bengal, Behar, and Benares of 5 Cubits .. 97.74465

The Kat, hee of the Dukhun, Salsette, and the Concan of 5½ Cubits or 5 Cubits and 5 palms .. 114.055

The Denoo of Malabar=4 Moolk Kols, or 4 Malabar Guz . . .	111.7084
The Moolo of Jumbooseer, Ahmod, and Dehej, (Broach Col- torate)=9 Guz, or 180 Tussoos . . .	251.3436
The Guntha of the upper provinces of Bengal,=3 Guz, or 126 fingers . . .	102.6318
The Jureeb of the upper provinces.=20 Gunthas . . .	2052.636
The Koolee of the Carnatic and Mysore,=24 Adees (not 26 as it is sometimes reported) precisely the same as the Broach Rod. .	251.3436

*Superficial Measures.**Square yards.*

The Land Measure or Beegah of the upper provinces of Ben- gal, 54 to 60 Guz, in length and breadth, of the Guz of 42 fingers	2623.3216 or 3251.0067
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The Beegah of Bengal, Behar, Benares, Malwa, Orissa and Cuttaek . . .	3119.7
The Beegah of Goojrat, the square of 100 Cubits . .	2948.77
The Beegah of the Dukhum, the Concan, and Salsette . .	4013.87
The Land Measures of the Carnatic and Malabar estimated by the plough, or the seed requisite to sow 10 Moolla Kols, or Guz, in length, and 10 Moolla Kols, or Guz in breadth, which is a Toonee of Seed.	

The Kahnee of Land, irrigated artificially, in Mysore, and the Carnatic, is computed to require 48 Seers of Seed, it is equal to 100 Kooles in length, and one Kooles in breadth, or	4874.41
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Wetland requires four times the quantity of Seed in a given extent as dry land, wherefore, one Candy of dry land is equal to four Candies of wet land; the Candy contains 160 Seers, or	16248
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The Plough of wet land in Mysore, is half the Plough of dry land, or about 4 Kahnees . . .	19497.64
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The Combha of Jumbooseer, Ahmod, and Dehej, (Broach Purgunna) 10 Moolas in length and one in breadth . .	487.411
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The Chowr of the Mahrattas=100 Beegahs . .	401.387
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Dry Measures.

The Parah Measure of Behar now fallen into disuse, the Mun or Parah of the Mahratta Empire, the Concan, Madras, Ceylon and Bombay=half the Cubic Cubit, or $\frac{1}{16}$ the Cubic Pendulum (striked) . . .	3785.4131
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The Garce of Madras, Telingana, the Carnatic and Ceylon =400 Murcals . . .	29883.3053
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The Murcal of do. . . do. . .	747.08263
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Weights.

The Bengal Bazar Seer, the heavy or Pucka Seer of the Mahratta Empire, the Concan and Malwa . . .	14400
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The Light or Kucha Seer of the Concan and the Mahratta Empire . . .	5400
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The Seer of 72 Tolas . . .	5250
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The Pucka Seer of 72 Tolas . . .	13500
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The Tola throughout India North of the Krishna	187.5
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The Massa throughout India North of the Krishna	15.625
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The Ancient Hoop or Pagoda South of the Krishna	5.46875
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The Ancient Fanam or Punum South of the Krishna	5.46872
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The Ancient Pollam of the South of India	546.875
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The Modern Star, Ikery, Anaudry, Sooltancee, and Porto Novo Pagoda	525
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The Fanam of the above currency	525
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The Pollum of Madras and Mysore	525
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Primitive Standard.

The proposed Universal Standard is the mean length of the Pendulum,
which vibrates Seconds, in Latitude 45 deg. at the level of the Ocean, at
temperature of $39\frac{1}{2}$ Degrees of Fahrenheit,=89.09785 English Inches.

T. B. JERVIS, *Captain of Engineers.*

**TABLE OF EXCHANGE FOR THE SETTLEMENT OF THE
MADRAS CUSTOMS.**

Country.	Denomination.	Value in Madras Currency.
Great Britain.....	Pound Sterling.....	10 Company's Rs. each.
Spain.....	Dollar.....	2 Rupees 3 As. do.
France.....	Livre Tournois or Franc	9 Rs. 11 As for 24.
India.....	Sicca Rupee.....	106 Rs. 8 As. for 100
.....	Bombay Rupee.....	1 Rupee each.
Ceylon and Cape of Good Hope.....	Rix Dollar.....	14 Annas each.
Portugal.....	Milrea.....	2 Rupees 8 Annas each.
Denmark.....	Rix Dollar.....	2 Rupees 4 Annas each.
Sweden.....	Do.	3 Rupees 4 Annas each.

TABLES OF EXCHANGE.

London and Madras.

Sterling.			1s. 10d. per Rupee.		1s. 10½d per Rupee.		1s. 11d. per Rupee.		1s. 11½d. per Rupee.		
£	S.	D.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
10000	109090	14	7	106666	10	8	104347	13	3
5000	54545	7	3	53333	5	4	52173	14	7
4000	43636	5	10	42666	10	8	41739	2	1
3000	32727	4	4	32000	...	...	31304	5	7
2000	21818	2	11	21333	5	4	20869	9	1
1000	10909	1	5	10666	10	8	10434	12	6
500	5454	8	9	5333	5	4	5217	6	3
400	4363	10	2	4266	10	8	4173	14	7
300	3272	11	8	3200	...	...	3130	6	11
200	2181	13	1	2133	5	4	2086	15	4
100	1090	14	7	1066	10	8	1043	7	8
50	545	7	3	533	5	4	521	11	10
40	436	5	10	426	10	8	417	6	3
30	327	4	4	320	...	...	313	...	8
20	218	2	11	213	5	4	208	11	2
10	109	1	5	106	10	8	104	5	7
5	54	8	9	53	5	4	52	2	9
4	43	10	2	42	10	8	41	11	10
3	32	11	8	32	...	...	31	4	10
2	21	13	1	21	5	4	20	13	11
1	10	14	7	10	10	8	10	6	11
15	8	2	11	8	...	...	7	13	3
10	5	7	3	5	5	4	5	3	6
5	2	11	8	2	10	8	2	9	9
4	2	2	11	2	2	2	2	1	5
3	1	10	2	1	9	7	1	9	1
2	1	1	5	1	1	1	1	...	8
1	8	9	...	8	6	...	8	4
6	4	4	...	4	3	...	4	2
5	3	8	...	3	7	...	3	6
4	2	11	...	2	10	...	2	9
3	2	2	...	2	2	...	2	1
2	1	5	...	1	5	...	1	5
1	9	...	...	9	...	...	8

TABLES OF EXCHANGE.

London and Madras.

Sterling.			2s. per Rupee.		2s. ½d per Rupee.		2s. 1d. per Rupee.		2s. 2d. per Rupee.		
£	S	D.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
10000	..	..	100000	..	..	97959	2	11	96000	..	..
5000	..	..	50000	..	..	48979	9	6	48000	..	..
4000	..	..	40000	..	..	39183	10	9	38400	..	..
3000	..	..	30000	..	..	29337	12	1	28800	..	..
2000	..	..	20000	..	..	19591	13	5	19200	..	..
1000	..	..	10000	..	..	9795	14	8	9600	..	..
500	..	..	5000	..	..	4897	15	4	4800	..	..
400	..	..	4000	..	..	3918	5	11	3840	..	..
300	..	..	3000	..	..	2938	12	5	2880	..	..
200	..	..	2000	..	..	1959	2	11	1920	..	..
100	..	..	1000	..	..	979	9	6	960	..	..
50	..	..	500	..	..	489	12	9	480	..	..
40	..	..	400	..	..	391	13	5	384	..	..
30	..	..	300	..	..	293	14	..	288	..	..
20	..	..	200	..	..	195	14	8	192	..	..
10	..	..	100	..	..	97	15	4	96	..	..
5	..	..	50	..	..	48	15	8	48	..	..
4	..	..	40	..	..	39	2	11	38	6	5
3	..	..	30	..	..	29	6	2	28	12	10
2	..	..	20	..	..	19	9	6	19	3	2
1	..	..	10	..	..	9	12	9	9	9	7
..	15	..	7	8	..	7	5	7	7	3	2
..	10	..	5	0	..	4	14	4	4	12	10
..	5	..	2	8	..	2	7	2	2	6	5
..	4	..	2	0	..	1	15	4	1	14	9
..	3	..	1	8	..	1	7	6	1	7	..
..	2	..	1	0	..	..	15	8	..	15	4
..	1	..	..	8	..	..	7	10	..	7	8
..	..	6	..	4	..	..	3	11	..	3	10
..	..	5	..	3	4	..	3	3	..	3	2
..	..	4	..	2	8	..	2	7	..	2	7
..	..	3	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	1	11
..	..	2	..	1	4	..	1	4	..	1	3
..	..	1	..	..	8	..	..	8	..	..	8

TABLES OF EXCHANGE.

Madras and London.

Rupees.			1s. 10d. per Rupee.			1s. 10½d. per Rupee.			1s. 11d. per Rupee.			1s. 11½d. per Rupee.		
Rs.	A	P	£	S.	D.	£	S.	D.	£	S.	D.	£	S.	D.
100000	...	...	9166	13	4	9375	...	...	9583	6	8	9791	13	4
50000	...	...	4583	6	8	4687	10	...	4791	13	4	4895	16	8
40000	...	...	3666	13	4	3750	...	...	3833	6	8	3916	13	4
30000	...	...	2750	...	...	2812	10	...	2875	...	...	2937	10	...
20000	...	...	1833	6	8	1875	...	...	1916	13	4	1958	6	8
10000	...	...	916	13	4	937	10	...	958	6	8	979	3	4
5000	...	...	458	6	8	468	15	...	479	3	4	489	11	8
4000	...	...	366	13	4	375	...	...	383	6	8	391	13	4
3000	...	...	275	...	...	281	5	...	287	10	...	293	15	...
2000	...	...	183	6	8	187	10	...	191	13	4	195	16	8
1000	...	...	91	13	4	93	15	...	95	16	8	97	18	4
500	...	...	45	16	8	46	17	6	47	18	4	48	19	2
400	...	...	36	13	4	37	10	...	38	6	8	39	3	4
300	...	...	27	10	...	28	2	6	28	15	...	29	7	6
200	...	...	18	6	8	18	15	...	19	3	4	19	11	8
100	...	...	9	3	4	9	7	6	9	11	8	9	15	10
50	...	...	4	11	8	4	13	9	4	15	10	4	17	11
40	...	...	3	13	4	3	15	...	3	16	8	3	18	4
30	...	...	2	15	...	2	16	3	2	17	6	2	18	9
20	...	...	1	16	8	1	17	6	1	18	4	1	19	2
10	...	...	...	18	4	...	18	9	...	19	2	...	19	7
5	...	...	...	9	2	...	9	4½	...	9	7	...	9	9½
4	...	...	...	7	4	...	7	6	...	7	8	...	7	10
3	...	...	...	5	6	...	5	7½	...	5	9	...	5	10½
2	...	...	...	3	8	...	3	9	...	3	10	...	3	11
1	...	...	...	1	10	...	1	10½	...	1	11	...	1	11½
...	12	...	...	1	5	...	1	5	...	1	5½	...	1	5¾
...	8	...	...	...	11	...	...	11¼	...	...	11½	...	...	11¾
...	4	...	...	...	5½	...	...	5¾	...	...	5¾	...	...	6
...	3	...	...	...	4¼	...	...	4¼	...	...	4¼	...	...	4½
...	2	...	...	...	2¾	...	...	2¾	...	...	2¾	...	...	3
...	1	...	...	...	1½	...	...	1½	...	...	1½	...	...	1½
...	9	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	1
...	6	...	...	...	0¾	...	...	0¾	...	...	0¾	...	...	0¾

TABLES OF EXCHANGE.

Madras and London.

Rupees.		2s. per Rupee.		2s. ½d. per Rupee.		2s. 1d. per Rupee.		2s. 2d. per Rupee.		
Rs.	A. P.	£	S. D.	£	S. D.	£	S. D.	£	S.	D.
100000	...	10000	...	10208	6 8	10416	13 4	10833	6	8
50000	...	5000	...	5104	3 4	5208	6 8	5416	13	4
40000	...	4000	...	4063	6 8	4166	13 4	4333	6	8
30000	...	3000	...	3062	10 ...	3125	...	3250	...	...
20000	...	2000	...	2041	13 4	2083	6 8	2166	13	4
10000	...	1000	...	1020	16 8	1041	13 4	1083	6	8
5000	...	500	...	510	8 4	520	16 8	541	13	4
4000	...	400	...	408	6 8	416	13 4	433	6	8
3000	...	300	...	306	5 ...	312	10 ..	325	...	...
2000	...	200	...	204	3 4	208	6 8	216	13	4
1000	...	100	...	102	1 8	104	3 4	108	6	8
500	...	50	...	51	...	52	1 8	54	3	4
400	...	40	...	40	16 8	41	13 4	43	6	8
300	...	30	...	30	12 6	31	5 ...	32	10	...
200	...	20	...	20	8 4	20	16 8	21	13	4
100	...	10	...	10	4 2	10	8 4	10	16	8
50	...	5	...	5	2 1	5	4 2	5	8	4
40	...	4	...	4	1 8	4	3 4	4	6	8
30	...	3	...	3	1 3	3	2 6	3	5	...
20	...	2	...	2	...	2	1 8	2	3	4
10	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	1	1	8
5	...	10	...	10	2 ½	...	10	5	10	10
4	...	8	...	8	2	...	8	4	8	8
3	...	6	...	6	1 ½	...	6	3	6	6
2	...	4	...	4	1	...	4	2	4	4
1	...	2	...	2	0 ½	...	2	1	2	2
12	...	16	...	16	6 ½	...	16	6 ¾	16	7 ½
8	...	1	...	1	0 ¾	...	8	0 ¾	8	1
4	...	6	...	6	4 ½	...	4	4 ¾	4	6 ½
3	...	4 ½	...	3	4 ½	...	3	4 ¾	3	5 ½
2	...	3	...	2	3 ½	...	2	3 ¾	2	4 ½
1	...	1 ½	...	1	1 ½	...	1	1 ¾	1	1 ¾
9	...	1 ¾	...	9	1 ¾	...	9	1 ¾	9	1 ¾
6	...	0 ¾	...	6	0 ¾	...	6	0 ¾	6	0 ¾

Table for converting Calcutta Sicca Rupees into Company's Rupees at Company's Rupees 106½ for Sicca Rupees 100, being the rate adopted by the Merchants at Madras for the purchase and sale of Bengal Government Securities.

Sicca Pice.	Company's Rupees.	Sicca Annas.	Company's Rupees.	Sicca Rupees.	Company's Rupees.	Sicca Rupees.	Company's Rupees.	Company's Annas.	Company's Pice.
1	0	1	0	1	0	200	213	0	0
2	0	2	0	2	0	300	319	8	0
3	0	3	0	3	0	400	426	0	0
4	0	4	0	4	0	500	532	8	0
5	0	5	0	5	0	600	639	0	0
6	0	6	0	6	0	700	745	8	0
7	0	7	0	7	0	800	852	0	0
8	0	8	0	8	0	900	958	8	0
9	0	9	0	9	0	1000	1065	0	0
10	0	10	0	10	0	2000	2130	0	0
11	0	11	0	11	0	3000	3195	0	0
		12	0	12	0	4000	4260	0	0
		13	0	13	0	5000	5325	0	0
		14	0	14	0	6000	6390	0	0
		15	0	15	0	7000	7455	0	0
				16	0	8000	8520	0	0
				17	0	9000	9585	0	0
				18	0	10000	10650	0	0
				19	0	20000	21300	0	0
				20	0	30000	31950	0	0
				21	0	40000	42600	0	0
				22	0	50000	53250	0	0
				23	0	60000	63900	0	0
				24	0	70000	74550	0	0
				25	0	80000	85200	0	0
				26	0	90000	95850	0	0
				27	0	100000	106500	0	0

Table for converting Company's Rupees into Calcutta Sicca Rupees at Sicca Rupees 100 for Company's Rupees 106½.

Company's Pice.				Company's Annas.				Company's Rupees.				Company's Rupees.				Company's Rupees.			
Sicca Rupees.	Sicca Annas.	Sicca Pice.	Sicca Cents.	Sicca Rupees.	Sicca Annas.	Sicca Pice.	Sicca Cents.	Sicca Rupees.	Sicca Annas.	Sicca Pice.	Sicca Cents.	Sicca Rupees.	Sicca Annas.	Sicca Pice.	Sicca Cents.	Sicca Rupees.	Sicca Annas.	Sicca Pice.	Sicca Cents.
1	0	0	0 94	1	0	0	11 27	1	0	15	0 28	200	187	12	8 34				
2	0	0	1 88	2	0	1	10 53	2	1	14	0 56	300	281	11	0 51				
3	0	0	2 82	3	0	2	9 80	3	2	13	0 84	400	375	9	4 68				
4	0	0	3 76	4	0	3	9 07	4	3	12	1 14	500	469	7	8 84				
5	0	0	4 69	5	0	4	8 34	5	4	11	1 41	600	563	6	1 01				
6	0	0	5 63	6	0	5	7 60	6	5	10	1 09	700	657	4	5 18				
7	0	0	6 57	7	0	6	6 87	7	6	9	1 97	800	751	2	9 35				
8	0	0	7 51	8	0	7	6 14	8	7	8	2 25	900	845	1	1 52				
9	0	0	8 45	9	0	8	5 41	9	8	7	2 53	1000	938	15	5 69				
10	0	0	9 39	10	0	9	4 68	10	9	6	2 82	2000	1877	14	11 38				
11	0	0	10 33	11	0	10	3 94	20	18	12	5 63	3000	2816	14	5 07				
				12	0	11	3 21	30	28	2	8 45	4000	3755	13	10 76				
				13	0	12	2 48	40	37	8	11 27	5000	4694	13	4 45				
				14	0	13	1 75	50	46	15	2 08	6000	5633	12	10 14				
				15	0	14	1 01	60	56	5	4 90	7000	6572	12	3 83				
								70	65	11	7 72	8000	7511	11	9 52				
								80	75	1	10 53	9000	8450	11	3 21				
								90	84	8	1 35	10000	9389	10	8 90				
								100	93	14	4 17	20000	18779	5	5 80				
												30000	28169	0	2 70				
												40000	37558	10	11 60				
												50000	46948	5	8 50				
												60000	56338	0	5 40				
												70000	65727	11	2 30				
												80000	75117	5	11 20				
												90000	84507	0	8 10				
												100000	93896	11	5 00				

Table for converting Company's Rupees into Calcutta Sicca Rupees at Sicca Rupees 335.172 per 350 Company's Rupees ; being the rate of Exchange at which the Public Securities are transferable.

Co.'s Pice.					Sicca Rupees.					Annas.					Pice.					Cents.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			

Table for converting Calcutta Sicca Rupees into Company's Rupees at Company's Rupees 350 per Sicca Rupees 335.172.

Sicca Pice.	Co.'s Rupees.	Annas.	Pice.	Cents.	Sicca Annas.	Co.'s Rupees.	Annas.	Pice.	Cents.	Sicca Rupees.	Co.'s Rupees.	Annas.	Pice.	Cents.	Sicca Rupees.	Co.'s Rupees.	Annas.	Pice.	Cents.
1	0	0	1	0.4	1	0	1	0.53	1	1	0	8	49	200	208	13	6	82	
2	0	0	2	0.9	2	0	2	1.06	2	2	1	4	99	300	313	4	4	22	
3	0	0	3	1.3	3	0	3	1.59	3	3	2	1	48	400	417	11	1	63	
4	0	0	4	1.8	4	0	4	2.12	4	4	2	9	98	500	522	1	11	04	
5	0	0	5	2.2	5	0	5	2.66	5	5	3	6	47	600	626	8	8	45	
6	0	0	6	2.7	6	0	6	3.19	6	6	4	2	97	700	730	15	5	85	
7	0	0	7	3.1	7	0	7	3.72	7	7	4	11	46	800	835	6	3	26	
8	0	0	8	3.6	8	0	8	4.25	8	8	5	7	95	900	939	13	0	67	
9	0	0	9	4.0	9	0	9	4.78	9	9	6	4	45	1000	1044	3	10	08	
10	0	0	10	4.4	10	0	10	5.31	10	10	7	0	94	2000	2088	7	8	15	
11	0	0	11	4.9	11	0	11	5.84	20	20	14	1	88	3000	3132	11	6	22	
					12	0	12	6.37	30	31	5	2	82	4000	4176	15	4	30	
					13	0	13	6.90	40	41	12	3	76	5000	5221	3	2	37	
					14	0	14	7.43	50	52	3	4	70	6000	6265	7	0	45	
					15	0	15	7.96	60	62	10	5	65	7000	7309	10	10	52	
									70	73	1	6	59	8000	8353	14	8	60	
									80	83	8	7	53	9000	9398	2	6	67	
									90	93	15	8	47	10000	10442	6	4	75	
									100	104	6	9	41	20000	20884	12	9	49	

Table for converting Star Pagodas into Calcutta Sicca Rupees at S. Rs. 335.172 per 100 Star Pagodas : being the rate of Exchange at which the Madras Public Securities are transferred to Bengal.

Cash.	Sicca Rupees.	Annas.	Pice.	Sixteenths.	Fanams.	Sicca Rupees.	Annas.	Pice.	Sixteenths.	Star Pagodas.	Sicca Rupees.	Annas.	Pice.	Sixteenths.	Star Pagodas.	Sicca Rupees.	Annas.	Pice.	Sixteenths.
1	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	2	4	1	3	5	7	8	200	670	5	6	3
2	0	0	0	4	2	0	0	4	8	2	6	11	3	0	300	1005	8	3	5
3	0	0	0	6	3	0	0	6	12	3	10	0	10	9	400	1340	11	6	6
4	0	0	0	8	4	0	0	8	16	4	13	6	6	1	500	1675	13	9	8
5	0	0	0	10	5	0	0	10	20	5	16	12	1	10	600	2011	0	6	10
6	0	0	0	12	6	0	0	12	24	6	20	1	9	3	700	2346	3	3	11
7	0	0	0	14	7	0	0	14	28	7	23	7	4	11	800	2681	6	0	13
8	0	0	0	16	8	0	0	16	32	8	26	13	0	4	900	3016	8	9	14
9	0	0	0	18	9	0	0	18	36	9	30	2	7	12	1000	3351	11	7	0
10	0	0	0	20	10	0	0	20	40	10	33	8	3	5	2000	6703	7	2	1
20	0	0	0	39	20	0	0	39	78	20	67	0	6	10	3000	10055	2	9	1
30	0	0	0	58	30	0	0	58	117	30	100	8	9	14	4000	13406	14	4	2
40	0	0	0	77	40	0	0	77	156	40	134	1	1	3	5000	16758	9	11	2
50	0	0	0	96	50	0	0	96	195	50	167	9	4	8	6000	20110	5	6	3
60	0	0	0	115	60	0	0	115	234	60	201	1	7	13	7000	23462	1	1	3
70	0	0	0	134	70	0	0	134	273	70	234	9	11	2	8000	26813	12	8	4
										80	268	2	2	6	9000	30165	8	3	4
										90	301	10	5	11	10000	33517	3	10	5
										100	335	2	9	1					

Table for converting Calcutta Sicca Rupees into Star Pagodas, at 100 Pagodas per 335.172 Sicca Rupees.

Pice.	Star Pagodas.	Fanams.	Cash.	Sixteenths.	Annas.	Star Pagodas.	Fanams.	Cash.	Sixteenths.	Sicca Rupees.	Star Pagodas.	Fanams.	Cash.	Sixteenths.	Sicca Rupees.	Star Pagodas.	Fanams.	Cash.	Sixteenths.
1	0	0	5	9	1	0	0	67	2	1	0	13	34	1	200	59	38	14	13
2	0	0	11	3	2	0	0	154	4	2	0	26	68	2	300	89	22	62	3
3	0	0	16	12	3	0	0	241	6	3	0	40	22	3	400	119	15	29	10
4	0	0	22	6	4	0	0	328	8	4	1	8	56	4	500	149	7	77	0
5	0	0	27	15	5	0	0	415	10	5	1	22	10	5	600	179	0	44	7
6	0	0	33	9	6	0	0	502	12	6	1	35	44	7	700	208	38	41	13
7	0	0	39	2	7	0	0	589	14	7	2	3	78	8	800	238	30	59	4
8	0	0	44	12	8	0	0	676	0	8	2	17	32	9	900	268	23	26	10
9	0	0	50	5	9	0	0	763	2	9	2	30	66	10	1000	298	15	74	1
10	0	0	55	15	10	0	0	850	4	10	2	44	29	11	2000	596	31	68	2
										20	5	43	41	7	3000	895	2	62	3
										30	8	42	61	3	4000	1193	18	56	4
										40	11	42	2	15	5000	1491	34	50	5
										50	14	41	23	11	6000	1790	5	44	7
										60	17	40	44	7	7000	2088	21	38	8
										70	20	39	65	2	8000	2386	37	32	9
										80	23	39	5	14	9000	2685	8	26	10
										90	26	38	26	10	10000	2983	24	20	11
										100	29	37	47	6					

Table for converting Star Pagodas, Fanams and Cash, into Company's Rupees, Annas and Pice.

Cash.	Co.'s Rupees.	Annas.	Pice.	Cents.	Fanams.	Co.'s Rupees.	Annas.	Pice.	Cents.	Star Pagodas.	Co.'s Rupees.	Annas.	Pice.	Cents.	Star Pagodas.	Co.'s Rupees.	Annas.	Pice.	Cents.
1	0	0	0	19	1	0	0	1	2	93	1	3	8	0	200	700	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	37	2	0	0	2	5	87	2	7	0	0	300	1050	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	56	3	0	0	3	8	80	3	10	8	0	400	1400	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	75	4	0	0	4	11	73	4	14	0	0	500	1750	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	93	5	0	0	5	2	67	5	17	8	0	600	2100	0	0	0
6	0	0	0	112	6	0	0	6	5	60	6	21	0	0	700	2450	0	0	0
7	0	0	0	131	7	0	0	7	8	53	7	24	8	0	800	2800	0	0	0
8	0	0	0	149	8	0	0	8	11	47	8	28	0	0	900	3150	0	0	0
9	0	0	0	168	9	0	0	9	2	40	9	31	8	0	1000	3500	0	0	0
10	0	0	0	187	10	0	0	10	5	33	10	35	0	0	2000	7000	0	0	0
20	0	0	0	373	20	1	8	10	67		20	70	0	0	3000	10500	0	0	0
30	0	0	0	560	30	2	5	4	00		30	105	0	0	4000	14000	0	0	0
40	0	0	0	747	40	3	1	9	33		40	140	0	0	5000	17500	0	0	0
50	0	0	0	933	50	3	3	0	27		50	175	0	0	6000	21000	0	0	0
60	0	0	0	1120	60	3	4	3	20		60	210	0	0	7000	24500	0	0	0
70	0	1	1	07	70	3	5	6	13		70	245	0	0	8000	28000	0	0	0
80	0	1	2	93	80	3	8	9	07		80	280	0	0	9000	31500	0	0	0
					45	3	8	0	00		90	315	0	0	10000	35000	0	0	0
											100	350	0	0					

Table for converting Company's Rupees, Annas and Pice, into Star Pagodas Fanams and Cash.

Pice.	Star Pagodas.	Fanams.	Cash.	Cents.	Annas.	Star Pagodas.	Fanams.	Cash.	Cents.	Co.'s Rupees.	Star Pagodas.	Fanams.	Cash.	Cents.	Co.'s Rupees.	Star Pagodas.	Fanams.	Cash.	Cents.
1	0	0	5	36	1	0	0	64	29	1	0	12	68	57	200	57	6	34	29
2	0	0	10	71	2	0	0	148	57	2	0	25	57	14	300	85	32	11	43
3	0	0	16	07	3	0	0	232	86	3	0	38	45	71	400	114	12	68	57
4	0	0	21	43	4	0	0	317	14	4	1	6	34	29	500	142	38	45	71
5	0	0	26	79	5	0	4	1	43	5	1	19	22	86	600	171	19	22	86
6	0	0	32	14	6	0	4	65	71	6	1	32	11	43	700	200	0	0	0
7	0	0	37	50	7	0	5	50	00	7	2	0	0	0	800	228	25	57	14
8	0	0	42	86	8	0	6	34	29	8	2	12	68	57	900	257	6	34	29
9	0	0	48	21	9	0	7	18	57	9	2	25	57	14	1000	285	32	11	43
10	0	0	53	57	10	0	8	2	86	10	2	38	45	71	2000	571	19	22	86
11	0	0	58	92	11	0	8	67	14	20	5	32	11	43	3000	857	6	34	29
12	0	0	64	29	12	0	9	51	43	30	8	25	57	14	4000	1142	38	45	71
					13	0	10	35	71	40	11	19	22	86	5000	1428	25	57	14
					14	0	11	20	00	50	14	12	68	57	6000	1714	12	68	57
					15	0	12	4	29	60	17	6	34	29	7000	2000	0	0	0
					16	0	12	68	57	70	20	0	0	0	8000	2885	32	11	43
										80	22	38	45	71	9000	2571	19	22	86
										90	25	32	11	43	10000	2857	6	34	29
										100	28	25	57	14					

A Table of the Value of an Annuity of 100£ on a Single Life.

From Birth to Ninety Years Old, as fixed by the Legacy Act.

Age.	Value.	Age.	Value.	Age.	Value.	Age.	Value.
	£ s.		£ s.		£ s.		£ s.
Birth.	1032 14	23	1568 0	46	1208 18	69	664 14
1	1346 10	24	1556 0	47	1189 0	70	636 2
2	1563 6	25	1543 16	48	1168 10	71	607 10
3	1646 4	26	1531 4	49	1147 10	72	579 0
4	1701 0	27	1518 8	50	1126 8	73	550 14
5	1724 16	28	1505 6	51	1105 14	74	523 0
6	1748 4	29	1491 16	52	1084 18	75	496 4
7	1761 2	30	1478 2	53	1063 14	76	471 0
8	1766 4	31	1463 18	54	1042 2	77	445 14
9	1762 10	32	1449 10	55	1020 2	78	419 14
10	1752 6	33	1434 14	56	997 14	79	392 2
11	1739 6	34	1419 10	57	974 18	80	364 6
12	1725 2	35	1403 18	58	951 12	81	337 14
13	1710 6	36	1388 0	59	928 0	82	312 4
14	1695 0	37	1371 12	60	903 18	83	288 14
15	1679 2	38	1354 16	61	879 10	84	270 16
16	1662 10	39	1337 10	62	854 14	85	254 6
17	1646 4	40	1319 14	63	829 2	86	239 6
18	1630 18	41	1301 16	64	803 0	87	225 2
19	1616 14	42	1283 16	65	776 2	88	213 2
20	1603 6	43	1265 14	66	748 16	89	196 14
21	1591 4	44	1247 4	67	721 2	90	173 16
22	1579 14	45	1228 6	68	693 0		

TABLE OF DAILY PAY OR ALLOWANCE.

Rupees per mensem.	of 28 Days.			of 29 Days.			of 30 Days.			of 31 Days.		
1	0	0	7	0	0	7	0	0	6	0	0	6
2	0	1	2	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0
3	0	1	9	0	1	8	0	1	7	0	1	7
4	0	2	8	0	2	2	0	2	2	0	2	1
5	0	2	10	0	2	9	0	2	8	0	2	7
6	0	3	5	0	3	4	0	3	2	0	3	1
7	0	4	0	0	3	10	0	3	9	0	3	7
8	0	4	7	0	4	5	0	4	3	0	4	2
9	0	5	2	0	5	0	0	4	10	0	4	8
10	0	5	9	0	5	6	0	5	4	0	5	2
11	0	6	3	0	6	1	0	5	10	0	5	8
12	0	6	10	0	6	7	0	6	5	0	6	2
13	0	7	5	0	7	2	0	6	11	0	6	9
14	0	8	0	0	7	9	0	7	6	0	7	3
15	0	8	7	0	8	3	0	8	0	0	7	0
16	0	9	2	0	8	10	0	8	6	0	8	3
17	0	9	9	0	9	5	0	9	1	0	8	9
18	0	10	3	0	9	11	0	9	7	0	9	3
19	0	10	10	0	10	6	0	10	2	0	9	10
20	0	11	5	0	11	0	0	10	8	0	10	4
21	0	12	0	0	11	7	0	11	2	0	10	10
22	0	12	7	0	12	2	0	11	9	0	11	4
23	0	13	2	0	12	8	0	12	3	0	11	10
24	0	13	9	0	13	3	0	12	10	0	12	5
25	0	14	3	0	13	10	0	13	4	0	12	11
26	0	14	10	0	14	4	0	13	10	0	13	5
27	0	15	5	0	14	11	0	14	5	0	13	11
28	1	0	0	0	15	5	0	14	11	0	14	5
29	1	0	7	1	0	0	0	15	6	0	15	0
30	1	1	2	1	0	7	1	0	0	0	15	6
31	1	1	9	1	1	1	1	0	6	1	0	0
32	1	2	3	1	1	8	1	1	1	1	0	6
33	1	2	10	1	2	2	1	1	7	1	1	0
34	1	3	5	1	2	9	1	2	2	1	1	7
35	1	4	0	1	3	4	1	2	8	1	2	1
36	1	4	7	1	3	10	1	3	2	1	2	7
37	1	5	2	1	4	5	1	3	9	1	3	1
38	1	5	9	1	5	0	1	4	3	1	3	7
39	1	6	3	1	5	6	1	4	10	1	4	2
40	1	6	10	1	6	1	1	5	4	1	4	8
41	1	7	5	1	6	7	1	5	10	1	5	2
42	1	8	0	1	7	2	1	6	5	1	5	8
43	1	8	7	1	7	9	1	6	11	1	6	2
44	1	9	2	1	8	3	1	7	6	1	6	9
45	1	9	9	1	8	10	1	8	0	1	7	3
46	1	10	3	1	9	5	1	8	6	1	7	9
47	1	10	10	1	9	11	1	9	1	1	8	3
48	1	11	5	1	10	6	1	9	7	1	8	9
49	1	12	0	1	11	0	1	10	2	1	0	3
50	1	12	7	1	11	7	1	10	8	1	9	10
51	1	13	2	1	12	2	1	11	2	1	10	4
52	1	13	9	1	12	8	1	11	9	1	10	10
53	1	14	3	1	13	3	1	12	3	1	11	4
54	1	14	10	1	13	10	1	12	10	1	11	10
55	1	15	5	1	14	4	1	13	4	1	12	5
56	2	0	0	1	14	11	1	13	10	1	12	11
57	2	0	7	1	15	5	1	14	5	1	13	5
58	2	1	2	2	0	0	1	14	11	1	13	11

Rupees per mensem.	of 28 Days.			of 29 Days.			of 30 Days.			of 31 Days.		
59	2	1	9	2	0	7	1	15	6	1	14	5
60	2	2	3	2	1	1	2	0	0	1	15	0
61	2	2	10	2	1	8	2	0	6	1	15	6
62	2	3	5	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	0	0
63	2	4	0	2	2	9	2	1	7	2	0	6
64	2	4	7	2	3	4	2	2	2	2	1	0
65	2	5	2	2	3	10	2	2	8	2	1	7
66	2	5	9	2	4	5	2	3	2	2	2	1
67	2	6	3	2	5	0	2	3	9	2	2	7
68	2	6	10	2	5	6	2	4	3	2	3	1
69	2	7	5	2	6	1	2	4	10	2	3	7
70	2	8	0	2	6	7	2	5	4	2	4	2
71	2	8	7	2	7	2	2	5	10	2	4	8
72	2	9	2	2	7	9	2	6	5	2	5	2
73	2	9	9	2	8	3	2	6	11	2	5	8
74	2	10	3	2	8	10	2	7	6	2	6	2
75	2	10	10	2	9	5	2	8	0	2	6	9
76	2	11	5	2	9	11	2	8	6	2	7	3
77	2	12	0	2	10	6	2	9	1	2	7	9
78	2	12	7	2	11	0	2	9	7	2	8	3
79	2	13	2	2	11	7	2	10	2	2	8	9
80	2	13	9	2	12	2	2	10	8	2	9	3
81	2	14	3	2	12	8	2	11	2	2	9	10
82	2	14	10	2	13	3	2	11	9	2	10	4
83	2	15	5	2	13	10	2	12	3	2	10	10
84	3	0	0	2	14	4	2	12	10	2	11	4
85	3	0	7	2	14	11	2	13	4	2	11	10
86	3	1	2	2	15	5	2	13	10	2	12	5
87	3	1	9	3	0	0	2	14	5	2	12	11
88	3	2	3	3	0	7	2	14	11	2	13	5
89	3	2	10	3	1	1	2	15	6	2	13	1
90	3	3	5	3	1	8	3	0	0	2	14	5
91	2	4	0	3	2	2	3	0	6	2	15	0
92	3	4	7	3	2	9	3	1	1	2	15	6
93	3	5	2	3	3	4	3	1	7	3	0	0
94	3	5	9	3	3	10	3	2	2	3	0	6
95	3	6	3	3	4	5	3	2	8	3	1	0
96	3	6	10	3	5	0	3	3	2	3	1	7
97	3	7	5	3	5	6	3	3	9	3	2	1
98	3	8	0	3	6	1	3	4	3	3	2	7
99	3	8	7	3	6	7	3	4	10	3	3	1
100	3	9	2	3	7	2	3	5	4	3	3	7
200	7	2	3	6	14	4	6	10	8	6	7	3
300	10	11	5	10	5	6	10	0	0	9	10	10
400	14	4	7	13	12	8	13	5	4	12	14	5
500	17	13	9	17	3	10	16	10	8	16	2	1
600	21	6	10	20	11	0	20	0	0	19	5	8
700	25	0	0	24	2	2	23	5	4	22	9	3
800	28	9	2	27	9	5	26	10	8	25	12	11
900	32	2	3	31	0	7	30	0	0	29	0	6
1000	35	11	5	34	7	9	33	5	4	32	4	2
2000	71	6	10	68	15	5	66	10	8	64	8	3
3000	107	2	3	103	7	2	100	0	0	96	12	5
4000	142	13	9	137	14	11	133	5	4	129	0	6
5000	178	9	2	172	6	7	166	10	8	161	4	8
6000	214	4	7	206	14	4	200	0	0	193	8	9
7000	250	0	0	241	6	1	233	5	4	225	12	11
8000	285	11	5	275	13	10	266	10	8	258	1	0
9000	321	6	10	310	5	6	300	0	0	290	5	2
10,000	357	2	3	344	13	3	333	5	4	322	9	3

MADRAS MINT,

Vellabanasar Street, Black Town.

W. BANNISTER, Esq., ASSAY MASTER, in charge of the Mint.

The Madras Mint was abolished in 1835 by an order of the Government of India. In the year 1837, a Bullion Office was established under the orders of the same authority.

Bullion Office, Fort St. George, June 20, 1837.

The following are the regulations by which Gold and Silver are now purchased by the Assay Master, at the Bullion Office.

1. Sealed Tenders of Gold and Silver, specifying the weight and description of the Bullion tendered, will be received daily, Sundays and holidays excepted, from 10 till 4 o'clock, at the Bullion Office at the Mint; the Tenders to be addressed to the Assay Master in charge of the Bullion Depot.

2. The Bullion so tendered shall be delivered by the owner or his representative to the Assay Master personally, who will weigh it in the presence of such party, and grant a receipt for the same according to the annexed Form No. 1. The Bullion shall then be melted, cast into bars or ingots, and have stamped thereon consecutive numbers in the presence of the owner or his representative; in the joint custody of whom and of the Assay Master it shall be kept in a box with two different locks and keys, each party keeping a separate key, until it shall have been assayed.

3. The Bullion having been melted, and numbered as aforesaid, the Assay Master shall also cut musters from it in the presence of the owner or his representative, and proceed to assay the musters with all convenient despatch. After assay, the Bullion shall be again weighed by the Assay Master in the presence of the owner or his representative; its value shall then be brought to the public credit by the Assay Master, who will grant, in lieu of the receipt before given, a Bullion Certificate according to the annexed Form No. 2: deducting therein from the standard value of the Bullion two per cent. seignorage.

Form No. 1.

No. ———. Received from (A. B.) oz. — dwt. — &c. of Gold, (or lbs. — oz. — &c. of Silver) Bullion Gross Weight, tendered for sale this day at the Bullion Office.

FORT ST. GEORGE ; }
Bullion Depot. }
————— 1837. }

C. D.
Assay Master.

Form No. 2.

Gold (or Silver) Bullion Certificate.

No. 1.

Gross Weight lbs. — oz. — &c.

Standard Weight lbs. — oz. — &c.

A. P.

Company's Rupees 000 0 0

I hereby certify that (A. B.) has delivered into the Bullion Depot (three) Bars of Gold (or Silver) Bullion numbered 1, 2, 3, one two and three, weighing Gross weight lbs. — oz. — &c. or Standard Weight, lbs. — oz. — &c. and that the value thereof, after deducting two per cent. seignorage, amounts to Company's Rupees—

FORT ST. GEORGE ; }
Bullion Depot, }
————— 1837. }

C. D.
Assay Master.

The Certificate will, if not discharged at the expiration of thirty days after its date bear Interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum from the date of its presentation at the Accountant General's Office, where it must be taken to be passed for payment when due, or certified for interest.

Rupees of the Madras Currency, if of full weight, will be received at the Calcutta Mint, at their par value, without charge of seignorage.

The Gold Coins of the Madras Presidency being precisely of the same fineness as the English Sovereign, when the market price of Gold in England is £3 17s. 6d. an ounce, the same weight of the Madras or Company's Gold Coins are of the same value.

Silver is the legal currency of the country, Gold is also a legal tender at 15 Rupees to a Gold Mohur, but cannot be demanded in payment; Copper Coins are only a legal tender to the extent of one Rupee.

Marine Department.**MARINE BOARD.**

OFFICE—SEA CUSTOM HOUSE, NORTH BEACH.

The Honourable J. Sullivan, Esq. President.
 The Commissary General..... } Members.
 The Quarter Master General... }

Arthur J. Maclean, Esq. Secretary.

MARINE POLICE.

OFFICE—SEA CUSTOM HOUSE, NORTH BEACH.

F. J. Clerk, Esq. Magistrate in charge of the Marine Police.

ROTATION MAGISTRATES.

J. C. Wroughton, Esq. | J. H. Bell, Esq.

Mr. R. W. Flory..... Overseer and Interpreter.

Mr. T. Gouge..... Clerk.

Mr. J. Maskell..... Constable.

The Marine Police Force consists of an Overseer, a Jemadar, twelve Daffadars and fifty Peons, and is principally employed in protecting the commerce of the Port. The Jurisdiction of the Beach Magistrate extends from the Fort along the Beach (including the first line of Buildings on the Beach and all the Grain Bank-shalls) to the North extreme of the village of Royapooram. Complaints may be preferred at all hours night and day at the Marine Police Office. The Beach Magistrate sits daily for the despatch of business, and in all cases which require two Magistrates he is assisted by one of the Rotation Magistrates who take it in turns to sit with the Beach Magistrate. Every Boat on its return to the shore is searched by the Marine Police Peons and the Boats are watched all the time they are about by a party of Peons stationed on the top of the Office.

MASTER ATTENDANT'S OFFICE.

SEA CUSTOM HOUSE, NORTH BEACH.

Master Attendant and Marine Storekeeper.

J. F. McKennie, Esq..... Acting do. do.

H. D. Dalrymple, Esq..... Asst. Master Attendant and Boat Paymr. (*not arrived.*)

J. J. Franklin, Esq..... Acting do. do.

MASTER ATTENDANTS AT OUT PORTS.

NAMES.	STATIONS.
Mr. R. Alexander	Masulipatam.
„ M. R. Taynton	Coringa.
„ C. Hawkins	Vizagapatam.
„ E. Brenen	Tellicherry.
„ J. Baggott	Tutacoreen.
„ M. A. Platel (in charge of the M. A.'s office.)	Calicut.
„ W. Marsh	Cochin.

SEA CUSTOM HOUSE.

NORTH BEACH.

J. C. Wroughton, Esq..... Collector.

W. E. Underwood, Esq..... Deputy Collector.

J. H. Bell, Esq..... Acting do.

MADRAS PORT REGULATIONS, &c.

EXTRACTS FROM THE RULES FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF THE PORT OF MADRAS.

All application for boats must be made at the Office of the Master Attendant, and all Boat Hire paid for at the time of application.

Persons wishing to engage a certain number of boats for the following day, must make their application at the Master Attendant's Office before five o'clock on the preceding evening.

All such applications will be registered in the order in which they are made in a book to be kept for that purpose—it is recommended that the applications referred to, be made in the following form.

Boats required for

To the MASTER ATTENDANT.

SIR,

I request you will comply with the above application.

I am, Sir,

Madras,

Your most obedient Servant,

Boats for landing Cargo are to be despatched from the Beach between the hours of 4 and 5 in the morning: no boat for that purpose shall be allowed to leave the Beach after 5 p. m. except in particular cases, the emergency of which will be determined by the Master Attendant, and no such Boat is to be detained alongside any Vessel after 6 p. m.; and upon a signal being hoisted at the Master Attendant's Flag Staff, all such Boats with or without cargo are immediately to return.

All payments on account of the Hire of Boats and all Port Charges demandable under the rules shall be received and acknowledged by the Boat Paymaster.

Any person deeming himself aggrieved by any Public Officer acting under the rules of the Port, may represent the subject of his complaint to the Marine Board, who are vested with authority to give redress when the rules appear to have been departed from, or to submit the representation of the party complaining, should he require it, to Government for their decision.

Full information regarding the rules established for the controul and management of Massulah Boats, for the collection and distribution of their hire, for determining the amount of the several charges to be made, and for the general management of the Port may be obtained on application at the Office of the Master Attendant.

TABLE OF PORT CHARGES.

		SOUTH ROADS.		R. A. P.	
Boat Hire.	Ordinary Trips	-	1	3	0
	Do. Do. for an Accommodation Boat	-	4	0	0
	Transhipments	-	0	12	6
	Do. for an Accommodation Boat	-	2	0	0
	Deep Do.	-	1	8	0
	Do. Do. for an Accommodation Boat	-	3	0	0
	Return Trip	-	0	10	0
	Bad weather Ordinary Trip	-	2	3	0
	Do. for an Accommodation Boat	-	6	0	0
	Do. Transhipment	-	1	8	0
	Do. for Jolly Boat Do.	-	1	8	0
	Do. Return Trips	-	1	3	0
	Extra Hire on Sundays	-	0	9	0
	Boat Load of Water ordinary Trip	-	2	4	1
	Do. Deep Water Do.	-	2	13	7
	Do. Do. Bad weather Do.	-	4	8	2
Sand Ballast exclusive of Boat Hire	-	0	1	8	
Tarpaulin Hire	-	0	4	0	

		NORTH ROADS.		R.	A.	P.
Boat Hire.	Ordinary Trip	-	-	0	12	6
	Do. Do. for an Accommodation Boat	-	-	4	0	0
	Transhipment	-	-	0	12	6
	Do. for an Accommodation Boat	-	-	2	0	0
	Deep Do.	-	-	1	8	0
	Do. Do. for an Accommodation Boat	-	-	3	0	0
	Return Trip	-	-	0	6	3
	Bad weather Ordinary Trip	-	-	1	8	0
	Do. for an Accommodation Boat	-	-	6	0	0
	Do. Transhipment	-	-	1	8	0
	Do. Jolly Boat Do.	-	-	1	8	0
	Do. Return Trip	-	-	0	12	6
	Extra Hire on Sundays	-	-	0	9	0
	Boat Load of Water ordinary Trip	-	-	1	12	1
Do. Do. Bad Weather Do.		-	-	3	8	2
Sand Ballast exclusive of Boat Hire		-	-	0	1	3
Tarpaulin Hire		-	-	0	4	0

SOUTH ROADS.

Anchorage Dues.

Country Ships.	British Ships and Ships under Foreign, European, or American Colours, on Anchoring	-	-	38	0	0
	From 900 to 500 Tons	-	-	35	0	0
	" 500 to 300 "	-	-	28	0	0
	" 300 to 200 "	-	-	21	0	0
	" 200 to 100 "	-	-	17	0	0
	" 100 to 50 "	-	-	14	0	0
	" 50 to 10 "	-	-	10	0	0

NORTH ROADS.

Native Craft.	From 400 to 300 Tons	-	-	21	0	0
	" 300 to 200 "	-	-	17	0	0
	" 200 to 100 "	-	-	14	0	0
	" 100 to 50 "	-	-	10	0	0
	" 50 to 20 "	-	-	3	0	0
	" 20 to 10 "	-	-	1	0	0

LIGHT HOUSE DUES.

All British and Foreign Ships on Anchoring	-	-	25	0	0
Country Ships	-	-	14	0	0
Snow, Brig, Ketch, and Schooner	-	-	7	0	0
Sloop and Cutter	-	-	5	0	0
Large Dhonies	-	-	5	0	0
Small Do.	-	-	2	0	0

SMALL CATTAMARAN HIRE.

To all Ships on Anchoring	-	-	1	0	0
Snow, Brig, and Ketch Do.	-	-	0	12	0
Sloop and Cutter Do.	-	-	0	10	0
Dhonies and large boats Do.	-	-	0	8	0
Carrying Letters to Ships	-	-	0	4	0
Do. Provision or Parcels	-	-	1	0	0

LARGE CATTAMARAN HIRE.

For Landing or Shipping an Europe Cable of 13 to 16 Inches.	-	-	18	12	0
For Do Do. of 17 to 22 Do.	-	-	28	8	0
For Do an Anchor of 14 to 29 Cwt.	-	-	18	12	0
For Do Do. of 30 to 50 Do.	-	-	28	8	0

FOR LANDING OR SHIPPING GUNS AND MORTARS.

		Calibre.				R.	A.	P.
No.	1.....42 Pounds	67 Cwt.	}	-	-	16	8	0
"	1.....32 "	56 "		-	-			
"	1.....24 "	49 "		-	-			
"	1.....18 "	41 "		-	-	14	4	0
"	1.....12 "	32 "		-	-			
"	1.....9 "	28 "		-	-	11	4	0
"	1.....6 "	22 "	}	-	-			
"	1.....18 "	24 Cwt.		-	-			
"	1.....15 Inches	25 "	}	-	-	11	4	0
"				-	-			

HIRE OF BATTAs, LASCARS AND ARTIFICERS EMPLOYED ABOARD.				R. A. P.
Tindal	per day	-	-	- 0 10 0
Lascars	"	-	-	- 0 7 0
Carpenter Maistry	"	-	-	- 1 4 0
Carpenter	"	-	-	- 0 14 0
Painter	"	-	-	- 0 14 0
Glass Cutter	"	-	-	- 0 14 0
Caulker Maistry	"	-	-	- 1 4 0
Caulker	"	-	-	- 0 14 0
Bricklayer	"	-	-	- 0 14 0

If provisions be supplied no batta to be paid, if otherwise the Maistries to receive 4 Annas each per day and the others at 2 As. per day.

SALVAGE.

To Divers employed in diving and making fast a rope to a Ship's anchor on application. } 35 0 0

On other articles recovered by Divers 25 per cent on the whole-sale value of the Property.

Madras : Boat Pay Office, August 7, 1833.

Considerable inconvenience being experienced in the Boat Pay Office, from Commanders and Owners of Vessels and Dhonies, having Deposits, demanding Certificates for the due discharge of their Port Charges, without giving any previous intimation of the departure of their vessels; Notice is hereby given to all Commanders of vessels and Dhonies, and all other persons concerned, having Deposits, that in future, they will be required to give 24 hours notice, before the departure of their Vessels to enable the Boat Paymaster to adjust their accounts.

By order of the Marine Board,

J. F. McKENNIE, Boat Paymaster.

MODIFICATION OF THE RULES OF THE PORT.

Madras, Marine Board Office, 30th September 1836.

Notice is hereby given for the information of all whom it may concern, that the following alterations in the Rules of the Port, and the charges for Boat hire, have been sanctioned and are now in operation, viz.

1. EXTRA HIRE.

The extra hire charged during the monsoon months to be discontinued, and additional charges to be levied (on Boats plying to Ships within the limits) only in bad weather, or when the surf is unusually high. The additional charge to be the same as has hitherto been made during the monsoon months. The Master Attendant to be the judge of the necessity of charging additional hire.

2. ACCOMMODATION BOATS.

The hire of Accommodation Boats to be, on ordinary trips 4 Rupees, and on foul weather trips 6 Rupees.

3. WATER AND BALAST.

The fees hitherto received on account of Government on trips for Water and Balast, to be discontinued—making the charges for the former;

South Roads.
Rupees 2 13 1

North Roads.
Rupees 2 5 1

For the latter (exclusive of Boat hire.)

" 0 1 8

" 0 1 9

4. LARGE CATAMARAN HIRE, &c.

A reduction of 25 per cent. to be made in the charge, for large Catamaran hire, charges for landing and shipping guns, anchors, (or any thing which is too heavy or cumbersome for a boat) and hire of Artificers, &c.

5. SALVAGE.

The Salvage on anchors to be one-third of their value according to the market rate of the day, to be ascertained and determined by the Master Attendant.

6. LOADING OF BOATS.

The former Boat Schedule to be abandoned and Boats hereafter to be loaded according to the revised Schedule annexed.

The practice of striking the Flag-staff in the Fort during the monsoon, has been ordered to be discontinued.

By order of the Marine Board.

ARTHUR J. MACLEANE, Secretary.

SCHEDULE OF ARTICLES COMPOSING A BOAT LOAD.

I. GOODS TAKEN BY WEIGHT OR MEASUREMENT.

These Articles are computed at 2 tons to a Boat Load.

Articles.	Packages.	Fair weather.	Foul weather or high surf.	Remarks.
Benjamin	{ boxes ... bundles ... chests ...	25 60 12	20	small half
Biscuits	.. bags ...	30		
Boat Oars	... No. ...	100		
Boots and Shoes	... cases ...	8 6	6 4	small large
Butts	... No. ...	3	2	
Broad Cloth	... { bales ...	8 10 12	6 8 10	large middling small
Button	... cases ...	6	4	
Beef	{ tierces ... hogshead ...	8 6		
Carriage	... No. ...	1		
Cotton screwed	... { bales ...	8 10 12	.....	of 300 lbs. of 250 „ of 150 „
Do. loose	... bags ...	16		
Codjoor Nuts	... bundles ...	10	8	
Cocoanuts	{ No. ... bags ...	1000 1500 25	.....	with husk without do. small
Chests	... No. ...	4	3	12 dozen
Do. half	... ..	8	6	6 do.
Canvas	... bales ...	4	3	20 bolts each
Clothing	... { bales ...	8 10 12	6 8 10	3 corges each 2 do. do. 1 do. do.
Cheacoy	... bundles ...	20	15	
Chillies	... do. ...	20	15	
Choya Root	... do. ...	6 8	...	large small
Cochineal	... boxes ...	12	10	
Cinnamon	... bags ...	35	30	
Camphire	... boxes ...	12		
Cloves	... bags ...	40	...	80lb. weight each bag
Curry Stuff Seeds	... bags ...	25	20	Ramiapatam bags
Dates	... bags ...	35	25	when from Bombay
Do.	... tons ...	2	1	when the packages are va-
Drugs	... bags ...	12	10	rious
Eating Leaves	... bundles ...	40		
Flour	... casks ...	8	6	
Grain	{ Ramiapatam ... bags ...	20 25	...	shipping landing
	{ Bengal ... bags ...	25 30	25	shipping landing
	... chests ...	6	...	whole
	... ..	12	...	half
Glass Ware	... chests ...	6	...	large
Gunny	... bundles ...	12	...	small
Gunpowder	... barrels ...	25 30	...	100lbs. each 60 do. do.

Articles.	Packages.	Fair weather.	Foul weather or high surf.	Remarks.
Gallingale	... bundles	... 25		
Gin	... cases	... 30		
Gun carriage	... No.	... 1	...	complete with wheels from 3 to 24 pounders
Ginger Dry	... bags	... 30		
Hay	... bales	... 8	6	
Horns	... No.	... 1000		
Hogsheads	... No.	... 8	4	
Hams	... No.	... 120		
Indigo	... chests	... 8	...	whole
		... 12	...	half
Leaguers	... No.	... 2		
Nankeen	... boxes	... 20		
Nuts	... bags	... 30		
Pickle, Europe	... boxes	... 30	20	
Palanquin	... No.	... 1		
Piece Goods	... bales	... 6	...	large 3 and } bales for
		... 8	...	small 4 } China.
Pumpkins	... No.	... 100	...	large
		... 250	...	small
Puncheons	... No.	... 4	3	
Pipes	... No.	... 3	2	
Do. half	... No.	... 6	4	
Pork	{ tierces	... 8		
	{ casks	... 8	6	
Pepper	... bags	... 35	23	
Artees	... No.	... 12	10	large
		... 20	...	small
Bindoo Plank...	... No.	... 25		
Chittagong do.	... No.	... 25	20	
		... 1	...	large } shipping
		... 2	...	small }
Duggies	... No.	... 8	...	large } landing
		... 12	...	small }
Mango do.	... No.	... 20	...	landing
		... 10	...	shipping
Shimbeams	... No.	... 20	...	landing
		... 8	...	shipping
Spars	... No.	... 1	...	large
		... 4	...	small
		... 250	...	100 in a bundle
Rattans	... No.	... 500	...	50 in do.
Reapers	... No.	... 60	...	10 in do.
Saddlery	... cases	... 8	6	
Sharks Fins	... bundles	... 3		
Sheathing Boards	... No.	... 100	...	double
		... 150	...	single
Soapnut	... bags	... 30		
Spices of all sorts	... bags	... 10	...	large
		... 20	...	small
Stationery	... cases	... 6	4	
Staves	... packs	... 20		
	... bags	... 30		
Stick Lac	{ bundles	... 40		
	{ casks	... 4		
Sugar	... lumps	... 50	...	large
do.		... 70	...	small

Articles.	Packages.	Fair weather.	Foul weather or high surf.	Remarks.
Sugar of Batavia	... canisters	6		
do. of Bengal	... bags	20		
do. do.	... chests	6		
do. China	... small packages	40		
Sugar Candy	... tubs	25		
do. do.	... $\frac{1}{2}$ do.	50		
Tents	... sets	6	...	private two poled tents.
Tamarind	... bags	15		
do. Bengal	... bags	20		
Thread	... bundles	7	6	
Tobacco	... bags	30		

II. DEAD WEIGHT.

Computed at $1\frac{1}{2}$ ton per Boat load.

Anchor	... No.	1	...	of 12 cwt. small anchors and grapnels in like proportion.
Arms	... chest	12	...	12 muskets each.
Black wood	... candies	6	...	shipping
		7	...	landing.
Copper Sheet,	... chests	6	4	
	... cases	4	3	
	... slabs	100	80	large
Guns, Iron or Brass	... No.	3	...	3 Pounders
		2	...	4 or 6 do.
		1	...	9 do.
Japan	... chests	10	8	
Metals of all kinds	... tons	$1\frac{1}{2}$		
Nails	... tons	$1\frac{1}{2}$		
Red Lead	... tons	$1\frac{1}{2}$		
Red Wood	... tons	$1\frac{1}{2}$		
Sandal Wood	... tons	$1\frac{1}{2}$		
Salt	... bags	25		
Salt Petre	... bags	25		
		20	...	13 inches
Shells	... No.	100	...	10 or 8 do.
		250	...	5 $\frac{1}{2}$ do.
		300	...	4 $\frac{1}{2}$ do.
		150	...	24 pounders
Shot	... No.	200	...	18 do.
		300	...	12 do.
		400	...	9 do.
		500	...	6 do.
Treasure	... boxes	6	4	

III. MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES.

Bullocks	... No.	2		
Coals	... tons	2	$1\frac{1}{2}$	
Cow and Calf	... No.	1		
Firewood.	... 500	...	...	large
	... 1000	...	...	small
	... 600	...	...
	... 2000	...	...
	... 2000	...	...
	... 1000	...	...
	... 150	...	...
	... 1500	...	...
	... 2000	...	...
Rangoon	... 2000	...	...

Articles.	Packages.	Fair weather	Foul weather or high surf.	Remarks.
Ghee and Oil	... tubbers	... 25		
Horse	... No.	... 1		
Linseed Oil	... jars	... 20		
Loose Oakum	... whatever quantity	can	25	be stowed conveniently.
Pecul weights of all kinds	peculs	... 30		
Pigs	... No.	... 15		
Ponies	... No.	... 2		
Poultry	... baskets any quantity	that	15	can be stowed conveniently.
Sand. Ballast	... tons	... 2		
Seed Coconut	... No.	... 200		
Sheep	... No.	... 30		
Tar	... barrels	... 8	6	
Tarpaulin	... No.	... 30		

A. J. MACLEANE, Sec. Marine Board.

EXPORT DUTY ON COTTON WOOL.

It is hereby notified, that from and after the 1st of March next, the export duty upon Cotton Wool shipped on British, or on Native Vessels at Madras, or at any of the ports subordinate thereto, will be levied at the rate of 5 per cent only on the following valuation until further orders.

Cotton Wool the produce of Coimbatore, Ramnad, Madura and Tinnevely per Candy of 500lbs,	....	100 0 0
Do. the produce of any other district per Candy	....	80 0 0

All Cotton Wool which may not at the time of exportation be accompanied by a regular certificate of origin shall be deemed and taken to be the produce of the districts above named, and shall be valued at 109 Rupees per Candy.

Nothing herein contained is intended to affect the existing Regulations for Cotton Wool shipped on British Vessels for the United Kingdom, which shall continue as heretofore to be exported free of all duty.

Cotton Wool exported to any of the Foreign European Settlements adjoining to the territories subject to this Presidency, shall likewise continue to be subject to the same duty as if it had been exported on vessels under Foreign Colours.

Published by order of the Honorable the Governor in Council.

FORT ST. GEORGE, 13th February 1821.

DUTIES PAID CERTIFICATES.

Notice is hereby given to all persons concerned, that from and after this date, all Certificates for duties paid at any place under the Government of the East India Company, which shall be presented at this Office, shall be received in remission of so much of the duty chargeable on goods imported here by Sea as may be so proved to have been already paid on the said goods either as Inland or Sea Import or Export duties, on the condition that the Certificates specify, the several particulars hereinafter mentioned. Provided however, that if the goods imported shall not agree in every respect with the Certificate or Certificates so produced, the full import duty shall in such case be levied; and provided also, that all such Certificates shall accompany the application to clear the goods, and the production of the said documents after the goods shall have once passed through the Custom House, shall not entitle the Owner, Importer, Consignee, or other Agent, of such goods to any remission or abatement of the duties chargeable, or which shall have been actually charged under the Regulations now in force.

The following particulars are required to be furnished in the Certificates above alluded to.

- 1st. Name of the Exporter, at the place of shipment.
- 2d. Name of the Ship and of her Commander on which the goods are exported.
- 3d. Port or place from whence the goods were first brought, and if originally imported by Sea, the name of the vessel on which they were first imported.
- 4th. Marks and Numbers on the Packages.
- 5th. Number and Description of Packages.
- 6th. Quality and Description of Goods.
- 7th. Quantity, Weight, &c. of Goods.
- 8th. Value of Goods.
- 9th. Rate of Duty Charged.
- 10th. Amount of Duty paid.

The omission of any of the aforesaid particulars in Certificates, or the appearance therein of any erasure, alteration or other mutilation, shall at all times be considered sufficient ground for their rejection by the Collector of Sea Customs at Madras.

By order of the Board of Revenue.

(Signed) G. J. HADOW,

Collector Sea Customs.

Fort St. George, 9th July 1829.

DRAWBACK ON CERTIFICATES.

Sea Custom House : Madras, 26th January 1832.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council having been pleased to sanction the allowance of Drawback on Goods exported to ports not subject to the Government of Fort Saint George, according to the rates mentioned in a sanctioned Table now in this Office :—Notice is hereby given, that all Exporters of Goods, applying for the benefit of Drawback on Certificates are required to have their Goods brought to the Export yard of this Office, together with their applications, accompanied by Bills or Certificates in proof of the import or other duty having been previously paid in support of their claim to Drawback thereon. Any inattention to these orders and any difference between the import duty Bills or Certificates and the applications, will invalidate the claim either to Drawback or Certificate, and no Drawback or Certificate will on any account be granted in this Office unless satisfactory proof be given by documents that the import duties have been paid and the quality and value of the Goods, correspond with the Bills or Certificates. Care must be taken to bring the Goods to the Export yard previous to presenting the application, in order to prevent delay, as no permit will be given before the Goods are examined and the Packages stamped, with the exportation seal.

By order of the Board of Revenue.

R. H. CLIVE, *Collector Sea Customs.*

GRAIN FROM SUBORDINATE PORTS.

Sea Custom House : Madras, 22d December 1831.

1st. No grain from a subordinate port shall be admitted to entry at the port of Madras, unless the Certificates of the Export duty are presented at the time of entering the Manifest of the Vessel, the Certificates corresponding with the quantity manifested.

2d. The Certificates of the Export duty shall in all cases accompany the Grain in its transit from port to port, and any Grain exported from a subordinate port, if found in the Madras Roads without such documents shall be liable to confiscation.

3d. The Port Clearance from the subordinate port shall state the exact quantity of Grain exported, and the number of Certificates issued for the same.

4th. No vessel having Grain on board, exported from a subordinate port, shall be admitted to entry unless the quantity shipped appears in the Port Clearance, whether it is for Madras or for any other port.

By order of the Board of Revenue.

W. ASHTON, *Collector Sea Customs.*

PACKAGES FOR PERSONAL USE.

Sea Custom House : Madras, 26th June 1837.

It being frequently supposed that small consignments, of wearing apparel and other articles imported by Individuals for their own use, and not for sale, are exempt from duty ; notice is hereby given, that no packages of any description can be cleared from this Office, unless a declaration in writing by the owner, of the contents and value accompanies the application, or unless some person on behalf of the Importer is authorized to open the Packages and attend the valuation of the contents.

By order of the Board of Revenue.

W. ASHTON, *Collector Sea Customs.*

FOREIGN SHIPS.

Foreign Ships belonging to any state or country in Europe, or in America, so long as such states or countries respectively remain in amity with Her Majesty, may freely enter the British Sea Ports and Harbours in the East Indies, whether they come directly from their own country, or from any other place, and shall be there hospitably received. And such Ships shall have liberty to import into such Sea Ports, from their own respective countries, Goods, the produce of their countries; and to export Goods from such Sea Ports to any foreign country whatever, conformably to the Regulations established, or to be established in such Sea Ports. Provided, that it shall not be lawful for the said Ships, in time of war between the British Government and any state or power whatsoever, to export from the said British Territories, without the special permission of the British Government, any Military or Naval Stores, Saltpetre, or Grain; nor to receive goods on board at one British Port of India to be conveyed to another British Port of India on freight or otherwise; but nevertheless the original inward cargoes of such Ships may be discharged at different British Ports, and the outward cargoes of such Ships may be laden at different British Ports for their foreign destinations.

ROSS D. MANGLES, *Offg. Secy. to Govt. of India.*

BONDING REGULATIONS.

FORT ST. GEORGE, 5th September 1837.

It is hereby notified for general information that under the authority conveyed by Act No. 25 of 1836, the Governor in Council has been pleased to declare the Port of Madras a Warehousing Port, and that the above Act will be brought into operation and Goods received into Bond from and after the 15th Instant.

The Company's late Commercial Buildings situated at the back of the Supreme Court House on the Beach are to be appropriated as a Bonding Warehouse and will be ready for the reception of Goods by the date before mentioned.

The following are the rates of Warehouse rent per mensem which have been established under the sanction of the Governor in Council, and parties desirous of obtaining further information on the subject are requested to apply to the Collector of Sea Customs.

				R. A. P.
Bales of Punjum Cloth of 30 pieces, per bale	..	..	0	8 0
Screwed bales of Cotton of 300lbs. do.	..	..	0	4 0
Loose bundles of Cotton of 200lbs. do.	..	..	0	4 0
Bales of Taffetas and Raw Silk do.	..	..	1	0 0
Chests of Indigo .. per chest	..	..	0	8 0
Do. of Wine of 12 dozens do.	..	..	0	8 0
Pipes of do. puncheons and butts each	..	..	1	0 0
Bags of Rice and Sugar .. per bag	..	..	0	1 0
Bags of Saltpetre .. do.	..	..	0	1 0
Metals per ton	..	..	0	4 0
Rattans for 100 bundles ....	..	..	0	8 0

Other articles in proportion to the above.

By Order of the Governor in Council.

(Signed) HY. CHAMIER, *Chief Secretary.*

1840
1841
1842



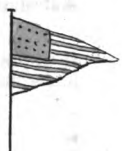
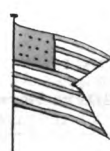
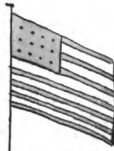
STAFF.



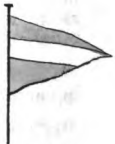
PACKET.



RUSSIAN.



AMERICAN.



DUTCH



MOORISH.

S I G N A L S

FOR SHIPS OR VESSELS IN THE OFFING.

Signals respecting Ships or Vessels in the Offing, whether Men of War, or Merchantmen, are made from the Garrison Flag Staff, a yard slung across the top-mast, the points of which represent the quarter from which the Vessels are coming in.

Three classes of Vessels are expressed by the Signals; Vessels of three masts, of two masts, and of one mast.

An Ensign, or square National Flag, represents a Ship of three masts; a National Flag, with two points or swallow's tail, represents a Brig or Snow, &c. of two masts; and a broad National Pendant, terminating in one point, represents a Sloop or Cutter of one mast.

If either of these Flags is hoisted to the yard above described, the Vessels seen are on the North or South quarters of the compass.

The number of Ships that appear in the Offing, are expressed by pendants—a white pendant signifies one Ship or Vessel; a red and white pendant, two Vessels; a red pendant, pierced with white, three Vessels; and a yellow pendant pierced with blue, four Vessels. When the number of Vessels exceed four, they are to be considered as a Fleet; on which occasion a long blue and yellow pendant will be hoisted.

If the Vessels in sight are Men of War in the North or South quarters, one of the numerical pendants will fly over the national flag on either side of the yard arms.

If Merchantmen are seen in the North or South quarters, one of the numerical pendants will fly under the national flag on either side of the yard arms.

If the Ships are Indiamen, a blue pendant will be displayed as usual under the Union flag of the Fort.

If a Fleet is in sight, one gun will be fired after the signal of the Fleet is made, and if there are two Fleets of different nations, in the same point of the compass, the signal of the first seen Fleet will be lowered after the space of 15 minutes, and a fresh signal hoisted, which is likewise to be accompanied by a gun.

A Steamer or a Packet is announced with a blue flag pierced with yellow hoisted to the yard arms, expressive of the quarter she is in.

The annexed Plate represents the Flags of all Nations that trade to Madras; and the manner in which the Signals are made, to express Ships or Vessels discovered in the offing.

The St. George's Flag hoisted on either points of the yard arm with a white pendant over it, announces a British Man of War. The French or Tri-coloured Flag of two points or swallow tail hoisted with a red and white pendant over it represents two French armed brigs or Snows, &c.; a broad American pendant hoisted with a red pendant pierced with white flying over it, represents three American armed Cutters, and a Dutch flag hoisted with a yellow pendant, pierced with a blue over it, represents four Dutch Men of War.

The St. George's Colours are varied according to the colour of the Admiral of the Squadron on the Station for the time being.

If the numerical pendant instead of flying over the national Colours is hoisted under them they will describe the same class of Vessels to be Merchantmen.

The blue pendant hoisted under the Union with a white pendant under an English Ensign hoisted on either yard arm, indicates an Indiaman.

N. B.—As Marryatt's Code of Signals is so widely in circulation, and as the community at large are anxious of knowing the names of Vessels coming in, the Captains and Commanders of Vessels are required, to answer without delay every signal made to them from the Flag Staff of the Garrison.

LIGHT HOUSE, FORT ST. GEORGE.

The Light House on the Exchange in Fort St. George was erected by the Exchange Committee, with the sanction of Government, in December 1796 and is of essential service to Ships, coming to the Roads in the night.

The Light is 90 feet above the level of the Sea at high water, and can be seen from the decks of the Honorable Company's Ships, about 17 miles, and from their mastheads near 26 miles.

The South part of Pulicat Shoal bears from the Light House N. by E. half E. distance 12 miles; and to keep clear of the Shoal, the light should always bear to the Westward S. S. W. $\frac{3}{4}$ W.

LIGHT HOUSE, PONDICHERRY.

The Pondicherry Light House is situated on the edge of the sea in $11^{\circ} 55' 57''$ N. Latitude and $79^{\circ} 52' 33''$ East Longitude from Greenwich: it is a light of the third magnitude. The illumination is composed of six reflector-lamps, placed on a horizontal circle facing the sea. It was lighted for the first time on the 1st July 1836.

The height above the level of the sea is 29 metres 70^c. It is placed upon a tower of 21 metres in height. The metre is equal to three English feet and 23-100th.

Being on the deck, or poop, of a Ship of 300 or 400 tons, with a clear state of the atmosphere, the light is seen at the distance of 18 miles.

Vessels which anchor during the night at Pondicherry, during the N. E. monsoon, should cast anchor in 10 or 11 fathoms, keeping the light from W. $\frac{1}{4}$ N. W. W. N. W. (the French fathom is 5 feet 5 inches English measure.)

During the S. W. monsoon, vessels should anchor in 6 to 8 fathoms (French) keeping the light from W. to W. $\frac{1}{4}$ N. W.

These two indications for the anchorage are the most suitable for each season. The Light House tax is charged on all trading vessels which anchor in the roads. They pay at the rate of one anna each ton.

A. HOSTEIN, Port Captain.

Abstract

[illegible]

38.

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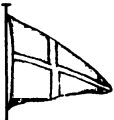






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d

t

Signals, Merchant Vessels.

		
N° 4.	N° 5.	
		
N° 9.	N° 0.	
		
First Distinguish? Pt.	Second Distinguish? Pt.	Numeral Pendant.

Singly, is affirmative.


Singly, is negative.

Answering Pendant.

Garryat's Code.

Ships coming into the Roads

From N° 100 When did you leave? N° 625.


6
2
5

*When coming into the Roads, and the
immediately repeated at the Garrison/
hoisted to ask from where the Ship
sailed.*

NAMES AND CORRESPONDING NUMBERS OF MERCHANT VESSELS
CONNECTED WITH THE EAST INDIES.

Extracted from part II. of Marryat's Code.

20 Adam,	893 Cornwallis,	2351 Hindostan,
23 Adams,	916 Courier,	2380 Horatio,
25 Adelaide,	931 Cuba,	2416 Hyder Ally,
57 Atrica,	937 Cumberland,	2419 Hastings,
79 Albinia,	938 Cumbrian,	2479 Jane,
91 Alexander,	956 Castle Forbes,	2501 Janet,
94 Alfred,	982 David Scott,	2513 Java,
104 Alliance,	1059 Diana,	2563 Imogene,
107 Allison,	1078 Dolphin,	2569 India,
137 Amelia,	1094 Duke of Norfolk,	2570 Indian,
180 Andromeda,	1209 Dover Castle,	2574 Indian Oak,
183 Ann,	1257 Duchess of Northum-	2610 Johanna,
189 Antelope,	berland,	2617 John,
215 Antoinette,	1268 Duke of Argyle,	2618 John Adams,
261 Arethusa,	1270 Duke of Bedford,	2768 Isabel,
267 Argyle,	1273 Duke of Clarence,	2769 Isabella,
285 Asia,	1275 Duke of Marlbro',	2803 Julia,
289 Astell,	1276 Duke of Richmond,	2807 Juliana,
295 Atlantic,	1278 Duke of Wellington,	2837 Kent, [Forbes,
307 Auckland,	1279 Duke of York,	2901 Katherine Stewart
315 Aurora,	1295 Duke of Cambridge,	2903 Kellie Castle,
326 Abberion,	1296 Duke of Manchester,	2904 Lalla Rookh,
372 Barrosa,	1298 Duncan Forbes,	2905 Lotus,
378 Batavia,	1307 Earl of Balcarras,	2910 La Belle,
389 Bedford,	1309 Earl Camden,	2951 Lady Flora,
390 Bee,	1326 Earl of Moira,	2951 Lady Melville,
402 Bellona,	1357 Edinburgh,	2953 Lady Nugent,
410 Bengal,	1362 Edward,	3041 Lancaster,
412 Bengal Merchant,	1386 Eleanor,	3052 Larkins,
419 Beresford,	1392 Eleanora,	3062 Layton,
426 Berwick,	1398 Eliza,	3102 Lindsay,
429 Berwickshire,	1402 Eliza Ann,	3142 Liverpool,
432 Betsey and Ann,	1427 Elizabeth,	3153 London,
450 Betsy,	1439 Ellen,	3168 Lord Castlereagh,
463 Birmingham,	1456 Elphinstone,	3172 Lord Cochrane,
472 Blanche,	1462 Emilia,	3179 Lord Dundas,
486 Boddingtons,	1467 Emma,	3182 Lord Eldon,
491 Bolton,	1473 England,	3184 Lord Exmouth,
492 Bombay Merchant,	1490 Essex,	3204 Lord Lyndock,
498 Bounty Hall,	1497 Esther,	3205 Lord Melville,
504 Boyne,	1507 Euphrates,	3215 Lord Sidmouth,
526 Bristol,	1523 Europe,	3219 Lord Wellington,
530 Britanna,	1529 Exmouth,	3259 Louisa,
560 Brothers,	1572 Fairlie,	3264 Lowjee Family,
567 Broxbornebury,	1578 Falmouth,	3265 Lowther Castle,
569 Brunswick,	1584 Fanny,	3296 Leopold,
573 Buccleugh,	1593 Favourite,	3421 Malabar,
603 Cæsar,	1609 Fergusson,	3429 Manchester,
604 Calcutta,	1635 Fifeshire,	3451 Mangles, [ley,
607 Caledonia,	1674 Flora,	3476 Marchioness Welles-
615 Cambrian,	1689 Fort William	3478 Margaret,
617 Cambridge,	1690 Forth,	3482 Margaret and Ann,
620 Camilla,	1804 Ganges,	3548 Marquis of Camden,
647 Carnatic,	1825 General Blucher,	3561 Marquis of Ely,
650 Caroline,	1836 General Harris,	3562 Marquis of Huntley,
671 Castle Huntley,	1837 General Hewitt,	3567 Marquis of Wellesley
673 Castlereagh,	1845 General Kyd,	3568 Marquis of Welling-
679 Catherine,	1859 General Stewart,	3589 Mary Ann, [ton,
694 Captain Cook,	1925 Glasgow,	3685 Melville,
709 Ceylon,	1938 Golconda,	3705 Merchant,
718 Charles Forbes,	1968 Governor Harcourt,	3719 Mermaid,
719 Charles Grant,	1972 Governor Raffles,	3720 Merope,
760 China,	2068 Halifax,	3752 Middlesex,
791 City of Edinburgh,	2074 Hamilton,	3765 Minerva,
792 City of London,	2104 Harmony,	3781 Miranda,
793 Clara,	2108 Harrington,	3795 Moira,
803 Claudine,	2159 Helen,	3906 Neptune,
810 Clifton,	2196 Hercules,	3978 Newcastle,
819 Colombo,	2197 Herefordshire,	4024 Norfolk,
891 Coromandel,	2307 Heroine,	4235 Northampton,
892 Cornwall,	2317 Hibernia,	4053 Northumberland,

4056 Northumbrian,
4073 Nottingham,
4081 Ocean,
4130 Orestes,
4136 Orient,
4189 Oxford,
4195 Orwell,
4230 Pahnra,
4261 Patriot,
4279 Pembroke,
4280 Penelope,
4295 Perfect,
4298 Perseverance,
4319 Philadelphia,
4337 Phoenix,
4379 Plantagenet,
4396 Plymouth,
4508 Poarcher,
4521 Portsmouth,
4561 Primrose,
4568 Prince George,
4571 Prince Regent,
4582 Prince of Wales,
4586 Princess,
4587 Princess Amelia,
4589 Princess Charlotte,
4593 Princess of Wales,
4617 Providence,
4683 Rainbow,
4697 Recovery,
4708 Regent,
4715 Reliance,
4728 Resolution,
4729 Resource,
4781 Richmond,
4796 Roberts,
4826 Rockingham,
4831 Rodney,
4873 Rosina,
4879 Rover,
4901 Royal George,
4930 Rochester,
4936 St. Andrew,
4957 St. George,
4973 St. Vincent,
5062 Sarah,
5074 Scaleby Castle,
5120 Seringapatam,
5123 Severn,
5240 Sophia,
5249 Southampton,
5268 Spartan,
5347 Success,
5348 Suffolk,
5376 Surrey,
5378 Susan,
5381 Susanna,
5386 Suspense,
5387 Sussex,
5392 Swallow,
5416 Sesostriis,
5469 Thames,
5480 Thetis,
5483 Thomas,
5192 Thomas Grenville,
5706 Trafalgar,
5714 Transport,
5743 True Briton,
5796 Thomas Coutts,
5806 True America,
5809 Valentine,

5810 Valiant,
5814 Vansittart,
5839 Victoria,
5840 Victory,
5861 Viper,
5879 Volunteer,
5918 Undaunted,
5932 Upton Castle,
5980 Warren Hastings,
5982 Warrior,
6014 Waterloo,
6028 Wellington,
6041 Westmoreland,
6082 Will Watch,
6084 William,
6134 William Wilson,
6185 Wilson,
6190 Windsor,
6205 Woodford,
6251 York,
6283 Zenobia, [son
6291 Abercrombie Robin-
6310 British Monarch,
6318 Bencoolen,
6324 Bombay,
6342 Belle Alliance,
6350 Bussorah Merchant,
6351 Burrell,
6370 Carron,
6379 Columbo,
6392 Circassian,
6395 Childe Harolde,
6402 Clydesdale,
6417 Duke of Lancaster
6427 East Indian,
6432 Ellen,
6457 Earl of Liverpool,
6475 Farquharson,
6491 General Palmer,
6503 George Fourth,
6508 Grecian,
6521 Harrier,
6528 Henry Porcher,
6531 Hooghly,
6543 Hero of Malown,
6572 Jemima,
6720 Lonach,
6735 Lady Raffles,
6738 Lady Amherst,
6740 Lady East,
6741 Lady Kennaway,
6745 Lord Amherst,
6758 Marquis of Hastings,
6792 Macqueen,
6793 Madras,
6795 Malcolm,
6798 Mellish,
6827 Paget, [Wales,
6840 Princess Charlotte of
6918 Repulse,
6957 Sir Edward Paget,
6970 Security,
6973 Tanjore,
6975 Theresa,
7015 Vesper,
7019 Virginia,
7024 Walpole,
7036 Windsor Castle,
7038 Woodlark,
7048 William Fairlie,
7049 William Money,

7082 Zoroaster,
7083 Zebra,
7093 Andromache,
7215 Anna Robertson,
7249 Addingham,
7254 Asia Felix,
7280 Avoca,
7309 Bombay Castle,
7368 Baretto Junior,
7456 Charles Dumergue,
7506 Clarissa,
7510 Copernicus,
7546 Charles Kerr,
7608 Drammore,
7609 Donna Carmelita,
7638 Duroya Dowlut,
7682 David Clark,
7695 Duke of Roxburgh,
7698 Duke of Buccleugh,
7693 Enmore,
7902 Edward Robinson,
7906 Emerald Isle,
7915 Frances & Charlotte,
7948 Francis Smith,
7961 Fairy Queen,
8021 Guillardien,
8025 Glenelg,
8094 Guiana,
8097 Gilbert Munro,
8194 Hindoo,
8253 Haidee,
8260 Henry Tanner,
8264 Indiana,
8324 John Hayes,
8364 James Pattison,
8372 John Bannerman,
8376 John William Dare,
8436 Kyle,
8467 Lord Lowther,
8469 Lord Elphinstone,
8475 Lord Wm. Bentinck,
8497 Lord Ludlow,
8512 Lady MacNaghten,
8560 Lord Althorp,
8604 Ann Webb,
8649 Mountstuart Elphin-
8671 Macaulay, [stone,
8672 Morgiana,
8702 Meg Merrilies,
8712 Mary Bibby,
8731 Nerbudda,
8734 New Grove,
8751 Orontes,
8907 Pascoa,
8925 Pegasus,
8935 Princess Louisa,
8936 Penang Packet,
8954 Pioneer,
9082 Augusta Jessie,
9140 Roxburgh Castle,
9142 Runnymede,
9175 Rangoon Packet,
9207 Royal Saxon,
9217 Research,
9312 Sir Thomas Munro,
9426 Sir John Rae Reid,
9461 Strath Eden,
9463 Samuel Brown,
9500 Star,
9564 Tam O'Shanter.

Extracted from Part III. of Marryat's Code.

1965 Famont,

| 2891 John Fleming,

| 3054 Lady Feversham.

HER MAJESTY'S NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT IN THE EAST INDIES.

His Excellency Rear Admiral The Honorable Sir FREDERICK LEWIS MAITLAND,
K. C. B., Commander in Chief of Her Majesty's Ships and Vessels in the Indian Seas.

956 WELLESLEY, 74 GUNS.—FLAG SHIP.

<i>Captain</i>	.... Thomas Maitland
<i>Commander</i>	.... J. Kingcome
<i>Lieutenant</i>	.... J. C. Fullarton
<i>Ditto</i>	.... W. W. Chambers
<i>Ditto</i>	.... A. W. Jerningham
<i>Ditto</i>	.... R. Symons
<i>Ditto</i>	.... G. K. Ogilvy, Flag Lieut.
<i>Captain Marines</i>	.... Samuel B. Ellis
<i>2d Lieutenant Marines</i>	.... E. P. H. Ussher
<i>Master</i>	.... James Sprent
<i>Chaplain</i>	.... Revd. Henry Jones
<i>Surgeon</i>	.... William Lindsay, M. D.
<i>Purser</i>	.... Edward S. Stewart
<i>Naval Instructor and Schoolmaster</i>	M. T. S. Raimback, M. A.
<i>Asst. Surgeon</i>	.... Alexander Kilroy
<i>Ditto</i>	.... Richard D. Pritchard
<i>Additional</i>	.... George Oman.

24 ALGERINE, 10 GUNS.—(Brig.)

<i>Lieutenant, Commander</i>	.... W. S. Thomas
<i>2d Master</i>	.... William Parsons
<i>Asst. Surgeon</i>	.... J. G. G. Ballantine

185 CONWAY, 28 GUNS.

<i>Captain</i>	.... C. R. D. Bethune
<i>Lieutenant</i>	.... J. V. Fletcher
<i>Ditto</i>	.... T. M. Rodney
<i>Ditto</i>	.... George Beadon
<i>1st Lieut. Marines</i>	.... John Tothill
<i>Master</i>	.... George Johnson
<i>Surgeon</i>	.... William Ekin, M. D.
<i>Purser</i>	.... John Kneeshaw
<i>Asst. Surgeon</i>	.... James Todd

197 CRUIZER, 16 GUNS.—(Brig.)

<i>Commander</i>	.... Richard H. King
<i>Lieutenant</i>	.... W. Haskell
<i>Ditto</i>	.... J. M. Hayes
<i>Master</i>	.... James Saunders
<i>Surgeon</i>	.... W. Doak
<i>Purser</i>	.... Thomas Dobbin
<i>Asst. Surgeon</i>	.... James Allan

307 FAVORITE, 18 GUNS.—(Sloop.)

<i>Commander</i>	....Walter Croker
<i>Lieutenant</i>	....W. H. A. Morshead
<i>Ditto</i>	....John Ramsay
<i>Master</i>	....Thomas B. Codnor (<i>Acting</i>)
<i>Surgeon</i>	....Henry Williams
<i>Purser</i>	....George Simmonds
<i>Asst. Surgeon</i>	....G. F. Munro

410 HYACINTH, 18 GUNS.—(Sloop.)

<i>Commander</i>	....William Warren
<i>Lieutenant</i>	....Henry W. Giffard
<i>Ditto</i>	....Jonathan S. Christian
<i>Master</i>	....C. R. Airey (<i>Acting</i>)
<i>Surgeon</i>	....John R. Reid
<i>Purser</i>	....George Dix
<i>Asst. Surgeon</i>	....W. Robertson

475 LARNE, 18 GUNS.—(Sloop.)

<i>Commander</i>	....P. J. Blake
<i>Lieutenant</i>	....George S. Reynolds
<i>Ditto</i>	....J. G. Harrison
<i>Master</i>	....James Bascombe (<i>Acting</i>)
<i>Surgeon</i>	....John West
<i>Purser</i>	....George Sheppard
<i>Asst. Surgeon</i>	....James Vaughan

687 RALEIGH, 18 GUNS.—(Sloop.)—(*Ordered Home.*)

<i>Captain and Commander</i>	....Michael Quin
<i>Lieutenant</i>	....R. C. Mitchell
<i>Ditto</i>	....Henry John Harvey
<i>Master</i>	....Thomas R. Lord (<i>Acting</i>)
<i>Surgeon</i>	....Robert Maclean (<i>do.</i>)
<i>Purser</i>	....John Nott
<i>Asst. Surgeon</i>	....Thomas Corral

935 VICTOR, 16 GUNS.—(Sloop.)

<i>Commander</i>	....Richard Crozier, K. T. S.
<i>Lieutenant</i>	....Berry Haines
<i>Ditto</i>	....R. W. Pelly
<i>Master</i>	....W. Miles (<i>Acting</i>)
<i>Surgeon</i>	....R. C. Nutt
<i>Purser</i>	....W. A. Harries

946 VOLAGE, 28 GUNS.

<i>Captain</i>	....Henry Smith
<i>Lieutenant</i>	....T. P. Dobree
<i>Do.</i>	....Archibald McMurdo
<i>Do.</i>	....Graham Gore
<i>1st Lieutenant Marines</i>	....J. G. A. Ayles
<i>Master</i>	....W. L. Browne (<i>Acting</i>)
<i>Surgeon</i>	....B. Verling
<i>Purser</i>	....H. South
<i>Assistant Surgeon</i>	....J. S. Davidson

NAVAL YARD, TRINCOMALEE.

Henry Warrington, Esq. Storekeeper.
 Messrs. Boaden and Co., Bombay.
 Messrs. R. H. Cockerell, and Co. Calcutta. } Agents for the Victualling
 Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co. Madras. } H. M. Navy.
 Messrs. Binny and Co. Deputies to the Commissioners of Greenwich
 Hospital, Madras.
 Messrs. Parry, Dare and Co, Naval Agents and Agents for the Naval
 Supplies to H. M. Ships at Madras.

INDIAN NAVY.

Captain Robert Oliver, R. N.—*Superintendent.*

Steamer	<i>Hugh Lindsay</i>	Captain J. H. Rowband.
"	<i>Atalanta</i>	Captain R. Lowe.
"	<i>Berenice</i>	Captain W. Low.
"	<i>Semiramis</i>	Captain G. B. Bruck.
Ship	<i>Hastings</i>	Lieutenant H. Warry, (<i>in charge.</i>)
	<i>Benares</i>	Captain and Survr. R. Morseby.
Sloop	<i>Amherst</i>....18 Guns.	Captain John Sawyer.
"	<i>Clive</i>.....18 "	Commr. I. C. Hawkins.
"	<i>Coote</i>.....18 "	" W. Denton.
"	<i>Elphinstone</i> ..18 "	" T. E. Rogers.
Brig	<i>Euphrates</i> ...10 "	" P. L. Powell.
"	<i>Tigris</i>.....10 "	" J. Pepper.
"	<i>Palinurus</i> ... "	Lieut. and Survr. T. G. Carless.
Schooner	<i>Shannon</i> 4 "	Lieut. Commanding. R. Ethersey.
"	<i>R. Tiger</i> 4 "	Lieut. F. T. Powell.
Cutter	<i>Margaret</i> ... 2 "	
"	<i>Nerbuddah</i> .. 2 "	

REGULATIONS RESPECTING RETIREMENT AND FURLOUGH.

Retirement.

Every officer who has actually served twenty-two years or upwards in India, is permitted to retire from the service with the following pay :

The Master-attendant and the Commodore, after having served five years in either of those capacities £450.

A Captain £360, Commander £200 ; Lieutenant £100 ; Purser £100.

Every officer retiring from ill health, after ten years service, and before they have completed that of twenty-two years, is granted the following retiring allowance :

A Captain £200 ; Commander £170 ; Lieutenant £125 ; Second Lieutenant £70 ; Purser £125.

Furlough.

A certain proportion of the Officers (to be determined by the Government, with a due regard to the exigencies of the service) are allowed to come home on furlough for three years, with the pay only of their rank.

No officer under the rank of Captain who has not actually served ten years can be permitted to come home on furlough, unless in cases of ill health, under the like certificates as required from Military Officers.

If the Commodore is permitted to come home on furlough he is to be allowed the pay of a Captain only. Half the remainder of his allowance to be drawn by the Senior Captain in the service, who is to act as Commodore during his absence, in addition to the pay of his rank as Senior Captain.

The regulations for drawing pay on furlough and retirement by the officers are, as far as circumstances will admit, the same as those for the Military Officers.

TABLE SHEWING THE PROBABLE LENGTH OF PASSAGE.

FROM MADRAS TO	Masulipatam.	Vizagapatam.	Calcutta.	Porto Novo.	Nagapatam.	Trincomallee.	Colombo.	Cannanore.	Bombay.	Moulmein.	Penang.	China.	Mauritius.	Cape of Good Hope.	New South Wales.
IN THE MONTH OF															
JANUARY.....	8	10	25	1	2	2	7	12	15	24	18	55	25	40	An average passage of two months, west of New Holland, allowing 10 days less sailing in the North East Monsoon.
FEBRUARY.....	6	8	20	2	2	3	10	15	18	21	18	50	25	45	
MARCH.....	8	5	15	4	5	6	14	18	22	19	16	42	30	50	
APRIL.....	2	3	10	6	7	7	20	25	30	16	15	35	35	60	
MAY.....	2	3	7	7	9	8	30	40	45	12	12	30	40	65	
JUNE.....	2	3	6	9	11	10	30	40	45	10	9	30	40	65	
JULY.....	2	3	6	9	11	10	30	40	45	10	9	30	40	65	
AUGUST.....	2	3	6	9	11	10	30	40	45	11	9	30	40	65	
SEPTEMBER.....	3	5	8	5	6	7	30	40	45	11	10	35	35	60	
OCTOBER.....	7	12	15	3	4	6	20	25	35	14	14	40	35	60	
NOVEMBER.....	10	14	28	1	2	3	8	12	16	24	16	50	30	59	
DECEMBER.....	10	14	28	1	2	2	7	12	15	24	18	55	25	45	

Explanation.—Sailing from Madras for Colombo in the month of June, the voyage will probably occupy 30 days
 Ditto ditto for Vizagapatam in the month of October 12 "

TABLE SHEWING THE AVERAGE LENGTHS OF PASSAGES FROM DIFFERENT PORTS TO MADRAS, THROUGHOUT THE YEARS 1833 to 1837, AS TAKEN FROM THE RECORDS OF THE MASTER ATTENDANT'S OFFICE.

MONTHS.	Chittagong.	Masulipatam.	Vizagapatam.	Ganjam.	Calingapatam	Coringa.	Cuddalore.	Porto Novo.	Nagore.	Negapatam.	Cochin.	Mangalore.	Tricomallee.	Point de Galle and Colombo.	Bushire.	Mauritius.	Cape of Good Hope.	Penang.	China.	Batavia.	New South Wales.	Bencoolen.	Moulmein.	Bombay.	Calcutta.
JANUARY.....	14	5	7	28	0	6	0	13	5	4	30	0	0	0	0	50	58	11	38	60	0	0	11	11	9
FEBRUARY.....	18	4	5	26	0	7	0	3	6	2	20	0	7	24	0	53	0	14	33	0	73	0	10	14	3
MARCH.....	23	13	16	16	0	11	0	4	0	7	26	0	0	21	0	45	0	18	38	0	73	0	21	18	26
APRIL.....	35	0	15	0	11	0	0	4	0	5	0	0	11	16	0	46	0	20	32	40	0	0	18	20	18
MAY.....	0	0	18	0	17	9	0	3	0	4	19	28	0	17	0	43	0	25	0	0	65	0	27	25	28
JUNE.....	0	0	23	0	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	16	0	39	0	27	0	0	56	29	19	27	32
JULY.....	0	0	19	0	13	19	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	25	0	27	0	0	70	0	0	27	22
AUGUST.....	0	0	11	0	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	29	0	0	0	0	0	0	33	0	25
SEPTEMBER.....	0	0	12	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	45	27	0	0	0	21	56	0	38	0	25
OCTOBER.....	0	0	10	25	0	6	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	12	0	31	0	27	81	0	78	27	29	27	20
NOVEMBER.....	0	0	6	0	0	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	28	0	23	52	0	0	76	0	23	22
DECEMBER.....	0	0	8	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	41	0	0	0	0	14	0	0	22	13

OVERLAND COMMUNICATION.

Rules established for the engagement of Passages in the Honorable Company's Armed Steamers with instructions to Passengers, &c.

I. All persons on taking a Passage, either themselves or through their Agents, must bind themselves to comply with these Regulations, a copy of which will be supplied on application at the Superintendent's Office. Should any decline to enter into these engagements, they cannot be permitted to take a Passage.

II. Any applicant for a Passage may be refused without a cause being assigned, either by the Superintendent of the Indian Navy at Bombay, or the Commander of the vessel when away from Bombay; but a report of the rejection is to be communicated confidentially to Government.

III. A list shall be kept in the Office of the Superintendent of the Indian Navy, in which the names of all persons applying for a Passage shall be registered.

Any person desirous of engaging a Passage, is required to deposit in the hands of the Pay Master at the Presidency one third of the amount of the regulated Passage Money, and on the production at the Office of the Superintendent of the Indian Navy of a Certificate of his having done so, his name will be registered in the list.

The applicants will stand in the list according to the order in which they pay their deposits, and those who stand first will be allowed priority of choice of accommodation.

IV. When a vessel is away from Bombay, application for Passage is to be made to the Commander. Persons so applying will be furnished with a copy of these Regulations, and called upon for an acknowledgment (as per printed form) of consent to comply therewith before they can be entered on the list of Passengers.

V. Three Cabins shall be set apart for Ladies, the price Rupees 1,600, for each Cabin, which may be appropriated by the subscriber according to either of the three following Rules. If however, there are no Passengers under these denominations, then the Lady shall only pay 1,200 Rupees.

1st. Either for a Lady alone or with an attendant.

2d. For a Lady and her Husband.

3d. For a Lady and two Children.

4th. For two Ladies, the original subscriber having the option of nominating her companion from the Cabin or Saloon Passengers.

VI. The remaining Cabins for Passengers will be appropriated as follows :

The person who first engages a Cabin, whether Gentleman or Lady, will be entitled to an entire Cabin on the payment of Rupees 1,600, and so on for the whole of the Cabins allotted for Passengers; but should any one having a right to a Cabin prefer to pay Rupees 800 only, by admitting a second into his berth, he shall be allowed to make his selection from any of the other Passengers, except the Deck Passengers.

VII. The payments made on account of Ladies or Children, will be refunded should no Cabin accommodation be available for them.

VIII. No transfer of accommodation in the Steamers by an individual who has taken his Passage to one who has not taken his passage will be permitted : but after the list has been filled up, any person wishing to stand the chance of coming in, in case of a vacancy by a lapse, may do so by registering his name and paying the usual deposit money, which will be refunded to him should no vacancy occur.

IX. It is to be understood, that the Deck Passengers have no right to sleep in the Saloon, and as there is in some of the Vessels only room at the table for the Passengers who pay the Cabin price, the Deck Passengers who may be in excess of the number that the table can accommodate, will have their meals either on Deck or in the Cabin, according as the majority of them may desire.

X. The following are the rates of Passage Money to the Red Sea :

COSSIER OR SUEZ.

A Cabin Passage.....	Rs. 800	„ „
A Deck ditto.....	600	„ „
European Servants.....	70	„ „
Native do.....	40	„ „

A passage from Mocha to Suez, one half the fixed rate.

A passage from Judda to Suez, one third the fixed rate.

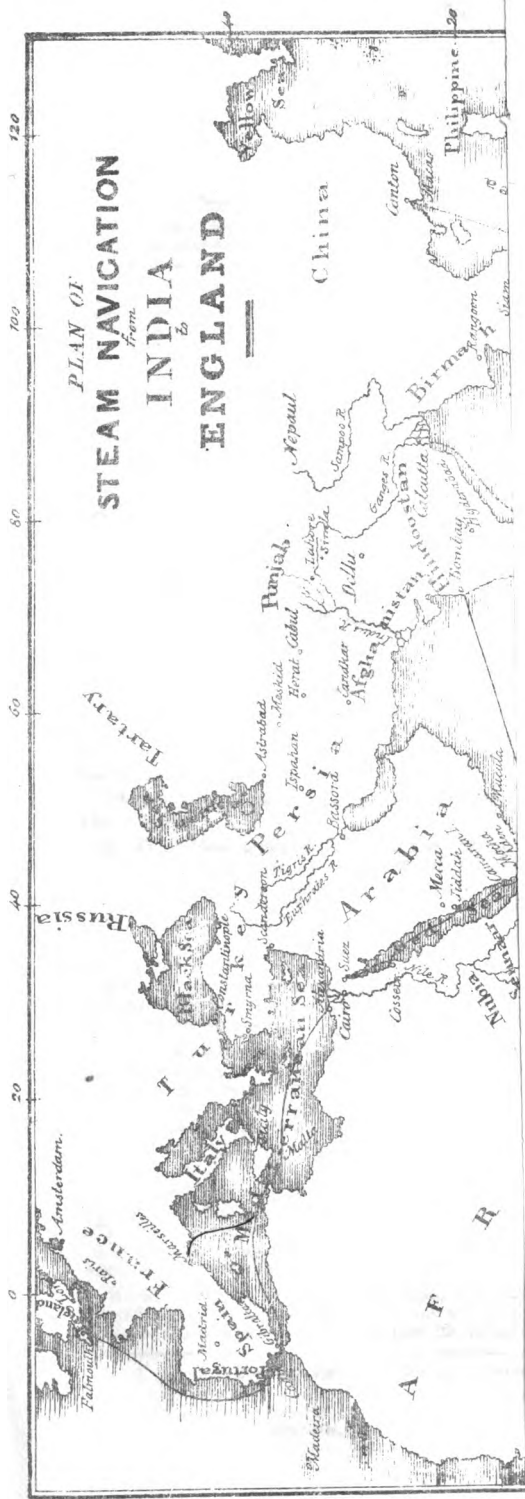
Ditto Judda to Bombay, two thirds.

A Passage from Mocha to Bombay, one half.

For a shorter trip, in proportion to the distance.

For a child who does not sit at the Saloon table, a moiety of the above.

Whenever Cabins are engaged for children from one to four in number, the full rate for four, Rupees 1,600, shall be paid for each such cabin, whatever may be the age of the children ; any number above four to be paid for, according to the following para :



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Children under five years of age who may be extra to the complement of a Cabin, will be charged for at the rate of 200 Rupees each, from five to ten at Rupees 300, above that age at Rupees 400.

Female servants can only be accommodated in the Cabins engaged for the family they belong to.

The rates of Passage Money to the Persian Gulf, are a moiety of those to the Red Sea.

All calculations are in Company's Rupees.

XI. Short Passages are to be paid for on the person being received on board. It will be necessary for individuals not belonging to the Hon'ble Company's Service, to make the requisite arrangements with the Commanders, for the payment of the Passage Money, either upon embarkation, or at Bombay on their arrival.

XII. In the event of an individual not proceeding in the Steamer after his name is entered as a Passenger, he shall forfeit the third of the Passage Money paid into the Treasury.

XIII. Ten days previous to the period on which the Steamer is advertized to depart, each Passenger is to pay the remaining two thirds of his Passage Money into the Treasury, in default of which his Passage will be considered forfeited, together with the amount paid into the Treasury. Every Passenger's berth will then be allotted forthwith according to their respective claims, and the allotment will be reported to Government.

XIV. The baggage of each Passenger must not exceed three boxes of the following dimensions:

	feet.	inches.
Length.....	2	6
Breadth.....	1	3
Depth.....	1	6

with two three dozen cases,* and as there will not be stowage on board the vessel for small tents, those articles will be supplied by Government, at Suez and Cairo, at the rate of a small bechoova for two persons.

XV. In the event of the Hugh Lindsay or other Steamer of small capacity, stowage being sent to the Red Sea, the baggage of each Passenger must be limited to 4 boxes of the sizes abovementioned.

XVI. All Passengers who are not unwell are expected to take their meals at the public table. The breakfast hour will be half past eight, dinner at three, and tea at sunset, with a sandwich at 9 P. M.

XVII. Independent of the table, Passengers will have the attendance of a Servant.

XVIII. Passengers will be allowed 24 hours after the arrival of the vessel to make their arrangement, but should they remain any time after that on board, it must be at their own expense, paying at the rate of Eight Rupees per diem, and the same on embarkation, should they wish to live on board before the day appointed for sailing, the Commander may receive them upon their paying the same sum.

XIX. Deck Passengers are only to be taken after the Cabins and Saloon berths are filled.

XX. Every Passenger will pledge his word (in the letter, stating his intention of complying with the Regulations, that he will carry no Letters with him whatever on board the Steamer without having paid the usual postage at the Post Office.

XXI. Passengers having occasion to complain of the neglect of Servants, or of improper conduct on the part of any individual on board, will make the same known to the Commander, who will adopt such measures as he may deem necessary on the occasion: all complaints to the Commander, by Passengers must be made either upon the Quarter Deck, or by writing to the Commander, who will exert the general control he has over all on board.

XXII. The vessel being commanded and officered by Commissioned Officers of the Indian Navy, and navigated under Martial Law, it is expected that all Passengers will conduct themselves with the same circumspection as Passengers on board Her Majesty's or the Hon'ble Company's Vessels of War; at the same time, every indulgence and consideration will be given to their comfort, and accommodation, so long as it does not infringe on discipline.

XXIII. It is to be understood, that Government reserves to itself the right of appropriating a Cabin or Cabins for the use of public functionaries proceeding on duty as Passengers in any of the Hon'ble Company's Steamers.

* Not to exceed the following dimensions, viz.

	feet	inches
Length.....	2	3
Breadth.....	1	6
Depth.....	1	3

— G. O. B. G. 29th Aug. 1838.

Instructions for the Commanders of the Honorable Company's armed Steamers relative to the conveyance of Passengers; their accommodations, table, &c. &c.

1.—The Commanders are to attend carefully to the comfort and accommodation of Passengers: whilst they do this, they will take care to preserve their Character as Commissioned Officers in the Honorable Company's Service.

2.—All complaints from Passengers either against Officers, Seamen, or Servants, are only to be received on the Quarter Deck, or by letter. If necessary the Commander may have them investigated in private; every attention is to be immediately given to them, and every means taken to give satisfaction.

3.—The Commander will preside at the head of the table, and it is expected that by his example he will prevent any excess of conviviality, which must be prejudicial to the good order so necessary to be preserved on board the Steam Packets.

4.—The Commander is not to receive any present whatever under any circumstances, without the permission of Government, applied for through the Superintendent, and will caution Officers of the service under his command not to receive a present from any Passenger on board; a non-compliance with this order, will subject them to a Court Martial, and any officer found engaged in any species of trade whatever or merchandize will also subject themselves to a trial for disobedience of orders. This will not prevent the Commander himself taking or granting permission to the Officers taking on board any small quantity of coffee or other useful produce, provided it is for their own use, the application for permission to take on board such produce must be made in writing to the Commander, and an account kept of whatever is received on board either for himself or for others by his permission.

5.—The Commander (if there is no agent appointed by Government) will engage Passengers in the Red Sea agreeable to the 1st Article of the Regulations and Instructions, and he will not reject any applicant without some substantial grounds for so doing; however he will be very careful in ascertaining, that those who apply for passages, and not belonging to the Company's Service, have the means of paying for their passage on their arrival at the Presidency; all those taking short passages in the Red Sea will pay the passage money before they are received on board.

6.—The Commander will be particular in directing the Officers of the watch not to speak to the Passengers, but give their sole attention to their duty, upon which the safety of all vessels (but particularly a Steamer) so much depends.

7.—All orders and regulations for the better government of the H. C.'s Vessels of War that do not interfere with these instructions will be duly attended to, and the Commander will be held responsible for any breach thereof.

8.—The Commander is to provide and manage the Mess table, &c. finding every thing for the Passengers according to proportionate scale drawn up by a Committee, and with which he is furnished by the directions of Government.

9.—The Commander will receive Four hundred and Fifty Rupees for each Passenger for whom he provides a table when the number on the voyage to or from Suez does not exceed twelve exclusive of children, and when above that number, four hundred Rupees for each, with reduced rates for such as are taken on board at any of the intermediate Ports between Bombay and Suez, viz.

If provided with a passage from Mocha to Suez one half the fixed rate; if from Judda one-third, and on the return voyage if taken up at Judda two-thirds, if at Mocha one half, and for a shorter trip, in proportion to the distance.

When Officers proceed on board the Steamer on duty, if entertained at table, the Commander will be entitled to receive from Government a per diem allowance agreeably to the scale laid down by the Government Order of the 18th December 1834, for the sailing vessels of the Indian Navy.

10.—The Cabin Furniture, Plate, Table, Linen, &c. to be completed so as to fully accommodate at least twelve Passengers: the several articles henceforward are to be kept up by the Commander, and considered as transferable in good order to his successors or to Government when required, the state being in fact subject to no demands whatever on account of the Mess, beyond the stipulated rates of Rupees four hundred and fifty, or four hundred agreeably to the number of Passengers and the trifling expense to be incurred by the issue of ship's provisions to the additional Servants required to be entertained for each voyage.

11.—Deck Passengers are only to be taken after the Cabins and Cuddy berths are filled.

PAYMENT OF PASSAGE MONEY.

FORT ST. GEORGE, 5th January 1838.

Notice is hereby given that all parties under this Presidency who intend to avail themselves of the Honorable Company's Steamers for passage to and from Bombay, must adopt measures to pay for their accommodation *in Cash* at that Presidency.

APPLICANTS FOR PASSAGE BY THE GOVERNMENT STEAMERS.

STEAM DEPARTMENT, NO. 59.

Bombay Castle, 17th January 1838.

Sir,—I am directed by the Right Honorable the Governor in Council to transmit to you for the information of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council at Fort St. George, the accompanying copy of a letter from the Paymaster at the Presidency, and to state that in consequence of the difficulties therein pointed out, the plan of setting apart a third of the accommodation of the Steamers for each Presidency will be abandoned, and that from the 1st March next one general list will be kept for all India, the first applicants having the choice of cabins.

I have the honour to be, Sir, your most obedient Servant.

(Signed) E. M. Wood, Lieut.-Col.

Secy. to Govt.

To the Chief Secretary to the Government at
Fort St. George.

PASSAGE TO OR FROM COSSIER.

Notice is hereby given, that no reduction is allowed in the amount payable by Passengers proceeding by the Government Steamers, on account of their landing or embarking at Cossier, instead of at Suez.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council.

E. M. Wood, Lieut.-Col.

Bombay Castle, 12th April 1838.

Secy. to Govt.

MR. WAGHORN'S AGENCY IN EGYPT.

Mr. Waghorn's Agencies are now in full operation. By the concurrence and aid of H. H. the Viceroy of Egypt, every previous difficulty has been surmounted, and a *firman* from His Highness ensures to the undertaking extraordinary facilities, both in Egypt and the Ports of the Red Sea.

Letters from England, if duly registered by his Agents, and addressed to the care of Mr. Waghorn at Alexandria, are sent there through H. M's Post Office, and Couriers placed by the Egyptian Government at the disposal of Mr. Waghorn convey them in fifty six hours to Suez: from Suez, if no Steam Vessel be in waiting to proceed direct to India, they are immediately despatched to Mocha, where they are received by the Agent of the Indian Government and forwarded through him to their destination.

Letters from India if duly registered by his Agents and addressed to the care of Mr. Waghorn at Suez, are conveyed by Couriers from thence in fifty six hours to Alexandria; whence they are forwarded by the first opportunity direct to Marseilles, so that they may reach London with the least possible delay.

Passengers, going or returning from India, are provided with conveyances at charges hereafter stated, which include tents and servants, as well as boats and camels, either way, between Alexandria and Suez. Travellers can at their option, either proceed by the earliest conveyance, or prolong their stay in Egypt, without prejudice to their engagements with Mr. Waghorn.

Invalids visiting Egypt can have the attendance of English surgeons, Mr. Laidlaw being in practice at Alexandria, and Mr. A. Walne at Cairo. The latter gentleman would, if it were particularly desired, visit patients at Suez.

English hotels offering every comfort and accommodation have been established, both at Alexandria and Cairo, and the Proprietor of the latter, Mr. Hill, is about to establish one at Suez, besides providing accommodation for travellers between Suez and Cairo.

A reading room containing the most recent periodicals, has been opened at Mr. Waghorn's house in Cairo, of which Passengers, availing themselves of his Agency, will be admitted without additional expense.

A considerable portion of the material for the Rail Road from Cairo to Suez is arrived in Egypt, and there is every reason to hope that this great work will shortly

be commenced; in the meantime, valuable Merchandize can be conveyed between Cairo and Alexandria by the excellent boats of the Nile Insurance Company, and between Cairo and Suez by camels.

The despatch of parcels and small packages between England and India either way, to the care of Mr. Waghorn, will be most promptly attended to, if coming through the channel of his own Agents; but as their reception in Egypt subjects them to the present Custom house duty of 3 per Cent. letters of advice with an estimate of their value must be directed to Mr. Waghorn, Alexandria, and ought likewise to be accompanied with an Invoice of their contents, that Mr. Waghorn's Agents at Alexandria, Cairo, and Suez, may have no difficulty, should the Custom house Officers insist upon their right of opening them at either of those places.

Parties who are desirous of transmitting letters to England through Mr. Waghorn's Agency are requested to send them for registration to the office of the *United Service Gazette*. The direction should be written as usual with the addition of the words.

"Care of Mr. Waghorn, Suez."

On payment of the undermentioned fees, the letters will be registered, stamped and returned to the parties for transmission through the Post Office in the usual manner.

Persons in the interior are requested to send their letters in the same way for registration to any one of the Branch Agents appointed; each of whom is provided with a stamp the exact counterpart of that employed in the Madras Agency, and which will be equally recognized by Mr. Waghorn and his deputies in Egypt.

REGISTRATION FEES.

Single letters each.....	1 Rupee.
Double do. do.	2 do.
Treble do. do.	3 do.
Newspapers each	4 Annas.
Parcels not containing Letters or Newspapers per pound weight.....	10 Rupees.

CHARGES FOR PASSENGERS.

For Gentlemen Sixty dollars each between Alexandria and Suez, to and from India.

For Ladies one hundred dollars each, as it is intended that they should travel between Cairo and Suez, either way, either in tahterrawans, or at their option, either on horses or donkeys, provided with English side saddles. To prevent delay and inconvenience at Suez, the earliest information of their coming from India should be sent to Mr. Waghorn, in which case every possible accommodation will be prepared for them. Mr. Waghorn begs to apprise Passengers who land at Cossier that he cannot provide for them conveyance, &c., &c., unless they write previously from India their wishes, in which case, servants, tents and supplies of every description they desire will be waiting their arrival to go to Thebes, to which place comfortable boats can at all times be sent from Cairo; but as this involves time and expense, previous information should be rendered, in order to have every thing in readiness that is requisite, and thus every necessary comfort can be in waiting, without the additional trouble, inconvenience, and expense of bringing servants &c., from India for that purpose.

Mr. Waghorn's Agents are :

London, Messrs. Smith Elder and Co. 65, Cornhill.
Liverpool, Messrs. D. and T. Willis.
Manchester, Mr. T. W. Winstanley, Brown street.
Glasgow, Messrs. Thomson and Sterling.
Falmouth, Mr. George W. Wheatley, Church street.
Gibraltar, Messrs. Longlands, Cowell and Co.
Marseilles, Messrs. Robert Gower and Co.
Malta, Messrs. Hunter and Ross.
Alexandria, Mr. Hawkridge.
Cairo, Mr. Waghorn, assisted by Mr. Maltass.
Suez, Malim Protzi Manoulla.
Diidda, Malim Jacob Joussouff.
Mocha, Sheik Taibe Ibrahim Ghee.
Bombay, W. McCullum, Esq.
Madras, E. A. Langley, Esq.
Bangalore, Mr. Atkinson.
Bellary, Mr. F. Abraham.

Branch Agents.

Trichinopoly, Mr. G. S. Britain.
Kamptee, Messrs. Cursetjee and Co.
Secunderabad, Mr. H. K. Britain.

Post Office Department.

GENERAL POST OFFICE—*Near the North Gate, Fort.*

Open daily (Sundays excepted,) from 10 A. M. 'till 4 P. M. for the reception of Banghy parcels. Open daily for Newspapers 'till 5½ P.M. and for Letters 'till 6 P.M. after which hours respectively they will be received 'till 6½ P. M. on payment of a fee of 8 Annas each.

RECEIVING HOUSES—*No. 18, Choolay Bazar Street, Vepery.*

Mowbray's Salay Street Royapettah, adjoining the Bazar, No. 53.

Open daily from 11 A. M. to 4 P. M. for the reception of letters, papers, and packets, not exceeding 12 Rupees in weight.

POST MASTER GENERAL.

A. F. Bruce, Esq.

DEPUTY POST MASTER.

J. F. M'Kennie, Esq.

Murray Doss Pillay,—*Acting do.*

POST MASTERS AT OUT-STATIONS.

Mr. R. James.....*Bangalore.*

Mr. C. Lambe.....*Belary.*

Mr. C. W. West.....*Cannanore.*

Mr. N. Cormack.....*Hydrabad.*

Lieut. H. B. Blogg, 7th Light Cavalry.....*Jadtnak.*

Capt. W. T. Boddam, 2d Light Cav.....*Ootacamund.*

Lieut. H. R. C. King, 6th Light Cav.....*Secunderabad.*

Mr. P. S. Dirks.....*Trichinopoly,*

Mr. W. H. Stromboni.....*Vellore.*

POST OFFICE ACTS.

No. XVII, of 1837.

I. It is hereby enacted, that Regulation XI of 1830 of the Bombay Code, shall be repealed.

II. And it is hereby enacted, that the exclusive right of conveying letters by post for hire from place to place within the Territories of the East India Company, shall be in the Governor General of India in Council.

III. Provided always that it shall be competent to the said Governor General of India in Council, and to any authority thereunto empowered by the said Governor General in Council, to grant to any person or persons a license permitting such person or persons to convey letters by post for hire from place to place within the said Territories, and that it shall be lawful for any person or persons having such a license to convey letters in conformity with the terms of such license.

IV. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be lawful for the said Governor General in Council, and for any authority which may have granted any such license as is described in the preceding Section, to revoke such license at pleasure.

V. And it is hereby enacted, that whoever otherwise than under the authority of the said Governor General in Council, or in conformity with the terms of such a license as is aforesaid, knowingly conveys any letter by post for hire from place to place within the said Territories, or receives any letter or packet of letters, in order to such conveyance, or delivers any letter according to its direction knowing the same to have been so conveyed, or is accessory to such conveyance, receipt or delivery, shall be punished with fine not exceeding Fifty Rupees for every letter so conveyed, received or delivered.

VI. And it is hereby enacted, that inland postage duties shall be levied on the conveyance of letters and packets by the Government Post at the rates set forth in the Schedule marked A, which is annexed to this Act, and that the full postage shall be paid either on receipt or on delivery at the option of the sender, and that, if the thing conveyed be transferred from a Post Office in one Presidency to a Post Office in another Presidency, no additional charge shall be made on account of such transfer.

VII. And it is hereby enacted, that when there is a banghy established on a line of road, no person shall be entitled to demand that any letter or packet exceeding 12 tolas in weight shall be conveyed by the letter post on that line of road.

VIII. (*Repealed by Act. No. 20 of 1838.*)

IX. And it is hereby enacted, that no packet of the description mentioned in Table 2 of Schedule A, shall contain any writing whatever other than writing which is necessarily part of the documents which such packet is stated to contain, by attestation on the cover of such packet, and that whoever shall send any such packet by the Government Post, knowing that it contains any writing not necessarily part of the documents which such packet is stated to contain by attestation on the cover, shall be punished with a fine of Fifty Rupees.

X. And it is hereby enacted, that no packet of the description mentioned in Table 3 of Schedule A, shall contain any writing whatever, except the direction on the cover, and that whoever shall send any such packet by the Government Post, knowing that it contains any writing other than the direction on the cover, shall be punished with a fine of Fifty Rupees.

XI. And it is hereby enacted, that proof sheets marked as such may be sent by letter post at the rates set forth in Table 3 of Schedule A, provided they be brought to the Dispatching Office open, and be sealed in presence of the person in charge of such Office.

XII. And it is hereby enacted, that the said Governor General in Council shall frame a scale of distances as nearly as practicable according to the distance by the nearest road between Post Office Stations, and that the rates of inland postage shall be calculated according to this scale.

XIII. And it is hereby enacted, that Steam Postage, according to such rates as may from time to time be fixed by the Governor General in Council, shall be levied on all letters and packets sent or received by any Government Steamer, and that such Steam Postage shall be in excess of any inland postage to which such letters or packets may be liable.

XIV. And it is hereby enacted, that Ship Postage, according to the rates fixed in Schedule B, annexed to this Act, shall be levied on all letters or packets sent or received by sea through any Government Post Office, and not liable to Steam Postage.

XV. And it is hereby enacted, that when any Vessel arrives by sea at any place within the said Territories, at which there is a Government Post Office, the Commander of such Vessel shall, as speedily as possible, cause every letter and packet on board of such Vessel which is directed to that place, and which was not specially entrusted for separate delivery to be delivered either at the Post Office or to some Officer of the Post office authorized to receive the same; and that if there be on board any letter or packet directed to any other place, and not specially entrusted for separate delivery, the said Commander shall, as speedily as possible, report the same to the Post Master General or Post Master of the place at which he has arrived, and shall act according to such directions as he may receive from such Post Master General or Post Master; and that the receipt of such Post Master General or Post Master shall discharge such Commander of all responsibility in respect of such letter or packet.

XVI. And it is hereby enacted, that every Commander of a Vessel who shall wilfully disobey any of the directions contained in the preceding Section shall be punished with fine not exceeding 1,000 Rupees.

XVII. And it is hereby enacted, that for every letter or packet delivered by a Commander of a Ship in conformity with the directions of Section XV. of this Act, the Officer in charge of the Post Office shall pay to the said Commander the sum of one Anna.

XVIII. And it is hereby enacted, that whenever any letter or packet is transhipped for transmission to any other place within the said Territories, the Commander of the Vessel which originally brought such letter or packet shall be entitled to receive One Anna for every such letter or packet, and that the Commander of the Vessel into which the letter or packet is transhipped, shall be entitled to receive Half an Anna from the person in charge of the Post Office at the place of delivery, provided that the said last mentioned Commander delivers the same in conformity with the directions contained in Section XV, of this Act.

XIX. Provided always, that no payment shall be made to the Commander of any Vessel on account of the delivery of any letter or packet unless the claim of such Commander shall be preferred before the Vessel leaves the place at which the letter or packet was delivered, or before the expiration of three months from the date of the arrival of the packet at the place of ultimate delivery.

XX. And it is hereby enacted, that the Commander of every Vessel leaving any place in the said Territories by sea, shall receive on board of such his Vessel every letter and packet which he shall be required to receive by any Officer of the Post Office, and shall sign a receipt for such letters and packets; and that every Commander of a Vessel who shall wilfully disobey any direction of this clause shall be punished with a fine not exceeding 1,000 Rupees.

XXI. And it is hereby enacted, that whenever any letter or packet, the postage of which has not been paid, shall be delivered by any person employed by the Post

Office, the person to whom it is delivered shall not be bound to pay the postage if he returns the letter or packet unopened, but if he opens the same he shall be bound to pay the postage due thereon; provided always, that if the letter or packet shall appear to have been maliciously sent for the purpose of annoying the person to whom it is directed, the Post Master General or Post Master of the Office, from which the delivery took place, shall remit the said Postage.

XXII. And it is hereby enacted, that every letter or packet which is rejected unopened by the person to whom it is directed shall be returned by post to the sender, and that the said sender shall be bound to pay the return postage thereon unless direct postage has already been paid thereon.

XXIII. And it is hereby enacted, that whenever any letter or packet, the sender of which is unknown, shall be rejected unopened by the person to whom it is directed, such letter or packet shall be opened by the Officer in charge of the Post Office from which such letter or packet was delivered to that person.

XXIV. And it is hereby enacted, that if any person shall refuse to pay any postage which he is legally bound to pay for any letter or packet, it shall be lawful for the Officer in charge of the Post office, from which such letter or packet was delivered to withhold from the person so refusing till such postage be paid, any letter directed to that person upon which postage has not been paid by the sender.

XXV. And it is hereby enacted, that all letters and packets which have remained three months unclaimed at any Post Office shall be transmitted to the General Post Office of the Presidency.

XXVI. And it is hereby enacted, that at intervals not exceeding three months, lists of all unclaimed letters and packets which are in the General Post Office of any Presidency, shall be published in the Official Gazette of that Presidency.

XXVII. And it is hereby enacted, that every letter and packet which may have remained eighteen months unclaimed in the General Post Office of any Presidency, shall be opened by the Post Master General of that Presidency, and that all valuable property which such letter or packet may contain shall be paid into the Government Treasury for the benefit of any party who may have a right thereto, and that when twelve months shall have elapsed after the opening of such unclaimed letter or packet it shall be lawful for the said Post Master General, if such letter or packet still continues to be unclaimed, to destroy the same.

XXVIII. And it is hereby enacted, that the privilege of sending and receiving all letters and packets by letter post, free of postage, and of sending and receiving letters and Packets by banghy on the public Service free of postage, shall be allowed to the persons hereinafter mentioned, viz.

Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

President and Secretaries of the Board of Control.*

The Chairman, Dep. Chairman and Directors of the East India Company.

Secretary, Deputy Secretary and Assistant Secretary at the India House.

The Governor General.

The Governors of Bengal, Madras and Bombay.

The Governor of Ceylon.

The Lieutenant Governor of the North Western Provinces.

The Chief Justices of Bengal, Madras and Bombay.

The Bishops of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay.

The Members of the Supreme Council.

The Members of Council of Madras and Bombay.

The Puisne Judges of the Supreme Courts of Bengal, Madras and Bombay.

The Recorder of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore and Malacca.

The Commander in Chief of Her Majesty's Naval Forces.

The Commander in Chief of the Army in India.

The Commanders in Chief of the Army at Madras and Bombay.

And that the Letters and Packets sent by any of the Persons aforesaid shall be franked in such manner as may be directed by the Governor General of India in Council.

XXIX. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be competent to the said Governor General of India in Council, by an order in Council, to grant to any person or body of persons the privilege of sending or receiving letters or packets either by

* Also, to the Assistant Secretary to the Board of Control, G. O. S. G. 38 of 1836.

letter post or banghy, free of postage, on such conditions and under such rules as the said Governor General in Council may direct.

XXX. And it is hereby enacted, that if any Post Master General or Post Master shall suspect that any letter or packet lying for delivery at his Post Office contains any contraband article or any article on which duty is owing to Government ; or that any letter or packet lying for delivery at that Post Office contains any writing in contravention of the provisions of Sections IX. and X. of this Act, it shall be lawful for such Officer to summon the person to whom the letter or packet is directed, to attend at that Post Office by himself or Agent within forty-eight hours after the arrival of the letter or packet at that Post Office, and to open the letter or packet in the presence of the person to whom the letter or packet is directed, or of that person's agent ; and if that person shall not so attend by himself or agent, then to open the letter or packet in the absence of that person.

XXXI. And it is hereby enacted, that the Government shall not be responsible for any loss or damage which may occur in respect of any thing entrusted to the Post Office for conveyance, and that no person employed by the Government in the Post Office Department shall be responsible for any such loss or damage unless that person had caused such loss or damage maliciously or fraudulently.

XXXII. And it is hereby enacted, that all fines incurred under any of the preceding provisions of this Act may be levied on conviction before any Magistrate or Justice of the Peace, or before any person exercising the powers of a Magistrate ; provided always that no person not a Post Master General or Post Master shall be competent to institute any prosecution for any violation of any of the preceding provisions of this Act.

XXXIII. And it is hereby enacted, that whoever being in the employ of the Government in the Post Office Department, or being in the employ of any person or persons who may contract with the Government to convey letters or packets by Post for hire, shall fraudulently appropriate any letter or packet which may have been entrusted to him, or any thing contained in any such letter or packet, or shall open any such letter or packet, or any banghy box, with the intention of fraudulently appropriating any thing therein contained, shall be punished with imprisonment with or without hard labor for a term not exceeding seven years, and shall also be liable to fine.

XXXIV. And it is hereby enacted, that whoever being in such employ as is described in the last Section, and being entrusted to receive money for postage duty, shall fraudulently appropriate the same, shall be punished, on conviction before a Magistrate, with imprisonment with or without hard labor for a term not exceeding two years, and shall also be liable to fine.

XXXV. And it is hereby enacted, that whoever being in such employ as is described in Section XXXIII, shall fraudulently put any wrong mark on any letter or packet, or shall fraudulently alter or cause to disappear any mark which is on any letter or packet shall be punished, on conviction before a Magistrate, with imprisonment with or without hard labor for a term not exceeding two years, and shall also be liable to fine,

XXXVI. And it is hereby enacted, that whoever being in such employ as is described in Section XXXIII and being entrusted with the preparing or keeping of any document, shall with a fraudulent intention, prepare that document incorrectly, or alter that document, or secrete or destroy that document, shall be punished, on conviction before a Magistrate, with imprisonment with or without hard labor for a term not exceeding two years, and shall also be liable to fine.

XXXVII. And it is hereby enacted, that whoever being in such employ as is described in Section XXXIII, puts any letter or packet into the wallets of the Post Office, intending thereby to defraud the Government of the postage duty on such letter or packet, shall be punished, on conviction before a Magistrate, with imprisonment with or without hard labor for a term not exceeding two years, and shall also be liable to fine.

XXXVIII. And it is hereby declared, that the tola weight mentioned in this Act is the tola of 180 grains troy, being the standard weight of the Company's Rupee.

XXXIX. And it is hereby enacted, that this Act shall have effect from the 1st day of October, 1837, and that no postage duty shall be levied under the authority of this Act on any letter which shall be received at any Post Office before the said 1st of October, 1837.

**Schedule A of Postage Duties on Letters, Parcels, Newspapers, &c. and of
Banghy Postage.**

1. LETTERS.			2. Law Papers, Accounts and Vouchers attested as such with the full signature of the Sender.		
MILES.	SINGLE.	DOUBLE.	MILES.	SINGLE.	DOUBLE.
	Not exceeding One Tola.	Exceeding One Tola and not exceeding Two Tolas.		Not exceeding 3½ Tolas.	Exceeding 3½ Tolas and not exceeding Six Tolas.
	Annas.	Rups. Annas.		Annas.	Rups. Annas.
20	1	0 2	20	1	0 2
50	2	0 4	50	2	0 4
100	3	0 6	100	3	0 6
150	4	0 8	150	4	0 8
200	5	0 10	200	5	0 10
250	6	0 12	250	6	0 12
300	7	0 14	300	7	0 14
400	8	1 0	400	8	1 0
500	9	1 2	500	9	1 2
600	10	1 4	600	10	1 4
700	11	1 6	700	11	1 6
800	12	1 8	800	12	1 8
900	13	1 10	900	13	1 10
1,000	14	1 12	1,000	14	1 12
1,200	15	1 14	1,200	15	1 14
1,400	1 Rupee	2 0	1,400	1 Rupee.	2 0

And upwards—Single Postage being added for each additional Tola.

And upwards—Single Postage being added for every 3 additional Tolas.

3.

**Newspapers, Pamphlets, and other printed or Engraved Papers, packed in short
covers open at each end.**

DISTANCE.	Newspapers, Pamphlets, &c. printed in India. Weight.			Imported Newspapers, Pamphlets, &c. Weight.	
	Not exceeding 3½ Tolas.	Exceeding 3½ To- las and not exceed- ing 6 Tolas.	Exceeding 6 Tolas and not exceeding 9 Tolas.	Not exceeding 6 Tolas.	Exceeding 6 Tolas and not exceeding 12 Tolas.
	Annas	Annas	Annas	Annas.	Annas.
Not exceeding...20 miles	1	2	3	1	2
" " 400 ditto	2	4	6	2	4
Above.....400 ditto	3	6	9	3	6

Single Postage being added for every additional 3 Tolas.

Single Postage being added for every additional 6 Tolas.

4.

Parcels sent by the Public Bhangry not exceeding 600 Tolas in weight, nor 15 Inches long by 12 deep and 12 broad, or 2160 Cubic Inches in size.

Distance.	WEIGHT.											
	50	100	150	200	250	300	350	400	450	500	550	600
NOT EXCEEDING TOLAS.												
Not exceeding Miles.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.
	0 6	0 12	1 2	1 8	1 14	2 4	2 10	3 0	3 6	3 12	4 2	4 8
	0 9	1 2	1 11	2 4	2 13	3 6	3 15	4 8	5 1	5 10	6 3	6 12
	0 12	1 6	2 4	3 0	3 12	4 8	5 4	6 0	6 12	7 8	8 4	9 0
	0 15	1 14	2 13	3 12	4 11	5 10	6 9	7 8	8 7	9 6	10 5	11 4
	1 5	2 10	3 15	4 8	5 10	6 12	7 14	8 10	9 11	10 13	11 14	12 8
	1 8	2 3	3 6	4 4	5 6	6 9	7 14	8 10	9 11	10 13	11 14	12 15
	1 11	3 0	4 8	5 6	6 9	7 14	8 10	9 11	10 13	11 14	12 15	13 8
	1 14	3 12	5 10	6 12	7 8	8 10	9 11	10 13	11 14	12 15	13 16	14 8
	2 1	4 2	6 12	8 4	9 6	11 4	13 2	15 0	16 14	18 12	20 10	22 8
	2 4	4 8	6 12	8 4	9 6	11 4	13 2	15 0	16 14	18 12	20 10	22 8
	2 7	4 14	7 5	9 12	12 3	14 10	17 1	19 8	21 15	24 6	26 13	29 4
1,000	2 10	5 4	7 14	10 8	13 2	15 18	18 6	21 0	23 10	26 4	28 14	31 8
1,200	2 13	5 10	8 7	11 4	14 1	16 14	19 11	22 8	25 5	28 2	30 15	33 12
1,400	3 0	6 0	9 0	12 0	15 0	18 0	21 0	24 0	27 0	30 0	33 0	36 0
and upwards.												

5.

Books, Pamphlets, Packets of Newspapers and any written, printed or engraved Papers sent by the Public Banchy, not exceeding 40 Tolas in weight, and packed in short covers open at each end.

Not exceeding Miles.	Not exceeding 20 Tolas.	Exceeding 20 Tolas and not exceeding 40 Tolas.	
	Annas.	Rupees.	Annas.
100	2	0	4
200	3	0	6
300	4	0	8
400	5	0	10
500	6	0	12
600	7	0	14
700	8	1	0
800	9	1	2
900	10	1	4
1,000	11	1	6
1,100	12	1	8
1,200	13	1	10
1,300	14	1	12
1,400	15	1	14
Upwards	1 Rupee	2	0

B.

Ship Postage to be levied in addition to Land Postage on letters received or sent by Sea.

LETTERS.		Newspapers, Pamphlets and other printed Papers packed in short covers open at each end	Parcels not exceeding 300 Tolas weight.
Outward.	Inward.		
Not exceeding 3 Tolas.	Not exceeding 3 Tolas.	Not exceeding 6 Tolas weight.	Not exceeding 100 Tolas weight.
Annas. 2.	Annas. 3.	Annas. 1	Annas. 2
An Anna being added for every additional Tola.		An Anna being added for every additional 6 Tolas weight.	Two Annas being added for every additional 100 Tolas up to 300 Tolas, beyond which no Parcel will be received.

ACT No. 20 of 1838—vide page 322.

POST OFFICE REGULATIONS.

FORT ST. GEORGE, September 19, 1837.

The following Rules for the management of the Post Office Department, are re-published for general information.

FORT WILLIAM, GENERAL DEPARTMENT, 30th August 1837.

Rules for the management of the Post Office Department, passed by the Governor General of India in Council on the 30th August 1837.

I. All existing Rules, General Orders and Proclamations for the guidance of the Post Office Department of the different Presidencies and Settlements of India, as well as all Circular Orders of the Heads of the Department, saving such as relate to Dawk travelling and matters of account, shall cease to have effect from the 1st October next, and the following Rules and orders shall be substituted for the same, to be in force at all Post Office Stations in any of the Presidencies, Settlements or Possessions of the Company, and to take effect from the abovementioned date.

All existing Orders rescinded.

ESTABLISHMENT OF GENERAL AND PROVINCIAL POST OFFICES, RECEIPT OF LETTERS, &c.

General Post Offices and Post Offices where to be established.

And how to be supervised.

Post Master General and Post Master, by whom to be appointed.

Existing Post Office Authorities to remain in office until otherwise directed.

Receipts of Letters, &c. for despatch by Land or Sea.

Receipt of Letters for Foreign countries via Great Britain or Ireland.

Payment of Postage on Letters in India in advance optional. Name of sender of a Letter not to be required. Newspapers and Parcels are not to be received "Bearing Postage" without name of sender.

Payment of Postage on "Ship Letters" outward required in advance.

Letters to Ceylon to be paid in advance.

II. There shall be a General Post Office at each of the Towns of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, and Post Offices at such other places throughout India and in the Settlements subordinate thereto, as the Governor General of India in Council shall from time to time direct. The immediate charge of each General Post Office, and the control of the several Provincial Post Offices subordinate thereto, shall be vested in Post Masters General, each of whom shall respectively exercise his functions within such limits as may be determined by the said Governor General of India in Council, and the duties of the Provincial Post Offices shall be severally conducted by subordinate Officers to be styled "Post Masters." The Post Masters General at Madras and Bombay and the Post Masters subordinate to them shall be appointed by the Governors in Council of those Presidencies respectively, and shall exercise their functions in subordination to the said Governors in Council. The Post Master General and Post Masters of the Presidency of Fort William shall be appointed by the Governor General of India in Council, and shall exercise their functions under the direct control of the said Governor General of India in Council.

III. The existing Post Masters General and Post Masters and all existing Officers of the Post Office Department shall continue in office until removed or otherwise directed, and shall act in their respective Offices with the powers conferred by the Act No. XVII. 1837, and by these rules, in like manner as if they had been appointed specifically under their provisions.

IV. Letters, Papers and Parcels shall be received wherever a Post Master or Post Office Writer is stationed for despatch by Land to every part of India or to Ceylon, and by Sea to every part of the World with which there is a Post Office communication; the latter unless superscribed for some particular Ship, will be sent by the first vessel that sails direct to the country to which the letter is addressed, and if there be no vessel so proceeding direct to the place addressed, the letter shall be forwarded by such circuitous route as shall appear to the Post Master General or Post Master to afford the means of most speedy and secure transmission.

V. Letters, Papers or Parcels required to be transmitted to Foreign Countries via Great Britain or Ireland, must be addressed to the care of an Agent or other person in the United Kingdom, by whom the Foreign Postage demandable at the London General or other Post Office may be paid. That Postage cannot be received in this country, and unless it be paid through an Agent as above described the letters are liable to be returned to India.

VI. Letters intended for delivery in India, may be paid for in advance, or be sent bearing Postage at the option of the sender; and the name of the sender of any such letter shall not be demanded at any Post Office. But Newspapers, Printed Papers or Parcels will not be received bearing Postage, unless the sender shall give his name and address, in order that the regulated Postage may be recovered from him, in case of such Paper or Parcel being refused by the party addressed.

VII. Letters, Papers or Parcels, intended for despatch by Sea should be stamped or superscribed "Ship," and Ship Postage must be paid in advance thereon, in addition to any Inland Postage to which they may be severally liable.

VIII. On Letters, Papers or Parcels, intended for delivery in Ceylon, Postage must be paid in advance to Point Calimere, except in case of letters received for Ceylon from

Ship, which may be forwarded bearing Postage. If letters for Ceylon are received from Ship under cover to residents in India, such letters, superscribed "Ship letters" and bearing Postage as such will be received for transmission to their destination in like manner as if received direct from the Ship.

Excepting Letters received from Sea.

IX. Letters from Ceylon will be charged inland Postage from Point Calimere, or the place where the same are landed in India.

Letters from Ceylon to be charged Postage.

X. The Table of Distances for calculation of Postage shall until otherwise ordered and duly notified, be the Poly-metrical Tables prepared under orders of the Governor General of India in Council by the Committee for revising the Customs and Post Office Departments, and printed at the Official Gazette Press at Calcutta. Copies of these Tables shall be furnished for the use of the Post Masters, and a complete set shall be kept open to inspection in every Office for the receipt and delivery of Letters. Further the several Post Masters shall prepare for each and every such Office under their control respectively, a Schedule framed from these Tables in the following form for exhibiting the rates of Postage chargeable at every such Office respectively for the transmission of Letters and Parcels to every part of India; and a counterpart of every such Table shall be submitted in duplicate by the Post Master for the approval of the Post Master General of the Presidency; and one copy as approved and countersigned by the Post Master General shall be returned for the use of the Office for which it is framed, and the same with a translation or transcript in the Vernacular language of the District, shall be hung up in the said Office, and all Postage dues shall be levied according thereto.

Table of distances to be hung up in Post Offices.

FROM CALCUTTA TO

Names of Post Office Stations.	Distance.	Postage on single letter not exceeding one tola weight.	Postage on single News-paper not exceeding 3½ tolas weight.	Banghy Post- age on Books in open cover not exceeding 20 tolas weight.	Postage on single Banghy parcel not exceeding 50 tolas weight.
	<i>Miles.</i>				
Agra.....	794	12 Annas.	3 Annas.	9 Annas.	2-1
Ahmedabad....	1219	1 Rupee.	3 Annas.	14 Annas.	3 Rupees.
Ahmednuggur..	1033	15 Annas.	3 Annas.	12 Annas.	2-13
Ahtoor.....	1232	1 Rupee.	3 Annas.	14 Annas.	3 Rupees.
Ajmere.....					
Akyab.....					
Allahabad.....					
Alleppe.....					
&c.....					

XI. Letters, Papers or Parcels, shall be received at any General or Provincial Post Office for delivery at the Station itself, within the ordinary range of delivery, and shall be charged Postage according to the rate for distances not exceeding 20 Miles.

Letters to be received at any Station for delivery at such Station.

XII. Every thing received by Post from Sea-ward, not exceeding 600 tolas in weight, shall be immediately forwarded to the party to whom it is addressed, either by Letter or Banghy Post, according to its weight, unless it shall contain articles liable to Custom duty, or unless instructions to the contrary have been received in writing at the Post Office. Parcels exceeding 600 tolas weight shall be made over to the Collector of Customs for publication in his list of Unclaimed Packages.

Every thing received from Sea to be forwarded to parties direct by Letter or Banghy Post according to weight. Exception.

XIII. Newspapers or other printed or engraved papers packed in open covers, or covers attested as containing law papers, accounts or vouchers only, or letters franked as on the public service respecting any of which there is reason to believe that the provisions of the Post Office Act have been

Newspapers, &c. not to be detained for examination, but to be forwarded marked "Doubtful."

infringed, shall not be detained for examination at the Despatching Office, but shall be forwarded marked "Doubtful." The Post Master receiving such letters, &c. by the mail will then be guided by Section XXX. of the Post Office Act. But unless for the cause above specified all Post Office authorities are prohibited from detaining except under Section XXIV. of the Post Office Act, any letter, paper or packet received for delivery by post.

Letters, Papers, &c. sent by Post to be weighed at Office of despatch.

XIV. All letters, newspapers or other papers and packets received for despatch by post or banghy post, shall be weighed at the Post Office of despatch, and shall be stamped and marked single, double, &c. as the case may be, and shall have the postage to which they are severally liable marked on them: which stamp or mark shall regulate the postage to be levied from the party concerned, whether the letter, paper, &c. be sent "Paid" or "Bearing Postage." In order to obviate delay, Service and Free Letters shall never be re-weighed prior to delivery, nor newspapers, except in case of suspicion. Banghy parcels shall in all cases be re-weighed on delivery. The re-weighing of private letters prior to delivery shall be at the discretion of the Post Master General or Post Master.

Letters on which Postage has not been properly paid how to be dealt with.

XV. In the event of any letters declared, or required by Clauses VII. and VIII. preceding, or by Clause LIX. following, to be post paid, or papers or parcels reaching any Post Office, on which it shall appear that the entire regulated postage whether Inland or Ship, has not been paid, such letters, papers, or parcels, shall not be detained or returned to the sender, but shall be delivered or forwarded to their destination as the case may be, and the amount deficient shall be recovered from the party through whose negligence the under charge has occurred.

Examination of Post Office Records not permitted to the Public.

XVI. Persons not belonging to the Department cannot be admitted into the interior nor permitted to examine the Records of any Post Office, without the special permission of the Post Master General or Post Master, to whom applications for information or redress must be made, either in person or in writing, by the party requiring the same.

HOURS FOR RECEIPT AND DELIVERY OF LETTERS, DESPATCH OF MAILS, &c.

General Post Office hours for receipt of Letters, Newspapers, and Banghy Parcels.

XVII. At each General Post Office, Banghy Parcels will be received every day, Sundays excepted, for despatch at the regulated postage, from 10 A. M. till 4 P. M., newspapers daily till 5½ P. M., and letters also every day till 6 P. M. after which hours respectively they will be received till 6½ P. M. on payment of an extra half rupee each, as a fee for the trouble of re-sorting and re-packing the Mails, which fee shall be distributed at the discretion of the Post Master General, amongst the Post Office Servants, on whom the additional labour may fall, to be paid by the sender whether the letter, paper or parcel be forwarded Bearing "Postage" or "Paid."

General Post Office Receiving Houses, hours for receipt of Letters.

XVIII. At the Receiving Houses established at Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, or at any receiving houses which are or may be similarly established at other large Stations, letters, papers and packets not exceeding 12 tolas in weight will be received daily from 11 A. M. to 4 P. M. for transfer to the General or Sudder Post Office, as the case may be. No extra postage shall be leviable thereon.

Provincial Office hours for receipt of Letters, Newspapers and Banghy Parcels.

XIX. At Provincial Post Offices, banghy parcels and newspapers will be received for despatch, at the ordinary rates of postage, from 10 A. M. till 4 P. M. and letters till 5 P. M., after which hours respectively they will be received till 5½ P. M. on the sender paying an extra half rupee each, to be appropriated as provided in Clause XVII.

Office hours for reference, &c.

XX. Although all Post Offices will be open for receipt of letters, papers and Parcels as above, official references shall be made to Post Office Authorities only between the hours of 11, and 5, Sundays excepted.

XXI. At each General Post Office there shall be two deliveries daily, the first delivery not to be later than 10 A. M. and the other at 3 P. M., at which hours respectively the Peons shall quit the Office with the letters, &c. entrusted to them. All letters, papers or parcels received from 3 P. M. till 9 A. M. shall be sent out at the first delivery, and all from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. at the second delivery, and Mails received after 3 P. M. shall not be opened till the following morning, except in case of public emergency, or of letters, papers or parcels received from seaward.

General Post Office delivery of Letters, &c.

XXII. At Provincial Offices, the delivery of letters, papers and parcels must depend upon the hour of the arrival of the Mails at each Station, after which they shall be delivered with all possible despatch.

Provincial Offices Delivery of Letters, &c.

XXIII. The Delivering Peons are prohibited from delivering letters, papers or parcels out of the usual course, and without immediate payment of the exact amount of postage; and they are not bound to give change. Should they be subject to detention, they are not to deliver the letters, papers or parcels, but to return them in the evening to the Post Office, for future delivery.

Immediate payment of Postage required.

N. B.—Under the provisions of Section III. Act XXI. 1835, Copper Coin is not a legal tender in payment of any demand except for fractions of a Rupee.

XXIV. Whatever postage is marked on a letter, paper, or parcel, must be paid at once on delivery, after which any complaint of overcharge will be duly attended to. In all complaints of overcharge or unnecessary delay in delivering letters, papers or parcels, the covers or envelopes, bearing the Post Office Stamp, must be presented for inspection; and as all Post Office Peons wear a badge regularly numbered, when any complaints are preferred against any individual, the number of the badge should be specified.

Complaints how to be preferred.

XXV. From each General Post Office the Mails shall be despatched daily at 8 P. M. and the Banghies as soon after as possible.

General Post Office despatch of Mails.

XXVI. At Provincial Post Offices, the packet shall be made up at 5 P. M. for all Mails to be despatched in the course of the night; but for Mails which usually pass in the course of the day, the packets shall be made up half an hour before the expected arrival of such Mails, which are in no case to be subjected to any detention. Notice of the hour at which each packet is closed, shall be hung up outside the Office, both in English and in the language of the District, after which hour, letters, papers or parcels received, shall not be forwarded till the following day.

Provincial Post Offices despatch of Mails.

XXVII. The Post Master at any Station or person in charge of the Office, shall have power to refuse letters, papers or parcels bearing the appearance of having been opened and reclosed or otherwise improperly dealt with, unless the writer or sender thereof shall attest with his full signature, that they were sent in that state.

Letters, &c. damaged not to be received.

XXVIII. In order to protect as far as possible the public mails from the chance of robbery, Officers in charge of Post Offices shall not knowingly receive money, bullion, precious stones or jewels for despatch either by letter or banghy post.

Post Offices not to receive valuables for despatch by Post.

XXIX. Letters once delivered into any Post Office cannot be recalled by the sender under any circumstances whatever. But newspapers and parcels may be recalled, on the person claiming the return of the same, satisfying the Post Master that he was the sender thereof, and on his paying the postage, which would have been due on such paper or parcel, if forwarded.

Letters once received in any Post Office not to be returned. But Papers and Parcels may be recalled by the sender.

XXX. "Forward Letters" or Parcels, i. e. those which follow the persons addressed from Station to Station, shall be considered as so many fresh despatches, and shall be liable to postage as such, from each Station, whence they are forwarded in succession. But newspapers, which follow

Forward Letters or Parcels to what Postage liable.

Forward Newspapers not liable to increased postage.

persons in like manner, and letters forwarded to Officers and persons marching with Corps and Detachments on duty, shall not be deemed to be a fresh despatch, or be chargeable with fresh postage beyond the maximum rate as leviable thereon, unless the former shall have been opened. Letters and parcels also forwarded to Corps or Detachments on march by any cross or temporary Dawk shall not be charged separately for the increased distance.

Post Office not bound to give change.

XXXI. The servants at the several Post Offices are not bound to give change to parties sending or receiving letters in any case.*

Receipts if required must be presented, along with letters &c.

XXXII. Receipts will not be granted for letters, papers or parcels received at any Post Office for despatch, unless they are presented ready written either in books, or in separate slips of paper, along with the letters, papers or parcels. Receipts so presented will be duly stamped in all cases, and will also have the weight, whether single, double, &c. and the amount of postage noted on them, when the postage is paid in advance.

Address of Parties.

XXXIII. In order to obviate as far as practicable all delay, or mistakes in the delivery of letters, it is particularly recommended that all persons arriving at or quitting any Station, or changing their residence at the same, will send to the Post Office a Notification thereof in writing.

SHIP AND HARBOUR LETTERS.

XXXIV.

(Superseded and other regulations substituted by an order of the Supreme Government of the 17th January 1838.)

Notice to arriving Vessels for disposal of Packets.

XXXV. On the arrival of any Ship or Vessel off any British Indian Port a printed Notice, under the signature of the Post Master General or Post Master of the Port or Station, shall be delivered to the Commander by the first Boat despatched to board the Vessel, according to the requisition of which the Commander shall proceed to dispose of such packets as he may have on board, as directed in Section XV. of the Post Office Act, a copy of which Clause shall be communicated to the said Commander.

Receipts to be granted for Packets.

XXXVI. The Post Master General or Post Master of the Port or Station shall grant receipts for Mail packets that may be delivered to any officer or person under his requisition, and if after delivery so made, the packet be

* See also Note to Clause 23.

† Extract from the Government Order :—Under the above Orders, Inland Postage only will be leviable in India on Letters arriving from or received for transmission to the United Kingdom via any Port in the Red Sea or Persian Gulph. If Letters arrive from or are addressed to any other place than the United Kingdom, so that the Postage will not be leviable therein, the following rates will be levied in India, as the place of delivery or of receipt for transmission.

Letters or sealed Packets of any description.		
Single.	Double.	Treble.
Not exceeding 1 Tola weight.	Not exceeding 1½ Tola weight.	Not exceeding 2½ Tola weight.
8 Annas.	1 Rupee.	1 Rupee 8 Annas.

Single postage being added for each additional ½ Tola weight.

Note.—8 Annas has been assumed as equal to 1 Shilling.

A scale according to weight has been substituted for the rule regarding single and double Letters for uniformity with the system generally in force in India, and because the Post Masters have not the means of discriminating between single and double sheets. 3 Tolas also have been assumed as equivalent to an ounce.

No Ship Postage under Schedule B. Act No. XVII. of 1837, will be leviable in India on letters transmitted in the manner provided for in these rules, notwithstanding that they may have been conveyed or may be forwarded between India and the Red Sea or Persian Gulph in sailing Vessels.

The orders received hitherto containing no provision in respect to Newspapers, Pamphlets or other unsealed packets of printed papers transmitted via the Red Sea or the Persian Gulph, these will be subjected in India to no charge beyond that of Inland postage duty.

lost before it reach the Post Office, the Commander shall equally be entitled to a receipt, in discharge from all responsibility for the same.

XXXVII. The Master Attendant or such other Officer as may be directed by Government, shall furnish the Post Master General with early intimation of the intended departure of all Vessels to Europe, the Mauritius, Australia, Cape of Good Hope, St. Helena, the Red Sea, Persian Gulph, China or any Eastern Settlements, and the Post Master General shall cause a list* of those Vessels for which packets are open to be published weekly in the Official Gazette of his own Presidency.

XXXVIII. The Post Master General shall also cause to be published weekly in the Official Gazette of the Presidency a Notice* of the several dates up to which packets have been despatched by each Vessel that may have left the port.

XXXIX. Letters, papers or parcels to places on the Coast, to which the means of conveyance by *Land* are provided, will be received for transmission by Sea, at the usual rates of ship postage, if they are endorsed "Ship."

XL. Persons despatching letters, papers or parcels from out-stations, for transmission by Sea, will on application at the Post Office of despatch, after the lapse of a sufficient period, receive stamped acknowledgments of their receipt at the General Post Office.

XLI. Letters, papers or parcels addressed to any person who may have sailed for Europe or elsewhere, shall be immediately returned to the sender, unless instructions have been received for their delivery to some third party on the spot or elsewhere.

XLII. Letters addressed to any person serving or residing on board a ship in any British Indian Port, will be delivered and charged as if addressed to residents on shore at such place, and in like manner letters may be despatched by such persons from on board ship without being charged with ship postage, provided they be certified by the sender to be "Harbour Letters."

XLIII. Newspapers, pamphlets, &c. will not be received for delivery on the terms prescribed in Table 3 Schedule A. for imported newspapers, pamphlets, &c., except direct from the ship in which imported.

Master Attendant to notify intended departure of all Vessels.

* Vide Form A.
Post Master General to publish the same weekly.

Post Master General to publish weekly.
Notice of Packets despatched.

* Vide Form B.
Receipt of Letters for despatch to places in India by Sea.

Ship Letters despatched from Out-Stations to be acknowledged.

Letters received at Post Office for parties who may have sailed from India to be returned to the sender.

Harbour Letters not to be charged with Ship Postage.

Imported Newspapers, pamphlets, &c.

PUBLIC DESPATCHES, EXPRESSES AND FRANKING RULES.

XLIV. All public despatches are to be made up in the most compact form possible, and whenever two or more letters are despatched from any one office, to the same individual by the same day's post, they are to be put up under one cover, provided they do not in the aggregate exceed 12 tolas weight.

XLV. When the number of letters received at any Post Office, shall cause the weight of a mail to exceed the regulated weight, the Post Master General or Post Master is authorized to keep back a proportion of the heavier public despatches till the following day. But private letters, except in cases of bulky letters from sea, and public letters marked "despatch," shall not be so kept back."

XLVI. Despatches to be transmitted by express must bear on the face of them the words "by express," and the signature in full of the Officer sending them.

XLVII. As the employment of expresses interferes with the celerity and regularity of the ordinary mails, and is attended with expense, Public Officers are enjoined to employ them as sparingly as possible, and any Public Officer despatching an express, when the exigency of the Public Service does not in the opinion of the authority to whom he is subordinate require it, will be held answerable for the ex-

Public Despatches to be compactly made up.

When bulk of Mails exceed regulated weight what packets to be kept back.
Private Letters, except large Ship Letters, never to be kept back.

Expresses.

Public Officers to employ them sparingly under penalty.

Expresses for private persons.

Secretaries to Government only to stop Mails.

Commanding Officers to receive Letters for their own Regiments.

Soldiers' Letters to pass free under what restrictions.

pense attending that method of transmission. Public expresses from a General Post Office can be ordered only through a Secretary to Government.

XLVIII. Expresses may be employed by private individuals at the discretion of the Post Master General or Post Master applied to, on a payment being made at the rate of 4 annas per mile in advance.

XLIX. No Public Officer shall detain mails except a Secretary to Government acting by order, nor shall a Post Master delay the despatch of mails at the requisition of any other Public Officer except in a case of emergency duly certified, nor shall any Public Officer stop or open mails in transit except under similar emergency, to be reported immediately to the nearest Post Master.

L. Letters directed to Native Officers or men of their Regiments or Detachments shall be delivered to an orderly or any other fit person who may be deputed by the Officer Commanding the Regiment or Detachment to receive the same, but letters on which postage may be due shall not be delivered unless the postage be first paid.

LI. Letters from Commissioned Native Officers, and Non-Commissioned Officers, Privates and others borne on the returns of Her Majesty's or the Honorable Company's Army, including Guides, Lascars and men of the regular Corps of Dooley Bearers, shall pass free of postage when not exceeding single weight, and containing no enclosures other than Bills of Remittances, superscribed with the name

FORM OF DIRECTION AND FRANK FOR
SOLDIER'S OR SEPOY'S LETTER.

From Hussan Khan, Sepoy
D. Troop 1st Lt. Cy.
To
Mahomed Khan,
6th N. Infantry,
Meerut.
A. B.
Comg. 1st Lt. Cy.

and rank of the sender, and directed in English according to the annexed Form, in addition to any direction they may bear in any Native language. Such letters must be franked by the Commanding Officer of the Regiment or Detachment, who shall

adopt the most effectual measures in his power to satisfy himself that the same are bona fide from the parties whose names are superscribed thereon, and that they contain no enclosures except Remittance Bills, for which purpose they shall be brought open, and after being franked shall be elosed in presence of the Commanding Officer, who shall send them to the nearest Post Office by an orderly or other trusty person.*

Number of such Letters restricted to one per Company.

Seamen's Letters to be treated as Soldiers' Letters.

Letters of European Soldiers' Wives to be franked in certain cases.

Letters from Europe to Soldiers to pass free under what restrictions.

LII. The number of letters of Commissioned Native Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates entitled to be franked shall not exceed daily one per Troop or Company.

LIII. Letters from Petty Officers and Seamen in Her Majesty's Ships or the Indian Navy are entitled to the privileges specified in Clause LI.

LIV. Letters from Wives of European Soldiers addressed to their Husbands, shall be permitted to be franked by Officers Commanding Stations, Posts or Depots.

LV. Letters received from Europe by Ship addressed to European Soldiers in India, shall be forwarded free of postage, although they may not be franked, provided they do not exceed the weight of three tolas. But newspapers, packets or parcels so received will be subjected to postage.

* Commanding Officers of Stations and Posts and the Station Staff may frank letters containing Chelsea Out Pensioners' Declaration Certificates under the Rule of this clause G. O. S. G. 42 of 1838.

LVI. In the event of any public emergency rendering it necessary for any Public Officer not included in the list of those entitled to frank contained in a subsequent Clause to communicate with any authorities on the public service, such letters shall be entitled to pass free, if superscribed as follows: "I declare the contents of the enclosed are exclusively on the public service," and signed with the name and official designation of the writer. This privilege is however restricted to communications addressed to the nearest Political Officer or Magistrate, or Officer Commanding, or the Adjutant General, or any Secretary to Government.

LVII. All franked letters which do not correspond in every respect with the several provisions of the Post Office Act, or of these Rules, will be charged with postage, but the Post Master General or Post Master shall have power to remit the same, in cases where the contents of the letter are proved to his satisfaction to have been bona fide on the public service.—N. B.—The franks of Members of Parliament will not exempt letters from India postage.

LVIII. Postage charged in the first instance will be remitted on the Officer addressed satisfying the Post Master General or Post Master that the communication received is exclusively on the public service.

LIX. Letters which individuals address on their private affairs to any Government Officers must be sent "Post paid," and this rule is to be understood to include letters transmitting Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes, Receipts, Government Securities, &c. to the Accountant General, Government Agent, or other Public Officer; but this practice shall be reversed, when Public Officers write letters on such subjects to individuals, on which occasions they shall superscribe on the envelopes with their official signatures, the words "Bearing Postage."

LX. Official Gazettes shall be exempted from postage when forwarded officially to any Public Officers under authority of Government. The List of such Public Officers will be kept by the Superintendent of the Gazette, and may be inspected at any time by the Post Master General or Post Master of the Station.

LXI. With reference to the provisions of Section XXIX. of the Post Office Act, the Governors of the Foreign European Settlements in India in amity with Her Majesty, shall be permitted to receive and send throughout India all letters, papers or packets by letter post, free of postage, subject to such restrictions as may appear expedient to the Governor General of India in Council. But parcels sent by banghy post to or from any such Authorities shall be chargeable with postage.

LXII. The privilege of franking the correspondence of their respective Offices or Departments on the public service has been granted to Public Officers, agreeably to the provisions explained in the headings of the several lists appended, and it is to be distinctly understood, that no Public Officer is permitted to send or receive under any cover, franked with the word "Service," any private note, letter or memorandum, not relating to the business of their respective Offices or Departments. All service letters, packets and parcels must be addressed according to the subjoined form:

Adjutant Genl.'s Office.	Service.
Lieut.-Colonel, A. B.	
1st Regt. Light Cavalry,	
J. H. B.	Cannopore.
Asst. Adjt. General.	

On emergent service. Letters, although not franked, to be forwarded free to certain authorities.

Letters franked not according to form, to be charged with Postage.

But Post Office authorities to have discretion to remit the same.

Person addressed to satisfy Post Master General, &c. that the Letter is a Service Letter.

Letters addressed to Public Officers on private affairs to be Post paid.

Official Gazettes required for record to pass free.

Letters to and from Governors of Foreign European Settlements to pass free.

Private Letters, Notes, or Memorandums, not to be forwarded under "Service" covers.

the signature and designation of the Franking Officer being written in full.

LIST No. 1.

Parties authorized to frank all Letters, Packets and Parcels, bonâ fide on the Public Service, relating to the business of their respective Offices or Departments.

Civil Department.

Accountant General, or Deputy ditto.
 Accountants, Military or Revenue.
 Agents Political, or Agents to the Governor General, and their Assistants, also Political Officers on Mission or in charge of Offices by whatever name designated.†
 Agents for Government of Ceylon "On Her Majesty's service."
 Agents for victualling and purchasing stores for H. M. Squadron in India "On Her Majesty's service."
 Assay Masters.‡
 Civil Auditor.
 Collectors of Customs and Deputy Collectors of Customs.
 Collectors and Magistrates.
 " Sub or Deputy and Joint Magistrates.
 " Assistants and Magistrates having special charge.
 Colonial Secretary, Ceylon.
 Commercial Residents.
 Commissioner for Government of Mysore.
 " Secretaries and Assistants.
 Commissioners of Circuit and Revenue and their Covenanted Assistants.
 " Special.
 " for Carnatic Claims.
 Governor Prince of Wales' Island.
 Judges of Sudder Dewanny and Foujdarry Adawlut or of Provincial Courts of Appeal, when on Circuit or Deputation only.
 Judges, Session and Zillah.
 " Assistant.
 Law Commission—Members and Secretary.
 Members of Boards or Commissions, when on Circuit or Deputation only.
 Mint Masters.
 Opium Agents and Deputies ditto.
 Post Master General.
 Post Masters.
 Deputy Post Master at a General Post Office.
 * Private Secretary to the Governor General, or to any Governor of any Presidency, or to the Lieutenant Governor, N. W. P.
 Registers to Sudder Adawlut, Courts of Appeal or Zillah Courts.
 Residents at Foreign Courts, and their Assistants.†
 Resident Councillors at Singapore and Malacca.
 Salt Agents.
 * Secretaries to Government, or to the Lieutenant Governor, N. W. P.
 " Deputies or Assistants.
 Secretaries to all Boards, Commissions or Committees appointed by Government.
 Sub-Treasurer.
 Sudder Ameens.
 Superintendent of Botanical Gardens and Government Plantations.
 " or Chief Magistrate of Police.
 " of Government Lithographic Press.
 " of Stamps.
 " of Stationery, or Clerk to Stationery Committee.
 " for Suppression of Thuggee.
 " Assistants.
 Warehouse-keeper.
 " Deputy.
 Deputies and Covenanted Assistants in Offices, in absence or by order of their Principals.

Marine Department.

Commanding Officers of Her Majesty's Ships or of Indian Navy.
 Comptroller of Government Steamers.
 Marine Surveyor.
 Registrar of Shipping "On Her Majesty's service."§

* Letters to these Authorities on the public service superscribed as such shall be delivered at their Offices without demand of postage.

† Amended by G. O. S. G. 80 of 1837.

‡ Authorized by do. 80 do.

§ Authorized by do. 11 1838.

Superintendent of Indian Navy.
 Assistant Superintendent of ditto.
 Secretary to Naval Commander in Chief.
 " to Marine Board.

Ecclesiastical Department.

Archdeacon.*
 Moderator of the Kirk Session.
 Registrar to Archdeaconry, in absence of Archdeacon.

Military Department.

Adjutant General of Queen's or Company's Troops.
 " " Deputy.
 " " Assistant, or Deputy Assistant, of Divisions, Forces or Artillery.
 Agent for Army Clothing.
 Auditor General.
 Brigadiers.
 Commandants of Forces or Stations. †
 Commanding Officers of Corps or Detachments.
 Commissary General.
 " " Deputy.
 Commissariat Senior Executive Officer at the Presidency or at Out-Stations.
 Commissaries of Ordnance.
 " " Deputies, being Commissioned Officers.
 Director of Artillery Depot of Instruction.
 Engineers, Chief.
 " Civil, or Civil Architect.
 " Executive, or Executive Officer.
 " Inspecting or Superintending.
 Fort or Town Major.
 Fort or Cantonment, or Line Adjutant, or Station Staff.
 General Officers on the Staff.
 Joint Remount Agent, Bombay. ‡
 Judge Advocate General, Horse Guards.
 Judge Advocate General.
 " " Deputy of Divisions.

Majors of Brigade.
 Officers appointed in G. O. by the Governor of any Presidency to conduct special enquiries or researches—on matters connected with such enquiries or researches. †
 Paymasters and Deputy Paymasters of Divisions, of Stations, or of Stipends.
 Persian Interpreter to the Commander in Chief.
 President of Prize Committee, or Prize Agent—Superscribed "Prize Papers."
 Quarter Master General of Queen's or Company's Troops.

" " " " Deputy.
 " " " " Assistant, or Deputy Assistant, of Divisions or Forces.
 Secretary, Military, to Governor General or Governor.
 " " to Commander in Chief.
 " to all Boards, Commissions or Committees appointed by Government.

Superintendent of Canals and Bridges.
 " of Family Payments and Pensions.
 " of Gun Carriages.
 " of Gunpowder.
 " of Public Buildings.
 " of Roads.
 " of Trigonometrical Survey.
 " or Supervisor of the Stud Establishment.

Surveyor General.
 " " Deputy or Commissioned Assistants.
 Deputies and Commissioned Subordinates in Offices, in the absence or by order of their Principals.

Medical Department.

Apothecary to the Company, or Medical Store-keeper.
 Inspector General of Her Majesty's Hospitals.
 " " Deputy.

* The Archdeacon of any Presidency when Head of the Ecclesiastical Establishment of that Presidency shall be entitled to receive and send all letters free of postage. G. O. S. G. 11 of 1838.

† Officers Commanding Military stations are authorized to frank the Returns of sacred offices which the Roman Catholic Priests in the interior may have occasion to transmit periodically to the Right Rev. Dr. O'Connor under the G. O. of the 19th December 1837. Minutes of Consultation 31st July 1838.

‡ Authorized by G. O. S. G. 11 of 1839.

Secretary to Medical Board.
Superintending or Staff Surgeon.
Surgeon to General Hospital.*

Funds and Societies.

The Secretaries of
The Civil and Annuity Funds, }
Military Funds, } Of all three } To the Members of the Service
Medical Funds, } Presidencies. } for the benefit of which the Fund
Queen's Military Fund, } is instituted, on the affairs of
the Fund, superscribed "Fund
Service."

The Secretaries of
Military Orphan Society, in Bengal, }
Military Male Asylum, at Madras, and } To all persons on the
Charity for relief of Soldiers' Wives, at Bombay, } affairs of the Fund, su-
perscribed as above.

Letters to the address of the Secretaries of these Funds on the Service of the Fund may be franked by the Senior Civil or Military Authority of the Station.

No Religious or Literary Society shall have the privilege of sending or receiving letters free, nor any Charitable Society, other than the established Funds of the Public Servants above specified, shall have the privilege of sending or receiving letters free. But when these Societies may desire to forward letters free to particular persons, or under any peculiar circumstances, the letters or parcels may be submitted to the Chief Secretary, or Secretary to Government in the General Department, who will exercise under the orders of Government a suitable discretion in forwarding them under his public frank.

LIST No. II.

Parties authorized to frank Letters bonâ fide on the Public Service, relating to the business of their several Offices or Departments, but only within their respective Districts or Divisions, or to the Authorities named in the margin.

Chaplains at Out-Stations.....To the Archdeacon, or to the Registrar of the Archdeaconry.
Clerk of the Crown.....To Judges and Magistrates at Out-Stations.
Engineer Officers.....To their immediate superior, or Chief Engineer.
Garrison Surgeons.....To Superintending Surgeons of their own Divisions.
Lottery Agents.....To Superintendent of Government Lotteries.
Lottery—Superintendent of Govern- }
ment or Secretary to Lottery Com- } To Lottery Agents, Collectors and Pay
mittee..... } Masters, on the business of the Lot-
teries.
Master Attendant, Calcutta.....To authorities at Diamond Harbour, Kedgerree, or other Stations down the River.
Mathematical Instrument Maker to Go- }
vernment..... } To the Surveyor or Deputy Surveyor
General.
Medical Officer, Neilgherries.....Within range of the Hills.
Native Revenue, Judicial and Police }
Servants and Post Office Writers... } To the European and Native Authorities
with whom they may have to correspond
on the Public Service within their re-
spective Districts.
Patrolling Officers of Customs.....To their immediate superior, or to the nearest Magistrate.
Revenue Surveyors, Surveyors, As- }
sistant Surveyors and their Sub- } To Surveyor General, Deputy or Assistant
ordinates..... } Surveyor General, Collector of Dis-
trict, or Paymaster of Division, or Ge-
neral Officer Commanding, or Chief
Engineer.
Secretary and Treasurer Government }
Bank, Madras..... } To Collectors of Districts, and Pay Mas-
ters of Divisions.
Steam Agents.....To the Comptroller of Government Steamers,—but when corresponding with one another, their communications must be sent in open covers like Newspapers.
† Sub Deputy Opium Agents.....To Opium Agents or Depy. Opium Agent,

* This Officer to frank the Letters of Petty Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, Soldiers, Sepoys and Seamen who may be patients in Hospital.

** Collectors and other Authorities will be careful to see that this privilege is not abused.

† Authorized by G. O. S. G. 11 of 1833.

Subordinates with Trigonometrical Survey.....	To the Superintendent of Trigonometrical Survey.
Superintendents of Chowkies and other Subordinate Officers of the Salt Department.....	To Salt Agent, Judge, Collector, or Magistrate of the District, or Superintending Authority.
Superintendent of Telegraphs.....	To Secretary Marine Board or to his own Officers.
Surveyors under Civil Engineers.....	To their immediate superior, or Collector of District.
Telegraph Department—European Assistants.....	To Superintendent of Telegraphs.
Vaccinators.....	To Superintendent General of Vaccination.
Vaccinators—on Deputation only.....	To Secretary Medical Board, Superintending Surgeon, or Collector of District where employed.
Warrant and Non-Commissioned Officers of Commissariat Department, in charge of Public Cattle.....	When absent from Stations, transmitting their Returns to their own immediate superior, or to the Quarter Master General, or to the Assistant or Dep. Assistant Quarter Master General of Divisions or Forces.
Warrant and Non-Commissioned Officers of Ordnance Department, in charge of stores.....	When absent from Stations, reporting to Officers Commanding, or to Secretary Military Board.
Warrant and Non-Commissioned Officers of the Department of Public Works when detached on such works.....	To their immediate superior.

The following Letters and Reports are entitled to pass free :

Shipping Reports, superscribed as such.....	From Commanders of Government Steamers, or Pilots, to the Superintendent Indian Navy, Master Attendant, or Secretary Marine Board.
Tide Waiters' Reports, superscribed as such.....	To Collector of Customs.
All Letters superscribed " Stud Service.".....	To Secretary Military Board.

LIST No. III.

The undermentioned Authorities not possessing the privilege of franking, but having occasion to correspond on the Public Service, will send such Letters to be franked by the Authorities opposite to their names.

Advocate General.....	Chief Secretary to Government.
Adjutant, Quarter Master, Interpreter, Paymasters, and other Officers doing Regimental duty	Their Commanding Officer.
* Assay Master	Mint Master.
Assistants and subordinates to Executive Officers or Superintendents of Public Buildings—Warrant Officers in the Ordnance or Commissariat—Commissariat Native Agents, and Native Agents Telegraph Department.....	Their immediate superior when present, or otherwise the Officer Commanding the Station or Post.
Astronomer to Honorable Company.....	The Chief Secretary to Government.
Barrack Masters	The Town or Fort Major.
Chaplains, at Presidency	The Archdeacon.
" at Out-stations when not corresponding with the Archdeacon	The Officer Commanding.
Civil Servants, not enumerated in the preceding List	Their immediate superior.
Civil Servants, absent from their Stations.....	At Out-stations, the Chief Civil Authority—At the Presidency, the Register of Sudder Adawlut or Secretary to Revenue Board
Contractors of Army Clothing	The Secretary Clothing Board.
Deputy Commissaries of Ordnance, being Warrant Officers	Officers Commanding Stations.

* Transferred to List No. 1 :—G. O. S. G. 80 of 1837.

Master Attendant, Madras.....	Secretary Marine Board.
" " Bombay	Superintendent of Indian Navy.
" " Out-stations	The Post Master.
Medical Officers, attached to Regiments, Stations or Depots....	Their Commanding Officer.
" " in Civil employ at	The Political, Revenue or Judicial Offi- cer under whom they are employed.
" " Out-stations.....	At Out-stations, the Officer Commanding.
" " all, absent from their Stations.....	At the Presidency, the Secretary Medical Board.
Medical Functionaries at the Presi- dency.....	Secretary to the Medical Board.
Military Officers, all, absent from their Stations, or not specified in the pre- ceding List.....	At Out-stations, the Officer Command- ing. At the Presidency, the Adjutant General.
Superintendent of Cadets.....	Town or Fort Major.
" of Bazaars.....	Officers Commanding Stations.
Translators to Government.....	The Chief Secretary to Government.
Vakeels of Native Powers, Princes or Jageerdars.....	At the Presidency, the Political Secre- tary to Government; elsewhere, the Resident, Political Agent, or the Chief Civil or Military Officer where they re- side, who will use his discretion in re- spect to this privilege.

A. REFERRED TO IN CLAUSE XXXVII.

Form of Notification to be published weekly by each Post Master General, of the Ships about to sail from their respective Ports, the dates on which the same will probably be despatched, and the places at which the Vessels are intended to touch.

PACKETS.

For the reception of Letters by the following Ships are open at this office.

Name of Vessel.	Agents.	Date of intended departure.	From what Port.	To what Port.	Touching where.
Repulse ..	C. & Co.	Jan. 1st,	Calcutta,	London	Cape.
Isabel ..	B. & Co.	Jan. 5th,	Calcutta,	Liverpool	Mauritius.
Red Rover ..	M. & Co.	Jan. 6th,	Calcutta,	China	Singapore.
Columbia ..	A. M.	Jan. 15th,	Calcutta,	Suez	Allepee & Mocha.
H. C. S. Hugh Lindsay ..	S. & Co.	Jan. 30th,	Bombay,	Suez	Mocha.

A. B.

General Post Office, December 26th, 1836.

Post Master General.

As a general rule, the Packets will be closed on the evening before the date of despatch. After Packets will be made up if required.

B. REFERRED TO IN CLAUSE XXXVIII.

Form of Notification to be published weekly by each Post Master General, of Mails despatched by Sea.

The Post Master General has the honour to notify that, unless marked for particular Ships, all Letters received at the General Post Office, from Monday the 15th to Sunday the 21st Instant, both dates inclusive, for transmission to (London, Liverpool, China, &c. as the case may be) were despatched by the undermentioned Vessels, which sailed on the dates opposite their respective names.

Name of Vessel.	London.	Liverpool.	China.	Cape.
Euphrates.....	From 18th to 20th	.....	.....	.....
Hindustan....	.....	From 18th to 19th	.....	.....
Cowasjee Family..	.....	.....	From 6th to 26th	.....
Madagascar.....	From 20th to 25th	.....	.....	.....

A. B.

General Post Office, December 26th, 1836.

Post Master General.

COUNCIL CHAMBER, FORT WILLIAM, }
30th August 1837.

(Signed) H. T. PRINSEP,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following Rules for Stamping Letters have been submitted to the Governor General of India in Council, and being approved, are appended for the guidance of the Officers of the Department.

RULES FOR USING POST OFFICE STAMPS.

All letters and packets whatever (save and except newspapers and ship and steam letters hereafter specially provided for,) received at any Post Office in India for despatch by post, whether free or post paid, or liable for postage, as the case may be, are to be marked with the appropriate stamp, bearing the name of such office of despatch, and when slide stamps are not provided, where the date of the month and year forms part of the stamp itself, the said date must be entered in writing across the middle of the face of the stamp. If the letter or packet received for despatch be post paid or bearing postage, the amount of postage so paid or due, must be entered in writing on the face of the stamp, after the word "paid" or "bearing" as the case may be.

2. All letters and packets whatever, received at any Post Office by post for delivery at such office, are in like manner to be stamped with the appropriate Office Stamp, and marked with the date of the month and year; but the amount of postage paid or due, is not to be entered on the stamp of delivery, as the stamp of despatch regulates the levy of postage.

3. The stamp for all Service, Soldiers', or other free letters or packets, is an oval, $1\frac{1}{2}$ inch long by 1 inch wide, bearing the name of the Office and the word "free," and must be stamped *red*.

4. The stamp for all letters or packets, on which postage has been paid, is an oblong, $1\frac{1}{2}$ inch long by 1 inch wide, bearing the name of the office and the word "paid," and must also be stamped *red*.

5. The stamp for all letters or packets, on which postage has not been paid in advance, is an oblong, $1\frac{1}{2}$ inch long by 1 inch wide, bearing the name of the Office and the word "bearing," and must be stamped *black*.

6. Forward letters or packets, i.e. those which follow a party addressed from station to station, are to be stamped at each Office of fresh despatch, and marked with the additional postage due on such fresh despatch.

7. When a letter exceeds in weight a single tola, its weight, double, treble, &c, must be entered in writing on the face thereof, and on baulky parcels the exact weight must in all cases be entered in writing on the same.

8. All Service, Soldiers', or other free letters or packets, received from Seaward at any General Post Office, are to be stamped with the Ship Letter Free Stamp. This Stamp is circular, $1\frac{1}{2}$ inch in diameter, bearing the name of the General Post Office, the date of the month and year, and the words "Ship Letter Free" and must be stamped *red*.

9. All other letters or packets received from Seaward at any General Post Office, are to be stamped, if received by Ship, with the Ship Letter Bearing Stamp, and, if by a Government Steamer, with the Steam Letter Bearing Stamp. The former is a square Stamp, $1\frac{1}{2}$ inch in diameter, bearing the name of the General Post Office, the date of the month and year, and the words "Ship Letter Bearing." The latter is an octagonal Stamp of similar dimensions but with the words "Steam Letter Bearing." Both these Stamps must be stamped *black*.

10. At the several Stations where newspapers are published in India, Newspaper Stamps are provided, with which all newspapers received at such Stations for despatch, will be appropriately stamped* whether Free, Paid or Bearing, as the case may be, and the Postage paid or due, as the case may be, marked on the same, either by the Stamp or in writing.

* If "Free" or "Paid" *Red*.
If "Bearing" *Black*.

At the Offices of Delivery, where Newspaper Stamps may not be provided, Newspapers will be marked with the usual Office Stamp, in like manner as other Packets.

11. At General Post Offices, all Letters or Packets required to be delivered at the morning delivery, are to be marked with the A. M. Stamp in *black* ink, and those at the afternoon delivery, with the P. M. Stamp in *red* ink.

Published by order of the Right Honorable Governor General of India in Council.

(Signed) H. T. PRINSEP, *Sec. to Govt.*

Re-published by order of the Governor in Council.

ROBERT CLERK, *Sec. to Govt.*

ADDITIONAL FRANKING RULES.

Fort St. George, November 3, 1837.

The following Order of the Government of India, amending and modifying the Rules, for the management of the Post Office Department passed by the Right Honorable the Governor General of India in Council on the 30th of August last, is re-published for general information.

No. 80.

Fort William, General Department, the 11th October 1837.

With reference to the list of public Officers entitled to frank Letters, Packets and Parcels bona fide on the public service which is included in the Rules for the management of the Post Office Department, passed by the Right Honorable the Governor General of India in Council on the 30th of August last, The Right Honorable the Governor General of India in Council has been pleased so far to amend and modify the Rules therein contained respecting Commissioners of Circuit and Revenue and their Covenanted Assistants and the Register of the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut and Secretary to the Sudder Board of Revenue and to the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, as to provide that the Register of the Sudder Dewanny and Nizamat Adawlut and the Secretaries to the said Boards shall have power to nominate an uncovenanted Assistant in their Offices respectively to frank Official Letters sent to the Post Office with the Despatch-book of the Office, and the Post-Masters General being informed of the name of the Assistant so nominated shall cause Letters duly signed by them and entered in the Despatch-book of the Offices respectively to be transmitted free in like manner as if signed by the heads of the Offices. With respect to Commissioners of circuit and Revenue when there may be no Covenanted Assistant present with them or in charge of their Offices it shall be competent to the Commissioners to employ his Uncovenanted Assistant to frank the official covers of the office, notice being duly given to the nearest Post-Master and to the Post-Master-General. The Right Honorable the Governor General of India in Council further is pleased to direct the Assay Masters to be included amongst the Public Officers of List No. 1, instead of being required to forward their Official Letters through the Mint Master as ordered in List No. 3, and likewise to amend the following heads of List No 1. For "Agents Political or Agents to the Governor General," read "Agents Political or Agents to the Governor General and their Assistants," also political Officers on mission or in charge of Offices by whatever name designated. For "Residents at Foreign Courts," read "Residents at Foreign Courts and their Assistants."

The Governor General of India in Council further directs, that when there shall be a Superintendent of Police appointed to any Presidency or other Division of Territory, that Officer and his Assistants shall exercise the same privileges in the franking of Letters bona fide on the Public Service as Commissioners of Circuit and Land Revenue, and their Assistants respectively.

By order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council.

H. T. PRINSEP, *Secy. to Govt.*

Re-published by order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council.

ROBERT CLERK, *Secy to Govt.*

CORRESPONDENCE WITH MEMBERS OF THE HONORABLE COURT.

*Extract from a Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors.**Public Department, November 8, 1837.*

Para. 1. Instances having occurred, of letters addressed by parties in India, to the individual Members of our Court, being transmitted to this country by the Mediterranean Mails, under the impression that such letters are exempt from the duty of postage, it is necessary that we should apprise you, that the privilege of receiving letters so addressed, free of postage, does not attach to letters sent from the East Indies by packet, via Mediterranean; and we direct that you forthwith take the necessary measures for giving public notice thereof, throughout your Presidency.

2. You will however, clearly understand, that the privilege of franking enjoyed by individual Directors, and other public functionaries, so far as respects the Indian duties of postage, continues in full force.

CLOSING OF PACKETS.

Fort St. George, General Post Office, 6th November 1837.

With reference to the notice in the *Fort St. George Gazette* of 4th Nov. 1837, stating that a Black Ball will be hoisted at daylight on the day of a Ship's intended departure for Europe, the public are requested to take notice, that pursuant to the rules for the management of the Post Office Department, passed by the Governor General of India in Council on the 30th August last, Packets are to be closed on the evening preceding the day of the intended departure of the Vessel, and that after Packets will be made up on the intended day of departure, if time will admit.

The Black Ball will therefore be hoisted as before stated at daylight on the intended day of departure, and lowered every time an after Packet is closed.

W. R. TAYLOR, *Post Master General.*

REFUND OF POSTAGE.

Fort St. George, General Post Office, 8th March 1838.

Considerable inconvenience being experienced from persons requiring a refund of the postage, levied upon Letters which may not be forwarded to the parties to whom they may be addressed, in consequence of instructions from themselves to detain their letters until their arrival at the Presidency;—Notice is hereby given, that in future, whenever the postage shall have been charged and levied on letters delivered at the General Post Office, for the address of persons at Out-stations, no refund will be made to the writers or senders of such Letters, when they are detained by order of the parties to whom they may be addressed, for delivery at the Presidency.

W. R. TAYLOR, *Post Master General.*

BANGHY POSTAGE—ADDITIONAL RULES.

Fort St. George, April 24, 1838.

The following additional Post Office Rules are re-published for general information.

No. 29.

Fort William, General Department, the 28th March 1838.

In order to provide for the public convenience at Stations from, and to, or between which, a Banghy post has not yet been established, the President in Council, until further orders, authorizes Post Masters at such Out-stations to receive (as an act of indulgence to be exercised at their discretion) packets of reasonable weight at the ordinary banghy rates of Table 4, Schedule A, for despatch, by the letter post of any cross road on which a banghy post may not be established, or to the nearest station whence they can be conveyed by Banghy, provided that the party sending the same shall satisfy the Post Master that the packet contains no letter or writing, and provided that the mail be not thereby loaded above the maximum gross weight to be conveyed by a single runner, viz. 9 seers, or 18lbs.

Banghy parcels of moderate weight, received for transmission to places beyond a Banghy range, will in like manner be received at banghy rates for the whole distance. They will then be forwarded by banghy as far as such banghy post travels, and thence be sent on by letter post, should such transmission be possible without overloading the runners; otherwise their further transmission will be completed by means of extra Banghies to be hired for the purpose.

By order of the Honorable the President in Council.

H. T. PRINSEP, *Secy. to the Govt. of India.*

Re-published by order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council.

ROBERT CLERK, *Secy. to Govt.*

PACKETS CONTAINING PHIALS, &c.

Fort St. George, General Post Office, 2d July 1833.

Several representations having been made to this Department of Letters and Packets, transmitted by Dawk and Banghy, being saturated with oil or other liquid, from the breakage, in the carriage, of bottles, in consequence of their not being properly packed; it is hereby notified, that packages containing bottles, phials, &c. will not henceforth be received at this Office, unless they are properly secured in tin or wooden cases.

W. R. TAYLOR, *Post Master General.*

STEAM PARCELS.

The following rules for the transmission and levy of postage on parcels, by the Honorable Company's Steam Packets from Bombay, to and from Alexandria, are published for general information.

1. All parcels shipped from Bombay by the Red Sea Steamers, must be paid for in advance.
2. All parcels or packages must be distinctly addressed to the parties to whom they are to be delivered, and must not have any marks or numbers put on them.
3. All parcels received at Bombay by the Red Sea Steamers, must be paid for on delivery, and in addition to the rates herein mentioned, the authorized Bhanga Rates of Postage should be added on such as are forwarded to the interior.
4. No package to be larger than one man can conveniently handle, or to weigh more than forty pounds.
5. No parcel is to contain any goods or merchandize except samples.
6. No parcel is to contain letters, bills, or money.
7. Every parcel is to bear the name and address of the person for whose use it is intended.
8. No more packages will be received on board than can conveniently be stowed away in each vessel, and in no case is more than seven tons weight altogether to be received in any one of the Steam Packets.
9. Particulars of the contents must be sent with them in writing, without which they cannot be received or registered.
10. The amount of import and export duty on articles liable to entry in the Custom House must be paid over and above the charge for freight at the time the parcel, &c. is brought: any evasion of this rule to the prejudice of the Customs Revenue, will entail the penalties of the Custom laws.
11. The Government will not be responsible for any loss or damage.
12. The Post Master General shall have authority to open any parcel that he has reason to suspect, contains letters, bills, or money, or other contraband articles.

SCALE OF CHARGES FOR FREIGHT.

Size of Parcels,	Between Bombay and Egypt, that is Alexandria, Cairo, Suez, or Cosier.	
	Rups.	Annas
Not exceeding 400 cubic inches or 1 foot in length and 6 inches in breadth and depth.....	6	0
Not exceeding 1,000 cubic inches or 1 foot in length and 9 inches breadth and depth.....	9	0
Ditto ditto 1 cubic foot.....	12	8
Ditto ditto 1½ do. do.....	15	0
Ditto ditto 2 do. feet.....	17	8
All packages above 2 feet and not exceeding 3 feet.....	20	0
Above 3 feet, per cubic foot.....	6	0

E. M. Wood, Lieut. Col. Secy. to Govt.

Bombay Castle, 20th Nov. 1838.

SCHEDULE OF POSTAGE

to the undermentioned Stations framed upon the direct distances exhibited in the Polymetrical Tables A B & C.—From Madras.

Names of Post Office Stations.		Distance.	Postage on single Letter not exceeding one tola weight.		Postage on single Newspaper not exceeding 3½ tolas weight.		Banghy Postage on Books not exceeding 20 tolas weight.		Postage on single Banghy Parcel not exceeding 50 tolas weight.	
		Ms. Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.
A	Agra (or Bhurthpore)	1238	1	0	0	3	0	14	3	0
C	Ahmedabad	1050	0	15	0	3	0	12	2	13
C	Ahmednuggur	664	0	11	0	3	0	8	2	1
B	Ahtoor	186	0	5	0	2	0	3	0	15
A	Ajmere	1272	1	0	0	3	0	14	3	0
C	Akola	694	0	11	0	3	0	8	2	1
C	Akulcote † (Sholapore)	557	0	10	0	3	0	7	1	14
A	Akyab	1611	1	0	0	3	1	0	3	0
A	Allahabad	1151	0	15	0	3	0	13	2	13
B	Alleppee	470	0	9	0	3	0	6	1	11
A	Allyghur (or Coel)	1321	1	0	0	3	0	15	3	0
A	Allynuggur (or Mogulserai)	1139	0	15	0	3	0	13	2	13
A	Almorah (Kumaon)	1443	1	0	0	3	1	0	3	0
C	Amulnair	829	0	13	0	3	0	10	2	7
B	Anantapore	293	0	7	0	2	0	4	1	5
C	Anjunwel	656	0	11	0	3	0	8	2	1
A	Anopshuhur	1329	1	0	0	3	0	15	3	0
B	Arcot*	71	0	3	0	2	0	2	0	9
B	Arnee	81	0	3	0	2	0	2	0	9
A	Arrah (or Shahabad)	1367	1	0	0	3	0	15	3	0
B	Aska† (Berhampore)	707	0	12	0	3	0	9	2	4
C	Asseerghur (or Boorhampore)	779	0	12	0	3	0	9	2	4
B	Avanashy	289	0	7	0	2	0	4	1	5
B C	Aurangabad	690	0	11	0	3	0	8	2	1
A	Azimghur	1220	1	0	0	3	0	14	3	0
A	Backergunge	1246	1	0	0	3	0	14	3	0
A	Bair	1339	1	0	0	3	0	15	3	0
A C	Baitool	834	0	13	0	3	0	10	2	7
A	Balasore*	922	0	14	0	3	0	11	2	10
A	Bancoorah	1062	0	15	0	3	0	12	2	13
A	Banda	1102	0	15	0	3	0	13	2	13
B	Bangalore*	205	0	6	0	2	0	4	1	2
A	Baraset	1078	0	15	0	3	0	12	2	13
A	Bareilly*	1329	1	0	0	3	0	15	3	0
C	Baroda	997	0	14	0	3	0	11	2	10
A	Barrackpore	1079	0	15	0	3	0	12	2	13
C	Bassein	784	0	12	0	3	0	9	2	4
B	Bagapilly	218	0	6	0	2	0	4	1	2
A	Bagundee	1108	0	15	0	3	0	13	2	13
A	Beana	1292	1	0	0	3	0	14	3	0
A	Beauleah (or Rajeshaye)	1135	0	15	0	3	0	13	2	13
C	Bejapore	482	0	9	0	3	0	6	1	11
A	Beerbhoom (or Soory)	1118	0	15	0	3	0	13	2	13
C	Belgaum	519	0	10	0	3	0	7	1	14
B C	Bellary*	316	0	8	0	2	0	5	1	8
A	Benares	1151	0	15	0	3	0	13	2	13
A	Berhampore (or Moorshedabad)	1138	0	15	0	3	0	13	2	13
B	Berhampore (Ganjam)	682	0	11	0	3	0	8	2	1

Names of Post Office Stations.		Distance.	Postage on single Letter not exceeding one tola weight.		Postage on single News-paper not exceeding 3½ tolas weight.		Banghy Postage on Books not exceeding 20 tolas weight.		Postage on single Banghy Parcel not exceeding 50 tolas weight.		
		Ms.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	
A	Beawur	...	1287	1	0	0	3	0	14	3	0
B	Bezoarah*	...	275	0	7	0	2	0	4	1	5
A	Bhagulpore	...	1288	1	0	0	3	0	14	3	0
C	Bhewndy	...	774	0	12	0	3	0	9	2	4
A	Bhilsah	...	973	0	14	0	3	0	11	2	10
A	Bhoolooah (or Noncoffee)	...	1356	1	0	0	3	0	15	3	0
C	Bhooj (Cutch)	...	1281	1	0	0	3	0	14	3	0
C	Bhopawur	...	1095	0	15	0	3	0	12	2	13
A C	Bhopaul	...	944	0	14	0	3	0	11	2	10
B	Bimlipatam*	...	518	0	10	0	3	0	7	1	14
A	Bishnath (Upper Assam)	...	1647	1	0	0	3	1	0	3	0
A	Biznore	...	1420	1	0	0	3	1	0	3	0
A	Bogra	...	1266	1	0	0	3	0	14	3	0
A	Bogwangola	...	1375	1	0	0	3	0	15	3	0
B	Bolarum (Hyderabad)	...	408	0	9	0	3	0	6	1	11
A B C	Bombay*	...	763	0	12	0	3	0	9	2	4
A	Bolundshuhur	...	1335	1	0	0	3	0	15	3	0
A	Boultohy	...	1186	0	15	0	3	0	13	2	13
C	Broach	...	927	0	14	0	3	0	11	2	10
A	Bagwah	...	1352	1	0	0	3	0	15	3	0
A	Burdwan	...	1066	0	15	0	3	0	12	2	13
A	Burkaghur	...	1256	1	0	0	3	0	14	3	0
A	Burkee	...	1224	1	0	0	3	0	14	3	0
A	Buxar	...	1222	1	0	0	3	0	14	3	0
A	Cachar	...	1461	1	0	0	3	1	0	3	0
A B C	Calcutta*	...	1062	0	15	0	3	0	12	2	13
B	Calicut (Malabar)	...	418	0	9	0	3	0	6	1	11
B	Calimere Point	...	224	0	6	0	2	0	4	1	2
C	Callian	...	760	0	12	0	3	0	9	2	4
A	Calpee	...	1168	0	15	0	3	0	13	2	13
B	Cannanore*	...	419	0	9	0	3	0	6	1	11
B	Carangoly*	...	49	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	6
B	Caroor	...	258	0	7	0	2	0	4	1	5
A	Cashepore	...	1418	1	0	0	3	1	0	3	0
A	Cawnpore	...	1200	0	15	0	3	0	13	2	13
A	Chandernagore	...	1085	0	15	0	3	0	12	2	13
C	Chandore	...	798	0	12	0	3	0	9	2	4
B	Chetwee	...	406	0	9	0	3	0	6	1	11
B	Chicacole*	...	567	0	10	0	3	0	7	1	14
B	Chingleput*	...	36	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	6
A	Chirra Poonjee	...	1423	1	0	0	3	1	0	3	0
A	Chittagong	...	1405	1	0	0	3	1	0	3	0
B	Chittledroog	...	343	0	8	0	2	0	5	1	8
B	Chittoor (North Arcot)	...	96	0	3	0	2	0	2	0	9
A	Chunar	...	1146	0	15	0	3	0	13	2	13
A	Chundpore	...	1259	1	0	0	3	0	14	3	0
A	Ghuprah (or Sarum)	...	1291	1	0	0	3	0	14	3	0
A	Chutterpore	...	1071	0	15	0	3	0	12	2	13
B	Cochin	...	437	0	9	0	3	0	6	1	11
B	Coimbatore	...	315	0	8	0	2	0	5	1	8
A	Colgong	...	1270	1	0	0	3	0	14	3	0

Names of Post Office Stations.		Distance.	Postage on single Letter not exceeding one tola weight.		Postage on single Newspaper not exceeding 5½ tolas weight.		Banghy Postage on Books not exceeding 20 tolas weight.		Postage on single Banghy Parcel not exceeding 50 tolas weight.	
		Ms.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.
B	Combaconum*	...	187	0	5	0	2	0	3	0
A	Comercolly	...	1197	0	15	0	3	0	13	2
B	Condapilly	...	285	0	7	0	2	0	4	1
B	Conjeveram	...	46	0	2	0	2	0	2	0
A	Contai (Hidgelee)	...	980	0	14	0	3	0	11	2
A	Coochbehar	...	1362	1	0	0	3	0	15	3
A	Coomreah	...	1196	0	15	0	3	0	13	2
B	Cotampatty*	...	259	0	7	0	2	0	4	1
B	Cotapuramba*	...	400	0	8	0	2	0	5	1
B	Cotyam† (Alleppee)	...	490	0	9	0	3	0	6	1
B	Covilputty*	...	236	0	6	0	2	0	4	1
B	Cuddalore (South Arcot)	...	110	0	4	0	2	0	3	0
B	Cuddapah*	...	166	0	5	0	2	0	3	0
A	Culnah	...	1122	0	15	0	3	0	13	2
A	Culneah	...	1181	0	15	0	3	0	13	2
B	Cumbum	...	223	0	6	0	2	0	4	1
A	Cuttack*	...	815	0	13	0	3	0	10	2
A	Dacca	...	1250	1	0	0	3	0	14	3
C	Damaun	...	861	0	13	0	3	0	10	2
C	Dapoolce	...	622	0	11	0	3	0	8	2
A	Darjeling† (Dinajepore)	...	1373	1	0	0	3	0	15	3
C	Deesa	...	1147	0	15	0	3	0	13	2
C	Delhi	...	1372	1	0	0	3	0	15	3
A	Deyrah Dhoon	...	1492	1	0	0	3	1	0	3
B	Dhunoor	...	424	0	9	0	3	0	6	1
B	Dharwar	...	468	0	9	0	3	0	6	1
C	Dhooliah (Khandeish)	...	806	0	13	0	3	0	10	2
A	Dhumow	...	975	0	14	0	3	0	11	2
A	Diamond Harbour	...	1028	0	15	0	3	0	12	2
A	Dinajepore	...	1289	1	0	0	3	0	14	3
A	Dinapore	...	1337	1	0	0	3	0	15	3
B	Dindigul	...	270	0	7	0	2	0	4	1
A	Dum Dum	...	1071	0	15	0	3	0	12	2
C	Ellichpoor	...	736	0	12	0	3	0	9	2
B	Ellore*	...	315	0	8	0	2	0	5	1
B	Errode	...	253	0	7	0	2	0	4	1
A	Eta	...	1319	1	0	0	3	0	15	3
A	Etawah	...	1221	1	0	0	3	0	14	3
A	Furreedpore	...	1194	0	15	0	3	0	13	2
A	Futtyghur (or Furruckabad)	...	1252	1	0	0	3	0	14	3
A	Futtypore	...	1157	0	15	0	3	0	13	2
A	Ganjam*	...	699	0	11	0	3	0	8	2
A	Ghazeepore	...	1209	1	0	0	3	0	14	3
B	Goat†	...	573	0	10	0	3	0	7	1
A	Goorgong	...	1396	1	0	0	3	0	15	3
B	Goaty*	...	262	0	7	0	2	0	4	1
B	Gopaulpore*	...	689	0	11	0	3	0	8	2
A	Goruckpore	...	1273	1	0	0	3	0	14	3
A	Gowahatty (Lower Assam)	...	1522	1	0	0	3	1	0	3
A	Gowalparah	...	1445	1	0	0	3	1	0	3
B	Gunga Khair	...	570	0	10	0	3	0	7	1
B	Guntoor*	...	255	0	7	0	2	0	4	1

Names of Post Office Stations.		Distance.	Postage on single Letter not exceeding one tola weight.		Postage on single News-paper not exceeding 3½ tolas weight.		Bangly Postage on Books not exceeding 20 tolas weight.		Postage on single Bangly Parcel not exceeding 50 tolas weight.	
		Ms.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.
A	Guthal	1096	0	15	0	3	0	12	2	13
A	Gwalior	1164	0	15	0	3	0	13	2	13
A	Gya	1270	1	0	0	3	0	14	3	0
A	Hameerpore	1142	0	15	0	3	0	13	2	13
A	Hansi	1476	1	0	0	3	1	0	3	0
B	Harroor	177	0	5	0	2	0	3	0	15
A	Hauper	1358	1	0	0	3	0	15	3	0
A	Hazareebagh	1200	0	15	0	3	0	13	2	13
A	Heerapore	1014	0	15	0	3	0	12	2	13
B C	Hingolee	608	0	11	0	3	0	8	2	1
A	Hissar	1496	1	0	0	3	1	0	3	0
A	Hooghly (or Chinsurah)	1098	0	15	0	3	0	12	2	13
B C	Honore	546	0	10	0	3	0	7	1	14
B	Hospett (or Beejanuggur)	355	0	8	0	2	0	5	1	8
B C	Hurrybur	393	0	8	0	2	0	5	1	8
C	Hursole	1053	0	15	0	3	0	12	2	13
A C	Hussingabad	900	0	13	0	3	0	10	2	7
A	Huttah	997	0	14	0	3	0	11	2	10
ABC	Hyderabad*	398	0	8	0	2	0	5	1	8
B	Incollo*	215	0	6	0	2	0	4	1	2
A	Inchura	1192	0	15	0	3	0	13	2	13
A C	Indore	975	0	14	0	3	0	11	2	10
B	Ingeram (or Coringa or Yanam)	412	0	9	0	3	0	6	1	11
A	Jansi	1001	0	15	0	3	0	12	2	13
B C	Jaulnah	651	0	11	0	3	0	8	2	1
A	Jaunpore	1168	0	15	0	3	0	13	2	13
A	Jeagunge (Moorshedabad)	1145	0	15	0	3	0	13	2	13
A	Jelalabad	1275	1	0	0	3	0	14	3	0
A	Jelasore*	951	0	14	0	3	0	11	2	10
A	Jessore	1141	0	15	0	3	0	13	2	13
A	Jeypoor	1340	1	0	0	3	0	15	3	0
A	Jorehaut (or Moghur)	1747	1	0	0	3	1	0	3	0
A	Jotepore (or Khatcarinja)	1095	0	15	0	3	0	12	2	13
A	Jubbulpore	879	0	13	0	3	0	10	2	7
B	Juggumpet*	398	0	8	0	2	0	5	1	8
A	Jumalpoore	1321	1	0	0	3	0	15	3	0
C	Kaira	1029	0	15	0	3	0	12	2	13
B C	Kaludghee	453	0	9	0	3	0	6	1	11
A B	Kamptee	722	0	12	0	3	0	9	2	4
B	Karical	175	0	5	0	2	0	3	0	15
A	Kodgeres	994	0	14	0	3	0	11	2	10
B	Keranoor	159	0	5	0	2	0	3	0	15
A	Keerpoy	1025	0	15	0	3	0	12	2	13
C	Khandala*	709	0	12	0	3	0	9	2	4
A	Khasgunj	1368	1	0	0	3	0	15	3	0
A	Khosalpore	1144	0	15	0	3	0	13	2	13
A	Khyouk Phyyoo	1711	1	0	0	3	1	0	3	0
B	Kimedy	670	0	11	0	3	0	8	2	1
B	Kircumbady*	82	0	3	0	2	0	2	0	9
C	Kirkee*	670	0	11	0	3	0	8	2	1
A	Kishore Saugor	1186	0	15	0	3	0	13	2	13

Names of Post Office Stations.		Distance.	Postage on single Letter not exceeding one tola weight.		Postage on Single News-paper not exceeding 3½ tolas weight.		Banghy Postage on Books not exceeding 20 tolas weight.		Postage on single Banghy Parcel not exceeding 50 tolas weight.	
		Ms.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.
A	Kootah	1161	0	15	0	3	0	13	2	13
B	Kotirghery	325	0	8	0	2	0	5	1	8
C	Kuucir	734	0	12	0	3	0	9	2	4
C	Kurar	640	0	11	0	3	0	8	2	1
A	Kurnal	1477	1	0	0	3	1	0	3	0
B	Kurnool	289	0	7	0	2	0	4	1	5
A	Landour (or Mussooree)	1505	1	0	0	3	1	0	3	0
A	Loodianah	1602	1	0	0	3	1	0	3	0
A	Lohooghat (Almorah)	1497	1	0	0	3	1	0	3	0
A	Luckeepore	1379	1	0	0	3	0	15	3	0
A	Lucknow	1253	1	0	0	3	0	14	3	0
B	Madapollum	365	0	8	0	2	0	5	1	8
A B C	Madras†	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	6
B	Madura*	292	0	7	0	2	0	4	1	5
B	Mahabeshwur (or Malcolmpet)	639	0	11	0	3	0	8	2	1
A	Mahidpore	1033	0	15	0	3	0	12	2	13
A	Maldah	1211	1	0	0	3	0	14	3	0
C	Malwan	616	0	11	0	3	0	8	2	1
B	Mangalore (Canara)	436	0	9	0	3	0	6	1	11
B	Manantoddy*	362	0	8	0	2	0	5	1	8
B	Masulipatam*	322	0	8	0	2	0	5	1	8
A	Maunbhoom	1090	0	15	0	3	0	12	2	13
A	Meerut	1405	1	0	0	3	1	0	3	0
B	Mercara (or Coorg)	372	0	8	0	2	0	5	1	8
C	Mhar	655	0	11	0	3	0	8	2	1
A C	Mhow	961	0	14	0	3	0	11	2	10
A	Midnapore	994	0	14	0	3	0	11	2	10
A	Mirzapore	1124	0	15	0	3	0	13	2	13
A	Mithencote† (Loodianah)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
B C	Mominabad (or Ambajogee)	551	0	10	0	3	0	7	1	14
B	Moonegalah*	350	0	8	0	2	0	5	1	8
A	Monghyr	1324	1	0	0	3	0	15	3	0
A	Moradabad	1388	1	0	0	3	0	15	3	0
B	Moloopolium	314	0	8	0	2	0	5	1	8
A	Mozufernuggur	1441	1	0	0	3	1	0	3	0
B	Moosloor	349	0	8	0	2	0	5	1	8
A	Mow (Bundlecund)	1111	0	15	0	3	0	13	2	13
B	Muctul	349	0	8	0	2	0	5	1	8
C	Mulligaum	774	0	12	0	3	0	9	2	4
A	Mundleysir	858	0	13	0	3	0	10	2	7
A	Munipore	1557	1	0	0	3	1	0	3	0
A	Muttra	1301	1	0	0	3	0	15	3	0
A	Mymunsing.	1348	1	0	0	3	0	15	3	0
A	Mynpoory	1285	1	0	0	3	0	14	3	0
B	Mysore*	290	0	7	0	2	0	4	1	5
B	Nacricul*	329	0	8	0	2	0	5	1	8
B	Nagercoil	438	0	9	0	3	0	6	1	11
B	Nagery*	56	0	3	0	2	0	2	0	9
B	Nagore	182	0	5	0	2	0	3	0	15
A B C	Nagpore	713	0	12	0	3	0	9	2	4

† For delivery at Madras within the ordinary range of delivery.

Names of Post Office Stations.

		Distance.	Postage on single Letter not exceeding one tola weight.	Postage on single Newspaper not exceeding 3½ tolas weight.	Baughly Postage on Books not exceeding 20 tolas weight.	Postage on single Baughly Parcel not exceeding 50 tolas weight.
		Ms. Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.
B	Naidopet*	... 70	0 3 0	2 0 0	2 0 0	9
A	Nalchitty	... 1236	1 0 0	3 0 0	14 3 0	0
C	Nassick	... 762	0 2 0	3 0 0	9 2 4	
A C	Neemuch (Meywar)	... 1119	0 15 0	3 0 0	13 2 13	
B	Neerul	... 630	0 10 0	3 0 0	7 1 14	
B	Negapatam	... 187	0 5 0	2 0 0	3 0 15	
B	Nellore*	... 111	0 4 0	2 0 0	3 0 12	
A	Nepaul (or Katamandhoo)	... 1470	1 0 0	3 1 0	3 0 0	
B	Nerambauk *	... 19	0 1 0	1 0 0	2 0 6	
A	Nowagong (Assam)	... 1694	1 0 0	3 1 0	3 0 0	
B	Nowgaum	... 732	0 12 0	3 0 0	9 2 4	
A	Nubhenugur	... 1310	1 0 0	3 0 0	15 3 0	
A	Nuddea (or Kishnagar)	... 1114	0 15 0	3 0 0	18 2 13	
A	Nujeeabad	... 1444	1 0 0	3 1 0	3 0 0	
B	Nundedroog	... 196	0 5 0	2 0 0	3 0 15	
A	Nursingpore (or Gurruwara)	... 877	0 13 0	3 0 0	10 2 7	
A	Nusserabad (Rajpootana)	... 1255	1 0 0	3 0 0	14 3 0	
A	Nyasurai	... 1138	0 15 0	3 0 0	13 2 13	
B	Ongole*	... 189	0 5 0	2 0 0	3 0 15	
A C	Odeypore	... 1200	0 15 0	3 0 0	13 2 13	
A	Oojein	... 1009	0 15 0	3 0 0	12 2 13	
B	Oolundorpet	... 131	0 4 0	2 0 0	3 0 12	
B C	Oomrawutee	... 720	0 12 0	3 0 0	9 2 4	
A	Oorungabad (Rajmahal)	... 1180	0 15 0	3 0 0	13 2 13	
B	Oosoor	... 200	0 5 0	2 0 0	3 0 15	
B	Ootacamund (or Neilgherries)	... 338	0 8 0	2 0 0	5 1 8	
C	Padigaum*	... 629	0 11 0	3 0 0	8 2 1	
C	Palunpore	... 1165	0 15 0	3 0 0	13 2 13	
B	Palamcottta (or Tinnevely)	... 390	0 8 0	2 0 0	5 1 8	
B	Palaveram	... 11	0 1 0	1 0 0	2 0 6	
A	Paniput	... 1428	1 0 0	3 1 0	3 0 0	
C	Panwell*	... 741	0 12 0	3 0 0	9 2 4	
A	Patna	... 1299	1 0 0	3 0 0	14 3 0	
B	Palghaut	... 346	0 8 0	2 0 0	5 1 8	
B	Payakerowpet*	... 436	0 9 0	3 0 0	6 1 11	
A	Pelibeet	... 1364	1 0 0	3 0 0	15 3 0	
C	Penn	... 716	0 12 0	3 0 0	9 2 4	
B	Periapatam	... 324	0 8 0	2 0 0	5 1 8	
A	Pertabghur	... 1151	0 15 0	3 0 0	13 2 13	
A	Petoraghur	... 1525	1 0 0	3 1 0	3 0 0	
B	Pondigul	... 286	0 7 0	2 0 0	4 1 5	
B	Pondicherry*	... 98	0 3 0	2 0 0	2 0 9	
B	Poniany	... 404	0 9 0	3 0 0	6 1 11	
C	Poonah*	... 667	0 11 0	3 0 0	8 2 1	
B	Poonamallee*	... 12	0 1 0	1 0 0	2 0 6	
B	Poondy*	... 624	0 11 0	3 0 0	8 2 1	
A	Poorce (or Juggernaut)*	... 766	0 12 0	3 0 0	9 2 4	
A	Poosa† (Tirhoot)	... 1363	1 0 0	3 0 0	15 3 0	
B	Porto Novo*	... 129	0 4 0	2 0 0	3 0 12	
A	Pubna	... 1210	1 0 0	3 0 0	14 3 0	
B	Pulicat	... 36	0 2 0	2 0 0	2 0 6	
C	Punderpore*	... 549	0 10 0	3 0 0	7 1 14	

Names of Post Office Stations.		Distance.	Postage on single Letter not exceeding one tola weight.		Postage on single News paper not exceeding 3½ tolas weight.		Banghy Postage on Books not exceeding 20 tolas weight.		Postage on single Banghy Parcel not exceeding 50 tolas weight.		
			Ms.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.
A	Purnea	...	1302	1	0	0	3	0	15	3	0
A	Puttihat	...	1391	1	0	0	3	0	15	3	0
A	Putealee (or Sirpoorah)	...	1321	1	0	0	3	0	15	3	0
B	Quilon (or Travancore)	...	454	0	9	0	3	0	6	1	11
B	Ragapore † (Ellore)	...	350	0	8	0	2	0	5	1	8
B	Rajahmundry	...	373	0	8	0	2	0	5	1	8
C	Rajcote (Kattywar)	...	1153	0	15	0	3	0	13	2	13
A	Rajmahal	...	1216	1	0	0	3	0	14	3	0
B	Ramapatam*	...	157	0	5	0	2	0	3	0	15
B	Ramnad	...	331	0	8	0	2	0	5	1	8
A	Ramree	...	1761	1	0	0	3	1	0	3	0
A	Rewah	...	1019	0	15	0	3	0	12	2	13
A	Rewarry	...	1436	1	0	0	3	1	0	3	0
A	Rhotuck	...	1422	1	0	0	3	1	0	3	0
A	Rogonatapore	...	1097	0	15	0	3	0	12	2	13
A	Roodurpore	...	385	1	0	0	3	0	15	3	0
B	Royacotta	...	179	0	5	0	2	0	3	0	15
A	Rungpore	...	1322	1	0	0	3	0	15	3	0
C	Rutnagherry (South Concan)	...	690	0	11	0	2	0	8	2	1
A	Ryepore	...	893	0	13	0	3	0	10	2	7
B	Sadras	...	58	0	3	0	2	0	2	0	9
A	Saharanpore	...	1477	1	0	0	3	1	0	3	0
A	Sahaswan	...	1386	1	0	0	3	0	15	3	0
B	St. Thomas' Mount*	...	8	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	6
B	Salem	...	217	0	6	0	2	0	4	1	2
A	Sambur	...	1309	1	0	0	3	0	15	3	0
B	Samulcottah	...	404	0	9	0	3	0	6	1	11
A	Sandoway	...	1811	1	0	0	3	1	0	3	0
A	Santepore	...	1122	0	15	0	3	0	13	2	13
A	Sarungpoor	...	1026	0	15	0	3	0	12	2	13
A	Sasseram	...	1197	0	15	0	3	0	13	2	13
A	Saugor	...	964	0	14	0	3	0	11	2	10
B	Secunderabad*	...	398	0	8	0	2	0	5	1	8
B	Sedashagur	...	604	0	11	0	3	0	8	2	1
B	Serah	...	289	0	7	0	2	0	4	1	5
A	Setapore	...	1305	1	0	0	3	0	15	3	0
A	Sehore	...	966	0	14	0	3	0	11	2	10
A	Seepree	...	1085	0	15	0	3	0	12	2	13
A	Seonie	...	791	0	12	0	3	0	9	2	4
A	Serampore	...	1081	0	15	0	3	0	12	2	13
B	Seringapatam*	...	281	0	7	0	2	0	4	1	5
C	Seroor	...	661	0	11	0	3	0	8	2	1
A C	Serowie	...	1243	1	0	0	3	0	14	3	0
C	Severndroog	...	634	0	11	0	3	0	8	2	1
A	Shahzadpore	...	1187	0	15	0	3	0	13	2	13
A	Shahjehanpore.	...	1320	1	0	0	3	0	15	3	0
B	Sheally*	...	150	0	4	0	2	0	3	0	12
A	Shergotty	...	1258	1	0	0	3	0	14	3	0
A	Shekohabad	...	1257	1	0	0	3	0	14	3	0
B C	Sholapore	...	534	0	10	0	3	0	7	1	14
A	Sigouly	...	1373	1	0	0	3	0	15	3	0

Names of Post Office Stations.		Distance.	Postage on Single Letter not exceeding one tola weight.			Postage on Single Newspaper not exceeding 3½ tolas weight.			Banghy Postage on Books not exceeding 20 tolas weight.			Postage on single Banghy Parcel not exceeding 50 tolas weight.		
			Ms.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	
A	Sirdhanah † (Meerut)	...	1417	1	0	0	3	1	0	3	0	3	0	
A	Simlah (Himalayah)	...	1601	1	0	0	3	1	0	3	0	3	0	
C	Sittarah	...	609	0	11	0	3	0	8	2	1			
A	Soomoondergore	...	1132	0	15	0	3	0	13	2	13			
A	Soorool	...	1100	0	15	0	3	0	12	2	13			
A	Subatoo	...	1577	1	0	0	3	1	0	3	0	3	0	
A	Sukree Gully	...	1233	1	0	0	3	0	14	3	0			
A	Sultangunj	...	1306	1	0	0	3	0	15	3	0			
A	Sultanpore (Benares)	...	1149	0	15	0	3	0	13	2	13			
A	Sultanpore (Oude)	...	1228	1	0	0	3	0	14	3	0			
A	Sumbulpore	...	1081	0	15	0	3	0	12	2	13			
C	Surat	...	867	0	13	0	3	0	10	2	7			
A	Surdah	...	1147	0	15	0	3	0	13	2	13			
A	Sylhet	...	1395	1	0	0	3	0	15	3	0			
B	Tanjore*	...	212	0	6	0	2	0	4	1	2			
C	Tannah (North Concan)	...	764	0	12	0	3	0	9	2	4			
B	Tarputry*	...	230	0	6	0	2	0	4	1	2			
B	Tellicherry (or Mahe)	...	411	0	9	0	3	0	6	1	11			
A	Tezporo	...	1614	1	0	0	3	1	0	3	0			
B	Tindevanum*	...	77	0	3	0	2	0	2	0	9			
A	Tippera (Comillah)	...	1306	1	0	0	3	0	15	3	0			
A	Tirhoot (Moozufferpore)	...	1342	1	0	0	3	0	15	3	0			
B	Tranquebar	...	168	0	5	0	2	0	3	0	15			
B	Tripassore*	...	30	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	6			
B	Trichinopoly*	...	209	0	6	0	2	0	4	1	2			
B	Trivandrum	...	481	0	9	0	3	0	6	1	11			
C	Tulleh	...	672	0	11	0	3	0	8	2	1			
A	Tumlook	...	1034	0	15	0	3	0	12	2	13			
B	Tuticoreen	...	424	0	9	0	3	0	6	1	11			
B	Vaniumbaddy	...	130	0	4	0	2	0	3	0	12			
B	Vellore	...	86	0	3	0	2	0	2	0	9			
R	Vencatagherry*	...	132	0	4	0	2	0	3	0	12			
C	Vingorla*	...	593	0	10	0	3	0	7	1	14			
B	Verdooputty*	...	328	0	8	0	2	0	5	1	8			
B	Vizagapatam*	...	501	0	10	0	3	0	7	1	14			
C	Viziadreog	...	737	0	12	0	3	0	9	2	4			
B	Vizianagram	...	523	0	10	0	3	0	7	1	14			
B	Wallajabad	...	38	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	6			
A	Umballa	...	1532	1	0	0	3	1	0	3	0			
A	Undul † (Bancoorah)	...	1088	0	15	0	3	0	12	2	13			
B	Yelwall	...	293	0	7	0	2	0	4	1	5			
<i>Stations in the Island of Ceylon.</i>														
B	Candy	...	576	0	10	0	3	0	7	1	14			
B	Colombo	...	504	0	10	0	3	0	7	1	14			
B	Galle (Point de)	...	576	0	10	0	3	0	7	1	14			
B	Nuwera Elia	...	576	0	10	0	3	0	7	1	14			
B	Trineomalae	...	426	0	9	0	3	0	6	1	11			

NOTE.—The mark † affixed to any name denotes that there is no Post Office at that Station; Letters must therefore be sent to the nearest Post Office which is mentioned under parenthesis.

The mark * denotes places to which the Banghy Post is established.

Acts of the Legislative Council,

PASSED IN THE YEAR 1838.

ACT No. I.—*Passed on the 3d January 1838.*

L. It is hereby enacted, that from the 1st February, 1838, all Regulations of the Bombay Code passed before the year 1827 and now in force, with the exception of Sections I., II., and III., Regulation VI., 1799, and of Clause 2, Section VII., Regulation IX., 1800, and of Sections XIV., XV., XX., XXI., and XXV., Regulation I., of 1805, and of the whole of Regulations II., 1810, and VI., 1814, shall be repealed.

II. And it is hereby enacted, that Chapters I., II., IV., VI., VIII., and IX., of Regulation XX., 1827 of the said Code, together with the Appendices A, B, C, E, H, I, J, K, of that Regulation, also Regulation II., 1831, Regulation XIII., 1831, Regulation I., 1832, Regulation IV., 1833, and Regulation IV., 1834 of the said Code, and all such parts of any Regulations of the said Code as prescribe the levy of Transit or Inland Custom Duties, or as require the payment of any fee whatever on account of any vessel which may enter any port in the territories subject to the Bombay Presidency, and likewise the provisions of any kind contained in those or in any other Regulations, for fixing the amount of duty to be levied on goods imported or exported by Sea at any place within the limits of the Bombay Presidency, or the drawback payable on the same, shall be repealed. And it is further enacted, that Act No. II. of 1836 shall likewise be repealed, except in so far as it repeals any Regulation of the Bombay Code.

III. Provided always, that nothing contained in the two preceding Sections of this Act shall be construed to prevent the levy of any Town Duty, or of any Municipal tax, or of any toll on any bridge, road, canal, or causeway, for repair and maintenance of the same; or of any fee for the erection and maintenance of light houses.

IV. And it is hereby enacted, that Duties of Customs shall be levied on goods imported by Sea into any place in the territories subordinate to the Government of the Presidency of Bombay, after the said 1st February next, according to the rates specified in Schedule A annexed to this Act, and with the exceptions specified therein, and the said Schedule with the Notes attached thereto shall be taken to be a part of this Act.

V. And it is hereby further enacted, the Duties of Customs shall be levied upon Country goods exported by Sea from any ports of the Bombay Presidency after the said 1st February next, according to the rates specified in Schedule B annexed to this Act, with the exceptions therein specified, and the said Schedule with the Notes attached thereto shall also be taken to be a part of this Act.

VI. Provided, however, that the ships of any European Nation having firman privileges in the port of Surat, shall not be subject to further duties of import or export than may be prescribed by their firmans respectively, any thing in the Schedules, or in this Act, notwithstanding.

VII. And it is hereby enacted, that Duties of Customs shall be levied on Goods passing by land into or out of Foreign European Settlements, situated on the line of coast within the limits of the Presidency of Bombay, at the rates prescribed in the Schedules of this Act, for goods imported or exported on Foreign bottoms at any British port in that Presidency.

VIII. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council of the Presidency of Bombay to declare by notice to be published in the Gazette of that Presidency, that the territory of any Native Chief, not subject to the jurisdiction of the Courts and Civil Authorities of that Presidency, shall be deemed to be foreign territory, and to declare goods passing into or out of such territory liable either to the duty fixed for British or for Foreign bottoms, as the said Governor in Council may think fit.

IX. And it is hereby enacted, that for the levy of Duties of Customs as above provided on goods exported by land to, or imported by land from, such Foreign territories, Customs' Chokees may be established at such places as may be determined by the said Governor in Council, and every Officer at every such Chokee shall have power to detain goods passing into or out of any such Foreign territory, and to examine and ascertain the quantities and kinds thereof; and such goods shall not be allowed to pass across the frontier line out of or into the territory of the East India Company, until the owner or person, in charge thereof shall produce and deliver a certificate shewing that the Customs' duty leviable thereupon has been paid in full.

X. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be lawful for the said Governor in Council to appoint such Officers as he may think fit to receive money on account of Customs' duties, and grant certificates of the payment thereof, and that such a certi-

ificate being delivered to any Chokey Officer shall entitle goods to cross the frontier into or out of the East India Company's territories, provided that the goods correspond in description with the specification thereof contained in such certificate, and that the certificate shew the entire amount of duty leviable on those goods to have been duly paid; and if upon examination the goods brought to any Chokey be found not to correspond with the specification entered in the certificate presented with the same, the difference shall be noted on the face of the certificate, and if the payment of duty certified therein shall not cover the entire amount of duty leviable on the goods, as ascertained at such examination, the goods shall be detained until a further certificate for the difference shall be produced.

XI. And it is hereby enacted, that the said Governor in Council shall give public notice in the Official Gazette of the Presidency of Bombay of the appointment of every Officer appointed to receive Customs' duties on goods crossing the land frontier of the said Foreign territories, and the Officers so appointed shall on receipt of money tendered as Customs duty be bound to give to any merchant or other person applying for the same a certificate of payment, and to enter therein the specification of goods with the values and description thereof according to the statement furnished by the person so applying, provided only that the proper duty leviable thereupon, according to the descriptions and values stated, be covered by the payment made.

XII. And it is hereby enacted, that no certificate shall be received at any Chokey that shall bear date more than thirty days before the date when the goods arrive at the Chokey. Provided, however, that any person who has taken out a certificate from any authorized receiver of Customs duties, shall at any time within the said period of thirty days, on satisfying such receiver that such certificate has not been used, and on delivering up the original, be entitled to receive a renewed certificate, with a fresh date, without further payment of duty.

XIII. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be lawful for the said Governor in Council to prescribe by public notice in the Official Gazette of the Presidency of Bombay by what routes goods shall be allowed to pass into or out of any such Foreign territory, as is described in Sections VII. and VIII. of this Act; and after such notice shall be given, goods which may be brought to any Chokey established on other routes or passes than those so prescribed, shall, if provided with a certificate, be sent back, and if not provided with a certificate, shall be detained, and shall be liable to confiscation by the Collector of Customs, unless the person in charge thereof shall be able to satisfy the said Collector that his carrying them by that route was from ignorance or accident.

XIV. And it is hereby enacted, that goods which may be passed, or which an attempt may be made to pass across any frontier guarded by Chokees between sunset and sunrise, or in a clandestine manner, shall be seized and confiscated.

XV. And it is hereby enacted, that any Chokey Officer who shall permit goods to pass across the frontier when not covered by a sufficient certificate, or who shall permit goods to pass by any prohibited route, shall be liable, on conviction before the Collector of Customs, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, and to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees, commutable if not paid to imprisonment for a further period of six months.

XVI. And it is hereby enacted, that if any Chokey Officer shall needlessly and vexatiously injure goods under the pretence of examination, or in the course of his examination, or who shall wrongfully detain goods for which there shall be produced a sufficient certificate, such Officer shall, on conviction before the Collector of Customs, or before any Magistrate or Joint Magistrate, be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, and to fine not exceeding five hundred rupees, commutable if not paid to imprisonment for a further period of six months.

XVII. And it is hereby enacted, that all goods imported by Sea into any port of the Presidency of Bombay from any Foreign European Settlement in India, or from any Native State, the Inland trade of which has been declared by the Governor in Council of the Presidency of Bombay, under Section VIII. of this Regulation, to be subject to the duties levied on Foreign bottoms, shall be liable to the same duties as are imposed by Schedule A on imports on Foreign bottoms.

XVIII. And it is hereby enacted, that no goods whatsoever entered in either of the Schedules of this Act, as liable to duty, shall be exempted from the payment of such duty or of any part thereof, except under special order from the Governor in Council of the Presidency of Bombay. Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful for the Collector of Customs, or other Officer in charge of a Custom House, to pass free of duty any baggage in actual use at his discretion; and if any person shall apply to have goods passed as such baggage, the Collector, acting under the orders of the Government, shall determine whether they be baggage in actual use, or goods subject to duty under the provisions of this Act.

XIX. Provided always, that when goods are imported at any port of the Bombay Presidency from any other port in that Presidency under certificate that the

export duty specified in Schedule B has been duly paid thereon, or that there has been a re-export, and that the Import duty specified in Schedule A has been duly paid, the said goods shall be admitted to free entry.

XX. Provided also, that when duties of Customs shall have been paid on any goods at any port in any part of the territories of the East India Company not subject to the Presidency of Bombay, and when such goods shall subsequently be imported at any port of the Presidency of Bombay, credit shall be given at such last mentioned port for the sum that may be proved by the production of due certificates to have been so paid.

XXI. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council of the Presidency of Bombay, from time to time, by notice in the Official Gazette of that Presidency, to fix a value for any article or number of articles liable to *ad valorem* duty, and the value so fixed for such articles shall, till altered by a similar notice, be taken to be the value of such articles for the purpose of levying duty on the same.

XXII. And it is hereby enacted, that when goods liable to duty, for which a value has not been fixed by such a notice as is above directed, or for which a fixed duty has not been declared by the Schedules annexed to this Act, are brought to any Custom House in the Presidency of Bombay, for the purpose of being passed for importation or exportation, the duty leviable on such goods shall be levied *ad valorem*, that is to say, according to the market value of such goods at the place and time of importation or exportation as the case may be.

XXIII. And it is hereby enacted, that the market value for assessment of duties on *ad valorem* goods shall be declared by the owner, consignee or exporter, or by the agent or factor for any of these respectively, upon the face of the application to be given in by him in writing for the passing of the goods through the Custom House; and the value so declared shall include the packages or materials in which the goods are contained, and the application shall truly set forth the name of the ship in which the goods have been imported or are to be exported, the name of the master of the said ship, the colours under which the said ship sails, the number, description, marks, and contents of the packages, and the Country in which the goods were produced.

XXIV. And it is hereby enacted, that every such declaration, when duly signed, shall be submitted to the Officer of Customs appointed to appraise goods at the Custom House, and if it shall appear to him that the same is correct he shall countersign it as admitted; but if any part or the whole of the goods shall seem to him to be undervalued in such declaration, he shall report the same to the Collector of Customs who shall have power to take the goods or any part thereof as purchased for the Government at the price so declared; and whenever the Collector of Customs shall so take goods for the Government payment thereof shall be made to the consignee or importer, if the goods be imported goods, within fifteen days from the date of the declaration, the amount of Import duty leviable thereon being first deducted, and if the goods be intended for exportation, the entire value as declared shall be paid without deduction on account of Customs duty.

XXV. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council of the Presidency of Bombay to declare by public notice in the Official Gazette of that Presidency what places within the same shall be ports for the landing and shipment of merchandise, and any goods that may be landed, or which an attempt may be made to land, at any other port than such as shall be so declared, shall be seized and confiscated.

XXVI. And it is hereby enacted, that when any vessel shall arrive in any port of the Presidency of Bombay, the Master shall deliver a true manifest of the cargo on board, made out according to the form annexed to this Act and marked C, to the first person duly empowered to receive such manifest that may come on board, and if no such person shall have come on board before the anchor of the said vessel is dropped, then the manifest shall be forwarded to land on board of the first boat that leaves the vessel after dropping anchor, and if the port be up a river or at a distance from the land first made, then it shall be lawful for the said Governor in Council, by an order published in the Official Gazette of the Presidency, to fix a place in any such river or port beyond which place it shall not be lawful for any inward bound vessel, except such Country craft as are as described in Sections LI, and LII., of this Act to pass, until the Master shall have forwarded in such manner as may be ordered by the said Governor in Council such a manifest as is required by this Act.

XXVII. And it is hereby enacted, that if the manifest so delivered by the Master shall not contain a full and true specification of all the goods imported in the vessel, the said Master shall be liable to a fine of one thousand rupees, and any goods or packages that may be found on board in excess of the manifest so delivered, or differing in quality or kind, or in marks and numbers, from the specification contained therein, shall be liable to be seized by any Customs Officer and confiscated, or to be charged with such increased duties as may be determined by the Collector of Customs under the orders of Government.

XXVIII. And it is hereby enacted, that if any inward bound vessel shall remain outside or below the place that may be fixed by the said Governor in Council for the first delivery of manifests, the Master shall deliver a manifest as hereinbefore prescribed, to the first person duly empowered to receive such manifest that may come on board, and if any vessel entering a port for which there is a Custom House established, shall lie at anchor therein for the space of twenty-four hours, the Master whereof shall refuse to deliver the said manifest in the manner above prescribed, he shall for such refusal be liable to fine not exceeding one thousand rupees, and no entry or port clearance shall be given for such vessel until the fine is paid.

XXIX. And it is hereby enacted, that no vessel shall be allowed to break bulk until a manifest as required by this Act, and another copy thereof to be presented at the time of applying for entry inwards, if so required by the Collector of Customs, shall have been received by the said Collector, nor until order shall have been given by the said Collector for the discharge of the cargo; and that the said Collector may further refuse to give such order if he shall see fit until any port clearances, cockets or other papers, known to be granted at the places from which the vessel is stated to have come, shall likewise be delivered to him.

XXX. And it is hereby enacted, that no goods shall be allowed to leave any vessel or to be put on board thereof until entry of the vessel shall have been duly made in the Custom House of the port, and until order shall have been given for discharge of the cargo thereof as above provided, and it shall be the duty of every Customs Officer to seize as contraband any goods which have been removed or put on board of any vessel in contravention of the above provision, of which any attempt shall have been made to remove from, or to put on board of, any vessel in contravention of the above provision. And after entry of the vessel at the Custom House in due form, such part of the cargo as may not be declared for re-exportation in the same vessel shall be sent to land, and export cargo shall be laden on board according to the forms and rules that may be prescribed for the port by this Act, or by order of the Governor in Council of the Presidency of Bombay, and if an attempt be made to land or put on board goods or merchandize in contravention of the forms and rules so prescribed, the goods shall be liable to seizure and confiscation.

XXXI. And it is hereby enacted, that if goods entered in the manifest of a vessel shall not be found on board that vessel, or if the quantity found be short and the deficiency be not duly accounted for, or if goods sent out of the vessel be not landed at the Custom House, or at such other place as the Collector of Customs shall have prescribed, the Master shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding five hundred rupees for every missing or deficient package of unknown value, and for twice the amount of duty chargeable on the goods deficient and unaccounted for, if the duty can be ascertained. Provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent the Collector of Customs from permitting at his discretion the Master of any vessel to amend obvious errors or to supply omissions from accident or inadvertence by furnishing an amended or supplemental manifest.

XXXII. And it is hereby enacted, that there shall in every port of the Bombay Presidency be one or more places appointed for the landing and shipment of goods, and goods shall not be landed at any other place without the special order in writing of the Collector of Customs for the port, and if any goods be landed, or an attempt be made to land any goods at any other than the said authorized places, without such order, they shall be seized and confiscated.

XXXIII. And it is hereby enacted, that if the Governor in Council shall see fit, for the security of Customs at any port, to maintain special establishments of boats for the landing and shipping of merchandize, or to license and register the cargo boats plying in any ports, then after due notification thereof, it shall not be lawful for any person to convey goods to or from any vessel in such port, otherwise than in the boats so authorized and prescribed, except under special permit from the Collector of Customs at the port, and any goods that may be found on board of other boats than those so authorized for the port shall be liable to be seized by any Officer of Customs and shall be liable to confiscation.

XXXIV. And it is hereby enacted, that when the Governor in Council of the Presidency of Bombay, shall see fit to maintain at any port an establishment of officers to be sent on board of vessels to watch their unloading and lading, then, after due notification shall have been given that such establishment is so maintained at any port, the Collector of Customs at that port shall have power at his discretion to send one or more officers of such establishment to remain on board of any vessel in such port by night and by day, until the vessel shall leave the port, or it shall be otherwise ordered by the Collector.

XXXV. And it is hereby enacted, that any Master of such vessel at such port who shall refuse to receive such Officer with one servant on board, when such Officer shall be so deputed as above provided, or shall not afford such Officer and such servant suitable shelter and sleeping accommodation while on board,

and likewise furnish them with a due allowance of fresh water if necessary and with the means of cooking on board, shall be liable to fine not exceeding the sum of one hundred rupees for each day during which such Officer and servant shall not be received and provided with suitable shelter and accommodation.

XXXVI. And it is hereby enacted, that whenever a Collector of Customs shall see cause to direct that any vessel shall be searched, he shall issue his warrant or written order for such search addressed to any Officer under his authority, and upon production of such order the Officer bearing it shall be competent to require any cabins, lockers, or bulkheads to be opened in his presence, and if they be not opened upon his requisition to break the same open, and any goods that may be found concealed, and that shall not be duly accounted for to the satisfaction of the Collector of Customs shall be liable to confiscation, and any Master or person in charge of a vessel, who shall resist such Officer or refuse to allow the vessel to be searched when so ordered by the Collector of Customs, shall be liable upon conviction for every such offence to a fine of one thousand rupees.

XXXVII. And it is hereby enacted, that every Master of a vessel who shall remove from such vessel or put on board thereof any goods, or cause or suffer any goods to be removed from thence or put on board thereof between sunset and sunrise, or on any day when the Custom House is closed for business, without leave in writing obtained from the Collector of Customs, shall be punished with a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees.

XXXVIII. And it is hereby enacted, that no cargo boat laden with goods intended for exportation by sea shall make fast to, or lie alongside of, any vessel on board of which there shall be a Customs Officer stationed, unless there shall be on board the boat, or have been received by the said Customs Officer, a Custom House permit or order for the shipment of the goods, and the goods on board of any boat that may so be alongside or be made fast to a vessel, if such goods be not covered by a Custom House pass accompanying them, or previously received by the Customs Officer on board the said vessel, shall be liable to confiscation.

XXXIX. And it is hereby enacted, that when goods shall be sent from on board of any vessel having a Customs Officer on board for the purpose of being landed and passed for importation there shall be sent with each boat load or other separate despatch a boat note, specifying the number of packages, and the marks and numbers or other description thereof, and such boat note shall be signed by an Officer of the vessel, and likewise by the Customs Officer on board, and if any imported goods be found in a boat proceeding to land from such a vessel without a boat note, or if being accompanied by a boat note they be found out of the proper track between the ship and the proper place of landing, the boat containing such goods may be detained by any Officer of Customs duly authorized by the Collector, and unless the cause of deviation be explained to the satisfaction of the Collector of Customs, the goods shall be liable to confiscation.

XL. And it is hereby enacted, that when goods shall be brought to be passed through the Custom House either for importation or exportation by sea, if the packages in which the same may be contained shall be found not to correspond with the description of them given in the application for passing them through the Custom House, or if the contents thereof be found not to have been correctly described in regard to sort, quality, or quantity, or if any goods not stated in the application, be found concealed in or mixed up with the specified articles, all such packages with the whole of the goods contained therein, shall be liable to confiscation.

XLI. And it is hereby enacted, that if any person after goods have been landed, and before they have been passed through the Custom House, removes or attempts to remove them with the intention of defrauding the revenue, the goods shall be liable to confiscation, unless it shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Collector of Customs that the removal was not sanctioned by the owner or by any person having an interest in or power over the goods.

XLII. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Collector of Customs, whenever he shall see fit, to require that goods brought by sea and stowed in bulk shall be weighed or measured on board ship before being sent to land, and to levy duty according to the result of such weighing or measurement.

XLIII. And it is hereby enacted, that on application by the exporter of any salt that has paid the Excise duty fixed by Act No. XXVII of 1837, a certificate shall be granted by the Collector of Customs at the place of export, under authority of which certificate the quantity of salt specified therein shall be landed at any other port of the said Presidency of Bombay, and shall be passed from such port into the interior without the levy of any further duty either of Excise or of Customs.

XLIV. And it is hereby enacted, that when a Customs Officer shall be sent on board of any vessel to superintend to delivery of cargo, twenty days, exclusive of Sundays and Holidays, shall be allowed for the discharge of the import cargo of vessels not exceeding six hundred tons burthen, and thirty days, exclusive of

Sundays and Holidays, for the discharge of the import cargo of vessels exceeding that burthen, and the said period shall be calculated from the day when the Customs Officer first went on board. And if the whole cargo be not discharged by the expiration of the abovementioned periods, the Master shall be charged with the wages of such Officer, and other expenses for any further period that such Officer may be detained on board. And if the owners, importers or consignees do not bring their goods to land within the periods above fixed, it shall be the duty of the Master so to do.

XLV. And it is hereby enacted, that when there shall be no Customs Officer sent aboard vessels discharging cargo, it shall be lawful for the Collector of Customs to fix a period, not being less than twenty days for the discharge thereof and clearance of the vessel inwards; and if any goods remain on board after the time so fixed, or after the time allowed in the last preceding Section of this Act, the Collector may order the same to be landed and warehoused for the security of the duties chargeable thereon, and of any freight and primage and other demands that may be due thereon, giving his receipt to the Master for the same. Provided always that in all cases it shall be lawful for the Collector or other Officer in charge of the Custom House with the consent of the Master of the vessel, to cause any packages to be brought on shore and to be deposited in the Government Warehouses for the security of the duties and charges thereon, although twenty days may not have expired from the entry of such vessel; and in case any goods brought to land from any vessel be not claimed and cleared from the Custom House within three months from the date of entry of the ship in which such goods were imported, it shall be competent to the Collector to sell the same on account of the duties and other charges due thereon, and the balance remaining after deducting the said duties and charges shall be held in deposit and paid to the owner on application.

XLVI. And it is hereby enacted, that when a Customs Officer shall be sent on board of any vessel discharging cargo, a further period of fifteen days, Sundays and Holidays excluded, beyond the twenty days above specified shall be allowed for putting on board export cargo if the vessel shall not exceed six hundred tons burthen, and twenty days if it exceed that burthen, when the lading and unlading thereof shall be continuous, and the Master or Commander shall in such case not be charged with the wages and expenses of the Customs Officer on board until after the expiration of such additional period; and if a vessel having discharged its import cargo shall be laid up, the Customs Officer on board shall certify that no goods remain on board except necessary stores and articles for use, and when a vessel so laid up shall be entered at the Custom House for receipt of export cargo a Customs Officer shall be sent on board, and if the said last mentioned Officer shall certify that no goods are on board except as above excepted, twenty days, exclusive of Sundays, and Holidays, as above, shall be allowed from the date of such certificate for the lading outwards of a vessel not exceeding six hundred tons, and thirty days for vessels exceeding that burthen, after which periods respectively the Master shall be charged with the wages and expenses of the Customs Officer on board to the date of the vessel's sailing from the port.

XLVII. And it is hereby enacted, that when upon application from the Master of any vessel the Customs Officer shall be removed from on board thereof under the provisions to that effect contained in the last preceding section of this Act, if the Master of such vessel shall before a Customs Officer have again been placed in such vessel, put on board of such vessel, or cause or suffer to be put on board of such vessel, any goods whatever, such Master shall be punished with a fine, not exceeding one thousand rupees, and the goods shall be liable to be re-landed for examination at the expense of the shippers, upon requisition to that effect from the Collector of Customs.

XLVIII. And it is hereby enacted, that upon any goods liable to duty that may be passed through the Custom House for shipment, the application for which shall be presented after port clearance shall have been taken out, double of the prescribed duty shall in all cases be levied, and if the goods be free or have already paid import duty, or have been imported free under certificate, five per cent. upon the market value shall be levied thereon, or if the same be imported goods entitled to drawback the drawback shall be forfeited, but no separate duty shall be levied on drawback goods.

XLIX. And it is hereby enacted, that when a vessel having cleared out from any port shall put back from stress of weather, or it shall for any damage or from other cause be necessary that the cargo of a vessel that has cleared out shall be unshipped or re-landed, a Customs Officer shall be sent to watch the vessel and to take charge of the cargo during such re-landing or removal from on board, and the goods on board such vessel shall not be allowed to be transhipped or re-exported free of duty by reason of the previous settlement of duty at the time of first export unless the goods shall be lodged in such place as shall be allowed by the Collector of Customs, and shall remain while on land, or while on board of any other vessel under special charge of the Officers of Customs until the time of re-export, and all charges attending such custody shall be borne by the exporter. Provided, however, that in

all cases of return to port after port clearance, on account of damage or for stress of weather, it shall be lawful for the owner, or for the Master to enter the vessel and land the cargo under the rules for the importation of goods, and the export duty shall in that case be refunded and the amount paid in drawback be reclaimed, and if goods on account of which drawback has been paid be not found on board the vessel, the Master shall be liable to a fine not exceeding the entire value thereof, unless he account for them to the satisfaction of the Collector of Customs.

L. And it is hereby enacted, that when goods shall be relanded before the landing of any vessel is complete, and before port clearance has been granted, the duty levied upon such goods shall be returned to the exporter, but no refund shall be made of duty paid on the export of any goods after port clearance shall have been granted for the vessel on which the goods were exported, unless the vessel shall have put back for stress of weather or for damage, and the goods shall have been relanded under the rule contained in the last preceding Section of this Act.

LI. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be lawful for the said Governor in Council to establish rules for the anchoring of the coasting and country craft of the British territories, for the delivery of manifests of the cargo of such vessels, and for the landing of goods therefrom, and shipping of goods therein, and that whoever being in charge of any such craft shall knowingly contravene any such rule, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees for each offence.

LII. And it is hereby enacted, that patamars, dhonies, botellos, and other small craft from the Maldivé or Laccadive islands, or from the Native Ports of Kattywar, Cutch and Scinde, shall be treated in the ports of the Bombay Presidency like the coasting craft of the British territory, provided that they conform to such special regulations as to the place of anchoring and mode of landing and shipping goods as may be made by the Governor in Council of Bombay for such vessels in the several ports of the Bombay Presidency.

LIII. And it is hereby enacted, that no drawback shall be allowed on goods shipped on such Native craft as are described in the last preceding Section of this Act.

LIV. And it is hereby enacted, that goods exported in the same vessels if manifested for re-export, shall not be subject to import or export duty, and if any goods brought to any port in any vessel be transhipped in such port, they shall in all cases be subject to the same duty as if they had been landed and passed through the Custom House for re-exportation in the vessel into which they may be transhipped.

LV. And it is hereby enacted, that no transshipment shall be made of any goods except under special order in writing from the Collector of Customs of the port, and an Officer of Customs shall in all cases be deputed to superintend the removal of goods from vessel to vessel.

LVI. And it is hereby enacted, that at every port subordinate to the Bombay Presidency, the port of Bombay excepted, an anchorage fee shall be levied once at each port according to the burthen on all Country craft above the burthen of (100) one hundred maunds, at the rates hereunder specified.

Above {		Not exceeding {		{		{		Fee.
10 Candies (equal to 100 maunds)				20 Candies		200 Indian maunds,		Rs.
								1 0
"	20	....	....	40	....	....	....	1 8
"	40	....	....	60	....	....	....	2 0
"	60	....	....	80	....	....	....	2 8
"	80	....	....	100	....	....	....	3 0
"	100	....	....	150	....	....	....	3 8
"	150	....	....	200	....	....	....	4 0
"	200	....	....	250	....	....	....	4 8
"	250	....	....	300	....	....	....	5 0
"	300	....	....	350	....	....	....	5 8
"	350	....	....	400 & upwards,	....	....	....	6 0

LVII. And it is hereby enacted, that in all cases in which under this Act, goods are liable to confiscation, the Collector of Customs of the place where those goods may be shall be competent to adjudge such confiscation.

LVIII. And it is hereby enacted, that if any person in charge of a vessel shall have become liable to any fine on account of any act or omission relating to Customs, the Collector of Customs shall be competent, subject to the orders of the Governor in Council of the Presidency of Bombay, to refuse port clearance to such vessel until the fine shall be discharged.

LIX. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be lawful for any Collector of Customs, or other Officer who may be authorized to adjudicate Customs cases, if he shall decide that a seizure of goods made under the authority of this Act was

vexatious and unnecessary, to adjudge damages to be paid to the proprietor by the Customs Officer who made such vexatious seizure, besides ordering the immediate release of the goods; and if the proprietor accept such damages, no action shall thereafter lie against the Officer of Customs in any Court of Justice on account of such seizure: and if such adjudicating Officer shall decide that the seizure was warranted, but shall deem that the penalty of confiscation is unduly severe, it shall be lawful for him to mitigate the same to the extent of the levy of double duty: and if the said Officer shall adjudge confiscation, it shall further be lawful for him to order that from the proceeds of the sale of the goods, a proportion not exceeding one-half shall be distributed in rewards amongst such Officers as he shall deem entitled thereto, and in such proportion as he may direct to each respectively.

LX. And it is hereby enacted, that all Officers of Customs shall as heretofore be amenable to the Civil Courts of the Presidency or Island of Bombay by action for damages on account of any executive acts done in their official capacity at the suit of the parties injured by such acts. Provided, however, that no suit shall lie against a Collector of Customs or other Officer for any Judicial award in a matter of Customs passed under the preceding Section of this Act.

LXI. And it is hereby enacted, that whoever intentionally obstructs any Officer in the exercise of any powers given by this Act to such Officer shall be punished with imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, or fine not exceeding one thousand rupees, or both.

LXII. And it is hereby enacted, that whoever, being an Officer appointed under the authority of this act, shall accept, or obtain, or attempt to obtain, from any person any property as a consideration for doing or forbearing to do any official act, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years, or fine, or both.

LXIII. And it is hereby enacted, that whoever, being an Officer appointed under the authority of this Act, practices or attempts to practice any fraud for the purpose of injuring the Customs revenue, or abets or connives at any such fraud, or at any attempt to practice any such fraud, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years, or fine, or both.

LXIV. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council of Bombay, by an order in Council, to transfer any of the powers given to a Collector of Customs by this Act to any other functionary, and to make any rules consistent with law for the carrying of this Act into effect, and to establish such bunders and appoint such Officers as he shall think fit, and to fix rates of wharfage and of rent to be paid for goods deposited or suffered to lie in the godowns of the Custom House.

SCHEDULE A.

Rates of duty to be charged on goods imported by Sea into any Port of the Presidency of Bombay.

No.	Enumeration of Goods.	When Imported on British Bottoms.	When Imported on Foreign Bottoms.
1	Bullion and Coin.....	Free	Free.
2	Precious Stones and Pearls.....	Ditto	Ditto.
3	Grain and Pulse.....	Ditto	Ditto.
4	Horses and other living Animals.....	Ditto	Ditto.
5	Ice.....	Ditto	Ditto.
6	Coal, Coke, Bricks, Chalk, Stones, (Marble and Wrought Stones excepted).....	Ditto	Ditto.
7	Books printed in the United Kingdom or in any British Possession.....	Ditto	3 per cent.
8	Foreign Books.....	3 per cent.....	6 per cent.
9	Marine Stores, the produce or manufacture of the United Kingdom or of any British Possession.....	3 per cent.....	6 per cent.
10	Do. do. the produce or manufacture of any other place or country.....	6 per cent.....	12 per cent.
11	Metals, wrought or unwrought, the produce or manufacture of the United Kingdom or any British Possession.....	3 per cent.....	6 per cent.
12	Metals, do. do., excepting Tin, the produce or manufacture of any other place.....	6 per cent.....	12 per cent.
13	Tin, the produce of any other place than the United Kingdom or any British Possession	10 per cent.....	20 per cent.

No.	Enumeration of Goods.	When Imported on British Bottoms.	When Imported on Foreign Bottoms.
14	Woolens, the produce or manufacture of the United Kingdom or any British Possession,	2 per cent.....	4 per cent.
15	Do. the produce of any other place or country.....	4 per cent.....	8 per cent.
16	Cotton Wool not covered by certificate of the payment of Export Duty at any other Port of Bombay.....	9 As. per Md. of 80 Tolas to the Seer.....	1 R. 2 As. per Md. of 80 Tolas to the Seer.
17	Cotton and Silk Piece Goods, Cotton Twist and Yarn, the produce of the United Kingdom, or of any British Possession.....	3½ per cent.....	7 per cent.
18	Do. the produce of any other place.....	7 per cent.....	14 per cent.
19	Opium covered by a Pass.....	Free.....	Free.
20	Do. not covered by a Pass.....	24 Rs. per Seer of 80 Tolas... } 8 As. per Md. of 80 Tolas per Seer... }	24 Rs. per Seer of 80 Tolas... } 8 As. per Maund of 80 Tolas per Seer... }
21	Salt not covered by a Pass.....	10 per cent.....	20 per cent.
22	Alum.....	10 per cent.....	20 per cent.
23	Camphor.....	10 per cent.....	20 per cent.
24	Cassia.....	10 per cent.....	20 per cent.
25	Cloves.....	10 per cent.....	20 per cent.
26	Coffee.....	7½ per cent.....	15 per cent.
27	Coral.....	10 per cent.....	20 per cent.
28	Nutmegs and Mace.....	10 per cent.....	20 per cent.
29	Pepper.....	10 per cent.....	20 per cent.
30	Rattans.....	7½ per cent.....	15 per cent.
31	Tea.....	10 per cent.....	20 per cent.
32	Vermillion.....	10 per cent.....	20 per cent.
33	Wines and Liqueurs.....	10 per cent.....	20 per cent.
34	Spirits, consolidated Duty, including any } duties levied heretofore thro' the Police. } And the duty on Spirits shall be rateably increased as the strength exceeds London proof, and when imported in bottles, five quart bottles shall be deemed equal to the Imperial Gallon.	9 As. per Imperial Gallon. }	1 Rupee per Imperial Gallon.
35	Tobacco.....	1 Re. 8 As. per Md. of 80 Tolas per seer. }	1 Re. 8 As. per Md. of 80 Tolas per seer.
Which duty shall be the minimum Customs duty levied on Raw Tobacco and all preparations thereof in all the ports of the Bombay Presidency, but if at the rate of 5 per cent. on the actual value, a higher duty than 1 Rupee 8 Annas per maund should be leviable on any preparation of Tobacco, the duty shall be levied <i>ad valorem</i> at that rate if imported on British Bottoms, and at 10 per cent. on Foreign Bottoms. And the Customs Duty laid upon Tobacco shall be allowed in settling for the Special Duty levied on the import of this article into the Island of Bombay, which Special Duty shall be levied at the rate of 9 Rupees for the Indian maund.			
36	All articles not included in the above enumeration.....	3½ per cent.....	7 per cent.

And if the Collector of Customs shall see reason to doubt whether the goods liable to a different rate of Duty according to the place of their production come from the country from which they are declared to come by the importer, it shall be lawful for the Collector of Customs to call on the importer to furnish evidence as to the place of manufacture or production, and if such evidence shall not satisfy the said Collector of the truth of the declaration, the goods shall be charged with the highest rate of duty, subject always to an appeal to the Governor in Council at Bombay.

And upon the re-export by Sea of goods imported, excepting Opium and Salt, and all goods of the growth, production, or manufacture of the continent of India, provided the re-export be made within two years of the date of import as per Custom House Register, and the goods be identified to the satisfaction of the Collector of

Customs, there shall be retained one-eighth of the amount of duty levied, and the remainder shall be repaid as drawback.

But no exporter of imported goods shall be entitled to drawback unless the drawback be claimed at the time of re-export, nor shall any payment be made of drawback unless the amount claimed be demanded within one year from the date of entry of the goods for re-export in the Custom House Registers.

SCHEDULE B.

Rates of Duty to be charged on goods Exported by Sea from any Port or Place in the Presidency of Bombay.

No.	Enumeration of Goods.	Exported on British Bottoms.	Exported on Foreign Bottoms.
1	Bullion and Coin.....	Free.....	Free.
2	Precious Stones and Pearls.....	Ditto.....	Ditto.
3	Books, Maps and Drawings printed in India.....	Ditto.....	Ditto.
4	Horses and living Animals.....	Ditto.....	Ditto.
5	Opium covered by a Pass.....	Ditto.....	Ditto.
6	Ditto not covered by a Pass.....	Prohibited.....	Prohibited.
7	Cotton Wool exported to Europe, the United States of America or any British Possession in America.....	Free.....	9 As. per maund of 80 Tolas to the Seer.
8	Ditto ditto exported to places other than above.....	9 As. per maund of 80 Tolas per Seer.	1 R. 2 As. per maund of 80 Tolas to the Seer.
9	Salt having paid the Excise of 8 Annas a Maund.....	Free.....	Free.
10	Tobacco.....	1 R. 8 As. per maund of 80 Tolas to the Seer	1 R. 8 As. per maund of 80 Tolas per Seer.
11	All Country Articles not enumerated or named above.....	3 per Cent.....	6 per Cent.

And upon the re-export to Europe, the United States of America, or to any British Possession in America, or from any other port of the Bombay Presidency, of Cotton, that has been imported under certificate of the payment of the duty specified in this Schedule, provided that the re-export be made in British Bottoms within two years from the date of such certificate, and the amount be claimed within one year from the date of re-export as per Custom House Registers, the whole amount of export duty levied at the first place of export shall be refunded.

SCHEDULE C.

Manifest of goods imported per Commander, from under Colours, viz.

Marks.	Numbers.	Packages.	Quantity	Weight.	Gallons.	Yards.	Description of Goods.	Invoice Value.	Tariff Value.
A	1 @ 5	5 cases.	250 pieces			3000	Cambrics. Long Cloths, bleached. Long Cloths, unbleached. Madapollams, bleached. do. unbleached. Plain Muslins.		

N. B. Articles generally to be specified, excepting such as Ironmongery, Hardware, Glass-ware, Earthen-ware, Cutlery, Perfumery, Confectionery, Stationery, and such like.

All Articles from Great Britain to be entered according to the English weight, not Native.

From China, in like manner in China weights.

In Imports and Exports of Bullion or Coin, to specify the sort of which they consist.

ACT No. II.—Passed on the 5th January 1838.

I. It is hereby enacted, that from the 1st day of February 1838, Salt shall not be manufactured at any place within the territories subject to the authority of the Lieutenant Governor of the North Western Provinces, the districts beyond the right bank of the Jumna river excepted, unless the person conducting the manufacture shall before preparing works for the production of such Salt give notice in writing to the Collector of the district in which the place of manufacture may be situated, of his intention to manufacture Salt therein.

II. And it is hereby enacted, that upon receiving such notice as is prescribed in the preceding Section, the Collector of the district shall, by an order under his seal and signature, depute one or more Officers, who shall be stationed for such time as the said Collector shall think proper at every such place of manufacture, and shall have power to take account of the Salt manufactured and stored, and to prevent the removal of the Salt until the Government duty thereon shall have been paid.

III. And it is hereby enacted, that every proprietor of Salt works within the North Western Provinces, at which an Officer shall be stationed as above provided, shall pay to the Collector the wages of one Officer at the rate of 10 Rs. per mensem, for so long as such Officer shall be retained for the supervision of the works; and if the Collector shall see fit to employ more than one officer to watch any set of works, or to employ one officer receiving larger allowances than 10 Rs. per month, the wages of such extra Officers, or the extra wages of such one Officer, shall be defrayed by Government.

IV. And it is hereby enacted, that if any Salt works be found producing Salt, of which notice has not been given in the manner prescribed by the first Section of this Act, such works shall be destroyed, and any Salt stored thereat shall be seized and confiscated.

V. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be the duty of every party under direct engagements with Government for the Land Revenue, either as a proprietor or farmer, and of every proprietor of Lakhiraj Lands, upon whose Zemindaree, Farm, or Lakhiraj Estate, there shall be any works producing Salt, of which works notice has not been given in the manner prescribed by the first Section of this Act, to give notice of the same in writing to the nearest public Officer of Police or Land Revenue within ten days from the day on which the works were first prepared, and every such proprietor, farmer, or proprietor of Lakhiraj estate, who shall knowingly omit to give such notice, shall forfeit a sum not exceeding 500 Rs. for every such Salt work.

VI. And it is hereby enacted, that the Magistrate or Joint Magistrate of any City or District shall be competent to receive and determine all charges on account of things done in contravention of this Act.

VII. And it is hereby enacted, that whoever offers any resistance to any Officer appointed under the authority of this Act, in the exercise of the lawful powers of such Officer, shall be punished in like manner as if the resistance had been offered to the ordinary process of a Collector.

ACT No. III.—Passed on the 5th January 1838.

I. It is hereby enacted, that Act No. VIII of 1837, be repealed.

II. And it is hereby enacted, that whenever the Governor in Council of Fort Saint George shall appoint a Joint Criminal Judge of Cochin, and shall give to such Joint Criminal Judge jurisdiction over the Districts of Anjengo and Changan-cherry, such Joint Criminal Judge shall exercise, within his jurisdiction, all the powers of Joint Magistrate as defined in the Madras Regulations.

ACT No. IV.—Passed on the 29th January 1838.

It is hereby enacted, that if it shall appear to the Court of Sudder Adawlut of Bombay, that any person has been guilty of perjury, in any matter depending in that Court, that Court may immediately commit the offender to custody, and transmit him to the Zillah Court nearest to the Presidency, in order to his being brought to trial before the Session Court of the Zillah in which such Zillah Court is situated; and such person shall be dealt with in the same manner, as if the perjury had been committed within the limits of the local jurisdiction of such Court of Session.

ACT No. V.—Passed on the 14th March 1838.

I. It is hereby enacted, that the persons whose names appear in the Schedule No. 1, hereunto annexed, shall, from the 14th day of March 1838, form a corporate body for the warehousing of goods, either in bond or otherwise, by the name of the Bengal Bonded Warehouse Association.

II. And it is hereby enacted, that the said Association shall sue and be sued by its corporate name, and shall use such common seal as the Directors of the said Association shall from time to time appoint, and may acquire, may hold absolutely, may hold by way of pledge, and may transfer, any description of property whatever.

III. And it is hereby enacted, that the sum of 10,00,000 Rupees subscribed for the purposes of the said Association by the persons hereby incorporated, shall be the Capital Stock of the said Association, and shall be divided into 2,000 shares of 500 Rupees each, and that every one of the persons hereby incorporated shall have one share of such Capital Stock for every 500 Rupees which such person shall have subscribed.

IV. And it is hereby enacted, that the Directors of the said Association shall cause the names, additions, and places of residence of the proprietors of shares in the said Capital Stock, and the number of shares held by each proprietor, to be registered in a book, and the said shares shall in such book be numbered beginning from No. 1, and such book shall be kept at the office of the said Association, and shall there be open to the inspection of all persons during the usual hours of business.

V. And it is hereby enacted, that a certificate signed by three Directors of the said Association shall be delivered to every proprietor of the said Capital Stock, and that it shall be at the option of every proprietor of several shares to receive one certificate for all the shares of such proprietor, or one certificate for each of those shares, or several certificates, each of which may be for any number of those shares.

VI. And it is hereby enacted, that any share or shares of the said Capital Stock may be transferred by indorsement made on the certificate for such share or shares by the proprietor of such share or shares, or by the attorney of such proprietor duly authorised thereunto; provided always, that such indorsement shall specify the name of the party to whom the transfer is made; and provided also, that no such indorsement shall be effectual to transfer any such share or shares until such indorsement shall have been registered in a registry, to be kept for that purpose at the office of the said Association, and until a note of such registration, and of the date thereof, shall have been made on the back of the indorsed certificate, under the hand of an officer appointed for that purpose by the Directors of the said Association.

VII. And it is hereby enacted, that every proprietor of a share of the said Capital Stock who shall cease to be a proprietor of such Stock, shall cease to be a member of the corporation created by this Act; and that every person who shall become a proprietor of the said Capital Stock, shall become a member of the corporation created by this Act; and shall, in respect of his share or shares of the said Capital Stock, be under the same liabilities under which an original proprietor of the said Capital Stock would be.

VIII. And it is hereby enacted, that the business of the said Association shall be managed by six Directors; and that Francis Macnaghten, Joseph Walker Jasper Ouseley, Richard Howe Cockerell, Alexander Colvin, Joseph Willis, and James Church, Esquires, shall be the first Directors of the said Association.

IX. And it is hereby enacted, that every Director of the said Association may be removed by a general meeting of the proprietors, and that every future Director of the said Association shall be elected by such a general meeting.

X. And it is hereby enacted, that a rotation among the Directors of the said Association shall be settled by lot, so that two of the said Directors may go out of office on the Monday following the 15th day of May in every year, and that on the Monday following the 15th day of May in every year a general meeting of proprietors shall be held, at which two Directors shall be chosen, and that no Director going out by such rotation shall be capable of being re-elected, till the Monday after the 15th of May in the year next following.

XI. And it is hereby enacted, that if any Director of the said Association shall cease to be a Director, otherwise than by the operation of the rule of rotation aforesaid, the Directors of the said Association shall, with all convenient speed after such public notice as is hereinafter directed, call an extraordinary general meeting of the proprietors for the purpose of choosing a successor, and such successor shall come into the same place in the rotation aforesaid in which the Director whom he has succeeded was.

XII. And it is hereby enacted, that no person shall be capable of being a Director of the said Association, who shall not be a proprietor in his own right of fifteen shares of the Capital Stock of the said Association, which shares shall have been registered in his name not less than three calendar months before his election.

XIII. And it is hereby enacted, that no person shall be capable of being a Director of the said Association, unless he be resident within the territories subject to the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.

XIV. And it is hereby enacted, that ordinary general meetings of the said pro-

prietors shall be held at least twice in every year, that is to say, on the Monday following the 15th day of May, and on the Monday following the 15th day of November, and that at every such ordinary meeting the Directors of the said Association, shall present a report in writing of the state of affairs of the said Association and a balance sheet, and that such general meeting may declare a dividend out of the profits of the said Association; provided always, that no dividend shall be made which shall diminish the Capital of the said Association.

XV. And it is hereby enacted, that any ordinary general meeting of the said Association may adjourn itself to a future day, and may, on the day to which it shall have so adjourned itself, resume its proceedings, and transact any business which it would have been competent to transact on the day when it originally assembled.

XVI. And it is hereby enacted, that extraordinary general meetings of the said Association shall be held according to such rules as may be made for that purpose in the Bye-laws of the said Association; provided always, that no such extraordinary general meeting shall be held without a previous notice of not less than fourteen days, which notice shall be published in not less than two newspapers printed at Calcutta.

XVII. And it is hereby enacted, that at general meetings of the proprietors, every election and question shall be decided by a majority of votes; and that no proprietor shall be allowed to vote unless he be possessed of two or more shares of the capital stock of the said Association, which shares shall have been registered in his name not less than three calendar months before.

XVIII. And it is hereby enacted, that at such general meetings, no proprietor shall have more than eight votes, and that the proprietors shall vote according to the following scale.

2 Shares shall entitle to 1 Vote.	
4	2 do.
6	3 do.
10	4 do.
20	6 do.
35	7 do.
50	8 do.

XIX. And it is hereby enacted, that if more persons than one, being partners in trade, shall be joint proprietors of two or more shares of the said Capital Stock and shall agree to give a joint vote or joint votes, such joint vote or joint votes shall be received in all respects as the vote or votes of a single proprietor would be received.

XX. And it is hereby enacted, that every proprietor entitled to vote at any general meeting, may give a proxy in writing, general or special, limited or unlimited, and signed by himself or by his attorney duly authorized thereunto, to any other proprietor; and that the proprietor to whom the proxy is given, may vote on behalf of the proprietor who had given the proxy, according to the terms of such proxy.

XXI. And it is hereby enacted, that the Directors of the said Association shall have authority to expend the money of the said Association for the purpose of purchasing and erecting warehouses, and of warehousing and bonding goods therein, and to make and fulfil contracts for the said purpose, and to appoint and remove such servants as may be necessary for the said purpose, and generally to manage all the concerns of the said Association, subject to such rules as may be laid down in the Bye-laws of the said Association, and to keep the seal of the said Association and to use the said seal in the affairs of the said Association, provided always that the said seal shall never be affixed to any instrument except in the presence and by the consent of three Directors, who shall sign their names on every such instrument in token of their presence and consent.

XX. And it is hereby enacted, that the Directors of the said Association shall have authority to call on the proprietors to pay such instalment or instalments as shall, together with the instalments already paid, amount to a sum not exceeding 50 per cent. on each share; and that no further call shall be made, except in consequence of a vote of a general meeting of the proprietors authorizing such further call; provided always that no proprietor shall be called upon to pay more in proportion to his share in the Capital Stock than any other proprietor.

XXIII. And it is hereby enacted, that if any proprietor shall not pay any instalment which he is lawfully called upon to pay in the manner described in the last Section, on the day appointed for such payment, the said Association shall have a claim against such proprietor for interest on the deficient sum, after the rate of 10 per cent. per annum; and that it shall be lawful for the Directors of the said Association to apply, in satisfaction of such instalment and of such interest, any dividend due to such proprietor, placing every dividend so applied to the credit of such proprietor with the said Association.

XXIV. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Directors of the said Association to refuse to register the transfer of any share belonging to any proprietor who shall not have paid such instalment and interest as aforesaid; and that in case such instalment and interest shall not be paid within two months after notice to pay the same has been given by the said Directors to such proprietor, or to his attorney or attorneys duly authorised, it shall be lawful for the said Directors to sell by public sale the share or shares of such proprietor to such an extent as may be sufficient to satisfy such instalment and interest, and to grant, upon such sale, a new certificate or new certificates to the purchaser of such share or shares, whereupon the former certificate or certificates for such share or shares shall become void, and if there be any surplus after such instalment and interest have been satisfied, such surplus shall be paid on demand to the proprietor of such share or shares, and shall, till demanded, be credited in the books of the said Association to such proprietor, but no interest shall run thereon.

XXV. And it is hereby enacted, that all the provisions of Act No. XXV. of 1836 of the Governor General of India in Council, relating to private licensed warehouses, shall be applicable to all warehouses wherein the said Association shall receive bonded goods.

XXVI. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be lawful for the said Association to give general security, by bond, under the seal of the said Association, for payment of the full duties of importation on goods lodged in any warehouse of the said Association, or for the due exportation of such goods; and if the said Association shall give such bond, no security shall be required from any other party to the same effect.

XXVII. And it is hereby enacted, that the Directors of the said Association shall, from time to time, fix the rates at which the said Association will warehouse goods and receive goods at its wharfs, and that a table of such rates shall be placed at every warehouse and wharf of the said Association.

XXVIII. And it is hereby enacted, that as often as any goods are lodged in any warehouse of the said Association, the Secretary of the said Association shall deliver a warrant signed by him, as such Secretary, to the person lodging such goods, which warrant shall be as nearly as possible in the form set forth in Schedule II. annexed to this Act, and such warrant shall be transferable by indorsement, and shall entitle any person to whom it may have been so transferred by indorsement, to receive the goods specified in such warrant, on the same terms on which the person who originally lodged those goods would have been entitled to receive the same.

XXIX. And it is hereby enacted, that all suits brought against the said Association shall be brought in the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, and not elsewhere.

XXX. And it is hereby enacted, that all the Joint Stock of the said Association of what kind or description soever, and all the Land, Warehouses, Messuages, Tenements, Hereditaments, Premises and Property acquired therewith, of which the said Association shall become in any manner possessed, entitled to, or interested in, shall be held and enjoyed by the Proprietors thereof, and their successors respectively, as Personal Estate, or as in the nature of Chattel Interests, and not as, or in the nature of, Real Estate.

XXXI. And it is hereby enacted, that in order to define the liability of Proprietors of Shares, and to save harmless themselves and their respective Heirs, Executors, Administrators, Representatives, and Assigns, no Proprietor, his Heirs, Executors, Administrators, Representatives or Assigns, shall be personally liable to any person or persons whatsoever by reason of being a Proprietor in any event, or for or on account of any acts, deeds, contracts, or liabilities of the said Association, or of the Directors or Secretary thereof respectively, or under or by virtue of any judgment or decree in any action or suit, but that the party or parties having any legal or equitable demand or claim for or on the account last aforesaid, or having obtained such judgment or decree as last aforesaid, shall and may only recover the amount of such demand, claim, judgment, or decree from and out of or to the whole extent of the paid up Capital, accumulated Funds, Lands, Messuages, Tenements, Hereditaments, and Premises whatsoever and wheresoever, which may at the time belong to the said Association, or to which they may at the time be entitled.

XXXII. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be lawful for the said Association to make Bye-laws for the regulation of its own proceedings, which Bye-laws shall be binding only on its own members and officers; provided that no such Bye-law shall be valid till it shall have been approved of by two extraordinary general meetings of proprietors specially convened for that purpose, of which meetings the second shall be held not less than one calendar month after the first; provided also that no such Bye-law shall be valid till it shall have been confirmed by the Governor of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.

XXXIII. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be lawful for the said Association to increase its Capital Stock; provided always that no such increase shall take place unless it be authorized by a vote of two extraordinary general meetings of proprietors specially convened for that purpose, of which meetings the second shall be held not less than three calendar months after the first.

XXXIV. And it is hereby enacted, that in the event of such increase, the proprietors of the original Stock shall not be bound to subscribe, but shall in the first instance have the option of subscribing for the increased Capital Stock in proportion to the share which each has of the original Capital Stock; and so much of the additional Capital Stock as shall not be subscribed for by the said proprietors of the original Stock, within one year after the passing of the final resolution for the increase, shall be open to the public, and be sold, for the benefit of the said Association, by public sale.

XXXV. And it is hereby enacted, that all the rules laid down in this Act respecting the original Capital Stock of the said Association, shall be applicable to any additional Stock which may be subscribed in the manner hereinbefore described.

XXXVI. And it is hereby enacted, that if the said Association shall be desirous to dispose of any premises purchased by the said Association from the East India Company, the said East India Company shall have the right of pre-emption, and the price shall be fixed by two appraisers, the one named on the part of the said East India Company, and the other by the Directors of the said Association; and if the said appraisers shall not agree on a price, the price shall be fixed by an umpire named by the said appraisers.

XXXVII. And it is hereby enacted, that at any time after the 14th day of March 1860, it shall be lawful for the Governor General of India in Council, by an Order in Council, to direct that the said Association be dissolved.

XXXVIII. And it is hereby enacted, that the said Association may at any time be dissolved by a resolution to that effect of two-thirds in number and value of the proprietors qualified to vote at two successive extraordinary meetings specially called for the purpose of taking into consideration the expediency of such dissolution; provided that not less than three months shall have elapsed between the first and second of such two extraordinary meetings.

XXXIX. And it is hereby enacted, that whenever the dissolution of the said Association shall be ordered either by the Governor General of India in Council, or by a vote of the said Association, the Directors of the said Association shall cause all the property of the said Association to be converted into money, and shall divide whatever surplus may remain after satisfying the debts of the said Association among the proprietors in proportion to the shares which the proprietors have in the Capital Stock of the said Association; and after such distribution the said Association shall forthwith be dissolved.

SCHEDULE No. I.

LIST OF PROPRIETORS OF SHARES.

R. H. Cockerell,
W. Speir,
W. Martin,
R. Speir,
T. Speir,
J. S. Brownrigg,
J. Cockerell,
G. G. de H. Larpent,
J. St. Pourcain.
J. M. Dove,
Gungapersaud Goosain,
Ramchunder Seal,
J. Willis,
W. Earle,
D. Willis,
T. Willis,
J. Master,
G. C. S. Master, Lieut.
T. A. Shaw,
W. A. Shaw,
H. Walters,
J. Innes,
W. Adam,
Joseph Worthington,
James Cullen,

J. C. Palmer,
A. Colvin,
W. Ainslie,
H. Cowie,
T. S. Anquetil, Lt. Col.
W. H. Martin,
A. Irvine, Major,
W. A. Peacock,
J. A. Moore, Major,
T. W. Burt,
William Braddon,
Trustees of Mrs. Limond's Marriage Settlement.
J. W. J. Ouseley, Capt.
G. A. Prinsep,
W. Barrington, Captain,
T. C. Robertson,
Ramdas Dey,
Bonomalee Mullick,
A. Muller,
Charles Trebeck,
T. Bowring,
J. W. Alexander,
T. B. Swinhoe,

Robert Swinhoe,
A. Dobbs,
John Watson,
James Colquhoun,
James Church
Edward Harding,
Henry Moore,
R. Watson,
Mrs. B. Betty,
Henry Mackenzie,
Adam, Scott and Co.
Holodhur Chowdry,
Charles S. Gover,
K. R. Mackenzie,
S. R. Crawford,
J. B. Higginson,
Francis Macnaghten,
Carr, Tagore and Co.
W. Carr, Trustee for Mrs. Dick's Marriage Settlement.
Robert Lyall.
Charles Lyall,
John Lyall,
David Lyall,

W. T. Dawes,
Colville, Gilmore and Co.
Alexander Rogers,
J. H. Crawford,
A. Porteous,
J. Mackey and Co.
James Mackenzie,
P. J. Sarkies,
G. Collier,
R. Bird,
J. Ranken, M. D.
Brijobullub Doss and Go-
oul Doss,
J. S. Stopford,
A. Beattie,
Wilson, Frith and Co.
G. C. Arbutnot,
J. Jackson,
A. S. Gladstone,
J. Craigie, Lieut.-Col.
J. Williams,
Gopeekissen Paul.
Megnarain Roy,
Ramnarain Mookerjee,
Doorgachurn Mookerjee,
Gowrichurn Mookerjee,
J. B. Biss,
J. S. Biss,
Rogoonath Coondoo.
W. F. Gibbon,
J. Cock,
H. F. King,
James Hill,
Taraneechurn Chatterjee,
G. Herklots, junior,
F. O. Wells,
C. Lancaster,

C. Lancaster, Trustee for
Mrs. Cornish's Marri-
age Settlement,
George Dougal,
John Richards,
Bruce, Shand and Co.
G. W. A. Lloyd, Lt. Col.
W. Freeth, Captain,
J. P. Marcus,
Mrs. Bruce,
Miss L. W. Bruce,
Joseph Bruce,
Charles C. Bruce,
Dehnarain Day,
William Bruce, Trustee
for Mrs. Col. Lloyd,
Ditto ditto, for Mrs. A.
G. Glass,
Ditto ditto, for E. B.
Squire, junior,
Doorgachurn Bose,
Rajkissore Lahory,
Gourmohun Coondoo,
S. Hornby,
Hurrishunder Bose,
Ramsoonder Mullick,
Rajchunder Ghose,
Radanauth Dutt,
H. Barrow,
Godadhur Mitter,
E. DeCruz,
Goluckchunder Durr,
Luckinairan Day,
T. Blechynden,
W. Rushton,
A. J. Sturmer,

Bolaram Dey,
Obhoychurn Mookerjee,
Bolychaund Bysack,
Mrs. Sarah Moss,
W. Barrett,
Hurrimohun Mookerjee,
Mohunchunder Ghose,
Hurrimohun Banorjee,
Kistnomohun Seal,
Hurrochunder Bose,
W. Ryland,
M. Hughes, Captain.
Annunchunder Mitter,
J. A. Walker,
T. Hyde Gardiner,
J. C. Owen,
Moheschunder Mitter,
Prawnkisto Doss,
Conal, Lal & Mukun Lal,
J. Rostan, junior
J. H. Rostan,
Madobchunder Sandell,
Dyalchaund Bysack,
W. Stacy,
J. George,
Mrs. C. Shelverton,
C. Shelverton,
Cassinath Bonerjee,
P. S. D'Rozario,
J. D'M. Sinaes, in trust
for Miss J. F. Speed,
Gorachand Bose,
J. E. Dunn,
D. W. H. Speed,
Rajkissen Day,
Jomejoy Bhose.

SCHEDULE No. II.

CALCUTTA BENGAL BONDED WAREHOUSE ASSOCIATION.

I do hereby certify that _____ have deposited in the Warehouse of
the Association, the undermentioned goods _____ which goods,
the Association engage on demand, after payment of rent and incidental charges
and Government dues or customs chargeable thereon, to deliver to the said
_____ or their Assigns, or to the holder of this warrant, to whom
it may be transferred by indorsement.

Secretary.

ACT No. VI.—Passed on the 19th March 1838.

It is hereby enacted, that whenever the Governor in Council of the Presidency of Bombay shall appoint, or shall have appointed, a Commission to inquire into any charge of malversation against any public servant, it shall be lawful for such Governor in Council to authorize such Commission to summon witnesses before it, and to administer an oath, or any substitute for an oath, to them, and to examine them in like manner as it is lawful for the Criminal Courts of that Presidency to do; and that any witness shall be guilty of perjury, who shall give such evidence before such Commission, so authorized, as if given before a Court of Justice would render such witness guilty of perjury.

ACT No. VII.—Passed on the 23d April 1838.

It is hereby enacted, that it shall be lawful for a Judge of any Zillah or City Court, within the territories subject to the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, to exercise the powers vested in a single judge of the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut, by Clause 2, Section II. Regulation IX. of 1831 of the Bengal Code.

ACT No. VIII.—Passed on the 23d April 1838.

I. It is hereby enacted, that from the 10th day of May, 1838, the following rates of Toll shall be levied, in the Company's Currency, at the Toll Gate of the Bhore Ghaut, on palanquins and laden bullocks, both in going and returning:

On every palanquin,.....1 Rupee.
On every laden bullock,.....6 Pies.

II. And it is hereby enacted, that from the said day, all the provisions of Act No. II. of 1837, of the Governor General of India in Council, shall be applicable to Palanquins and Laden Bullocks, and the Tolls to be levied thereon, as if they had been inserted among the rates of Tolls contained in Section II. of that Act.

ACT No. IX.—Passed on the 30th April 1838.

It is hereby enacted, that from the Fifteenth day of May 1838, it shall be competent to the Session Judges within the Presidency of Bombay, in adjudging a sentence of fine, to award such fine, or any part of such fine, in compensation to the party who may have been injured, in like manner as it is competent to Magistrates to award fines; under Clause 1st, Section XIII. Regulation XII. of 1827 of the Bombay Code.

ACT No. X.—Passed on the 30th April 1838.

I. It is hereby enacted, that Regulation X. 1817, of the Bengal Code, be repealed.

II. And it is hereby enacted, that the Functionaries who are or may be appointed in the Province of Kumaon, be henceforth placed under the control and superintendence, in Civil Cases, of the Court of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut at Allahabad, in Criminal Cases of the Court of Nizamut Adawlut at Allahabad, and in Revenue Cases of the Sudder Board of Revenue at Allahabad; and that such control and superintendence shall be exercised in conformity with such instructions, as the said functionaries may have received, or may hereafter receive, from the Government of the North Western Provinces of the Presidency of Fort William.

ACT. No. XI.—Passed on the 14th May 1838.

I. It is hereby enacted, that Section XV. Regulation XIX. of 1814, of the Bengal Code, be repealed.

II. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Sudder Board of Revenue at Calcutta, with the sanction of the Governor of Bengal, and for the Sudder Board of Revenue at Allahabad, with the sanction of the functionary exercising the authority of Government in the North Western Provinces, to fix the remuneration of an Ameen, or other person employed to effect a partition of an Estate under the Regulations enacted for that purpose, and to cause the same to be levied from the parties concerned in the same manner as an arrear of Revenue, at such periods, and in such proportions, as the said Boards may severally think fit.

ACT. No. XII.—Passed on the 21st May 1838.

It is hereby enacted, that from the First day of July 1838, all powers vested by Regulation XI. of 1832, of the Madras Code; in Zillah or Assistant Judges, shall be vested in every Principal Sudder Ameen within the Territories subject to the Government of the Presidency of Fort St. George, in respect of all hidden treasure of any of the kinds specified in Section II. of that Regulation; which may be found within his jurisdiction; and all rules applicable to Zillah or Assistant Judges, shall be applicable to every such Principal Sudder Ameen; in respect of such treasure.

ACT. No. XIII.—Passed on the 21st May 1838.

I. It is hereby enacted, that it shall be competent to the Governor General of India in Council, by an Order in Council, to extend any part of the Provisions of Regulation XII. of 1833, to the Court of any Principal Sudder Ameen, Sudder Ameen or Moonsiff.

II. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Governor General of India in Council to delegate the power given to him by Section I. of this Act to the Governor of Bengal, and to the Lieutenant Governor of the N. W. Provinces, or to any functionary exercising the authority of Government in the N. W. Provinces.

ACT No. XIV.—Passed on the 16th July 1838.

It is hereby enacted, that it shall be competent to the Governor in Council of Fort St. George, by an Order in Council, to extend the provisions of Regulations III. of 1820 and IX. of 1831, to the articles of ganjah and bang:—the quantity of ganjah and bang, which each person shall be allowed to have in his possession without a license, within the limits specified in any such order, shall not exceed one half viss.

ACT No. XV.—Passed on the 16th July 1838.

It is hereby enacted, that Clause I, Section XXXV. Regulation XII. of 1827, of the Bombay Code, be repealed.

ACT No. XVI.—Passed on the 23d July 1838.

I. Clause 1st.—It is hereby enacted, in modification of the Rules contained in Chapter VIII. Regulation XVII. of 1827, of the Bombay Code, that in the Territories subject to the Presidency of Bombay, all Suits in regard to tenures, and the nature and extent of the interest and advantage which in virtue thereof should be enjoyed by the parties concerned, and all Suits in which the right to possession of land, or of the wuttuns of hereditary district or village officers is claimed, shall be brought in the Courts of Adawlut and the Courts subordinate thereto, and not in the Courts of Revenue.

Clause 2d.—Provided nevertheless, that it shall be lawful for the Revenue Courts to give immediate possession of all Lands, Premises, Trees, Crops, Fisheries, and of all profits arising from the same, to any party dispossessed of the same or of the profits thereof, provided applications be made to them by such party within six months from the date of such dispossession. And in order to the due execution of such power, it shall be lawful for the Revenue Courts to determine the facts of such possession and dispossession;—and the party to whom the Revenue Courts shall so give immediate possession, shall continue in possession, until ejected by a decree of a Court of Adawlut.

Clause 3d.—Provided also, that nothing contained in this Act shall be held to interfere with the jurisdiction defined in Clauses 3, 4, and 5 of Section XXXI. Regulation XVII. of 1827, of the aforesaid Code, which shall continue to be exercised by the Revenue Courts.

II. And it is hereby enacted, that if a Suit be presented in the Court of a Judge or Collector, which such Judge or Collector shall not deem within his jurisdiction, the party presenting such Suit shall be referred by the Court in which it may be first presented to that in which, in the opinion of such Court, the jurisdiction lies, and the latter Court shall, in the event of its doubting its jurisdiction in the case, refer the question of jurisdiction to the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut, whose decision on the point shall be final.

III. And it is hereby enacted, that if a Suit be presented in any Court subordinate to the Court of a Judge or Collector, which Suit such subordinate Court shall not deem to be within its jurisdiction, such subordinate Court shall submit the case to the Judges' or Collectors' Court to which such subordinate Court is subordinate, and if the superior Court to which the case is so submitted shall be of opinion that such subordinate Court has jurisdiction in the case, such superior Court shall direct such subordinate Court to proceed with the case, and if such superior Court shall be of opinion that such subordinate Court has not jurisdiction in the case, such superior Court shall proceed in the manner directed in the last preceding Section.

IV. And it is hereby enacted, that whenever a Court of Adawlut or a Revenue Court shall have entered on its file, under this Act, a Suit in which it has not jurisdiction, it shall be competent to the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut, either on a reference from the Judge or Collector, (as the case may be,) or on application from the parties, to direct that the Suit be transferred, with all the proceedings which may have taken place therein up to the period of transfer, to the Court possessing jurisdiction, which shall proceed therewith as if the Suit had been originally filed in that Court.

V. And it is hereby enacted, that when any Court trying an Appeal finds that the action was originally brought and decided in a Revenue Court, when it ought to have been brought and decided in a Court of Adawlut, or a Court subordinate thereto, or that the action was originally brought and decided in a Court of Adawlut, or a Court subordinate thereto, when it ought to have been brought and decided in a Revenue Court, the Court trying the Appeal shall, instead of quashing the whole proceedings, annul only the decree and refer the Suit to be tried in the Court to which the jurisdiction properly belongs, without further costs of stamps to the parties, except on new exhibits, if any such should be allowed to be filed; and the Court trying any such case referred under the foregoing Section shall take further pleadings, exhibits, and evidence, only if it deem such necessary, and shall pass a new decree; but if an Appeal be made from such new decree by the party originally bringing the Appeal, then the decree of the Court trying such new Appeal shall be passed without the cost of a new stamp on the petition of Appeal to that party.

VI. And it is hereby enacted, that all original Suits and Appeals relating to any of the subjects enumerated in Clause 1st, Section I. of this Act, which may be depending in the Revenue Courts, shall be forthwith transferred to the Courts of Adawlut; and in all cases where the right of Appeal may now be open, the Appeal shall be brought to the Court to which, under the Rules of this Act, such Appeal shall lie.

ACT No. XVII.—Passed on the 13th August 1838.

I. It is hereby enacted, that from the First day of September 1838, it shall be competent to the Zillah Judges, the Assistant Judges of Auxiliary Courts, and the Principal Sudder Ameeris in the Territories subject to the Presidency of Fort St. George, to receive a Summary Appeal from the Orders or Decrees of the District Moonsiffs stationed within their respective jurisdictions, in cases in which such District Moonsiffs may have refused to admit any suit regularly cognizable by them, or may have dismissed on the ground of delay, informality, or other default, without an investigation of the merits of the case, any such suit which they may have admitted, or any suit regularly referred to them by superior authority.

II. And it is hereby enacted, that the Provisions contained in the Fifth and Sixth following Clauses of Section 5, Regulation XV. of 1816 of the Madras Code, regarding Summary Appeals, shall apply to the Summary Appeals preferred under the authority of this Act.

ACT No. XVIII.—Passed on the 20th August 1838.

I. It is hereby enacted, that from the First day of October next, in addition to the security authorized to be taken by Section XII. Regulation XVI. 1827, of the Bombay Code, it shall be lawful for every Collector or other Principal Officer entrusted with the collection or management of the Revenues of Government, in the Territories subject to the Government of the Presidency of Bombay, to require security of one or more individuals in the Form of Schedule A, from any Officer employed under him, not being a Covenanted Servant or Commissioned Officer of the East India Company.

II. First. And it is hereby enacted, that the surety or sureties of such Officer as is aforesaid, who may enter into a Bond of the Form Schedule A, shall be liable to be proceeded against jointly and severally in the same manner as his or their Principal is liable to be proceeded against, in case of default, and notwithstanding such Principal may be so proceeded against.

Second. Provided always, that no greater sum shall be recovered from the surety or sureties than is sufficient to cover any loss or damage which the Government may actually sustain by the default of the Principal, as the amount which may be due from such surety or sureties under the terms of the Security Bond executed by him or them.

Third. And provided also, that the said surety or sureties shall, in no case, be liable to summary imprisonment in default of producing public papers or property, provided he or they pay into the Collector's treasury, the whole or such part of the penalty named on the Bond as may be demanded.

III. And it is hereby enacted, that the Collector or other Officer as aforesaid may at any time after security has been given, the sanction of the Superior Revenue authority being first obtained, demand fresh or additional security, as may seem to him expedient.

IV. And it is hereby enacted, that any surety whether under a separate or joint Bond may withdraw from his suretyship at any time on his stating, in writing, to the Officer to whom the Bond has been given, that he desires so to withdraw; and his responsibility under the Bond shall cease after sixty days from the date on which he gives such writing as to all demands upon his Principal concerning monies, papers, or accounts for which his Principal may become chargeable after the expiration of such period of sixty days.

V. And it is hereby enacted, that the liability of the surety or sureties shall not be affected by the death of a Principal, or by his appointment to a situation different from that which he held when the Bond was executed.

VI. And it is hereby enacted, that the date from which the liability of the surety or sureties is to commence shall be stated in the Bond, and such date shall be that of the appointment to the situation which the Principal is declared in the Bond to hold, or that from which any former Security Bond has been cancelled, or any other specific date which the Officer requiring such security may determine, and the party or parties executing the Bond shall agree to.

SCHEDULE A.

FORM OF BOND.

I. A. B., (we A. B. and C. D.) do hereby become security on the part of E. F. holder of the Office of _____ in the Collectorship of _____ and bind myself (ourselves severally and jointly) to make good all demands for public money, public papers and accounts, and all other property appertaining to Government, which may have arisen from the date from which this Bond is to take effect as hereinafter mentioned, and which may arise during such period as this

Bond may continue in force against the said E. F., and on failure to produce public accounts, papers, or other property appertaining to Government, not being money, I (or we) agree to forfeit such sum not exceeding (10,000 Rs. or as the case may be) as the Collector (or other Officer as the case may be) may deem proper.

This Bond is to have effect from the date of appointment of the said E. F. (or as the case may be.)

Executed this

day of

in the year of

Witnesses.

(Signature of Security.)

ACT No. XIX.—Passed on the 27th August 1838.

I. It is hereby enacted, that from the First day of November, 1838, Sections XX. and XXI. Regulation XX. of 1827, of the Bombay Code, be repealed.

II. And it is hereby enacted, that from the said First day of November, 1838, the following rules shall be in force with respect to vessels belonging to any of her Majesty's subjects residing within the Presidency of Bombay, and employed on the coasts of the territories subject to the Government of Bombay, or in trading coastwise, as also with respect to fishing vessels and harbour craft belonging to any of the same Her Majesty's subjects.

III. And it is hereby enacted, that every such vessel employed as aforesaid, fishing vessel, and harbour craft, shall be marked or branded with the name of the place to which she belongs, and also with a number assigned for the same, by the officer authorized to make such registry as is hereinafter mentioned; and the owner or owners of such vessel employed as aforesaid, fishing vessel, and harbour craft, shall cause such name and number to be painted in black paint upon a white ground, on each quarter of such vessel employed as aforesaid, fishing vessel, and harbour craft, in English figures and letters, each figure and letter being six inches in length.

IV. And it is hereby enacted, that the name and number of every such vessel, employed as aforesaid, fishing vessel, and harbour craft, and her burthen, and also the name or names of the owner or owners thereof, shall be registered in a book, to be kept for that purpose, by the person hereinafter directed to make such registry. At Bombay, such registry shall be made by the Master Attendant, and at other places within the said territories, by the Collector of Sea Customs at such places, respectively, or by such other person, as shall be appointed by the Government of Bombay to act at such places respectively, in the execution of this Act; and whenever any change shall take place in the burthen of such vessel employed as aforesaid fishing vessel, or harbour craft, or in the name or names of the owner or owners thereof, such registry shall be made again: provided, however, that it shall not be lawful to give any name to such vessel employed, as aforesaid, fishing vessel, or harbour craft, other than that by which she was first registered.

V. And it is hereby enacted, that the owner or owners of every such vessel employed as aforesaid, fishing vessel, and harbour craft, shall apply to the person authorized to make such registry in respect of the same, in order to have such registry as aforesaid made, or in order to have such registry made again as aforesaid. And whenever such vessel employed as aforesaid, fishing vessel, or harbour craft, is registered at a subordinate port, information thereof, and of the number there assigned to her, shall immediately be given by the registering officer to the Master Attendant at Bombay.

VI. And it is hereby enacted, that the duty of marking or branding, and of ascertaining the burthen of, such vessels employed as aforesaid, fishing vessels, and harbour craft at Bombay, shall be performed by the Master Attendant; and at all other places, within the territories subject to the Government of Bombay, the duty of marking or branding, and of ascertaining the burthen of, such vessels employed as aforesaid, fishing vessels, and harbour craft, shall be performed by the Collector of Sea Customs at such places respectively; or by such other persons as shall be appointed by the Government of Bombay to act at such places respectively, in the execution of this Act.

VII. And it is hereby enacted, that the owner or owners of every such vessel employed as aforesaid, fishing vessel, and harbour craft, shall apply for and obtain a certificate of registry from the person authorized to make such registry as aforesaid, and such certificate shall be in the form specified in the Schedule appended to this Act; and in the case of any certificate being lost or destroyed, a renewed certificate may be obtained in the same manner, and on payment of the fees hereinafter mentioned.

VIII. And it is hereby enacted, that such certificate of registry shall be sealed with the seal of the East India Company, and shall be signed by the person authorized to make such registry.

IX. And it is hereby enacted, that such certificate shall be issued to every vessel employed as aforesaid, fishing vessel, and harbour craft as aforesaid, from the date of the expiration of the pass she is now furnished with:—the registrations with respect to fishing vessels and harbour craft, to take effect from the First of November, 1838.

X. And it is hereby enacted, that the owner or owners of such vessels, employed as aforesaid, (fishing vessels and harbour craft being excepted)—on being registered as aforesaid, shall pay—

For each certificate of registry for a vessel not exceeding 20 Bombay candies burthen, the fee of.....	1 Rupee.
For each certificate for a vessel exceeding 20 such candies burthen, and not exceeding 100 candies burthen,.....	5 Rupees.
For each certificate for a vessel exceeding 100 such candies burthen, and not exceeding 400 candies burthen,.....	7 Rupees.
And for each certificate for a vessel of 100 tons, or greater burthen, per ton,.....	2 Annas.

XI. And it is hereby enacted, that the person or persons so authorized to make such registry as aforesaid, shall receive the fees payable for the same, and shall pay such fees to such Officer as the Governor of Bombay in Council shall appoint; the same to be carried to the credit of the Government of Bombay.

XII. And it is hereby enacted, that the owner or owners or commander of every such vessel employed as aforesaid, fishing vessel, and harbour craft, shall produce, on demand thereof by any officer of the customs within the said territories, or by any officer of the Indian Navy, the certificate so directed to be applied for and obtained, in respect of such vessel employed as aforesaid, fishing vessel, or harbour craft, as abovementioned.

XIII. And it is hereby enacted, that in case any such vessel employed as aforesaid, fishing vessel, or harbour craft, shall not be so marked or branded, in all respects, as hereinbefore directed; or in case the name and number of any such vessel employed as aforesaid, fishing vessel, or harbour craft, shall not be so painted, or shall not continue so painted, on such vessel employed as aforesaid, fishing vessel or harbour craft, in all respects as hereinbefore directed; or in case any such vessel employed as aforesaid, fishing vessel, or harbour craft, shall not be furnished with such certificate as hereinbefore specified, or in case the owner or owners or commander of any such vessel employed as aforesaid, fishing vessel, or harbour craft, shall not produce such certificate on demand thereof as hereinbefore directed; the owner or owners of every such vessel employed as aforesaid, shall be subject to a fine of ten times the amount of the fees payable in respect of the certificate of registry of such vessel, the same being a vessel for the certificate of the registration of which any fee is payable, and the owner or owners of any such fishing vessel, or harbour craft, shall be subject to a fine of ten rupees; which fines may be recovered on conviction before any Magistrate, Justice of the Peace, or person exercising the powers of a Magistrate having jurisdiction within the said territories by sale of such vessel, fishing vessel, or harbour craft, her furniture, ammunition, tackle and apparel, and such fines shall be payable as often as the owner or owners or commander of any such vessel employed as aforesaid, fishing vessel, or harbour craft shall make such default as aforesaid provided every such subsequent default be made after the expiration of one month from the date of the last conviction.

XIV. And it is hereby enacted, that the Governor of Bombay in Council may direct compensation for trouble and diligence in seizing such vessel employed as aforesaid, fishing vessel or harbour craft, guns, furniture, tackle, ammunition and apparel, as last mentioned to be made, out of the proceeds of such seizure, to the person or persons who shall have seized the same, to such amount, in such manner, and in such shares or proportions, as to the said Governor in Council shall seem meet.

XV. And it is hereby enacted, that from the First day of November 1838, a certificate from the Marine Paymaster at Bombay, or from the Boat Master at Bombay, shall not be required in order to enable any person or persons to obtain a port clearance for any vessel at the Custom House of Bombay.

SCHEDULE.

This is to certify that (here insert the names, occupation, and residence of the owners) having declared, that (he or they) are sole owner or owners of the vessel (fishing vessel or harbour craft) called (the name) which is of the burthen of (number of Bombay candies) and that the said vessel (fishing vessel or harbour craft) was (where and when built) the said vessel (fishing vessel or harbour craft) has been duly registered at the port of (name of port.) Certified under my hand. (Signature of Officer.)

ACT No. XX.—Passed on the 27th August 1838.

I. It is hereby enacted, that from the First day of October next, Section VIII. Act XVII. 1837, be repealed.

II. And it is hereby enacted, that when there is no Bhangee Post established on any line of Road, letters and packets exceeding in weight 12 Tolas, and not exceeding 40 Tolas, shall be received by Post Masters for transmission by the Letter Post under the Rules which follow :

First. If the letter or packet received for despatch be of the description specified in heads Nos. 1, 2 and 3 of the Schedule A, annexed to Act XVII. of 1837, the postage duty thereon shall be levied by rateable increase, as declared and provided in the said heads of the said Schedule, and the Post Masters shall forward every such letter or packet on the same terms, the postage charge being rateably increased, as is provided in the said Act for letters and packets not exceeding 12 Tolas in weight.

Second. If any packets exceeding 12 Tolas in Weight, and not exceeding 40 Tolas, when so brought for despatch along a road where there is no regular Bhangee Post established, be certified by attestation written on the cover not to contain any of the things specified as subject to rateable postage duty under heads Nos. 1, 2 and 3 of the said Schedule, and further, if it be so certified that such packets do not contain any writing in contravention of Sections IX. and X. Act XVII. of 1837, every such packet shall in like manner be forwarded by the Letter Post being charged with duty as specified and prescribed in Table 4, Schedule A for Bhangee Parcels. Provided, however, that it shall be in the power of the Post Master at the place of delivery to proceed for the discovery of any fraud or contravention of the law in respect of all packets, so conveyed by the letter post at Bhangee postage rates, in the manner prescribed in Section XXX. Act XVII. 1837. Provided, also, that Government shall not be responsible for any loss or damage which may occur in respect of any thing entrusted to the Post Master for conveyance by virtue of this Act, and that no person employed by the Government in the Post Office Department shall be responsible for any such loss or damage unless such person has caused such loss or damage maliciously or fraudulently.

III. And it is hereby enacted, that if packets exceeding 40 Tolas in weight be brought for despatch by the letter post at Bhangee rates, the same may be forwarded under the rules and restrictions prescribed in the preceding Section of this Act : provided, however, that the transmission of such over weight packets shall always be discretionary with the Post Master to whom they may be brought for despatch, to forward them at such times and in such manner as may be convenient.

IV. And it is hereby enacted, that no packet brought for despatch by Bhangee Post shall be returned from any Post Office on the ground that the Bhangee Post has not been laid for the whole distance to the place of delivery.

V. And it is hereby enacted, that, except as hereinafter is mentioned, if any person wilfully certify or cause to be certified by writing on any letter, cover or packet delivered at any Post Office for conveyance by Post what is not true in respect of such letter or packet, or in respect of its contents, for the purpose of defrauding the Post Office revenue, every such person shall on conviction be subject to a fine of 50 Rupees for every such offence.

VI. And it is hereby enacted, that whoever shall send or cause to be sent by the Government Post any packet under the Provisions of this Act of the description mentioned in Table 2 of Schedule A, Act No. XVII. A. D. 1837, which shall contain any writing whatever other than writing which is necessarily part of the documents which such packet is stated to contain by attestation on the cover of such packet, knowing that it contains any writing not necessarily part of the Documents which such packet is stated to contain by attestation on the cover, shall be punished with a fine of 50 Rupees.

VII. And it is hereby enacted, that whoever shall send or cause to be sent by the Government Post, under the Provisions of this Act, any packet of the description mentioned in Table 3 of Schedule A, Act No. XVII. A. D. 1837, which shall contain any writing whatsoever except the direction on the cover, knowing that it contains any writing other than the direction on the cover, shall be punished with a fine of 50 Rupees.

VIII. And it is hereby enacted, that all fines incurred on account of letters or packets sent by the Letter Post or by the Bhangee Post in contravention of the Provisions of Sections IX. and X. of Act XVII. of 1837, as well as all fines by this Act authorized to be imposed, shall be demanded from the parties liable thereto by notice in writing from the Post Master General, or from any Post Master, and if not paid upon such demand the same shall upon conviction of the offender before any Magistrate for the place where the party charged may be residing, be levied, together with the costs attending the information and conviction by distress and sale of

the goods and chattels of the party or parties offending, by warrant under the hand of such Magistrate. And if upon the return of such warrant, it shall appear that no sufficient distress can be had thereon, then it shall be lawful for any such Magistrate by warrant under his hand and seal to cause such offender or offenders to be committed to prison, there to remain for the space of two calendar months, unless such fines and all reasonable charges attending the same shall be sooner paid and satisfied.

IX. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Post Master to detain any letter or packet in respect of which any party shall become liable to fine for a contravention of Sections IX. and X. of Act XVII. of 1837, or of any of the Provisions of this Act, until the fine and all reasonable charges attending the same, shall have been duly paid.

ACT No. XXI.—Passed on the 27th August 1838.

I. It is hereby enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Governor General of India in Council, in his executive capacity, to direct the coinage and issuing of any Silver Coins, of a value represented in even Annas or sixteenths of the Company's Rupee, provided they be of the same standard as that prescribed for such Rupee by the Act No. XVII of 1835, and of proportionate weight.

II. And it is hereby enacted, that the provisions of Act. No. XVII. of 1835 and of Act No. XXXI. of 1837, applicable to the devices, inscriptions, and embellishments of the Coins coined and issued by virtue of the Act. No. XVII. of 1835, shall be applicable to the Coins which may be coined and issued by virtue of this Act.

ACT No. XXII.—Passed on the 10th September 1838.

I. It is hereby enacted, that from the 1st day of October 1838, it shall be competent to the Zillah and City Judges, in the Territories subject to the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, to receive a Summary Appeal from the orders or decrees of the Moonsiffs subordinate to them, in cases in which such Moonsiffs may have refused to admit any suit regularly cognizable by them, or may have dismissed, on the ground of delay, informality, or other default, without an investigation of the merits of the case, any such suit which they may have admitted, or any suit regularly preferred to them.

II. And it is hereby enacted, that the provisions contained in the Fifth and Six following Clauses of Section III. Regulation XXVI. of 1814, and Section II. Regulation XII. of 1833, and Section VII. Regulation IX. of 1831 of the Bengal Code, shall apply to the Summary Appeals preferred under the authority of this Act.

ACT No. XXIII.—Passed on the 17th September 1838.

It is hereby enacted, that so much of Section III. Regulation IV. of 1831 of the Madras Code, as saves and excepts the liability to attachment or sequestration in certain cases of the grants mentioned in Section II. of the said Regulation, be repealed: and that such grants shall not be liable to attachment or sequestration in satisfaction of any decree or order of Court whatever.

ACT No. XXIV.—Passed on the 24th September 1838.

I. It is hereby enacted, that Section III. of Act XIX. of 1836, together with any other provisions of that Act which prescribe or imply that the Capital Stock of the Bank of Bengal shall not exceed 75 Lakhs of Rupees, shall from this day be repealed.

II. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Governor General of India in Council whenever he shall see fit from time to time by an Order to be notified in the *Calcutta Gazette*, to authorize the Capital Stock of the said Bank to be increased, and to make such order and direction for the opening of subscriptions towards such increase of Capital as to him may seem fit, giving due notice to the Proprietors of the said Bank for the time being and allowing to them a period of not less than eighteen months to fill up such subscription.

III. And it is hereby enacted, that whenever such increase of Capital Stock of the Bank of Bengal shall be ordered by the Governor General of India in Council, the Proprietors entitled to share therein, shall not be debarred of the right to subscribe for the new Stock in the proportion of the shares they may be legally holding by reason of any limit to the quantity of Stock which a single Proprietor may hold, that may be imposed by the Provisions of the Charter of the Bank, or by any Clause or Provision contained in Act No. XIX. of 1836.

IV. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Governor General of India in Council, when he shall direct an increase to be made of the Capital Stock of the Bank of Bengal, to prescribe that the subscriptions shall be made upon each share respectively, in any given proportion to the amount of Stock represent-

ed by such share, and after subscription made at any time within the period of notice prescribed in Section II. of this Act, to permit the amount subscribed on account of any share or shares to be paid up and annexed to the Capital Stock of the Bank in such manner and at such dates as may be deemed most convenient and proper, and likewise to prescribe that the amount of new Capital that may not be subscribed for by Proprietors within the period of eighteen months so specified, shall be sold by Auction by an Officer of the Bank for the benefit of the said Bank, on some early date, after the close of such period, and that the proceeds of such sale shall be at the disposal of the Proprietors of the Bank by Resolution duly passed at their General Meetings, any thing in the existing Charter of the said Bank regarding the method of taking the subscriptions of new Capital to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Governor General of India in Council at the time of ordering any increase of the Capital Stock of the Bank of Bengal to reserve the portion of such increase that may belong to Government by reason of its share of the Capital of the said Bank, and to fix any date within the period of eighteen months above specified, as that before which it shall be finally declared whether the Government will take the share of new Stock to which it is so entitled or will refuse the same, and in case of refusal by Government to take its share of new Stock, such Stock shall not be sold on account of the Proprietors at large as above provided for Stock not subscribed for by other Proprietors, but the amount to which the Government may be so entitled shall not be raised, and if the Government shall determine to subscribe for the share of new Capital to which it is entitled, it shall be lawful for the Governor General of India in Council either to retain the same or to order the sale of such new Stock or any portion thereof on account of Government in such manner and at such times as to him may seem fit.

ACT No. XXV.—*Passed on the 8th October 1838.*

I. It is hereby enacted, that the words and expressions hereinafter mentioned shall in this Act, except where the nature of the provision or the context of the Act shall exclude such construction, be interpreted as follows; (that is to say) the word "will" shall extend to a testament, and to a codicil, and to an appointment by will or by writing in the nature of a will in exercise of a power, and also to a disposition by will and testament of devise of the custody and tuition of any child by virtue of an Act passed in the twelfth year of the reign of King Charles the Second, intituled "An Act for taking away the Court of Wards and liveries, and tenures *in capite* and by Knight's service and purveyance, and for settling a revenue upon His Majesty "in lieu thereof," or by virtue of an Act passed in the Parliament of Ireland in the fourteenth and fifteenth years of the reign of King Charles the Second, intituled "An Act for taking away the Court of Wards and liveries, and tenures *in capite* and by Knight's service," and to any other testamentary disposition, and the words "real estate" shall extend to messuages, lands, rents and hereditaments whether corporeal, incorporeal or personal, and to any undivided share thereof and to any estate, right or interest (other than a chattel interest) therein, and the words "personal estate" shall extend to leasehold estates and other chattels real, and also to monies, shares of Government and other funds, securities for money (not being real estates), debts, choses in action, rights, credits, goods, and all other property whatsoever which by law devolves upon the executor or administrator, and to any share or interest therein; and every word importing the singular number only shall extend and be applied to several persons or things as well as one person or thing; and every word importing the masculine gender only shall extend and be applied to a female as well as a male.

II. And it is hereby enacted, that an Act passed in the thirty-second year of the Reign of King Henry the Eighth, intituled "The Act of Wills, Wards and primer seisins, whereby a man may devise two parts of his land:" and also an Act passed in the thirty-fourth and thirty-fifth years of the reign of the said King Henry the Eighth, intituled "The Bill concerning the explanation of Wills," and also an Act passed in the Parliament of Ireland in the tenth year of the reign of King Charles the First, intituled "An Act how Lands, Tenements, &c. may be disposed by will, "or otherwise, and concerning wards and primer seisins;" and also so much of an Act passed in the twenty-ninth year of the reign of King Charles the Second, intituled "An Act for prevention of Frauds and Perjuries;" and of an Act passed in the Parliament of Ireland in the seventh year of the reign of King William the Third, intituled "An Act for prevention of frauds and perjuries as relates to "devises or bequests of lands or tenements, or to the revocation or alteration of any "devise in writing of any lands, tenements or hereditaments, or any clause thereof, or to the devise of any estate *pur autre vie*, or to any such estate being "assets or to nuncupative wills, or to the repeal, altering or changing of any "will in writing concerning any goods or chattels or personal estate, or any clause, "devise or bequest therein;" and also so much of an Act passed in the fourth and fifth years of the reign of Queen Anne, intituled "An Act for the amendment of the "Law and the better advancement of Justice;" and of an Act passed in the Parlia-

ment of Ireland in the sixth year of the reign of Queen Anne, intituled "An Act for the amendment of the Law and the better advancement of justice" as relates to witnesses to nuncupative wills; and so far as the following Acts may be construed to have any operation within the territories of the East India Company, so much of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of the reign of King George the Second, intituled "An Act to amend the Law concerning common recoveries," and to explain and amend an Act made in the twenty-ninth year of the reign of King Charles the Second, intituled "An Act for prevention of frauds and perjuries" as relates to estates *pur autre vie*; and also an Act passed in the twenty-fifth year of the reign of King George the Second, intituled "An Act for avoiding and putting an end to certain doubts and questions relating to the attestation of wills and codicils concerning real estates in that part of Great Britain called England, and in His Majesty's colonies and plantations in America," except so far as relates to His Majesty's colonies and plantations in America, and also an Act passed in the Parliament of Ireland in the same twenty-fifth year of the reign of King George the Second, intituled "An Act for the avoiding and putting an end to certain doubts and questions relating to the attestations of wills and codicils concerning real estates;" shall from the passing of this Act cease to have effect in the territories of the East India Company, except so far as the same Acts or any of them respectively relate to any wills or estates *pur autre vie* to which this Act does not extend.

III. And it is hereby enacted, that this Act shall only extend to the wills of persons whose personal property cannot by the Law of England pass to their representatives without Probate or Letters of Administration obtained in one of Her Majesty's Supreme Courts of Judicature, and that the Statutes and parts of Statutes aforesaid are only repealed as far as they relate to the succession to the property of such persons.

IV. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be lawful for every person to devise, bequeath or dispose of by his will executed in manner hereinafter required, all real estate and all personal estate which he shall be entitled to, either at Law or in Equity, at the time of his death, and which, if not so devised, bequeathed or disposed of, would devolve upon the heir at law of him, or, if he became entitled by descent, of his ancestor, or upon his executor or administrator, and that the power hereby given shall extend to all estates *pur autre vie*, whether there shall or shall not be any special occupant thereof, and whether the same shall be a corporeal or an incorporeal hereditament, and whether the same shall be freehold or of any other tenure, and also to all contingent, executory or other future interests in any real or personal estate, whether the testator may or may not be ascertained as the person or one of the persons in whom the same respectively may become vested, and whether he may be entitled thereto under the instrument by which the same respectively were created; or under any disposition thereof by deed or will; and also to all rights of entry for conditions broken, and other rights of entry, and also to such of the same estates, interests, and rights respectively, and other real and personal estate as the testator may be entitled to at the time of his death, notwithstanding that he may become entitled to the same subsequently to the execution of his will.

V. And it is hereby enacted, that no will made by any person under the age of twenty-one years shall be valid.

VI. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted, that no will made by any married woman shall be valid, except such a will as might have been made by a married woman before the passing of this Act.

VII. And it is hereby enacted, that no will shall be valid unless it shall be in writing and executed in manner hereinafter mentioned; (that is to say) it shall be signed at the foot or end thereof by the testator or by some other person in his presence and by his direction, and such signature shall be made or acknowledged by the testator in the presence of two or more witnesses present at the same time, and such witnesses shall subscribe the will in the presence of the testator, but no form of attestation shall be necessary.

VIII. And it is hereby enacted, that no appointment made by will in exercise of any power, shall be valid, unless the same be executed in manner herein before required; and every will executed in manner hereinbefore required shall, so far as respects the execution and attestation thereof, be a valid execution of a power of appointment by will, notwithstanding that it shall have been expressly required that a will made in exercise of such power should be executed with some additional or other form of execution or solemnity.

IX. And it is hereby enacted, that every will executed in manner hereinbefore required shall be valid without any other publication thereof.

X. And it is hereby enacted, that if any person who shall attest the execution of a will, shall at the time of the execution thereof, or at any time afterwards, be incompetent to be admitted a witness to prove the execution thereof, such will shall not on that account be invalid.

XI. And it is hereby enacted, that if any person shall attest the execution of any will, to whom or to whose wife or husband any beneficial devise, legacy, estate, interest, gift or appointment of or affecting any real or personal estate (other than and except charges and directions for the payment of any debt or debts) shall be thereby given or made, such devise, legacy, estate, interest, gift or appointment, shall, so far only as concerns such person attesting the execution of such will, or the wife or husband of such person, or any person claiming under such person or wife or husband, be utterly null and void, and such person so attesting shall be admitted as a witness to prove the execution, or to prove the validity or invalidity thereof, notwithstanding such devise, legacy, estate, interest, gift or appointment mentioned in such will.

XII. And it is hereby enacted, that in case by any will any real or personal estate shall be charged with any debt or debts, and any creditor, or the wife or husband of any creditor, whose debt is so charged shall attest the execution of such will, such creditor, notwithstanding such charge, shall be admitted a witness to prove the execution of such will, or to prove the validity or invalidity thereof.

XIII. And it is hereby enacted, that no person shall, on account of his being an executor of a will, be incompetent to be admitted a witness to prove the execution of such will, or a witness to prove the validity or invalidity thereof.

XIV. And it is hereby enacted, that every will made by a man or woman shall be revoked by his or her marriage (except a will made in exercise of a power of appointment, when the real or personal estate thereby appointed would not in default of such appointment pass to his or her heir, executor or administrator, or the person entitled as his or her next of kin, under the Statute of Distributions.)

XV. And it is hereby enacted, that no will shall be revoked by any presumption of an intention on the ground of an alteration in circumstances.

XVI. And it is hereby enacted, that no will or codicil, or any part thereof shall be revoked otherwise than as aforesaid, or by another will or codicil executed in manner hereinbefore required, or by some writing declaring an intention to revoke the same, and executed in the manner in which a will is hereinbefore required to be executed, or by the burning, tearing or otherwise destroying the same by the testator or by some person in his presence and by his direction with the intention of revoking the same.

XVII. And it is hereby enacted, that no obliteration, interlineation or other alteration made in any will after the execution thereof, shall be valid or have any effect, except so far as the words or effect of the will before such alteration shall not be apparent, unless such alteration shall be executed in like manner as hereinbefore is required for the execution of the will; but the will, with such alteration as part thereof, shall be deemed to be duly executed, if the signature of the testator and the subscription of the witnesses be made in the margin or some other part of the will opposite or near to such alteration, or at the foot or end of or opposite or near to such alteration, or at the foot or end of or opposite to a memorandum referring to such alteration, and written at the end or some other part of the will.

XVIII. And it is hereby enacted, that no will or codicil, or any part thereof, which shall be in any manner revoked, shall be revived otherwise than by the re-execution thereof, or by a codicil executed in a manner hereinbefore required, and shewing an intention to revive the same, and when any will or codicil which shall be partly revoked and afterwards wholly revoked, shall be revived, such revival shall not extend to so much thereof as shall have been revoked before the revocation of the whole thereof, unless an intention to the contrary be shown.

XIX. And it is hereby enacted, that no conveyance or other act made or done subsequently to the execution of a will of, or relating to any real or personal estate therein comprised, except an act by which such will shall be revoked as aforesaid shall prevent the operation of the will with respect to such estate or interest in such real or personal estate as the testator shall have power to dispose of by will at the time of his death,

XX. And it is hereby enacted, that every will shall be construed, with reference to the real estate and personal estate comprised in it, to speak and take effect as if it had been executed immediately before the death of the testator unless a contrary intention shall appear by the will,

XXI. And it is hereby enacted, that unless a contrary intention shall appear by the will such real estate or interest therein as shall be comprised or intended to be comprised in any devise in such will contained, which shall fail or be void by reason of the death of the devisee in the life time of the testator, or by reason of such devise being contrary to law, or otherwise incapable of taking effect shall be included in the residuary devise (if any) contained in such will.

XXII. And it is hereby enacted, that a general devise of the real estate of the testator, or of the real estate of the testator in any place or in the occupation of any person mentioned in his will, or otherwise described in a general manner, shall be

construed to include any real estate, or any real estate to which such description shall extend (as the case may be) which he may have power to appoint in any manner he may think proper and shall operate as an execution of such power, unless a contrary intention shall appear by the will, and in like manner a bequest of the personal estate of the testator or any bequest of personal estate described in a general manner shall be construed to include any personal estate, or any personal estate to which such description shall extend (as the case may be) which he may have power to appoint in any manner he may think proper and shall operate as an execution of such power, unless a contrary intention shall appear by the will.

XXIII. And it is hereby enacted, that where any real estate shall be devised to any person without any words of limitation, such devise shall be construed to pass the fee simple, or other the whole estate or interest which the testator had power to dispose of by will, in such real estate, unless a contrary intention shall appear by the will.

XXIV. And it is hereby enacted, that in any devise or bequest of real or personal estate the words "die without issue," or "die without leaving issue," or any other words which may import either a want or failure of issue of any person in his life time or at the time of his death, or any indefinite failure of his issue, shall be construed to mean a want or failure of issue in the life time or at the time of the death of such person, and not an indefinite failure of his issue, unless a contrary intention shall appear by the will, by reason of such person having a prior estate tail, or of a preceding gift being, without any implication arising from such words, a limitation of an estate tail to such person or issue, or otherwise; Provided, that this Act shall not extend to cases where such words as aforesaid import, if no issue described in a preceding gift shall be born, or if there shall be no issue who shall live to attain the age or otherwise answer the description required for obtaining a vested estate by a preceding gift to such issue.

XXV. And it is hereby enacted, that where any real estate shall be devised to any trustee or executor, such devise shall be construed to pass the fee simple or other the whole estate or interest which the testator had power to dispose of by will in such real estate, unless a definite term of years, absolute or determinable, or an estate of freehold, shall thereby be given to him expressly or by implication.

XXVI. And it is hereby enacted, that where any real estate shall be devised to a trustee without any express limitation of the estate to be taken by such trustee, and the beneficial interest in such real estate, or in the surplus rents and profits thereof shall not be given to any person for life, or such beneficial interest shall be given to any person for life, but the purposes of the trust may continue beyond the life of such person, such devise shall be construed to vest in such trustee the fee simple, or other the whole legal estate which the testator had power to dispose of by will in such real estate and not an estate determinable when the purposes of the trust shall be satisfied.

XXVII. And it is hereby enacted, that where any person to whom any real estate shall be devised for an estate tail, or an estate in quasi entail, shall die in the life time of the testator, leaving issue who would be inheritable under such entail, and any such issue shall be living at the time of the death of the testator, such devise shall not lapse, but shall take effect as if the death of such person had happened immediately after the death of the testator, unless a contrary intention shall appear by the will.

XXVIII. And it is hereby enacted, that where any person being a child or other issue of the testator to whom any real or personal estate shall be devised or bequeathed for any estate or interest not determinable at or before the death of such person, shall die in the life time of the testator leaving issue, and any such issue of such person shall be living at the time of the death of the testator, such devise or bequest shall not lapse, but shall take effect as if the death of such person had happened immediately after the death of the testator, unless a contrary intention shall appear by the will.

XXIX. And it is hereby enacted, that notwithstanding any thing in this Act contained, any Soldier being in actual Military Service, or any Mariner or Seaman being at sea, may dispose of his personal estate as he might have done before the making of this Act.

XXX. And it is hereby enacted that nothing in this Act contained, shall be construed to repeal the provisions of Act No. 20 of 1837, whereby immovable property situate within the jurisdiction of the Court of Judicature of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore and Malacca, transmitted by the last will of any person having a beneficial interest in the same is taken to be and to have been of the nature of chattels real and not of freehold as regards such transmission, provided that such will shall be executed and construed as a will of chattels real is to be executed and construed by virtue of this Act.

XXXI. And it is hereby enacted, that this Act shall not extend to any will made

before the 1st day of February, in the year of our Lord 1839, and that every will re-executed or re-published or revived by any codicil shall for the purposes of this Act be deemed to have been made at the time at which the same shall be so re-executed, re-published, or revived; and that this Act shall not extend to any estate *pur autre vie* of any person who shall die before the First day of February in the year of our Lord 1839.

ACT No. XXVI.—Passed on the 8th October 1838.

I. It is hereby enacted, that it shall henceforth be lawful for the Governor in Council of the Presidency of Fort St. George to direct that all or any persons committed by the Principal Sudder Ameen of Sirsee for trial before the Court of Circuit for the Western Division of the Territories subject to that Presidency, shall be tried at the Sessions of Jail Delivery to be held at Honore.

II. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall henceforth be lawful for the Governor in Council of the Presidency of Fort St. George, to direct that all or any persons committed by any Principal Sudder Ameen for trial before the Court of Circuit shall be tried at any Sessions of Jail Delivery to be held at any Station within the Zillah to which the Court of such Principal Sudder Ameen may be attached.

ACT No. XXVII.—Passed on the 22d October 1838.

I. It is hereby enacted, that so much of Clause I, Section XVIII. Regulation V. of 1831 of the Bengal Code, as provides that no suit be referred to a Principal Sudder Ameen in which the Vakeels or Officers of his Court shall be a party, is hereby repealed.

II. And it is hereby enacted, that in cases where, by reason of the above Clause, a suit cannot be referred to a Sudder Ameen, because he himself or his relatives or dependents are a party to the suit, and where the Zillah and City Judges cannot refer such suit to be tried by any other competent authority, it shall be lawful for each of the Courts of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut within the Territories subject to the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal to direct, by an order authenticated by the official signature of their Register, that the cognizance of such suit shall be transferred to any other Zillah or City Court subordinate to the same Court of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut—and the Judge of such other Zillah or City Court may thereupon refer such suit in the same manner as if the same had been originally instituted in the Court of such other Zillah or City.

Act No. XXVIII.—Passed on the 5th November 1838.

It is hereby enacted, that where any person or persons shall be convicted at any Sessions of Oyer and Terminer or Gaol Delivery, that shall be holden for any of the Presidencies of Fort William, Fort St. George, the Presidency or Island of Bombay, or for Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore or Malacca, of the crime of perjury, it shall be lawful for the Court, before which any person shall be so convicted, to order and adjudge such person to be transported to such place as the Court shall direct for life, or for any term of years, or to be imprisoned for any term not exceeding four years with or without hard labour and with solitary confinement for such portion or portions of the said term, as such Court shall think fit, not exceeding one month at a time, or three months within the period of one year. Provided that it shall not be lawful for any such Court to order the transportation of any person, being a native of the East Indies, and not born of European parents, to the Eastern Coast of New South Wales or any of the Islands adjacent thereto.

Act. No. XXIX.—Passed on the 12th November 1838.

I. It is hereby enacted, that from the 1st day of December 1838, Sections LIX. LX. and LXI. Regulation X. 1819, of the Bengal Code, shall be repealed.

II. And it is hereby enacted, that when information shall be given to any Salt Agent or Superintendent of Salt Chokies that contraband salt is stored in any warehouse, dwelling house, or other place situated in the tract of country in Bengal or Orissa, within which the transportation of salt without ruwanna is not lawful, and such Salt Agent or Superintendent of Salt Chokies shall deem the information credible, and desire to act thereupon, he shall require the same to be given to him in writing, or shall take the deposition of the informant, as may be most convenient, so that the following particulars shall be placed on record in his office: First, the name, profession, and place of residence of the informant. Second, the place, that is, the name of the town or village, and description of the house, warehouse, or other place, where the salt may be stated to be in store. Thirdly, the name of the person to whom the house, warehouse, or other place belongs, or on account of, or by whom, the salt is there stored. Fourthly, the quantity and description of the salt, and the grounds for believing the same to be contraband.

VII. And it is hereby enacted, that if the contraband Salt so stated to be in store exceed in quantity one maund or Indian mun, it shall be liable to seizure in manner following, that is to say, the Salt Agent or Superintendent of Chokies, having before him the written statement or deposition of an informer, given in or taken down as above prescribed, shall, provided the place of such store be not too distant proceed in person, together with the informant, summoning by written notice the nearest Police Darogha or other Officer in charge of the Police Thana or Station to attend likewise, and witness the proceeding.

IV. And it is hereby enacted, that for the purpose of making seizure of Salt in store so informed against, it shall be competent to any Salt Agent or Superintendent, having a Police Officer in company, to break open the door of the house, warehouse or other place in which the Salt may be stated to be stored, if, upon requisition duly made, the door be not immediately opened by the owner or occupant thereof.

V. And it is hereby enacted, that if the Salt Agent or Superintendent shall not be able to proceed in person to make a seizure of Salt, in manner above provided, he shall send along with the informer one or more confidential Officers of his public establishment, not being under the rank of a Jemadar of Peons, giving to such Officer or Officers his warrant ordering and authorizing the seizure, and sending notice as above prescribed for the Police Darogha or other Police Officer to attend and the Officer so deputed shall have power to act in like manner as is provided for the Agent or Superintendent in person; provided that the door of no house, warehouse or other place, shall be broken open to make a seizure of Salt except in the presence of a Salt Agent or Superintendent of Chokies, or of an Officer so specially deputed, and of an Officer of Police,

VI. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be competent to the Head Officer of any Salt Chokee or Aung for the manufacture of Salt, and for any Assistant to a Salt Agent or Superintendent, to receive information of Salt exceeding one maund in quantity being in store in a house warehouse or other place in the manner prescribed in Section II. and to act thereupon as provided in Sections III and IV. of this Act for the Salt Agent and Superintendent, provided that the place of store described in such information be situated at a distance of more than three kos from the station of a Salt Agent or Superintendent of Chokies, or from the place where the Salt Agent or Superintendent may be.

VII. And it is hereby enacted, that if the Darogha or person in charge of any Police Thana or Station, receiving notice to attend at a seizure of Salt in store as is above prescribed, shall not attend, or attending shall refuse to act in aid of the seizure, or shall in any way wilfully frustrate the object of the search and seizure, such Darogha or other Officer shall, on representation of the facts by the Officers of the Salt Department, and on conviction of the same before the Magistrate of the District, besides being dismissed from office, be liable to a fine equal to the amount of fine that would have been leviable on the owners of the Salt, if it had been seized according to the information laid.

VIII. And it is hereby enacted, that whenever it shall be necessary to break open any house, warehouse or other place to effect a seizure of Salt the rules and precautions prescribed in Regulation XX, of 1847, and Section X, Regulation VII, of 1799 of the Bengal Code, for breaking into a house for execution of process of distraint, shall always be observed by the Police Officers in attendance; provided however that the responsibility of the act, and the determination whether to require the door to be broken open or not shall rest with the Officers of the Salt Department only.

IX. And it is hereby enacted, that whenever a seizure of Salt in store in any house, warehouse or other place shall be made by a Salt Agent or Superintendent of Chokies, the circumstances which attended the seizure shall be recorded in an official proceeding to be placed on record in the office.

X. And it is hereby enacted, that if the seizure be made by an Officer of the Salt Department, other than an Agent or Superintendent of Chokies, such Officer shall report the circumstances within twenty-four hours to his Official Superior; and the Police Officer in attendance shall likewise report the occurrences at the time of seizure to his Official Superior.

XI. And it is hereby enacted, that no Salt found in store in any house or warehouse shall be deemed to be contraband, or shall be liable to seizure, unless, when search is made, there shall be found more thereof than one maund or Indian mun, and the owner or person in charge shall be unable to account satisfactorily for the manner of its being in his possession.

XII. And it is hereby enacted, that whenever Salt shall be seized as contraband, because unaccompanied by any Ruwana or other protecting document, the person or persons conveying, or having in charge the same shall be apprehended; and all Officers who are empowered to seize Salt under the provisions of Regulation X, of

1819 of the Bengal Code, shall likewise be competent to arrest the parties found with or having the Salt in possession.

XIII. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Salt Agents and Superintendents of Chokies and other Officers who may be duly empowered to seize Salt, to stop and search any boats or vessels of a build adapted for sea navigation, that may be found within the limits described in Section XXXIII. of this Act; and if Salt shall be found thereon, not accompanied by the necessary Ruwana or other protecting document, to detain the vessel with the crew thereof, and to take them for adjudication of the case to the nearest accessible station of an Officer empowered to adjudicate cases of contravention of the Salt Law.

XIV. And it is hereby enacted, in modification of Section XXXVI, Regulation X. of 1819 of the Bengal Code, that if any person shall be found in the act of conveying Salt without Ruwana, or other protecting document, exceeding in quantity five seers of 80 tolahs to the seer, within the tract of country in Bengal or Orissa wherein the transportation of Salt is prohibited unless so protected, or if several persons be found carrying Salt unprotected, in gangs or companies, which Salt shall exceed in the whole quantity five seers for each person in such gang or company, every such person shall be subject to the penalties prescribed by Regulation X. of 1819 aforesaid, and by this Act, for the illegal possession and transportation of Salt.

XV. And it is hereby enacted, in modification of Section CXXI. of Regulation X. 1819 aforesaid, that any person or persons, who may be convicted of smuggling Salt without Ruwana singly or in gang, and sentenced to pay a fine to Government on account of Salt so smuggled or attempted to be smuggled; shall, if the fine be not paid, be liable to imprisonment in the Criminal or Foudjaree jail, for a period not exceeding six months in commutation of such fine.

XVI. And it is hereby enacted, in further modification of Section CXXI. of Regulation X. 1819 aforesaid, that any person, who may be sentenced under Sections XXXI. LXVIII. and LXX. of the said Regulation, to imprisonment in addition to fine, for the offences described in those Sections respectively, shall in like manner be liable, as above provided for persons convicted of gang smuggling, to undergo such punishment in the Foudjaree jail: and cases of the kind described in the said Sections shall be adjudicated, in like manner as cases in which fine only is adjudged: and the warrant of the officer, adjudicating any case under this of the preceding Section of this Act, shall be authority for the Magistrate, or other person in charge of the Foudjaree jail, to hold the person described therein in confinement in such jail, as may be specified and required in the said warrant.

XVII. And it is hereby enacted, that when any person shall be convicted of gang smuggling, or of any of the offences described in Sections XXXI. and LXX. of Regulation X. of 1819 aforesaid, after having been previously convicted of a like offence, he shall be sentenced, in addition to the penalty attaching to such offence, to imprisonment in the Foudjaree jail for a period of six months; and a like punishment of six months imprisonment shall be incurred, in addition to the punishment which may be inflicted for a first offence, upon every subsequent conviction after the second.

XVIII. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be lawful for any Salt Agent to proceed for the recovery of any balance that may be due to Government within the year, upon any contract made for the manufacture of Salt in the limits of his Agency, by the process of distraint; and for the demand and levy of the same, to exercise the powers vested by the Regulations and Acts of the Government in zemindars and sudder farmers, being subject to like restrictions, and with the like remedies to any parties aggrieved thereby.

XIX. And it is hereby enacted, that if any person shall by threats or by violence prevent the lawful arrest of any person by an Officer duly authorized to seize Salt, or shall procure his release after arrest, or if the party found with the Salt in possession, or any other persons resist any such Officers, they shall severally and respectively be liable to the punishment prescribed in Section LVI. of Regulation X. 1819 of the Bengal Code.

XX. And it is hereby enacted, that if any Officer making an arrest upon account of Salt smuggling shall neglect to carry the person arrested to the proper Officer of the Salt Department, or shall delay to report the arrest to his superior, or shall release or connive at the escape of the person arrested, every such Officer shall, on conviction of any one of the above offences, besides dismissal from office, be liable to be sentenced for the same to a fine not exceeding 200 Rupees, and to imprisonment not exceeding three months; and the sentence may be adjudged by any Officer competent to adjudicate a forfeiture of contraband Salt, and, in case of non-payment of the fine, to a further imprisonment not exceeding three months, at the discretion of the Officer deciding the case.

XXI. And it is hereby enacted, that whenever any person may be arrested by an Officer of the Salt Department, or by any other Officer of other Departments

duly empowered to make a seizure of Salt, the person making the arrest shall be bound to carry the party arrested direct to the Officer of the Salt Department who may be competent to try the case; and no person so arrested shall be released, until the case shall have been brought to judgment in the manner provided by Law.

XXII. And it is hereby enacted, that if any Officer of the Salt Department be convicted before the Magistrate of any District, of having vexatiously and unnecessarily seized the goods of any person on the pretence of seizing or searching for Salt, or of having vexatiously and unnecessarily arrested any person, or of having stopped and detained any boat unnecessarily and without authority, or of having detained any boat longer than is necessary for the purpose of search, every such Officer shall, besides dismissal, be punished with imprisonment not exceeding six months, and with fine not exceeding 200 Rupees, commutable, if not paid, to a further imprisonment not exceeding six months.

XXIII. And it is hereby enacted, in modification of Section CXXII Regulation X. of 1819 aforesaid, that if any person shall wilfully and maliciously give false information in respect to there being illicit Salt in store in any house or warehouse, and so procure that such house or warehouse shall be searched to the injury or vexation of the owners thereof, or of any other person or persons whatsoever, such false informer shall, on conviction of the offence before any Magistrate, be liable to imprisonment for two years, and to fine not exceeding 500 Rupees, at the discretion of any Magistrate by whom the case may be tried, and in case of the non-payment of the fine to imprisonment for a further period of six months.

XXIV. And it is hereby enacted, that when parties shall be convicted of the illegal possession or transportation of Salt, and shall be liable to the penalty of five Rupees per maund as prescribed in Section XXXVI. Regulation X. of 1819 of the Bengal Code, the fine shall be at the said rate according to the quantity of Salt seized, whether less or more than one maund, and each one of the smugglers in company, or parties to the fraud on the revenue, shall be liable to the whole fine.

XXV. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be competent to the Governor or Deputy Governor of Bengal to vest with the power of adjudicating cases of contravention of the Laws for protection of the revenue derived from Salt, any Assistant to a Salt Agent, or Uncovenanted Superintendent of Salt Chokies, who may seem to him qualified; and such Officers when invested with such powers, shall exercise them subject to the same rules and restrictions as Covenanted Salt Agents and Superintendents of Chokies; provided that no Officer adjudicating cases of contravention of the Salt Revenue Laws shall receive any part of the rewards that may be decreed, or otherwise benefit directly by the adjudication of such cases.

XXVI. And it is hereby enacted, that cases arising out of this Act shall be tried in the same manner as is prescribed in Regulation X. of 1819 of the Bengal Code for other cases of contravention of the Laws for the protection of the revenue derived from Salt; and the Officer adjudicating the case shall be guided by the provisions of Sections C. to CXVI. of that Regulation; and the Judge of the city or Zillah shall be bound to proceed in respect to persons sentenced to any fine or other penalty under the provisions of this Act, in the same manner, subject to the modifications and additions hereinafter provided, as is prescribed in respect to persons convicted of the offences and tried before the authorities specified and provided by the said Regulation.

XXVII. And it is hereby enacted, in modification of Clauses XXXII. and XXXIII. of Regulation X. 1819 of the Bengal Code, that it shall be the duty of every party under direct engagements with Government for the Land Revenue, either as a proprietor or farmer, and of every proprietor of lakhiraj lands upon whose zemindaree, farm or lakhiraj estate there shall be any works producing Salt, otherwise than under contract with a Salt Agent or on account of Government, to give notice of the same in writing to the nearest public Officer of Police or Land Revenue or of the Salt Department, within ten days from the date on which the works were first prepared; and in like manner it shall be the duty of every person employed in the collection of the Land Revenue of any Mihal on the part of Government, or of the Court of Wards, or of joint proprietors, to give like notice in respect to Salt manufactured on the lands under their management; and every such proprietor, farmer, proprietor of lakhiraj estate, or manager, who shall knowingly omit to give such notice, shall be liable on conviction before the Judge of any Zillah or City to a fine of 500 Rupees, for every Khalaree or Salt work established on his lands; and such knowledge shall not be required to be established by direct proof, but may be inferred from circumstances at the discretion of the Judge deciding the case; and any fine that may be adjudged under this Section shall be recoverable by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender, or by process of execution taken out by any Salt Agent or Superintendent of Chokies in the manner provided for decrees of the Civil Courts.

XXVIII. And it is hereby enacted, in modification of Section LXIV. Regulation X. of 1819 aforesaid, and in addition thereto, that when there may be no direct proof of the unauthorized removal of salt from any golah or place of Government store,

sufficient to convict the parties concerned therein of theft within the provisions of the said Section, the Officer or Officers who may have been entrusted with the charge of such golah, or place of Government store, shall nevertheless be liable for the offence of embezzling the Salt of any store in their custody the out-turn of which shall, according to the accounts kept of receipts and deliveries, exhibit a deficiency for which he or they may not duly account. And the Officer in charge of any golah or Salt store shall in like manner be deemed guilty of embezzlement if he has made away with, or shall not produce the true account of such store; and any person against whom the offence of embezzlement shall be established under this Section, shall be liable, on conviction before the Magistrate of the City or District, to be punished by fine and imprisonment under the general powers vested in the Zillah and City Magistrates.

XXIX. And it is hereby enacted, in addition to the Rules contained in Sections CXI, CXII, and CXIII, of Regulation X. 1819 of the Bengal Code, for the adjudication of cases of contravention of the Laws enacted for the protection of the revenue derived from Salt, that if the attendance of the parties charged with such offences cannot be obtained by reason of their failure to attend in person or by vakeel, after being served with a summons, or by reason of their evading process, the Officer adjudicating any such case shall issue notice for the attendance of the parties accused in the manner prescribed in Section CII. of the said Regulation; and if the parties do not attend in person or by vakeel within the time fixed by such notice, the Officer adjudicating the case shall pass judgment thereon, under the said last mentioned Section, in like manner as if the parties accused were present; and the Officer so adjudicating any case *ex parte*, may, at any time after such judgment, issue his warrant for the apprehension of the persons convicted for execution of the sentence, in the manner provided in Regulation X. of 1819 of the Bengal Code, and in this Act, for cases in which the parties were present; and further may at any time sue out process for levying the amount of fine adjudged, from any Civil Court competent to execute its own decrees in the manner and form prescribed for the execution of the decrees of such Civil Court under Section XXX. of this Act.

XXX. And it is hereby enacted, that when the Officer holding proceeding in any case *ex parte*, as above provided, shall refer the case to the Judge of any City or Zillah, in consequence of the amount of fine being such as the said Officer is not competent finally to adjudge, the Judge of the City or Zillah, to whom such case may be referred, shall issue such orders and institute such proceedings as are authorized by Sections CXI. to CXIII. of Regulation X. of 1819 of the Bengal Code, in like manner as if the offenders were sent over with the case or were present to be heard in their defence; and whenever any fine may be adjudged by the Zillah or City Judge, the same may be levied on the application of the Salt Agent or Superintendent of Salt Chokies under the rules in force for the execution of the decrees of Civil Courts.

XXXI. And it is hereby enacted, in modification of the Rules contained in Sections CXI. and CXII. of Regulation X. of 1819 of the Bengal Code, whereby the power of final adjudication by Salt Agents or Superintendents of Chokies, in cases of the contravention of the laws enacted for the protection of the Salt Revenue, is restricted to cases in which the quantity of Salt proposed to be confiscated shall not exceed twenty maunds, or the fine adjudicated shall not exceed 50 Rupees, that the judgment of any Salt Agent or Superintendent of Chokies, or of any other Officer vested by Government with like jurisdiction in such cases, shall be final in all cases wherein the Salt adjudged to be confiscated shall not exceed eighty maunds, and the fine imposed upon the defendant, or any one of several defendants, shall not exceed 400 Rupees. Provided however that every such judgment may under Section CXVII. of the said Regulation be brought by petition before the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, and be reversed or amended by that authority.

XXXII. And it is hereby enacted, in modification of Section CXIV. Regulation X. 1819 of the Bengal Code, that the Zillah and City Judges shall pass final judgment in all cases referred to them for adjudication when the quantity of Salt to be confiscated shall exceed eighty maunds, or the fine imposed shall exceed 400 Rupees; provided however that there shall in all such cases be an appeal open to the Sudder Dewany Adawlut, under the Rules for the admission of special appeals in that Court, upon any point of law which may be ruled by a Zillah or City Judge in any such judgment.

XXXIII. And it is hereby enacted, that the penalties of this Act shall take effect only within the tract of Country guarded by Salt Chokies in the manner prescribed in Section XXXVI. of Regulation X. 1819 of the Bengal Code, and within which the transportation of Salt, not belonging to Government, without a Ruwana, or Special Pass from the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, is not lawful; and it is hereby declared that such tract shall not extend, within the Delta of the Ganges and Megna Rivers, beyond the line of the reach of the tides in the rivers communicating with the Bay of Bengal as taken at spring tides in the dry season; nor;

eastward of the Megna, north of the River Goomtee ; nor westward of the River Hooghly, beyond a line drawn from a point on that river distant one mile from the northern end of the town of Nyasurai, and to the north thereof, to a like point distant one mile to the north of the town of Gurtaul, and thence to a like point distant one mile to the north of the town of Midnapore, and thence to a like point distant one mile to the north of Haldipookur in Singhbhum, so as to include each of those towns respectively.

ACT No. XXX.—Passed on the 19th November 1838.

I. It is hereby enacted, that Sections II. and XIV. Regulation XXXVI. 1793, the provisions of which were extended by Regulation XXVIII. of 1795, Regulation XVII. of 1803, Section XVII. Regulation VIII. of 1805, and Section XXXII. Regulation XII. of 1805, Section IV. and Clauses 2 and 3, Section VI. Regulation XX. 1812, and Section II. Regulation IV. of 1824, of the Regal Code, be modified.

II. And it is hereby enacted, that in addition to the Offices to which those Sections relate, Offices for the Registry of Deeds may be established at any Civil Stations, and may be placed by the Orders of Government under the Superintendence of any Officers resident at such Stations whom Government may nominate for that purpose.

III. And it is hereby enacted, that the registration of Deeds at any Office of Registry authorized by this Act shall be subject to the payment of the same fees as are prescribed in Section XIV. Regulation XXXVI. 1793, for Deeds registered at an Office established at the Station of a Zillah or City Court.

IV. And it is hereby enacted, that Section XV. Regulation XXXVI. 1793, and Clauses 2 and 3, Section VI. Regulation XX. 1812, of the Bengal Code, shall not be held applicable to offices and persons, established and appointed for the registry of Deeds under this Act.

V. And it is hereby enacted, that persons desirous of registering Deeds written in any European language at any Office of Registry in the Territories subject to the Presidency of Bengal, shall be required to pay for transcribing the same according to the established rates of Section writing, in addition to the fees prescribed by Section XIV. Regulation XXXVI. 1793.

VI. And it is hereby enacted, that in case of the death or absence on leave of any person appointed by Government to register Deeds under this Act, it shall be lawful for the Zillah Judge or other Officer especially authorized by Government, to appoint any person whom he may think proper to take temporary charge of the Office and to register Deeds in the same manner as if such person had been appointed to the Office by the Orders of Government.

ACT No. XXXI.—Passed on the 3d December 1838.

I. It is hereby enacted, that so much of a Statute made and passed in the 9th year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, entitled an Act for improving the administration of criminal justice in the East Indies, as relates to any person who unlawfully and maliciously shall administer or attempt to administer to any person, or shall cause to be taken by any person, any poison or other destructive thing, or shall unlawfully and maliciously attempt to drown, suffocate, or strangle any person, or shall unlawfully and maliciously shoot at any person, or shall by drawing a trigger or in any other manner attempt to discharge any kind of loaded arms at any person, or shall unlawfully and maliciously stab, cut or wound any person, with intent in any of the cases aforesaid to murder such person ; and so much of the said Act as relates to any person who shall unlawfully and maliciously shoot at any person, or shall by drawing a trigger or in any other manner attempt to discharge any kind of loaded arms at any person, or shall unlawfully and maliciously stab, cut or wound any person, with intent in any of the cases aforesaid to maim, disfigure, or disable such person, or to do some other grievous bodily harm to such person, or with intent to resist or prevent the lawful apprehension or detainer of the party so offending, or of any of his accomplices for any offence for which he or they may respectively be liable by law to be apprehended or detained ; and so much of the said Act as relates to any person who, with intent to procure the miscarriage of any woman, then being quick with child, unlawfully and maliciously shall administer to her or cause to be taken by her any poison or other noxious thing, or shall use any instrument or other means whatsoever with the like intent ; and who with intent to procure the miscarriage of any woman, not being or not being proved to be then quick with child, unlawfully and maliciously shall administer to her, or cause to be taken by her, any medicine or other thing, or shall use any instrument or other means whatever with the like intent ; and so much of the said Act as relates to any person who shall rob any other person of any chattel, money, or valuable security ; and so much of the said Act as relates to any person who shall accuse or threaten to accuse any other person of any infamous crime, with a view or intent to extort or gain from him, and shall by intimidating him by such accusation or threat extort

or gain from him any chattel, money or valuable security; and so much of the said Act as relates to any person who shall steal from the person of another, or shall assault any other person with intent to rob him, or shall by menaces or by force demand property of any other person with intent to steal the same; and so much of the said Act as relates to any person who shall be convicted of burglary; and so much of the said Act as relates to any person who shall break and enter any dwelling house and steal therein any chattel, money or valuable security to any value whatever, or shall steal any such property to any value whatever in any dwelling house, any person therein being put in fear, or shall steal in any dwelling house any chattel, money or valuable security to the value in the whole of Fifty Company's Rupees or more; and so much of the said Act as relates to any person who shall plunder and steal any part of any ship or vessel which shall be in distress, or wrecked, stranded, or cast on shore, or any goods, merchandize, or articles of any kind belonging to such ship or vessel; and so much of the said Act as relates to any person who shall unlawfully and maliciously set fire to any church or chapel, or other public place of religious worship whatsoever, or shall unlawfully or maliciously set fire to any house, stable, coach-house, out-house, ware-house, office, shop, mill, barn, or granary, or to any building or erection used in carrying on any trade or manufacture or any branch thereof, whenever the same or any of them respectively shall then be in the possession of the offender or in the possession of any other person, with intent thereby to injure or defraud any person; and so much of the said Act as relates to any person who shall unlawfully and maliciously set fire to, or in any wise destroy, any ship or vessel, whether the same be complete, or in an unfinished state, or shall unlawfully and maliciously set fire to any goods being on board any ship or vessel as cargo, with intent to destroy such cargo or ship, and with intent thereby to prejudice any owner or part owner of such ship or vessel, or any owner or part owner of any goods on board the same, or any person that hath underwritten, or shall underwrite any policy of insurance upon such ship or vessel, or on the freight thereof, or upon any goods on board the same; and so much of the said Act as relates to any person who shall exhibit any false light or signal with intent to bring any ship or vessel into danger, or shall unlawfully and maliciously do any thing tending to the immediate loss or destruction of any ship or vessel in distress, or destroy any part of any ship or vessel which shall be in distress, or wrecked, stranded, or cast on shore, or any goods, merchandize or articles of any kind belonging to such ship or vessel, or shall by force prevent or impede any person endeavouring to save his life from such ship or vessel (whether he shall be on board or shall have quitted the same); and so much of the said Act as relates to any person who shall unlawfully and maliciously set fire to any stack of rice, corn, or other grain or pulse, or sugar cane, whether standing or cut down, or to any part of a wood, coppice, or plantation of trees or valuable plants, or to any grass, fern, or other like ground produce, wheresoever the same may be growing; and so much of the said Acts as relates to the punishment of principals in the second degree, and of accessories before and after the fact respectively to such of the felonies punishable under those Acts as are heretofore referred to, shall from the time of passing this Act cease to have effect within the Territories of the East India Company, except as to offences committed before or upon the day of passing this Act, which shall be dealt with and punished as if this Act had not been passed.

II. And it is hereby enacted, that this Act shall extend to all persons and over all places over whom or which the Criminal jurisdiction of any of Her Majesty's Courts of Justice within the territories under the Government of the East India Company extends, but not further or otherwise.

III. And it is hereby enacted, that whosoever shall administer to or cause to be taken by any person any poison or other destructive thing, or shall stab, cut, or wound any person, or shall by any means whatsoever cause to any person any bodily injury dangerous to life, with intent in any of the cases aforesaid to commit murder, shall be guilty of felony and being convicted thereof shall suffer death.

IV. And it is hereby enacted, that whosoever shall attempt to administer to any person any poison or other destructive thing, or shall shoot at any person, or shall by drawing a trigger, or in any other manner attempt to discharge any kind of loaded arms at any person, or shall attempt to drown, suffocate, or strangle any person, with intent in any of the cases aforesaid to commit the crime of murder, shall, although no bodily injury shall be effected, be guilty of felony, and being convicted thereof shall be liable, at the discretion of the Court, to be transported to such place as the Court shall direct for life, or for any term of years, or to be imprisoned for any term not exceeding four years.

V. And it is hereby enacted, that whosoever unlawfully and maliciously shall shoot at any person, or shall by drawing a trigger or in any other manner attempt to discharge any kind of loaded arms at any person, or shall stab, cut, or wound any person, with intent, in any of the cases aforesaid, to maim, disfigure, or disable such person, or to do some other grievous bodily harm to such person, or with intent to resist or prevent the lawful apprehension or detainer of any person, shall be guilty of felony, and being convicted thereof shall be liable, at the discretion of the Court, to be transported to such place as the Court shall direct for life, or for any term of years, or to be imprisoned for any term not exceeding four years.

VI. And it is hereby enacted, that whosoever shall unlawfully and maliciously send or deliver to or cause to be taken or received by any person any explosive substance or any other dangerous or noxious thing, or shall cast or throw upon or otherwise apply to any person any corrosive fluid or other destructive matter, with intent in any of the cases aforesaid, to burn, maim, disfigure, or disable any person or to do some other grievous bodily harm to any person, and whereby, in any of the cases aforesaid, any person shall be burnt, maimed, disfigured, or disabled, or receive some other grievous bodily harm, shall be guilty of felony, and being convicted thereof shall be liable, at the discretion of the Court, to be transported to such place as the Court shall direct for life, or for any term of years, or to be imprisoned for any term not exceeding four years.

VII. And it is hereby enacted, that whosoever with intent to procure the miscarriage of any woman shall unlawfully administer to her or cause to be taken by her any poison or other noxious thing, or shall unlawfully use any instrument or other means whatsoever with the like intent, shall be guilty of felony, and being convicted thereof shall be liable, at the discretion of the Court, to be transported to such place as the Court shall direct for life, or for any term of years, or to be imprisoned for any term not exceeding four years.

VIII. And it is hereby enacted, that on the trial of any person for any of the offences hereinbefore mentioned, or for any felony whatever where the crime charged shall include an assault against the person, it shall be lawful for the jury to acquit of the felony and to find a verdict of guilty of assault against the person indicted, if the evidence shall warrant such finding, and when such verdict shall be found, the Court shall have power to imprison the person, so found guilty of an assault, for any term not exceeding four years.

IX. And it is hereby enacted, that whosoever shall burglariously break and enter into any dwelling house, and shall assault with intent to murder any person being therein, or shall stab, cut, wound, beat or strike any such person, shall be guilty of felony, and being convicted thereof shall suffer death.

X. And it is hereby enacted, that whosoever shall be convicted of the crime of burglary shall be liable, at the discretion of the Court, to be transported to such place as the Court shall direct for life, or for any term of years, or to be imprisoned for any term not exceeding four years.

XI. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, that so far as the same is essential to the offence of burglary, the night shall be considered, and is hereby declared to commence at nine of the clock in the evening, and to conclude at six of the clock in the morning of the next succeeding day.

XII. And it is hereby enacted, that whosoever shall steal any property in any dwelling house, and shall by any menace or threat put any man being therein in bodily fear, or shall steal in any dwelling house any property to the value in the whole of Fifty Company's Rupees or more, or shall break and enter any dwelling house, and steal therein any property, shall be guilty of felony, and being convicted thereof shall be liable, at the discretion of the Court, to be transported to such place as the Court shall direct for life, or for any term of years, or to be imprisoned for any term not exceeding four years.

XIII. And it is hereby enacted, that whosoever shall rob any person, and at the time of or immediately before or immediately after such robbery shall stab, cut or wound any person, shall be guilty of felony, and being convicted thereof, shall suffer death.

XIV. And it is hereby enacted, that whoever shall, being armed with any offensive weapon or instrument, rob or assault with intent to rob any person, or shall together with one or more person or persons rob or assault with intent to rob any person, or shall rob any person, and at the time of or immediately before or after such robbery shall beat, strike or use any other personal violence to any person shall be guilty of felony, and being convicted thereof, shall be liable, at the discretion of the Court, to be transported to such place as the Court shall direct for life, or for any term of years, or to be imprisoned for any term not exceeding four years.

XV. And it is hereby enacted, that whosoever shall accuse or threaten to accuse any person of the abominable crime of buggery committed either with mankind or with beast, or of any assault with intent to commit the said abominable crime, or of any attempt or endeavour to commit the said abominable crime, or of making or offering any solicitation, persuasion, promise, or threat to any person whereby to move or induce such person to commit or permit the said abominable crime, with a view or intent, in any of the cases aforesaid, to extort or gain from such person, and shall by intimidating such person by such accusation or threat, extort or gain from such person any property, shall be guilty of felony, and being convicted thereof, shall be liable, at the discretion of the Court, to be transported to such place as the Court shall direct for life, or for any term of years, or to be imprisoned for any term not exceeding four years.

XVI. And it is hereby enacted, that whosoever shall plunder or steal any part of any ship or vessel which shall be in distress, or wrecked, stranded, or cast on

shore, or any goods, merchandize or articles of any kind belonging to such ship or vessel, and be convicted thereof, shall be liable, at the discretion of the Court, to be transported to such place as the Court shall direct for life, or for any term of years, or to be imprisoned for any term not exceeding four years.

XVII. And it is hereby enacted, that whosoever shall rob any person, or shall steal any property from the person of another, shall be liable at the discretion of the Court, to be transported to such place as the Court shall direct, for any term not exceeding fifteen years, nor less than ten years, or to be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three years.

XVIII. And it is hereby enacted, that whosoever shall assault any person with intent to rob shall be guilty of felony, and being convicted thereof, shall be liable to be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three years.

XIX. And it is hereby enacted, that whosoever shall with menaces or by force demand any property of any person with intent to steal the same, shall be guilty of felony, and being convicted thereof, shall be liable to be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three years.

XX. And it is hereby enacted, that whosoever shall unlawfully and maliciously set fire to any dwelling house, any person being therein, shall be guilty of felony, and being convicted thereof shall suffer death.

XXI. And it is hereby enacted, that whosoever shall unlawfully and maliciously set fire to any church or chapel or other public place of religious worship whatsoever, or shall unlawfully and maliciously set fire to any house, stable, coach-house, out-house, ware-house, office, shop, mill, barn, or granary, or to any building or erection used in carrying on any trade or manufacture or any branch thereof; whether the same or any of them respectively shall then be in the possession of the offender or in the possession of any other person, with intent thereby to injure or defraud any person, shall be guilty of felony, and being convicted thereof, shall be liable, at the discretion of the Court, to be transported to such place as the Court shall direct for life, or for any term of years, or to be imprisoned for any term not exceeding four years.

XXII. And it is hereby enacted, that whosoever shall unlawfully and maliciously set fire to, cast away, or in anywise destroy any ship or vessel either with intent to murder any person, or whereby the life of any person shall be endangered shall be guilty of felony, and being convicted thereof shall suffer death.

XXIII. And it is hereby enacted, that whosoever shall unlawfully exhibit any false light or signal with intent to bring any ship or vessel into danger, or shall unlawfully and maliciously do any thing tending to the immediate loss or destruction of any ship or vessel in distress shall be guilty of felony, and being convicted thereof shall suffer death.

XXIV. And it is hereby enacted, that whosoever shall unlawfully and maliciously set fire to or in any wise destroy any ship or vessel, whether the same be complete or in an unfinished state, or shall unlawfully and maliciously set fire to, cast away, or in any wise destroy any ship or vessel, with intent thereby to prejudice any owner or part owner of such ship or vessel, or of any goods on board the same, or any person that hath underwritten or shall underwrite any policy of insurance upon such ship or vessel or on the freight thereof or upon any goods on board the same, shall be guilty of felony, and being convicted thereof, shall be liable, at the discretion of the Court, to be transported to such place as the Court shall direct for life, or for any term of years, or to be imprisoned for any term not exceeding four years.

XXV. And it is hereby enacted, that whosoever shall by force prevent or impede any person endeavouring to save his life from any ship or vessel which shall be in distress, or wrecked, stranded, or cast on shore (whether he shall be on board or shall have quitted the same) shall be guilty of felony, and being convicted thereof, shall be liable, at the discretion of the Court, to be transported to such place as the Court shall direct for life, or for any term of years, or to be imprisoned for any term not exceeding four years.

XXVI. And it is hereby enacted, that whosoever shall unlawfully and maliciously destroy any part of any ship or vessel which shall be in distress, or wrecked, stranded, or cast on shore, or any goods, merchandize or articles of any kind belonging to such ship or vessel, shall be guilty of felony, and being convicted thereof, shall be liable, at the discretion of the Court, to be transported to such place as the Court shall direct for life, or for any term of years, or to be imprisoned for any term not exceeding four years.

XXVII. And it is hereby enacted, that whosoever shall unlawfully and maliciously set fire to any mine of coal shall be guilty of felony, and being convicted thereof, shall be liable, at the discretion of the Court, to be transported to such place as the Court shall think fit, for life, or for any term of years, or to be imprisoned for any term not exceeding four years.

XXVIII. And it is hereby enacted, that whosoever shall unlawfully and maliciously set fire to any stack of rice, corn or other grain, pulse, or sugar cane, straw, hay, or wood, or to any crop of rice, corn or other grain or pulse or sugar cane, whether standing or cut down, or to any part of a wood, coppice or plantation of trees or valuable plants, or to any grass, fern, or other like ground produce, where-soever the same may be growing, shall be guilty of felony, and being convicted thereof, shall be liable, at the discretion of the Court, to be transported to such place as the Court shall think fit for life, or for any term of years, or to be imprisoned for any term not exceeding four years,

XXIX. And it is hereby enacted, that if any person shall steal the whole or any part of any growing tree, sapling or shrub, or any underwood, or of any pale, post or stile, or any growing cultivated plant, root, fruit, or vegetable production, or shall unlawfully and maliciously commit any damage, injury, or spoil, to or upon any real or personal property whatsoever, either of a public or private nature, every such offender being convicted before a Magistrate or Justice of the Peace shall, for the first offence, forfeit and pay, over and above the amount of the injury done, such sum of money, not exceeding Fifty Rupees as to the Magistrate or Justice of the Peace shall seem meet; and if any person so convicted shall afterwards be guilty of any of the said offences, and shall be convicted thereof in like manner, every such offender shall, for such second offence, be imprisoned with or without hard labor, for such term not exceeding six calendar months as the convicting Magistrate or Justice of the Peace shall think fit. Provided always that nothing in this Section contained concerning the stealing of any property or malicious damage injury or spoil to or upon any real property of a private nature shall extend to the settlements of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore, or Malacca.

XXX. And it is hereby enacted, that every sum of money which shall be forfeited for the amount of any injury done (such amount in each case to be assessed by the convicting Magistrate or Justice of the Peace) shall be paid to the party aggrieved, if known, except when such party shall have been examined in proof of the offence, and that in every case of a summary conviction under this Act, when the sum which shall be forfeited for the amount of the injury done, or which shall be imposed as a penalty by the Magistrate or Justice of Peace shall not be paid, either immediately after the conviction or within such period as the Magistrate or Justice of the Peace shall at the time of conviction appoint, it shall be lawful for the convicting Magistrate or Justice of the Peace to commit the offender to the Common Goal or House of Correction to be imprisoned only, or to be imprisoned with hard labor according to the discretion of the Magistrate or Justice of the Peace for any term not exceeding two calendar months, where the amount of the sum forfeited, or of the penalty imposed, or of both, (as the case may be) together with the costs shall not exceed Fifty Rupees, and for any term not exceeding four calendar months when the amount with costs shall not exceed One Hundred Rupees, and for any term not exceeding six calendar months in any other case, the commitment to be determinable in each of the cases aforesaid upon payment of the amount and costs.

XXXI. Provided always, that where several persons shall join in the commission of the same offence and shall, upon conviction thereof, each be adjudged to forfeit a sum equivalent to the amount of the injury done, in every such case no further sum shall be paid to the party aggrieved than that which shall be forfeited by one of such offenders only.

XXXII. And it is hereby enacted, that in case any person convicted of any offence punishable upon summary conviction by virtue of this Act shall have paid the sum adjudged to be paid together with costs under such conviction, or shall have suffered the imprisonment awarded for non-payment thereof, every such person shall be released from all further or other proceedings for the same cause.

XXXIII. And it is hereby enacted, that every punishment and forfeiture by this Act imposed on any person maliciously committing any offence shall equally apply and be enforced whether the offence shall have been committed from malice conceived against the owner of the property in respect of which it shall be committed or otherwise.

XXXIV. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall not be necessary in any proceeding either for theft or for malicious injury, spoil, or damage, to or upon any property dedicated to public use or ornament, to allege the same to be the property of any person.

XXXV. And it is hereby enacted, that the word "property" shall throughout this Act be deemed to include every thing included under the words "chattel, money, or valuable security" in the said Statute made and passed in the ninth year of the reign of his late Majesty King George 4th aforesaid—and that the term dwelling house shall have the same construction as in the said Statute.

XXXVI. And it is hereby enacted, that in the case of every felony punishable under this Act, every principal in the second degree, and every accessory before the fact, shall be punishable with death or otherwise in the same manner as the principal

in the first degree is by this Act punishable. And every accessory after the fact to any felony punishable under this Act (except only a receiver of stolen property) shall on conviction, be liable to be imprisoned for any term not exceeding two years.

XXXVII. And it is hereby enacted, that where any person shall be convicted under this Act for any offence punishable under this Act for which imprisonment may be awarded, it shall be lawful for the Court to sentence the offender to be imprisoned and kept to hard labor, and also to direct that the prisoner be kept in solitary confinement for such period or periods of the imprisonment as to the Court in its discretion shall seem meet, not exceeding one month at a time, or three months in any one year.

XXXVIII. And it is hereby enacted and provided that it shall not be lawful for any Court, under the authority of this Act, to order the transportation of any person being a native of the East Indies, and not born of European parents, to the Eastern Coast of New South Wales, or any of the Islands adjacent thereto.

ACT No. XXXII.—Passed on the 10th December 1838.

I. It is hereby enacted, and declared, that all powers whatever in criminal cases, which by virtue of any law now in force may be exercised by two Justices of the Peace within and for the Provinces, Districts, and countries of Bengal, Behar, and Orissa, and within and for the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal and places thereto subordinate, may be exercised by one such Justice.

II. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be lawful for any one such Justice to issue a Warrant of Distress for the recovery of arrears of Assessment accruing under the Act of Parliament 33 George 3, Cap. 52, and every such warrant, shall have the same force as if it were under the hands and seals of two such Justices.

III. And it is hereby enacted and declared, that all such powers heretofore exercised and warrants issued by one such Justice of the Peace, shall be deemed legal and valid as if the same had been exercised or issued by two such Justices.

Fund and Assurance Department.

MILITARY FUND.

DIRECTORS.

Major General J. Doveton, K. C. B. *President.*

Lieut. Colonel Doveton,	Major Butterworth, C.B.	Lieutenant Lavie,
Lieut. Colonel Strahan,	Captain Underwood,	Lieutenant Losh,
Lieut. Colonel Tulloch, C.B.	Captain Whistler,	Reverend M. Bowie.
Major Alexander,	Captain Rowlandson,	

Major Moberly, *Secretary.*

Regulations of the Madras Military Fund, instituted 1st April 1808.

SECTION I.

ADMISSION OF SUBSCRIBERS.

Article 1st. The following description of persons under the Presidency of Madras, and they alone, are eligible to become Subscribers to the Fund.

- 1st. Cadets.
- 2d. Chaplains.
- 3d. Commissioned Officers of the Medical Establishment.

Art. 2d. Medical Officers who may signify their wish to become Subscribers within six months after the date of the *G. O. admitting them* on the Establishment, shall be admitted on the same terms as Cadets, provided they are not married, and have not any legitimate offspring.* But Chaplains and Medical Officers being married, or having legitimate offspring, shall be required (provided in the case of Medical Officers their application be made within six months as above,) to pay the donation and subscription of their actual rank as married, with arrears to be calculated from the date of their admission on the establishment, or from the date of the birth of the eldest surviving child: if the latter date be anterior, such arrears to be paid with interest accumulated half yearly.

Art. 3d. The donation required under the foregoing Article may be paid at once, or by instalments agreeably to the rate laid down in Table A, Section 2, at the option of the Subscriber, but the arrears and interest must be discharged within eighteen months from the date of his admission on the Establishment.

Art. 4th. Cadets and Chaplains on their appointment can be enrolled at once as Subscribers to the Fund in England on payment there to the Secretary, the under-mentioned sum as donation.

Cadets, unmarried ..	£34	5	9	Married	£102	17	3
Chaplains do. ...	£85	14	4	do.	£257	2	11

Assistant Surgeons desirous of becoming Members will be admissible in England on payment there to the Secretary the following donation.

Unmarried	£57	2	11	Married	£171	8	8
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N. B.—Assistant Surgeons and Chaplains having legitimate offspring, will, in addition thereto, be required to pay up the subscription and interest laid down in the 2d Article.

Art. 5th. Subscribers who may retire from the service on the *prescribed pension of their ranks* or who may return permanently to Europe, shall not forfeit their rights as Subscribers to the benefits of the Fund, provided they continue the payments prescribed in Section 2d.

Art. 6th. Subscribers resigning the service before they are entitled to retiring pay are not eligible to continue Members, nor shall they be permitted to receive back any part of the sums they may have contributed to the Fund, either in the way of donation or subscription.

Art. 7th. A Subscriber withdrawing from the Fund, forfeits *ipso facto* all claims to its benefits, as also the amount of his donation and subscription and all other sums which he may have paid up to the period of his secession.

SECTION II.

DONATIONS AND SUBSCRIPTIONS.

Art. 1st. The donations and subscriptions of all subscribers shall be regulated agreeably to the following Tables A. and B. Widows having legitimate offspring to be considered and to pay as married. The donation and subscription of Cadets to be calculated at the rank of Ensign; the subscription commencing from the date of their admission on the establishment.

* This regulation has been introduced for the purpose of obtaining some equivalent from those Subscribers who may enter the service at an advanced age with families, consequently is not applicable to Cadets, who are not admissible to the service at an advanced age.

A.

Table of Donations for the different Classes to be paid in India or in Europe, at £100, per Rupees 875.

Classes.	Description according to Regimental Rank.	Bachelors and Widowers without Offspring.						Bachelors and Widowers.				Married and Widowers with Offspring.					
		Donation on entering each Class.		In what period payable.		Rate per Month.		Total Donation of each Class.		Donation on Marriage.		Donation on entering each Class.		In what period payable.		Rate per Month.	
		Rs.	£ s. d.	Months.	Rs.	£ s. d.	Rs.	£ s. d.	Rs.	£ s. d.	Rs.	£ s. d.	Months.	Rs.	£ s. d.	Rs.	£ s. d.
6	Cornets, 2d Lieutenants and Ensigns	300	34 5 9	43	7	0 16 0	300	34 5 9	600	68 11 6	900	102 17 3	43	21	2 8 0	0	
5	Lieutenants and Assistant Lieutenants	200	22 17 2	25	8	0 18 3	500	57 2 11	1000	114 5 9	400	45 14 3	25	16	1 16 6	0	
4	Captains, Chaplains under 10 years standing, and Surgeons ..	250	28 11 5	25	10	1 2 10	750	85 14 4	1500	171 8 7	500	57 2 10	25	20	2 5 8	0	
3	Majors, Chaplains of 10 years standing, and Superintending Surgeons ..	300	34 5 8	20	15	1 14 3	1050	120 0 0	2100	240 0 0	600	68 11 5	20	30	3 8 7	0	
2	Lieutenant Colonels, and Members of the Medical Board	400	45 14 3	20	20	2 5 8	1430	165 14 3	2900	331 8 7	800	91 8 7	20	40	4 11 5	0	
1	Colonels	550	62 17 2	10	55	6 5 8	2000	298 11 5	4900	457 2 10	1100	125 14 3	10	110	12 11 6	0	

* Ensigns to be exempted from any demand for their donation until twelve months after their admission on the Establishment, but they are at liberty to commence paying earlier if so desirous.

B.

Table of Subscriptions for the different Classes.

Classes.	Description according to Regimental Rank.	IF IN INDIA.						IF IN EUROPE.											
		Unmarried.			Married.			Unmarried.						Married.					
		R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	£	S.	D.	£	S.	D.	R.	A.	P.	£	S.	D.
1	Colonels.....	42	8	10	63	13	3	10	15	0	1	5	0	16	6	6	1	17	6
2	„ unemployed ..	35	0	0	52	8	0	10	15	0	1	5	0	16	6	6	1	17	6
3	Lt. Colonels and Members of the Medical Board.....	27	3	2	40	12	9	8	12	0	1	0	0	13	2	0	1	10	0
4	Majors, Chaplains of 10 years standing, and Supg. Surgeons	21	0	10	31	9	3	7	0	0	0	16	0	10	8	0	1	4	0
5	Cpts., Chaplains under 10 years standing and Surgeons	12	4	7	18	0	11	4	9	6	0	10	6	6	14	3	0	15	9
6	Lieutenants and Assistant Surgeons	7	6	8	11	2	0	2	13	6	0	6	6	4	4	3	0	9	9
7	Cornets, 2d Lieutenants and Ensigns.....	5	15	3	8	14	11	2	4	9	0	5	3	3	7	1	0	7	11

In addition to the above; a monthly Subscription of one rupee, or 2s. 3d. is to be paid for each unmarried daughter and for each son under 21 years of age, without distinction of the rank of the Subscriber.

NOTE.—Subscribers are consequently required to report to the Secretary dates of birth and decease of all children.

Art. 2d. Subscribers promoted while temporarily absent in Europe on furlough, or sick certificate, are exempted during the period of their absence, from payment of the difference of donation laid down in Table A. but are to pay up the arrears due by them on coming into the receipt of Indian allowances by the regulated instalments.

Art. 3. On a Subscriber in either of the classes paying up by a personal donation and subscription added together without interest, the maximum fixed in Table C, he shall be exempted from further contribution while he may continue in that class, with the exception of donation for daughters, and subscription for children, which will continue as otherwise provided in these Rules.

C.

Table of Maximum and Minimum of aggregate Donations and Subscriptions at Rupees 875 per £100 Sterling.

Classes.	Description according to Regimental Rank.	MAXIMUM.						MINIMUM.					
		Married.		Widowers with Offspring.		Bachelors.		Married.		Widowers with Offspring.		Bachelors.	
		£	Rups.	£	Rups.	£	Rups.	£	Rups.	£	Rups.	£	Rups.
1	Colonels	3510	30,712½	2750	22,367½	2290	20,037½	1510	13,212½	1110	9,712½	990	8,602½
2	Lieut. Colonels and Members of the Medical Board...	1910	16,712½	1400	12,350	1230	10,937½	830	7,302½	610	5,337	540	4,725
3	Majors, Chaplains of 10 years standing, and Superintending Surgeons	1510	13,212½	1140	9,975	990	8,602½	650	5,687½	460	4,200	430	3,762½
4	Capt. Chaplains under 10 years standing, and Surgeons	920	8050	670	5,802½	600	5,350	400	3,500	280	2,537½	260	2,275
5	Lieuts. and Assistant Surgeons ..	550	4,812½	400	3,500	360	3,150	240	2,100	170	1,487½	160	1,400
6	Cornets, 2d Lieuts. and Ensigns...	430	3,672½	320	2,800	280	2,450	190	1,662½	140	1,225	120	1,050

Art. 4th. Previous to the benefits issuing in full from the Fund either to Subscribers or to Families, a certain amount calculated without interest (or the minimum fixed in Table C,) shall be derived to the Fund from the Subscriber, or in case of his death, from the amount payable to his family. In calculating this minimum for any annuity, all payments made to the Subscriber during his life from the Fund, as far as the amount of his minimum shall be debited against his payments to it, as above, in order that the annuity may not be issuable in full until the regulated minimum on its account shall have been *bona fide* realized by the Fund.*

Art. 5th. The deductions on account of minimum required by the preceding Article 4th, to be made from all benefits to Subscribers (equipment allowance excepted,) and from annuities, are to be regulated by the following Table D.

From the 6th Class not to exceed one-fifth of the net amount payable from the Fund.			
5th	do	two-ninths	do
4th	do	one-fourth	do
3d	do	two-sevenths	do
2d	do	one-third	do
1st	do	two-fifths	do
for all children	do	one-fourth	do

Art. 6th. The donation may be paid at once, or by monthly instalments agreeably to Table A, at the option of the Subscriber; if the Subscriber, however, be promoted during the payment of these instalments, he must pay all instalments subsequent to the date of that promotion, at the rate of the donation of the higher rank.

Art. 7th. Officers on their promotion will be required to pay up the amount of donation fixed in Table A, on entering each class agreeably to their condition.

Art. 8th. Donation is in no case to be returned.

Art. 9th. All Subscribers, as well widowers or bachelors, marrying after their admission into the Fund, and who may be desirous that their widows or children shall possess claims to the benefits of the Fund, are required to inform the Secretary of their marriage, and of the payment of the additional donation, as laid in the 5th column of Table A, and unless this information be given within six months and payment of the additional donation made within twenty four months after such marriage, the Subscriber shall be required to pay double the amount with interest added half yearly.

Art. 10th. In the event of a married subscriber dying before he has reported his marriage, his widow and children will have no claim upon the Fund, but if he shall have duly reported his marriage and not paid up the whole of his additional donation at the period of his death within twenty four months, his widow and children shall be liable to deduction from their annuities by instalments.

Art. 11th. Any arrear not sanctioned by the 6th Article of this Section, equal in amount to six months subscription, shall subject the Subscriber (owing it) to the payment of double the amount of the arrear (unless it shall be made to appear to the satisfaction of the Directors that such arrear arose from unavoidable accident,) and in failure of the payment of the forfeitures specified in this, and the preceding Article (9th) within twelve months after it shall be demanded, to the exclusion of himself and family from the benefits of the Fund (if admitted prior to the 30th April 1823, or if subsequent, to the exclusion of his family alone.)

Art. 12th. Subscribers who may be in the actual receipt of any periodical aid from the Fund, shall not during such period be exempted from the payment of monthly subscription.

Art. 13th. Subscribers who may be prevented drawing pay by a temporary cause, such as captivity, extended furlough, suspension from pay, or the like, shall during such period be exempted from the payment of monthly subscription without forfeiture of their rights, but on the removal of such incapacity, and upon the receipt of pay, they shall be required to pay up all arrears due to the Fund within six months.

Art. 14th. Married Subscribers having daughters and desirous that their annuities should be continued to them until marriage or death, are required within ten

* Thus in the event of a married Captain having received aid from the Fund, the amount of such aid or part thereof, so as not to exceed the sum of 3,500 Rupees, being the amount of his minimum, shall be debited against the amount of his contributions, the clear balance only, if any, being taken to constitute the minimum, to be derived by the Fund ere his family become entitled to receive the annuity in full. Should there be a balance against the Subscriber, however, it will not be charged against the annuity, for which a fresh minimum only will fall to be recovered by the regulated deductions. For example—Supposing a Captain to have received aid to the amount of 4,000 rupees, and his payments to the Fund to amount to 3,700 he will be debited as far as the amount of his minimum, 3,500, which will be considered as balancing that account, and the 200 rupees remaining will be credited to the new minimum required for the annuity.

+ Subscribers are particularly requested to observe that they are required to report the date of their marriage to the Secretary, who otherwise has no authority to enter them on the list of married Subscribers.

days from the date of birth of each daughter, to notify the same to the Secretary, stating whether or not it is their intention to pay an additional donation of rupees 282. In the former case, the amount will become due to the Fund from the tenth day after birth, and must be paid within one year from the date thereof, failing in which the annuity will cease on the daughters attaining the age of twenty-one. Subscribers in reporting payment of the donation are to state the Christian name and date of birth of the daughter for whom paid. A posthumous daughter, or a daughter whose father may die before payment of the donation as above, will be entitled to the advantage of this regulation, but the prescribed donation for her will be deducted from her annuity at the rate specified in Table D, and in the case of a daughter born in Europe or elsewhere, while the father is in India, the report must be made as soon as the event comes to his knowledge, the cause of the delay being explained at the time.

Art. 15th. The like option is extended to Subscribers admitted under the provisions of Article 2d, Section 1st, having daughters born anterior to their admission for whom the above sum of rupees 282 is to be paid with compound interest at 8 per cent, calculated from their date of birth, within one year from the date of such Subscribers' admission.

Art. 16th. To obviate the inconvenience which might be occasioned by the neglect of article 14th, Subscribers may, if they prefer it, notify to the Secretary their wish to avail themselves of the rule for all daughters who may be born to them. In this case the daughters will be entitled to benefit, the donation for each becoming due and payable as before explained.

Art. 17th. Officers retired on half pay, or on Lord Clive's Fund, shall pay full subscription notwithstanding, according to their rank and condition; and they are accordingly required to continue the same towards their respective maximum, or failing so to do, and preferring the payment of half subscription only, their families at their death, will be entitled only to half the benefit derivable from the Fund.

SECTION III.

BENEFITS DERIVABLE FROM THE FUND.

Art. 1st. The benefits derivable from the Fund are two-fold :

- 1st. Such as are granted to subscribers while living.
- 2d. Such as are granted to the widows and legitimate children of deceased Subscribers.

Art. 2d. The benefit granted to Subscribers while alive are considered personal, and subject to the decision of the Directors for the time being, who will be guided in their decision on each claim by the Regulations of the Fund, except when they have reason to entertain doubts with respect to any such claim. It will, in such cases, be their duty to call for further information from the claimant; and if this information should not be satisfactory to the Directors, they are authorized to withhold the payment of the claim until the pleasure of the Army at large be known, to whom the case will be immediately referred.

Art. 3d. Eligible individuals who may have applied to the Secretary for permission to subscribe within six months after their admission on the Establishment, will be entitled at any time to the benefits of the Fund.

Art. 4th. A Subscriber of the rank of Captain, who may proceed to Europe on sick certificate, in conformity to the Regulation of the Army, and who may not be allowed passage money from Government, shall be authorized to apply to the Military Fund, for the passage money regulated for his rank, viz. 1400, provided his application shall be accompanied by a solemn declaration upon honour that he does not possess the sum of Madras Rupees (1,500) one thousand and five hundred, or property of any description equal in amount thereto. Passage money is not allowed to field Officers except on Loan.

Art. 5th. A Subscriber under the rank of Field Officer, who may have so proceeded to Europe shall also be entitled on his return to India to receive from the Secretary in England the sum regulated* for the outward passage on the production of a solemn declaration upon honour, that he does not possess the means of paying for the same.

Art. 6th. A Subscriber of whatever rank proceeding to Europe on sick certificate shall be entitled for his equipment to a sum not exceeding Company's rupees (200) two hundred, and if married in addition thereto rupees (200) two hundred for his wife, and rupees (100) one hundred for each child, his application being accompanied by a solemn declaration upon honour that he does not possess, if a Subaltern, the sum of Madras Rupees (1000) one thousand, a Captain rupees (1500) one thousand five hundred, or a Field Officer, rupees (2000) two thousand.

* Captains.....£110
Subalterns.....£ 95

or property of any description equal in amount thereto; but no allowance will in any case be made for equipment to a Subscriber returning to India.

Art. 7th. Subscribers being Subalterns proceeding to England on sick certificate, who shall make a solemn declaration upon honour that they possess no other income beyond the regulated pay of their rank, exclusive of any pension for wounds of which they may be in receipt, shall be allowed the sum of £21 7 6 per annum, for a Lieutenant, and £44 3 9 for Cornet, 2d Lieutenant, or Ensign, commencing from the date of arrival in England, continuing so long as they shall be in the receipt of pay there, and ceasing from the date of embarkation to return to India. The declaration to be renewed half yearly.

Art. 8th. Income allowance to sick Subaltern Officers at home will be increased to such Officers as are married or to widowers having offspring, as follows: £20 for his wife, and £10 per annum to each of his children. The latter allowance, however, to be reduced in the case of a plurality of children, in the manner prescribed by the 19th Article of this Section, provided, however, that such additional allowance for the whole family never exceed the sum of £48 15 0. A Captain of Artillery, Engineers, or Infantry, in like manner, being at home on sick certificate with a family, will be entitled to a similar allowance for his family, provided he make the declaration upon honour prescribed for Subalterns. Captains of Cavalry are not entitled to income allowance.

Art. 9th. Subscribers proceeding to England on sick certificate, conformably to the Regulations, from any place not under the Presidency of Fort St. George, shall be entitled to the personal benefits which have been above enumerated, provided they shall have complied with the Local Regulations, and shall make immediate communication of the circumstances to the Directors of the Fund.

Art. 10th. The personal benefits above enumerated are issuable in one instance only, and if required a second time, they will be granted only on loan under the Regulations established in the 5th Section, that is to say, a Subscriber having once proceeded to Europe on the Fund, has no further claim to gratuitous aid.

Art. 11th. The second class of benefits, (namely those granted to widows and children of deceased Subscribers,) are absolute, not dependent on the decision of the Directors, but controlled solely by the Regulations of the Institution.

Art. 12th. The widows and legitimate children of deceased Subscribers shall be entitled to receive the annuities specified in the annexed Table E. provided they shall have paid up previous to their decease, the minimum required by Section 2d; but in cases where the minimum may not have been paid up, the annuities of the widows and children will be subject to a deduction, in the proportion specified in Table D. until such minimum may have been made good, when the annuities will be paid in full.

E.

Table shewing the amount of Pensions to Widows during their widowhood and to Children of each class and condition.

Classes.	Description of Annuities, the Widows according to the Regimental Rank of their Husbands, the Children according to their age, and the Parents they have lost.	PENSIONS PAYABLE BY THE MILITARY FUND PER ANNUM.					
		In India.			In England.		
	WIDOWS.	Rs.	A.	P.	£	S.	D.
1	Of a Colonel.....	2,064	7	3	235	18	9
2	Lieutenant-Colonel and Member of the Medical Board.....	1,826	9	0	208	15	0
3	Major, Chaplain of 10 years standing, and Surg. Surg.....	1,588	10	9	181	11	3
4	Captain, Chaplain under 10 years standing and Surg.....	1,197	10	6	136	17	6
5	Lieutenant and Assistant Surgeon.....	894	2	3	102	3	9
6	Cornet, 2d Lieutenant, and Ensign.....	715	5	0	81	15	0
	Children having lost one Parent.						
1	Under 6 years of age.....	175	0	0	20	0	0
2	Between 6 and 12 years of age.....	262	8	0	30	0	0
3	Above 12 until 21 for Boys, and for Girls for whom the Donation may not have been paid.....	350	0	0	40	0	0
	Children having lost both Parents.						
1	Under 6 years of age.....	262	8	0	30	0	0
2	Between 6 and 12 years of age.....	393	12	0	45	0	0
3	Above 12 until 21 for Boys, and for Girls for whom the Donation may not have been paid.....	525	0	0	60	0	0

N. B.—Girls for whom the Donation laid down in Article 14th, Section 2d, may have been paid, will be entitled to a continuance of their pension until marriage or death, according to their condition in regard to Parents: this Regulation applies

only to those girls born subsequent to the 15th October, 1822, all those born prior to that period are entitled to the same privilege without payment of donation.

Provided that nothing contained herein, or in any other part of these Rules of the Institution, shall be considered to entitle to the benefits of it, any widow who may have been legally divorced or separated from her husband, for adultery, or who at the period of her husband's demise may have quitted his protection, and be living in a state of *notorious adultery*, though not divorced or separated from him by law, or who subsequently to her husband's decease may be living in a notorious state of incontinence.

Art. 13th. The pension to boys may be anticipated by the parents or guardians at any time after such boys shall have attained their fifteenth year at their then present value, as shown, in Table F, the parents or guardians granting a sufficient acquittance for the same, and such payment of anticipated pension shall preclude any subsequent demand for pension, except when the pension may have been anticipated during the life time of the mother and that she dies afterwards before the boy has completed his 21st year, in which case he shall be entitled to the difference of the sums opposite his age at the time of his mother's death for the £40 or the £60 annuities in India or in England respectively as the case may be.*

F.

Table of present Value of anticipated Annuities due to Boys between the age of 15 and 21 Years as they may be payable in England or in India respectively.

Age of the Boy at the time of anticipation.	Number of Payment still due at the time of anticipation.	Deduction per Cent which has been made for the chance of Casualties.	In India calculated at 6 per Cent Interest per Annum.				In England, calculated at 5 per Cent Interest per Annum.			
			£40 Annuity having one Parent living.		£60 Annuity having lost both Parents.		£40 Annuity having one Parent living.		£60 Annuity having lost both Parents.	
			£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.
Years.		Per Cent.								
15	12	3	193	0 7	289	11 0	198	17 0	298	5 5
15½	11	2½	179	13 7	269	10 5	184	14 7	277	2 0
16	10	2	165	18 2	248	17 2	170	7 7	255	11 5
16½	9	2½	151	14 2	227	11 5	155	4 5	232	16 5
17	8	2½	137	1 5	205	12 0	139	19 9	209	19 9
17½	7	2½	121	16 0	182	13 9	123	19 0	185	18 5
18	6	2	106	4 7	159	7 0	108	0 0	161	19 9
18½	5	1½	89	17 7	134	16 5	91	1 2	136	11 9
19	4	1½	73	2 0	109	13 0	73	17 7	110	16 7
19½	3	1½	55	15 0	83	12 7	56	6 9	84	10 2
20	2	1½	37	14 5	56	11 7	38	2 5	57	3 7
20½	1	1	19	4 2	28	16 2	19	8 0	29	2 2

Art. 14th. In cases where children may be bereft of both their parents, the guardians of such children shall be entitled to receive their annuities, on production of the powers investing them with authority to act as guardians.

Art. 15th. If a widow pensioner on the Fund marries, her pension is to cease during her coverture, but in the event of her becoming again a widow, she shall be readmitted to all the benefits she may have enjoyed from the Fund during her first widowhood in like manner as if she had not re-married. If her second husband shall also have been a subscriber to the Fund, the widow will receive, however, only one annuity taking that which may be greatest, that is to say, according to the rank of the first or second husband, whichever may have been the highest.

Art. 16th. Every widow benefitting by the Military Fund, and not provided with a passage to Europe at the expense of Government, shall be entitled (for one passage only,) to the allowance below stated on her making a solemn declaration upon honour, that she does not possess the means of defraying the expense of her passage, provided she proceeds to Europe within 5 years from the date of her husband's decease.

* For instance, if a boy in India while his mother is living anticipates his annuity, at the age of 16, he will receive £165 18 2 only; but if his mother die when he is 19, he will then have to receive the difference between £73 2 0 and £109 13 0 or £36 11 0 in addition to the sum before paid to him.

† Colonels, Lieutenant Colonels and Majors Rupees 1500
Captains or Subalterns 1200

Art. 17th. The passage money for children proceeding to Europe is fixed as follows, viz. to an Orphan having lost one Parent, Rupees 250, to each additional Orphan up to the number of 4, Rupees 250, which shall form the Maximum payment to any one family of children which have lost their father only, to an Orphan having lost both Parents Rupees 700—to 2 Orphans Rupees 1,200—to 3 or more Orphans Rupees 1,500.

Art. 18th. The half yearly application of a widow for her annuity is to be accompanied by a solemn declaration upon honour that she continues unmarried.

Art. 19th. A widow having more than one child shall have deducted from the aggregate of her children's annuity, one twentieth part of one child's annuity (taken on the average of all their annuities) for the second child, two-twentieths, for the third child, three-twentieths, for the fourth child, and so on for any number she may have above one, so that for instance, supposing a subscribing Major to leave a widow and 6 children (two in each class) she will have to receive from the Fund for herself

					£181 11 3
For her six children	....	....	£180 0 0		
Less 15-20 of £30, or	....	....	„ 22 10 0		
					£157 10 0
				Total per annum	£339 1 3

But the aggregate of the children's annuities is in no case to exceed the amount of the widow's own annuity receivable from the Fund.†

SECTION IV.

EVENTUAL BENEFITS OF THE FUND.

Art. 1st. Independent of the benefits which have been recited, the Fund is considered as holding out the prospect of eventual benefits under the following circumstances:—

Art. 2d. If at any future period it shall be found, that the funds of the Institution afford a considerable surplus, after providing for the actual and probable applications for relief under the preceding articles, it shall then, and not otherwise, be competent for the Directors of the Institution, as the permission of the Honorable Court of Directors has been obtained, to afford the aid of the Fund in the following case, viz. To Subscribers compelled by ill health to abandon the country after 10 year's service, and before they are entitled to retire on full pay, the regulated passage money of their rank, and an annuity which shall render their total income, from whatever source derived, equal to the full pay of their rank:—

Art. 3d. If at any future period it shall be found, that the Funds of the Institution afford a considerable surplus after providing for the actual and probable applications for relief under the preceding articles, it shall then, and not otherwise, be competent for the Directors of the Institution, provided the permission of the Honorable Court of Directors be obtained, to afford the aid of the Fund in the following cases:—

- 1st. To Officers who may have served twenty-two years in India, and may be obliged by ill-health to retire from the service, without having obtained the rank of Major, the regulated passage money of their rank, and such assistance from the Fund, as will render their whole income, from whatever source derived, equal to the pay of Major.
- 2d. In the event of a still further surplus it shall be competent for the Directors of the Military Fund, at their discretion, to assist Officers retiring from the service on full pay in limited circumstances, with a sum equal to the regulated passage money of their rank: provided always that the resignation of such Officer shall actually have been accepted previously to his embarkation.

SECTION V.

LOANS.

Art. 1st. Subscribers who shall have subscribed to the Fund for a period not less than eight years, shall be entitled to loans under the following circumstances:—

Art. 2d. A Subscriber being desirous to send his wife and children, or either of them, to Europe, shall be allowed, should the state of the Funds admit it, a loan equal to the amount of 29 months' subsistence of the rank he then holds, provided he shall have deposited with the Directors an irrevocable order engaging to re-pay the amount so borrowed, with interest at 8 per cent., within twenty-two months immediately succeeding the date of the advance. He shall also be required to de-

* The above limitation of the aggregate of children's annuities to the amount of the widow's has been suspended.

posit for the ultimate security of the Fund, a personal bond in which he shall be joined by two securities to be approved by the Directors and assignment on any property he may possess.

Art. 3d. In like manner a similar loan will be allowed to a Subscriber in India under the same conditions, whenever he may be desirous that his wife and children, or either of them, should return to him.

Art. 4th. A Subscriber proceeding to England on sick certificate, with his wife and children, shall be authorized to apply for the regulated passage money for such wife and children, to be advanced by the Military Fund as a loan, such loan however can only be advanced upon the personal bond of the Subscriber, including two sureties, to be approved by the Directors, the amount to be re-paid with interest at 8 per cent., within two years after the Subscriber's return to India, provided he may have attained the rank of Captain, otherwise within two years after he shall have attained that rank, and the sureties to be bound to make good any balance or deficiency, in the event of the Subscriber ceasing to be a Member of the Fund before the bond is discharged.

SECTION VI.

General Regulations.

Art. 1st. The management and appropriation of the receipts and the admission of persons to the benefits of the Fund, and in fact all matters whatever relating to the Fund, shall be vested in thirteen Directors, as at present, the senior being President: when vacancies shall occur in the Direction, the Adjutant General of the Army on receiving notice of the same will, with permission of His Excellency the Commander in Chief, circulate to corps a list of Officers, Chaplains, and Medical Officers, Subscribers to the Fund, who, from residing at the Presidency, are eligible to be Directors. Officers in command of corps will then communicate to the Secretary of the Fund, the name of the person selected to fill the vacancy, transmitting the vote of each individual Subscriber present with the corps. Officers permanently absent on staff employ, &c., as well as Chaplains, and Medical Officers, to send their votes to the Secretary direct, and the Officer elected by the majority of Subscribers, will be informed that he has been chosen as a Director of the Military Fund.

Art. 2d. That a Director quitting the Presidency and being absent from any cause 12 consecutive months shall be held to have vacated office.

Art. 3d. The individual who may have stood second in the number of votes at the last election by the Army will be considered Provisional Director to serve for any number of months under 12 of temporary absence of a Director.

Art. 4th. The period for collecting votes either for a new Director or any other subject of reference, is limited to three months from the date of circulating such reference, and no alteration or amendment proposed in the existing Regulations shall be adopted unless a majority of two thirds of the votes received appear in favour of it.

Art. 5th. The Directors shall, as at present, have a Secretary to conduct their proceedings, who shall also be the Accountant of the Fund.

Art. 6th. The Secretary must be an Officer of the Army and a Subscriber to be nominated by the Directors, and liable to removal by the same authority.

Art. 7th. A monthly allowance of Rupees 200 is fixed as the Secretary's salary and Rupees 300 as the amount of his office Establishment.

Art. 8th. The Directors of the Fund will hold regular monthly meetings, but no meetings of the Directors consisting of a smaller number than five shall be competent to the transaction of business; special meetings will be held whenever required by any urgent or particular business, and it will rest with any Director, or with the Secretary, to represent the occurrence of such necessity to the President, who will convene a special meeting within ten days from the date of his receiving the application, but no special meeting shall be called with the view of reconsidering resolutions which may have been already adopted, by a former meeting of the Directors, unless at a requisition of a number of Directors greater than that which attended such meeting.

Art. 9th. The Secretary will invariably lay before the Directors, either at the regular or special meetings, all letters that may have been received by him since the last meeting, minutes of the proceedings of all meetings will be recorded and authenticated by the signatures of the Directors present. The Secretary will also submit to the Directors who attend drafts of all the letters which in those meetings he may have been desired to write. Letters demanding an immediate answer, when such may be of an ordinary nature, may be replied to by the Secretary without waiting for a meeting of the Directors; but every letter proposed to be despatched by the Secretary, must previously receive the special sanction of three Directors, signified by their initials to the drafts, which will be sent to them for consideration.

Art. 10th. The Secretary will keep the following books :

An annual Ledger, exhibiting the account of Donations and Subscriptions, as rendered by Paymasters.

A Cash Book, showing the monthly receipts and payments, and balancing the accounts of the Fund at the end of each month.

A Book containing an annual Account Current, of the transaction of the Fund in Europe, also annually made up.

A Book containing an annual Statement of Account, arising from the union of the two preceding Accounts Current.

A Book of the proceedings of the Directors.

A Book containing copies of all letters despatched.

A Book containing a list of Subscribers.

Art. 11th. The Secretary's Office in India will be solely one of check and audit of accounts, and he is prohibited from receiving Cash, or Bills in liquidation of sums due to the Fund, which are invariably to be lodged by the respective parties in the Offices of Paymasters.*

Art. 12th. In cases when the amount of such payments exceeds the ordinary monthly subscription and instalment of donation, Subscribers will report the circumstance to the Secretary.

Art. 13th. All the books, correspondents, &c., of the Fund, are opened to the inspection of any Subscriber at the Military Fund Office in Fort St. George, from 11 to 3 o'clock every day (Sundays excepted.)

Art. 14th. When any new regulation shall appear to the Directors to be advisable such regulation shall be circulated to corps for consideration, in the manner detailed in the 1st Article of this Section, and the affirmative, or negative of the majority of votes as laid down in Article 2d, shall decide its adoption or rejection.

Art. 15th. If any subscriber or claimant on the Fund, shall be desirous, to appeal, from the decision of the Directors, to that of the Subscribers at large upon any subject which may not be specifically defined by the regulations, such appeal, provided it be approved by three Directors, shall be referred and decided upon in the manner prescribed in the preceding article, and the decision shall be final in all cases whatever ; any further agitation of the question, by process of law or otherwise, being deemed in itself to be an absolute forfeiture of all claim on the Fund.

Art. 16th. When a reference shall be made to the Subscribers at large, respecting either a proposed regulation, or an appeal, the result of such reference shall be communicated to corps for the information of Subscribers.

Art. 17th. In order to prevent litigation respecting the disposition of this institution, it shall be required that every application for the benefits of the Fund shall be accompanied by an obligation of the party applying to conform and submit to the decision of the Directors, and of a majority of the Army, in cases which admit a reference to the general suffrage.

Art. 18th. Generally all payments due from the Fund, are to be made half-yearly on the 30th June, and on the 31st December ; but in cases when pensioners, or claimants on the Fund, are about to embark for Europe, all arrears are to be paid up to the latest date practicable.

Art. 19th. Any arrear which may be due to the Fund by a Subscriber, or by an Annuitant, who may have received an over payment, loan, or advance, shall in all cases be deducted from the first payments to be made from the Fund to the person owing such arrear.

Art. 20th. All income derived from the Madras Military Fund, is declared to be unalienable : and the fact of attempting the alienation of such income, in any manner, or under any pretence, shall be deemed in itself a forfeiture of all future benefits from the Fund.

Art. 21st. Dismission from the service shall be in all cases considered a forfeiture of all claims on the Fund, and of all subscriptions already paid, but temporary suspension from rank and pay, is not to be considered a forfeiture of such claims, provided the subscription be continued during such suspension, or if the subscription be discontinued provided the arrears so arising and interest on the amount, shall be paid up within a period, equal to that of the suspension, and immediately succeeding it.

Art. 22d. If a Subscriber who may be dismissed from the service, by a Court Martial, or otherwise, shall afterwards be restored to the service, he shall be readmissible to the Fund, on payment of the arrears that may have accumulated, with

* The particular attention of Subscribers is requested to this rule. Payments may be made by them, or by their Agents, into any Military Pay Office, but they cannot in any way be received by the Secretary.

interest thereon, in the same manner as if he had suffered only temporary suspension.

Art. 23d. All property belonging to the Military Fund, at any period, shall be invariably vested in the Honorable Company's Securities.

Art. 24th. When interest may be chargeable according to these regulations on sums either receivable or payable by the Military Fund, in account with Subscribers to that Fund, or their families or representatives, that interest shall be always calculated according to the highest rate which may be allowed on the Honorable Company's Securities at this Presidency, at the time when such sum may be received or paid.

Art. 25th. The Honorable Court of Directors having made it obligatory on Cadets and Chaplains to become members of the Military Fund, it will be the duty of the Secretary to communicate to each Cadet and Chaplain entering the service that his name has been enrolled in the list of Subscribers, in conformity with the condition of his appointment; at the same time requiring the parties to state whether they are married or not, when the Secretary will inform them of the amount of donation they will be required to pay, such communication to be made on the promulgation of the order admitting any Cadet or Chaplain into the service.

Art. 26th. The management of the affairs of the Fund in England will be conducted by a Committee of 24 Officers, Subscribers resident in that country, of whom three to form a quorum.

Art. 27th. The Committee will have Agents to conduct their proceedings with a salary of £225 per annum, including Office Establishment and all contingencies.

Art. 28th. The Agents to be nominated by the Directors in India, and liable to removal by order of a majority.

Art. 29th. It shall be a part of the duty of the Agents to furnish every Cadet and Chaplain on his application, with a printed copy of the Regulations of the Fund, and every information requisite relative to the existence and objects of the Institution.

Art. 30th. When vacancies occur in the number of the Committee at home they are empowered to elect Officers (subscribers to the Fund) to fill them.

Art. 31st. All payments on account of the Fund in England will be made in the same manner as pay is issued to Officers upon Furlough, upon certificates to be granted by the Agents.

Art. 32d. The Agents' drafts will invariably be drawn in favour of the parties who are entitled to receive the pensions, &c. or their order.

Art. 33l. With the view of securing the Fund against decay and ultimate failure, the original intention in regard to donation shall be strictly adhered to, namely, that the donations paid by Officers be "for the purpose of forming a capital," and that the subscriptions of Officers, the Company's donation, the interest on the capital, and all other profits, be alone available to defray the expenses of the Fund, and the books and accounts of the Fund shall be kept to that effect.

Art. 34th. Should the subscriptions of Officers, the Company's Donation, the interest on the capital, and all other profits available to defray the expenses of the Fund, fall short of the demands upon it, so that the total amount of the former will not defray the amount of the annuities and other claims, then it shall be in the power of the Directors to make a proportionate deduction according to Table D, from the annuities of all widows and children, until the state of the Fund shall afford the means of complete payment.

Art. 35th. The Secretary shall lay before the Directors at the regular monthly meeting in November each year, an estimated state of the Fund for the current year; and the Directors having taken the same into consideration, shall declare what deduction, if any, may be required on annuities for the ensuing year, on the principle of the preceding Article.

QUEEN'S MILITARY FUND.

Regulations of a General Military Fund, for the benefit of Widows and Children of deceased Officers in Her Majesty's Service in India, established in 1820 and revised in 1827.

Under the protection and countenance of the most Noble the Marquis of Hastings, Commander in Chief in India, the above named Fund was established in the year 1820, for the purpose of sending home, in comfort and respectability, the families of deceased officers in Her Majesty's Regiments, serving in India, who may have

been left destitute; and of preventing the painful and degrading practice of appealing to the public for subscriptions on such occasions; and also of providing relief in such cases as may require it, until they can be conveniently sent home.

It having since been found advisable to make some alterations in the rules and regulations then established, the following revised regulations, passed with the general consent of the Officers of the army, have been approved of by His Excellency the Right Honorable Viscount Combermere, Commander-in-Chief in India, who has been pleased to become Patron to the Institution.

1st. That the Committee of general management formed at Calcutta shall consist of the following persons for the time, being subscribers; viz.

- The Major General Commanding the Presidency Division.
- The Adjutant General of Her Majesty's Forces in India.
- The Quarter Master General of Her Majesty's Forces in India.
- The Inspector of Hospitals.
- The Commandant of Fort William.
- The Assistant Adjutant General of Her Majesty's Forces in India.
- The Two Senior Officers of Her Majesty's Regiments quartered in Fort William.
- The Senior Subalterns of ditto.
- Commandant of the Depôt at Chinsurah.
- The Military Secretary to the Commander-in-Chief.
- The Major of Brigade of Her Majesty's Forces.
- The Paymaster of Her Majesty's Troops; and,
- The Paymaster of Her Majesty's Regiments quartered in Fort William.

2d. That a sub-committee for inquiring into all circumstances connected with this fund, and acting under the General committee, shall be formed at Madras and Bombay, composed as follows:—such Officers being Subscribers:

- The Senior Officers of Her Majesty's Army at the Presidency.
 - All Officers of the General Staff.
 - The two Senior Officers of Her Majesty's Regiment stationed at the Presidency.
 - The two Senior Subalterns of ditto.
- And that the Major of Brigade or Queen's Troops may be good enough to act as Honorary Secretary.

3d. That every Officer shall pay monthly according to his rank, as specified in the margin*

* STAFF.

Commander-in-Chief,	..	30	4th. That the Paymasters of Corps
General Officer,	..	20	shall be authorised and required to make
Adjutant-General, Quarter Master General, Inspector of Hospitals, Military Secretary in Bengal,	} ..	12	those deductions monthly, and shall regularly remit the same to the Agents of the Queen's Military Fund, Messrs. Ferguson and Co., Calcutta.
Deputy Adjutant General, Deputy Quarter Master General, Deputy Inspector of Hospitals, Military Secretary Madras and Bombay	} ..	10	5th. All married Officers shall subscribe to the Fund within three months after joining their Regiments or stations, and bachelors within three months after their marriage; any Officers neglecting so to do, shall at no future time be admitted as a subscriber, unless by the sanction of the General Committee, always paying up arrears from the date of his joining or marriage, as the case may be; or, if in India at the time, from the date of the revision of these Regulations, 1st August, 1827.
Assistant Adjutant General, and Assistant Quarter Master General	} ..	8	
Majors of Brigade and other staff	} ..	6	6th. That in order to obviate the difficulties which would arise from the occasional remote situations of Her Majesty's Corps, serving under the several Presidencies, the Most Noble the Governor General in Council, was pleased to
REGIMENTAL.			
Lieutenant Colonel (if Commanding Station or Corps, 2 extra,)	} ..	8	
Major, (ditto ditto,)	} ..	6	
Captains, Paymasters, Surgeons and Adjutants	} ..	4	
Lieutenants, Assistant Surgeons, and Quarter Masters,	} ..	2	
Cornets, Ensigns, and Veterinary Surgeons,	} ..		

order and direct when the fund was established, that bills may be granted to the Paymaster of Her Majesty's Regiments by the Governments of Madras and Bombay, on the Government of Bengal, at the exchange 108 Calcutta Sicca Rupees for every 116 Madras Rupees, and 325 Calcutta Sicca Rupees for every 350 Bombay Rupees, payable at sight to the General Agents in Calcutta, thereby avoiding Commission, double agency, and risks of exchange.

7th. That all grants of assistance from this fund shall be regulated and assigned Committees of subscribers, as herein declared.

8th. That in order to ascertain the circumstances of any widow or family, who may have become destitute by the death of any Regimental Officer, such widow

shall memorialise or represent, the case of herself and family, through the commanding officer of the corps the casualty occurred, in order to its being brought to the consideration of a committee, and the commanding officer shall, as far as his knowledge shall enable him, state his opinion of any case so received.

GENERAL COMMITTEE.

President—A Field Officer, (if practicable;) 1 Captain, Surgeon, or Paymaster; 2 Lieutenants, or 1 Lieutenant and 1 Quarter Master or Assist. Surg.

9th. That whenever there may be mixed corps of Her Majesty's service, or more than one stationed together at the same time, every application for relief from this fund shall be heard and decided on by a general committee composed as equally as possible of Officers from such corps present, being subscribers to the fund.

10th. As it may often happen, that officers die while the corps they belong to is stationed by itself or remotely detached, it shall be in the power of every commanding officer of a regiment so situated, to assemble a committee of any five officers (being subscribers,) to hear and decide upon the case of any widows and children, so become destitute, and seeking relief from this fund. It shall also be competent for the Commander-in-Chief at either Presidency to assemble a special committee, to report on the case of any lady who may become a widow, whilst the regiment, to which her husband belonged, shall be at another distant station, or on service beyond sea.

11th. That such general, special, or regimental committees, as the case shall be, having duly examined into the circumstances of the parties seeking relief, shall report their opinion on, and recommend the amount to be granted, whether for passage money or maintenance, strictly in conformity with the regulations annexed. The opinion and recommendation of such committees shall be forwarded to the agents of the general committee, if in Bengal, or to the honorary Secretary of the sub-committee, or such person as may be appointed by the Commander-in-Chief; if at the Presidency of Madras or Bombay, by the officer commanding the Corps in which the casualty may have occurred.

12th. The sub-committee at Madras and Bombay will, on satisfying themselves with the accuracy of the statements laid before them, draw upon the Agents at Calcutta, for the amount of the sum which may be awarded; but in the final adjustment of the accounts of such sub-committee, the general committee will consider themselves bound to object to any sum, however trifling, which may be granted in excess of the rules laid down.

13th. The sub-committee will, on drawing for any sum on the general agents, transmit the report of the station committee, as well as their own opinion and explanations of the award as a voucher, and they will afterwards, as soon as possible, transmit the proper receipts and certificates, showing that the money has been appropriated in the manner and for the purposes for which it was awarded.

14th. The object of this Fund being clearly confined to sending home distressed families of deceased officers, with a view of preventing those painful appeals for assistance to the public, at once so humiliating to respectable individuals and the Queen's service in India, it is earnestly hoped that all ranks of staff and regimental officers will support it.

15th. But to prevent doubts and misconceptions, which might possibly arise hereafter, it is distinctly declared, that no widow who is not in distressed circumstances, or no lady continuing to reside in this country after the death of her husband can expect any provision or pension for herself or children from the fund, further than is stated in the 8th clause of the schedule of awards. It is also declared, that no widow is entitled to passage money or allowance for travelling, unless she shall actually proceed to sea or on her journey in the manner for which any allowance may have been drawn; and should she have received such allowance, she will be required to refund; and further that no widow, under any circumstances, shall be entitled to any assistance from this Fund, unless the application shall be made in the usual form within six months after the demise of her husband.

16th. Orphan children are eligible for the benefits of this fund, but awards for them must be specially made by a general or sub-committee, and sanctioned by the Commander-in-Chief of the Presidency, who is requested to appoint some eligible person to take care of them, and provide a passage, &c. &c.

17th. That the general agents in Calcutta shall furnish an annual account of the receipts and disbursements of this Fund, agreeably to forms annexed, to the Adjutant General of Her Majesty's Forces; and that that officer be applied to, to circulate the same amongst the subscribers and the several officers of government at the three Presidencies.

18th. That commanding officers of Her Majesty's regiments be requested to pay particular attention in causing the regular quarterly remittances to be made to the general agents, who are requested, from time to time, to apprise commanding officers whenever any corps may fail in making such remittances.

19th. That no general rule or regulation of this fund shall be altered, except recommended by the general committee, and approved by a majority of the subscribers.

20th. In taking the opinion of the regiment and Staff officers of Her Majesty's forces in India a very general wish has been expressed, that *all* widows should have their passage to England, &c. &c. defrayed. The funds will not now admit of it, but should the positive standing balance of the fund amount to forty thousand Rupees (40,000), the committee will again put the question for the sense of the subscribers, with a provision that such charge should again cease on the balance falling to thirty thousand Rupees (30,000); and as in that event all married officers will have a claim on the Fund, their subscriptions should then be augmented. An officer ceases to be a subscriber on leaving India, all claims on the Fund must, in like manner, cease from the same period; but an officer going to sea for the benefit of his health, being entitled to his company's allowances, will be considered as a subscriber, during his absence.

FORM OF DRAFTS TO BE USED BY SUB-COMMITTEES.

Passage Money and Maintenance.
Travelling Allowance.

To _____
General Agents to the Military Fund for Her Majesty's Service.

GENTLEMEN,

At _____ days after sight, please to pay to Brigade Major, Captain A. B. or order, the sum of Sicca Rupees _____ being amount of maintenance allowance, granted to Mrs. _____ by us, as per our report and proceedings of this date.

_____ } Sub-Committee.

GENTLEMEN,

At _____ days after sight, please to pay to Brigade Major, Captain A. B. or order, the sum of Rupees _____ being amount of Passage Money and travelling allowance granted to Mrs. _____ by us, as per our report and proceedings of this date.

_____ } Sub-Committee.

Note.—This draft to be accompanied by a certificate of the passage being actually engaged, and name of the ship specified.

Rules for Awards to be paid to the Widows of Officers from the General Fund for Her Majesty's Service.

1st. The Amount of Passage Money to the Widow of a Field Officer shall be limited to Rupees of the country....	2000
Captain and Subaltern.....	1500
For each Child, not exceeding three in number.....	500
For each exceeding three.....	300

2d. The following shall be the scale of award for all widows to defray the expenses of their journey to England: the amount to be paid to them in bills at sight, if procurable, or in cash at the current rate of exchange, viz.

	£	s.	d.
For every Widow per mile.....	0	1	0
For one Child ditto.....	0	0	6
If more than one Child, each per mile.....	0	0	4

The distance to be computed from the port to which the ship, on which she proceeds, may be bound.

3d. If an officer shall die at Calcutta, Madras, or Bombay, or within 14 days march of these Presidencies, his widow shall receive an allowance equal to the full pay and allowance of her deceased husband for two months, and no longer, unless it shall be certified by a Queen's medical officer, that she is, from ill health, or an approaching confinement, unable to proceed to sea; in which case this allowance may be extended to such further period, (on no occasion exceeding in the whole four months,) as may be considered necessary by the medical officer.

4th. Subsistence according to the same rate be granted to such widows, whose husbands may die at a greater distance from either Presidency, according to the annexed scale No. 1.

5th. The nature of the climate not admitting persons to travel at all seasons of the year and the months noted in the annexed scale, No. 1, having been ascertained to be the only practicable ones; any lady becoming a widow at any other period, shall, in addition to all other claims, be allowed subsistence until she can proceed on her journey.

6th. An officer travelling, being allowed no additional pay, unless on duty, the full pay and allowances of her deceased husband's rank are deemed sufficient to enable her to proceed to the Presidency.

7th. Every lady receiving subsistence under Regulations 5 and 6, shall be entitled to one month's full pay and allowances, and no more, over and above the time required for her journey to the Presidency, unless it is shown by a medical certificate, that she is, from ill health or approaching confinement, unable to travel; but in no case shall the allowance be drawn for a period exceeding 3 months in addition to the time allowed for travelling.

8th. Any lady intending to reside in the East Indies, shall be allowed to draw for the number of months' march required to proceed to the place of intendent residence, under the restrictions, &c. allowed from those proceeding to England, and three months' full pay and allowance in addition, in full of all demands on the Fund.

LORD CLIVE'S FUND.

INSTITUTED 6TH APRIL 1770.

Pensions are granted from this institution to commissioned and warrant officers and soldiers superannuated or worn out in the service of the Honorable Company.

The following commissioned and warrant officers are entitled to the half pay of their respective ranks, from the date of their debarkation in England, on their making affidavit, that they do not possess property to the amount opposite to their respective ranks :—

Colonel.....	£4,000	Deputy Commissary of Ordnance	£1,000
Lieutenant Colonel.....	3,000	Assistant Surgeon.....	1,000
Major.....	2,500	Ensign.....	750
Captain.....	2,000	Assistant Commissary of Ordnance, Deputy ditto, Conductor, and all other inferior Warrant Officers.	750
Commissary of Ordnance.....	2,000		
Surgeon.....	2,000		
Lieutenant.....	1,000		

All commissioned staff, or Warrant Officers, to have half the ordinary pay they enjoyed whilst in the service, viz.

	per annum.	per diem.
Colonel.....	£228 2 6	or 12s. 6d.
Lieutenant Colonel.....	182 10 0	„ 10 0
Major.....	136 17 6	„ 7 6
Captain, Surgeon, and Commissary.....	91 5 0	„ 5 0
Lieutenant, Assistant Surgeon, and Deputy Commissary..	45 12 6	„ 2 6
Ensign.....	36 10 0	„ 2 6
Conductor of Ordnance.....	36 10 0	„ 2 0

Their widows, one half the above, to continue during their widowhood.

Pensions to non-commissioned officers and privates, are paid from the day of their debarkation in England, as follows :

Serjeant of Artillery, 9d. per diem, 1s. to those who have lost a limb.

Privates of ditto, 6d. ditto and 9d. to ditto ditto.

All other Non-commissioned officers and privates receive 4 pence and 3 farthings. The pensions to commissioned, warrant, and non-commissioned officers and soldiers, are payable half yearly, at the India House, in London, without deduction, at Midsummer and Christmas; but if non-commissioned officers and soldiers receive their pensions in the country, which if they reside more than 25 miles from London, they are permitted to do so by the special leave of the Court of Directors, who will appoint a proper person for paying them, a shilling will be charged on each payment for the person who pays them.

The pensions of commissioned and warrant officers are payable as they fall due; non-commissioned officers and privates paid in advance, on their landing, for the broken period, to the end of the first half year, and afterwards half yearly in advance.

PENSION TO WIDOWS.

The widows of commissioned and warrant officers, are entitled to a sum equal to one-fourth of the pay of their husbands, upon providing satisfactory evidence, that

their husbands did not die possessed of property to the amount stated opposite to their respective ranks :—

TABLE of Pensions to the Widows of Officers from Lord Clive's Fund of every branch of the Service calculated at the Europe rate of Pay of Infantry.

	Rs.	A.	P.	Amount of property precluding Pension.
To Widow of Colonel Regimentally.....	76	1	6	£4,000
„ Lieut. Colonel, Member Medical Board, } and Chaplain after 18 years Service....	60	14	0	3,000
„ Major, Supp. Surgeon and Chaplain after } 15 years Service.....	45	10	6	2,500
„ Captain, Surgeon, and Chaplain after 7 } years Service.....	30	7	0	2,000
„ Chaplains under 7 years Service.....	21	4	8	
„ Lieutenants, Assist. Surgeons, and Vety. } Surgeons of all classes.....	15	3	6	1,000
„ Cornet or Ensign.....	12	5	10	750
„ Adjutant of Invalids with one Commission	15	3	6	1,000
„ Commissary of Ordnance per mensem	30	7	0	2,000
„ Deputy do. do.	15	3	6	1,000
„ Assistant do. do.	13	5	4	
„ Deputy Asst. do. do.	13	5	4	
„ Head Overseer	13	5	4	
„ Conductor				
„ Overseer.....	12	8	0	
„ Riding Master.....				
„ Troop Quarter Master.....				750
„ Apothecary.....	12	8	0	
„ Sub Conductor.....	7	9	9	
„ Sub Overseer.....	8	12	0	
„ Second Apothecary.....	6	4	0	
„ Assistant Do. Senior.....				
„ Do. do. Junior.....				

CIVIL FUND.

A. D. Campbell, Esq. }
John Dent, Esq. } Trustees. { J. C. Morris, Esq.
Robert Clerk, Esq. } P. B. Smollett, Esq.

The Chief Secretary,
The Accountant General, } Trustees ex-officio.

A. J. Cherry, Esq. Secretary.

CIVIL FUND.—The Quarterly General Meeting of the Civil Fund are held with-
in the first fourteen days of the months of January, April, July and October.

Each party to the Deed has a vote at a Quarterly or other General Meetings ; those who are residing at Madras, or who may be at Madras, on the day appointed for any General Meeting are not allowed to vote by proxy, unless it be certified by a Medical Gentleman that they are unable to attend in person. Those who are residing at Subordinate Stations are allowed to vote by proxy provided such proxy be registered with the Secretary of the Fund before the Meeting takes place. The forms of the proxies, general and special, are as follow, and they must be free from all remarks, and if differing in any particulars from the forms prescribed are declared by the Deed to be null and void.

A GENERAL PROXY.

I. A. B. do hereby authorize and appoint C. D. to vote for me upon the question (or questions) to be determined at the Quarterly Meeting of the Subscribers to the Civil Fund appointed to be held on the _____ and I do hereby bind myself to abide by the vote to be given on my behalf, the same as if I myself had been present, and voted at such Meeting.

(Signed) A. B.

A SPECIAL PROXY.

I. A. B. do hereby appoint C. D. to give my vote (here enter for or against, as the case may be,) the proposition to be decided upon at the Quarterly Meeting of the Subscribers to the Civil Fund appointed to be held on the _____

(Signed) A. B.

Special proxies may at the option of the parties be addressed to and delivered in by the Secretary; but that officer is prohibited from acting under general proxies in his official capacity.

Full information respecting assistance to Widows and Children, and to sick Civil Servants, may be obtained by a reference to the printed Deed, or to the Secretary's Office.

Extract from a Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors.

Public Department, Jan. 15, 1834.

Para. 1. In reference to our despatch in this Department, dated the 5th of October 1831 (No. 43) and to your Letter in reply dated the 3d of August 1832 (No. 30), we think it right to explain that in requiring the expectants from the Annuities from the Fund of 1800 who were in England at the time that the arrangements for extending the Fund were made at your Presidency in 1814, to make certain payments to entitle them to annuities upon the Fund of 1814, we never contemplated requiring from them a reimbursement of the allowances granted to them at home under the Regulations of 1800, and which they cannot be called upon to repay, not having ever returned to India.

2. You will inform the Trustees accordingly that the only payments which we require of such expectants are the sum of 2,000 Pagodas for the support of the annuity branch, and such arrears, if any, as may be due under the provisions of the Fund of 1800.

MEDICAL FUND.

James Cuddy, Esq.
L. G. Ford, Esq.
G. Bucke, Esq.
W. Bannister, Esq.

Trustees. { H. S. Fleming, Esq. M. D.
W. Mortimer, Esq. M. D.
W. G. Davidson, Esq.

Robert Cole, Esq. *Secretary.*
Office, Secretary's Residence, Royapettah.
Agents in Europe—Messrs. Fletcher, Alexander and Co.

FOURTH MADRAS LAUDABLE SOCIETY.

The Laudable Society is an Association for the purpose of providing a Fund for the Insurance of Lives, with this difference from ordinary Life Insurance Offices, that the Funds of the Society accumulate for the benefit of the Insured, and not of the Insurers. It does not profess to insure any specific sum to the representatives of the Deceased, but merely their proportion of such sum as the accumulation of the subscription shall eventually yield.

Regulations of the Fourth Madras Laudable Society.

Article 1.—The object of this Association is to provide a Fund for the Insurance of Lives. This Fund is to be portioned into shares: and an individual may subscribe for a certain number of shares, either on his or her own life, or on the life of any other Individual. In the former case the general Estate of the deceased, or such person or persons as he or she may by will or assignment have appointed, shall benefit in the event of a lapse; in the latter, the person who may have subscribed on the life of the deceased, shall benefit to the extent of the shares subscribed for, unless, in either case, such shares be especially declared at the time of subscription to be for the benefit of any other person or persons, or be subsequently made over according to the form hereafter prescribed for the benefit of any other person or persons, in which case, such person or persons shall be entitled to benefit in the event of a lapse, and no other.

Article 2.—In the case of a person subscribing on the life of another, the party subscribing, and not the party on whose life the Subscription is made, shall be considered a Member of the Society, and have a voice in the management of its concerns. Co-partners, or other bodies of individuals, may hold one or more shares jointly on any given life, either for their own benefit or for that of others; but in such case, the parties writing in the Subscriptions shall not be entitled each to a separate voice in the concerns of the Society, but must vote collectively, or by the deputation of one of their number, on all matters thereto relating.

Article 3.—The great principle of this Society is, the equal division of its accumulated funds among the parties entitled to benefit by lapse of lives subscribed on, according to the number of shares which those parties may respectively hold.

Article 4.—The Fourth Laudable Society shall commence on the 1st January, 1838, and shall close on the 31st December 1840 at midnight.

Article 5.—Not more than three shares can be subscribed for, on any one life, whether those shares be held by one or more individuals.

Article 6.—Persons shall be at liberty to subscribe for half, quarter, or eighth of shares, either on their own lives or on the lives of others, and in case of lapse, the estate of the deceased, or the parties for whose advantages the subscription is declared to be, or who may have become entitled to such advantages by Will or Assignment, shall benefit by the funds in a like fractional proportion.

Article 7.—The following are the Rates of Subscription to be paid half yearly on each share, half share, quarter share, and eighth of share, according to the age of the parties whose lives are subscribed on, at the time of admission into the Society, viz.

From the age of	For a whole Share.	For a Half Share.	For a Quarter Share.	For an Eighth Share.	Age.	For a Whole Share.	For a Half Share.	For a Quarter Share.	For an Eighth Share.
3 to 20	M. R.	M. R.	M. R.	M. R.		M. R.	M. R.	M. R.	M. R.
21	100	50	25	13	46	191	96	48	24
22	105	53	27	14	47	195	98	49	25
23	106	53	27	14	48	200	100	50	25
24	107	54	27	14	49	207	104	52	26
25	109	55	28	14	50	213	107	54	27
26	110	55	28	14					
26	112	56	28	14	51	228	114	57	29
27	113	57	29	15	52	235	118	59	30
28	115	58	29	15	53	240	120	60	30
29	117	59	30	15	54	245	123	62	31
30	120	60	30	15	55	260	130	65	33
31	122	61	31	16	56	273	137	69	35
32	125	63	32	16	57	288	140	70	35
33	130	65	33	17	58	290	145	73	37
34	135	68	34	17	59	300	150	75	38
35	138	69	35	18	60	315	158	79	40
36	141	71	36	18	61	353	177	89	45
37	144	72	36	18	62	365	183	92	46
38	150	75	38	19	63	380	190	95	48
39	153	77	39	20	64	395	198	99	50
40	156	78	39	20	65	410	205	103	52
41	162	80	42	21	66	585	293	147	74
42	165	83	42	21	67	600	300	150	75
43	171	86	43	22	68	620	310	155	78
44	174	87	44	22	69	640	320	160	80
45	180	90	45	23	70	665	333	167	84

Article 8.—All persons entering the Society, between the 1st January and the 30th June in the year 1838, shall pay on admission their full Subscription in advance for that year, or for the remaining part thereof, computing the same from the date of

their becoming Members, until the 1st January 1839, and paying for any number of days less than a month, one whole month's Subscriptions. The subsequent half yearly Subscription shall be payable on the 1st of January and 1st of July in each year, commencing with the 1st January, 1839.

Article 9.—All persons who may be admitted into the Society subsequent to the 30th June 1838, shall, in the first place, pay their proportion of the current half yearly Subscription, to be calculated agreeably to the above Rule from the 1st day of the month of their admission, until the next following period of payment; and, in the second place, shall pay a Premium of Admission to be regulated agreeably to the following scale, viz.

For admission during the second half of the	} A premium equal to 25 per cent. on one half year's Subscription.
1st year of the Society	

During the 2d Year.....	50 per cent. on do.
3d Year.....	72 per cent. on do.

Article 10.—Five persons residing in Madras, shall be nominated Directors of the Fourth Madras Laudable Society, whose business it will be to superintend and control the management of the funds, to examine the Accounts, to decide on all applications for admission, and generally to transact the current business of the Society. The concurrent opinion of three of the five Directors shall be decisive, on all matters, relating to the concerns of the Society, not at variance with these fundamental Regulations, which can be altered only by a majority of the Members residing in Madras. No question, however, shall be proposed to the Members at large, without the concurrences of a majority of the Directors. In case of the death or removal from Madras, of any of the Directors, another or other shall be chosen, by a majority of the Members of the Society then residing in Madras, or by a majority of such Members residing at Madras as may attend at a General Meeting to be convened for that purpose.

Article 11.—A Meeting of the Directors shall be convened half yearly, when a statement of the Accounts of the Society shall be laid before them by the Secretaries, and no account, which shall once have been submitted to, and passed by the Directors at such Meeting, shall afterwards be called in question, unless for some special and manifest error to the amount of five hundred rupees or upwards.

Article 12.—In the election of Directors, as well as on all other questions relative to the concerns of the Society, which may be proposed for the decision of the Members at large, a Member holding three shares on any one life shall be entitled to three votes; one holding from two to three shares to two votes, and one holding one share or less than two shares, to one vote only. Members holding more than three shares on different lives shall be entitled to three votes only. Those holding three shares to three votes: two shares to two votes, and less than two shares to one vote.

Article 13.—Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co. shall officiate as Secretaries and Treasurers to the Society, and shall charge a Commission of two and half per cent. on all Receipts of Subscriptions, to be paid out of the funds of the Society, and they shall charge a fee of Madras Rupee one on each Certificate of admission, and one Rupee for the registry of each assignment of shares in lieu of all charges, Advertisements, Printing, and Law expenses excepted.

Article 14.—The Secretaries and Treasurers shall act in all cases according to the orders of the Directors.

Article 15.—All applications for admission into the Society from persons at or belonging to the Presidency of Fort St. George, shall be made by letter to the Secretaries, and shall be accompanied by a certificate of health, signed by a Medical Gentleman in the King's or Company's Service, and by an affidavit sworn to and signed by the individual on whose life the shares are applied for; such letter, certificate and affidavit to be according to the following forms, printed copies of which may be had on application to the Secretaries, viz.

FORM OF LETTER FOR PERSONS SUBSCRIBING ON THEIR OWN LIVES.

To MESSRS. ARBUTHNOT and Co.

[Place and Date.]

Secretaries and Treasurers to the

Fourth Madras Laudable Society.

GENTLEMEN,

I request to be admitted to hold Share in the fourth Madras Laudable Society on my own life, for the benefit of my Estate after my death, or of such person or persons as I may hereafter appoint by Will or Assignment; for which purpose the prescribed Certificate and Affidavit of Health, are herewith transmitted.

I am, Gentlemen, Your most obedient Servant.

FORM OF LETTER FOR PERSONS SUBSCRIBING ON THE LIVES OF OTHERS.
 To Messrs. ARBUTHNOT and Co. [Place and Date.]
 Secretaries and Treasurers to the
 Fourth Laudable Society.

GENTLEMEN,
 request to be admitted to hold Share in the Fourth Madras
 Laudable Society on the life of for the benefit of
 for which purpose the prescribed Certificate and
 Affidavit of Health are herewith transmitted.
 Gentlemen, Your most obedient Servant.

FORM OF CERTIFICATE OF HEALTH.

This is to certify that to the best of my knowledge and belief
 is at this date free from any dangerous malady whatever, and that from my ac-
 quaintance with his constitution and general state of health, for the last
 and also from the result of the inquiries which I have this day made of him in
 person, I consider him to be a good life.

Dated at this }
 day of 183 .}

FORM OF AFFIDAVIT OF HEALTH.

Insert name, place of I do hereby make oath and
 abode, and profession declare to the best of my knowledge and belief, that the
 at full length. contents of the above certificate, as they relate to my pre-
 sent state of health are true, that I have not wilfully con-
 cealed from the certifier any circumstances relative to my
 health or constitution, that I have had the small (or Cow)
 Pox; and that my age at this time does not exceed
 years and months.

Sworn before me, at }
 this day of 183 .}

The above Affidavit must be sworn to before a Magistrate, who shall attest the
 same by his countersignature; or if the party be residing at a station where there
 is no Magistrate it may then be attested by the Principal Civil, or Military Officer,
 of the Station. In case of an application for Shares on the Life of a Minor under
 fourteen years of age, an affidavit to the same effect as above must be produced
 from the Parent, Guardian, or next of Kin of the party, or of the person under
 whose protection he or she may be residing.

Article 16.—All applications for admission accompanied by the above prescribed
 forms of Certificates and Affidavit, which may be transmitted to the Secretaries
 shall be submitted by them to the Directors for their decision; and the Directors
 shall in all instances be at full liberty to reject any such applications without
 assigning any reason unto the applicant for so doing.

Article 17.—In all cases, it shall rest with the Committee to judge whether with
 reference to the circumstances of situation and distance, the interval which may
 have elapsed between the date of Certificate and Affidavit of Health, and the time
 of their presentment be reasonable or otherwise, and to admit or reject such Cer-
 tificate and Affidavit accordingly. In no case however is the party subscribing to
 have any claim on the funds of the Society, in the event of the life lapsing be-
 tween the date of the Certificate, and the date on which the applicant may be ad-
 mitted a member, unless where the Directors may at the instance of such applicant
 have originally permitted the subscription to take effect from the date of the certi-
 ficate and affidavit of health, which it shall at all times be in their discretion to do, on
 the arrears of subscription being paid up. In the event however, of a person dying
 between the dates of his Certificate and Affidavit of Health and his admission, and
 the Insurance of his life was not effected from the date of the Certificate and Affi-
 davit the amount of premium paid for such Insurance shall be refunded.

Article 18.—No subscription on any life shall be considered as entitling the party
 or parties concerned to benefit by the Society until the life subscribed on shall have
 been approved by the Directors, the amount of the first subscription and premium
 of admission paid, and a certificate of admission granted under the signature of
 the Secretaries and any three of the Directors, agreeable to the form annexed to
 these regulations. And if any applicant shall omit to pay the amount of Subscrip-
 tion and premium of admission within two months after the life subscribed on shall
 have been approved by the Directors, such applicant shall forfeit his claim to be
 admitted, except on a fresh application accompanied by a new certificate and
 affidavit of health.

Article 19.—All subscriptions (except the first which is to be paid on admission) shall be paid within one month of the time at which they become due—if not paid within that time, a penalty of two per cent. on the amount of the instalment shall be added; and any member who shall not have paid his Subscriptions together with the said penalty within two months of the day on which such Subscriptions shall have become due, shall be considered to have absolutely and entirely forfeited his share or shares.

Article 20.—Any Member shall be at liberty at any time to pay up his Subscription for the whole unexpired period between the time of such payment, and the close of the Society, or for any part thereof; and, in the event of the lapse of the life subscribed on, such Member or his representatives shall be entitled to receive back any part of the subscription money so paid up, which would not have been due at the time of the lapse taking place, forfeiting, however, to the Society all interest which may have intermediately accrued thereon.

Article 21.—No subsequent increase of Shares on any life shall be allowed, except on a fresh application to be again approved of by the Directors, and accompanied by a Certificate and Affidavit as above. The Subscription on the additional Shares to be according to the age of the party at the time of making the new application.

Article 22.—A member desiring to transfer his interest in any Share or Shares which he may hold in the Society, shall be at liberty to do so by an endorsement, to be written on the original certificate, which endorsement however shall not be valid, until the Certificate bearing the same shall have been produced to the Secretaries and the transfer duly registered by them in a General Book of Registry to be kept in the office of the Society.

Article 23.—As often as sum exceeding Rupees one thousand shall be collected, it shall be laid out in the purchase of Government Paper. All Public securities purchased for the Society shall be specially endorsed to three or more of the Directors, and the Interest only shall be made payable to the Secretaries and Treasurers.

Article 24.—The person or persons entitled to benefit by the lapse of a life in the Society, shall, on making application to the Secretaries in writing, accompanied by such proof of the casualty as may be satisfactory to a majority of the Directors, immediately receive the sum of three thousand Madras Rupees on each share, one thousand and five hundred Rupees on each half share, seven hundred and fifty Rupees on each quarter share; or three hundred and seventy five Rupees on each eighth of a share, which he or they may have held, or be entitled to, on the lapsed life; provided, that in the opinion of the Directors, the state of the funds of the Society will admit of so large a payment being made. Should the Directors, think however, that the funds will not allow of an immediate payment to this amount, then such sum only shall be advanced as they may deem proper: and the balance of the prescribed advance shall be paid so soon as the Directors shall be of opinion that the funds will safely admit of it.

Article 25.—At the expiration of the Society on the 31st December 1840, it is proposed, that a New Society, but subject to such further alterations as experience may suggest, shall be immediately instituted, into which Society all Members then holding shares on unexpired lives in the Fourth Madras Laudable Society shall be at liberty to transfer those shares without any renewed certificate of health, in consideration of a sum of money to be paid to such new Society out of the funds of the Fourth Madras Laudable Society. To entitle Members of the Fourth Laudable Society to transfer the shares held by them into the ensuing or Fifth Laudable Society, no regular form of application shall be necessary; but a Certificate of Admission into the new Society shall be immediately issued to them on the simple payment of the usual first year's Subscription in advance, subject however to the established penalty of two per cent. in the event of the payment being delayed beyond the term of one month from the commencement of the new Society, and to the entire forfeiture of the privilege of transfer (excepting on a new application to the Directors, accompanied by the regular certificate of health, &c.) if not made good within the second month from that period. The rates of Subscriptions for Members transferring their shares from the Fourth to the Fifth Laudable Society shall be according to the respective ages of the parties on whose lives the Shares are held, on the 1st of January, 1841.

Article 26.—It is proposed to render the institution of the Laudable Society permanent by establishing a New Society in succession to each Society as it expires, and arranging the transfer of the shares agreeable to the above principle.

Article 27.—Upon the transfer to the Fifth Laudable Society of any share or shares in the Fourth Laudable Society which may stand assigned by endorsement or otherwise for the benefit of any other person or persons than the person or persons

originally interested therein, or upon any subsequent transfer of any share or shares so assigned from the fourth or any succeeding Society to the Society next ensuing, such share or shares shall continue in all respects subject to the lien of the assignee and shall be declared to stand for the benefit of such assignee in the Certificate of Admission to be issued from the New Society.

Article 28.—Within one month and fifteen days after the 31st December, 1840, the accounts of the Fourth Laudable Society shall be made up, and the balance of funds actually on hand, after deducting the payment of ten per cent. to the New Society, shall be divided by the number of shares held on lives subscribed upon in this Society which may have lapsed between its commencement and its close as may be ascertained previous to the 15th day of February 1841; and the parties entitled to benefit, by such lapses, shall each receive his or their proportions of the said funds, according to the numbers of Shares respectively held by them on the several lapsed lives, the holders of half, quarter or eighth of shares, dividing according to those fractional proportions.

Article 29.—With respect to any lapses of lives in this Society which may not be ascertained on or prior to the 15th February 1841 such lapses shall be at the risk of the next ensuing Laudable Society, and the Dividends, to which the parties claiming to benefit by such lapses may be entitled, shall be paid out of the funds, and agreeably to the Regulations of the said ensuing Society, on the said lapses being ascertained. But it is hereby expressly provided, with respect to any lapses which may have occurred at any place to the Eastward of the Cape of Good Hope, that notice of such lapses accompanied by satisfactory proof of the same must be given to the Secretaries to the Fourth Laudable Society within one year from the expiration of the Fourth Society on the 31st December, 1840, or within two years, if the lapse have occurred in Europe or elsewhere beyond the Cape of Good Hope, and that in the event of the party or parties interested neglecting to prefer his or their claim on account of any such lapse within the period here described, he or they shall entirely forfeit all right and title to any benefit whatever, by reason of such lapses from the funds of the Fourth or any succeeding Society.

Article 30. Any mis-statement in the Affidavit of Health makes the policy void, as does suicide in cases when a person effects an insurance on his own life, but not so in the case of creditors effecting an insurance on the lives of their debtors.

CERTIFICATE OF ADMISSION.

Insert names, place of abode, and profession at full length.

We do hereby certify that _____ has been duly admitted to hold _____ share in the Fourth Madras Laudable Society on the life of _____ for the benefit of _____ who shall be entitled, in the event of a lapse of the aforesaid life, to receive such proportion of the funds of the said Society, as by the established Regulations thereof, published in the *Madras Herald* of _____ may become due to _____ by virtue of this subscription, and at such time or times as the said Regulations direct—subject moreover to all the several provisions and exceptions, by the said Regulations prescribed.

We do further acknowledge to have received from the aforesaid, _____ the sum of Rupees _____ being the amount of subscription in advance and Premium of Admission required by the Regulations of the said Society. In witness whereof we have hereunto subscribed our names in Madras this _____ day of _____ in the year of our Lord One thousand Eight hundred and _____

N. B.—The Certificate of Admission to be signed by the Secretaries and three of the Directors.

Article 31.—The following Gentlemen have been nominated Directors of the Fourth Laudable Society, viz. Mr. A. F. ARBUTHNOT, Mr. J. PUGH, Mr. W. S. BINNY, Mr. J. THOMSON, Mr. JOHN HOME, and Mr. JOHN GORDON.

UNIVERSAL ASSURANCE SOCIETY FOR LIVES, &c. &c. &c.

ESTABLISHED IN LONDON AND CALCUTTA, 1834.

Capital £500,000 in 5,000 Shares of £100 each.

PATRONS.

Sir Geo. T. Staunton, Bart., M. P. F. R. S.	Colonel Sir Robert H. Cunliffe, Bart.
Lieut. General Sir Jasper Nicolls, K.C.B.	Colonel Sir James Sutherland.
Sir Ralph Rice.	

DIRECTORS.

Sir Henry Willock, K. L. S., Chairman.
John Stewart, Esq. M. P., Deputy Chairman.

John Bagshaw, Esq., M. P.	Charles Otway Maine, Esq.
Alexander Baillie, Esq.	Robert Munro, Esq.
Augustus Bosanquet, Esq.	John Rogers, Jun., Esq.
C. Dashwood Bruce, Esq.	Rees Goring Thomas, Esq.
Ellis Watkin Cunliffe, Esq.	James Duncan Thomson, Esq.
William Kilburn, Esq.	Captain Samuel Thornton, R. N.

TREASURER.

Pascoe St. Leger Grenfell, Esq.

AUDITORS.

Crawford Davison Kerr, Esq.	Robert Hitchens, Esq.
John Arnold Mello, Esq.	

BANKERS.

Bank of Bengal.

SOLICITORS.

Messrs. Nind and Cotterill.

PHYSICIAN.

George Burrows, Esq., M. D.

ACTUARY.

Robert Christie, Esq.

INDIAN BRANCH OF THE UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, &c. &c.**DIRECTORS.**

James Pattle, Esq. Chairman.

Alexander Beattie, Esq.	Francis Macnaghten, Esq.
Colonel William Dunlop.	Charles Robert Prinsep, Esq.
George Dougal, Esq.	Captain James Steel.
Archibald Edward Dobbs, Esq.	Captain John Thompson.

AUDITORS.

John Lowe Esq.	Alexander Hay Sim, Esq.
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PHYSICIAN.

Alexander Garden, Esq. M. D., *Presidency Surgeon*.

TREASURER.

Bank of Bengal.

SOLICITORS.

Messrs. Henderson and Marshall.

AGENTS AND SECRETARIES.

Messrs. Bagshaw and Co.

MADRAS.	{ Messrs. Hall, Bainbridge and Co.	<i>Agents.</i>
	{ Thomas Moore Lane, Esq.	<i>Surgeon.</i>
BOMBAY.	{ Messrs. Leckie and Co.	<i>Agents.</i>
	{ William Mackie, Esq.	<i>Surgeon.</i>

The Directors of this Society have caused investigation to be made with great care into the existing Institutions for Life Assurance, &c. &c., and they trust they have been fortunate in selecting from each what as a whole will place their Establishment on the most secure, judicious, and satisfactory footing both to the Proprietors and the assured.

The plan of this Society is to transact all its business on such terms as to leave, in all human probability, a small but certain excess of profit on the general results of its transactions. A small portion of that profit is set apart as a compensation to the Proprietors, who have advanced the capital necessary for defraying the unavoidable expense of the Institution, and who have pledged the Subscribed amount of their capital in order to afford that responsibility, which relieves the assured from any contingency of loss to which they might be liable without the intervention of such a guarantee.

The Society makes a natural distinction between persons exposed to the hazards of Military and Maritime occupations, and those whose occupations are of a Civil nature; but Members of the Military Service holding offices purely Civil, and subject to no extra risk, will be admitted to Assurance, or continuance of Assurance, at Civil rates of Premium, while engaged in duties purely Civil. In all cases it will be in the discretion of the Directors, whether to require the higher or the lower rate of Premium, and that discretion will be regulated by the circumstances of each particular case.

Persons assured with this Society for the whole term of life, will be entitled to three-fourths of the profits, after they shall have made five complete annual payments; in every subsequent year a similar division will take place the profits being estimated from the average of the five preceding years: thus one year's average profits will be annually divided. Separate Tables, both Military and Civil, have been adopted for the whole of life at reduced rates for such persons as may prefer a lower rate of premium to participation in the general profits.

Premiums are ordinarily payable half-yearly in advance; but Policy holders are at liberty to make arrangements with the Society to pay their Premiums in one amount, in annual or quarterly payments, or during a given number of years; viz. 5, 10, 15, or 20 annual payments. Many persons may wish to avail themselves of a present season of prosperity and adopt the latter course, and although their contributions will thus cease with the expiration of the term they may fix upon, their share of the profits will continue to be added to their Policies annually during the remainder of life.

An assurer on a policy for a whole life having paid premiums in India for a period of not less than five years, shall on returning to England, be entitled to continue his policy on the payment of the English rates of the Society corresponding with the age at which he originally assured.

An assurer on a whole life policy on which premiums have been paid in India for a period less than five years, shall be entitled on his return to England to continue the same at English rates in like manner on payment of the Indian rate of premium for one year after arrival in England.

In either case no reference will be had to the state of health of the party but the conditions of the assurance will be those of the Home Policies.

When application is made for assuring a life subject to more than ordinary hazard, an augmented Premium will be charged proportioned to the increased risk, which will be regulated by the strictest attention to justice between the Society and the assured, according to the circumstances of the case.

The parent Institution being in London, with a similar establishment in Calcutta for granting Policies, Premiums, as well as Claims, are payable in either country at the entire option of the Policy holder. The establishment of Sub-Agencies at Madras and Bombay, under the management of the Calcutta Branch, affords similar facilities to persons residing at either of the Sister Presidencies.

Where the application for Assurance makes no mention of the date from which the Assurance is desired to take effect, the Policy will be issued on the date of the approval of the risk by the Directors; no assurance to be binding on the Society until the first premium shall have been actually paid to the Agents.

Every proposal for Assurance will be immediately attended to, and the Assurance completed generally within a few days after the application is made.

The accounts of this Society, after being investigated by auditors, chosen as well by the Assured as by the Proprietors, will be laid before a General Meeting to be convened for that purpose: in like manner the accounts of the Parent Society will be regularly transmitted to India for the same purpose, the India Branch enjoying reciprocal advantages with the Parent Society.

All Policies becoming Claims on the Society will be discharged within 3 months after proof of the Assurer's death has been furnished to the Directors, either in London or Calcutta.

The Directors of the India Branch of the Society are empowered, after a lapse of any number of years, to treat for the purchase of Policies, or to advance, if required, on any Policy by way of loan two-thirds of its estimated value, and also to appropriate the profits at the option of the assured in the augmentation of the amount of Policies in diminution of the Annual Premiums, or in permitting them to accumulate till all further payment of Premiums becomes unnecessary.

All applications for assurance must be accompanied by a Medical Fee of Eight Rupees.

The Tables, Blank Forms, and other particulars requisite to enable persons to effect Assurances, may be had on application to the Agents.

By order of the Directors.

HALL, BAINBRIDGE AND CO., Agents.
Madras Branch.

INDIAN RATES OF THE UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

Without participation in the Profits of the Society, or Reduction of Premium on return to Europe.

TABLE No. I, CIVIL SERVICE.

Annual Premiums required for the Assurance of 1000 Rupees for periods of from One to Seven Years, and for the Whole of Life, on the Lives of Persons in the H. C. Civil Service, and others not exposed to the hazards of Military and Maritime occupations, without participation in the Profits of the Society, or Reduction of Premium on return to Europe.

Age.	1 year.	2 years.	3 years.	4 years.	5 years.	6 years.	7 years.	Whole Life.
	Co. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Co. Rs.
18	26	26	27	27	28	28	28	37
19	27	27	27	27	28	28	29	38
20	27	27	27	28	28	29	29	38
21	27	27	28	28	29	29	30	39
22	28	28	29	29	30	30	30	39
23	28	29	29	29	30	30	31	40
24	29	29	30	30	31	31	32	40
25	29	30	30	30	31	31	32	41
26	30	30	31	31	32	32	33	41
27	31	31	32	32	33	33	34	42
28	32	32	33	33	34	34	34	42
29	33	33	34	34	34	34	35	43
30	33	33	34	34	35	35	36	43
31	34	34	35	35	36	36	36	44
32	35	35	36	36	36	37	37	45
33	35	35	36	36	37	37	37	46
34	35	36	36	37	37	38	38	47
35	37	37	37	37	38	38	38	48
36	37	37	37	38	38	39	39	49
37	38	38	38	38	39	39	39	50
38	38	38	39	39	39	39	39	51
39	38	39	39	39	40	40	40	52
40	39	39	40	40	40	40	41	53
41	39	39	40	40	41	41	42	54
42	39	40	40	41	42	42	43	56
43	41	41	42	42	43	43	44	57
44	42	42	43	43	43	44	45	58
45	42	43	43	44	44	46	47	59
46	43	43	44	44	45	46	48	60
47	44	44	45	46	47	48	49	62
48	45	45	46	47	48	49	50	63
49	46	47	48	48	49	50	52	65
50	47	48	49	50	50	51	53	67
51	49	49	50	51	52	53	55	68
52	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	71
53	52	53	54	55	55	57	58	73
54	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	76
55	55	56	56	58	59	59	60	78
56	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	80
57	57	59	60	61	62	63	65	83
58	59	60	62	63	64	65	67	86
59	61	62	63	65	67	69	70	89
60	63	64	65	67	70	72	74	93

TABLE No. 1, continued.

Age.	1 year.	2 years.	3 years.	4 years.	5 years.	6 years.	7 years.	Whole Life.
	Co. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Co. Rs.
61	65	66	68	70	73	76	79	97
62	68	69	71	74	77	82	87	102
63	72	74	76	79	82	88	95	106
64	77	79	82	85	88	96	104	112
65	83	86	90	93	96	104	113	118
66	90	94	98	101	103	113	123	125
67	98	102	107	110	112	122	133	132
68	107	112	116	119	121	131	142	140
69	116	121	126	129	131	142	152	149
70	125	130	135	139	142	152	162	158

N. B.—The Premiums of Assurance on the Lives of *Commercial Men, and others in the Civil, Military or Naval Employ, will be regulated* according to the situations and circumstances of the parties by one or other of the above Tables, at the discretion of the Directors of the Society.

✍ Premiums are received in half yearly payments for the convenience of the assured, but in case of lapse, the full premiums of the current year will be charged.

INDIAN RATES OF THE UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY:

Without participation in the profits of the Society, or Reduction of Premium on return to Europe.

TABLE No. 2. MILITARY AND NAVAL.

Annual Premiums required for the Assurance of 1000 Rupees for periods of from One to Seven Years, and for the Whole Term of Life, on the Lives of Persons exposed to the hazards of Military and Maritime occupations, *without participation in the Profits of the Society, or Reduction of Premium on return to Europe.*

Age.	1 year.	2 years.	3 years.	4 years.	5 years.	6 years.	7 years.	Whole Life.
	Co. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Co. Rs.
18	31	31	31	32	32	33	33	40
19	32	32	32	33	33	34	34	41
20	32	33	33	34	34	35	35	42
21	33	34	34	34	34	35	35	43
22	34	34	34	35	35	36	36	44
23	34	35	35	36	36	37	37	44
24	35	35	35	36	36	37	37	45
25	35	36	36	37	37	38	38	46
26	36	37	37	38	38	39	39	46
27	36	37	37	38	38	39	39	47
28	37	38	38	39	39	40	40	48
29	38	39	39	40	40	41	41	49
30	39	39	39	40	41	42	42	49

TABLE No. 2, *continued.*

Age.	1 year.	2 years.	3 years.	4 years.	5 years.	6 years.	7 years.	Whole Life.
	Co. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Co. Rs.
31	39	40	41	41	42	43	43	50
32	40	41	42	42	42	44	44	50
33	41	42	43	43	44	45	45	51
34	42	43	44	44	45	45	46	52
35	43	44	45	45	46	46	47	52
36	44	45	45	46	46	47	47	53
37	45	46	46	47	47	48	48	54
38	46	47	47	47	48	48	49	55
39	47	48	48	48	49	49	50	56
40	48	48	49	49	50	50	50	57
41	49	49	49	50	50	51	51	58
42	49	50	50	51	51	52	52	59
43	50	50	51	51	52	52	53	60
44	51	51	51	52	53	53	54	61
45	52	52	52	53	53	54	55	62
46	53	53	53	54	54	55	55	63
47	53	54	54	55	55	56	56	65
48	54	55	55	56	56	57	57	66
49	55	56	56	57	57	58	59	67
50	56	57	57	58	58	59	60	69
51	57	58	58	59	60	60	61	71
52	58	59	59	60	61	62	62	73
53	60	60	61	61	62	63	64	75
54	61	61	62	63	64	64	65	77
55	62	63	63	64	65	66	66	80
56	63	64	65	66	66	67	68	82
57	65	66	66	67	68	69	70	85
58	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	88
59	67	68	69	71	72	74	75	91
60	69	70	71	73	75	77	79	95
61	71	72	73	75	78	81	84	99
62	74	75	76	79	82	86	91	103
63	77	79	81	84	86	93	99	108
64	82	85	87	90	92	100	108	113
65	88	91	94	97	100	108	117	120
66	95	99	102	105	107	117	127	126
67	102	107	111	113	115	126	136	133
68	111	115	120	122	124	135	145	141
69	120	124	129	131	134	145	155	149
70	129	134	138	142	145	156	164	159

N. B.—The Premiums of Assurance on the Lives of *Commercial Men, and others in the Civil, Military or Naval Employ* will be regulated according to the situations and circumstances of the parties by one or the other of the above Tables, at the discretion of the Directors of the Society.

☞ Premiums are received in half yearly payments for the convenience of the assured, but, in case of lapse, the full premium of the current year will be charged.

INDIAN RATES OF THE UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

With participation in three-fourths of the Profits and other advantages on return to Europe.

TABLE No. 8. CIVIL SERVICE.

Annual Premiums required for the Assurance of 1000 Rupees for the Whole of Life, on the Lives of Persons in the H. C. Civil Service and others not exposed to the hazards of Military or Maritime occupations, which will entitle the Assured or his Assigns after five complete Annual Payments shall have been made to a participation in three-fourths of the profits, and other advantages on return to Europe, as detailed in the prospectus of the Society.

Age	Premium.
18	Co. Rs. 41
19	" 42
20	" 42
21	" 43
22	" 43
23	" 44
24	" 44
25	" 45
26	" 46
27	" 46
28	" 47
29	" 48
30	" 48
31	" 49
32	" 50
33	" 51
34	" 52
35	" 53
36	" 54
37	" 55
38	" 56
39	" 58
40	" 59
41	" 60
42	" 62
43	" 63
44	" 65
45	" 66
46	" 67
47	" 69
48	" 70
49	" 72
50	" 74
51	" 76
52	" 79
53	" 81
54	" 84
55	" 87
56	" 89
57	" 92
58	" 96
59	" 99
60	" 103
61	" 108
62	" 113
63	" 116
64	" 124
65	" 131
66	" 139
67	" 147
68	" 156
69	" 165
70	" 176

TABLE No. 4. MILITARY AND NAVAL.

Annual Premiums required for the Assurance of 1000 Rupees for the Whole term of Life, on the Lives of Persons exposed to the hazards of Military and Maritime occupations, which will entitle the Assured or his Assigns after five complete Annual Payments shall have been made to three-fourths of the Profits, and other advantages on return to Europe, as detailed in the prospectus of the Society.

Age	Premium.
18	Co. Rs. 45
19	" 46
20	" 47
21	" 48
22	" 49
23	" 49
24	" 50
25	" 51
26	" 51
27	" 52
28	" 53
29	" 54
30	" 54
31	" 55
32	" 56
33	" 57
34	" 58
35	" 58
36	" 59
37	" 60
38	" 61
39	" 62
40	" 63
41	" 64
42	" 65
43	" 66
44	" 68
45	" 69
46	" 70
47	" 72
48	" 73
49	" 75
50	" 77
51	" 79
52	" 81
53	" 83
54	" 86
55	" 89
56	" 91
57	" 94
58	" 98
59	" 101
60	" 105
61	" 110
62	" 115
63	" 120
64	" 126
65	" 133
66	" 140
67	" 148
68	" 157
69	" 166
70	" 177

N. B.—The Premiums of Assurance on the Lives of Commercial Men, and others in the Civil, Military or Naval Employ, will be regulated according to the situation and circumstances of the parties by one or the other of the above Tables at the discretion of the Directors of the Society.

Ⓔ Premiums are received in half yearly payments for the convenience of the assured, but in case of lapse, the full premium of the current year will be charged.

**TABLE OF SINGLE PREMIUMS AND OF ANNUAL PREMIUMS
LIMITED TO A NUMBER OF YEARS.**

No. 5, CIVIL SERVICE.

Single and Annual Premiums required for the Assurance of 1000 Rupees for the Whole of Life on the Lives of Persons in the H. C. Civil Service, and others not exposed to the hazards of Military and Maritime occupations, who may be desirous of availing themselves of a present season of prosperity to pay all the Premiums required of them either *at once*, or by Annual Instalments limited to periods of 5, 10, 15, or 20 Years. Their payments will cease with the expiration of the term fixed upon, and their share of the Profits will continue to be added to their Policies annually during the remainder of life.

Age.	Single Pm. Co. Rs.	Annual Premiums limited to				Age.
		5 years. Co. Rs.	10 years. Co. Rs.	15 years. Co. Rs.	20 years. Co. Rs.	
18	489	117	68	56	51	18
19	496	118	69	57	51	19
20	502	120	70	57	52	20
21	508	122	71	58	53	21
22	515	123	72	59	54	22
23	521	125	73	60	55	23
24	527	126	74	61	55	24
25	533	128	75	62	56	25
26	539	129	76	63	57	26
27	544	130	77	64	58	27
28	550	132	78	64	58	28
29	556	133	79	65	59	29
30	561	134	80	66	60	30
31	567	136	81	66	61	31
32	572	137	81	67	61	32
33	578	138	82	68	62	33
34	583	140	83	69	63	34
35	588	141	84	70	64	35
36	594	143	85	70	65	36
37	599	144	86	71	65	37
38	605	146	87	72	66	38
39	611	147	88	73	67	39
40	616	149	89	74	68	40
41	622	150	90	75	69	41
42	628	152	91	76	70	42
43	634	153	92	77	71	43
44	640	155	93	78	72	44
45	647	157	94	79	73	45
46	653	158	95	80	74	46
47	660	160	97	81	75	47
48	667	162	98	82	76	48
49	674	164	99	84	78	49
50	681	166	101	85	79	50
51	689	168	102	86		51
52	697	171	104	88		52
53	705	173	106	90		53
54	713	176	108	92		54
55	722	179	110	94		55
56	731	182	112			56
57	740	185	114			57
58	750	188	117			58
59	760	192	119			59
60	771	196	122			60
61	782	201				61
62	793	205				62
63	805	210				63
64	817	215				64
65	830	221				65
66	843					66
67	856					67
68	870					68
69	885					69
70	899					70

TABLE OF SINGLE PREMIUMS AND OF ANNUAL PREMIUMS LIMITED TO A NUMBER OF YEARS.

No. 6, MILITARY AND NAVAL.

Single and Annual Premiums required for the Assurance of 1000 Rupees for the Whole of Life on the Lives of Persons exposed to the hazards of Military and Maratime occupations who may be desirous of availing themselves of a present season of prosperity to pay all the Premiums required of them either *at once* or by Annual Instalments limited to periods of 5, 10, 15, or 20 Years. Their Payments will cease with the expiration of the term fixed upon, and their share of the Profits will continue to be added to their Policies annually during the remainder of life.

Age.	Single Pm.	Annual premiums limited to				Age.
		5 years.	10 years.	15 years.	20 years.	
	Co. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Co. Rs.	Co. Rs.	
18	544	130	76	62	56	18
19	549	131	77	63	57	19
20	555	132	78	63	58	20
21	560	134	79	64	58	21
22	565	135	79	65	59	22
23	570	137	80	66	60	23
24	575	138	81	66	61	24
25	580	139	82	67	61	25
26	585	140	83	68	62	26
27	590	141	84	68	63	27
28	595	142	84	69	63	28
29	600	144	85	70	64	29
30	604	145	86	71	65	30
31	609	146	87	71	65	31
32	613	147	87	72	66	32
33	618	148	88	73	67	33
34	622	149	89	73	67	34
35	627	151	90	74	68	35
36	631	152	90	75	69	36
37	636	153	91	75	69	37
38	640	154	92	76	70	38
39	645	155	93	77	71	39
40	650	157	94	78	72	40
41	655	158	95	79	73	41
42	660	159	96	79	73	42
43	665	161	97	80	74	43
44	670	162	98	81	75	44
45	675	164	99	82	76	45
46	681	165	100	83	77	46
47	687	167	101	84	78	47
48	693	168	102	85	79	48
49	699	170	103	87	81	49
50	705	172	104	88	82	50
51	712	174	106	89		51
52	719	176	107	91		52
53	726	178	109	92		53
54	733	181	111	94		54
55	741	183	113	96		55
56	749	186	115			56
57	757	189	117			57
58	766	192	119			58
59	775	196	122			59
60	785	200	124			60
61	795	204				61
62	805	208				62
63	816	213				63
64	828	218				64
65	839	223				65
66	852					66
67	864					67
68	877					68
69	891					69
70	904					70

ENGLISH RATES OF THE UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

Table shewing the Annual premium for Assuring £100 for the Whole of Life;

Age.	Premium.			Age.	Premium.		
	£	S.	D.		£	S.	D.
14	..... 1	14	4	43	..... 3	8	3
15	..... 1	15	0	44	..... 3	10	2
16	..... 1	15	9	45	..... 3	12	2
17	..... 1	16	5	46	..... 3	14	5
18	..... 1	17	2	47	..... 3	16	9
19	..... 1	17	11	48	..... 3	19	4
20	..... 1	18	8	49	..... 4	2	3
21	..... 1	19	6	50	..... 4	5	6
22	..... 2	0	5	51	..... 4	9	1
23	..... 2	1	4	52	..... 4	12	10
24	..... 2	2	3	53	..... 4	16	11
25	..... 2	3	3	54	..... 5	1	2
26	..... 2	4	4	55	..... 5	5	10
27	..... 2	5	5	56	..... 5	10	10
28	..... 2	6	7	57	..... 5	16	2
29	..... 2	7	8	58	..... 6	1	10
30	..... 2	8	10	59	..... 6	7	7
31	..... 2	9	11	60	..... 6	13	2
32	..... 2	11	0	61	..... 6	18	0
33	..... 2	12	3	62	..... 7	4	1
34	..... 2	13	7	63	..... 7	9	11
35	..... 2	14	11	64	..... 7	16	7
36	..... 2	16	5	65	..... 8	3	7
37	..... 2	18	0	66	..... 8	11	5
38	..... 2	19	7	67	..... 9	0	2
39	..... 3	1	3	68	..... 9	9	10
40	..... 3	3	0	69	..... 10	0	7
41	..... 3	4	9	70	..... 10	12	7
42	..... 3	6	6				

This Table is inserted as a guide to persons assured in India, under Tables Nos. 3 and 4.

MESSRS. HALL, BAINBRIDGE AND CO. Agents,
Madras Branch.

Instructions to Persons desirous of effecting an Assurance on their Lives in the Universal Assurance Society.

1.—The Person on whose Life the Assurance is to be effected must wait on his usual Medical Attendant with the accompanying letters, and transmit the same to the Directors of the Society agreeably to the instructions given.

2.—In case of the absence of the usual Medical Attendant, and the Certifying Surgeon cannot of his own knowledge answer the queries put to him as to the general habits of the person applying for assurance, such other Certificate or Certificates may be furnished as may be presumed calculated to satisfy the Directors.

3.—The Report of the Surgeon will be considered as strictly confidential. The

Official Medical Adviser of the Society will alone be consulted when the advisableness of any risk admits of doubt.

4.—An Affidavit, of which the form is annexed, must be taken before a **MAGISTRATE**, or, where there is no Magistrate before the **PRINCIPAL CIVIL or MILITARY OFFICER of the STATION**, or a *solemn declaration according to the same form must be made before either of the DIRECTORS or the AGENTS of the SOCIETY in CALCUTTA, MADRAS, or BOMBAY*, as soon as possible after the party has appeared before the Surgeon for examination.

5.—Applicants being conscious of any of the diseases enumerated in the Declaration and Affidavit, may note the same that the Directors may consider whether an additional premium will cover the additional risk.

6.—Should the Directors agree to take a risk more or less objectionable, a rate of premium higher than ordinary will be stipulated for accordingly, to which the applicant may of course assent or not, as he may judge expedient. But whether a risk be altogether declined, or a rate of premium higher than the ordinary be proposed, the Officers of the Society are prohibited from offering any explanations on the subject.

7.—These instructions, with the declaration of the Medical Reporter, and the Affidavit or declaration hereunto annexed, must, when duly attested, be forwarded along with the report, without any unnecessary delay, to the Directors of the Society.

HALL BAINBRIDGE, AND CO.

Agents.

N. B.—Persons residing in or near Madras are also required to appear before the Medical Officer of the Society, **Dr. T. M. LANE.**

CONDITIONS.

1.—The Payment of Premiums must be made within twenty-eight days after the day they shall become due, or the Policy will be void; but upon proof being given, to the satisfaction of the Managing Committee or Directors, that the party whose Life has been assured continues in good health, the Policy may be revived at any period within three months, on payment of a fine of one-half per cent. on the sum assured, or at any period within six months, on the payment of such fine as the Directors may think reasonable.

2.—Assurances shall be void if the parties whose lives have been assured shall, without having obtained the previous written consent of the Managing Committee or Directors for the time being, go to any of the excepted places enumerated below, or enter into, or engage, in any Military, Maritime, or other hazardous service or employment whatever, other than their declared regular professional duties or services: but no additional premium will be demanded from any assurer proceeding on public duty in obedience to the orders of his superiors to any of the excepted places.

3.—If the assured shall die by duelling, by their own hands, or by the hands of justice, this Policy shall become void so far as respects such persons; but, in such cases, the Managing Committee or Directors are empowered to allow to the representatives of the persons so dying, any part of the sum assured as they shall think fit; the Assurance, however, shall remain in force so far as any other person or persons shall have acquired a *bona fide* interest therein, by assignment, or by legal or equitable lien; the extent of such interest to be proved to the satisfaction of the Directors.

4.—Where the application for Assurance makes no mention of the date from which the Assurance is desired to take effect the Policy will be issued the date of approval of the risk by the Directors. No Assurance to be binding on the Society until and unless the first Premium shall have been actually paid to the Agents.

5.—In case of lapse of Life within the first six months of any year of the time covered by the Policy, the premium for the following six months, if not already paid, will be deducted from the sum assured, it being agreed that premium for the whole of every year shall in all cases be paid.

6.—Claimants must make proof of the decease of the person on whose life the Policy is effected, and give such other information respecting the same, (particularly as to the disease or other occasion of death,) as the Directors may reasonably require.

7.—No receipts are to be taken for any Premium of Assurance or Deposit, but such as are printed and issued from the Office, and signed by the Agents of the Society.

8.—The places excepted, and above referred to, are declared to be Arracan, the Soonderbunds of Bengal, Assam, and all places subject to periodical visitations of

the plague. Upon the lives of persons insured, resorting to any of the above excepted places, additional Premium will be demandable at the discretion of the Managing Committee or Directors.

To

MESSRS. HALL, BAINBRIDGE AND CO.

Agents Universal Life Assurance Society.

GENTLEMEN,

I beg you will lay before the Directors of the Universal Assurance Society, the accompanying Certificates and Affidavit of Health, with a request that they will grant a Policy according to Table No. , on* Life

for the Sum of
fort

fort

Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

183 . }

* Insert whether on own Life or that of another.

† Insert whether for one, three, five, seven years, or whole of Life.

‡ Insert for whose benefit.

Open declaration, to be Signed by the Medical Reporter.

I do hereby Certify, that*

of

has presented himself to me for medical examination ; and that having minutely inquired accordingly into all matters respecting his health, constitution, whether hereditary or otherwise, and his general habits, I have, in my report of this date, fully and faithfully stated the result thereof, and of my own knowledge and observation during an acquaintance of

Dated at
this

day of }

†

Surgeon.

* The name to be inserted by the Medical Officer.

† Here the Surgeon should insert his name and official designation.

DECLARATION, &c.

Universal Life Assurance Society.

Name and Residence of party Insuring.	
Profession, occupation or trade.	
Where born, date of birth and age, next birth day.	
Sum to be assured.	
Medical reference to the parties' ordinary medical attendant.	
Further reference if required.	

I do hereby make Oath and solemnly declare that according to the best of my knowledge and belief I am now in good health, and have had the small Pox, or Cow Pox, and have not laboured under Insanity, Fits, Rupture, Gout, or disease of the Lungs, or suffered by other organic disease or infirmity, whereby my constitution, has been seriously impaired, that my age does not exceed years, that I have passed years or thereabouts in India, and that I have fully and faithfully answered all such questions as have been put to me by the above named

relative to my habits, consti-

tution, and general state of health, without wilful concealment or reservation of any kind. And I hereby covenant and agree, that if any untrue averment be contained herein, or if any of the facts or particulars set forth in the Schedule herein above written be not truly stated, all monies which shall have been paid upon account of the Assurance made in consequence hereof shall be forfeited, and the Assurance itself be absolutely null and void.

Sworn to, and Signed at
this day of
before me

}

Letter to be addressed by the person requiring the assurance to his usual Medical Attendant.

SIR,

I request you will fill up the annexed Medical Reference from the Universal Assurance Society, according to the requisition contained therein, attesting it with your Signature, and returning it to me *Sealed*, to be forwarded to the Society, through Messrs. HALL, BAINBRIDGE AND CO.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

day of

183

N. B.—The above letter must be addressed to the usual Medical Attendant of the person whose Life is to be assured and signed by the Applicant.

MEDICAL REFERENCE.

UNIVERSAL ASSURANCE OFFICE, MADRAS.

SIR,

An Assurance having been proposed to be effected with the *Universal Life Assurance Society*, on the life of _____ and Reference made to you, to ascertain the present and general State of Health, and Manner of Living of the said Party, we have to beg the favor of your answering the annexed Questions, for the information of the Directors, which shall be considered strictly private and confidential.

Having inserted your answers to the several questions, we have further to request, that you will offer any further observations you may consider necessary, and seal and deliver the same to be forwarded to us.

We are, Sir,

Your most obedient Servants,

HALL, BAINBRIDGE AND CO.

Agents.

1. *How long have you known*
2. *Have you been in the habit of seeing him frequently?*
3. *Have you attended him in a medical capacity?*
4. *When did you see him last?*
5. *Is he of sedentary habits, or used to exercise?*
6. *Is he of sober and temperate habits?*
7. *Is he to your knowledge liable by hereditary disposition to any particular disease.*
8. *Has he to the best of your knowledge, information, or belief, at any time been afflicted with Insanity, Fits, Rupture, Gout, Asthma, Spitting of Blood, habitual Cough, Scrofula, or other disease of the Lungs, Dropsy, Vertigo, Palsy, or organic disease or infirmity, whereby his constitution has been seriously impaired?*
9. *Have you minutely questioned him on all the points contained in the foregoing queries?*
10. *On the whole, do you believe, after a careful examination of him and his own solemn declaration made to you, that he now possesses an unimpaired and healthy constitution, and that his Life is eligible for Assurance.*

Dated at
day of

this
183 }
}

Surgeon.

REMARKS.

REFERENCE TO A FRIEND.

SIR,

An assurance having been proposed to be effected with us, as Agents to the UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF LONDON AND CALCUTTA on the life of and reference made to you, to ascertain the present and general state of health, and manner of living of the said party, we have to beg the favor of your answering the following Questions, for the information of the Directors which will be considered strictly private and confidential.

Having inserted your answers on the blanks opposite the several questions, we have further to request that you will transmit the same to us, by an early post, for the Directors of the Society.

We are, Sir,

Your most obedient Servants,

HALL, BAINBRIDGE AND Co. *Agents.*

Quest. 1. How long have you been acquainted with	
2. When did you see last ?	
3. Has at any time been afflicted with Insanity, Rupture, Gout, Dropsy, Fits, Palsy, Asthma, Scrofula, Spitting of Blood, Affections of the Lungs, or other Viscera, or with any serious malady ?	
4 Do you consider present and general state of health to be good, and habits and manner of living such as will not endanger it ?	

Signed,

Dated

FIRST NEW CALCUTTA LAUDABLE SOCIETY.

ESTABLISHED 1ST JANUARY 1835, FOR THE TERM OF FIVE YEARS.

R. H. Cockerell, Esq.	} Directors.	T. E. M. Turton, Esq.
W. Bruce, Esq.		Captain J. W. Ouseley,
B. Harding, Esq.		Baboo Dwarkanath Tagore.

Treasurers.—Union Bank.*Secretary.*—James Cullen, Esq.*Agents, Madras.*—Messrs, Binny and Co.

In conformity with Article 27th of the Regulations of the Seventh Laudable Society, this Society was established in succession thereto, for the term of 5 years from the 1st January 1835.

It is conducted under the Provisions, Rules, and Regulations, adopted at a general meeting of the members of the Seventh Laudable Society and Thirteenth Supplementary Laudable Society, held on the 29th, and published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 31st December 1834, printed copies of which may be had on application to the Secretary, as well as blank forms for effecting New Insurances. The Thirteenth Supplementary Laudable Society on its expiration on the 30th June 1835, was embodied with this association.

The object of the Society is to provide a fund for the insurance of lives, whereby individuals may secure a provision for their families after their death, or creditors may guard themselves against loss, in the event of the decease of their debtors.

In its constitution this association differs from an office for the insurance of lives, (as such offices have been generally constituted in Europe,) in that the whole fund of the society accumulates for the benefit of the insured, and of them alone; and no insurer reaps a profit from the institution, and that the charges of management are regulated on so economical a scale as scarcely to form a sensible burthen on the establishment.

The New Laudable Society is to be considered as having commenced on the 1st of January, 1835, and shall close its first term of 5 years on the 31st of December, 1839, at mid-night; but the Society shall nevertheless be considered perpetual or subsisting and renewable from time to time, in periods of five, or such number of years as shall be agreed on hereafter, until a majority of the subscribers or shareholders, at any general meeting, called by public advertisement for the purpose, shall decide on its being brought to a final close.

MADRAS WIDOWS' FUND.

DIRECTORS.

Mr. A. Boswell	Mr. C. Johnston
" J. Brass	" G. E. Johnston
" J. D'Vaz	" B. Lacey
" J. Fonceca	" F. Orme, Esq.

SECRETARY AND TREASURER,

Mr. P. Carstairs.

This fund was established in March 1834, for the benefit of the Widows and Orphans of persons, not in the covenanted service of Government, and who have no fund to look to, for making a provision for their families. The object is secured by the payment of a Donation, (equal to 2 years subscription,) as entrance money; and a Monthly subscription; and the benefit enjoyed by the Widow and Orphan, is equal to six times the amount of the monthly subscription. Its funds at present amount to about 34,000 Rupees, invested in Government Securities in the names of Trustees, and the only liability on it, at the end of its fifth year of existence, is a monthly pension of 30 Rupees paid to the Orphans of a deceased subscriber. Its subscription list is comparatively small, there being only seventy two subscribers at present in connexion with the Institution. It promises however to prove a great blessing to the East Indian Community, by whom it is to be hoped it will be more generally supported; especially, as it is the only Provident Society of the kind at Madras, for securing a maintenance to their families, in their hour of need and distress.

Salaries—Civil.

**SALARIES AND ALLOWANCES OF THE CIVIL SERVANTS AND
OTHERS CONNECTED WITH THE CIVIL DEPARTMENT.
ON THE MADRAS ESTABLISHMENT.**

Per Mensem.

GENERAL		Rs. A. P.		
Governor	.....	10,666	10	8
Members of Council	....	5,333	5	4
Chief Secretary	.....	4,166	10	8
Deputy do.	.....	1,050	0	0
Secretary to Government in the Civil Department	..	3,333	5	4
Accountant General including Fees	....	4,014	1	11
Deputy do. do	....	2,340	4	0
Head Assistant	.....	850	0	0
Assistant	....	700	0	0
Civil Auditor	.....	1,575	0	0
Sub Treasurer and Superintendent of Government Bank	..	2,833	5	4
Assistant do.	.....	350	0	0
Cashier to the Government Bank	.....	1,050	0	0
Commissioner for Carnatic Claims	....	3,000	0	0
Persian Translator	.....	400	0	0
Tamil, Telögoo, and Mahratta do	....	700	0	0
Canarese, and Malayalum do	....	250	0	0
Post Master General	.....	2,333	5	4
Deputy do.	.....	300	0	0
Superintendent of Stationery	.....	350	0	0
Private Secretary to the Right Hon'ble the Governor including House Rent	....	799	1	5
Secretary to the College Board	....	500	0	0
Astronomer	....	672	13	1

Allowance to Junior Civil Servants attached to the College.

1st. Rate	.....	175	0	0
2d do	....	260	0	0
Highest do.	.....	350	0	0

POLITICAL

Resident at Mysore	.....	2,500	0	0
Do. at Tanjore	.....	1,400	0	0
Do at Travancore	.....	2,800	0	0
Government Agent, Chepauk	....	525	0	0

ECCLESIASTICAL

The Lord Bishop	.....	2,148	2	4
Archdeacon	.....	266	10	8
Senior Presidency Chaplain	....	1,200	0	0
Junior do	....	980	0	0
Registrar of the Archdeaconry	....	213	5	4
Senior Chaplain of the Scotch Kirk	....	980	0	0
Junior do	....	656	4	0
Chaplains	....	656	4	0
Assistant Chaplains	....	500	0	0

JUDICIAL

Supreme Court.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Chief Justice	5,000	0	0
Puisne Justices	4,166	10	8
Advocate General	2,187	8	0
Hon'ble Company's Solicitor	1,175	0	0
Sheriff including Fees	814	11	0
Deputy do including Palankeen allowance	252	0	0
Coroner including ditto ditto	380	0	0

Court of Commissioners for the Recovery of Small Debts.

1st Commissioner	1,075	0	0
2d and 3d do	850	0	0
Register	350	0	0
Superintendent of Police	1,500	0	0
Sitting Magistrates	1,000	0	0
Deputy Superintendents	350	0	0
Clerk of the Police	175	0	0
Assesser and Civil Engineer	262	8	0
Judges of the Sudr. Court	4,083	5	4
Register	2,187	8	0
Deputy do	1,300	0	0
Assistant do	700	0	0

Judges of the Provincial Courts.

1st Judge	3,500	0	0
2d do	3,208	5	4
3d do	2,916	10	8
Registers	700	0	0
Zillah Judges	2,333	5	4
Assistant Judges	1,400	0	0
Register { 1st Class	790	0	0
{ 2d Class	600	0	0
Principal Sudr. Ameens	500	0	0

REVENUE.

Board of Revenue 1st Member	4,000	0	0
2d do	3,408	5	4
3d do	3,016	10	8
Temporary do	2,916	10	8
Secretary	2,000	0	0
Senior, and Junior Deputy	850	0	0
Secretary to the Board of Revenue in the Department of Public Works	800	0	0
Civil Engineers	700	0	0
Superintendent of Stamps	1,808	5	4
Principal Collector's Consolidated allowance	3,000	0	0
Principal Collector of Tanjore, including Averaged Commission	3,386	14	2
Do Do of Malabar including do do	3,245	14	3
Do Do of Madura including do do	2,925	11	1
Do Do of Coimbatore including do do	3,019	14	7
Do Do of Cuddapah including do do	2,913	0	3
Do Do of S. D. of Arcot including do do	2,926	9	1
Do Do of Bellary including do do	3,192	15	11
Do Do of Nellore including do do	2,918	0	8
Do Do of Salem including do do	2,850	10	9
Collectors Consolidated allowance	2,500	0	0

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N GARRISON, CANTONMENT, AND THE FIELD.

Id.							
HOUSE RENT.				TOTAL.			
				REMARKS.			
	R.	A.	P.				
5	6941	5	8	* As Member of Council	...	4958	2 10
o	5391	8	2	As Commander in Chief	...	1458	2 10
o	3933	5	4				
						Rs. 6416	5-8
o	o	o	o				
o	o	o	o	† As General Officer on the Staff	...	3333	5 4
o	o	o	o	As Commander in Chief.	...	1458	2 10
o	o	o	o	The Commander in Chief also receives			
						an allowance of Rupees 280 per men-	4791 8 2
o	2000	o	o	sem for the provision of Chubdars,			
o	599	5	4	Hircarvas, Peons, &c. &c.			
o	2000	o	o	A.—With the Subsistence of their Regimental Rank.			
o	599	5	4	B.—The Adjutant General and Quarter Master General of the Army and their Deputies are entitled to the Full Batta of their Regimental Rank (less House Rent) on all occasions of their absence from the Presidency in attendance on His Excellency the Commander in Chief.			
o	323	o	10				
o	235	o	o	C.—These Officers receive Full Batta at all times according to their Regimental Rank (less House Rent.)			
o	3000	o	o	D.—Regimental Full Batta to be drawn by all Brigadiers appointed by Government without reference to the Batta received by the Troops under their command.			
o	o	o	o				
						E.—Staff Salary	... 1,000 0 0
						Stationery	... 40 0 0
o	o	o	o				
						Rs... 1040	0 0
o	550	o	o				
						F.—Staff Salary	... 750 0 0
						Stationery	... 20 0 0
o	o	o	o				
o	2189	7	9				
o	1063	10	11				
o	709	15	8	G.—Staff Salary	...	500	0 0
o	356	2	10	Stationery	...	20	0 0
o	181	2	10				
						Rs ... 520	0 0
o	150	o	o				

will be required to
for his Establishment
C Joint r.
for the ssary Genl. when in
Secre eral Military Hazars
Deput ritories to draw the
Assist ber rank.
Aidariat in cases where
v separate charge in the
i permitted to draw the
starts.
C Aid mount duties at Ocs-
M salary of Rupees 175
De
De
Br Presidency.
Briga 124 0 0
Fie 40 0 0
Ba 20 0 0
C Judge Rs... 184 0 0
Deput
Pers
C { rance of 520 Rs. per
ersonal Staff Salary.
ersonal Staff Salary.
C { e at the Presidency
salary of Rupees 250
C {
Town
Fort
Fort
Cante
Office
at a
mo
al
Ditto

Cantonment.						
Tent Allowance.	House Rent.	TOTAL.				SAL.
		R.	R.	A.	P.	
		0	0	105	0	0
		0	0	0	0	60
		0	0	456	2	10
		0	0	450	0	0
		0	0	200	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	P		
		0	0	215	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	200	0	0
		0	0	70	0	0
		0	0	200	0	0
		0	0	100	0	0
		0	0	1000	0	0
		0	0	700	0	0
		0	0	1000	0	0
		0	0	350	0	0
		0	0	250	0	0
		0	0	1000	0	0
		0	0	600	0	0
		0	0	400	0	0
		0	0	300	0	0
		0	0	U		
		0	0	250	0	0
		0	0	2450	0	0
		0	0	2450	0	0
		0	0	2450	0	0
		0	0	W		
		0	0	1640	0	0
		0	0	X		
		0	0	590	0	0
		0	0	500	0	0
		0	0	400	0	0
		0	0	Z		
		0	0	165	0	0
		0	0	700	0	0

FARY AND MEDIC

onment.

TOTAL.

SALAR

Medical S
Superinte
Medical O
and Sou
Surgeon 175 0 0
affording
Garrison t Officers } 30 0 0
Senior Re
in chary
Nagpor
Senior M
Medical C
Surgeon
Supt. of 105 0 0
Permaner 15 0 0
Medical C
Kampte
Baggage
Deputy d 124 0 0
ter..... 40 0 0
nery 20 0 0
C { Depu
{ Depu
Rs. 184 0 0
Brigade M
Batta of Major while tra-
Inspector
pitals...

R.	A	P	R.	A.
2800	0	0	0	0
2500	0	0	0	0
1400	0	0	0	0
525	0	0	0	0
1000	0	0	0	0
270	0	0	0	0
2000	0	0	0	0
600	0	0	0	0
729	1	5	0	0
469	8	0	0	0
500	0	0	0	0
275	0	0	0	0
350	0	0	0	0
800	0	0	0	0
400	0	0	0	0
700	0	0	700	0
200	0	0	200	0
100	0	0	100	0
350	0	0	350	0
180	0	0	180	0
190	0	0	0	0
75	0	0	0	0
150	0	0	0	0
75	0	0	0	0
12	3	3	0	0
50	10	10	0	0
24	6	5	0	0
15	4	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0

In the Field.								REMARKS.
No.	Horse Allowance.		Tent Allowance.		House Rent.		TOTAL.	

P.	R.	R.	R.	R.	A.	P.	
O	O		O	O	O	O	
O	O		O	O	O	O	D.—Inclusive of the Subsistence of their Regimental Rank.
O	O		O	O	O	O	
O	O		O	O	O	O	a.—Difference between the Allowances of a Brigadier of the 1st and 2d Class.
O	O		O	O	O	O	B.—In addition to Regimental Subsistence.
O	O		O	O	O	O	C.—With the Pay, Full Batta, Gratuity and House Rent of his Regimental Rank.
O	O		O	O	O	O	D.—The Military Secretary while absent from the Presidency on duty with the Right Honorable the Governor entitled to full Batta, less House Rent, of his Regimental Rank.
O	O		O	O	O	O	E.—In addition to the consolidated Pay and Garrison Allowances of his Regimental Rank less Horse Allowance.
O	O	I	O	O	O	O	F.—With the Pay and Allowances of his Regimental Rank including Full Batta, less House Rent.
O	O	90	O	O	O	O	G.—With the Pay and Garrison Allowances of his Regimental Rank.
O	O	J } 90	O	O	O	O	H.—With the Pay and Garrison Allowances of their Regimental Rank.
O	O	90	O	O	O	O	I.—At 4 Rupees per Day for the number of Days actually residing in Tents in the performance of public Duty.
O	O		O	O	O	O	J.—At 3 Rupees per Day do. do. do.
O	O		O	O	O	O	K.—With the Pay and Allowances of their Regt. Rank including Full Batta, less House Rent.
O	O		O	O	O	O	L.—North West District and Black Town.
O	O		O	O	O	O	M.—Inclusive of Pay and Allowances of every description.
O	O		O	O	O	O	N.—With the Pay and Garrison Allowances of their Regimental Rank.
O	O		O	O	O	O	O.—Including Regimental Pay and Allowances, also 20 Rupees for Vaccination and 30 Rupees conveyance Allowance.
O	O		O	O	O	O	P.—In addition to their Military Staff Salaries and Regimental Pay and Allowances forfeiting vaccination and Conveyance Allowance because their aggregate receipts exceed 300 Rupees per Month.
O	O		O	O	O	O	
O	O		O	O	O	O	X.—These Apothecaries receive Full Batta
O	O		O	O	O	O	
O	O		O	O	O	O	

At the Presidency.

Chief Engineer,
 Adjutant of Engineers,
 Deputy Secretary to Government Military
 Department,
 Town Major, Fort St. George,
 Fort Adjutant, and Superintending Officer of
 Gentlemen Cadets, Fort St. George,
 Paymaster do.
 Deputy Military Auditor General,
 1st Assistant do.
 2d do. do.
 Deputy Secretary Military Board,
 Assistant do.
 Principal Commissary of Ordnance and Su-
 perintendent Gun Carriage Manufactory
 Presidency,
 Ditto Deputy do. do.
 Commissary of Ordnance do.
 Superintendent Manufactory of Gunpowder,
 Barrack Master, Presidency,
 Secretary Clothing Board,
 Ditto Medical Board,
 Ditto Department of Public Works,
 Superintendent of Pensions and Family Pay-
 ments,
 Superintending Engineer, Presidency.
 Inspector of Ordnance on the Works of Fort
 St. George.
 Superintendent of Roads,
 Garrison Surgeon, Fort St. George,
 Assistant do. do.
 Surgeon General Hospital Presidency,
 Assistant do. do.
 Medical Storekeeper, Presidency,
 Superintendent Eye Infirmary, ditto,
 Physician to His Highness the Nabob,
 Port and Marine Surgeon, and generally all
 Medical Officers in fixed situations not in
 receipt of consolidated salaries.

In the Provinces.

Brigadiers Commanding fixed Stations in the
 established Divisions of the Army,
 Paymasters of Stations,
 Deputy do.
 Commissary of Ordnance do.
 Deputy do. being a Commissioned Officer.
 Officer Commanding Neilgherry Hills,
 Fort Adjutants of Stations,
 Cantonment Adjutants do.
 Garrison Surgeon,
 Depot Surgeon,
 Director of Artillery Depot, St. Thomas' Mount.
 Medical Staff, Neilgherry Hills.

Note Para. 3. Staff at the Presidency oc-
 cupying Public Quarters, such as the Town
 Major of Fort St. George, Fort Adjutant, Gar-
 rison Assistant Surgeon, Commissary of Ord-
 nance, Surgeon and Assistant Surgeon Gen-
 eral Hospital are disqualified to draw special
 House Rent and forfeit Tentage, in lieu of
 which they draw where not in receipt of full
 Batta Regimental House Rent as part of Re-
 gimental Pay and Allowances.

No. 137 of 1838.—1. In giving ef-
 fect to the orders of the Hon'ble the
 Court of Directors contained in their
 Military Despatch to the Governor
 of Bengal No. 38, dated 10th April
 1838, and published in the Fort St.
 George Gazette 10th July 1838; the
 Right Hon'ble the Governor in Coun-
 cil is pleased to direct, that, in assi-
 milation to the system obtaining in
 Bengal, all Officers holding Staff situ-
 ations, the duties of which do not ren-
 der them liable to move (enumerated
 in the margin) shall cease to draw Re-
 gimental Tent allowance.

2. In lieu of Regimental Tentage,
 forfeited as above, the following spe-
 cial rates of "House Rent or Tent-
 age" drawn by Staff Officers in Ben-
 gal, are established for Staff Officers
 of this Presidency.

At the Presidency.	{ Field Officer. 180 } { Captain..... 135 } { Subaltern.... 90 }	To be drawn in Staff Abstracts.
In the Provinces or at Out-Station.	{ Field Officer.. 120 } { Captain 90 } { Subaltern.... 60 }	

N. B.—Officers in Staff situations
 at the Presidency, the duties of which
 render them liable to move, do not
 forfeit Regimental Tent allowance;
 but while at the Presidency they
 draw the superior rates above estab-
 lished, in which Regimental Tent
 allowance is held to be included.

3. Staff Officers provided with
 Public Quarters are not entitled to
 the superior rates of "House Rent
 or Tentage," but draw Pay and Re-
 gimental allowances (full or ordinary
 as attach to their appointments) less
 Tent allowance.

4. During absence on duty, medical certificate, or private affairs, within
 the prescribed limits and periods, Staff Officers resume their right to Re-
 gimental Tentage, forfeiting the superior rates.

5. The following are the rates of consolidated Pay and Regimental al-
 lowances, less Tent allowance, henceforth to be drawn by Staff Officers in
 receipt of superior House Rent or Tentage.

	CAVALRY.		ARTILLERY AND ENGINEERS.		INFANTRY.	
	Consolidated Pay and Full Regtl. allowances de- ducting Tent al- lowance.	Consolidated Pay and Ordinary Re- gimental allow- ances deducting Tent allowance.	Consolidated Pay and Full Regtl. allowances de- ducting Tent al- lowance.	Consolidated Pay and Ordinary Re- gimental allow- ances deducting Tent allowance.	Consolidated Pay and Full Regtl. allowances de- ducting Tent al- lowance.	Consolidated Pay and Ordinary Re- gimental allow- ances deducting Tent allowance.
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Lieut.Colonel	887 0 0	682 10 0	852 4 0	647 14 0	852 4 0	647 14 0
Major	689 6 4	541 1 10	639 3 0	490 14 6	639 3 0	490 14 6
Captain ...	398 0 4	356 11 4	358 10 0	317 5 0	340 6 0	299 1 0
Lieutenant ..	255 4 0	224 6 0	215 12 0	184 14 0	206 10 0	175 12 0
Ensign, or Cornet	200 10 4	179 15 10	163 5 0	142 10 6	152 0 2	131 5 8

6. Staff Officers in receipt of Full Batta in virtue of locality, draw that allowance, consolidated as above, with other Regimental allowances.

7. Staff Officers in receipt of Full Batta in virtue of their appointments (vide N. B. to para. 3 "Full Batta," G. O. G. No. 85 of 1833) draw in the usual manner in their Staff Abstracts "Difference between Full and Half Batta deducting House Rent."

8. The foregoing provisions will have effect from the 1st August 1838; but the Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that they shall not be applied to the *present Incumbents*, not in receipt of Full Batta, of Staff appointments, whose allowances would be reduced thereby.

(Signed) S. W. STEEL, Lieut. Colonel,
Secretary to Government.

Madras Club.
Club House,—Mount Road.

REVISED RULES AND REGULATIONS.

RULE I.

The Madras Club shall consist of an unlimited number of Members.

RULE II.

The following Members shall be admitted without ballot. Members constituted with-
1st. Members of the Government and the Judges of the Supreme Court, on intimating to the Secretary their wish out Ballot. for admission within two months after their arrival in this Presidency.

2d. All Officers and Gentlemen belonging to this Presidency, but absent from it prior to the 1st May, 1832, provided their desire to be admitted be signified within two months after their return.

3d. All Members of the Bengal Club shall be considered Honorary Members of the Madras Club, (on notifying their wish to that effect to the Secretary) as *vice versa*, all Members of the Madras Club are of the Bengal Club, subject only to the usual charges attending a residence in either Club House.

4th. Members of the Bengal Club, who may be permanently residing at Madras, shall be liable to the payment of monthly subscription as resident Members, and shall enjoy all the privileges thereof.

RULE III.

The following classes of Gentlemen shall be eligible by Members eligible by Ballot.

1st. All Officers of the Queen's and Company's Civil, Military, and Medical Services.

2d. Members of the Bar and Clergy.

3d. Gentlemen received in general Society at Madras.

RULE IV.

The following classes shall be admitted as Honorary Members. Honorary Members.

1st. The Personal Staff of the Governor General and Commander in Chief in India, and of Governors and Commanders in Chief of the other Presidencies.

2d. All Commissioned Officers (including all those of the ward room) of Her Majesty's Navy, belonging to the India Station.

3d. All Commissioned Officers of the Indian Navy.

4th. All Members of Her Majesty's or the Honorable Company's Service belonging to the other Presidencies, or Honorable Company's Settlements, not permanently residing within the limits of the Madras Territories, and all Gentlemen received in general Society at the other Presidencies, and not so permanently residing, who may be desirous of availing themselves of the advantages of the Club, may be admitted as honorary and occasional Members at the signed recommendation of any two Members of the Committee, to be entered in a book kept for that purpose; provided always that no Member of the Club be compelled to quit his room for an Honorary Member eligible under the provision of this Rule, but Honorary Members so eligible will be allowed to

occupy rooms in the event of their not being required by permanent Members.

5th. All persons belonging to the Madras Presidency eligible as Members on payment of original Donation, viz. Rupees 100, shall be admitted honorary and occasional Members at the signed recommendation of any two Members of Committee, on signifying their desire to become permanent Members at the next ensuing ballot.

6th. Honorary Members shall have all the privileges of the other Members, except that of balloting or of voting and eligibility as Members of Committee, with the restriction contained in para. 4 of this Rule.

RULE V.

Exclusion from the Club.

No person dismissed from Her Majesty's or the Honorable Company's Service can be elected or remain a Member of the Club, unless reinstated in the Service.

RULE VI.

Mode and time of Balloting.

1st. Every Candidate eligible by ballot must be proposed by one Member and seconded by two other Members.

His name, accompanied by a statement, mentioning in what capacity he is eligible, together with that of the proposer and two seconders, shall then be exposed in a conspicuous part of the Club House for a period of at least 10 days.

2d. The ballot shall take place between the hours of 9 A. M., and 6 P. M., on the first Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of every month. Members balloting are to sign the book kept for that purpose.

3d. One black ball in ten shall exclude, and unless there are ten voters, the ballot shall not be valid.

RULE VII.

Amount of Donation and Subscription, how, when, and to whom payable.

1st. The entrance Donation shall be Rupees 100.

But in cases where application as a Candidate is not preferred within six months after becoming eligible, the donation shall be Rupees 175.

2d. Donation is payable immediately after election, and in the event of failure of payment of the same within two months, the proposer of the Member so failing to pay will be held responsible for the amount in the same way, as for any other sum due by such proposer to the Club, and such Member shall forfeit his election.

3d. Members who shall have forfeited their election as above shall be re-admissible only after being balloted for again, and on payment of double the amount of higher rate of Donation, viz. Rupees 350.

4th. The Subscription of Members residing at the Presidency (with the exception of Regimental Officers attached to the Garrison of Fort St. George) is 4 Rupees per mensem, or 48 Rupees per annum, payable annually in advance, during the first quarter of the year.

5th. The Subscription of Members residing at St. Thomas' Mount, Palaveram, Poonamallee, and Regimental Officers attached to the Garrison of Fort St. George, is 2 Rupees per mensem, or 24 Rupees per annum, payable annually in advance, during the first quarter of the year.

6th. The Subscription of non-resident Members is 1 Rupee per mensem, or 12 Rupees per annum, payable annually in advance, during the first quarter of the year.

7th. Members quitting the Presidency, Palaveram, St. Thomas' Mount, or Poonamallee, to proceed up the country, shall be entitled to a refund of the higher rate of Subscripti-

en, provided the period of absence shall extend to one month.

8th. Donations and Subscriptions to the Club are payable to the Secretary, by whom or the accountant receipts for the same will be signed. House bills to the accountant or bill collectors, monthly, on being presented for payment, or invariably before leaving the Club House.

9th. Subscriptions shall cease during the period of absence in Europe.

10th. Honorary Members shall not be required to pay the entrance Donation.

11th. Non-resident Members arriving at the Presidency, and remaining for a period of six months, commencing from the date of arrival, shall pay their Subscriptions as resident Members during their stay at Madras.

RULE VIII.

1st. The concerns of the Club and its internal arrangements shall be managed by a general Committee, consisting of 24 Members, 12 of whom shall go out annually, and be eligible to re-election by the Subscribers at their Annual General Meeting, with a President and Vice President; the latter of whom shall also be elected by the Subscribers, at such Annual General Meeting, and shall succeed to the office of President in each ensuing year; such General Committee shall be at liberty from time to time to make such ordinances for the internal Regulations, &c. of the Club, as they shall think fit. And with the view of keeping up the numerical strength of the Committee throughout the year, at the Annual Meeting a gradation List shall be made out of those Gentlemen who may be nominated as Members of Committee according to the number of votes for each and that vacancies of Committee be filled up from time to time, as they may occur from this List, by the Secretary, in order as they there stand, he having ascertained in writing the willingness of such nominee to act on Committee.

2d. The General Committee shall elect their Secretary, who shall be a standing Member of Committee during the period he holds the Secretaryship.

3d. The ordinary meetings of General Committee, shall be held on the 2d Wednesday of every second month; but the President, or in his absence the Vice President, when it shall appear to him necessary, or on the requisition of any two Members of Committee, shall call a special General Meeting of Committee.

4th. Any six Members of the Committee, with the President or Vice President and Secretary, shall form a quorum.

5th. In the event of any circumstance occurring likely to disturb the order and harmony of the Club, or any infraction of the Rules of the Club or ordinances of Committee, the same shall be taken immediate cognizance of, and brought to the notice of the General Committee, whose duty it shall be, under the sanction of a vote by a majority of two-thirds of the Members present, such votes being obtained by ballot, to remove from the list of Subscribers the name of any Member, who shall have been guilty of any irregularity, or who shall have infringed the rules or ordinances, and he shall thereon cease to belong to the Club, and notification thereof shall be made to him by the Committee, his Subscription for the period he may have paid in advance being returned to him.

6th. No new ordinance or alteration of any ordinance shall be made by the Committee without the sanction of two-thirds of the Members present at the meeting, and every proposition affecting the general interests of the Club shall be circulated to every Member of Committee, that due notice of every proposed change may be given.

RULE IX.

Appointment
and Duty of
Sub-Commit-
tee.

1st. Six Members of the General Committee, two of whom shall go out in rotation every four months, shall be elected annually by the General Committee, and with the President, or Vice President and Secretary, *ex officio*, shall form the Sub-Committee of the Club.

2d. The duty of the Sub-Committee shall consist of the immediate examination of accounts, passing bills for payment, drawing cheques on the Bank, and all ordinary detail of superintendence, subject to the confirmation of the General Committee at their periodical meetings.

3d. The Sub-Committee shall hold their meetings on the 2d and 4th Wednesdays of every month, to transact current business, any three of whom, with the Secretary, shall form a quorum.

4th. The decisions of the Sub-Committee shall be final as regards themselves, in all cases where there is only one dissentient voice, but when there are more than one dissent, any two or more Members, may protest and appeal to the General Committee.

5th. The appointment of all retainers and servants and the amount of their salaries shall rest with the Sub-Committee.

RULE X.

Accounts, how
and when set-
tled, and penal-
ty of not set-
tling them.

1st. At the close of the day every expense incurred shall either be paid or acknowledged to be due by the initials of the party concerned, on the bill being presented to him, and all accounts shall be settled monthly, or before leaving the Club House.

2d. Bills of Subscribers shall be presented for payment under a sealed cover once only: if it should be inconvenient for the party to settle the account when so presented, or if there should be any error in the bill requiring correction, it shall be necessary for the Subscriber to rectify the same with the Accountant, and settle his bill either by personal attendance at the Club House, or by sending a person for that purpose before the end of the month; and in the event of Subscribers losing their bills, the Accountant shall not be required to furnish them a second time, but reference to the books of the house can be made if required.

3d. The names of those Subscribers who shall have neglected to pay their Donations or Subscriptions, or house bills to the Club, within the period prescribed by the rules shall be affixed in the Reading Room, and if the amount be not paid within the space of two months after being so affixed, of which due notice shall be given by the Sub-Committee to the parties; Subscribers so failing in payment shall *ipso facto* be expelled from the Club, and their names erased from the list of Subscribers to the Club, and in the cases of non-payment of house bills, the name shall continue affixed in the Reading Room, until the amount due be paid.

4th. To prevent error in accounts, Subscribers, when ordering dinners for private parties, are requested to notify in writing to the Steward, or head butler, the person or persons

to whom the expense of the dinner, &c. is to be debited, and strangers arriving at the Club House are requested to sign their names, rank, corps, or office, on a slate, when presented for that purpose by the servants.

5th. A shed having been constructed for the protection of conveyances belonging to Subscribers to the Club, the practice of placing palankeens under the verandahs of the house or sleeping rooms, is positively prohibited. Books, periodicals, pamphlets, or newspapers, are on no account to be removed from the Reading Room.

6th. Any Member who has been or shall be expelled the Club, or whose name has been or shall be erased from the List of Subscribers, shall be re-admissible by Ballot (once only) on payment of a Donation of 350 Rupees, and on the occasion of a party being proposed for re admission by Ballot, the minute of the General Committee recording the reasons of his expulsion shall be suspended in the Reading Room for general information.

RULE XI.

1st. No existing rule shall be modified or new rule established, except by a majority of two-thirds of the Members present at a General Meeting of Subscribers.

2d. A General Meeting of Subscribers shall be held annually on the first Wednesday in March, for the purpose of receiving from the Committee a Report and Abstract of the accounts and concerns of the Club for the preceding year, together with an estimate of the Receipts and Disbursements for the current year, which report shall be printed for general information.

At this Meeting any subject relating to the Club may be discussed, but every resolution to be effective shall be confirmed by the majority of votes at a second General Meeting, to be held 14 days subsequent to the first, and during that time the proposed resolutions shall be hung up in the Reading Room for the information of Subscribers who may not have attended at the Annual Meeting and may wish to vote at the subsequent one.

3d. Extraordinary General Meetings of Subscribers shall be convened by the President of the Committee, or in his absence, by the Vice President, at the written requisition of any nine Members of the Club, giving 14 days notice. The requisition must state the subject to be laid before such General Meeting of Subscribers and must be hung up in the Club House, signed by the appellant Members for the abovementioned 14 days, and no subject shall be discussed at such Meeting save that specified in the written requisition. The decision of such Meeting does not require confirmation by a second meeting.

RULE XII.

1st. The Club House shall be open for the reception of Members at 6 o'clock in the morning, and closed at 12 o'clock at night, after which hour the lights in the Public Rooms shall be extinguished, and no refreshment shall be furnished nor any game commenced.

2d. Accommodation shall be provided in the Club House for Members requiring it, on the following terms, and subject to the following restrictions.

3d. The charge for the occupation of a bed-room shall be 15 Rupees per mensem; and for broken periods half Rupee per diem, subject to such modification of these rates as the

Sub-Committee may deem proper, liable to revision by the General Committee.

4th. Members shall be allowed to occupy bed-rooms for one month, after which the senior occupant above stairs must be prepared to vacate immediately on the application for accommodation by another Member arriving at the Club; but if demand for accommodation is not made, he shall not be required to quit, but he must be prepared to vacate any particular room he may occupy if another Member should require it, the right of selection resting with Members resident less than one month, according as they stand on the list.

5th. Candidates for accommodation as above are required to send their names to the Steward for enrolment on the list of Candidates, but no name shall be enrolled prior to the date of arrival of the Member at the Presidency, and the claim to a room shall be established from that date only, and no Gentleman after residing a month at the Club, can leave it, and return while he resides at the Presidency, and put a fresh date of arrival opposite his name, but in the event of a room being vacant he can occupy it, his name being placed beneath the line, and in case of a fresh applicant requiring it, he must vacate immediately.

6th. Residents at the Presidency shall not be allowed to occupy bed-rooms to the exclusion of non-resident members.

7th. The names of Members residing at the Club House shall be written on a list, with references to the date of arrival, up to the period of one month, after which the name shall be written below the line drawn for that purpose.

8th. It is desirable that as far as practicable one day should intervene between the occupation of rooms by successive Members, in order to allow the servants to air and thoroughly clean the apartments, and Gentlemen are requested to instruct their servants never to occupy a room without the previous instruction of the Steward.

RULE XIII.

Besides sleeping apartments, the Club House shall comprise,—

- 1st. Reading and Dining Room.
- 2d. Billiard and Card Rooms.
- 3d. A Racket Court.

RULE XIV.

Bills, complaints against, how to be noticed. 1st. The bills of the Club are printed, and any defect that may be found with a dinner, or complaint against the matter of the said bill, is to be written on the back thereof and signed by the Member complaining, which bill and fault will be considered by the Sub-Committee at their next usual meeting, and the result duly communicated by the Secretary.

2d. When large private parties are given at the Club House, the butler is authorised to hire for the occasion such few extra servants, as may be required, the cost of the same being charged to the party.

3d. Meals shall not be served to Members in their private rooms on any pretence whatever, except in cases of severe sickness.

4th. A house dinner shall be prepared every Wednesday evening at half-past seven o'clock, the board for which shall be withdrawn on the Tuesday evening preceding.

5th. The house dinners are limited to 50 persons, and

after that number of names are on the list the board shall be withdrawn.

6th. As lights are only furnished for the public rooms, Members dining in the private rooms will be charged on that account 6 annas for the larger dining rooms, and 4 annas for each of the other rooms.

7th. Except on Wednesday evening, the centre dining room shall be considered a private room, and shall be available as such to any Member requiring it for a private party. The charges for lights to Members occupying that room shall be 5 Rupees.

8th. The Steward is peremptorily prohibited from furnishing meals or other supplies to any Member who may not have settled his account agreeably to para. 1st of rule X. ; he is also prohibited from furnishing supplies of any kind to any Member, except for consumption in the Club House.

RULE XV.

1st. As public servants of every description are attached to the Club, the number of private servants, belonging to Members occupying apartments in the Club, shall be restricted to two.

2d. No Servant of the Club shall be reprimanded, or in any way punished by the Members. In the event of any fault being found it is to be stated in writing to the Secretary, who in communication with the Sub-Committee will take measures for correcting it, and communicate the result to the satisfaction of the Members complaining.

3d. No Member shall give to any servant of the establishment any sum of money or gratuity upon any pretence whatever, and any servant convicted of having received such money or gratuity shall be forthwith discharged.

RULE XVI.

No Member shall be allowed to introduce a stranger into the Club House, the Billiard Rooms, Racket Court, or Divan, except to view the buildings, or visit a friend in the room below stairs, or in his own apartments, and none of the Club, Member or Honorary Member, can be permitted to avail himself of any of the advantages of the establishment.

RULE XVII.

All breakage or injury to any of the Club property shall be paid for at prime cost by the person committing it.

RULE XVIII.

No Tent shall be pitched or kept within the Club compound.

RULE XIX.

No Member shall on any account bring a dog within the precincts of the Club.

RULE XX.

No Member shall take away from the Club on any pretence whatever, any Newspaper, Pamphlet, Book, or other article, the property of the institution, under the penalty of expulsion by the General Committee.

RULE XXI.

No smoking (hooka excepted) shall be allowed, except in the Divan.

RULE XXII.

No Horses or Conveyances shall be picketed or kept within the Club compound.

RULE XXIII.

1st. No gambling shall be allowed in the Club House, Gambling penalty of.

nor in any of the buildings or apartments, public or private, connected therewith.

2d. No play of any kind shall be allowed on Sundays, under the penalty of expulsion.

RULE XXIV.

Billiards, charges, &c. The charge of a rubber at Billiards shall be 1 Anna, and when the rooms are lighted 2 Annas, 8 Annas shall be the fine for a love game, 10 Pagodas for the first cut of the cloth, 5 Pagodas for the second, and 3 Pagodas for every succeeding cut of the cloth.

RULE XXV.

The following schedule of charges for Breakfast, Tiffin, Dinner, and Supper, &c., and prices of Wines, &c., have been established and are directed to be hung up in each of the rooms of the house for general information, liable to modification by the Sub-Committee, subject to revision by the General Committee.

CHARGES FOR	Rs.	As.
Breakfast.....	1	0
Hot Tiffin.....	1	0
Do. with Fruit.....	1	4
Cold Tiffin.....	0	8
House Dinner on Wednesdays.....	3	0
Dinner plain.....	1	8
Do. with Fruit.....	2	0
Hot Supper.....	1	8
Cold do.....	0	8
Ham Sandwiches.....	0	6
Other do or Bread and Cheese.....	0	4
Cup of Coffee or Tea.....	0	3
Biscuits.....	0	2

Hot Tiffins furnished after half past two o'clock shall be charged for as Dinners.

The above charges for Dinners and Tiffins are for the best of every thing that can be procured from the Bazar, including Pickles, Sauces, and Cheeses. Gentlemen giving parties and wishing to have European luxuries on the table, such as Hams, Tongues, Tart, Fruits, Hermetically Sealed Fish, Meats, Vegetables, &c. (a supply of which is always on hand) will be charged with the prime cost of the same in addition to the above charges for Dinners, with the exception of the House Dinner, the charge for which includes every thing.

ORDINANCES.

- No. 1. Members proceeding to Europe are entitled to a refund of their Subscription from the end of the month in which they embark.
- No. 2. The playing of music in any of the public rooms of the Club is altogether prohibited.
- No. 3. No liquor or supplies of any kind to be brought into the Club House by Members for consumption there under the penalty contained in Para. 5 of Rule VIII.

ASHMEAD W. PRUEN, *Secretary*.

Club House, July 21, 1838.

ICE COMMITTEE.

Major General Sewell, C. B.
A. D. Campbell, Esq.
J. Dent, Esq.
Walter Elliot, Esq.

Major J. J. Underwood,
W. Bannister, Esq.
Captain G. A. Underwood,

ASHMEAD W. PRUEN, *Secretary*.

Masonic Lodges.

*Officers and Members of the Provincial Grand Lodge of Free and Accepted
Masons on the Coast of Coromandel working under the Constitution of the
United Grand Lodge of England.*

Sir Herbert Compton, Kt.	Provincial Grand Master.
J. C. Morris, Esq.	Deputy Provincial Grand Master.
J. Ouchterlony, Esq.	Provincial Grand Senior Warden.
J. B. Key, Esq.	Provincial Grand Junior Warden.
W. McTaggart, Esq.	Provincial Grand Treasurer.
C. R. Howard, Esq.	Provincial Grand Secretary.
A. J. Cherry, Esq.	Provincial Grand Senior Deacon.
A. Maclean, Esq.	Provincial Grand Junior Deacon.
Major Underwood,	Provincial Grand Master of Ceremonies.
	Provincial Grand Sword Bearer.

MEMBERS.

E. F. Elliot, Esq.	J. Thomson, Esq.
A. De Babick, Esq.	J. G. Turnbull, Esq.
A. D. Campbell, Esq.	J. Pugh, Esq.
Colonel J. Hanson.	Captain J. B. Dodd.
Captain M. Poole.	A. J. Cherry, Esq.
C. Guichard, Esq.	Maj. Genl. Sir J. Doveton, K. C. B.
J. Scott, Esq.	Doctor J. Annesley.
Major W. N. Burns.	A. Seth Sam, Esq.
T. M. Lane, Esq.	

ROYAL ARCH CHAPTER.

Sir HERBERT COMPTON, KT. Provincial Grand Superintendent.

Æ. R. MacDonnell, Dep. and Actg. P. G. S. J. C. Morris, P. L., J. G. Turnbull P. H., J. Ouchterlony P. J., A. J. Cherry, P. S., W. McTaggart, Treasurer, J. Barrow, Recorder; C. M. Lushington, A. De Babick, P. H. Strombom, J. Horsley, C. Roberts, A. Maclean, H. M. Blair, R. Grant, E. F. Elliot, J. Hanson, Sir. T. Sevestre, J. Pugh, C. Guichard, J. Kitson, T. M. Lane, G. J. Underwood, H. Morris, B. Williams, J. Scott, A. D. Campbell, T. Maclean, W. Middlemass, J. B. Key, M. Poole, J. Thomson, W. Ashton, G. Bucke, H. F. Dumergue, T. Eastment, C. B. Lindsay, A. C. Pole, A. Grant, W. Monteith, G. Fryer, P. Baillee, P. Cator. W. Gordon, J. Mahon, F. C. Cotton, G. F. Fischer, J. MacDonald, D. Wentworth; R. F. Otter, J. J. Underwood, A. McCally, G. W. Whistler, J. Doveton, J. Annesley, C. M. Teed, J. F. MacKennie.

*List of Masonic Lodges on the Coast of Coromandel working under the
Provincial Grand Lodge.*

Lodge of Perfect Unanimity	No. 1 Madras.
„ Social Friendship	„ 2 Madras.
„ Rock	„ 3 Trichinopoly.
„ St. John	„ 4 Secunderabad.
„ Neilgherry	„ 5 Ootacamund.
„ Oriental Star	„ 6 Cannanore.
„ St. Andrew	„ 7 Kamptee.
„ Doric	„ 8 Kamptee.
„ Good Will	„ 9 Beilary.
„ Armenia	„ 10 Madras.
„ West Norfolk	„ 17 Trichinopoly.

Officers of the Lodge of Perfect Unanimity.

A. J. Cherry, Esq.....	Past Master.
J. C. Morris, Esq.....	Worshipful Master.
Major Underwood	Senior Warden.
J. Thomson, Esq	Junior Warden.
W. McTaggart, Esq	Treasurer.
J. Barrow, Esq	Secretary
Capt. J. Bower	Senior Deacon.
J. F. McKennie, Esq.....	Junior Deacon.
J. B. Key, Esq.....	Master of Ceremonies.

ARMENIA LODGE.**OFFICERS.**

Stephen Lazar, Esq.....	Worshipful Master.
A. Seth Sam, Esq.....	Past Master.
Paul Melitus, Esq.....	Senior Warden.
E. Seth Sam, Esq.....	Junior Warden.
J. A. Seth, Esq....	Speaker.
L. S. Lazar, Esq.....	Secretary.
N. Barambeg, Esq.....	Treasurer.
Joseph A. Marooth, Esq.....	Senior Deacon.
M. David, Esq.....	Junior Deacon.
M. Tarous, Esq.....	Inner Guard.
Mr. L. J. Bernard...	Tyler.

MEMBERS.

V. Seth Sam, Esq.....	Past Master:
J. S. Pettoome, Esq.....	
S. A. Seth, Esq.....	
Charles Bennett, Esq.....	
Robert Taylor, Esq.....	

*Meetings, Second Tuesday of every Month.***ROYAL ARCH MASONS.**

A. Seth Sam, V. Seth Sam, Stephen Lazar, Paul Melitus, E. Seth Sam, N. Barambeg, L. S. Lazar, J. A. Seth, S. A. Seth, Joseph A. Marooth, M. David.

Chronological Table.

A. D.

- 1204 After the capture of Constantinople by the Crusaders, in the 4th Crusade, during their quarrel with the Greek empire, the Venetians, who had always partially competed with the Greeks for a share of Oriental trade, now obtained a grant of a portion of the Peloponnesus, with several of the best islands of the Archipelago. They soon secured to themselves a monopoly, of that portion of the trade via the Euxine. But in 57 years, the Greeks rose in rebellion, and expelled the Latin emperor; and having been aided by the Genoese, they bestowed on them the suburb, Pera, at Constantinople, as a reward. This transferred the overland trade to the Genoese, and forced the Venetians to revisit Alexandria, and procure Indian articles by the Red Sea.
- 1453 The Turks conquered Constantinople; and by the expulsion of the Genoese from Pera, the Venetians enjoyed the whole trade: while Constantinople was no longer a mart for Eastern produce, nor open to the countries of the West.
- 1497 The Portuguese navigator, Vasco de Gama, doubled the Cape of Good Hope on the 20th November; and on the 22d May of the following year, arrived at Calicut on the Malabar Coast, returning by the same Cape to Lisbon, in September 1499.
- 1500 In consequence of Vasco de Gama's success, a Portuguese expedition, under Pedro Alvarez Cabral, arrived at Calicut, on the 13th September; formed the first European factory in India at that place, and returned to Lisbon on July 1st, 1501.
- 1501 In the homeward voyage, discovered the Island of St. Helena.
- 1503 Alphonso de Albuquerque erected the first European fortress in India, at Cochín, and re-established the Factory at Calicut; he settled a trade at Cōulan, and a factory at St. Thome.
- 1506 Alphonso de Albuquerque, the founder of the Portuguese Eastern Empire, now commenced a career on a larger scale, with a squadron of 16 ships, having troops on board. He defeated the Tamorin of Calicut, formed a settlement at Goa, which he fortified, sailed to the Straits of Malacca, and took the place of that name in February, 1510; reduced the Molucca, and Banda islands, at that time the gardens of the East for cloves, nutmegs, &c. and at last in 1514, finally reduced Ormus, the chief seat of Persian commerce. In 12 years, he raised the Portuguese Empire in India to the greatest height it had ever attained; all the principal emporia from the Cape to the China frontier, an extent of 12,000 miles of coast, being in his possession.
- 1517 The Portuguese got possession of Point de Galle and Columbo.
- 1518 Albuquerque recalled. The decline of the Portuguese Empire may be dated from this event.
- 1527 An English merchant, Robert Thorne, long resident in Spain, asserted the practicability of a north-west passage to India. His attempt and six others, in the succeeding reigns, failed.
- 1530 Sultan Baber, the eighth in descent from Tamerlane, died near Agra. He had seized the empire, and re-established the dynasty of the Moguls. The Portuguese driven by the natives from Ternate.
- 1531 The Portuguese viceroy burned the principal towns from Diu to the Red Sea.
- 1536 They built a strong citadel, at Diu, by permission of the king of Cambaya.
- 1538 The Grand Seigneur attacked the Portuguese at Diu from Suez, and failed; but at this time the increased military forces sent from Portugal to India evince the decline of their real power in the East. The natives were recovering from their first panic, and found their oppressors less formidable.

A. D.

- 1542 The celebrated Father Francis Xavier, the Jesuit Missionary, arrived in India.
- 1558 Mr. Anthony Wilkinson, agent to the Russia Company, crossed the Caspian Sea into Persia, and opened a considerable trade for Eastern produce. In India, the Portuguese viceroy, Francisco Baretto, was succeeded for 4 years by Don Constantine Braganza, one of the royal family.
- 1569 Don Louis D'Ataide recovered, in great measure, the Portuguese power.
- 1563 Three British agents were employed in the Persian capital, and the traffic was flourishing; Before this time the Venetians had essayed to undermine and oppose the Portuguese ascendancy, but in vain; while the humiliation, at this period, of Venice itself, soon left Portugal without a competitor of any consequence.
- 1577 At length an Englishman, Francis Drake, son of a poor Kentish clergyman, with five ships and 164 seamen, sailed from Plymouth on the 13th December, commissioned by Queen Elizabeth. He passed the Straits of Magellan, ravaged the west coast of America, crossed the Pacific, touched at the Moluccas, and stopped at Ternate for some time, whence, after much friendly intercourse, he steered away for the Cape of Good Hope, and arrived at Plymouth on the 26th September, 1580. Drake entertained the Queen at Deptford, and was knighted.
- 1579 Again, in India, the Portuguese power was almost dissolved, and Don Louis D'Ataide was a second time sent as viceroy. His exertions were successful once more, but he soon died—in 1580.
- 1586 Thomas Cavendish sailed 21st July, 1586, with three ships, viâ Straits of Magellan, and visited, after capturing a Spanish merchantman, the Ladrões, and Philippines, acquiring much knowledge of the Indian Archipelago. He returned to Plymouth 9th September, 1588. This year the Portuguese took possession of Macao, as a station for the China trade.
- 1589 Divers English merchants petitioned the Queen for permission to make a voyage with three ships, and as many pinnaces, by the way of the Cape of Good Hope.
- 1591 A squadron sailed, under Captain Haymond, and from disease and a storm, it proved an abortive enterprize: only one officer, Captain James Lancaster, and a few seamen, returned.
- 1593.—An Englishman, Stevens, went to Goa with the Portuguese by the way of the Cape of Good Hope. He wrote an account of his voyage.
- 1595 In the meantime, the Dutch having gone round the hitherto interdicted Cape, openly opposed the Portuguese in the Eastern seas. They supplanted the Portuguese in the Spice trade; in a very few years expelled by force their rivals from the Moluccas, formed establishments at Java and Sumatra, and swept the Chinese and Pacific oceans with an overpowering force. During the year 1595, they took possession of the Mauritius, then first occupied, but abandoned it thirteen years afterwards. Bantam allowed to be occupied that year by the Dutch, as their first factory, as a reward from the king for their aid against the Portuguese.
- 1599 The English determining to keep pace with their rivals, an association of "Merchant Adventurers," was formed this year. a fund raised to be managed by a committee of 15 persons, and the Queen again more earnestly petitioned for a charter. Her Majesty referred it to her council, and John Middenhall, a merchant, was sent, viâ Constantinople, on an embassy to the Great Mogul. The first authentic deed of the Company is preserved, and is entitled "The names of such persons as have written with there owne handes, to venter in the ptended voiage to the Easte Indias, (the whiche it maie please the Lorde to prosper,) and the somes that they will adventure, the xxij

A. D.

- September, 1599." The fund subscribed was £30133 6 8 divided into 101 shares, varying from £100 to £3,000.
- 1600 A corporation formed in London entitled "Governors and Company of merchants of London trading to the East Indies." Their original petition, as now extant, stated that no "*gentleman* was to be employed in any place of charge." This corporation is the origin of the present Company, and of the British empire in India. Their capital was £70,000. There were 215 sharers, and the Earl of Cumberland at their head, forming the Company. The first Court of Committees or 17 Directors was held on the 23d September, 1600. The number was changed to 24, and then their first regular meeting was held on the 31st October.
- 1601 The earliest ship purchased was the *Susan* of 240 tons, for £1,600, thus the first Indiaman in the service. The Company fitted her out with three others, the *Malice-scurge* of 600 tons, the *Hector* of 300, the *Ascension* of 260, and a pinnace of 100 tons, freighted with cloth, tin, lead, cutlery, glass, amounting to £6,860, and with £28,742 in bullion. The fleet was commanded by Captain James Lancaster as "General or Admiral," and Captain Davies, second in command, called "Pilot Major;" the latter to have £100 wages, £200 in credit, and if the voyage gave cent. per cent. £500 at the end, if 200 per cent. £1000, if 400 per cent. £2000. The scale of remuneration to Captain Lancaster or others does not appear. They sailed on the 2d May. The French this year endeavoured to obtain a footing in India, sending out three ships from St. Maloes, but they failed to reach their destination.
- 1602 Captain Lancaster, who had been furnished with general letters from queen Elizabeth "to the greate and mightie kinge of—our lovinge brother greetinge," arrived at Acheen, and formed with its king the first treaty of the Company in the East; with permission to settle a factory, our first establishment.
- 1603 The English fleet returned in September, having made a successful voyage. After touching at Acheen, they captured in the Straits of Malacca a Portuguese ship of 900 tons; then put into Bantam in Java, setting there a factory or "house of trade," from whence to England.
- 1604 King James granted a license to Sir Edward Michelborne and others, to trade to the East; the first violation of the exclusive privileges of the Company, who designated the parties interlopers or private traders. A French East India Company chartered this year; it failed, and was afterwards dissolved.
- 1605 Akbar died, after a reign of nearly 50 years.
- 1606 Cloves purchased at Amboyna for £2948 13 sold afterwards in England for £36,287.
- 1608 Captain Hawkins visited Agra as Envoy.
- 1609 A new charter granted by James to the Company, who now saw the evil of separate licenses; the privileges rendered perpetual. One of the Company's ships this year, called the *Trades Increase*, was eleven hundred tons.
- 1620 The English settled at Madras and built Fort St. George.—Seringapatam built about this time.
- 1622 The English cruelly massacred by the Dutch at Amboyna.
- 1640 The English settled at Bengal.
- 1650 The Mahomedans entirely reduced the Carnatic.
- 1651 The Cape of Good Hope taken possession of by the Dutch, and St. Helena by the English.
- 1658 The Dutch made themselves Masters of Nagapatam.
- 1669 Bombay given to the East India Company by King Charles II.
- 1680 The first Stone of St. Mary's Church in Fort St. George, laid by S. Master, then Governor, October 28th.
- 1682 Bantam in Java taken by the Dutch.

A. D.

- 1688 India Stock sold from 360 to 500 per cent.
- 1689 Calcutta settled by the English.
- 1694 The Dutch took Pondicherry from the French.
- 1698 The Old and New East India Companies united, September 2d.
- 1700 The first Auction in Britain by E. Yale, Governor of Fort St. George, of the goods he brought home with him.
- 1715 The French took possession of the Island of Mauritius.
- 1726 The Company obtained Charters of Incorporation, for the towns of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay.—The East India House, Leadenhall-street, built.
- 1732 Kouli Khan usurps the Persian throne, conquers the Mogul Empire and returns with 231 millions sterling.
- 1739 A great storm at the mouth of the Ganges, where 8 East India Ships and many other vessels were destroyed, and 30,000 people lost their lives by the inundation—October 11th.
- 1740 Thirty thousand Chinese massacred by the Dutch in Java.
- 1742 Trichinopoly taken and possessed by the English.
- 1746 Madras surrendered to the French, Sept. 26th, restored 1748.—A violent Hurricane at Madras which destroyed almost the whole of the French Fleet and 20 other ships of different Nations were driven on shore, October 2d, O. S.
- 1753 'The Free Masons' Lodge at Madras constituted, and the new style introduced.
- 1756 146 Englishmen confined in the Black Hole at Calcutta, and 123 were found dead the next morning, June 20th. Angria, the famous pirate seized and his forts destroyed.
- 1757 The battle of Plassey, gained by Colonel Clive, and Fort William taken Feb. 5.
- 1750 Madras besieged by the French, raised Feb. 7th—Arcot and Surat taken by the English.
- 1760 Battle of Wandewash gained by Colonel Coote, Jan. 22d.
- 1761 Pondicherry taken from the French by Colonel Coote. Ceylon nearly destroyed by the Natives to revenge the Dutch cruelties.
- 1762 Manila taken from the Spaniards, 6th October and ransomed.
- 1763 A storm at Madras which continued 14 hours with great violence whereby all the Ships in the roads were destroyed, and almost every person on board perished, Oct. 21st—Hyder Ally deposed the Rajah of Mysore.
- 1765 Ally Cawn made Nabob of Bengal by Lord Clive. A Military Fund for Superannuated Officers, &c. established by Lord Clive.
- 1770 A grievous famine in Bengal.
- 1772 The Powder Magazine at Trichinopoly blew up.
- 1774 Judges sent to India, and the Supreme Court of Judicature at Calcutta established, April 2d.
- 1778 Mahratta War commenced. Pondicherry taken the second time, October 10th.
- 1779 Tellicherry and Mahe taken March 17th. Hyder Ally commenced hostilities against the English and invaded the Carnatic July 1st. Colonel Bailie's Detachment cut off, September 10th. Negapatam taken from the Dutch.
- 1781 Battle of Portonovo, where Hyder Ally's Army consisting of 100,000 men was defeated by 8,000 under the command of General Coote, July 1st. Hyder again defeated, August 27. Battle of Sholunghur, September 7.
- 1782 Admirals Rodney and Hughes defeated the French Fleets in the East and West Indies, April 12th...A violent storm at Surat, April 22d ...Treaty of peace with the Mahrattas signed May 7th...Trincomallé taken, January 11th...Retaken by the French...A violent storm at Madras, October 5th, when almost all the country ships laden with rice were driven ashore, and a famine produced, whereby upwards of 10,000 Native inhabitants perished.

A. D.

- 1783 General Sir Eyre Coote, died April 27th: Battle at Cuddalore, June 13th.
- 1784 Board of Control in London, and the Asiatic Society in Bengal instituted. Peace with Tippoo Sultan.
- 1785 A violent storm of thunder and lightning at Madras when many people were killed and wounded, November 26th.
- 1787 Warren Hastings, Esq., impeached by the House of Commons, May 21st. The Female Asylum erected by subscription, under the patronage of Lady Campbell.
- 1788 The Male Asylum erected by subscription; opened February 2d, 1789. The Powder Mills at the Black Town Wall blew up.
- 1789 Tippoo Sultan commenced hostilities against the Rajah of Travancore, December 29th.
- 1790 Tippoo's Army attacked Colonel Floyd's Detachment near Sittamungalum, repulsed with great slaughter, September 13th and 14th.
- 1791 Bangalore taken by storm in the sight of Tippoo's army, March 31st. Battle of Seringapatam, May 15th.
- 1792 Battle of Seringapatam, when Tippoo's fortified Camp was stormed by the English Army under the command of Lord Cornwallis, February 6th. Peace with Tippoo concluded, March 8.
- 1793 Pondicherry taken the 3d time, August 23d. The Lunatic Hospital at Madras erected.
- 1794 The Fortifications of Pondicherry demolished.
- 1795 Warren Hastings, Esq. acquitted by the House of Lords after a trial of nearly 8 years, April 25th. Malacca taken August 13. Trincomalee, surrendered August 25. The Cape of Good Hope taken September 16. His Highness the Nabob Wallajah, died, aged 87 years. Cochin taken October 20th.
- 1796 Colombo taken, February 16th—The Molucca Isles also, March 6th.
- 1797 Admiral Jervis defeated the Spanish Fleet, Feb. 14th. Admiral A. Duncan, defeated the Dutch Fleet off the coast of Holland, Oct. 11th.
- 1789 Buonaparte, with 40,000 men landed in Egypt and took Alexandria July 13th—Admiral Nelson gained a complete victory over the French Fleet on the mouth of the Nile, August 1st. Treaty with the Subah of the Deccan concluded, September 1st.
- 1799 Seringapatam stormed and taken by the English under the command of Lieut. General Harris, and Tippoo killed in the assault, May 4th—A violent gale of wind at Bombay, which destroyed almost all the vessels in the harbour early in the morning of the 8th November—Kista Rajah Oodiaver placed on the Musnud of Mysore, June 30th—Battle of Sedasere,—March 16th—and that of Malavaly, March 27th.
- 1800 A Marble Statue of Marquis Cornwallis erected in the parade of Fort St. George, May 15th—A violent storm at Ongole and parts adjacent, October 18th.
- 1801 Union of Great Britain and Ireland, January 1st—The Supreme Court of Judicature at Madras instituted, September 3d—Alexandria in Egypt taken by the English Army under the command of General Hutchinson, and the French entirely driven out of the country, September 12th—The preliminary articles of peace between the French and English signed at London, October 1st.
- 1802 The definitive treaty of peace signed at Aimeans in France, March 27th—A storm on the Island of Ceylon which did considerable damage, December 3d.
- 1803 A dreadful fire broke out at Bombay; the damage estimated at 50 lacs of Rupees, February 17—War between the French and English renewed, May 16—His Highness the Peishwah restored to the dominions and Government of the Mahratta Empire and resumed his seat upon the Musnud at Poonah, May 13—Secunder Jah ascended the Musnud at Hyderabad, August 7th—War with Dowlut Rao Scindia and the Rajah of Berar commenced—Peace with the Rajah

A. D.

- of Berar concluded, December 17—and also with Dowlut Rao Scindiah, December 30th.
- 1804 War with Jeswunt Rao Holkar, commenced.
- 1805 Death of the Marquis Cornwallis at Ghazee-pore, October 5th—Glorious Naval Victory off Trafalgar, in which Lord Nelson lost his life, October 21st—Peace concluded with Dowlut Rao Scindiah, November 24th—Peace with Jeswunt Rao Holkar, December 24.
- 1806 The Cape of Good Hope capitulated to His Majesty's Forces under the command of Sir David Baird, and Sir Home Popham, January 19th—The Government Bank of Madras established February 1st—Mutiny at Vellore, July 10th—H. M. Shah Allum Emperor of Delhi, died November 9th, and succeeded by his eldest son Mirza Akber Shah, November 19th.
- 1807 Peace concluded between Russia, Prussia and France, July 9th—Copenhagen capitulated to the English, September 7th—Russia declares war against England, October 28th—Royal Family of Portugal arrived at the Brazils, Oct. 29th—Dreadful Earthquake at Padang in which a large village with all its inhabitants were totally destroyed and not a vestige remained, November 23d—Violent hurricane at Madras, December 10th and 11th.
- 1808 Insurrection in Spain, March 13th—The Supreme Government of Galicia proclaimed war against France, May 4th—The Court of Judicature at Prince of Wales Island opened 28th May—Vice Admiralty Court at Madras established 11th August—Ferdinand the 7th proclaimed King of Spain at Madrid, 24th August—The Turkish Sultan Mustapha deposed, and Prince Mahomed raised to the throne in his stead, 21st August—Vice Admiralty Court at Calcutta established 10th September.
- 1809 Treaty of peace concluded between England and the Ottoman Government, 5th January—Treaty of alliance between Great Britain and H. C. Majesty Ferdinand 7th, signed at London 14th January—Retreat of the English army from Spain, and General Sir John Moore killed, 15th January—Peace between Austria and France, Oct. 14th.
- 1810 Peace between France and Sweden, January 24th—The Isle of France capitulated to the English, December 3d.
- 1811 Massena retreated before Lord Wellington, March 4th—General Graham defeated General Victor at Barossa, March 5th—Vice Admiral Drury, Commanding H. M. Naval Forces in the East Indies died at Madras, March 6th—Violent storm at Madras, by which H. M. Ship Dover, store Ship Chichester, and a number of vessels and small craft were lost in the roads and driven on shore May 1st and 2d—The troops under the command of His Excellency Sir Samuel Auchmuty landed at Java, August 4—Final conquest of Java by the English, September 18th.
- 1812 America declared war against England, June 19th—Treaty of Peace between Great Britain, Russia, and Sweden signed July 16th—Surrender of Fort Detroit and the American Force under General Hull to the British Forces under General Brock, August 16—Moscow occupied by the French and destroyed by Fire, September 14—The foundation stone of St. George's Church, Madras, laid September 28th.
- 1813 Treaty of alliance between Russia and Prussia, signed March 3d—East India Company's Charter renewed, July 21st—Holland emancipated. Peace between England and the United Netherlands, December 13th.
- 1814 Severe frost in England; a fair held upon the Thames, January—Fire at the Custom House, London, February 12th—Buonaparte deposed by the French Senate and Louis 8th restored, April 3d—Louis 18th entered London in great state, April 20th—Convention for the suspension of hostilities between Great Britain and France signed, April 23d—Louis XVIIIth entered Paris, May 2d—Ferdinand the VIIth, King of Spain, released by Buonaparte, returned to

A. D.

Madrid, May 14th.—The Pope took formal possession of the Vatican, May 24th—Definitive treaty of peace between the Allies and France; signed, May 30th—Buonaparte landed at Elba, May 4th—Grand Jubilee in England in celebration of the peace, and the Centenary of the Accession of the House of Brunswick, August 1st—War declared against the Nepaulese, November 1st.

- 1815 Kandy, on the Island of Ceylon taken, February 18th—Buonaparte escaped from Elba and landed in France, March 1st; entered Paris at the head of the Troops sent to oppose him, April 12—St. George's Church on Chôultry Plain opened, April 30th—Naples taken by the British and Austrians and Murat escaped to the Island of Ischia in the Bay of Naples, May 22d and 23d—The King of the two Sicilies entered Naples, June 8th—Severe battles between the French, commanded by Buonaparte in person, and the English and Prussians commanded by the Duke of Wellington, and Marshal Elucher, June 15, 16, and 18th, on the latter day at Waterloo, Buonaparte completely defeated; attempting to escape by Sea to America he found the port of Rochfort blockaded by English ships of War, delivered himself to Captain Maitland, of H. M. S. Bellerophon, and proceeded with him to England—The British and Prussians occupied Paris July 7th, and Louis the XVIIIth entered that city on the 18th—Murat, Ex-King of Naples taken and shot, October 13th—The first Knights Commanders of the Bath in the Honorable Company's Service installed by the Earl of Moira at Calcutta, October 14th—Buonaparte removed to St. Helena, October 15—Treaty of peace between the Allied Powers and France signed at Paris—The Goorka war terminated by an honorable peace, November 24th—Marshal Ney shot December 7th—Kurnool surrendered to the English, December 15th.
- 1816 Java delivered up to the Dutch, August 19th—Algiers bombarded by the British and Dutch squadrons under Lord Exmouth, August 25th—Dreadful fire at the Mauritius, when more than two-thirds of the Town of Port Louis were destroyed, September 25th—Pondicherry delivered up to the French Authorities.
- 1817 The Habeas Corpus Act suspended January—An Epidemic Fever showed itself at Jessore and spread in an alarming manner through various parts of Bengal, and raged several months, many dying daily August 20th—Rebellion in Kandy on the Isle of Ceylon, September—Treaty with Dowlat Row Scindia signed, Nov. 5th—The city of Poonah taken possession of by the British, November 19th—The Rajah of Herar's Troops at Nagpore defeated, November 27th—Decisive victory over the army of Mulhar Roa Holkar at Mahidpoor, December 21st.
- 1818 Peace concluded between the British Government and that of Holkar, January 6—The foundation stone of the Scotch Church at Madras, laid April 6th—Madras Literary Society established Sept. 8th—An Epidemic, designated the spasmodic cholera, which had appeared in Bengal, and spread over the Northern parts of the Peninsula, reached Madras, Oct.—Violent Storm at Madras, Oct. 24th.—Termination of the Kandyan Rebellion, November
- 1819 Hurricane at the Mauritius, January 25th—The island of Singapore taken possession of by the English, Jan.—Violent gale of wind at the Mauritius, March 28—Earthquakes felt at Calcutta, Bombay, Surat and various others parts of India, June—His Highness Azeem Dowlat, Nawaub of the Carnatic, died August 2d—Smart shock of an Earthquake felt at Wallajahbad, October 2.
- 1820 His Highness the Prince Azeem Jah Bahader installed as Nawaub of the Carnatic, February 3d—A daring attempt, called the Cato-street conspiracy detected, having in view the assassination of the whole of the Cabinet Ministers, Feb. 25—A strong gale at Madras, when several of the small craft were lost at sea and much damage sustained, and many lives lost, March 29 and 30—The spasmodic

A. D.

- cholera having broken out at Manilla, and thousands of the Natives having perished, the Native population commenced a general massacre of the Europeans, under an impression that the disorder was created by them for their destruction, Oct. 9.
- 1821 Treaty of peace concluded between the Imam of Senna and the British Government, Jan. 15—The capital of the Arab tribe of Beni Boo Ali taken by the forces under Colonel Lionel Smith, March —NAPOLEON BUONAPARTE died at St. Helena, May 5—St. Andrew's Church opened at Madras, March 25—King George IV. crowned July 19—Ship Glenden Hall lost July 23—Caroline, Queen of England died August 5—His Majesty GEORGE the Fourth visited Ireland, August 12—His Majesty landed at Calais on a visit to Hanover, Sept. 25.—The epidemic cholera ravaged Persia, September.
- 1822 H. M. Ship Thames lost Feb. 3—H. C. Ship Charles Mills lost May 20—H. M. Ship Constance, lost off the coast of Ireland with her crew, May—Homeward bound ship Fame lost June 4—Dr. Thomas Fanshawe Middleton, the first Bishop of Calcutta died July 8—The King visited Scotland, August—Emperor of Brazil crowned December.
- 1823 A Steam Boat established for the first time on the Danube, Nov. 6th.
- 1824 Dreadful Hurricane at the Isle of France, March 1st—War declared against the Burmese, March 5th—Rangoon taken by the British Naval and Land Forces under Brigadier Sir Archibald Campbell and Commodore Grant, c. b. May 11th—Island of Negrais taken from the Burmese, May 17th—Great scarcity of grain throughout the Madras Territories in consequence of the failure of the monsoon rains, May 17th—Cheduba taken from the Burmese, May 27th—Launch of the Columbus, the largest ship in the English Navy of 3,700 tons took place at Quebec, July 29th—Total defeat of the Ashantees, by the British, July—The first importation of copper from Columbia took place at Liverpool, Aug.—Louis XVIII. King of France, died Sept. 16, and the Count d'Artois proclaimed King, under the title of Charles X.—Tavoy and Mergui taken from the Burmese, Sept. 15th, and Martaban, Oct. 30—Kemendine and Dallah with the greater part of their military stores taken from the Burmese, 9th Dec.
- 1825 Syrian taken from the Burmese, 11th January—Rungpore and Tantabain taken from the Burmese, the former on the 2d, and the latter on the 6th Feb.—Donabew with the greater part of their military stores taken from the Burmese, and Bundoolah, their most active and enterprising General, killed 2d April—Ramree and Promé taken from the Burmese, the former on the 2d, and the latter April 25th—The Honorable Company's ship Kent, of 1,400 tons, Captain Cobb, consumed by fire on her passage to India, in the Bay of Biscay, March—His Highness Azeem Jah Bahadoor, Nawaub of the Carnatic, died at Madras, Nov. 12—Wattygoun and Pagham Mow taken from the Burmese, the former on the 11th, and the latter on the 25th Nov.—The Honorable Company's ship Royal George, Captain Timmins, destroyed by fire at Whampoa—The Royal George was launched and dispatched from England with the Honorable Company's ship Kent, which met with a similar catastrophe in the Bay of Biscay, Dec. 24—The Enterprize, (the first steam Vessel, to India) Captain Johnstone, having 10 Passengers on board, sailed from England on the 16th Aug., arrived at Bengal, Dec. 8.
- 1826 Bhurtpore stormed and taken by the British under the personal command of His Excellency Lord Combermere, after a regular siege, and Durjunt Saul with his wife and children taken prisoners, January 18—The Burmese completely defeated at Melloon, by the army under Sir A. Campbell, Jan. 19—Treaty of Peace concluded between the English and Ava Governments after a field service of nearly 3 years, Feb. 24—Missilonghi, the principal Town of the Greeks taken by storm by the Turks, with a dreadful slaughter of the Greeks, March 8—The King of Portugal died March 10, and a Re-

A. D.

- gency appointed—The Right Rev. Reginald Heber, Lord Bishop of Calcutta, died on his Episcopal Visitation at Trichinopoly—Revolt of the Janissaries at Constantinople, suppressed after a great slaughter, June 15—The New Missionary Church at Vepery in Madras opened June 18—War between Russia and Persia formally declared, September 16.
- 1827 Sir Thomas Munro, Governor of Madras, died at Pntticondah, July 6—Natives of India permitted to sit as Jurors, July 9—A severe Naval action at Navarino, between the allied squadrons under the command of Vice Admiral Sir E. Codrington, and the Turkish and Egyptian fleets, in which the latter were defeated, Oct. 20—Hurricane at Madras, six vessels wrecked and considerable damage sustained on land, December 6.
- 1828 Treaty of Peace between Russia and Persia, signed at the Congress Derkajan, Feb. 22—Russia declares war against the Ottoman Porte, and a Russian army under Count Pahlin crossed the Pruth and entered Jassy, May 7—The Russian army with the Emperor at their head, force the passage of the Danube, June 8—Lord W. Bentinck appointed Governor General of India, took his seat in Council, July 4—A branch of the Royal Asiatic Society of Great Britain established at Madras, Aug 7—Varna taken by the Russians.
- 1829 The interior of York Minster, destroyed by fire by Jonathan Martin, Feb. 12—Massacre of the Russian Mission at Tehran, Feb. 24—Cadiz declared a free port by a decree of Ferdinand VII., Feb. 24—The Act for the relief of Insolvent Debtors in the East Indies brought into operation, March 1—The Catholic Relief Bill passed the House of Lords by a majority of 104; and the Royal assent obtained, April 13—The foundation stone of the Church at the Neilgherry Hills, laid by the Right Hon. S. R. Lushington, Governor of Madras, April 23—Capt. Ross sailed from Woolwich on a voyage to discover the North West Passage, May 23—The Russians obtained a victory over the Turks after a most sanguinary contest, at the village of Kulawischa, near Shumla, June 11—Count Diebitsch sent proposals of peace to the Grand Vizier, June 14—The Russians effected the passage of the Balkan, July 22—The Greek National Assembly opened its sittings at Argus, July 23—The garrison of Silistria capitulated to the Russians, under Count Diebitsch, July 20—Count Diebitsch took possession of Adrianople, Aug. 20—Peace between Turkey and Russia signed at Adrianople, Sept. 14—The blockade of the Dardanelles raised, Sept. 30—The rite of *Suttee* in India abolished by Lord W. Bentinck, December.
- 1830 The ship *Lady Holland*, Free Trader, wrecked at Dassen Island on the outward voyage to India, Passengers and crew saved, Feb. 14—The French expedition against Algiers amounting to nearly 60,000 men, landed without opposition June 14—His Most Gracious Majesty King George IV. died at Windsor, aged 68 years, June 26—His Royal Highness the Duke of Clarence proclaimed King, under the title of William IV. June 28—Algiers surrendered to the arms of France, July 5—A revolution in France and Charles X. dethroned, July 27, 28, and 29—The Provisional Government resumed the tri-coloured flag, July 30—The two Chambers decreed the Crown to the Duke of Orleans, who was proclaimed King of the French with the name of Louis Philip I. August 9—Charles X. with his family arrived at Spithead, Aug. 26—An insurrection at Brussels and partially throughout Belgium, Aug. 18—An insurrection broke out at Warsaw. The Grand Duke Constantine retreated with his Guard upon Praga, Nov.—The Duke of Wellington and colleagues resigned office, Nov. 16—Cholera raged in St. Petersburg, Nov.—The first Church erected at Ootacamund, Neilgherries, consecrated and dedicated to St. Stephen, by the Right Reverend John Mathias Turner, D. D., Lord Bishop of Calcutta, Dec. 5—A National ban-

A. D.

- quet given at Calcutta in honor of the late Revolution in France, and attended by persons of all nations, Dec. 10—Poliguac and his colleagues, condemned to perpetual imprisonment and civil death—H. M. Ship *Thetis*, Captain Burgess, totally wrecked off Cape Trio, Dec. 15—The illustrious Bolivar died, Dec. 17.
- 1831 The Reform Bill introduced into the House of Commons by Lord John Russell—Ram Mohun Roy, a Bramin, native of Calcutta, arrived at Liverpool, April 8—Prince Leopold accepted the throne of Belgium, May 28—A most obstinate and sanguinary battle at Ostro-lenska between the Polish and Russian armies, terminating in favour of the Poles, June—Great disturbances at Rio Janeiro—Don Pedro the Emperor abdicated in favor of his son Pedro II, June—The second reading of the Reform Bill carried in the House of Commons by a large majority, July 5—King Leopold I, ascended the throne of Belgium, July—London Bridge opened, Aug. 1—Battle between the Dutch and Belgian armies; the latter commanded by King Leopold in person; the Belgians completely routed; forced to retreat on Louvain, that city was invested by the Dutch, and compelled to surrender. On the approach of the French troops all hostilities ceased, August—The last clause of the Reform Bill passed the Committee of the House of Commons, September 6—Warsaw taken by assault by the Russians, Sept. 7—His Majesty William IV. and Queen Adelaide crowned, Sept. 8—Several shocks of earthquake, felt at Allahabad, Oct. 25—A severe gale at Calcutta, Oct. 31—The Right Hon. Lord Wm. Bentinck, Governor General of India, paid a visit to Runjeet Singh, Oct. 25—A dreadful typhoon in the China Seas, several ships dismasted, November—Capo d'Istria, President of Greece assassinated, Oct. 28—Dreadful riots at Bristol, Oct. 29—Slave insurrection in Jamaica, December 20.
- 1832 Madras Club established, Jan.—Loss of the ship *Huntley*, Feb.—The Reform Bill read a third time in the Commons and passed, March 23—The treaty of separation of Belgium and Holland, ratified by the five powers, May—A fire broke out in the Arsenal of Fort William, July 25—Extraordinary meteors at Delhi, July—The third reading of the Reform Bill passed the Lords on the 7th June and received the Royal assent, June 12—The Duke de Reichstadt, son of Napoleon Buonaparte, died at Schoenbrunn, July—Lieut. General the Right Hon. Sir Frederick Adam, K. C. B. appointed Governor of Madras, arrived and took his seat in Council, Oct. 25—The Right Hon. Sir Stephen Rumbold Lushington, left Madras for London, Oct. 28—Discovery of an intended mutiny at Bangalore, Oct. 28—Bombay Club established, Oct.—The Right Rev. Daniel Wilson, Lord Bishop of Calcutta, arrived at his Diocese, Nov. 3—Luminous meteors appeared at Cuddapah, Bombay, Jaulnah, and several other parts of the country, Nov. 13 and 14—Failure of Messrs. Alexander and Co. at Calcutta, Dec. 12—A combined fleet of English and French ships under Sir P. Malcolm and Admiral Villeneuve, sent to the Scheldt, and a French army of 50,000 men march towards Antwerp, Nov.—The Duchess of Berry arrested in France, Nov.—A group of fourteen Islands discovered in the Pacific by Captain Covel, of the *Alliance*, in lat. 4 deg. 30m. N. long. 168 deg. 40m. E. Nov.—The treaty of peace between the Republics of Bolivia and Peru finally ratified, Nov.—A Turkish army of 50,000 men, commanded by the Grand Vizier, defeated by Ibrahim Pacha, Dec. 21—The citadel of Antwerp capitulated to the French, Dec. 23—The *James Sibbald*, Free Trader, wrecked at Coringa, passengers and crew saved, December 29.
- 1833 Failure of Messrs. Mackintosh and Co. of Calcutta, announced, Jan. 8—The *Hibernia* free trader, with passengers, bound for Van Dieman's Land, lost by fire near Pernambuco, and a great number of the passengers and crew perished, Feb. 5—The French Governor

A. D.

- at Algiers assassinated, March—Failure of Messrs. Shotten and Co. of Bombay announced, April 17—A dreadful gale at Hooghly Point, several vessels ran ashore at Kedgeriee and the Sultan foundered with all on board, May—Treaty of Peace concluded between the Porte, and Mehemet Ally, investing the latter with the sovereignty of Syria in addition to the other pachalics, Ibrahim Pacha in the mean time evacuating Asia Minor, May—Disturbances in the Bazars at Madras in consequence of the scarcity of grain, Aug. 19—Total destruction of Don Miguel's fleet by that of Don Pedro, commanded by Captain Napier, and a landing effected about 50 miles from Lisbon, July—Villa Flor, the Duke of Terceira, entered Lisbon after defeating Don Miguel's troops, July 24—Meetings held at Calcutta, Madras, Bombay and Ceylon, for the purpose of establishing a regular communication between England and India by Steam, Sept.—The American Ship *New Jersey* from Gibraltar bound to Canton wrecked on the Louisa Shoal in the China seas, passengers and crew saved, Nov. 9—The Porte concluded an offensive and defensive alliance with Russia, by which the latter power agreed to aid Turkey under any circumstances where her assistance may be required, July 25—The *Cæsar* free trader wrecked in a violent gale at the Mauritius, Nov.—The Barque *Lady Munro*, Captain Aiken, run ashore on the Island of Amsterdam, and seventy-four persons perished, Oct. 12—Recognition of Donna Maria by the French Government officially announced, Sept.—Ram Mohun Roy died in England, Sept. 27.—Ferdinand VII. King of Spain, died, Sept. 29—France and England protested against the Treaty entered into between Turkey and Russia, Sept.—Donna Isabella proclaimed Queen at Madrid, Oct. 24—Lord Napier appointed Chief Commissioner at Canton, Nov.—Mocha captured by a storming party of a powerful tribe of Bedouins, in the pay of Mehemet Ali, Dec. 13—Abbas Meerza, Prince Royal of Persia died, December.
- 1834 A severe hurricane at the Mauritius, several Ships and lives lost, Jan. 21—Extensive failures in New York, March—Declaration of war against the Rajah of Coorg, and the British troops marched into the enemy's country April 2—Mercara, the capital of Coorg surrendered April 6, and the Rajah unconditionally on the 10th—The venerable Lafayette died in his 77th year, May 20—Madeira surrendered to a force in the interest of Donna Maria, June—Don Miguel attempting to make his escape into Spain with Don Carlos, made prisoner by his own troops, June 5—Mahomed Meerza proclaimed heir apparent to the throne of Persia June 14—Don Carlos, family, and suite, landed in England, June 16—Lord Melbourne succeeded Earl Grey as Premier, July—Slavery in the West Indies abolished Aug. 1. Don Pedro of Portugal died, Aug. 22—The Spanish East India Company, or Royal Philippine Company, dissolved, and the monopoly abolished, Aug.—The China trade stopped by the Hong Merchants, September 2—The Imogene and the Andromache force the Bogue, after a slight skirmish, September 7—The China Foreign trade re-opened, September 23—And the English, Sept. 27—Lord Napier died October 11—The two Houses of Parliament destroyed by fire, October 19—A change in the English Ministry, the Duke of Wellington assumed the Office of first Lord of the Treasury, until the arrival of Sir R. Peel from the Continent, Nov. 16.
- 1835 Lord Heytesbury sworn in as Governor General of India in Europe, January 20—The Queen of Portugal married to the Duke of Leuchtenberg, February 2—Medical College for the instruction of Native youths in Surgery and Medicine established at Calcutta on an extended scale, February 4—Lieut. General Sir H. Fane, c. c. b. appointed Commander in Chief in India, Feb. 4, Rajah Sewing Sing of Jeypoor, died about this date at the age of 17, leaving a son and heir a year old, February 8—Sir Robert Grant, the new Governor of

A. D.

Bombay arrived at that Presidency, February 11—A Temperance Society formed at Trichinopoly, February 19—A public meeting held at Madras to take into consideration the feasibility of constructing a break-water outside the surf—voluntary subscriptions raised in the room, exceeding 20,000 Rs. February 23—A. G. O. G. by the Governor General of India in Council of this date abolished corporal punishment in the Native Army, February 24—Died the Emperor Francis of Austria, succeeded by his son Ferdinand, February 26—Earl Clare, late Governor of Bombay embarked for England in H. M. Ship *Melville*, March 17—Lord W. Bentinck, late Governor General of India embarked in H. M. Ship *Curacoa*, for England, March 20—Sir Charles Metcalfe, assumed the post of acting Governor General of India, March 21—Mr. Fraser, a Bengal Civilian the Commissioner, and Governor General's Agent at Delhi; assassinated while taking a ride, March 22—Mahomed Mirza son of Abbas raised to the Throne of Persia, March 23—Died at Lisbon, the Prince Augustus Leuchtenberg, husband of Donna Maria, Queen of Portugal, March 28—Sir R. Peel's Ministry dissolved, April 8—Lord Melbourne's Ministry formed, April 18—A cessation of hostilities took place and a treaty of peace concluded with the Caffr Chief Hintza by the British force at the Cape Colony, May 4—Lord Heytesbury's appointment to the Governor Generalship of India, revoked, May 4—Lord Denman, appointed Speaker of the House of Lords, May 6—St. Andrew's School founded at Madras, May 11—A strong commotion occurred in the city of Jeypoor on the occasion of a visit to the Palace by the British Resident and suite, the Resident, Major Alves, attacked, and seriously wounded, and Mr. Blake, a Bengal Civilian, murdered, June 4—Volunteer Corps forming for the Queen of Spain, and Colonel Evans, M. P. for Westminster, appointed to the command by the Spanish Minister, June 13—Zumalacarreguy the great Carlist chief died of a wound received in the neighbourhood of Bilbao, 16. William Cobbett, M. P. died aged 74, June 18—A public meeting of the inhabitants of Madras received the report of the Breakwater Committee, and adopted a Breakwater 350 yards from the shore, which, from the want of any other specification occasioned much cavil and dissatisfaction. The voluntary subscriptions reached 40,000 Rupees, June 24—The Madras Horticultural Society established, July 15—A diabolical attempt at assassination of the King of the French through an infernal machine occurred at Paris, July 28—A severe typhoon in the China Sea, in which several vessels were lost, August 5—Lord Auckland appointed Governor General of India, August 12—General Sir Henry Fane, G. C. B. Commander in Chief in India, arrived at Madras, August 20—The Ship *Asia*, wrecked on Saugor Beach, August 27—Halley's Comet made its first appearance, August 30—A serious disturbance took place at Indore, September 8—The new Press Law passed the Legislative Council and came into operation, do. 15—Shumsodeen Khan, the Nuwab of Feroozpoor, executed at Delhi, for having instigated the murder of Mr. Fraser, British Commissioner, October 8—The Rajah of Goomsur, refused to pay his tribute, and hostile operations consequently taken against him, do. 12—A severe Gale at Calcutta, much injury done at Kedgerree, the Arab Ship *Tattal Main* lost, and Mr. Birch, the Pilot and several of the Crew drowned, do. 19—Dr. Corrie, Bishop of Madras, arrived from England, 24—Halley's Comet visible in Europe, Oct.—The Right Hon. John Pitt, Earl of Chatham, the son of the first and the brother of the second William Pitt died in his 80th year, (the title became extinct,) Oct.—Earl Nelson, nephew of the renowned Admiral, died near Salisbury, aged 49, Oct.—The subject of the American indemnity revived in France, Mr. Barton, the American charge d'Affairs at

A. D.

Paris demanded and obtained his passport, Nov.—An action between the Queen of Spain's force, and the Carlist party, at Bilboa; the latter repulsed with a loss of more than 1,000 men, do.—A revolution in Greece, King Otho and his Court sought refuge in a Ship of War—General Mina issued a decree at Barcelona, placing Catalonia under martial law, Nov.—An awful and extensive conflagration at New York, from 800 to 1000 houses are consumed, and the Insurance Offices there nearly ruined by the catastrophe, Dec. 15—A violent gale at Bourbon, the barometer at 27° 4' the buildings and the shipping suffered considerably, Dec. 31—The Hon. Sir R. B. Comyn, Knight, appointed Chief Justice at Madras, sworn in December 31—The King of England sent Commissioners to Canada for the purpose of composing the differences by which that Colony had been so long agitated, December—The Pope officially recognized the Republic of New Grenada December—The grant of 5000£ by the Court of Directors to the Earl of Clare negatived by a large majority, but in consequence of the discussion at the Court, the Earl refused to accept the grant, December.

1836

Her Highness Begum Sumroo the celebrated Princess of Jughire, died at Sirdhannah in her 87th year, leaving 30,000 Rups. to the Propaganda Chapel at Agra, for the purpose of founding a college for young men, to serve on the Apostolic mission of Thibet and Hindustanee, January 27—The Queen of Naples died of a bilious fever, January 31—The Queen of Portugal married to Prince Ferdinand of Saxe Cobourg, Jan.—Madame Maria Lœtitia, mother of the late Emperor Napoleon Bonaparte died at Rome, February 2—A smart shock of an earthquake felt at Guntoor at 8 p. m., February 3—A violent hail storm in the southern part of the district of Rajahmundry, several persons killed, February 12th—Fieschi and his accomplices who attempted to assassinate the King of the French in July tried, and condemned to suffer death, Feb. 19th—The Gondolier of Ceylon and Madras lost off Robin Island at the entrance of Table Bay, Feb.—Lord William Bentinck, Ex-Governor General of India elected M. P. for Glasgow, by an immense majority, do.—Lord Auckland, appointed Governor General of India, arrived at Bengal, and took his seat in Council, March 4—The *Brig Rebecca* ran ashore to the North of Madras, do 22—H. M. Cutter *Quail*, from Falmouth to Lisbon wrecked in a gale off the Lizard, do.—The Barque *Edinburgh* on her passage from Sidney to Liverpool lost by spontaneous combustion of the cargo; the crew arrived at Sydney in the long boat after being 14 days at sea, March 29—Lord Elphinstone appointed Governor of Madras, March 31—Another attempt (by Boireau and twelve others) to assassinate the French King on the road to Neuilly discovered by an old soldier (Bray) whom they enlisted in the conspiracy, Boireau condemned to 20 years labour in the Gallies, do.—Moolve Mahommed Ismal Khan, Ambassador from the King of Oude presented at H. M. Levee, and elected an Honorary Member of the Athenæum, the Traveller's Club, the Royal Institution, and made a Free Mason, in the Duke of Sussex's Lodge. do.—The celebrated statue of William III. in College Green, Dublin, blown up by an explosion of gunpowder, April 8—The Native Merchants at Bombay subscribed 10,000 Rups, for the construction of a causeway at Tannah to join the Island of Salsette with the main land, April 11—Major Fancourt's motion for the discontinuance of flogging in the Army, lost in the House of Commons by a majority of 212 to 95, April 12—Sir Charles T. Metcalfe, Bt. resumed his seat as Lieutenant Governor of Agra, April 22—The Steam Petitions to Parliament sent home from Madras, via Ceylon, bearing the signatures of 1141 to the Lords and 1162 to the Commons, April—The enquiry respecting the Jeyapore affair terminated and Jotha Ram and others (his relatives) found guilty, do—A most atrocious case of gang robbery and murder in the

A. D.

Zillah of Bellary, the robbers attacked the village, and failing in their object, set fire to it, in consequence of which 34 persons, perished in the flames, do.—A great battle fought in the Town of St. Sebastian by the Queen's Forces under the command of Genl. Evans, and the Carlist Army ;—after a desperate conflict, the Carlists are completely repulsed, May 5—A violent disturbance, in the city of Hyderabad between the Arabs and Rohillas quelled by the Bolauram force, May 6.—The Steamer *Tigris* which sailed with the Euphrates Expedition lost in a violent hurricane of only 12 minutes duration in the vicinity of Verdi, twenty persons drowned, May 21—The magnificent present made by the Imaum of Muscat to the English Sovereign, of a Ship of War, carrying 74 Guns, arrived in England, and named the "*Imaum*" May—The King of Saxony expired at the Castle of Pelnitz, June 5—A great fire destroyed the village of Joudpoor and several lives lost, June 8—Barry O'Meara, Esq. the late Emperor Napoleon's Surgeon died of erysipelas in the head, do.—A severe typhoon in the China Seas, June 23—A fire broke out in the Cutwall's Bazar in Black Town Madras, about 11 A. M. which lasted for several hours ; the damage estimated at 10,000 Rupees, June 27—A meeting of Mr. Buckingham's friends held at the Freemason's hall in London, to consider the best means of compensating him for the loss he had sustained by the destruction of his property in India, Lord William Bentinck in the chair, a subscription set on foot which amounted to 1000.£ June 23—The Powder Magazine at Dum Dum in Calcutta exploded with about a hundred barrels of gun powder, several lives lost, and buildings much damaged, June 26.—Another unsuccessful attempt made on the 25th June on the life of the French King, by a man named Louis Alibeau, by firing at his Majesty in his carriage ; he was tried before the Court of Peers, found guilty, and executed, July 9.—A Budgerow sunk in the Cawnpore River, Nawab Meer Russeed, his son-in-law, and 55 men drowned, July 12 --The Brig *Two Brothers* commanded by a Nacodah, on her voyage from Bombay to Calcutta, via Madras, lost ashore, at Angua Colabah, Mr. Inverarity, an Officer in the country service and a lascar perished July 14—The Bark *Doncaster*, from the Mauritius to England lost off Cape Laguillas in a gale, and all on board perished, 35 male and 18 female bodies, with 5 children, limbs and parts of bodies washed ashore gathered and properly interred July 18—Baron Nathan Mayer Rothschild, a wealthy banker, died at Frankfort of a carbuncle, leaving a private fortune of 4,280,000*l.* July 28.—The Iron Suspension Bridge over the Kalee Nundee at Khodagunge near Futtee Gurbh, and which was upwards of seven years in progress, built at the expense of the Newaib Hakeem Mehndee for Rupees 70,000 opened to the public, July—A destructive fire took place in the city of Nagpoor, raging uninterruptedly for three days, it was extinguished after six thousand dwellings had been consumed, and property to the amount of twenty lakhs destroyed, do.—The French Ship *L'Actif*, Captain Mauciere, of Nantes, from Bombay and Pondicherry, wrecked at Coringa, Passengers and Crew saved, do.—The Ship *Tiger* of Liverpool from the Cape to Bombay wrecked on the desert island of Astova.—Passengers and Crew saved by the *Emma* whaler, of London, after remaining 64 days on the island, Aug 12.—The Constitution of 1812 proclaimed at Madrid by order of the Queen Regent, who had been compelled to swear to it by a body of 500 of the Military who took up arms at night and broke into the Palace of St. Ildefonso the residence of the Regent ; Quesada, the Military Governor of Madrid, who attempted to put down an insurrection in the capital murdered—August 15.—The Ship *Alexandria*, lost in the straits of Malacca, the Crew, and a part of the property saved, August 24.—The Thiers Ministry in France resigned in consequence of a difference between the King and them respecting the affairs of Spain. Ten days after M. Mole ap-

A. D.

pointed President of the Council and Member for foreign affairs, Aug. 25.—The Ship *Windsor*, wrecked off the Casper Channel, passengers and crew saved Aug. 29.—The Ship *Hindoo*, from Liverpool, wrecked a few miles south of Bombay, passengers and Crew saved (only two lives lost) Aug. 29.—H. M. Ship *Cove*, Captain Ross, arrived at Hull after an ineffectual attempt to discover the only remaining Ice bound Ship, the *William Torr*, Aug. 31.—The work for the Railway between the Red Hills and Madras commenced upon by Government, August.—The Barque *Medusa*, of 320 tons burthen, which sailed from Jamaica to Ireland, with a large cargo, 19 passengers and a crew of 16, completely wrecked at Cuba—4 only survived and several bodies washed ashore, September 2.—A revolution at Lisbon, similar to that brought about by the troops at St. Ildefonso, the Queen after some delay and a vain attempt to put down the commotion by means of the regular Army, took the oath to the Constitution of 1820, September 9.—The Russian troops evacuated the fortress of Silistria, September 12.—The Peers of Portugal signed a protest against the decree of the Queen, acknowledging the Constitution of 1820, Sept. 18.—A numerous meeting of the Merchants of Madras, took place at the Office of Messrs. Binny and Co., to form a Chamber of Commerce, September 29.—An attack made by the Carlists, on the lines of the British Legion at St. Sebastian, which was repulsed with considerable loss on both sides Oct. 1.—His Excellency Lieutenant-General Sir Peregrine Maitland, K. C. B. appointed Commander in Chief of Madras, arrived in the *True Briton*, and sworn in, Oct. 11.—A pestilential disease similar to the plague raged at Pallee, about 150 miles to the North of Bombay, making dreadful havoc after the 3d day's attack, 4000 died within two days, Oct. 13.—Sir R. W. O'Callaghan embarked on board the *Royal William*, for England, October 15.—The French Brig *Camille* from Bourbon to Marseilles wrecked on the Beach at the head of Simon's Bay, October 18.—The Schooner *Season* from Vizagapatam to Madras wrecked near Eskapilly, two officers and several others drowned, Oct. 26.—Mr. Day, the celebrated blacking manufacturer died, leaving property to the amount of 450,000£, Oct. 26.—A violent hurricane at Madras, and parts adjacent for nearly 12 hours, Oct. 30.—An attempt made at Lisbon to produce a counter revolution and restore the Charter of Don Pedro; during the disturbance a number of persons were killed in the Streets, and the Ex-Minister M. Friere.—The attempt alternately failed and the Bandeira Ministry, who had been dismissed by the Queen, are restored to office after a few hours negociation, Nov. 4.—Charles X. Ex-King of France died at Goritz in the 80th year of his age and 6th of his deposition.—Nov. 6.—A severe shock of an earthquake felt in the district of Delhi, Nov. 9.—The Ship *Princess Victoria* bound to Liverpool from Calcutta lost by fire, about 350 miles off the Island of Bourbon—the Crew arrived safe after being 3 days at sea, Nov. 22.—Marshal Clausel, with an Army of 7000 men made an unsuccessful attempt to take the Town of Constantine in Africa, and was forced to retreat to Bona, with the loss of between 3000 and 4000 troops, Nov. 22.—Mr. M'Adam well known for his improved system of road making, died at Moffat in Scotland, aged 81 years, Nov. 26.—An attack made at Goomsoor, by a party of the 49th N. I. and some of the Nizama's Horse against several Matchlock men and Khoons, one Chief killed and another wounded, and taken prisoner, a slight loss sustained by the English Force, Nov. 26.—Sir Edward Gambier, Kt. Puisne Judge at Madras, arrived from Penang and sworn in, Nov. 28.—The Dewan Umerchund, and Hedayut Khan Chubdar, who were implicated in the murder of Mr. Blake, the Commissioner, in June 1835, executed at Jyepoor, Nov. 28.—An insurrection broke out at Golcondah, near Samulcottah, a party of rebels killed the neighbouring Zemindar and a force moved out to dislodge

A. D.

them from their position, Nov.—The New Court house on the beach opened, December 2.—Major General Sir G. Elder, K. C. B. H. M. Service, appointed to command the Mysore Division of the Army, killed at Madras, the sixth day after his arrival from England, by his horse running him violently against a tree, Dec. 8.—The London and Greenwich railway opened by the Lord Mayor, Dec. 14.—The Ship *John Bannerman*, which sailed from Canton for Singapore and Bombay, wrecked on the North Shore of the Paracels—the Chief Officer and 4 Lascars drowned, and several of the Crew perished from exhaustion, Dec. 18.—The siege of Bilboa raised and after a severe conflict in which the Queen's General Espartero beat the Carlists with great loss, 600 killed and wounded, 300 prisoners and 25 pieces of Artillery left on the field—English gallantry shone conspicuous in the affair, December 25.—The King of the French, while on his way to open the Chambers, shot at near the Tuilleries by a young man, who with two others was instantly arrested: the King escaped unhurt, December 27.—A war broke out between the Dutch and the Boonjal Padres at Sumatra, and carried on with great obstinacy by the latter—The Dutch prevailed against the Priests, took and sacked the Town of Boonjal and burned a Mahomedan temple, Dec.—A conspiracy at Strasbourg to overthrow the existing Government on behalf of young Louis Bonnaparte, entirely failed, Dec.—Bilboa relieved by the aid of Lord John Hay, to the great discomfiture of the Carlists, Dec.

1837 An order of merit of two classes instituted by the Court of Directors denominated "The order of British India" to be conferred on Native Officers and Sepoys, January 10. An extensive and dreadful conflagration at Moulmein, 500 large houses consumed do. 15. A dreadful fire at St. John's New Brunswick which destroyed nearly half the town; loss estimated at £250,000, do. 17. The *Gregson*, free trader, from Calcutta to London, burnt at sea 40 miles below Saugor, Passengers and Crew saved, do. 18. A terrific loss of life occurred at Bona by the explosion of a Powder Magazine—108 soldiers killed, 192 wounded; and a great part of the fortifications in the city blown up, do. 30. The Right Reverend DANIEL CORRIE, L. L. D. Lord Bishop of Madras died, aged 59 years, February 5. GUSTAVUS IV. *Ex-King of Sweden*, died in the Town of St. Gaul, aged 59 years, do. 7. The *Barque Skimmer*, on her return from Suez with the January mails, wrecked on the Moosmarree reef near Judda, Passengers and Crew saved, February 12. An extensive fire which raged with irresistible violence broke out at Bombay for three hours; 300 houses burnt to the ground, several persons perished in the flames, and property to a large amount consumed, February 19. The Goomsur Campaign terminated after the capture of several rebel chiefs, who were tried by martial law, convicted and suffered death, DOORA BISSOYE, the principal chief escaped, February. Another conspiracy to murder the French King discovered in Paris, Champion the chief Criminal and an old clothesman, constructed an infernal machine for the purpose, arrested and confined in prison, where he hung himself to a bar in the window by his cravat, February. MR. DAVIDSON, the celebrated *African Traveller*, after being robbed of all his property, murdered by a marauding party of the tribe of El Hareb at Shekeya, 27 days distance from Timbuctoo, February. The Right Honorable Sir F. ADAM, K. C. B. Ex-governor of Madras embarked for London on board the *Java*, March 4. The Right Honorable JOHN, LORD ELPHINSTONE, G. C. H. appointed Governor of Madras, arrived on board the *Royal Prince Regent Yacht*, and took his seat in Council, March 6. An extensive fire broke out at Jackson's ghat, Calcutta, several shops destroyed, and houses burnt to the ground, March 10. An atrocious attempt to assassinate JOHN LOCH, Esq. Deputy Chairman of the E. I. C. at the E. I. House by John

A. D.

Kearney, formerly employed as a Conductor of Ordnance in India, on the Ben. Est. ; he was immediately secured and placed in confinement, and afterwards destroyed himself by poison, March 15. A severe and almost decisive battle fought between the Carlists and General Evans' forces in Spain, when the latter sustained a severe defeat, do. 16. A violent and severe hail storm at Secunderabad, do. 31. A pestilential disease similar to the plague raged at Nusseerabad, and 50 persons died in two days, do. A Magazine at Bhurtpoor, containing upwards of 10,000 lb. of Powder exploded--30 persons killed and as many wounded--several houses built of stone shattered into fragments, do. Dr. Bathurst, Bishop of Norwich, died at the advanced age of 93 years, April 5. An alarming, formidable, and serious insurrection broke out in Canara--the Insurgents with an irregular force of 5000 armed men, principally Moplas of that country, and of Persian origin, attacked the town of Mangalore, murdered the Dawk runners and cut off all communication by land--the Collector was driven out, the town set fire to from one end to the other, and a Powder Magazine blown up. The *Barque Eamont*, Capt. N. Burstall, a vessel sailing from Bombay providentially passing the Fort and observing signals of distress hoisted on the Flag Staff, stood into the roads immediately and rendered assistance. The families of the Collector and other gentlemen residing at Canara, embarked and sailed for Cannanore--reinforcements from the nearest stations and from Bombay arriving, the insurgents were repulsed with heavy loss, do. 5. A second attack made by the insurgents at Mangalore ; the enemy advanced from four different quarters, but being met by discharges from the canonades smartly followed up by attacking parties, they were forced to retire with 40 killed, 2 of the number being leaders, April 7. The *Barque Rebecca* bound for Calcutta from Liverpool wrecked to the southward of Ganjam, April 21. A wide and destructive conflagration at Surat for three days which destroyed nearly 20,000 houses accompanied by considerable loss of life and property, April 24. The Ex-Rajah of Queda, who had for some time been preparing an attack upon the Town of Singapore, captured on his own Brig by H. M. Sloop *Zebra* and carried to Penang as a state prisoner, April 25. A fire broke out in the lines of the 73d Bengal N. I. at Barrackpore, destroying the whole of their lines and bazars, April 27. The plague spread rapidly over the southern portions of Marwar, near Bombay, 100,000 died since its first appearance, April. The King of Ava died, April. A battle fought between Runjeet Singh (the Sikhs) and Dost Mahomed Khan (the Affghans) Troops--the latter with an Army of 15,000 men attacked the Sikh troops by surprise at Peshwur, and after a desperate conflict and considerable loss on both sides, the battle ended in favor of the Affghans, May 12. A violent inundation from heavy rain in the interior of Colombo, May 24. The surf at Madras extremely boisterous, several boats on returning from the ships in the roads swamped and lives lost, do. 28. The Duc de Orleans, eldest son of the King of the French, married to Princess Helena of Mecklenburgh Schwerin, do. 30. The Cholera raged violently in the lines of the 8th Madras N. I. on their march from Berhampoor to Palaveram, between 80 and 90 persons died, May. Two destructive fires took place in Molunjah, Calcutta, and upwards of 1000 tiled and thatched houses destroyed, June 4. A violent and destructive storm at Bombay, 15 ships with Native Buggalows and smaller craft driven ashore. The Steamers *Hugh Lindsay* and *Berenice* seriously injured. Several Europeans and Natives died, and property to the amount of 20 lacs of Rupees destroyed, June 15. Baleanaph who raised the standard of Apparamph in the Canara insurrection executed, June 19. His Most Gracious Majesty K. William IV. died at Windsor, aged 72 years, and the Princess Victoria, only daughter of the late Duke of Kent, succeeded to the throne, June 20.

A. D.

A political disturbance in the internal administration of Burmah took place in Ava. The Prince of Tharawaddy, or New King, made a triumphal entry into the capital, and the people immediately testified their allegiance to him, June. The Cholera raged violently at Madras, proving chiefly fatal to the Native inhabitants, June. The Ship *Futty Salam*, commanded by a Nacodah, on her voyage from Surat to Mocha wrecked on the East Coast of Socotra, six of her crew perished, July. His Majesty the King of Oude died at the age of 35 years; a disturbance took place in the city by the Begum, who endeavoured to place her son on the throne, in consequence a battle was fought, between her troops and the Uncle of the late King, but by the interference of the British Resident it was quelled after a loss on both sides. Nuwab Musseer Ood Dowlah the Uncle, proclaimed King, with the sanction of the British Resident, July 8th. A serious insurrection broke out in Portugal, having for its object the re-establishment of Don Pedro's constitution. The Marquis Saldanha took refuge at the British Ambassador's, and the Marchioness on board Her Britannic Majesty's Ship *Pearl*, July 12. A severe action fought between the Pretender's troops in Spain and the Queen's forces, July 17. The Cholera broke out to a considerable extent, and committed great ravages in the city of Hyderabad. Between 150 and 200 died daily. About this time accounts were received from the principal stations in the interior, of its breaking out to an alarming extent, July 18. A dreadful mutiny on board the British Ship *Fanny*, Captain Mackay, which sailed from Chanuroo Bay for Lintin. The captain, officers, and greater part of the European crew murdered and thrown overboard by the Manibu seacunnies, who, after plundering the vessel and seizing specie to the amount of 100,000 dollars, sunk her to the North Coast of Luconia, the chief of the Philippine islands, Aug. 17. A Ministerial Revolution in Madrid: the Calatrava Ministry being overturned, a serious mutiny took place in Pamplona, General Sarsfield and Col. Mandeville killed, Aug. 22. Several ministerial changes took place at Madrid in Spain, Generals Alcara, Sarsfield and Rodil massacred by their Troops, General Buerens compelled to give battle to Don Carlos, who, with a superior force, compelled the Queen's Army to retreat, do. 24. An awful gale at *Sauger Point* near Calcutta; the Brig *Highland Chief* wrecked on the sands, crew saved, do. do. The Cholera raged dreadfully at Lucknow, no less than from 700 to 1,000 carried off daily, do. 25. A serious gale at Surat, the river Taplea rose higher by 9 feet than on any former inundation, do. 27. The Brig *Eliza* wrecked on the inner bank of the Bar, at Port Natal—Passengers and crew saved, Sept. 1. A gang of Thugs, 60 in number, chiefly of the Mussulman tribe, caught in a village near Durwar by an Officer in charge of the Thuggee Department, Sept. 2. H. M. Ship *Terror*, which left England under the command of Capt. Back to explore the North Western Passage, returned to Ireland in a sinking state, after an unsuccessful attempt, Sept. 3. An expedition composed of two French corvettes, under the command of Captain D. Urillee, left France for the purpose of exploring the Arctic Seas, Sept. 4. The new British Legion formed subsequently to the departure of Colonel Evans in Spain attacked by an overwhelming force of the Carlists, the Spanish Troops desert them, they are almost totally destroyed, Sept. 13. The Civil war in Portugal suddenly brought to an end after a severe battle, between the Constitutionalists and Charterists; a convention agreed upon between the leaders of the two parties, by which the Marquis of Saldanha and the Duke of Terceira, the principal adherents to the Charterist party, bind themselves to leave Portugal, Sept. 18. The Ship *Royal William*, from London to Calcutta, in attempting to enter Table Bay, wrecked at Green Point: passengers and part

A. D.

of the cargo saved, Sept. 19. His Majesty Akbar Shah, King of Delhi, died at the age of 82 years, and his Royal Highness the Prince Mirza Mahomed Abou Zaffer, eldest son of his late Majesty, ascended the throne, Sept. 28. Doora Bissoye, the Goomsoor rebel, captured and lodged in the Cuttack Jail, Oct. 1. A severe gale at Madras : the Ship *Thalia* and the Brigs *Ayr* and *Delight* wrecked, do. Sir Benjamin Malkin, Puisne Judge of the Supreme Court of Bengal, died at that Presidency, October 21. An open insurrection and rebellion took place in the lower province of Canada : the rebels taking to arms, an English force assembled under Colonel Wetherall, after an action of several hours, stormed the stockades, by which the Canadians were defeated with severe loss in killed and wounded, Oct. 28. Constantina, after a desperate struggle, with a French Army of 14,000 men under the command of General Damremont, and the storming party under the command of the Duke de Nemours, stormed and taken by the French after the fifth assault, with a loss of 6000 of the troops of the Bey, and a number of the inhabitants who perished in the slaughter, and a loss of 97 killed and 494 wounded on the part of the French, with General Damremont, October. A Mussallah Boat, in attempting to cross the Bar of Madras swamped and seven persons perished, November 1. The Right Hon. J. A. Stuart MacKenzie, appointed Governor of Ceylon arrived at Colombo, and took his seat in Council, November 7. The Cholera raged violently in the lines of the 27th Regiment Native Infantry on their route from Bangalore to Samulcottah, and at Arnee with H. M. 63d Foot, several Europeans and a great number of Natives carried off daily. The Queen visited Guildhall, November 9. A terrific thunder storm at Madras which continued several hours, November 11. Her Majesty the Queen of the Netherlands died, aged 63 years, November 11. A force of 80,000 Russians sent to Circassia, but returned ; most of them having lost their sight through ophthalmia, Nov. 24. His Royal Highness Prince Frederick, of the Netherlands, and Prince of Orange Nassau, arrived at Calcutta, November 28. A desperate action took place between the Circassians and a Russian force : the former repelled the Russian invaders, and attacked the whole line of Russian posts on the Tereck. A force of 600 horsemen entered Bouinaki, cut to pieces the garrison of 200 men, fired the town and carried the cattle into the mountains. The Russians retreated from Circassia and 8 of their men of war were driven ashore, November. The Royal Geographical Society of France awarded a gold medal of 1000 francs to Captain Back for his discoveries in the Arctic regions, November. Sir Benjamin D'Urban, Governor at the Cape recalled, and succeeded by Major General Napier, November. A serious disturbance in Canton. The British flag struck, and Captain Elliott, Superintendent in Canton, embarked for Macao. The Opium trade completely put a stop to at Lintin, Dec. Two typhoons occurred in the China Seas, by which several vessels suffered severely, December. The Brig *Charles Stewart*, of Arracan, upset at sea : 2 American passengers, one Native and two boys perished, December. Burmese affairs assumed an unpleasant appearance : several persons murdered by Burman robbers from the other side of the water, active preparations seemed to be making for war, December. The town of Aden definitively made over to the British power, December. The mountain tribes of Circassia attacked the Russian posts and a severe action fought near Derbent to the disadvantage of the latter, December. The Civil war in Lower Canada finally subdued—the insurgents surrendered unconditionally to Sir John Colborne—105 made prisoners, December 17.

1838 The Ship *Elizabeth*, free trader from Bristol to Madras, wrecked near Linga Chetty's choultry, 57 miles south of Madras : passengers and crew saved, Jan. 9. The winter in England excessively severe,

A. D.

The thermometer stood 5 degrees below Zero of Fahrenheit, Jan 10. The Italian Opera house at Paris destroyed by fire, January 15. The Hon. G. E. Russell, Esq. late Member of Council, embarked for England on the *True Briton* January 22. A dreadful famine in the Upper provinces of Bengal; thousands of the Natives perished from starvation, subscriptions raised throughout the country for the support of the native population, January—The Royal Exchange of London burnt to the ground, January—The Venerable Earl of Eldon died in his 87th year, January 13. The winter palace of the Emperor Nicholas at St. Petersburg totally destroyed by fire, January. A destructive fire took place in Khandalia near Bombay, destroying the whole of the village, January. A dreadful massacre of the emigrant farmers or Boers in the Caffre country took place at Port Natal near the Cape, by Dingann the Zoola Chief and his tribe of 10,000 men, who surrounded the families and massacred men, women, and children, amounting to 270 persons, Feb. 6. A dreadful fire took place in the town of Surat, which destroyed 100 houses, 2 lines and a great number of cattle, and at Lajpore 9 miles from Surat, goods to the amount of nearly one lakh of Rupees, Feb. 7. A disturbance took place at Assam, a detachment of Assam Light Infantry suddenly attacked from a breast work on the top of a hill by Beega Gaoomsen; the infantry attacked the stockade, but found the chiefs had made their escape. The King of Tharawaddy under a false expectation of the English being about to attack Hlookum, sent a party of 3000 men to the place as a defence, Feb. 10. The siege of Herat raised by the Schah of Persia. The Schah after reducing to subjection several rebel tribes in Kurdistan, arrived before Herat with 60,000 men and 200 pieces of artillery and invested the town. The Schah commenced the siege, and the lines of attack traced by Russian Officers who obtained permission to serve the Schah. They compel the Russians to surrender, Feb. 10. A grand farewell entertainment given to Sir Charles Metcalfe, Bart. G. C. B. on the 13th at Calcutta, previously to his embarking on the *St. George*, for England, Feb. 15. Her Majesty Queen Victoria, held the first levee of her reign, Feb. 21. A considerable portion of the city of Broussa destroyed by fire, Feb. His Royal Highness Prince Henry of Orange, arrived at Madras on board H. N. M. Frigate *Bellona* from Calcutta, March 1. The Hon. Mr. Amos, 4th Ordinary Member of Council and head of the Law Commission in India, arrived at Madras on the ship *Robarts*, March 2. A dreadful accident occurred at Government House while preparations had been making for a grand illumination and pyrotechnic display in honour of Prince Henry of Orange. Some loose powder having ignited, a frightful explosion took place, 4 Natives killed, March 9. The Cholera appeared with fearful violence around Point Pedro in the Jaffna district, between 30 and 40 deaths occurred daily, March 9. His Royal Highness Prince Henry of Orange embarked for the Netherlands on board H. N. M. Frigate, *Bellona*, March 13. A violent and destructive gale at Liverpool, several houses blown down and ships driven ashore and stranded including the *Orient* from Bombay, March 20. Mr. Poynder's motion on British connexion with Idolatry negatived at the Quarterly Meeting at the India House, March 23. The insurrectionary movements in Canada renewed aided by Volunteers from the United States, March. Papineau, the leader of the Canadian rebels, perished in the woods after his flight from St. Charles, March. The Circassians succeed in blowing up the Russian fortress of Gelenjik, March. An attempt made by the Ultra Revolutionary party at Lisbon to possess themselves of the reins of Government: a regular battle fought between the troops and the rebels, the latter completely defeated with loss of life, March. The famine and cholera in the North Western Provinces prevailed to a serious extent; innumerable deaths took

A. D.

place both of men and cattle, and thousands emigrated to the South ; subscriptions opened in Madras for the sufferers, March. The *Mary Caroline*, an English Vessel laden with 500 tons of Coals, struck on one of the rocks at the entrance of the harbour at Alexandria and wrecked. A boat with an Officer and 6 Egyptian sailors sent to render assistance totally lost. The crew of the Vessel saved, March 20. A severe action fought between the Carlists and the National Guards of Huesca : after an obstinate resistance of 36 hours the Guards routed the Carlist army which sustained a severe loss, March 21. His Excellency Vice Admiral Sir F. L. Maitland, K. C. B. appointed Commander in Chief of H. M. Naval forces in India arrived at Madras, April 3. A Russian force of 60,000 men stationed on the Pruth who formed magazines on that line, April 10. H. M. Brig *Rapid* wrecked on a reef of rocks to the westward of Cape Bon in Malta : Lieut. the Hon. G. Kinnaird, Commander, drowned, April 12. A dreadful conflagration occurred at Mozufferpore, in the mofussil district, which completely destroyed the whole of that Station : property to a large amount and upwards of 100 lives lost, April 29. A dreadful famine in the Dooab, hundreds perish daily from want, April. A Sailor's Home and Temperance Society established in the Town of Madras, April. King Tharrawaddy, positively and finally refused to receive a new Resident, or to comply with any other demands which were insisted on by the Agents of Government, April. The disturbance in Canada completely suppressed : two attempts by the insurgents failed, April. A decisive victory gained by the Circassians over the Russians at Shashew, where the latter landed a large force to erect a fort. An army of 7,000 Circassians attacked the invaders, routed them completely, and obliged them to re-embark, with considerable loss, April. A second attack made by General O'Donnell in Spain, with an Army of 3000 men, against the Carlists : after 48 hours cannonading, the latter evacuated the fort and retired in good order, April. The Ship *Neptune* of London (East Indiaman) driven on the rocks at Godrevy in Ireland and wrecked ; all on board perished, May 15. The British Queen a new built Steamer of 1862 tons launched in the Thames, May 16. Prince Talleyrand, President of the Council of France died at Paris in his 84th year, May 17. The Hon. Sir W. Roush, Kt. Chief Justice of Ceylon died, May 19. The state of British affairs in Persia assumed a threatening aspect ; Mr. McNeill, the British Envoy, ordered to quit the Persian Court, — British interests threatened by Russian intrigue, and a body of Russians entered the Persian service, for the purpose of maintaining the influence of the Czar in the Councils of the Shah, May. A bloody transaction took place at Ava : the Heir Apparent, and several of his followers, upon a pretended charge of high treason put to death May. A terrific conflagration took place at Charleston in America, which consumed nearly 2-3ds of the city, and property to a very large amount destroyed ; also several steam boat explosions, May. The Canadian Steamer *Sir R. Peel*, having on board 60,000 dollars in specie besides cargo and baggage, seized by a party of Americans and burnt with all its contents, after turning the Passengers on shore. May 29. The East India Company voted a sword value 200 guineas to Captain Chads, R. N. for his exertions in the suppression of piracy in the Indian Seas, May. A daring dacoity took place at Hussingabad ; a party attacked the city, cutting down every one who opposed them, killed 5 men, wounded several, and carried off 15,000 Rs. in money and goods. June 3, The American Ship *Gaspar*, totally lost at Hooghly point, crew saved, June 10. The famine in the city of Agra increased to a fearful extent, 170 die daily, June 21. The Bark *Ruby* on her passage from China to Bombay foundered to the northward of Chagos Archipelago, with specie to the amount of 30

A. D.

lacs crew saved, June 22. A large force of the Goorka tribe, assembled and took possession of Nogra near Dorjeling, formerly occupied by the Company's Sepoys, June 23. An attack made by Genl O'Donnell with 5 Battalions, the Lancers, and Artillery of the English Legion against the Carlist line at St. Sebastian, when the Carlists retired, their retrrenchments were destroyed, June 24. A daring dacoity perpetrated at Sulkeah and Chetpore, attended with the murder of four persons : from 50 to 60 marched into the Bazar in the form of a marriage procession, and plundered several houses to a large amount June 25. Prince Mirza Hyder Shekoh, cousin of His Majesty the Emperor of Delhi, tried by the laws of his country and found guilty of the wilful murder of his wife Kandra Sultan Begum and executed at Delhi, June 26. A dreadful fire raged for 5 days at Cairo from 250 to 300 large houses burned down, June 26. Her Majesty Queen Victoria crowned, on occasion of which an extensive Brevet in the army and navy of Her Majesty, and in the army of the E. I. Co. took place, and a creation of Peers and Baronets to a limited extent, June 28. The cholera broke out violently at Seringapatam, between 5 and 6 were carried off daily, June. 80 Pirates killed and captured by H. M. *Ship Wolf* in the straits of Singapore, June. Dost Mahomed Khan the chief of Cabool, joined the king of Persia with an army of 125,000 men, June. A singular riot occurred in the neighbourhood of Canterbury; a mob in number about 150 assembled to listen to the harangues of a lunatic calling himself Sir W. Courtenay, but whose real name was Thom. A party of Soldiers commanded by Lieut. Bennett, H. M. 45th Foot, proceeded to disperse them, and to seize the lunatic, when the latter killed the Officer by a shot fired from a pistol, and was immediately afterwards himself destroyed by the musketry; 9 of the Rioters killed, 8 wounded, and 27 taken prisoners, June. The late disputes between Mexico and France, resulted in the latter demanding a sum 600,000 Dollars and an apology. The Mexican Government tendered the former, but refused the latter, and in consequence their posts were blockaded by French vessels, June. A new treaty agreed to between Portugal and England for the suppression of the slave trade, June. The Russians completely failed in an attempt to land a considerable force in the East at Sothana in Circassia, and upwards of 400 men lost, June. The Right Honorable Sir Robert Grant, G.C.H. Governor of Bombay, died at Dapooree, July 9. A public meeting held at Calcutta to petition the Governor General in Council for the prohibition of exporting Coolies to the British Colonies, July 10. The *Enterprise* a new Steamer built at Calcutta launched, July 10. The Ship *Africa* free trader, foundered off Venloo's Bay, 40 miles to the Southward of Trincomallee—passengers and crew saved, July 18. Mehemet Ali, Pacha of Egypt, proclaimed his independence and refused to pay any further tribute to the Turkish Sultan, July 21. H. H. The Nizam's Pilgrim Ship *Mecca*, burnt to the water's edge at Bombay, no lives lost, July 24—The Brig *Frederica*, wrecked on the coast in the Nellore district, July 28—A destructive fire took place near the Monegar Choultry, which burnt 220 houses to the ground, July 30. The mercantile community of Singapore voted their thanks and a sword, value 100 guineas, to Captain Stanley, of H. M. Ship *Wolf* for his persevering and successful exertions to cripple the pirates in those seas, July. A battle fought between the Afghans and Persians; 500 of the former made a sortie from Herat, attacked a corps of 2,500 Persians, put them to flight, and made good their retreat into the city, without loss, leaving 300 of the Persians dead in the trenches, July. The blockade of Buenos Ayres rigorously enforced by the French Admiral, July. The *Raj Ranea* free trader wrecked on the eastern reefs near Calcutta : the Captain with twelve of the crew perished, August 1. The Bark *Sir Herbert Taylor*, free

trader on her way from Penang to Calcutta, upset. Passengers and crew saved, August 10. The Nepaulese concentrated a large force behind the Butwall pass near Goruckpore, where they formed extensive magazines, August 16. An alarming inundation occurred at Allahabad; the bunds of the Ganges gave way, the waters of that river and the Jumna rose to an alarming height of forty five feet, inundating two miles and a half, and sweeping away the largely populated bazars, August 23. The Duchess of Orleans delivered of a prince, August 24. Colonel Benson, Resident, embarked from Rangoon (unattended by a single Burmese functionary) in consequence of King Tharawaddy refusing to receive any one from the British Government, Aug. 29. The statue of the late Sir T. Munro, landed at Madras from England, from the Ship *Asia*, August 30. A desperate attack made on Herat by the Persians, which was gloriously repulsed by the gallant band which formed the garrison, killing a great number of the enemy, and among the rest a Russian Ambassador and his A. D. C. August. The town of Quedah in the possession of the Siamese at Singapore attacked and retaken by the Malays, August. The siege of Herat abandoned by His Majesty the King of Persia, who complied with the whole of the demands made by the British Government, through Lieutenant Colonel Stoddart, September 9. A force of 120,000 Russian troops with more than 400 pieces of Artillery assembled on the frontiers of Turkey, September 1. The complete line of rail road from London to Birmingham, opened September 17. A severe action fought between General Alaix of Spain and the Carlists, the former attacked by a superior force, and after losing 200 of his men, and 400 made prisoners, forced to retire, September 19. Serious disaffection pervaded the French Army; several Officers and Soldiers imprisoned in Paris and Lyons, charged with participation in a plot to change the dynasty in France, and to place Prince Louis Buonaparte on the throne, September 24. The Bark *Claremont*, bound from Bombay to China, wrecked, crew saved, September 24. The French blockades in America kept up, and hostilities occurred at Mexico where they attempted a landing but were repulsed, September. Several acts of piracy committed in the neighbourhood of Tringanu in Singapore. The Dutch Schooner *Maria Frederica* captured, September. War declared between the East India Company, and Persia and Dost Mahomed Khan the Prince of Cabul, the latter having broken the treaty of 1832 with the British Government and dethroned His Majesty Shah Soojah ool Molk, and the Court of Persia having commenced a course of injury and insult to the Officers of Her Majesty's mission in the Persian territory, October 1. His Highness the Nawaub of Moorshedabad died, Oct. 3. His Highness Moomtag Ool Oomrah Behaudoor, Uncle of His Highness the Naib-i-Mookhtar died at Madras, October 19. A severe gale off the Sandheads at Calcutta. The Ship *Protector* free trader from London to Calcutta wrecked and 112 soldiers with crew and passengers lost. Several vessels totally dismantled, and a number of boats destroyed—October 18. The Duke of Northumberland, free trader from Madras to London, wrecked off Cape L'Aguillas: passengers and crew saved, October 25. The British fleet anchored in the Dardanelles, and the Admiral sought an interview with Lord Ponsonby. The Russian fleet in the *Euxine* stopped and over hauled vessels of all nations, paying no regard to passports or protection. A Russian envoy disgraced for holding friendly intercourse with some Englishmen, October. The Right Reverend George Trevor Spencer, D. D., appointed Bishop of Madras, arrived, November 3. Sir H. W. Seton, Kt. appointed Puisne Justice, landed at Calcutta, November 13. Sir John Keane, with his staff and the Bombay Army, destined to form part of the force for the North Western frontier, sailed from Bombay and landed on the banks of the Indus, November 27. H.H.

A. D.

The Rajah of Kolapore on his pilgrimage to Tooljopoor expired in his 37th year, Nov. 29. A serious disturbance took place in the lines of the 3d Light Cavalry at Sholapoor; the men broke out in open mutiny and shewed a spirit of insubordination, refusing obedience until a promise was given that they should get their extra batta, Nov. The Siamese Ship the *Conqueror*, the property of the King of Siam, totally lost on the west of Hainam, crew saved, Nov. His Excellency Lieutenant General Sir Jasper Nicolls, K. C. B., appointed Commander in Chief of the Madras Army, arrived in the *Carnatic*, landed, and was sworn into office, December 21.

Arrivals and Departures of Ships,

from and to England, with their Passengers, during the year 1838.

A R R I V A L S.

JANUARY 7.

Mary Ann, C. B. Tarbutt, Plymouth 20th Sept.

Passengers—Mrs. Richmond, Mrs. O'Neill, Miss Tomes, Miss Mary Tomes, C. P. Brown, Esq. doctor Richmond, lieut. Burgoyne, the rev. R. Caldwell: Steerage Passengers—Mrs. Butterfield, and Miss Jones.

JANUARY 9.

Elizabeth, W. Thomas, Bristol, 5th September, wrecked at Linga Chitty's choultry, 57 miles south of Madras.

Passengers—Mesdames Crowther and 5 children, Best, Male and Jenkins, rev. Jonathan Crowther, general supt. of Wesleyan missions in India and Ceylon; rev. messrs. Best, Male, Jenkins, Griffith, and Fox, Wesleyan missionaries, and 2 seamen from the Island of Tristan D'Acunha.

JANUARY 25.

Roxburgh Castle, W. Cumberland, London 11th Oct. and Cape of Good Hope 11th December.

Passengers—Lady Henry Gordon, mesdames Mountain, Maitland, Campbell, and Shedden; major A. S. H. Mountain, h. m. 26th (or Cameroonian) regt. captains Ludlow and Fraser, Bengal est. capt. J. Lewis, 24th M. N. I.; lieuts. Maitland, Campbell and Hawkes; ensigns Eveleigh, Palmer & Bond, h. m.'s 4th (or the Kings own) regt.; cornets Deacon and Rosser h. m.'s 13th lt. drags. W. Shedden, esq. asst. surg. Mad. est. ensign G. S. Mardell, 16th M N I, Mr. Fisher, cadet, Bengal est. messrs Fraser, Kempster, Tucker and Newberry, cadets, Mad. est. 2 masters Page. Steerage Passengers—Mrs. Dick, 1 ayah, 2 European servants, 3 female native servants, 4 soldiers of h m 4th (or King's own) and 1 do. of h m 26th (or Cameroonian) regt of foot.

MARCH 2.

Roberts, B. J. Elder, London—Portsmouth 6th Nov. and Table Bay 9th January.

Passengers for Madras—Maj. and

mrs. Crisp and 3 children, captain I. G. Wallace, 8th light cav, messrs. Walker, Mannin, and Crisp, cadets: For Calcutta—Hon. Mr and Mrs Amos and 2 children, maj. Andrews, Mr Toone, C. S., Baron Von Steng, messrs Bennett, Barretto, Chamberlain, Higgins, G. Hampston and J. Hampston; from the Cape—Colonel and Mrs England and family, Mr and Mrs Birch: Steerage Passengers—Messrs Heritage and Stoddart, 2 privates h. m.'s service and 6 native female servants.

APRIL 3.

H. M. Ship Wellesley, 74, Capt. T. Maitland, London—bearing the flag of his excellency rear admiral Sir Frederick L. Maitland, K. C. B.

APRIL 14.

David Scott, R. Spence, London 25th Nov. and Cape 22d Feb.

Passengers—For Madras—Doctor and Mrs Murray, Miss Murray, lieut Ogilvie, ensigns Pratt and Madigan, messrs. Tulloch, Hare, and Austin, 2 soldiers and 2 servants: for Calcutta—Mrs Craigie, capt Compton, Mr and Mrs Taylor, ensigns Shaw and Postlethwaite; Mr Hopkinson, Mr Oakes, Mr Jays, Mr Wale, Mr Palmer, 1 soldier, 3 servants, and Mrs Whitmore.

APRIL 14.

H. M. S. Favorite, Walter Croker, esq. commander, Plymouth 7th, Santa Cruz, 22d Nov. 1837, Cape of Good Hope, 31st Jan. and Trincomallee, 12th April 1838.

Passengers—None.

APRIL 17.

Malcolm, James Eyles, Portsmouth 1st Jany.

Passengers—Mesdames Fenning, Malum and Ongley, Misses Wall, Austin, Barlow and A. Wilson, P. Hansen, esq. member of council, Danish service; messrs S. D. Dale, A. F. Place, A. L. Steele, G. Emerson, W. E. P. Williston, F. M. French, H. S. Manley, W. Dent, H. O. Flemming, F. K. Wallace, R. Burn, S. C. Malum, B. A.; F. T.

Peterson, H. T. Edwards, C. S. Reynolds, H. K. Mainwaring and G. E. Ford; two masters Malum, Mrs Longden, Mrs Hunt, and Mrs A. Cromwell.

APRIL 22.

H. M. S. Hyacinth, W. Warren, esq commander, England 3d and Teneriffe 17th Dec. 1837—Cape of Good Hope, 2d March and Trincomallee 19th April.

Passengers—None.

APRIL 26.

Favourite, Thomas Robinson, Liverpool 25th Oct. Rio de Janeiro 21st January, Monte Video 4th Feb. Mauritius 26th March, Colombo 19th, and Trincomallee, 24th April.

Passengers—None.

MAY 12.

Larkins, C. Ingram, London—Portsmouth 16th January.

Passengers—Mrs Impey, lieut E. H. Impey, 31st L I, D. McFarlane, esq, asst surgeon, messrs Thistleton, Eloins, Owen, Dallas and Kiernan, cadets;—for Calcutta, Mrs Filer and child, captain S. Filer, h m 16th lancers, cadets Mills, Locket, Smalpage, Milner, Bedford, and Ross, 1 male and 2 female servants.

MAY 14.

Duke of Northumberland, G. W. Wood, London—, and Portsmouth 17th January.

Passengers—Mesdames Mellor and child, Fennel & child, misses Hughes and Stafford, capt J. Mellor, 20th N I, the revd Mr Fennel, asst chaplain, Dr. Auchinleck, lieuts Brown, Morgan, and Bourdillon, captain Strettell 20th N I, messrs Jones, Mowbray, Danbey, Nuthall, Glaxton and Simpson, ensign Egar, h. m. 62d foot, (Mr E. Leith, cadet for Bengal, drowned at sea.)

MAY 16.

Isabella, Charles Munro, Portsmouth 10th January.

Passenger—Mr. Hugh Innes Mundell, cadet.

MAY 18.

Bolton, Young, London, 19th Jan.

Passengers for Madras—Messrs Martin, Bott and Selby; For Calcutta—Major Benson, messrs W.

Young, Gwynn, Lyall, 2 Vaurenons, Nepean, Bruce, Crossman, Gordon, and Powell.

JUNE 13.

Kellie Castle, David Buchan, London 27th Feb. and Portsmouth 8th March.

Passengers for Madras—Mesdames Shirreff, Gottreux, Binny and child, miss Dyer; capt R. Shirreff, 2d M N I, lieut F. Gottreux, 1st M N I, revd W. T. Humphrey, ensign A. M. Herbert h m 62d regt; messrs A. C. B. Neill, John Coleridge and C. Woodford, asst surgeons, messrs Jas. Fotheringham, T. M. Macgregor, A. W. Simpkins, A. Tripe, E. G. Colebrooke, Scobell, Western and Bernard, cadets, servants, Mrs Barber, Mrs Jay and Mrs Howard: for Singapore—Mr John Connolly, and Mr John Connolly, junior; for Calcutta—Mrs Col Frushard, Mrs Gordon, miss Frushard, miss Hedger, miss Small, lieut J. F. Gordon, B N I, lieut J. Fairtlough h m 16th regt, ensign T. W. Hawkey, B N I, Mr C. Flyter, asst surg, H M S, messrs Bowling, Veal and A. Paton, asst surgeons, messrs E. R. Cookson, E. Holroyd, J. Comyn, J. R. McMahonlin, R. J. Meade, H. B. Lumsden, M. Durnford, L. Faddy, James M'Cause, and M. Scott, cadets; Servants, Mrs Gray, Mrs Dawson, an ayah, 25 lascars and J. Clarke private h m's 16th foot.

JUNE 14.

Clandine, Chas. Kemp, London 21st Jany. and Cape 19th April.

Passengers—Captain John Back, Madras Arty, messrs Hyde, Campbell, Southey, Shearman, Jeremiah, Phillips and Brown: for Calcutta—Mrs Ryah and 1 Portuguese servant.

JUNE 19.

Abberton, Henry Shuttleworth, London 17th February, and Cape of Good Hope 13th May.

Passengers for Madras—Messrs De Wett, Adamson, and Impey, cadets, 1 native servant: for Calcutta—Mrs Shuttleworth and child, C. Marnell, esq, asst surg, Ed. Boulton, H C S, messrs Thos. Blackall, W. Trevor Law, G. M. Brodie and Ed. Stone—Geo. MacWhirter, steerage passenger, Ann Webster, Eur servt, G. Solomon, servt, 2 natives and 1

female servt and child. Left at the Cape—Mrs Bickersteth, and 3 children, dr Bickersteth, mr Ed. Bickersteth ; mr Smee, mr G. Calton and wife, steerage passengers—and Ann Shortwell, servant.

JUNE 23.

Eliza, Mark J. Lay, London 26th February.

Passengers for Madras—Lieut A. Salmon, M N I, messrs T. A. Turquand, E. Paley, C. Power, and F. Tower, cadets ; for Calcutta—Cadet H. T. Repton, J. D. Koch and J. C. Koch, merchants, 6 arty men, 1 woman and 1 child.

JULY 4.

La Belle Alliance, C. Arkcoll, London 19th Feb., and Cape 27th May.

Passengers for Calcutta—Mrs Watts and child, and servant, Eliza Hemery ; mr Faithful, asst surg ; for Madras—Mesdames Low and servant Peggy, and Porteous ; misses Poulton, Susan Poulton, Smith and Evans ; J. Underwood, esq, surg, 2d member med. board, David Petrie, servant ; major W. Havelock, k n h m's 4th drs, major W. Low 8th N I, ensign Campbell, h m's 4th (or king's own) regt, capt G. W. Moore 3d L I, lieut A. B. Kerr, 24th N I, mr Porteous, asst surg, mr Shakespeare, cadet, messrs Smith, Evans, and Morris ; Agnes Kerr and John Tolashee, servants.

JULY 6.

John Fleming, C. Rose, Portsmouth 15th March, and Cape of Good Hope 30th May.

Passengers—Mesdames Maling, Henderson and child, captains C. S. Maling, 68th B N I and Parker, Bengal est, messrs Paton, Sewell, Maler, Henderson, Wilford, Hughes, Maling, Layard, Luken, Money, Shaw, Ferguson, Gorges, Bannister, Bayley, Lambert, Boileau, Wallace, Salisbury, Rich, J. Clair, Tennott, Mayne, Newton, D. Jessier, Dickenson, Baurner and Reynolds ; 2 male and 2 female servants.

JULY 6.

Frances Smith, W. H. Edmonds, London 2d April.

Passengers—Mrs Edmonds, misses Pennington, Missing, and Morton ;—Lyne esq ; lieut B. Smith Ben est, lieut F. J. Carruthers, 2d Mad cav, Lieut. Mann 11th M N I ; asst surgs

Kennedy and C. Morton ; messrs J. H. J. Grant, J. Richards, J. P. Scott and C. W. Wilmot.

JULY 28.

Lady Raffles, J. S. Biles, London 26th Feb. and Rio Janeiro 23d May.

Passengers—Mrs Sewell, misses E. and S. Christopher ; révd messrs John Hands and James Sewell, capt Forbes 20th M N I, messrs Robert Harthill and Henry Eddy, asst surgs ; messrs John McDonald, Francis H. Warren, George Ogle Jacob, Chas. M. Sneyd, William Ferris, William Campbell, Frederick Wroughton, and Robert Laidley, cadets ; mrs Paterson, servt to miss Christopher, and mr W. Stephen, servant.

JULY 30.

Stratheden, A. Cheape, London 20th April.

Passengers—Mrs Williams, miss Armstrong ; major Williams 1st M N I, ensign J. Elkington h m 62d regt, mr W. Swinton, cadet ; mr W. Vansomeran, 1 Eur. and 2 native servants.

AUGUST 2.

Reliance, Thomas Marquis, London, 27th April.

Passengers—Mesdames Ouseley and Proudfoot ; misses Ousely, Marquis and S. Marquis ; capts Hughes Dudgeon, and Proudfoot Ben est ; lieut Ousely, dr Campbell, ensigns T. Little h m 39th and C. Young h m 62d foot, R. J. Sullivan, esq. writer, messrs Hodson, Stratton, Kemp, Stepney, and Horsburgh, cadets.

AUGUST 12.

H M S Volage, H. Smith esq. commander, Plymouth 23d March, Madeira —, Rio Janeiro —, Cape of Good Hope —, Algoa Bay —, and Trincomallee.

Passengers—The hon T. C. Robertson, esq member supreme council, Calcutta, and capt A. Boddam, h m 18th foot, from Trincomallee.

AUGUST 13.

Branken Moor, David Smith, London 11th Feb. Port Louis, and Mauritius 15th July.

Passengers—None.

AUGUST 15.

Orwell, George P. Collard, London—, Start Point 4th May.

Passengers—Col and mrs Home, misses Poingdester and Stevens ; lieut and mrs Campbell and child ;

messrs W. C. Maclean and Stevens asst surgeons; messrs Macartney, Silver, Russel, Smith and Cooper, cadets; messrs Maxwell and Campbell, merchants; 1 Eur and 2 native female servants.

AUGUST 15.

Minerva, George Ireland, London —, Portsmouth 11th May.

Passengers — Mesdames Paske, Lavie, McFarlane, Rippon, Logan, and Langley; misses Harris, Hale, Hoare, McKenzie, Tulloch and Young; col T. T. Paske, arty; capts T. D. Rippon, 8th N I, Geo. Logan, 41st N I and J. G. B. Bell, art.; messrs Campbell, Free, McKenzie, Green and Moore, cadets; servants mrs Coldrick, mrs Baines, mrs Richards, A McDonald, and 3 natives.

AUGUST 25.

Asia, Robert Gillies, London 2d and Portsmouth 6th May, Simons' Bay, Cape of Good Hope 18th July.

Passengers for Madras—two misses Hodson, and 1 female servant; lieutenant Hodson, lieutenant Jackson, 31st L I, ensigns Glazbrook, Campbell and Baldwin. h m 4th regt, ensign Morshead, h m 41st regt, assistant surgeon C. Hunter, h m 4th regt, W. E. Cochran, and E. C. Heywood, esquires, writers; mr Cunningham, cadet, and 4 Privates of the 4th, and one do. of the 41st regt; for Calcutta—Mrs Stokes, mrs Tapp, mrs Stone, mrs Disaudet, miss Tapp, miss Williams, 3 children of the revd mr Brooks, and 2 servants; captain Gowan and servant, lieutenant Stokes, lieutenant Audain, h m 16th regiment, messrs Tapp, Wilson, Blake, Nicols, Thornhill, Edwards, Gardner and Scott; asst surgeons Currie and Murray. Steerage Passengers—Messrs Lander, Miller, Silver and Kearney.

AUGUST 28.

Hindustan, G. J. Redman, London —, Lizard Point 2d May, arrived at Madeira 17th and sailed 26th May.

Passengers—Cadets G. K. Newberry, cavalry, and A. K. Clark, infantry.

AUGUST 28.

Colombo, D. Mackellar, London 2d, and Landsend 8th May.

Passengers—Mrs Bentfield & child, mesdames Whitlock and child, Morris and 2 children, miss Morris, lieutenants W. O. Pellowe M N I, J. Whitlock, 8th L C, and W. Morris,

Beng. N. I.; mr F. Stenton; mr and mrs Poulterer and child, miss M. A. Poulterer; servants, mrs Parrot and mrs Sims.

SEPTEMBER 22.

Seringapatam, George Denny, Portsmouth 1st July.

Passengers—Mesdames Hawthorne, Cowie, Lockhart, Campbell, Kerr, Pittars, and Spry; misses Hawthorne, A. Hawthorne, Fraser, Jarrett, Poe and Webster; col Hawthorne H C S mr Cowie; mr Lockhart H C S lieutenant Campbell, Madras arty; lieutenant A. B. Kerr, 24th N I, mr Pittars, rev A. Spry; rev mr Spring H C S; messrs Mortlock, Neasmeath, Bacon, Dodgson, Spry and Poe, cadets; captain Coleman, and ensign Kenney in charge of troops, mr Little, master Todd; mr Simpson, and master Spry; servants, mrs Logan, mrs Davis, mrs Ware, mrs Kennedy, miss J. Carter; James Paul, and one native; a detachment of h m's 68d regt, consisting of 56 men, 3 women and 6 children.

SEPTEMBER 28.

Plantagenet, J. Domett, Portsmouth 26th and Start Point 29th June.

Passengers for Madras—Mesdames Wright and Copleston, misses Chester and Davis; major J. E. Wright, capt Wood, and ensign W. Harding, h m 39th; capt Heriot, h m 55th; capt Price, h m 62d; ensign R. W. J. Money, 41st N I; T. T. Smith, esq. assist surg; mr Hoseason, cadet; 53 men, women & children of h m regts. —For Calcutta: Mesdames Hohenloe, Edge, Strangeways, Vandeleeer; misses Hodgson and Schneider, rev. messrs Schneider and Hohenloe, and messrs Miller and Morgan.

For Ceylon—The honorable G. Talbot.

OCTOBER 17.

Catherine, Charles S. Evans, London —, Downs 2d, and Lizard Point 8th June.

Passengers—Mesdames McKennie and MacDonald, misses Bowman, and H. Friend, majors F. J. Ellis, h m 62d and C. Warren, h m 55th regt, capt T. H. Humffreys arty, assist surgeons Cheyne, Witherbed, Strover, Wallick and Raikes; mr and mrs Howell and child, messrs Gleddon and Macdonald; messrs Hughesdon, Berdleson, Hyder, sear.

Hyder junior and Anderson ; cadet Daniel.

OCTOBER 23.

Mount Stuart Elphinstone, Keith, London—, Gravesend 22d June.

Passengers—Mrs Teale and child, captains P Percy Neville, h m 63d foot, capt Mounsey, and lieut Teale h m 4th regt, ensigns Carter and Lees h m 63d regt, capt and paymaster Lane h m 63d foot, Cadet Stevens, Mr Thos. Hulse, 184 men of h m 4th and 63d regts, 4 women & 2 children.

NOVEMBER 7.

China, John Biddle, Downs 1st June, and Cape 10th Sept.

Passengers for the Cape—Mesdames Burne and Hodgskin, misses De Wett, and Burne, major Burne and capt Yarborough h m 91st regt, Mr Hodgskin, master G. Hodgskin, (master F. Hodgskin died at sea) 6 steerage passengers, 1 male and 2 female servants :—for Madras, lieut Coats h m 55th regt ; for Calcutta :—Mesdames Chalmers, Guise, Bush, and King, miss Blackburn, lieut Chalmers, 43d B N I Mr Campbell and Dr Storey, 4 female servants, 6 artillery men in charge of horses—Passengers from the Cape—for Madras—Rev. R. A. Denton, B. A. and ensign F. W. Baynes, 22d M N I ; for Bengal, Mrs, miss, and lieut col Pattie, Beng. cavy, capt Van Heythuysen 24th B N I 6 servants.

NOVEMBER 11.

True Briton, C. Beach, London 18th July, and Cape of Good Hope 29th September.

Passengers for Madras—Mesdames colonel Downes, Horner, Hammond and Scheniman ; captain J. Horner h m 55th regt, captain P. Hammond, artillery, capt N. Geoghegan, 25th M N I, capt T. J. M. Johnstone, 21st M N I, F. Lushington, esq M C S, A. Moorat, esq, G. W. Scheniman, esq. surg. Mad. est, Dr Primrose ; children—misses Louisa and S. M. Hammond, & 4 servants ; —for Calcutta : Mesdames Beach, Boyes, Nisbet, Trevelyan, and Macqueen, Baron de Lotzbeck, rev Mr Boyes, chaplain, P C E Lewarner, esq B C S, R Williams, esq B C S, H Nisbet, esq B C S, capt Trevelyan 2d Bombay Cay, Dr Macqueen, B med. service, miss M E and master W Nisbet, 6 male and 4 female servants.

DECEMBER 3.

Bleng, J. Macdouall, Liverpool, 10th July.

Passengers—None.

DECEMBER 13.

Windsor, E. V. Nisbett, London 1st September.

Passengers—Lady Montgomery, Mrs Church, miss Dent, sir H. G. Montgomery, bart. Mad. civil service, major M. Tweedie, 20th regt N I, lieuts J. Wallace, h m 41st regt, W. J. Church, 17th regt N I ; messrs Tweedie, Sparrow, and Jenkins, cadets ; G. S. Forbes, esq writer, Mr Dent, merchant ; servants, Mrs Silvester, Charlotte, Papa, and Jos. Fragill.

For Bengal—Lady Farrington, & Mrs Seaton ; captains Manning, 14th and Seaton, 35th regts. B N I, lieut Hay, 50th regt B N I, messrs Barnes and Milford, writers B C S ; cadets Fraser, Christie, Cox, Hammond, Clarke, and Travers ; three masters Mackintosh ; Mrs Simmons and Mrs Cotter, servants ; one woman and six h c's recruits.

DECEMBER 18.

Wellington, J. Liddell, Portsmouth 15th, Madeira 30th August, and Cape 1st November.

Passengers—Mesdames Andrew, Lawford, Barclay and Liddell ; misses Dickinson, Babington Macaulay, Traveller, Mitchell and Wingrove ; capt E. Lloyd, 43d M N I, Dr Andrew, Madras med est, lieut Lawford, Mad art, rev Mr Barclay, C M S, rev Mr. Traveller ; messrs Sweet, Carruthers & Hughes, cadets ; miss Liddell, child ; left at the Cape—Mrs. Fryer, Dr Laing and Mr Debnam ; left at Madeira—Mr Macaulay ; steerage Passengers—Mrs Tanner, Mrs Connor, Mrs Walker, Mrs Burke, Mrs Kelly, Mrs Murdock, Mrs O'Neill, Catherine O'Neill, and Elizabeth Monaghan.

DECEMBER 18.

Repulse, H. Pryce, R. N. London 20th August.

Passengers — Lady Casement, mesdames Mellish and Capel ; misses H. and F. White, and Lowe ; Mr J. Casement, capt. Mellish, 10th Ben N I, lieut E. S. Capel, 53d Ben N I, captain Simpson, B N I, doctor Evans, Mad. med est, Mr Dods, M N I Mr C. W. Pickering, Mad. med est, capt John Doveton, nizam's inf

cadet C. Douglas, mr Barttig, h m 49th regiment, mr Budd, 120 H C troops for Bengal.

DECEMBER 20.

Carnatic, Voss, Portsmouth 14th Madeira 31st August, and Cape 4th November.

Passengers.—His excellency lieutenant general Sir JASPER NICOLLS, K. C. B. H. M. 93d Foot, commander in chief, Lieutenant Col. J. Luard, H. M. Service, Military Secretary, and lieutenant G. W. Nicolls, H. M. 67th Foot, Aid-de-Camp to Sir J. Nicolls, Lady Nicolls, Misses—Nicolls, M. Nicolls, S. Nicolls, E. Nicolls and A. Nicolls, Mesdames Luard, Morton, Morant and Hayley, Miss Hayley, Lieut. Colonel C. A. Elderton, Mad. Eur. regt, reverend J. Morant, Assistant Chaplain, J. Morton, Esq. Surg. Captains G. Burn, 14th N I. H. Mackenzie, 34th L I; lieutenants E. G. Taynton, 8th N I, R. O. Gardner, 50th N I, and Haley,—regt. ensign T. C. Morgan, h m 4th (or the King's own) regt, R. Hichens, esq C. S., Mr. R. G. G. Gumming, cadet, conductor Hamilton, master F. Luard, 14 soldiers h m 4th (or King's own) regt, 1 native jemadar, 5 women, and 3 men servants—From the Cape—Steerage Passengers—Mr and miss Harvey.

DECEMBER 21.

Duke of Argyll, H. Bristow, London — Portsmouth 27th Aug and Cape 2d November.

Passengers—Mesdames Sim, Fothergill, Justice, Hall, Ditmas, Durant and Whitehead, misses L. Geyt, Blundell, Atkinson, Smith, Fothergill, Bannister and Durant, lieutenant colonel D. Sim, engineers, major C. O. Fothergill, Car Eur vet. bat. captains T. Ditmas, Artillery, L. E. Durant, 3d light Infantry, and H. Hall, 41st N. I., revd. mr. Whitehead, A. Dallas, Esq. merchant, messrs D. Cadenhead, W. Bannister, R. Clerk, A. Howlett and M Coombs, cadets, master Wallace, 8 European and 3 native servants.

DECEMBER 21.

Mary Ann, C. B. Tarbutt, London 29th August.

Passengers.—Mesdames Harper, Pearse, Scotland, Fullerton, Roberts and Lumb; misses Pearse, Scotland, Chalon, Harper and Stewart; capt. J. Fullerton, 17th N I; capt. D. Scotland, 7th N I; the reverend mr Lumb; messrs Campbell, Broderip and Thomson, cadets; mrs Nerheny and miss Ardagh; servants, mrs Swiney, mrs Bradford, mrs Ruth, and mrs Sutton.

DEPARTURES.

JANUARY 6.

Royal George, G. Richards, London.

Passengers—mesdames Geddes, Glover, Carlyle, and Kenny, miss Carlyle, 2 misses Kenny, masters Geddes and Glover, Doctor Geddes, lieuts. Glover, De Balinhard, Lowe and Darwall,—servants, mrs. Oliver, mrs. Johnstone, mr. Linton, Daniel and Jannet.

JANUARY 17.

Wellington, J. Liddell, London.

Passengers—mesdames Cator, Hunter, Fryer, Walker and Smith;—major Fryer, captain F. Chalmers, lieutenant W. Bates, h. m.'s 57th regt. J. S. Owen Esq. ensign Robertson, 15th native infantry, mr. N. Morrison, mr. A. Gordon; children—miss Hunter, miss Lucy Walter, miss Agnes Walter, and miss Morrison, masters Hudleston, Cator, George and R. Fryer, W. Chalmers, Hooper, Simpson, and Morri-

son;—European servants, mrs. Tanner, mrs. Cannan, mrs. Porter, mrs. Howe, Mary Anne Riddle, mr. Abdy, and 4 natives: steerage passengers, Robert Tanner and John Cameron.

JANUARY 22.

True Briton, C. Beach, Cape and London.

Passengers—for the Cape—Lieutenant J. Bower: for England—Mesdames George Russell, Horsley, Charles Oakes, Prendergast, and Keighly, the hon. G. E. Russell, esq, late member of council, Major General, C. A. Vigoreux, c. b., J. Annesley, esq, 1st member medical board, J. F. Bishop, Esq., G. L. Prendergast, esq, James Scott, esq, children—Misses Horsley, Keighly, and Bushby, two Wyllies, and two Prendergasts: servants—Margaret Hay, Mrs. Shipman, Jane Young, Robert Hall, John Dogherty, Peter Berger, and Mary Pidgeon.

JANUARY 31.

Thames, H. J. Wolfe, London.

Passengers—mesdames Poynton, Tuckett, Blenkinsop, and Tomlins ; misses Molle, Chesney and 2 Cadells, colonel G. Cadell, lieutenant. colonel J. Ketchen, artillery, captain Poynton h. m. 26th regt. lieutenant. Clarke, Bengal European regt, major J. Jenkins, commanding detachment of 11th light dragoons, captains Roebuck and Reynolds, lieutenants. Tucket and Forrest, assistant surgeon J. Hutchinson, cornet H. C. Forrest, 155 non commissioned officers and privates, 16 women and 27 children, Lucy Slater and Charles Le Dien, servants.

JANUARY 31.

Lady Flora, R. Ford, London.

Passengers—mesdames Beauchamp Rorison, Power, Poole, Nott, and Espinasse, misses Prendergast and L. Prendergast ; majors Highmoor 5th light cavalry, and Rorison 18th Madras native infantry, captains Espinasse, h. m. 4th regt. Power 32d, Poole 5th, and Davis 43d regt. Madras native infantry, the Rev. P. Moriarty, lieutenants. Downes, h. m.'s 41st regt. and Silver 20th regt. Mad. native infantry, Chas. Bowles, esq. R. N. and A. Campbell, esq.—children—misses E. Chamier, Elizabeth Nott, Mary Ann Nott, Wilhelmina Nott, Emma Nott, Power, Espinasse, Hobler, Louisa Elliott, and 2 misses Beauchamp, masters E. Chamier, C. Chamier, Chas. Nott, George Nott, Beauchamp, Rorison, George Elliott, and 2 masters Darrah and Power ; servants—5 European women, and 107 invalids of h. m.'s regts.

FEBRUARY 1.

Barretto Junior, R. Saunders, London.

Passengers—Mesdames Ellis, Norman and child, Daniel, Pictairn, and Saunders, majors Butler, Beavan and child, and Drake, captain Ellis, lieutenant Parker, George Adams, esq. C. J. Shubrick, esq. and W. Crewe, esq. two misses Underwood and Daniel, masters Vanderzee, Ellis, Isaacke, and Daniel ; servants—Mary Abel, Greenwood, Ruth Laddington, Michael, and John.

FEBRUARY 8.

Duke of Argyll, H. Bristow, Cape and London.

Passengers—Mesdames McDon-

nell, Griffiths, Kerr, and Cunningham lieutenant col J. England, h. m. 4th (or the King's own) regt, in charge of troops ; Æ. R. McDonnell, esq. C. S. W. E. Lockhart, esq. C. S. L. Daniel, esq. C. S. A. P. Forbes, esq. C. S. lieutenant J. Marjoribanks, 1st N. I., E. C. Griffiths, esq. 3 masters Cunningham ; the hon. K. E. Mourier, governor of Tranquebar, M. B. Kerr, esq., 1 sergeant, 1 corporal, 12 privates, 5 women and 18 children, charter party passengers.

FEBRUARY 25.

Mary Ann, C. B. Tarbutt, London.

Passengers—Mesdames Blenkinsop, Gray, Godfrey, George, Croggan and Trevor ; doctor Godfrey, the rev. messieurs Græme, Blenkinsop, Deane, & George ; capt Gray, 1st N. V. B., lieutenants Croggan, art, Julius, 18th drgs, Falconer, 46th N. I. and Donovan, 13th drgs ; E. C. Lovell, esq. C. S., misses M. and C. R. Falconer, Ann George, A. M. and A. S. Blenkinsop, and Godfrey ; masters R. G. and R. Trevor, John George, Charles Adley, Langley, L. and W. L. Blenkinsop ; servants, Mrs. Sweney, Mrs. Ruth and Anthony ; 21 invalids and 3 children ; for the Cape—Mr. Berry.

MARCH 11.

Juliana, E. Wainwright, London.

Passengers from Calcutta—Capt MacInnis, and lieutenant Piers h. m. 26th foot, Dr. Ayre, h. m. 31st foot, 73 men 9 women, and 22 children, h. m. regts.

MARCH 13.

H. N. M. Frigate, Bellona, Ariens, London.

Passengers—His royal highness prince Henry of Orange, and suite.

MARCH 13.

H. N. M. Brig Snelheid, Ferguson, London.

Passengers—None.

MAY 10.

Sesostris, A. Yates, London.

Passengers from Calcutta—Mrs. Yates, Miss Deane, Capt. A. Charlton and Hodgson ; lieutenants Fischer & Turner ; servants, Mary Ann Rebeau and one native ; from Madras—Mesdames Lane, Haines, Melligan and De Pasquier ; captains Daubeney and Sharpin, h. m. 55th regt ; lieutenant Ludlow, engineers, F. H. Crozier esq., C. S. ; — Arrow, esq., — Haig, esq. and capt W. Thomas, late of the ship Elizabeth ; children, Misses H. & C. Melligan, F. & J. Haines,

masters H. J. and C. Lane, and J. Milligan ; servants, Emma Casbrooke, R. Jones, J. M. Taylor, J. Simpson, and J. D'Cruz.

MAY 18.

H. M. Brig Zebra, Capt MacCrea, London.

Passengers—None.

MAY 26.

H. M. S. Raleigh, Michael Quin, esq, commander, Trincomallee and England.

Passengers—None.

JULY 1.

Duke of Northumberland, G. W. Wood, St. Helena and London.

Passengers—Mesdames Conway, Bushby, A. L. Parr, Boyd, Mitchell Corfield, and Wilton, R. B. Sewell, esq, C. S. T. G. Stephenson esq, M D ; — Wilton, esq ; the rev J. Knight ; captain J. Blaxland, 47th regt N I, captain R. Parr, h m 54th regt, lieutenant U. Boyd, h m 54th regt, lieutenant Corfield, h m 62d regt, lieutenant Timias, arty : lieutenant A. Wood, 29th regt N I, and mr J. Sheppard ; children—masters Thomas Parr, R. W. Parr, W. J. R. H. Boyd, C. J. Boyd, E. P. M. Spaulding, and H. J. Knight ; misses F. M. Parr, G. A. Parr, Sophia S. Boyd, Letitia C. Boyd and Louisa Smith ; servants—Isabella Solomon, Mary Wood, Ann King, Catherine Dwyer, & Sarah Howard.

JULY 20.

Claudine, C. Kemp, Cape and London.

Passengers—Mesdames West, Dalrymple, Gordon and Wilkinson, col West, capt C. Dalrymple, mr attendant, T. H. Davidson, esq, captain C. B. Lindsay, lieuts W. Cook, & E. H. E. Moore, W. A. Inglis, esq, mr Ritchie, C. Marriott, esq, W. Elliot, esq, R. N. captain Short in charge of invalids, and master Jenkins ; Charter party passengers—25 men of the h c service ; 30 of h m service, 3 women and 9 children.

AUGUST 21.

H M S Rattlesnake, W. Hobson, esq, commander, Trincomallee and England.

Passengers—None.

AUGUST 30.

H. M. S. Wolf, E. Stanley, esq, Trincomallee and England.

Passengers—None.

SEPTEMBER 9.

Strath Eden, A. Cheape, Cape & London.

Passengers—Mesdames Dumergue and child, Luard and child, Southbey and 2 children, G. P. Dumergue esq, Civil Service, F. B. Stapp, esq, asst surg, C. R. Baynes, esq, C S, — Ward esq, and G. Reynolds, esq, captains Gascoigne and Macquaire, lieuts Tinley and Cox h m 39th regt, lieutenant Mackenzie, 1 male and 3 female servants, 26 invalids, 5 women and 11 children.

OCTOBER 6.

Minerva, George Ireland, Cape and London.

Passengers.—Mesdames Arbuthnot, Bradford, Ormsby, Purton, Polwhele, Forster, Garnier, Elder, Vanderzee, Maclean, and Viney, J. A. Arbuthnot, esq, G. D. Drury, esq C S, lieutenant col W. J. Bradford, lieutenant col B. R. Hitchins, adjt genl of the army ; major J. Purton, capt Polwhele and R. S. Seton, retired service, capt T. B. Forster, payr, Atkinson, Maclean, Vanderzee, and Macartney, dr Sutherland, dr Munro, dr Lewis, lieutenant MacPherson, ensr Ross, ensign Freese, and — Sullivan, esq ; children, misses Arbuthnot, Drury & Forster. 2 masters Arbuthnot, Bruce, Elder, and Bradford ; servants, mrs Tupper, mrs Kerr, mrs Hobday, Caroline Wilhelmina S. Keggs, mr Ball, and Jacob Kychelly.

OCTOBER 16.

John Fleming, E. Rose, Cape and London.

Passengers—Mesdames Paske, Derville, Moore, Pinson and Rawlins, misses O'Neil and Gunthorpe ; colonels C. Herbert, 2d N. V. B. and T. T. Paske, retired service, major F. Derville, arty, capt Pinson, 46th N I, lieuts J. D. Scott, arty, Layard, Tapp, O'Neil, Whitty, Close, and Potts, mr Vanx, mr Davis, mr and mrs Fogg and 2 children, miss Fogg ; children, misses C. and M. Pinson, and C. L. Rowlandson ; masters W. and C. Moore, H. Pinson and G. Rowlandson ; servants, mrs Richmond, mrs Newbold, mrs Bayles, mrs Clement, Peter Pereira, and 4 natives.

Births, Marriages, and Deaths,

1837-38.

B I R T H S.

DECEMBER 1837.

25, at Chicacole, the lady of Arthur Freese, esq. C. S. of a son.

26, The lady of lieut. J. Grimes, 8th N I, of a daughter.

26, at Bellary, the lady of captain Tallon, H M 41st Foot, of a son.

27, at Moulmein, the lady of captain Clark, H M 62d regiment, of a son.

27, at Trichinopoly, the lady of R. Parr, esq. of a daughter.

28, at St. Thomas's Mount, the lady of W. H. Wormsley, esq. of a daughter.

JANUARY 1838.

1, at Trichinopoly, the lady of G. S. Hooper, esq. C. S. of a daughter.

1, at Royapooram, the lady of A. J. Ormsby, esq. of a daughter.

2, at Cuddalore, the lady of W. H. Bayley, esq. C. S. of a daughter.

3, at Cannanore, the lady of H. D. Cook, esq. C. S. of a daughter.

4, at Mercara, the lady of lieutenant and Qr. Mr. J. Martyr, 36th N I, of a son.

7, at Negapatam, the wife of the reverend J. Guest, Assistant Missionary, of a daughter.

8, at Palamcottah, the lady of H. D. Phillips, esq. of a son, still born.

10, at Ootacamund, the lady of W. Huxham, esq. of a son.

14, at Masulipatam, the wife of Conductor J. Marsh, Ord. Dept. of a daughter.

17, The lady of James Minchin, esq. of a daughter.

19, at Madras, mrs R. Skill. of a son.

19, at Madras, the lady of lieutenant P. S. Spry, 35th N I, of a daughter.

22, at Palamcottah, the wife of the reverend G. Pettitt, of a son.

25, at Bangalore, mrs. George J. Cubitt, of a daughter.

26, at the Luz, the lady of Paul Melitis, esq. of a daughter.

26, at Cannanore, the lady of Edmund Smith, esq. C. S. of a daughter.

27, at Lucknow, the lady of lieut. colonel J. Low, of a son.

29, at Mangalore, the lady of Malcolm Lewin, esq. C. S. of a daughter.

30, at Mulloepel, on route to Kemptee, the lady of captain P. Chambers, comg. det. Madras Eur. regt. of a son.

30, at Chicacole, the lady of lieutenant colonel J. P. James, of a son.

30, The lady of lieutenant and brevet capt. H. Pace, 30th N I, of a daughter.

FEBRUARY.

2, The lady of W. R. White, esq. acting Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals H M Troops, of a daughter.

2, at Salem, the lady of F. Mole, esq. C. S. of a daughter.

4, at Secundrabad, the wife of Conductor W. Owers, of a daughter.

5, The wife of mr James Thorpe, of a son.

7, Mrs. colonel Monteith, engineers, of a son.

8, at the Hydrabad Residency mrs. Joseph D'Penning, of a son.

9, at Masulipatam, the wife of Conductor A. Robertson, of a son.

12, at Bangalore, the lady of lieut. G. J. Walker, H M 13th light dragoons, of a son.

12, at Vizagapatam, the lady of Thomas Boileau, esq. C. S. of a daughter.

14, The lady of R. Cole, esq. of a daughter.

14, at Ganjam, the lady of captain J. Campbell, 41st N I, of a daughter.

18, at Nagpore, the wife of mr W. Doyle, Dept. Asst. Comy. of Ordnance, of a daughter.

21, at Trichinopoly, the lady of captain R. Codrington, 46th N I, of a son.

24, The lady of the late E. S. Moorat, esq. of a daughter.

25, at Chintadrapettah, the wife of mr James Reger, of a daughter.

26, at Vepery, the wife of Conductor J. Von Wein, of a son.

28, at the Mount Road, mrs G. B. Shaw, of a daughter.

28, at Jaulnah, the lady of the reverend F. G. Lugard, of a daughter.

MARCH.

3, at Bangalore, the lady of lieut. W. G. Woods, 6th light cav. of a son.

3 at Bangalore, the lady of captain I. C. Coffin, paymaster in Mysore, of a son, still born.

5, at Cannanore, the lady of captain Hayne, 36th N I, of a son.

5, at Black Town, the wife of mr E. P. Clarke, of a daughter.

6, at Madras, the wife of mr J. Good-sir, of a son.

8, at Madras, mrs H. E. Boyle, of a daughter.

8, at Cuddapah, the lady of major J. Garnault, 47th N I, of a daughter.

11, at Arcot, the lady of C. C. Linton, esq. assistant surgeon, 5th light cavalry, of a daughter.

13, at Black Town, the wife of mr Joseph Cachart, of a son.

13, at Mysore, the wife of mr Mayers, of a daughter

14, at Bangalore, the lady of lieutenant Marshall, H M 39th regiment, of a son.

16, at Vellore, the lady of lieutenant Hamilton, 1st N I, of a son.

20, at Madras, the lady of John Dent, esq. C. S. of a son, still born.

24, at the Farm in Mysore, the lady of assistant surgeon W. Gilchrist, of a daughter.

25, at Bangalore, the lady of captain Byng, 6th light cavalry, of a son.

30, at Madras, the lady of Arthur Maclean, esq. of a daughter.

30, at Madras, the lady of lieutenant Douglas, Madras engineers, of a son.

31, at Nellore, the lady of J. C. Taylor, esq. C. S. of a daughter.

APRIL.

1, at Madras, the wife of captain R. Thorpe, 27th regiment N I, of a son.

3, at Bangalore, the lady of lieutenant E. Usher, 51st N I, of a daughter.

4, at Jaulnah, the lady of major C. R. Bradstreet, 37th N I, of a son.

6, at Madras, the lady of G. P. Dumergue, esq. C. S. of a daughter.

6, at Cuddalore, the lady of captain C. Wahab, 16th N I, of a daughter.

6, at Dawson's Hotel, Neigherries, the wife of mr H. R. Dawson, of a son.

7, at Peremdoory in the Zillah of Coimbatore, on route to Cannanore, the lady of lieutenant T. J. Fischer, 4th regiment N I, of a son.

8, at Chittoor, the wife of mr John Bilderbeck, London Missionary Society, of a son.

8, at Madras, the lady of lieutenant J. C. Boulderson, 35th N I, of a son.

10, at Bellary, the lady of D. Boyd, esq. supg surgeon Mysore Division, of a daughter.

15, at Trichinopoly, mrs Mary Taylor, wife of Asst. Apothecary John Taylor, of a daughter.

17, at Madras, the wife of mr. R. P. Dalairns, of a son.

18, at Cape Town, the lady of captain Poole, Madras Army, of a daughter.

19, at Madras, at the residence of T. A. Oakes, esq. the lady of captain C. Wilford, of a son.

21, The lady of lieutenant I. W. Nixon, 17th N I, of a daughter.

24, at Waltair, the lady of captain Wright, Dep. Asst. Qr. Mr. Genl. of a son.

24, The lady of J. Y. Fullerton, esq. of a daughter.

24, at Kamptee, the lady of lieutenant George Briggs, Horse Art. of a son.

27, at the Luz, the lady of E. Seth Sam, esq. of a daughter.

28, at Pondicherry, the lady of asst. surgeon Rennick, 17th N I, of a son.

MAY.

2, at Bangalore, the lady of captain Anderson, 4th light cavalry, of a son.

2, at Ootacamund, the lady of lieutenant W. H. Miller, Depy. Comy. of Ord. of a son.

4, at Bangalore, the lady of captain Ley, artillery, of a daughter.

6, at the Residency Hyderabad, the lady of major J. A. Moore, of a daughter who survived only a few hours

7, at Hingolee, the lady of captain E. Raynsford, of a son.

10, at Secundrabad, the lady of captain W. Shelley, 20th N I, of a son.

10, at Bangalore, the lady of major W. McLeod, 35th regt. N I, of a son.

13, at Bangalore, the wife of captain W. W. Baker, major of brigade, of a son.

14, at Masulipatam, the lady of asst. surgeon E. Smith, 29th N I, of a son.

14, at Pondicherry, the wife of F. De Fondclair, esq. of a daughter.

17, at Ootacamund, the lady of J. C. Morris, esq. C. S. of a son.

17, at Chicacole, the lady of captain F. A. Reid, 6th N I, of a daughter.

20, at Tanjore, the lady of captain J. Hutchings, commanding the Resident's Escort, of a son.

21, at Secundrabad, the lady of captain C. Campbell, H M 55th regiment of a son.

22, at Bellary, the lady of captain Reece, 10th N I of a son.

23, at the Presidency, the lady of G. J. Waters, esq. of a daughter.

24, the lady of J. F. Thomas, esq. of a daughter.

29, at Cannanore, the lady of captain J. Brown, H M 57th regiment, of a son.

29, at Trichinopoly, the lady of H. Dickinson, esq. of a daughter.

30, At Moulmein, the lady of H. T. Crompton, esq. acting Paymaster H M 63d regiment, of a son.

JUNE.

1, at Jaulnah, the lady of captain P. Thomson, 39th N I, of a son, still born.

3, at the Presidency, the lady of James Ouchterlony, esq. of a son.

4, The lady of captain Chisholm, Madras artillery, of a son.

5, at Kamptee, the lady of lieutenant and adjutant C. Ireland, 11th N I, of a son.

8, at the Adyar, mrs Clarence Dalrymple, of a daughter.

9, at Ootacamund, the lady of John Sullivan, esq. of a son.

11, at Mangalore, the lady of G. Bird, esq. of a daughter.

12, at Palmanair, the lady of G. M. Ogilvie, esq. of a daughter.

12, at Bolarum, the lady of Thomas Davies, esq. of a son.

15, at Madras, the lady of Doctor Cumming, Madras army, of a daughter.

15, at Persewolkum, the lady of captain J. T. Smith, engineers, of a son.

16, at Mangalore, the lady of Captain Prior, 23d L I, of a son, still born.

17, at Secunderabad, the lady of T. White, esq. asst. surgeon, of a daughter.

22, at Bangalore, the lady of J. D. Gleig, esq. of a son.

23, at Madras, the lady of J. A. Arbuthnot, esq. of a daughter.

23, at Mangalore, the lady of lieutenant W. B. Stevens, mad. art. of a daughter.

23, at Trichinopoly, the lady of G. W. Russell, esq. 2d light cav. of a daughter.

24, at the French Rocks, the lady of lieutenant Junor, 2d regt. N I, of a son.

25, at Popham house, mrs Thomas Ross, of a daughter.

26, at Vizianagram, the lady of captain C. W. Young, 14th N I, of a daughter.

28, at Bangalore, the lady of lieutenant H. Garnier, of a daughter.

29, at Ootacamund, the lady of lieutenant Cantis, 15th N I, of a son, still born.

30, at Trichinopoly, the lady of lieutenant J. Campbell, 21st N I, Asst. Surveyor General, of a son.

JULY.

6, at Bangalore, the lady of lieutenant colonel J. W. Cleaveland, 34th regiment L I, of a daughter.

7, at Bolarum, the lady of captain W. P. MacDonald, 41st N I, of a daughter.

7, at Ootacamund, the lady of the reverend H. W. Stuart, of a daughter.

12, at Arcot, the lady of Hugh Fraser, esq. 5th light cavalry, of a son.

14, at Bellary, the wife of mr J. Shrieves, Asst. Missionary, of a son.

18, at Kamptee, the lady of captain E. Roberts, 49th N I, of a son.

19, at Vizagapatam, the wife of the reverend E. Porter, Missionary, of a son.

19, at Jaulnah, the lady of G. S. Cotter, esq. Madras Horse Artillery, of a son, who survived about 12 hours.

20, at Negapatam, the wife of the reverend John Thomson, of a daughter.

22, at Moulmein, the lady of captain Dods, 13th N I, of a daughter.

22, at the Presidency, the lady of M. B. Pollock, esq. assistant surgeon, of a daughter.

24, at Bangalore, the lady of captain C. W. Nepean, Deputy Judge Advocate General, of a son.

26, at Trichinopoly, the lady of captain C. Barlow, Paymaster H M 54th Foot, of a daughter.

27, at Yellwall, the lady of A. N. Magrath, esq. of a son.

31, at Masulipatam, the lady of captain E. Armstrong, A. C. Genl. of a son.

AUGUST.

2, The lady of Major General W. H. Sewell, Depy. Qr. Mr. General H M Forces, of a son.

2, at Vellore, the lady of Brig. G. M. Steuart, cong. that station, of a daughter, still born.

2, at Bangalore, the lady of captain J. Wynch, Horse Artillery, of a son.

2, at Cannanore, the lady of lieutenant H. Colbeck, 4th N I, of a daughter.

2, at Secunderabad, the lady of Doctor Morrogh, Horse Artillery, of a son.

3, at Secunderabad, the lady of captain J. W. Bayley, 20th N I, of a son.

3, at Trichinopoly, the lady of lieutenant Willins, 30th N I, of a son.

3, at Kamptee, the lady of lieutenant E. Miller, 1st light cav, of a daughter.

4, the lady of John Walker, esq. C. S. of a son.

6, at Masulipatam, the lady of J. T. Hery, esq. of a daughter.

6, at Vizagapatam, the lady of the rev. V. Shortland, of a daughter.

8, at Bangalore, the lady of Q. Jamieson, esq. M. D. of a son.

9, at Trevandrum, the lady of major R. N. Campbell, 4th N I, cong. Nair Brigade, of a daughter.

10, at Nellore, the lady of lieutenant W. H. Wapshare, 10th N I, of a son.

11, at Vellore, the lady of lieutenant W. Bissett, 15th N I, of a daughter.

20, at Secunderabad, the lady of lieutenant G. B. Stevens, 21st N I, of a daughter.

23, at Bangalore, the lady of R. S. Dobbs, esq. superintendent under the Commissioner in Mysore, of a son.

25, at Bowenpilly, Secunderabad, the lady of E. C. Collins, esq. 6th light cavalry, of a daughter.

27, the lady of doctor Murray, deputy inspector general of H M hospitals, of a daughter.

31, at Masulipatam, the lady of T. J. W. Thomas, esq. of a daughter.

SEPTEMBER.

6, at Bangalore, the lady of lieutenant W. Halstead, assistant to the Mysore commissioner, of a daughter.

8, at Mangalore, the lady of T. C. Hawkes, esq. 23d L I, of a daughter.

13, at Chittoor, the lady of H. A. Brett, esq. C S, of a daughter.

13, at the remount depot Ossoor, the lady of captain J. Hill, 24th N I, of a son.

15, at the Presidency, the lady of John Arathoon, esq., of a daughter.

15, at Gopalpore, the lady of captain J. Shepherd, 24th regiment N I, of a daughter.

17, at Madras, the lady of J. G. Turnbull, esq. accountant general, of a daughter.

23, At Vellore, the lady of captain Logan, paymaster centre division, of a son.

24, at Madras, the lady of A. F. Bruce, esq. C S of a son.

24, at Bellary, the lady of captain W. Bremner, depy. asst. comy. general, of a daughter.

25, at Bangalore, the lady of lieutenant W. Seppings, 4th N I, of a son.

27, at Bangalore, the lady of A. F. Arbuthnot, esq. of a son.

29, at Cuddalore, the lady of surgeon Preston, of a daughter.

30, at Masulipatam, the lady of captain W. E. A. Elliott, 29th N I, of a son.

30, at Royapooram, the lady of captain T. Locke, 1st N V B, of a daughter.

OCTOBER.

1, at Vizagapatam, the lady of captain C. Bond, of a daughter.

4, at Secunderabad, the lady of major J. W. Yaldwyn, 21st N I, of a son.

9, at Quilon, the lady of lieutenant Webb, 38th N I, of a son, still-born.

9, at Kamptee, the lady of major Kerr, comg. Madras Eur. regiment, of a daughter.

10, at Masulipatam, the wife of captain Daff, of a son.

13, at Bangalore, the lady of G. Knox, esq. of a daughter.

14, at the gun carriage manufactory, Madras, the lady of captain Cortlandt Taylor, of a daughter.

14, at Melnattam, near Manargoody, the wife of the rev. R. Carver, of a son.

15, at Narsingapooram. on route to Cuttack, the lady of W. Poole, esq. of a son.

18, at Vizianagram, the lady of captain

W. W. Dunlop, 50th regiment N I, of twin daughters, one of them still-born.

19, at Kamptee, the lady of captain Cherry, 1st light cavalry, of a son.

20, at sea, on board the *True Briton*, the lady of captain Hamond, Madras artillery, of a daughter.

21, at Masulipatam, the lady of captain H. S. Foord, commissary of ordnance, of a son.

23, at Singapore, the lady of captain Pritchard, 8th N I, of a son.

26, at the Presidency, the lady of lieutenant C. W. Rolland, of a son.

28, At Bangalore, the lady of the rev. G. Trevor, of a son.

29, at Madras, the lady of lieutenant T. McGoun, deputy judge advocate general, of a son.

NOVEMBER.

4, at the French Rocks, the lady of captain R. N. Faunce, 2d N I, of a son.

7, at Secunderabad, the lady of Frederick Gray, esq., of a daughter, still-born.

12, at Bellary, the lady of captain Stockwell, paymaster in the ceded districts, of twin sons.

15, at Arcot, the lady of captain Elliot, 5th light cavalry, of a daughter.

16, at Kamptee, the lady of captain H. Griffith, 11th N I, of a son.

17, at Quilon, the lady of major Lawrie, 9th regiment N I, of a son.

20, at Benares, the lady of captain Carpenter, 48th M N I, of a daughter.

21, at Kilpauk, the lady of lieutenant J. W. Coates, 6th regiment N I, of a son, still-born.

23, the lady of W. Douglas, esq. C S, of a daughter.

23, at Trichinopoly, the lady of captain G. W. Osborne, depy. judge adv. general, of a daughter.

24, the lady of G. Griffin, esq. 1st N I, of a daughter.

26, at Russel Kondah, the lady of lieutenant J. Macdougall, 17th N I, of a son.

DECEMBER.

2, At the Presidency, the lady of J. Richmond, esq. of a daughter.

2, at Ootacamund, the lady of G. A. Harris, esq. C S, of a son.

6, at Fort St. George, the lady of captain J. Alexander, of a daughter.

8, at Madras, the lady of captain F. L. Nicolay, acting asst. qr. mr. genl. of the army, of a daughter.

9, at Trichinopoly, the lady of captain A. Dowdall, H M 54th regiment, of a daughter.

15, at Vepery, the wife of lieutenant W. Brookes, deputy asst. commy. of ordnance, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

DECEMBER 1837:

26, At Secundarabad, by the rev. J. M'Evoy, M. A., mr. J. A. Moore, asst. apothecary H. H. the Nizam's cavalry, to miss Elizabeth Agnes Murray.

27, at Secundarabad, by the rev. J. M'Evoy, M. A. mr. J. Craig, sub conductor of ordnance, to Lucy, third daughter of Mr. J. O'Brien, depy. asst. commy. of ordnance, at that station.

JANUARY 1838.

1, William F. Eden, esq. of the 1st regt. N I, asst. to the resident at Indore, to Marie Sidonie, second daughter of the late Isidore DeLaselle, esq. judge of the royal court at Pondicherry.

2, at St. John's church, Masulipatam, by the rev. J. M'Evoy, M. A. lieut. col. P. E. Craigie, H M 55th regiment, to Mary Jane, eldest daughter of colonel Trewman, commanding Masulipatam.

10, at St. George's Cathedral, by the venerable archdeacon H. Harper, M A, captain W. Rawlins, 40th regt N I, to Harriet, youngest daughter of the late brevet major Coulman, H M 53d foot.

10, at St. Mary's church, by the rev. G. W. Mahon, M. A., mr T. Gouge, manager master attendant's office, to miss Margaret Robson.

10, at St. George's Cathedral, by the rev. F. Spring, M A, Vincent Budd, esq. chief officer of the *Lady Flora*, to miss Martha Lynch.

12, at St. George's Cathedral, John Richmond, esq. to Harriet Maria, second daughter of H. Chamier, esq.

13, at Vizianagram, W. Poole, esq. to Ellen, youngest daughter of the late G. S. Hall, esq. of Pendennis Castle, Cornwall.

17, at St. George's cathedral, by the rev. F. Spring, M A, Robert Wight, esq. M D, to Rosa Harriet, third daughter of Lacey Gray Ford, esq. superintending surgeon presidency.

17, at the mission station of Cottayam in Travancore, by the reverend B. Bailey, Alexander Allardice, esq., Madras medical service, son of William Allardice, esq. of Murlingden, Angushire, N. B. to Eliza Jane Moncrieff, widow of the late captain J. W. Moncrieff, of the Madras army.

19, at Poonamallee, by the rev F. Spring, M A, captain R. S. Gledsranes, 16th regt. N I, to Harriet Thompson, widow of the late lieut. O. F. Sturt, Madras army.

FEBRUARY.

1, at St. Thomas's Mount, by the rev. W. T. Blenkinsop, A B, James

Shaw, esq. asst. surgeon, right hon. the governor's body guard, to Anne Amelia Stewart, daughter of John Hay, esq. Newcastle upon Tyne.

1, at Madras, at the armenian church, by the rev. S. Arathoon, A. J. Johannes, esq. to miss Mary D. Cherriman, the only daughter of D. Cherriman, esq.

14, at the Scotch church, mr. Henry Cuffley, to miss Frances Green.

14, by the rev. H. Cotterill M A, mr Henry Plunkett, to Charlotte, only daughter of the late rev. C. W. Pazold.

19, at Trichinopoly, by the rev. C. Calthrop, A B, T. Harris, esq. of the civil service, to Emily, youngest daughter of Robert Burnside, esq.

19, at Cochin, by the rev. S. Ridsdale, captain H. Lovett, of the country sea service, to miss Rodgers, daughter of Joseph Rodgers, esq. Madras, merchant.

21, at Bangalore, by the rev. A. F. Cammerer, senior assistant apothecary William Barnes, to miss Jane Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Apothecary W. Long.

21, at Bangalore, by the rev. G. Trevor, s c L, mr T. H. Lloyd, to Elizabeth, daughter of pensioned major Herbert.

MARCH.

15, at the Vepery church, by the rev. F. Spring, M A. lieut. and quarter master Scutt, 52d regt N I, to Jemima Elizabeth, 2d daughter of the late captain Alexander Stuart, Madras army.

20, at Secundarabad, by the rev. J. M'Evoy, M A, G. T. Brooke, esq, H M 55th regt. to Emily, only daughter of Cyrus Daniell, esq paymaster H M 55th regiment.

21, at St. Mary's church, Fort St. George, by the rev. G. W. Mahon, M A, Benjamin Cardozo, esq. to Bridget Margaret, 2d daughter of captain G. O'Connell, C E V B, commissary of ordnance.

APRIL.

10, at Jaulnah, Charlotte, youngest daughter of the late colonel Nuthall, of the Madras cavy, to Augustus Curtis, esq. 7th light cavalry.

18, at the Black Town chapel, by the rev J. H. Gray, of the church missionary society, mr Edward Cullin, to Lydia Christiana, 2d daughter of Mr. G. Vansomeran.

19, at Vizagapatam, by the rev. V. Shortland, lieut. Josiah Wilkinson, 44th regiment N I, to Emma, third

daughter of the late lieut. col. Elphinstone, and grand daughter of major general Welsh, commanding the northern division.

MAY.

2, at Secunderabad, by the rev. J. McEvoy, M A, captain J. W. Boardman, H H the Nizam's service, to miss Caroline O'Leary.

9, at Cottayam, mr B. L. W. Norton, son of the rev. T. Norton, C.M.S. to Harriet Anne Spragg, eldest daughter of the late Samuel Spragg, esq. of Yately, green, Hampshire.

10, at Penang, by the rev. T. Jones, lieut. C. J. Elphinstone, 12th regiment N I, to Christina Johnstone, 2d daughter of John Home, esq. (late 42d regiment royal highlanders) of Musselburgh, N B.

16, at the Vepery church, by the rev. H. Cotterill, M A, mr Robert John Ewing, to Ann Caroline Erskine, eldest daughter of the late mr William Childs.

23, at St. Thomas's Mount, by the rev. W. Tomes, B, Heyne, esq. 16th regiment N I, to Elizabeth, fourth daughter of the late lieut. col. Elphinstone, and grand daughter to maj. genl. J. Welsh, commanding northern div.

JUNE.

6, at St. George's Cathedral, by the venerable archdeacon H. Harper, M A, Edward Buckle, esq. of the corps of engineers, third son of admiral Buckle, to Flora, second daughter of lieut. col. T. Maclean, resident at Tanjore.

13, at Vepery church, by the rev. H. Cotterill, M A, mr R. W. Urquhart, to Miss Caroline Vinson, the only daughter of the late William Vinson, esq. surgeon southern division.

14, at Cottayam, lieut E. B. Stevenson, of the 46th regiment N I, to Sarah Maria, second daughter of the rev. H. Baker, of the church missionary society.

15, at Secunderabad, by the rev. J. McEvoy, M A, captain J. W. Rickards, 21st regt. N I, to Louisa, sixth daughter of the late rev. Morden Carthew, vicar of Mattishall, in the county of Norfolk.

16, at Maulmain, by the rev. mr Hamilton, mr F. C. Cotton, of the civil commissioners department. Tenasserim provinces, to Hannah, eldest daughter of mr. H. Fox, conductor of ordnance.

21, at Bellary, William Chatfield, esq. 10th regiment N I, to Ellen Matilda, eldest daughter of Wm. Moore Mee, esq. of Dublin.

27, at Black Town, by the rev. A.

Fennell, mr P. Cotter, sub conductor of ordnance, to Mary, youngest daughter of the late Mr. W. Keyes, surveyor.

27, at Black Town, by the rev. A. Fennell, mr Christian Jean, to Elizabeth Holland, relict of the late assistant apothecary John Nagle.

30, by special license, by the rev. H. Cotterill, M A, John William Humphreys, esq. of the ship *Kellie Castle*, to mrs Sarah Anne Howard.

JULY.

4, at St. George's Cathedral, by the rev. J. Tucker, B D, W. Bannister, esq. surgeon Madras establishment, to miss Craven.

4, at Vizagapatam, mr Simon Hector Cully, infant school master, to Harriet, eldest daughter of the late mr Joseph Griffin.

21, at Vizagapatam, by the rev. Vincent Shortland, adjutant Nathaniel Hobart, of the Carnatic Eur. veteran bat., to Harriette, eldest daughter of the late Thomas Evans, esq. M D, of Cashel, Tipperary, Ireland.

21, at Vizagapatam, by the reverend Vincent Shortland, Charles Augustus Danvers Butler, esq. lieut. 21st regt., son of the late hon. Butler Danvers, to Letitia, youngest daughter of the late Colonel Freese, of the Madras artillery.

25, at Vepery church, by the rev. H. Cotterill, M A, mr Henry Cory Harvey, fourth son of the late major Henry Harvey, 19th N I, to miss Alice Elexin Walter.

31, at Bangalore, John Henry Bordieu, esq. lieut. artillery, to Harriott Charlotte, fourth daughter of the rev. William Godfrey Huet, M A, of Kensal Green.

AUGUST.

8, at Guntoor, by the rev. A. Fennell, Edward Newbery, esq. civil service, to Frances Maria Eliza, second daughter of the late captain H. Fullerton, of the Madras engineers.

8, at St. Mary's church, by the rev. G. W. Mahon, M A mr Charles William Augustus Gaudoin, to Cordelia, daughter of the late captain Frederick Mowat, of the country sea service.

20, at Bangalore, J. T. Ashton, esq. lieut. Arty, to Caroline Marianne, 2d daughter of the rev. William Godfrey Huet, M A. of Kensal Green.

22, at St. Thomas's Mount, by the rev. W. Tomes, mr H. Drewitt, to Sarah Elizabeth Issacke, youngest daughter of the late capt G. H. Issacke, 8th regiment N I.

29, at the French Rocks, by the rev. G. Trevor, s c L, lieut. Hopton Stewart, of the 2d regiment N I, to Hen-

rietta Hannah, youngest daughter of Henry Fleetwood, esq.

30, at St. George's cathedral, by the venerable archdeacon H. Harper, M. A. captain David Babington, 17th regt. N I, sub assistant commissary general, to Maria Anne, the eldest daughter of colonel J. Sutherland, Bombay army.

SEPTEMBER.

1, at Moulmein, captain W. Mathias, H M 62d regt. to miss Beatty, daughter of the late captain Beatty of the same regt.

3, at Secunderabad, by the British Resdt. rev. J. McEvoy, M. A. chaplain, to Susanah Harris Hope, widow of the late lieut W. Hope, H M 55th regt.

11, at Cannanore, by the rev. J. C. Street, B. A. lieutenant P. A. S. Powys, 4th regt. N I, to Mary Ann Charlotte, eldest daughter of captain Morphett, H M 57th regt.

12, at the cathedral, by the venerable archdeacon H. Harper, M. A. the rev. J. P. Horsford, colonial chaplain of Trincomallee, to Elizabeth, third surviving daughter of Sir J. W. Hoare, Bart. and the right honorable lady Harriet Hoare.

12, at the cathedral, by the rev. J. Tucker, B. D., the rev. M. Winslow, of the American mission, to Anne, third daughter of the late A. Spiers, esq. of the Madras medical service.

12, at the Black Town chapel, by the rev. A. Fennell, serjeant D. Hopkins, of the horse artillery, to Sarah Archbold, 3d daughter of the late troop quarter master Archbold of the same corps.

12, at Cuddalore, by the rev. J. Hallowell, A. M. Francis Young, esq. 24th regt. N I, to Miss Rosa Matilda King-sell.

17, at Masulipatam, by the rev. V. Shortland chaplain of Vizagapatam, John Robde, esq. Madras civil service, to Sophia Catherine, fourth daughter of P. J. Truter, esq. civil commissioner, Cape of Good Hope.

19, at Russell Kondah, lieut. W. Middleton 17th regiment N. I. to Harriet Theophila fourth surviving daughter of the late L. H. Stirling, esq. of Madras.

20, at the Mysore church, by the rev. G. Trevor, s. c. L. Arthur Wyndham, esq. lieut. 2d regiment M. N. I. to Anne Magdalene Louisa only daughter of the late Samuel Halker Burns, esq. captain in H. M. 80th foot.

25, at St. John's church Masulipatam, by the rev. V. Shortland, P. Grant, esq. collector and magistrate, to miss Elliott.

27, at the cathedral, by the revd. F. Spring, M. A. revd. T. Haswell, wesleyan minister, to Eliza, daughter of the late Johannes Narcis, esq.

OCTOBER.

1, at Secunderabad, by the reverend J. McEvoy, M. A. lieut. Vine, 6th L. C., to Louisa Elizabeth, daughter of the late William Young Ottley, esq.

2, at St. George's cathedral, by the revd. G. W. Mahon, M. A. lieut. R. W. H. Leicester, 19th regt. N I, to Emma 2d daughter of the late lieutenant col. (Baron) De Kutzleben, of the Madras army.

4, at Vepery church, by the revd. J. Tucker, B. D. the revd. J. Thomas of the church missionary society, to miss Mary Davies.

15, at St. George's cathedral, by the venerable archdeacon H. Harper, M. A. William McTaggart, esq. of the firm of messrs. Arbuthnot and Co, to Charlotte third daughter of Wm. R. Taylor, esq. M. C. S.

16, at Vepery church, by the revd. H. Cotterill, A. M. the revd. J. C. Lehner, missionary, to miss Emma Groves.

20, at St. George's cathedral, by the venerable archdeacon H. Harper, M. A. J. A. Hudleston, esq. Madras civil service to Anna Maria Antoinette Ellen Isabella DeJorions 2d daughter of Ed. Archer Langley, esq.

20, at Tranquebar, by the reverend Hans Knutsen, lieut. W. Herford, 5th regt. N I, to Anna Matilda daughter of W. Petersen, esq. of that place.

NOVEMBER.

20, by the reverend M. Bowie, lieut. Hamilton Gray, H M 13th light dragoons to Fanny, daughter of the late R. Sewell, esq. of Oak end lodge, Bucks, and relict of Edward Chamier, esq. Bombay civil service.

26, at Cannanore, by the reverend J. C. Street, A. B. lieutenant C. Cardew, H M 57th regt. to Caroline, second daughter of captain W. Hake, H M 13th light dragoons.

DECEMBER.

1, at Cannanore, by the reverend J. C. Street, A. B. P. Nicholson, esq. M. D. assistant surgeon H M 57th regiment, to Georgianna, fourth daughter of James McDonnell, esq. M. D. surgeon H M 57th regiment.

3, at Bangalore, by the reverend Geo. Trevor, s. c. L. W. R. Studdy, esq. son of the late T. B. Studdy, esq. Combe House, in the county of Devon, to Emily Maria, only daughter of captain James Boalth, H M 13th light dragoons.

26, at St. George's cathedral, by the reverend F. Spring, M. A. capt. W. Hill, acting deputy judge advocate general to Emma Jephson Lowe, only daughter of the late captain Lowe, formerly of H M 25th dragoons, and step daughter of the late major genl. R. B. Gregory, c. B.

D E A T H S.

DECEMBER 1837.

16, at Bombay, lieut W. H. Pigot, 46th regiment Madras N I.

27, at Chicacole, the infant son of A. Freese, esq.

30, at Moulmein, Herbert Unwin, infant son of captain Clarke, H M 62d regiment.

JANUARY 1838.

14, at Mercara, lieut Joseph Martyr, 36th regiment N I.

16, at Bombay, 2d lieut E. Strettell, of the Madras artillery.

19, at Arcot, Susannah Isabella, wife of captain B. W. Cumberlege, 7th regt light cavalry.

27, at Chicacole, lieutenant T. H. B. Ludlow, 6th regiment N I.

FEBRUARY.

9, at Bimlipatam, captain R Mitchell, 2d native veteran battalion.

16, William, son of the revd W. H. Drew, missionary, aged 16 months.

18, Sophia, wife of mr James White, of the asylum press, aged 30 years.

19, at the female asylum, Poonamallee road, mrs M. Pohle, relict of the late revd C. Pohle, aged 56 years.

20, Anna, wife of the revd W. H. Drew, and a daughter, to whom she had just given birth.

27, at Kamptee, the infant daughter of major Crawford, artillery.

MARCH.

2, at Jaulnah, Francis Charles, son of captain Eades, 39th N I, aged 3 years and 9 months.

2, at sea, on board the Lady Flora, Alice Georgiana, infant daughter of G. T. Beauchamp, esq, Madras civil service aged 9 months and 4 days.

5, at Ootacamund, lieut colonel John Moncrieff, of the 51st regiment N I.

8, at Madras, Elizabeth Susannah, wife of W. R. White, esq, acting deputy inspector general of hospitals H M's troops, aged 30 years.

14, at Secunderabad, captain G. H. Sotheby, 34th light infantry.

15, at Kamptee, surgeon A. Campbell, of the medical establishment.

20, at Bangalore, W. Haines, esq, superintending surgeon Mysore division.

24, at Madura, lieut (brevet captain) Sperry Peshall, of the 40th N I.

26, at Jaulnah, the infant daughter of the revd F. G. Lugard, aged 27 days.

26, in camp at Kurnool, the infant daughter of E. A. H. Webb, esq, 38th N I.

28, at St. Thomas' Mount, Mary, relict of the late col Tanner, aged 71 years.

29, at Madras, Eliza, wife of L. G. Ford, esq, acting 3d member medical board.

APRIL.

1, at Jaulnah, Dora Babington, daughter of lieut H. B. Blogg, 7th light cavalry, aged 1 year and 9 months.

11, at Vellore, lieut J. P. Buée of the 15th N I.

12, at Bangalore, Elliott Carleton, the infant son of lieut Armstrong, engineers, aged 5 months.

12, at Pondicherry, mrs A. S. Cooper, sister to captain Lynn, 1st N V B.

15, at John Pereira's, Charlotte, daughter of mr John Fisk, aged 11 months and 3 days.

MAY.

3, at Ootacamund, the infant son of lieutenant W. H. Miller.

12, at Pondicherry, captain C. S. Lynn 1st N V B.

19, at Secunderabad, superintending surgeon G. Meikle, of the medical est.

17, at Cuddapah, H. T. Bushby, esq, judge of Bellary.

18, John William Dare, esq, senior partner of the firm of Messrs. Parry, Dare and Co.

22, at the French Rocks, Robert, the eldest son of surgeon R. Oliphant, aged two and half years

23, at Hingolee, Charlotte Catherine, the infant daughter of N. A. Woods, esq, aged 7 months and 13 days.

23, Diana Jane, the infant daughter of J. C. Wroughton, esq.

24, at Bangalore, Jane, wife of major J. F. Palmer, 32d N I.

27, Miss Repsima Johannes, third daughter of Jacob Johannes, esq., aged 13 years 8 months and 13 days.

30, at Brodie Castle, Eliza Jane, daughter of J. A. Arbuthnot, esq, aged 3 years and 5 months.

JUNE.

1, at Hamsaugor, on the Tomboodra, returning from Bombay, Emma Rose, daughter of major Simmons H M's 41st regiment.

2, at Palaveram, lieut col (brevet colonel) J. Green, 3d regiment L I.

5, at Palamcottah, the revd C. T. E. Rhenius, aged 49 years and 7 months.

6, at Bangalore, lieut C. G. Pless, 34th regiment L I.

6, at Ootacamund, Isaac Campbell, the infant son of captain J. C. Coffin, aged 16 months and 24 days.

8, at Kamptee, Louisa Charlotte, the eldest child of lieu't G. Briggs, horse arty aged 3 years and 9 months.

9, at Ootacamund, Fanny Emma Conway, daughter of G. A Harris, esq. civil service, aged 3 years 8 months and 28 days.

10, at Palamcottah, Sarah Elizabeth daughter of the late revd C. T. E. Rhenius, aged 1 year and 3 months.

11, at Muktul, captain W. T. Pollock, 3d regt Niz. I, and lieu't of the 38th regt Madras N I.

11, at Ootacamund, G. Harnage, the infant son of G. D. Drury, esq., aged 1 year and 10 months.

13, at Chingleput, assistant surgeon J. O'Neill, zillah surg. at that station.

15, at Hyderabad, major J. Cameron, of the 52d regt. N I.

15, on board the *Anna Robertson*, lieutenant colonel Cunningham, 35th regt. N I.

16, at Bangalore, Charlotte, the wife of assistant surgeon J. Lawrance, 34th L I.

23, at Madras, lieutenant Wilson Marriott, 6th regt. L C.

26, at Bangalore, assistant surgeon W. Holmes, of the medical est.

28, at Vellore, Archibald, son of brigadier G. M. Steuart, aged 14 months and 19 days.

30, at Cuddalore, W. Viney, esq. lieu't and brevet captain H M 39th reg.

— at Bellary, at the residence of captain Stockwell, paymaster ceded districts, Emma, the wife of major Simmons, H M. 41st regt.

JULY.

3, at Mertara, capt W. Craigie 28th regt N I.

9, mr John Law, assessor and civil engineer, aged 41 years.

9, at Secunderabad, Jessie, wife of capt Evans, 51st N I.

11, at Chittoor, captain A. McNair, 15th regt N I.

12, at Secunderabad, Mary Ann, daughter of qr mr serjt G. Honey, 21st N I.

14, at Madras, William Hugh Bell esq, eldest son of the late William Bell esq, Madras civil service.

28, at Madras, T. S. Fanning esq, aged 46 years.

29, at Moulmein, assist surg W. A. Collings of the medical establishment.

30, at Persewalkum, mrs M. McFarlane, relict of the late mr G. McFarlane, aged 43 years.

31, at Gooty, on route to Bangalore, Charlotte, wife of lieu't H. Houghten, Madras European regt.

AUGUST.

2, at Ootacamund, 1st lieu't H. Watts, of the engineers.

5, at the Presidency, N. Webb, esq, C S, aged 76 years.

5, at Cootamputti, about 40 miles from Trichinopoly, Geo. Garrow esq, late 1st Judge of the provincial court of appeal and circuit for the southern division.

6, at Tanjore, lieu't Henry Garnier, 4th light cavalry, sub asst comy genl.

8, at Secunderabad, the infant son of doctor Morrogh, horse artillery.

8, at Secunderabad, Matilda, wife of col T. Marrett, 20th N I.

10, at Cannanore, W. O. Shakespear esq, late 1st judge of the provincial court of appeal, and circuit for the western division.

12, at Bangalore, Joseph Spry, the son of asst surg J. Lawrence, aged 14 months.

15, at Bowenpilly, Gertrude Susanna Emma, the daughter of E. C. Collins esq, 6th light cavalry, aged 13 months, and 2 days.

16, at Vizagapatam, the wife of the rev V. Shortland, chaplain of that station.

17, at Bangalore, lieu't and bevt capt H. E. C. O'Connor of the 32d N I.

18, at Vizagapatam, Rebecca Mary, the infant daughter of the reverend V. Shortland, aged 12 days.

19, at Jaulnah, lieu't and quarter mr E. Hughes, 39th N I.

23, at Ootacamund, Henrietta Cecilia, the lady of John Sullivan esq, aged 35 years.

25, at Madras, mrs William Ray, aged 27 years.

27, at Hingolee, major O. W. Gray, H M's 62d foot, aged 49 years.

29, at Madras, R. Skill esq, late actuary and accountant of the govt bank.

30, mr D. P. Hooker, deputy comy of ordnance, aged 73 years 7 months and 8 days.

SEPTEMBER.

1, at Guntoor, assist surg J. Woodforde M. D. of the medical establishment.

2, at Sea, on board the *Claudine*, capt C. Dalrymple, late master attendant at Madras.

3, at Ootacamund, Harriett Anne, eldest daughter of J. Sullivan esq, aged 16 years.

7, at Bangalore, Catherine, wife of H. Hooper esq, 4th light cavalry.

7, at Kamptee, major John Ross, 25th regt N I.

8, at Secunderabad, Mary Alice, daughter of H. Edwards esq, H M's 55th regt, aged 3 years and 11 months.

8, at Moulmein, lieut C. Hopton, H M's 63d regt, aged 23 years.

9, at Arcot, Charlotte B. Stevens, third daughter of J. Stevens esq, aged 18 years and 3 months.

13, at Trichinopoly, George, infant son of serjeant Handcock, aged 1 year and 5 months.

22, at Bangalore, Mary, the eldest child of capt J. E. Butcher, asst comy genl, aged 3 yrs 9 months and 19 days.

22, at Ootacamund, Charles Babington, the infant son of J. L. Johnson esq.

25, at Masulipatam, the lady of capt W. Rawlins, 40th regt N I.

29, at Madras, mr C. M. West, pensioned lieut.

29, at Secunderabad, Sophia Otte, youngest daughter of F. Gray esq. 35th regt N I, aged 1 year and 3 months.

30, at Gookarum, on route from Nagpore to Masulipatam, captain C. A. Cosby, 25th N I.

OCTOBER.

2, at Vizagapatam, Mary Ann, daughter of the rev J. W. Gordon, aged 10 months 16 days.

5, at Masulipatam, 1st lieut J. H. Gunthorpe, artillery.

9, In Camp near Coodoor, lieut (bvt capt) E. Peppercorne, 16th N I.

9, at Maulnain, capt J. Ellis, H M's 62d regt.

10, at Kamptee, Christiana, the infant daughter of major Kerr, commanding Madras European regiment.

12, at Maulmein, surgeon S. Higginson, 13th regt N I.

14, at Bangalore, Thomas, the infant son of capt C. W. Nepean, depy judge advocate general.

15, In Camp near Gondaloor, Mary, the wife of capt Lambert 16th regt N I.

25, at Cannanore, Philip Parker, the eldest son of capt T. Bainbridge, H M's 57th regt, aged 10 years.

26, at Bangalore, Mary Jane, the infant daughter of G. Knox esq, aged 12 days.

NOVEMBER.

1, at Duojee, on route to and near Bellary, Ann, wife of captain H. T. Hinchins, 52d N I, aged 23 years.

16, Killed by a tiger at the Guzluttee Ghaut, on the Neilgherries, mr M. Martin, assistant revenue surveyor, aged 27 years.

17, at Royapooram, mr William Hunter, late auctioneer, aged 46 years.

20, at Masulipatam, capt F. Darby, of the 22d regt N I.

21, at Poodoopett, Helen Lucretia, infant daughter of Mr. James White, of the Asylum Press, aged 1 year and 9 months.

28, At Bimlipatam, the infant daughter of captain W. W. Dunlop.

29, at Ardinghee, on route to Madras, Daubeney Hume, the son of Hume Edwards, esq. H M 55th regiment, aged 1 year and 21 days.

DECEMBER.

8, at St. Thome, William, son of lieut. P. Spry, 35th N I, aged nearly 5 years.

14, at Madras, William Henry, son of Mr. H. C. Newland.

16, at Anantapoor, F. W. Robertson, esq. principal collector and magistrate of Bellary.

19, at Madras, Fanny Anne, second daughter of the late S. Higginson, esq. Surgeon, aged 1 year and 1 month.

27th, at Madras, lieut. A. J. Ormsby, 1st N. V. B. aged 32 years,

Administrations to Estates, 1837-38.

ESTATES.	Date of Advertisement.	EXECUTORS, &c.
Backhouse, Capt. C. O. 25th N. I. ...	6 Mar. 1838	P. Cator, Esq.
Birtles, Mr. W. T. ...	30 Dec. 1837	Mr. R. L. Pereira and Mr. H. Birtles.
Bowser, Lieut. Genl. Sir T... 4 do. 1838	4 do. 1838	P. Cator, Esq.
Buée, Lieut. J. P. 15th N. I. ...	4 Oct.	Do.
Bushby, Esq. H. T. ...	2 Aug.	Do.
Campbell, Esq. A. ...	13 June	Mrs. E. C. H. M. Campbell, Executrix, Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co. Agents and Attornies.
Claridge, Captain T. S. ...	26 do.	G. Claridge, Esq. and C. Druce, Esq.—J. B. Key, Esq. Agent and Attorney.
Collins, Mr. J. ...	9 Nov.	Anne Collins.
Crump, Mr. J. ...	6 March	P. Cator, Esq.
Cunchee Narsoo Naick ...	5 Nov.	Cunchee Rumanjum Naick.
Cunningham, Captain W. ...	20 March	Maj. Genl. W. H. Sewell, c.z. Attorney.
Cuppage, Capt. W. 21st N. I. ...	4 Oct.	P. Cator, Esq.
Cursham, Captain J. ...	6 Sept.	Do.
Curtis, Lieut. E. C. 1st Cavy ...	6 March	Do.
Dare, Esq. J. W. ...	19 June	J. Pugh, J. A. Arbuthnot, and C. R. Howard, Esquires.
Farmer, Cornet G. A. 1st Cy. ...	20 Jan.	P. Cator, Esq.
Fennell, Lt. J. R. 10th N. I. ...	5 May	Do.
Fereira, Mr. A. ...	20 Oct.	Mr. J. B. Baptist.
Fraser, Miss J. ...	4 do.	P. Cator, Esq.

ESTATES.	Date of Advertisement.	EXECUTORS, &c.
Garnier, Lieut. H. ...	11 Oct. 1838	A. J. Maclean, Esq. Atty.
G. Garrow, Esq. G. ..	4 do.	P. Cator, Esq.
Gibson, Apothecary A. ...	21 May	Mrs. S. Gibson.
Gilmour, Esq. J. Surgeon ...	30 March	S. Ellison, & R. Brien, Esqrs. Executors. Messrs. Arbuthnot, and Co. Agents and Attornies.
Glen, Esq. J. Asst. Surgeon...	6 Nov.	P. Cator, Esq.
Gordon, Major Sir J. Bart. ...	18 April	Do.
Green, Brigadier J. ...	20 Aug.	Do.
Haines, Esq. W. Supg. Surg.	30 May	Mrs. H. J. Haines, Executrix. Messrs. Binny and Co. Agents and Attornies.
Hare, Major General J. ...	12 June	W. Mills, Esq. Executor, Messrs. Binny & Co. Agents and Attorneys.
Harvey, Lieut. C. C. ...	4 Oct.	P. Cator, Esq.
Hayman, Lieut. J. B. 6th N.I.	4 do.	Do.
Horne, Mrs. L. M. A. ...	2 Aug.	Do.
Hunter, Mr. W. ...	20 Nov.	Mrs. Hunter, Executrix, Mr.
Hutchison, Capt. G. T. 31st L. I.	12 Jan.	T. W. Nailer, Attorney.
Hutton, Lieut. G. Artillery...	5 May	P. Cator, Esq.
Jacobs, Qr. Mr. Serjt. W. C.	20 Jan.	Do.
Jobling, Capt. G. 1st N. V. B.	5 May	Do.
Law, Mr. J. ...	13 Aug.	Mrs. C. S. Law, Executrix.
Longworth, Captain T. A. J. J.	10 July	J. A. Arbuthnot, Esq.
Ludlow, Lieut. T. H. B. ...	2 Aug.	P. Cator, Esq.

ESTATES.	Date of Advertisement.	EXECUTORS. &c.
Maddougall, Esq. D. Assistant Surgeon ...	6 Feb. 1838	J. Campbell, Esq. Executor— J. Thomson, Esq. Attorney.
Mark, Mr. T. ...	1 Aug.	Mr. J. Brass & Mr. J. D'Cruz, Executors.
Marriott, Lieut. J. 6th Cavy.	20 Sept.	J. J. Mudie, Esq. Ex. Messrs. Binny and Co. Agents and Attornies.
Martyr, Lieut. J. 36th N. I. ...	24 March	Mrs. M. J. Martyr, Executrix. Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co. Agents and Attornies.
McNair, Captain A. 15th N. I.	4 Dec.	P. Cator, Esq.
Medley, Captain T. 5th N. I.	26 Nov.	Lieut. S. Vardon, Ex. Messrs. Binny and Co. Attornies.
Molony, Captain S. W. J. ...	5 July	Captain W. P. Deas, and F. Gresley, Esq. Executors.
Moncrieff, Lt. Col. J. 51st N. I.	6 Sept.	P. Cator, Esq.
Newton, Mrs. E. ...	4 Dec.	P. Cator, Esq.
Norman, Lieut. J. 4th Cav. ...	6 June	Do.
Nutting, Lieut. C. M. E. Rt.	6 March	Do.
Oakes, Esq. C. E. ...	6 Mar.	P. Cator, Esq.
O'Neill, J. Asst. Surg. ...	4 Oct.	Do.
Ouslow, Lieut. R. T. 7th Cav.	5 May	Do.
O'Reilly, Mrs. L. O. ...	6 June	Do.
Patterson, Mrs. M. ...	26 June	J. Ouchterlony, Esq. Attorney.
Pauchard, Conductor J. ...	6 Sept.	Mrs. Pauchard, Executrix.
Peshall, Captain S. 40th N. I.	2 Aug.	P. Cator, Esq.
Podmore, Ensign R. 1st N. I.	4 Oct.	do.
Pohle, Mrs. M. ...	24 March	A. F. Bruce, Esq. Executor.

ESTATES.	Date of Advertisement.	EXECUTORS, &c.
Rehe, Major, S. A. 26th N. I.	19 Jany. 1838	Captain N. F. Johnson 26th N. I. Executor.
Roberts, Eng. C. H. G. 40th N. I.	6 June	P. Cator, Esq.
Rogers, Esq. C. Asst. Surgeon	20 Jany.	Do.
Ross, Major John 25th Regt. N. I.	27 Dec.	Lient. T. Maclean, 39th Regt. N. I.
Scott, Mr. T.	4 April	P. Cator, Esq.
Shakespear, Esq. W. O.	3 Oct.	G. F. Shakespear, and C. A. Moore, Esqs. Executors Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co. Attornies.
Soobah, Luchmee	7 Dec.	Baboo Naidoo.
Sotheby, Captain G. A.	21 Aug.	A. D. Campbell, Esq. Attorney.
Stone, Mr. E.	4 Dec.	P. Cator, Esq.
Sturt, Capt. O. F. 16th N. I.	4 April	do
Tanner, Esq. M.	30 May	Capt. C. F. Le Hardy. Executor. Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co. Agents and Attornies.
Tocker, Major J. 52d N. I.	2 Aug.	J. B. Key, Esq. Attorney.
Tod, Esq. J. O.	8 Nov.	W. Geddes, J. Geddes, A. Lawson, James Geddes, and A. Brown, Esqs. Executors. J. Pugh, Esq. Attorney.
Vigors, Mrs. M.	6 June	P. Cator, Esq.
Warrant, Esq. A. Asst. Surg.	4 Oct.	P. Cator, Esq.
Webb, Esq. N.	15 Sept.	H. W. Hawkins, Esq. Executor. Messrs. Hall, Bainbridge and Co. Attornies.

The Stranger's Guide

*to places of general resort in Madras, as Public Offices, Churches, Chapels, &c.
with the hours of Attendance.*

Accountant General's Office	-	-	Charles and James Street, Fort, from $\frac{1}{2}$ past 10 to 5.
Adjutant do. do.	-	-	Arsenal Street, Fort, from 10 to 5.
Admiralty House	-	-	St. Thomé street, Fort.
Advocate General's Office	-	-	North Beach, from 10 to 5.
Armenian St. Mary's Church	-	-	Armenian Street.
Arsenal	-	-	Arsenal Street, Fort, from 8 to 4.
Bale Godowns (Company's)	-	-	St. Thomé Street.
Barrack Master's Office	-	-	Near the Eastern Ramparts, Fort, from $\frac{1}{2}$ past 10 to 5.
Bible Society's Depository	-	-	Popham's Broadway.
Black Town Church	-	-	Popham's Broadway: Sundays 11 A.M.
Brigade Major's (Queen's Troops) Office	-	-	Near the Eastern Ramparts, Fort, from 10 to 5.
Bullion Office	-	-	Yellabanasar Street, Black Town.
Cadets Quarters	-	-	Near the North Gate, Fort.
Camp Equipage Dépôt	-	-	Adjoining St. Mary's Burial Ground, from 8 to 4.
Canal (Cochran's) Basin	-	-	North West Angle of the Black Town Wall.
Cenotaph	-	-	Mount Road.
Chamber of Commerce Office	-	-	Waddell's House, Popham's Broadway, from 10 to 5.
Chief Engineer's Office	-	-	Hanover Square, Fort, from 11 to 4.
Chief Secretary's Office (Govt. Office)	-	-	Do. do. from $\frac{1}{2}$ past 10 to 5.
Chintadrapettah Barrack	-	-	Chintadrepettah.
Church Mission Chapel	-	-	Pophams Broadway, Sundays 11 A.M. $\frac{1}{2}$ past 6 P.M. Tuesdays $\frac{1}{2}$ past 6 P.M.
Civil Auditor's Office	-	-	St. Thomé Street, Fort, from 11 to 5.
Civil Fund Office	-	-	Do. do. 11 to 5.
Clerk of the Crown's Office	-	-	North Beach, from 10 to 5.
Clerk of the Peace do.	-	-	Do.
Clive's Redoubt	-	-	Do.
Clothing Board Office	-	-	Arsenal Street, Fort, from 10 to 5.
Club House	-	-	Mount Road.
Collector of Assessment's Office	-	-	Police Office, Pantheon Road, from 10 to 5.
College	-	-	Nungumbaukum, near Anderson's Bridge. Board sits from 10 to 5.
Commander in Chief's Office	-	-	Near Commander in Chief's Bridge.
Commissary General's do.	-	-	Black Town, back of the Sea Custom House, from 10 to 5.
Common Assignee's do.	-	-	North Beach, from $\frac{1}{2}$ past 9 to 6.
Cornwallis's (Lord) Statue	-	-	Fort, facing the Govt. Office.
Coroner's Office	-	-	North Beach, from 11 to 5.
Corrie's (Bishop) Grammar School	-	-	Semboodoss Street, Popham's Broadway, from $\frac{1}{2}$ past 8 to 12 and from $\frac{1}{2}$ past 1 to $\frac{1}{2}$ past 4.
Deputy Adj't. Gen'l's. Office (Q. Troops)	-	-	Near the Eastern Ramparts, Fort, from 10 to 5.
Do. Quarter Mr. Gen'l's. (do.) do. do.	-	-	from 10 to 5.
Do. Sheriff's Office	-	-	North Beach from 10 to 5.
Eye Infirmary	-	-	Near St. Andrew's Church, Poonamallee Road.
Expense Magazine	-	-	Powder Mills, Vaysarpaudy.
Family Payment Office	-	-	Near the Eastern Ramparts, Fort, from $\frac{1}{2}$ past 10 to 5.
Fort St. George Gazette Press Office	-	-	Govt. Office, do. from 9 to 5.

Friend in Need Society's Workshop	-	-	- Chintadrepettah, near the Barrack.
Fort Adjutant's Office	-	-	- Near the Flag Staff, Fort, from $\frac{1}{2}$ past 10 to 5.
Gaol (Grand)	-	-	- Popham's Broadway.
Do. (Petty)	-	-	- do.
Gar. Assistant Surgeon's Quarters	-	-	- St. Thomé Street, Fort.
Do. School	-	-	- Near the North Gate, do.
Garrison Dispensary	-	-	- St. Thomé Street, Fort, open at all hours.
General Hospital	-	-	- Hospital Street.
Do. Prize Committee Office	-	-	- Charles and James Street, Fort, from 10 to 5.
Government Bank	-	-	- Near the N. Gate, Fort, from 10 to 5.
Do. Commissioners Office	-	-	- Chetput, from half past 10 to 5.
Do. Dispensary	-	-	- Mount Road, open at all hours.
Do. House	-	-	- Near Govt. Bridge, Mount Road.
Do. Office	-	-	- Hanover Square, Fort, from $\frac{1}{2}$ past 10 to 4. Council days, Tuesday and Friday.
Do. Savings' Bank	-	-	- Near the North Gate, Fort, from 10 to 5.
Gun Carriage Manufactory	-	-	- Vepery, from $\frac{1}{2}$ past 7 to 4.
Do. Powder do.	-	-	- Vasarpuddy, from 8 to 4.
Horticultural Society's Garden	-	-	- Near St. George's Cathedral, Mount Road.
House of Industry	-	-	- Opposite Vepery Dispensary, Vepery.
Inspector General's Office (H. M.'s Hospitals)	-	-	- { Near the College, Nungumbaukum, from 11 to 5.
Judge Advocate General's Office	-	-	- Near Commander in Chief's Bridge.
Land Custom House	-	-	- Near Anderson's Bridge, Pantheon Road, from 11 to 5.
Leper Hospital	-	-	- Near the Monegar Choultry.
Lithographic Press (Govt.)	-	-	- Hanover square, Fort, from 10 to 5.
London Missionary Society's Chapel	-	-	- Davidson's-street, Black Town, Sundays at half past 10 A. M., half past 6 P. M., Wednesday Evenings at half past 6.
do. do.	-	-	- Pursewaulkum, (for Native services only.)
Lottery Office	-	-	- Arsenal Street, Fort, from 10 to 5.
Lunatic Asylum	-	-	- Kilpauk.
Main Guard	-	-	- Facing Queen's Barracks, Fort.
Male Asylum Press	-	-	- Mount Road, from 9 to 5.
Male and Female Orphan Asylums	-	-	- Popham's Broadway.
Marine Board Office	-	-	- Sea Custom House, North Beach, from 11 to 5.
Market	-	-	- Popham's Broadway.
Master Attendant's Office	-	-	- Sea Custom House, North Beach, from 11 to 5.
Master in Equity's Office	-	-	- Supreme Court House, North Beach, from 11 to 5.
Medical Board Office	-	-	- St. George's Street, Fort, from 10 to 5.
Do. Fund Office	-	-	- Dr. Cole's Gardens, Royapettah.
Do. School	-	-	- Near General Hospital.
Do. Storekeeper's Office	-	-	- Charles and James Street, Fort, from 10 to 5.
Military Auditor General's Office.	-	-	- do. do. from half past 10 to 5.
Do. Board Office	-	-	- Near St. Thomé gate, do. from half past 10 to 5.
Do. Female Orphan Asylum	-	-	- Poonamallee Road.
Do. Fund Office	-	-	- Gloucester Alley, rear of the Pay Office, Fort, from 10 to 5.
Do. Male Orphan Asylum	-	-	- Egmore.
Do. Paymaster's Office	-	-	- Near the Eastern Ramparts, Fort, from 10 to 5.
Mint	-	-	- Yellabanasar Street, Black Town.
Monegar Choultry	-	-	- Near North Elephant Gate, Gaol Street.

Nabob's Palace	-	-	- Triplicane.
Native Education Society's School	-	-	- Popham's Broadway.
Observatory	-	-	- Nungumbaukum.
Officers (Queens) Mess House	-	-	- Near the North Gate, Fort.
Paymaster Carnatic Stipends' Office	-	-	- Near the Eastern Ramparts, Fort, from 10 to 5.
Perembore Barracks	-	-	- Perembore.
Petty Court House	-	-	- Bentinck's buildings North Beach, from 10 to 5. Court days Monday and Thursday.
Police Office	-	-	- Pantheon Road, from half past 9 to 5.
Port and Marine Surgeon's Office	-	-	- North Beach.
Post Office	-	-	- Near the North Gate, Fort, open daily, Sundays excepted, from 10 to 4 for the reception of Banghy parcels, 'till 5½ P.M. for Newspapers and 'till 6 P.M. for Letters..
Post Office receiving houses	-	-	- No. 18, Choolay Bazar-street, Vepery, & Mowbray's Salay-street, Royapettah, adjoining the Bazar No. 53, open daily from 11 to 4.
Park	-	-	- St. George's-street, Fort.
Quarter Master General's Office	-	-	- St. Thomé Street, Fort, from ½ past 10 to 5.
Queen's Barracks	-	-	- St. Thomé-street, do.
Registrar of the Supreme Court's Office	-	-	- North Beach, from 10 to 6.
Religious Tract Society's Depository	-	-	- Near the Market, Popham's Broadway.
Revenue Board Office	-	-	- Old Exchange, Fort, from 11 to 5.
Roman Catholic Cathedral	-	-	- Armenian-street, Black Town.
Do. do. (St. John's)	-	-	- Davidson's-street, Black Town.
Do. do.	-	-	- Royapooram.
Do. do.	-	-	- Vepery.
Do. do.	-	-	- St. Thomé.
Do. do. (St. Lazarus)	-	-	- Luz.
Sailor's Home	-	-	- North Esplanade, Black Town.
Sea Custom House	-	-	- North Beach, from 11 to 4.
Secy. to Govt. Military Department	-	-	- Govt. Office, Fort, from ½ past 10 to 5.
Sheriffs Office	-	-	- North Beach, from 11 to 5.
Sir Thomas Munro's Statue	-	-	- Between Wallajah and Govt. Bridges, Mount Road.
St. Andrew's Church	-	-	- Egmore, Sundays 11 A. M. ½ past 6 P. M.
Do. School	-	-	- Erabauloo Chitty Street.
St. George's Cathedral	-	-	- Mount Road, Sundays 11 A. M. ½ past 6 P. M.
St. Mary's Burial Ground	-	-	- Near Camp Equipage Dépôt.
Do. Church	-	-	- Fort, Sundays 11 A. M. ½ past 6 P. M.
St. Thomé Cathedral	-	-	- St. Thomé.
Stamp Office	-	-	- St. Thomé-street, Fort, from 11 to 5.
Stationery Office	-	-	- Gun Carriage Manufactory, Vepery, from 10 to 5.
Sudder and Foujdary Adaulut Court	-	-	- Royapettah, from 11 to 5.
Superintending Engineer's Office	-	-	- Hanover Square, Fort, from 10 to 5.
Do. Surgeon's Office	-	-	- Near the Spur Tank, Poonamallee Road, from 11 to 5.
Town Major's Office	-	-	- Near the Flag Staff, Fort, from ½ past 10 to 5.
Tract (Religious) Society	-	-	- Near the Market, Pophams Broadway, from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.
Treasurer's Office	-	-	- Portuguese square, Fort, from 10 to 5.
Trinity Chapel	-	-	- John Pereiras, Sundays ½ past 6 P. M.

Union Free School	-	"	-	John Pereira's, from 8 to 5.
Unitarian Chapel	-	"	-	Near the Lunatic Asylum, Persewaulkum, Sundays at $\frac{1}{2}$ past 10 A. M.
Vepery Mission Church	-	"	-	Vepery. Sundays 11 A. M. $\frac{1}{2}$ past 6 P. M. Thursdays, half past 6 P. M.
Vepery Mission Press	-	"	-	Church Street, Vepery, from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M.
Vepery Mission School	-	"	-	Do. do. do.
Vepery Free School	-	"	-	Do. do. do.
Vepery Barracks	-	"	-	Near Gun Carriage Manufactory, Vepery.
Wesleyan Missionary Society's Chapel-				Popham's Broadway, Sunday Evenings $\frac{1}{2}$ past 6, Thursday evenings $\frac{1}{2}$ past 6. Royapettah, (for Native Services) Thurs- days $\frac{1}{2}$ past 6 P. M.
do.	do.	do.		

BRIDGES.

Anderson's	-	"	-	Near College.
Basin	-	"	-	Near Cochrane's Canal.
Benfield's	-	"	-	S. W. Angle of the Glacis, Fort.
Commander in Chief's	-	"	-	Near Commander in Chief's Gardens.
Elephant Gate			-	Near W. Elephant Gate.
Fraser's	-	"	-	N. W. Angle of the Glacis, Fort.
Gantz's	-	"	-	Powder Mills.
Government	-	"	-	Near Government House, Mount Road.
Hospital	-	"	-	Near General Hospital.
Marmalong	-	"	-	Little Mount.
Sir Thomas Munro's	-	"	-	Near Chetput.
St. Andrew's (Chintadrappettah)	-	"	-	Near St. Andrews' Church.
St. Mary's	-	"	-	Near St. Mary's Burial Ground.
Suspension (Iron)	-	"	-	Chintadrappettah.
Wallajah	-	"	-	Mount Road:—Near Wallajah Gate, Fort.

Index.

A	BERCROMBIE, Sir R		Bayfield, G T	146,83
	<i>Bl</i>	104	Bayley, W H	99,102,103
Acworth, N B	153,154	143	Baynes, C R	96,102
Adams, George		148	Beauchamp, G T	98,102,105
Adams J		132	Beauchamp, W	147
Aleman, J M		245	Bedwell, E G	147
Alexander, R		104	Bell, A R	84
Alexander, J Dupre		104	Bell, J H	108
Alexander, Robert		104	Bell, T H	97,103,245
Alexander, J		107	Bell, James	144
Alexander, R		107	Benson, Richard	83
Allardice, A		146	Beetson, G	145
Alves, N		83	Benza, P M D	147
Amalric and Co		224	Bernard, W B	108
Anderson, W B	92,102	104	Binning, R R M	101,103
Anderson, F	95,104	147	Binny and Co	224,227
Anderson, M F		148	Binny, W S	227
Anderson, J M D		147	Bird, John	91,105,106
Andrew, P A M D		93,104	Bird, George	94,102
Angelo, A E		104	Bird, C J	97,103
Anstey, T		96,104	Bird, J	98,103
Anstruther, T A		132	Birch, S D	99,103,105,198
Appasawmy, E		227	Birch, de Burgh, M D	145
Arathoon, S P		95,103	Birdwood, J W	107
Arbuthnot, W U		227,224	Bishop, J F	96,104
Arbuthnot and Co		227	Blackburne, John	93,103
Arbuthnot, A F		101	Blackman, C	130
Arbuthnot, C T		108	Blair, W T	104
Armstrong, E		148	Blair, H M	94,103
Arthur, J M D		93,102	Blake, E P	104
Ashton, W		224	Blane, T L	95,103
Ashton and Co		146	Blenkinsop, W T A S	123,131
Auchinleck, C H M D		224	Blest, A E M D	144
Aubry, A		225	Blogg, H B	269
Aviragnet, F		108	Blundell, F	108
Awdry, J D		104	Blunt, C W	153,154
Babington, J		94,103	Boddam, W T	269
Babington, W H		108	Boileau, T E J	93,102
Babington, D		245	Bonjour, B	225
Baggot, J		144	Borthwick, W	83
Baikie, R M D		153,154	Boswell and Co	225
Baillie, J T		104	Bourdillon, J D	97,102
Baker, C		153,154	Boyd, David	143
Baldwin, T R		224	Boyd, W	154,167
Balakistna, Teeroocawmy		104	Bower, J	103
Balfour, James		148	Bowie, M	132
Balfour, E G		104	Braddock, J	108,193
Balfour, Walter		143,244	Braganza, L	132
Bannister, W		94,102	Branfill, B	104
Bannerman, E		94,103	Branson, J W	153,154
Bannerman, R A		227	Bremner, W	108
Barambeg, N		132	Brennon, E	245
Barboza, M C J		224	Brett, H A	99,102
Barrow and Co		225	Brice, H S	145
Bartley, J and Co		132	Bright, G A C	144
Battista, G		83	Briggs, J	84
Bax, John		104	Brissou, Thomas	244
Bayard, Robert			Broadfoot, G	198

Brooking, S	85, 146	Chouremootoo, T	164
Brooke, Arthur	91, 105	Clarke, S and Co	224
Brookes, W	108	Clarke, A	84
Brooming and Lynch Misses	225	Clarke, T	100, 106
Brotherton, T A A	130	Clemendez, Burton and Co	225
Brown, C P	93, 106	Clementson, F F	93, 103
Brown, J	144	Clerk, Robert	93, 105
Browne, C A	106	Clerk, C R	85
Bruce, A F	94, 269	Clerk, F J	167, 245
Bruce and Co	224	Clulow, Joseph	93, 104
Bruce, James	83	Cochrane, J H	97, 102
Bruers, J G S	95, 104	Cochrane, W E	101
Buchan, George	104	Cockburn, T	104
Buchanan, R H	147	Cockburn, M D	91, 102
Bucke, George	104	Coffin, I C	108
Buckle, E	107	Coleman, G	104
Buckly, P	154	Coleman, J G M D	144
Budd, R	84	Cole, Hon A H	104
Budd, W H	108	Cole, R C	225
Burden, J W	153	Cole, R	145, 150
Burghall, J	225	Coleridge, John	149
Burns, R	108	Colecroft, J	225
Burnes, Sir A K	83	Colquhoun, J M D	144
Burrell, W	146	Colthurst, R	149
Bury, J F	101, 102	Comb, H	104
Bury, H	84	Comyn, Sir R B K	153, 154
Bushby, H T	104	Congreve, H	107
Butcher, J E	108	Conolly, H V	95, 104
Butler, W	145	Conran, J T	143
Butler, C A	108	Constancio, A W	153
Butterworth, W J	107, 108	Conway, T B A	99, 103
Cachart, J	225	Cooke, William	104
Cadenhead, John	148	Cooke, H D	101, 103
Calthrop, C A B	130	Coombs, V D	130
Cæmmerer, A F	130	Cooper, F	146
Cameron, G P	84	Cooper, L	153, 154
Campbell, A D	92, 106	Cooper, M Q	153, 154
Campbell, J C	147	Copleston, F	99, 103
Campbell, J	103	Cormack, N	269
Campbell, J	108	Cornfoot, J	147
Campbell, A	84	Cotterill, H A E	129, 131, 132
Cannan, T H	147	Cotton, John	104
Cannan, R	84	Cotton, C R	92, 105
Carlaw, W A	149	Cotton, J J	99, 102
Casamajor, J A	104	Cotton, R R	101
Casamajor, G J	92, 102	Cowie, C J	146
Cator, P	153	Cox, S	147
Cavendish, Hon R	84	Cox, J	225
Cazalet, P R	104	Cramer, J H	105
Chalmers, F C S	84	Crawford, S	95, 105
Chamier, Henry	72, 92	Crawley, A	92, 104
Chapman, W	108	Cropley, I P	225
Chaplin, W	104	Crowe, T	225
Chatfield, R W	100	Crozier, F H	99, 104
Cheape, H	147	Cubbon, M	84
Cherry, A I	105, 193	Cubitt, G J A M	129, 132
Chippindall, S	145	Cuddy, James	108, 143, 150
Chisholm, J	108	Cullen, W	108
Clarke, Richard	104	Cuming, E S	148
		Camming G V M A	145

Canliffe, E W	104	Doveton, F L	107
Canliffe, Brook	104	Doveton, F B	108
Canliffe, B	100,102,103	Dreaver, J	147
Currie, Claude	143	Drury, G D	92,103
Dalmahoy, J	144,86	Duke, T A	84
Dalrymple, H D	215	Doyle, W	108
Dalton, T	225	Dumergue, H F	95,102
Daniel, Thomas	104	Dumergue, G P	99,105
Daniel, M P	99,103	Duncan, John	224
Daniel, L D	101,104	Duncan, and Townsend	225
Daskacharloo, R	153	Dunhill and Co.	224
Davidson, Robert	96,103	Durnford, and Co.	224
Davidson, Robert	143	Dunkin, T and son	225
Davidson, W G	146,150	Ebramjee Fathally and Co.	224
Davidson, T H	98,106	Eden, W F	83
Davis, W D	98,102	Edgecome, G E	146
Deas, W P	108	Edgeworth, M P	85
Deane, H A M	129	Eaton, J M	85,146
DeCastellas, P	224,225	Eden, Robert	94,103
DeCastellas, G and A	225	Elliott, D	93,105,106
Dent, John	92,105	Elliot, Walter	94,105,106,107
Dent, E	130	Elliott, W	97,102,103
Denton, R A A	129,131	Elliot, E F	164,167
Denton, J	108	Elliot, T C	83
DeAnchanjos, A F	132	Elphinstone, Rt. Hon. Lord	
DeJesus, S	132	C C H	71,91,105
De Rozario and Co.	224	Elton, F B	97,104
DeSenna, E	225	Erskine, James	84
DeSenna, J	225	Evans, W	147
DeSouza, S	132	Everitt, B J	147
DeSilva, M M	132	Eyre, Edward Walter	146
DeSa, V	132		
Desormeaux, C	143		
Devereaux, Hon. H B	84	Faber, C E	108
Devasagyam, J	130	Fanderlinden, J	225
DeRozario, J J	132	Falconer, A	104
DeSanto, Maria G G	132	Falconer, D	144
DePatrocínio, J	132	Fearon, R B C	107
DeAtaide, J X	132	Fennell, A A	129,131
Dick, Sir R H K C	106	French, M	153
Dickinson, Henry	91,102	Ferrier, Charles	148
Dighton, J L	225	Fitzgerald, J	108
Ditmas, F	108	Fisher, W	101,102
Dirks, P S	269	Finnerty, E M D	144
Dinsaw, Limjee Poday	224	Fleming, H S M	144,150
Dobbs, R S	84	Flockton, J	146
Dodd, J	148	Flory, W R	153,245
Dodwell, William	104	Flower, J	167
Don, C	148	Foord, H S	108
Dorward, J	147	Foley, Roger M D	84
Dores, G	132	Forbes, H	98,103
Dores, T	132	Forbes, Gordon S	101
Douglas, W	95,106	Forbes, A P	101,104
Douglas, A	85,108	Forbes and Co	224,225
Douglas, J W	83	Forbes, M	104
Douglas, A	108	Forbes, Sir J Bart	104
Dowdeswell, W	96,102	Forbes, J	147
Duff, D	108	Ford, L. G.	143,150
Doveton, Sir J K C	106,10		

Ford, Charles G E	149	Grant, S A	146
Forster, T B	108	Gray, J H A B	130
Forsyth, W A	96, 104	Greatorrex, J	108
Foulis, D D	149	Graves, G A F C The Hon	107
Francis, P M	108	Greenway, G S	97, 102
Frauck, and Co	224	Gregory, J	225
Francke, A	108	Griffith, W	147
Franklyn, J	245	Griffith, S M	84
Fraser, J S	83, 85	Griffiths and Co.	224, 227
Fraser, G J	84	Gronney, W	225
Freedom, J F	225	Grigg, T	85, 145
Freese, Arthur	94, 103, 102	Groves, J	225
Frere, H	97, 102, 103	Gwatkin, J	104
Freshfield, J S	107		
Frith, J H	108	Hadow, G J	104
Fryer, G	105	Haig, James	92, 102
Fuller, J C	147	Haig, J R	106, 108
Fullerton, J Y	153, 154, 164	Hall A	99, 102
		Hall, J	225
Gambier, Sir E I Kt	153	Hall Bainbridge & Co	224, 227
Gardner, R	95	Hallewell, J A M	129, 131
Gardner, H	104	Halsted, W A	84
Garrow, George	104	Hallett, C H	96
Garty, T	225	Hamilton, A H	104
Gandoin, C	153	Hamilton, T	104
Geddes, J L	144	Hamlyn, J	147
Gibbs, H	154	Hamoud, P	108
Gibson, G	108	Hankey, T	104
Gill, J	146	Hanson, J	106
Gilechrist, W	146	Harding, G	145, 150, 152
Glass, E B	95, 102	Harper, H A M	129, 131
Gleig, J D	92, 103	Harper, G H	108
Godfrey, F	144	Harley, E	226
Goldingham, J	94, 103	Harrington, W	102
Goldstein, J F	130, 132	Harley, H	130
Goodall, A	146	Harris, T J P	98, 102
Goodall, H	147	Harris, G A	98, 103
Goodwyn, T W	98, 103	Harris, S	104
Gordon, G and Co	225	Harris, C	104
Gordon, C	107	Harrison, T D	147
Gordon, Geo D M D	149	Harton, J	108
Gordon, G	84	Havelock, W K H	107
Gordon, John	227	Hawkins, W B	99, 102
Gordon, R	106	Hawkins, C	245
Gordon, W C	108	Hwkins, W	104
Gordon, W	108	Hay, W K	144
Gosling, H C	108	Heath, J M	104
Gouge, T	245	Hennell, S.	83
Gough, Sir H K C B	106	Hepburn, James	104
Gowan, George	104	Herft, and Co	224
Græme, H S	104	Heywood, E C	101
Græme, G K A M	129	Hichins, J	147
Graham, H G	145	Hichins, R	101
Graham, W B M D	84	Hickey, W	130
Grant, C	224	Hicks, R	147
Grant, W	225	Hill, David	104
Grant, R	93, 103	Hill, J	108
Grant, J P	144	Hitchins, B R	106, 108
Grant, F A	104	Hodges, J	153, 154
Grant, J M D	148	Hodgson, I	104

INDEX.

Hodgson, B H	84	Key, T	145
Hogg and Son	224	Key, J B	154
Home, John	227	Kickwick, J and Co	225
Hope, J	83	Kindersley, N W	92, 103
Hopkins, G M D	144	King, J A	226
Honyman, Sir R B Bart.	104	King, H R C	269
Hooper, G S	93, 102	Kitson, J	107
Horsley, J	94, 102	Knox, W	101, 103
Hosmer, C	108	Knox, G	143
Hoosain Khan, M A	164	Knox G	129
Hubbard, C	130	Kohl, E	130
Huddleston, A F	92		
Huddleston, W	92, 106	Lacy, B	226
Huddleston, J. A	93, 103, 106, 125	Lacon, Henry	104
Hughes, J	108	Ladd, J	145
Hughes, W A	143	Lambe, C	269
Hyde, C	104	Lane, T M	144, 150
Hyslop, A G	108	Lang, W	84
		Langton, R	84
Inglis, W A D	96, 104	Laughton, J	85
Inglis, J	83	Langley, E A	227
Inglis, Joseph	225	Lascelles, Francis	93, 102
Innes, J A M	146	Laurie, G J D D	132
Innes, J	153, 154	Laurie, W M D	83, 146
Irion, J L	130	Lavie, W	94, 104
Irvine, P	100, 103	Lavie, T	108
		Lawe, A	108
Jackson, J M	149	Law, C A	225
Jacob, G	132	Lawder, James	144, 150
James, R	108	Lawrance, J	145
James, R	269	Lawrance, F	225
Jameson, C	145	Lee, E	224
Jamieson, Q M D	145	Le Hardy, C F	83
Jauncey, J B	153, 154	Le Jacob, G	84
Jarrett, T	153, 154	Lewin, Malcolm	93, 102, 103
Jeaffreson, C, A M	129	Lewin, F M	94, 102
Jellicoe, W E	100, 102, 103	Lewis, E P A B	129, 131, 132
Jenkins, S G L	153, 154	Lewis, J W	104
Jerdon, T C	148	Ley, J. M.	95
Jeremiah, G G	153, 154	Liddell, Mrs.	226
Jervis, W	225	Limond, D R	99, 102
Job, J	154	Lindsay, C B	107
Johannes, P A	225	Line and Co	224, 227
Johnson, R	226	Linton, C C	146
Johnston, T G, M D	148	Lobo, M F	132
Johnston, C C	108	Lockhart, W E	95, 104
Johnston, J	108	Logan, A S	108
Johnston, W L	226	Lorimer, A M D	148
Jones, Mr. and Mrs.	226	Losh, J J	108
Jones, T J	130	Lovell, E C	148
		Lovell, J	146
Kaye, C T	93, 102, 105	Low, J C B	84
Keene, H P	164	Luad, J	107
Keene, H G	104	Lushington, S R	104
Keely, T	108	Lushington, C M	71, 91, 105, 106
Kelly, F	167	Lushington, T D	99, 103
Kellie, James	146	Lushington, F	101
Kennedy, John, M D	149, 150	Ladlow, H C M D	84, 145
Kerby, John	148	Lugard, F G A B	129, 131, 132
Kevin, Charles	147	Lyell, S T	147

McCally, A.	108	Mayer, I E	147
Macaulay, Kenneth	108, 143, 150	Mayne, D	101
M'Donell, E R	91, 104	Maxwell, W G M D	145
M'Donell, G B	143	Melitus, P	226
M'Donnell, J W G	148	Meenachee Braminy	153
M'Dowell and Co	225	Melville, P M	83
Madras Army Tannery	225	Mellor, A	95, 104
M. Evoy, J A M	129, 131	Meredith, H	108
Macfarland, J	144	Middlemass, W	147
Macfarlane, D M D	149	Middlemass, John	148
M'Kenna, J	146	Miller, E E	108
M'Kennie, J F	245, 269	Miller and Son	224
M'Kenzie, W A M	148	Milne, J	108
M'Kenzie, Alexander	104	Millet, C and Co	224
M'Kenzie, R	225	Minchin, J	153
Mackenzie, T	83	Mitchell, R	226
M'Kenzie, A W	108	Moberly, H	108
M'Kenzie, G G	108	Mole, F	99, 102
MacKintosh A M D	146	Molle, W M	99, 103
MacKintosh, W	147	Molle, W P	148
M'Laren, J	167	Monk, W Garrow	104
McNeil, J.	84	Monkton, G P	101
Maclean, William M D	149, 150	Monteith, W	108
Maclean, C M	108	Montgomerie, Hugh	92, 102
Maclean, A	94, 103, 105, 106	Montgomerie, W.	104
Maclean, A J	245	Montgomerie, J J	108
Maclean, T	85	Montgomery, H	108
Macleod, J	143	Montgomery, H	84
Macleod J M P	92, 104	Montgomery, Sir H C Bt	95, 104
MacLeod, A	84	Money, R	85
Macauliffe, T	132	Moore, C A	108
McLeod, W	83	Morant, J A M	129
Macdonald, W P	108	Moore, W L O M D	148
Maddox, J	225	Moriarty, P E	182
Macpherson, D M D	148	Morehead, W A	94, 104
McNair, A.	108	Morgan, R	154, 164
Maginniss, R	148	Mortimer, W M D	144, 150, 152
Mahony, E	108	Mortlock, H	104
Mahomed Karee Moolah Khan	153	Morton, John	143
Magrath, A N	84, 144	Morton, D T	149, 150
Mahon, W G A M	129, 131, 132	Morris, I C	94, 105, 106, 193
Maitland, J	84	Morris, H	95, 104
Malcolmson, J G	144	Morrrough, G M D	143
Mailardett, I W	146	Mulligan, R	108
Malet, A	83	Munro, D	145
Maltby, E	97, 103	Murray, M	99, 102, 103
Maltby, F N	98, 103	Murray, J	107
Manley, R H	147	Neave, W A	94, 104
Marsden, E	225, 226	Neill, Andrew C W M D	149
Marsh, W	245	Nelson, R	104
Marshall, Joseph	167	Newberry, E	97, 102
Mariassoosay, P	167	Newman, Thomas	104
Maskell, J	245	Nicholls, Solomon	104
Mascurine, J	224	Nicola, J D S	132
Mason, W H G	100	Nicolls, Sir Jasper K C B	71, 105, 106, 108
Mathison, A S	97, 103	Nicolay, F L	107
Mathison, I M D	148	Norris, W	108
Matthews, T L	146	Norton, G	153
Maurice, B G	144	Norton, T	130
Maule, I T	145	Nugent, J	108

Newlan, G	224	Popham, S I	96, 104
Oakes, T A	91, 102, 106	Porteous, J E	147
O'Brien, J	108	Porteous, H W	149
O'Connell, G	108	Porter, R T	95, 104
O'Connor, D	132	Pottinger, H	83
Ogilvie, J H D	104	Pottinger, Eldred	83
Ogilvie, G M	92, 102	Powney, Edward	104
Ogilvie, W C	95, 103	Prichard, W G M D	149
Oliphant, Robert	104	Prendergast, T	96, 104
Oliver, W	104	Prendergast, G L	96, 140
O'Neill, T	145, 150	Primrose, George F H & A	149, 150
Onslow, A P	95, 105	Pringle, J R	101, 108
Onslow, T.	99, 102	Prescott, W	108
Orme, F	129, 153, 154	Preston, J B	144
Orr, W A	107	Pruen, A W	154
Orr, C A	107	Pugh, J	227
Orr, John	92, 106	Purvis, A	100, 108
Orr, J H	149	Purvis, J J	146
Orton, and Anderson	225	Pycroft, T	97, 102
Oswell, W C	101		
Ouchterlony, and Co.	224	Rafter, W	224
Otter, E R	129, 131, 132	Ramyah, C	164
Ostheider and Co.	224	Rangava Chaurcar, V	167
Ovans, C	84	Read, A	104
Owen, I S	146	Read, J	104
Owen, A M	99, 103	Read, C W	101, 103
Packman, J D V	148	Regle, B	153
Palmer, O	146	Regle, G P A	226
Papell, B G	225	Rennick, R H	148
Parish, G	104	Reynolds, J	149
Parker, John Francis	153	Riberio, M L	132
Parker, R D	96, 103, 105	Richardson, F	104
Parson, S K	149	Richardson, and Co	224
Parry Dare and Co	224	Richardson, D	144
Paske, J B G P	91, 102	Richmond, James	143
Paternoster, John	93, 102	Richmond, John	107, 145, 150
Paes, C	132	Ricks, J M D	144
Paaloo, C	132	Ridsdale, S	130
Paton, J	84	Rippon and Co	225
Patterson, C M D	147	Roberts, Charles	104
Paul, T	153	Robertson, F W	104
Pearman and Co	225	Robertson, A	93, 103, 106, 125
Pearse, G M D	103, 145, 150	Robertson, J	108
Peile, I H	104	Robinson, T	83
Pelly, C	99, 103	Robson, J M D	148
Pereira, I	225	Roe, P M D	148
Perriman, T	225	Rogers, R	104
Pettingall, E	84	Rogers, S	107, 146, 150
Pettitt, G	130	Rodrigues, S J	132
Peters, E	101, 103	Rhode, J	98, 102
Pharoah, J B	224, 225, 226	Ross, J	83
Peas, A I	132	Ross, D	83
Peters, L	225	Ross, R	84
Perozy, F	132	Rose, William	148
Phillips, H D	97, 102, 105	Rose, W H	153, 154
Plumbe, R G.	146	Roupell, T B	97, 104
Pollock, M B	145	Rowland, C W	108
Platel, M A	245	Rowlandson, M J	107
Pooniatomby, L	132	Rowlandson, H M	153, 154
Poole, W	145	Rozario, L	225

Russell, G E	104	Smyth, T S	153
Russell, G J	107	Snow, E W	108
Sam, S	227	Snowden, H O	148
Sam and Co	224	Sooharoy, M	164
Sampe, C	226	Soofoo, C	225
Sanderson, J	149	Soomasoondrum Moodelly	167
Saudys, F H	84	Sparkes, G	90, 104
Savage, J	153, 164	Spencer, Right Rev. G T D D	129
Savory, J S	104	Spencer, J	167
Sayer, Mrs.	225	Spring, F A M	129, 131, 132
Scheniman, G W	145	Stacker, P P	153
Scott, J C	95, 104	Stapp, F B	146
Scott, S	97, 103	Steel, S W C B	105, 108
Scott, R	144	Steinson, R	108
Scott, G S	148	Stephenson and Co.	224
Scott and Co	224	Stewart, A W	84
Serle, W A	153	Stevens, G	108
Sewell, R B	99, 105	Stevenson, James	143
Sewell, W H C B	107	Stewart, J	83
Seymour, H	225	Stewart, T W	148
Shakespeare, W O	104	Stevens, M	132
Shakespeare, J D	84	Stevens, J B	149, 150
Shapton, F	164	Stockwell, T	103
Shaw, J	148, 150	Stokes, John	104
Shaw, G B	224	Stokes, Samuel	144
Shaw, E F	225	Stokes, H	96, 104
Shedden, W	146	Stokes, J D	83, 84
Sheffield, W	104	Stonehouse, T. V.	93, 103
Shiel, J	84	Story, E.	98, 102, 103
Shee, B B	84	Strachey, G.	104
Sherman, J W	144	Stracey, G. E.	225
Sherson, Robert	104	Strange, T L	96, 102
Shewan, A	146	Strange, J	104
Shireffs, A	108	Straton, George	104
Shortland, V	129, 131, 132	Strahan, William	107
Showers, E M G	108	Street, J C A B	129, 132
Shubrick, C J	100, 104	Strombom, P H	93, 102
Shunmoogum Moodly, C	153	Strombom, W H	269
Sidloo Chetty G. and Co.	224	Stuart, H W, A B	129, 131
Silver, James	100, 103	Stubbs, Orlando	83
Simm, J	143	Sturrock, D M D	146
Simpson, A M D	147	Sullivan, John	71, 91, 105, 245
Simpson, D	108	Sullivan, R J	101
Siquiera, J	224	Sutherland, R	144
Skelton, G H	97, 102	Sutherland, A	101, 103
Skinner, S	104	Sutherland, J	83
Sladen, R	143	Sutherland, J	83
Smalley, Edward	104	Supple, James	148
Slaney, P	224	Swinton, G M	100, 103
Smith, G A	94, 103	Syed, Hamed	225
Smith, E	26, 103	Tapp, H T	84
Smith, James	143	Taplin, T	145
Smith, C J	94, 147	Taswell, W	104
Smith, E	147	Taylor, James	104
Smith, T T	147	Taylor, J C	98, 103
Smollett, P B	96, 105	Taylor, W R	92, 102
Smyth, J R	83	Taylor, J and Co.	225
Smythe, W R A B	144	Taylor, F and Co.	225
Smythe, Thomas	107	Taylor, R	225

INDEX.

ix

Taylor, C	108	Waugh, G	108
Taylor, W	130	Wayte, W	104
Taylor, T J	108	Webb, Nathaniel	104
Taylor, R	88	Welsh, J	106
Theobalds, Mrs.	226	Wells, S	108
Taynton, M R	245	Welland, F	108
Taynton, E G	107	West, C W	269
Teed, C M	153,154	Wetherell, Charles	104
Thomas, James	92,102	Whannell, P	108
Thomas, J F	93,105	Wheatley, T R	93,104
Thomas, T J W	95,102	Wheeler, F H M	108
Thomas, E B	95,104	Wheeler, R and Co.	225
Thomas, J	130	Whish, J C	104
Texeria Don Antonio Tristan	132	Whistler, G W	167
Thomson, G	145	White, D	97,102,103
Thompson, E P	95,102,103	White, John	143
Thompson, W B	147	White, T	147
Thomson, A C	130	White, C N	104
Thomson, J	130	White, Adam	83
Thomson, J	227	Whittingham, Charles	99,102
Thorpe, R	108	Whittingham, A	101
Thoye, R	225	Wight, R M D	107,143,150
Tod, J O	104	Wight, A	147
Todd, E D	84	Wilkins, J H	153,154
Todd, William	153	Wilkinson, J	145
Tomes, W A B	129,132	Williams, B	143
Townsend, Mrs	226	Williams, J	149
Tracy, W H	97,104	Williams, G	226
Trail, David	147	Williamson, R H	97,104
Travers, G F	104	Will, A J	147
Trevor, S S	108	Willick, J	225
Trevor, G s c L	129,131	Wilson, W	97,104
Trotter, A	108	Wilson, F W c B	106
Tulloch, A	108	Wilson, Alexander	104
Turing, I	104	Wilson, Henry	104
Tucker, J. B. D.	130	Winfield, J S.	83
Turnbull, J G	91,105,153	Winter G	225
		Wood, H	100,102,105
Underwood, W E	95,103,105,245	Woodcock, C	104
Underwood, J	108,143,150	Woodcock, E H	104
Underwood, G	107	Woodfall, G	48
		Woodford, C	149
Vardon, S	107	Woodgate, C H	99,103
Vaughan, John	92,102	Woods, N A	143
Vertue, D	145	Wrey, E B	92,104
Vibart, Henry	104	Wright, W E	104
Viveash, H	104	Wroughton, J C	94,103,245
		Wylie, John M D	143
Wakefield, J	167		
Wade, C M	84	Young, D S	143
Walker, J.	95,103,106,125,167	Young S A G	146
Wallace, J	104	Young, S J	100,103
Waller, T. P.	225	Young, F	83
Walpole, H	108		
Ward, S N	99,102	Xavier, J	225
Ward, E E	101,103	Xavier, J	225
Waters, G J	92,104		
Watkins, W	108	Zscherpel, and Son	225
		Zscherpel, T	225

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